



MAX-PLANCK-GESELLSCHAFT



Geant Simulations of Electron Beam Side Injection through 2μm Diamond Windows.

PDPWA Meeting Lisbon

Thursday 21st June 2012

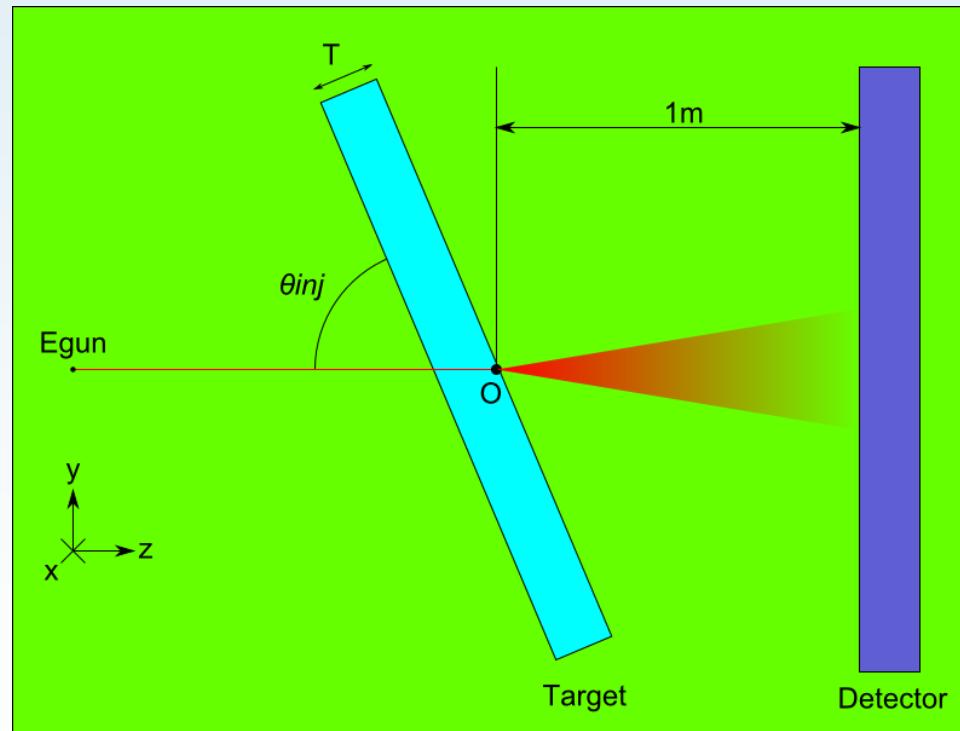
Scott Mandry



Outline

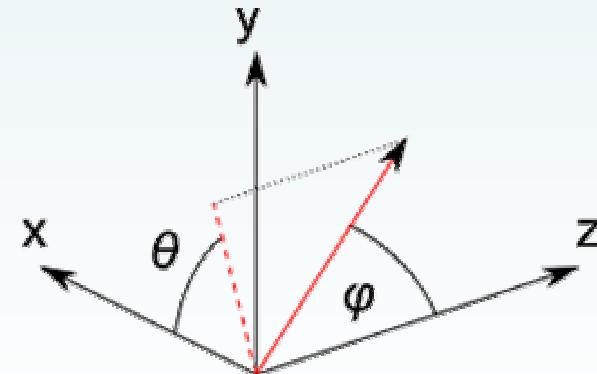
- Simulation Geometry
- Beam Injection
 - Perpendicular Injection
 - Large Angle Injection
 - Shallow Angle Injection
- Discussion
- Work in Progress
- Conclusions

Simulation Geometry



Beam Injection: Quantities Measured

- All quantities simulated with 10,000 tracks at 5, 10, 15, 20 MeV
- Primary Energy Loss
- Scattering Angle φ
 - Angle between track and beam-axis z
- Perpendicular Scatter θ
 - Angle w.r.t. x axis in the xy plane, perpendicular to the beam-axis z.
- Beam Profile
- Beam Profile Projections in X and Y



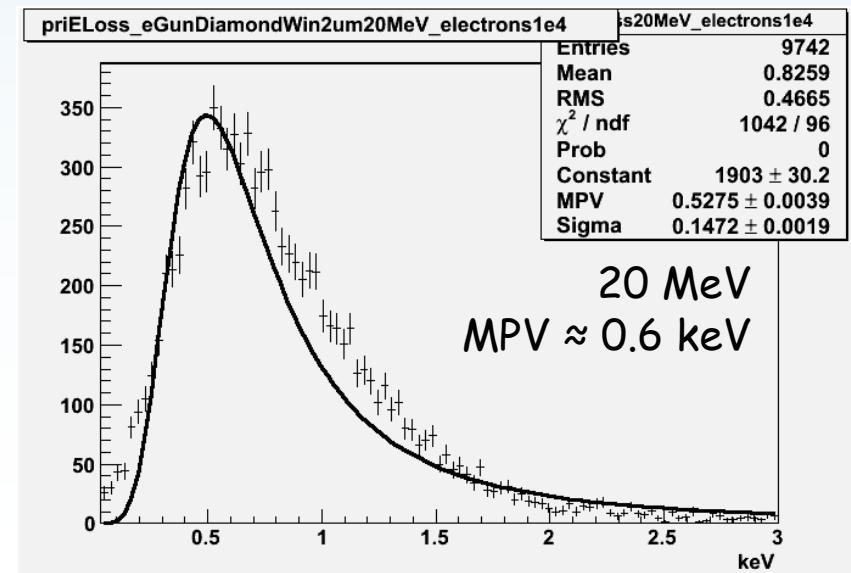
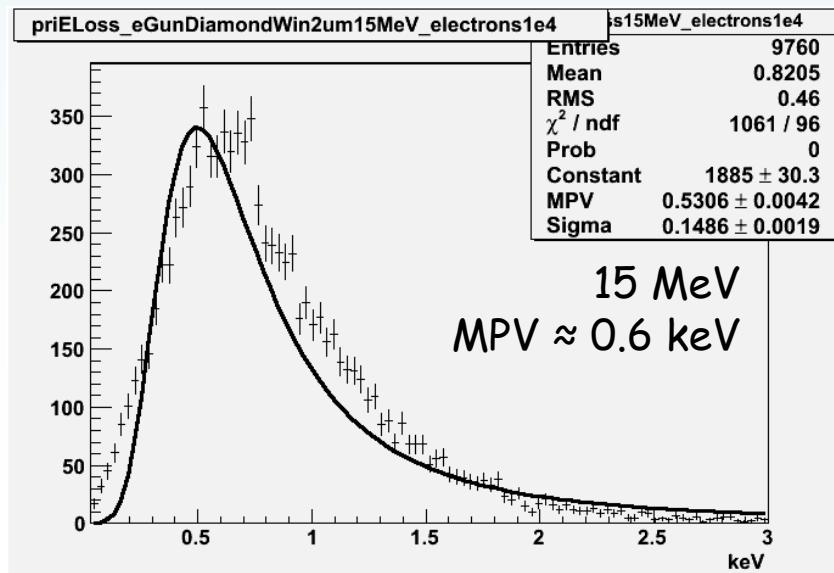
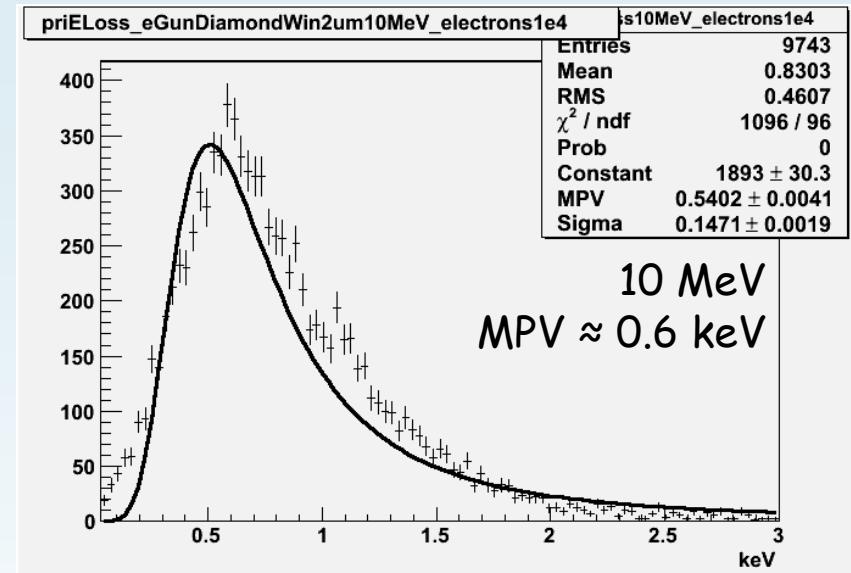
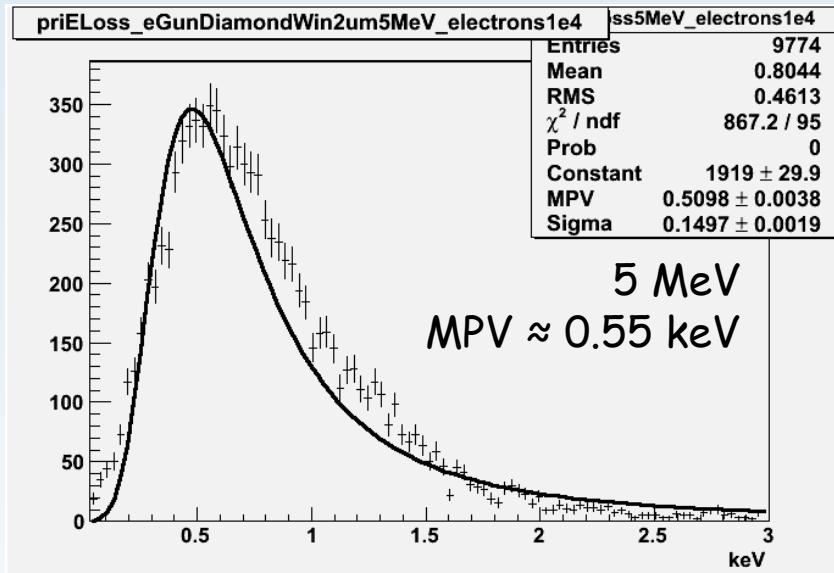


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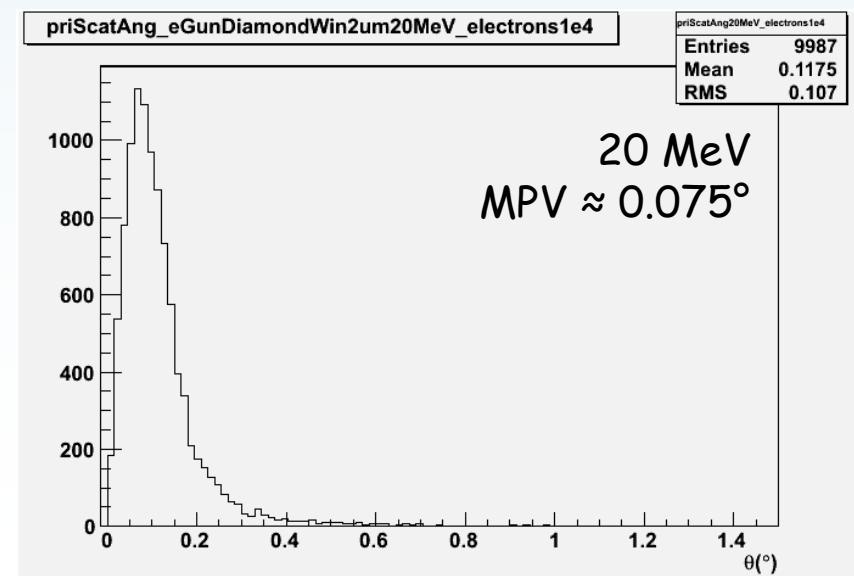
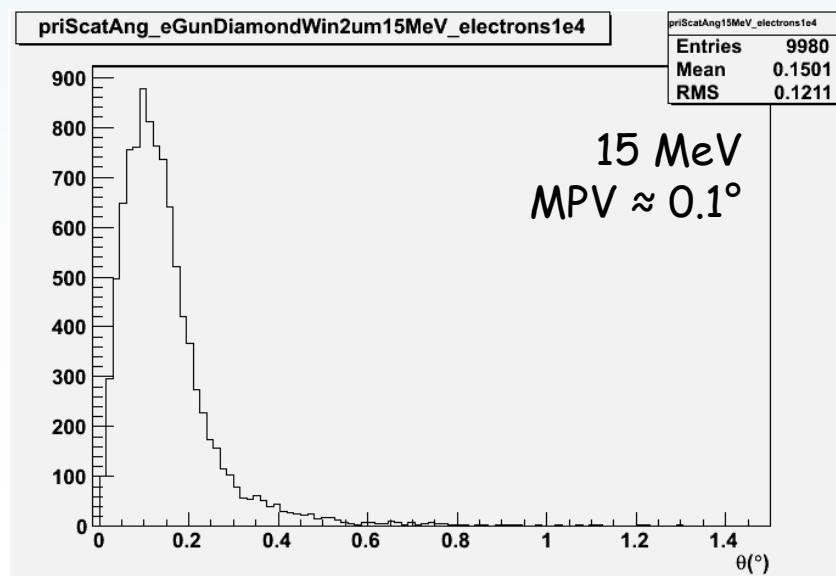
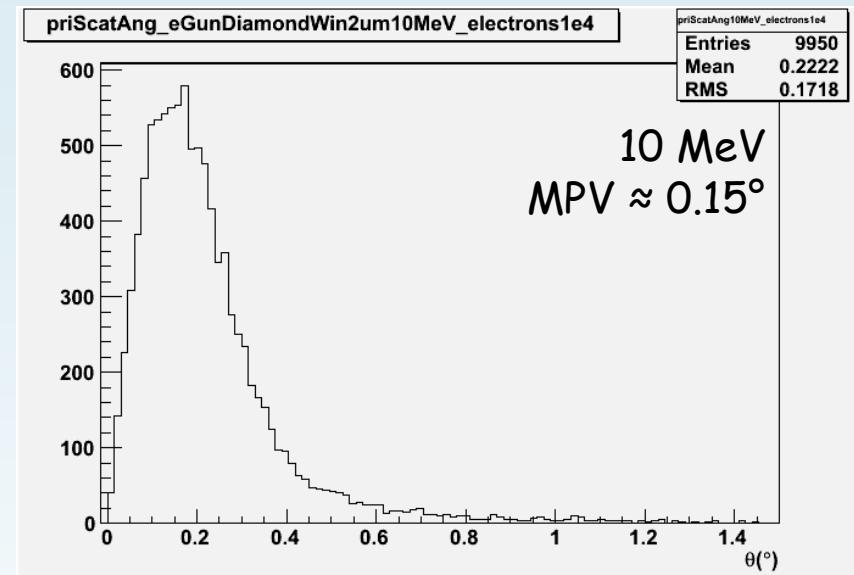
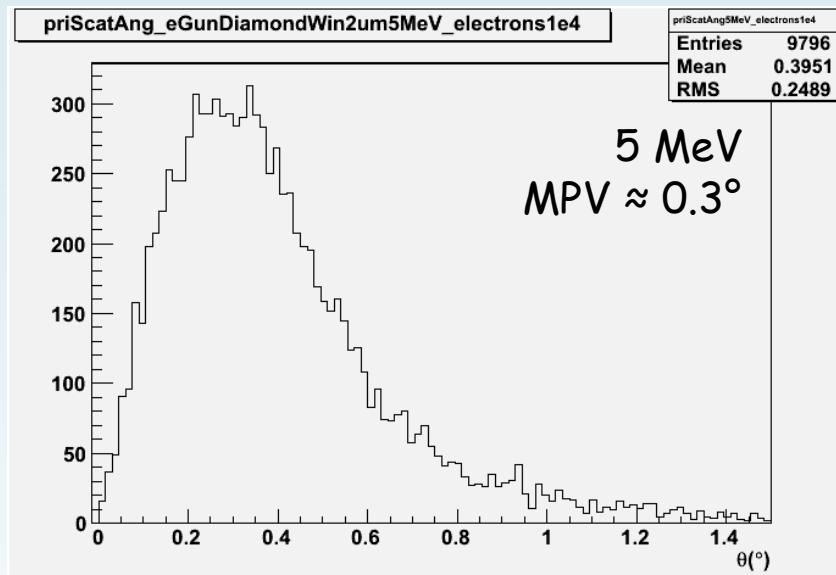


Beam Injection: Perpendicular Injection

Perpendicular Injection: Energy Loss



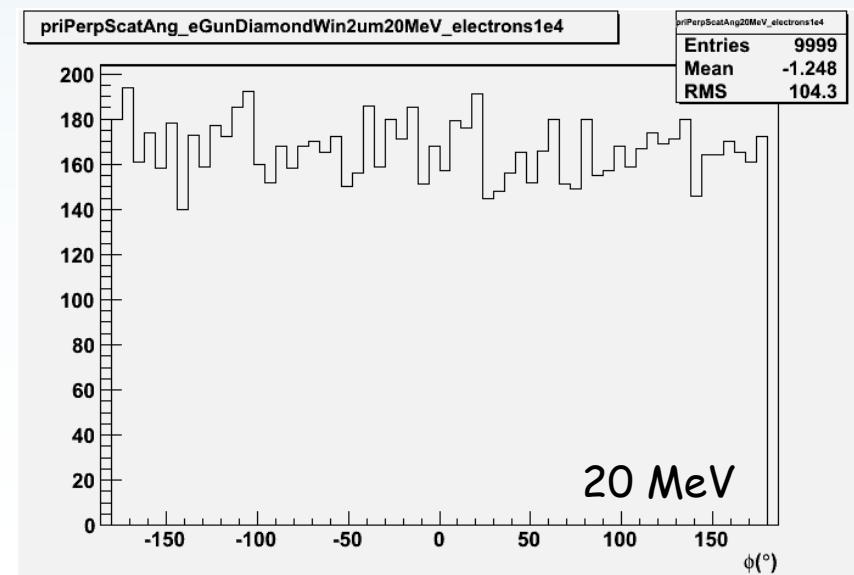
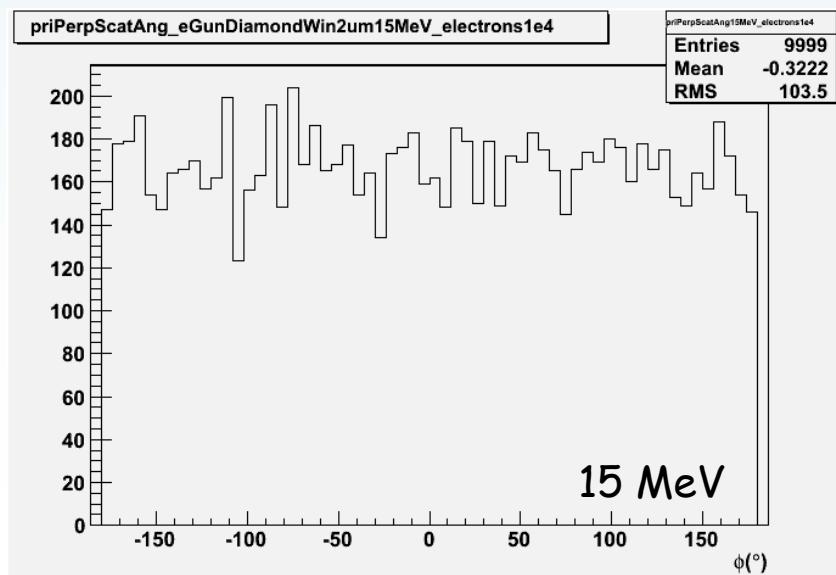
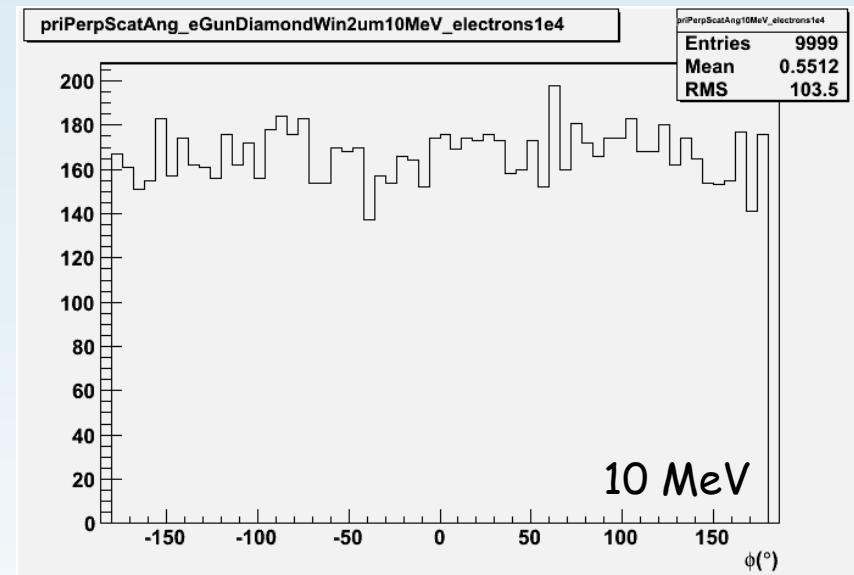
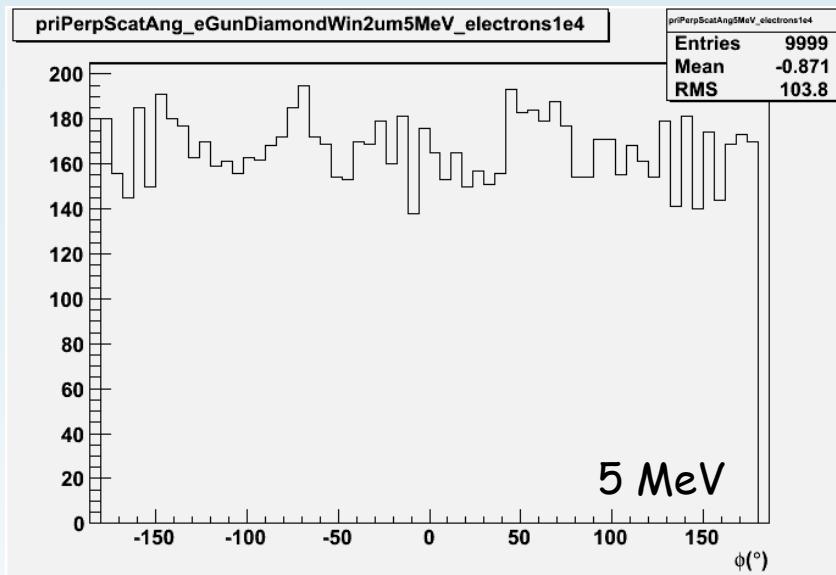
Perpendicular Injection: Scattering Angle



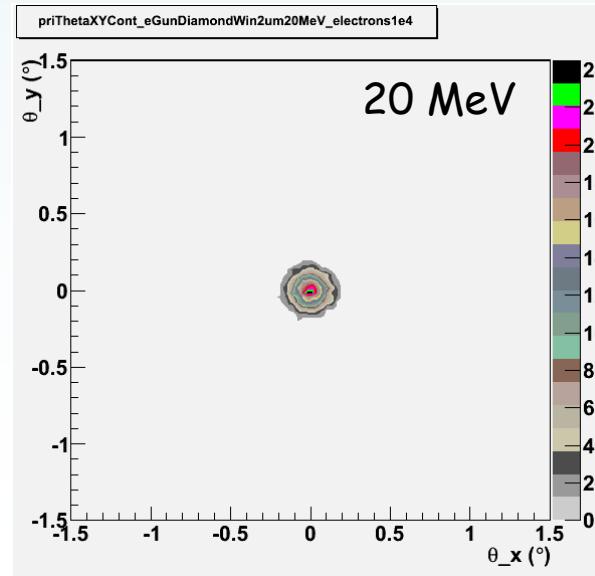
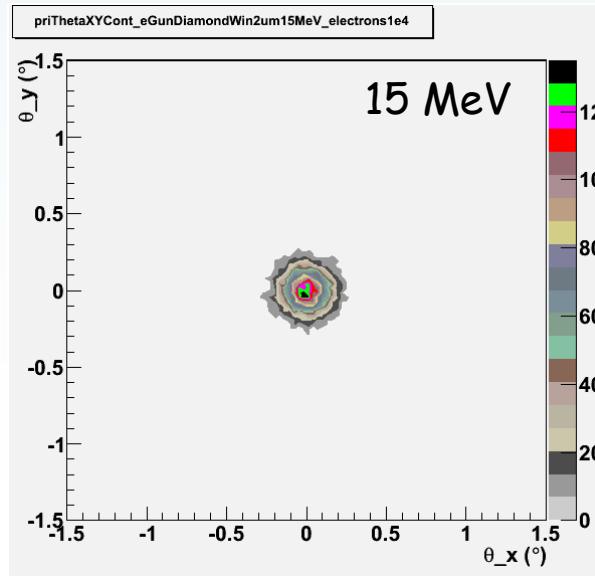
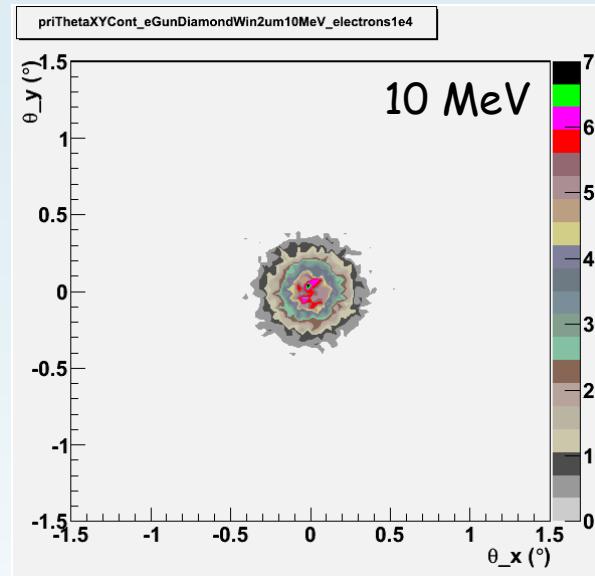
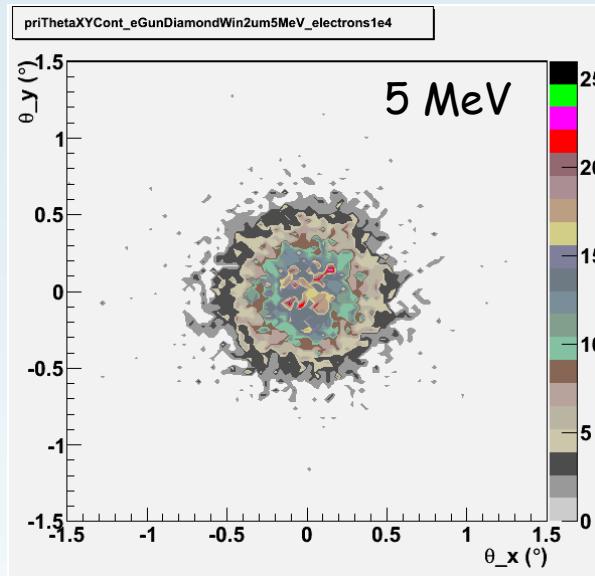


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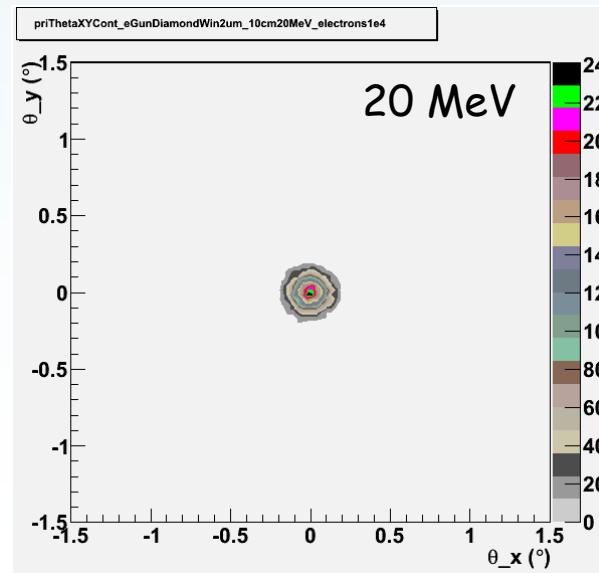
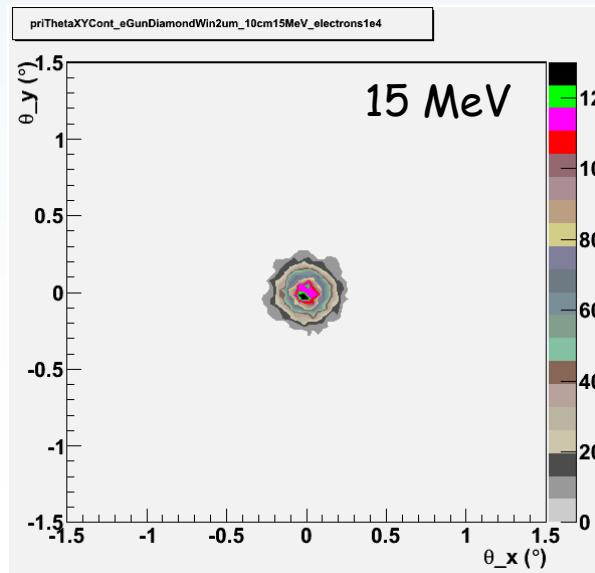
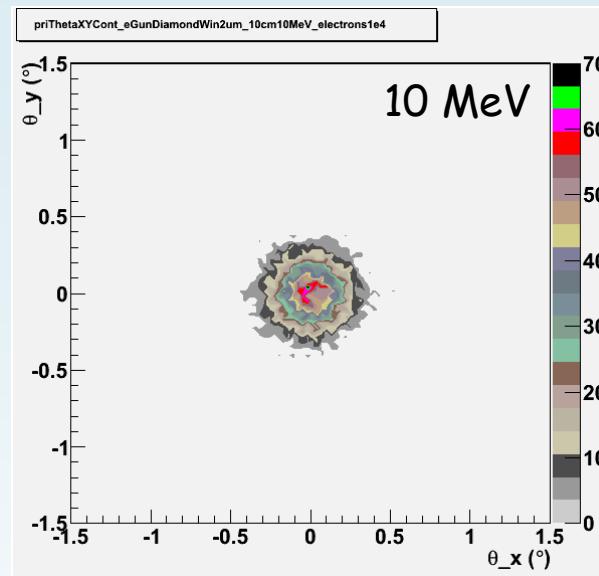
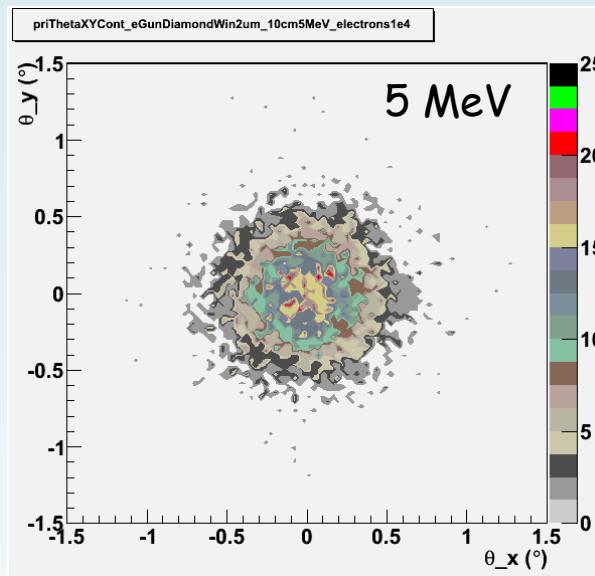
Perpendicular Injection: Perpendicular Scatter



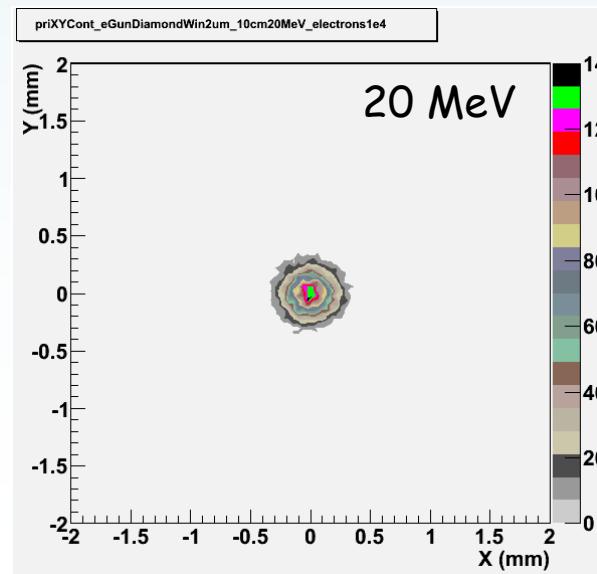
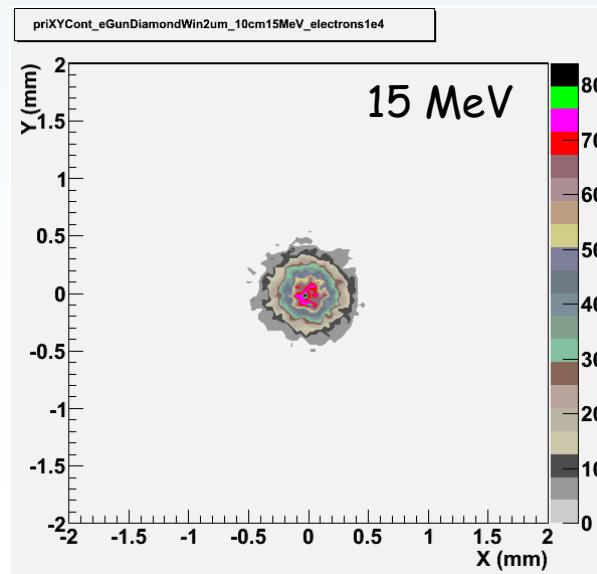
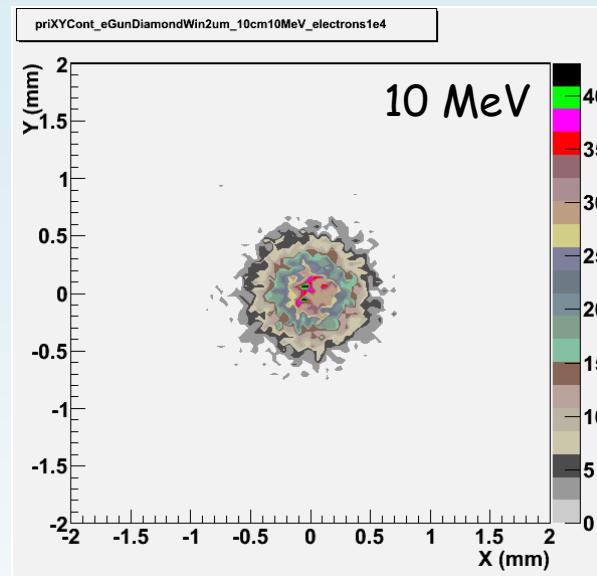
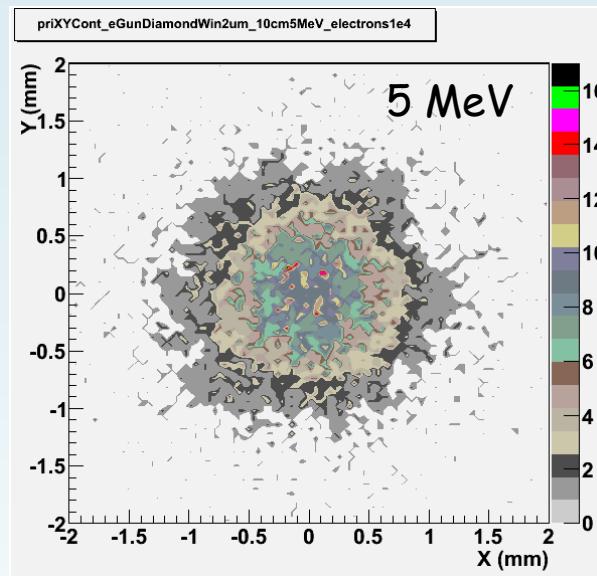
Perpendicular Injection (1m): Beam Profile (°)



Perpendicular Injection (10cm): Beam Profile (°)



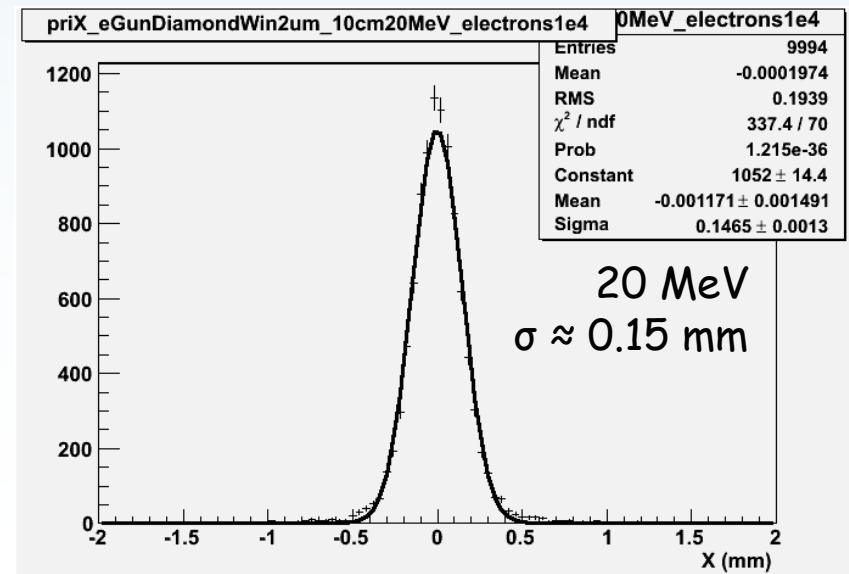
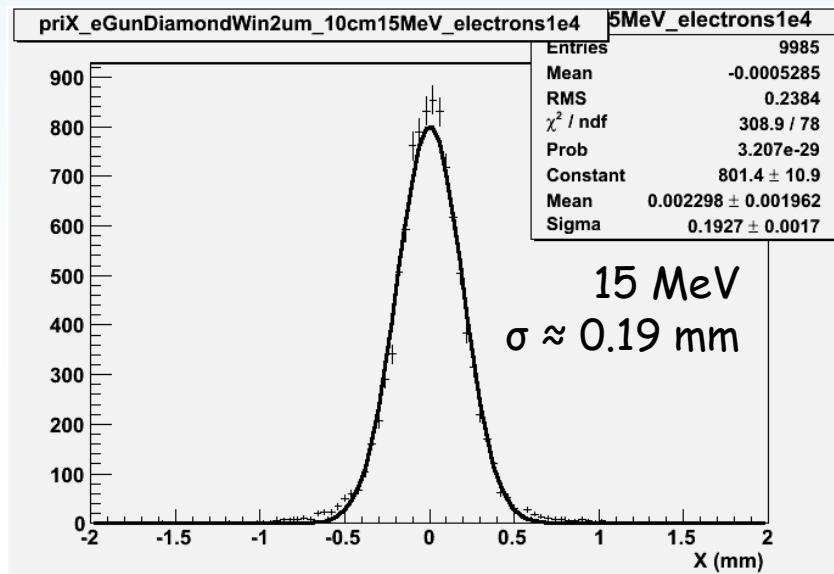
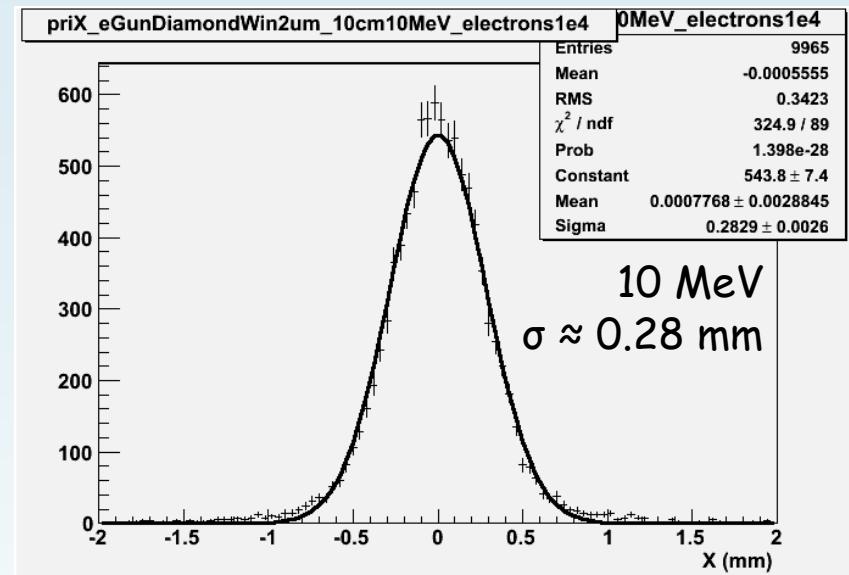
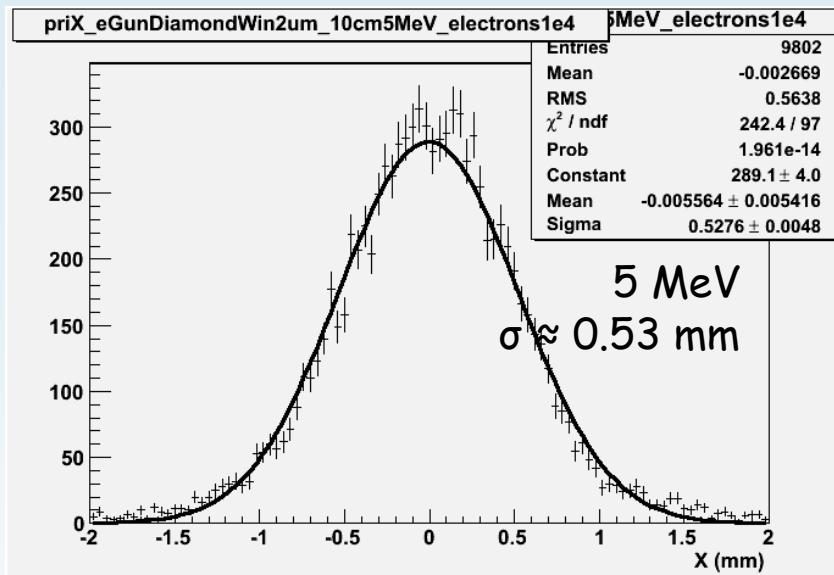
Perpendicular Injection (10cm): Beam Profile (mm)





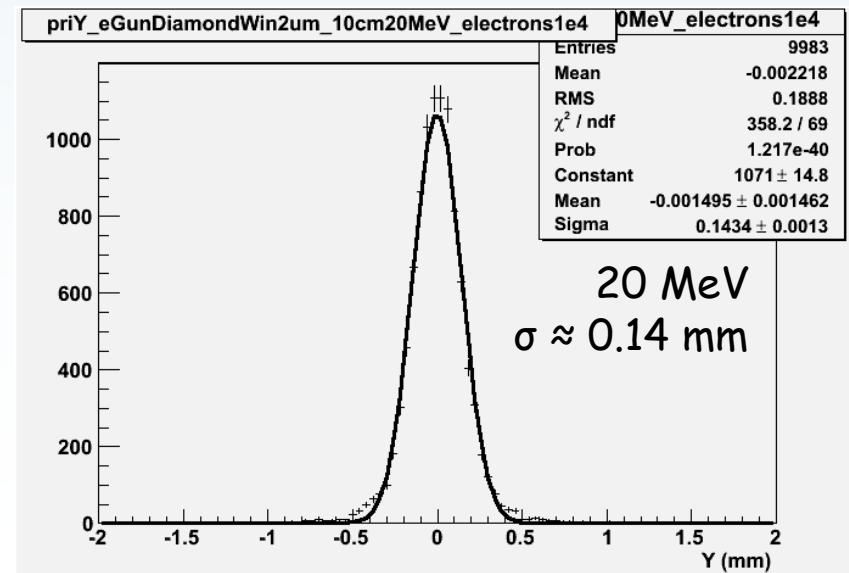
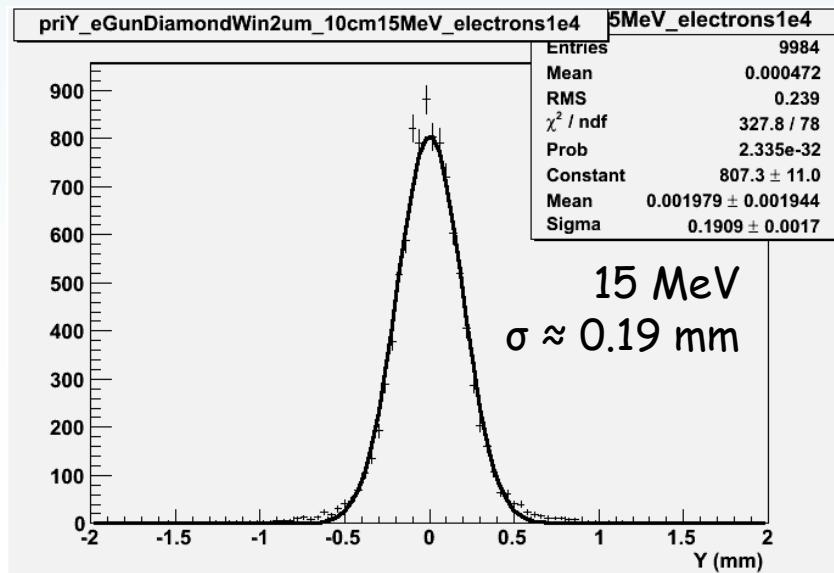
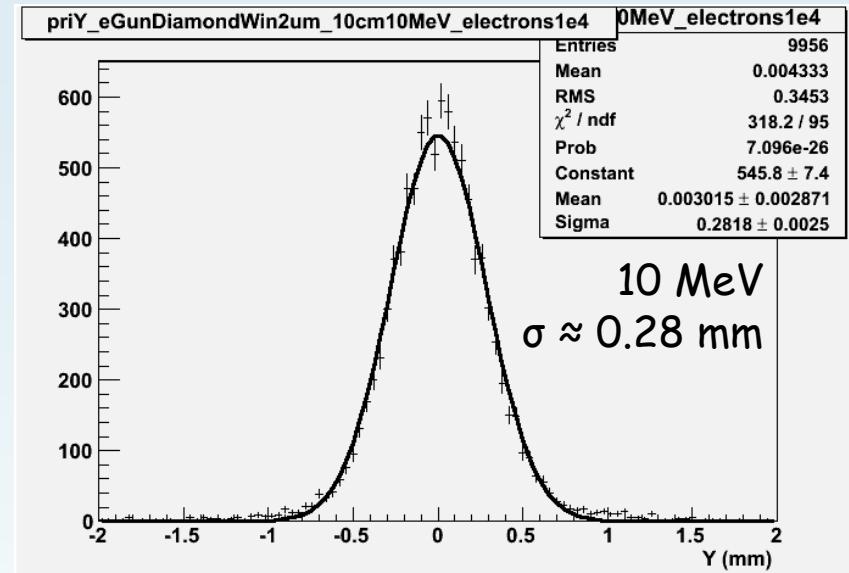
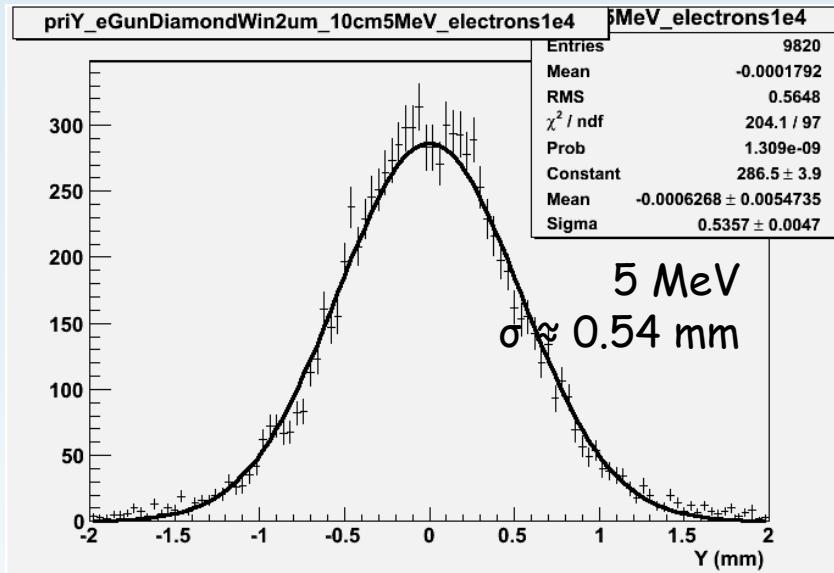
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Perpendicular Injection (10cm): Beam Profile (X projection mm)





Perpendicular Injection (10cm): Beam Profile (Y projection mm)

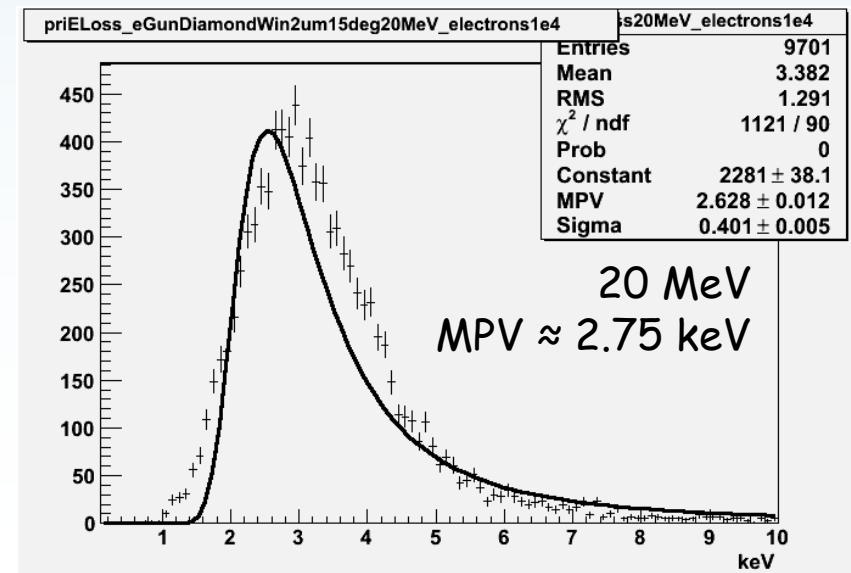
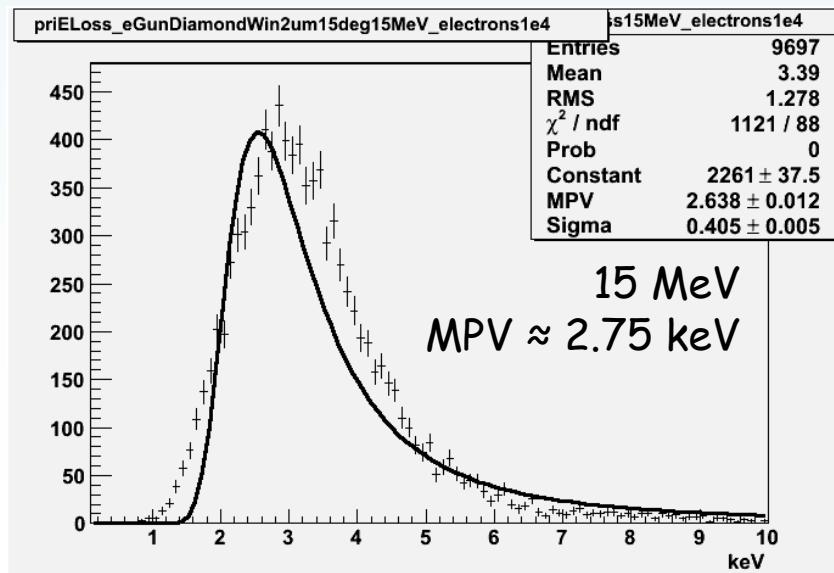
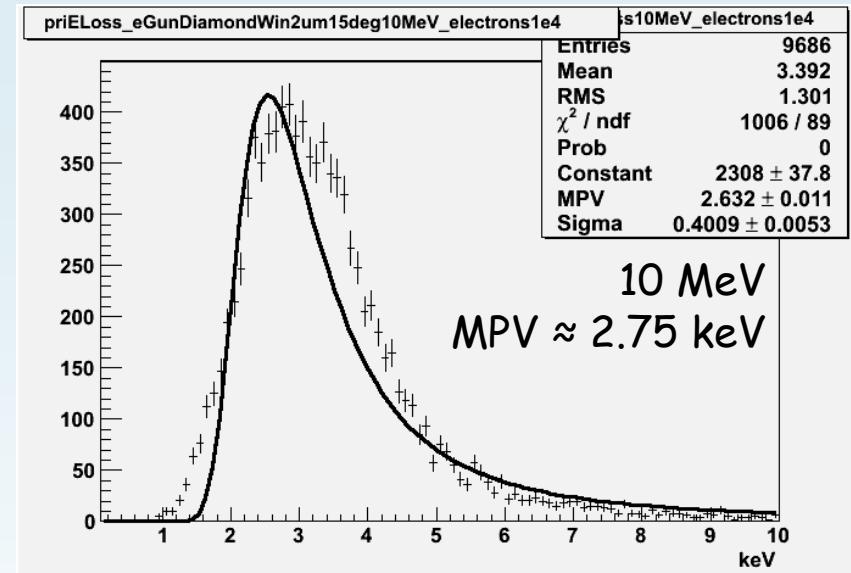
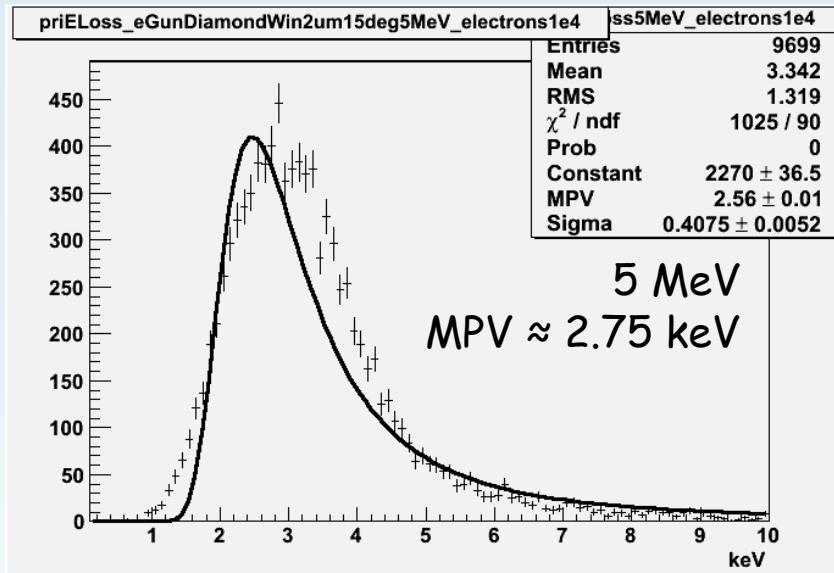




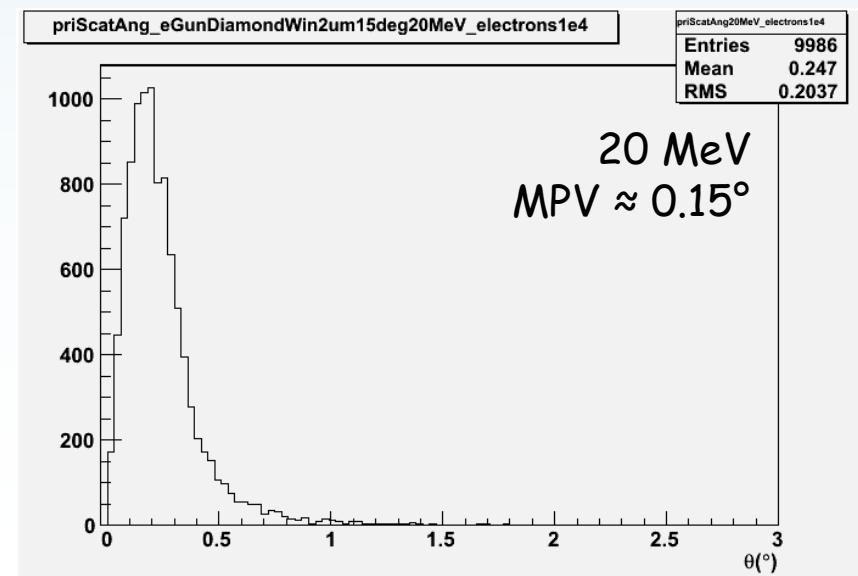
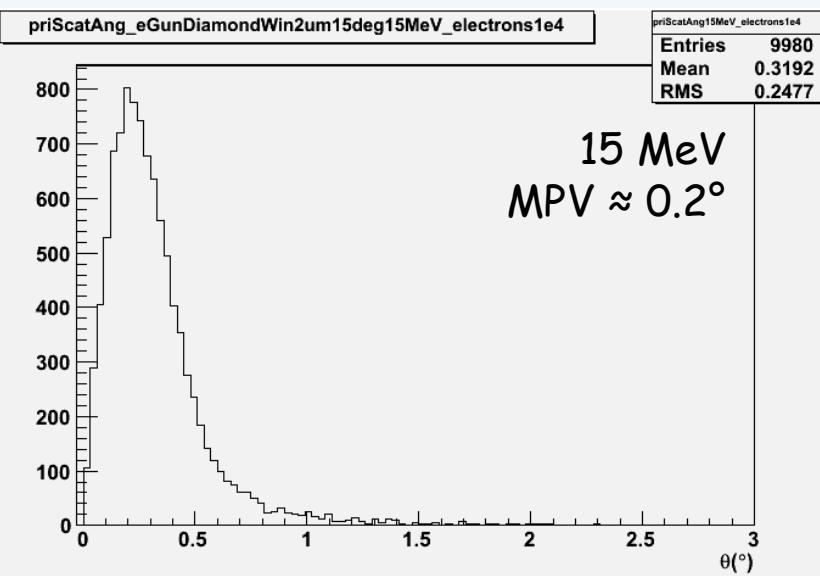
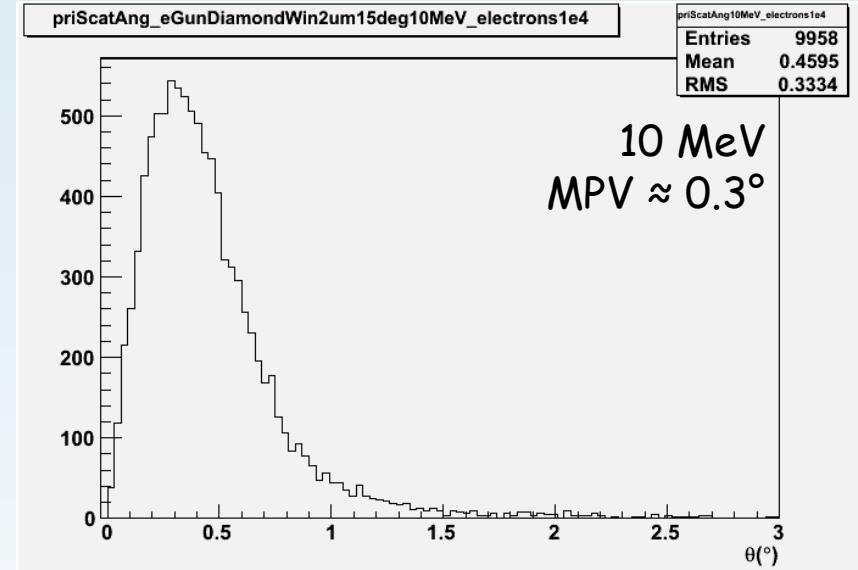
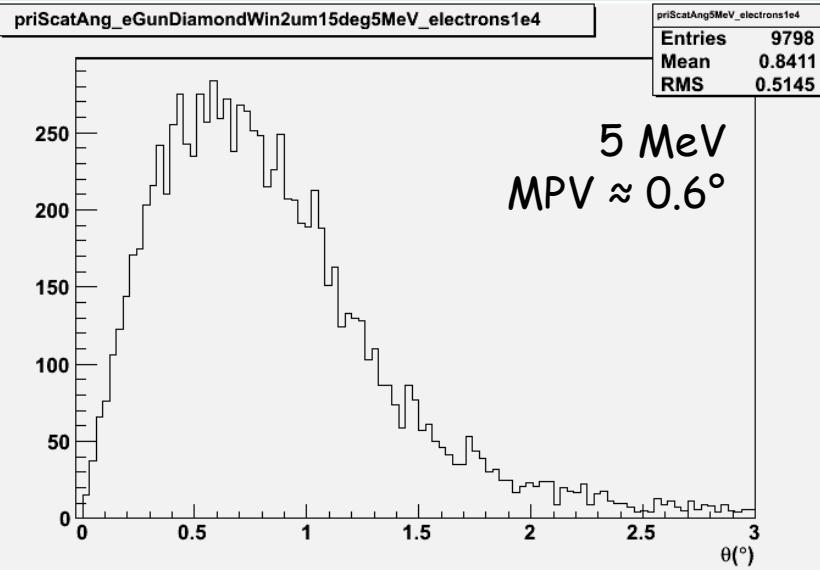
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Beam Injection: Large-Angle Injection

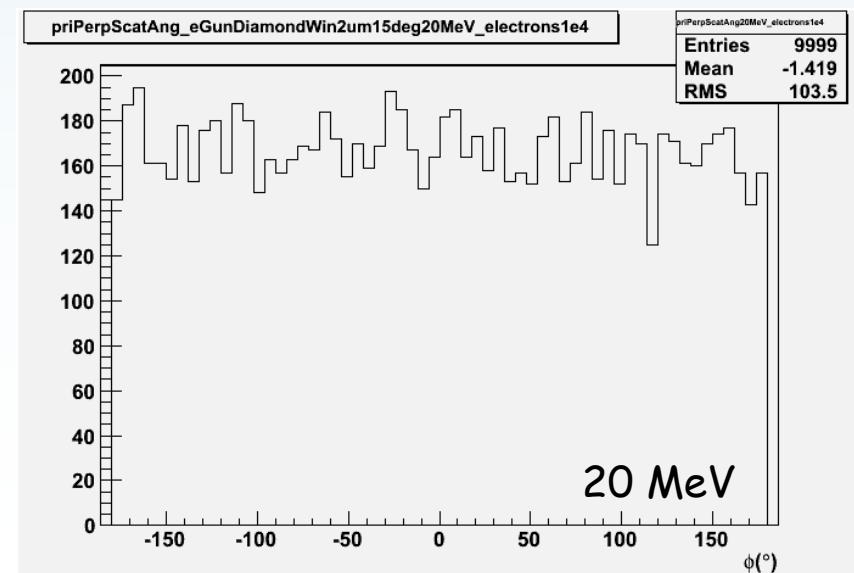
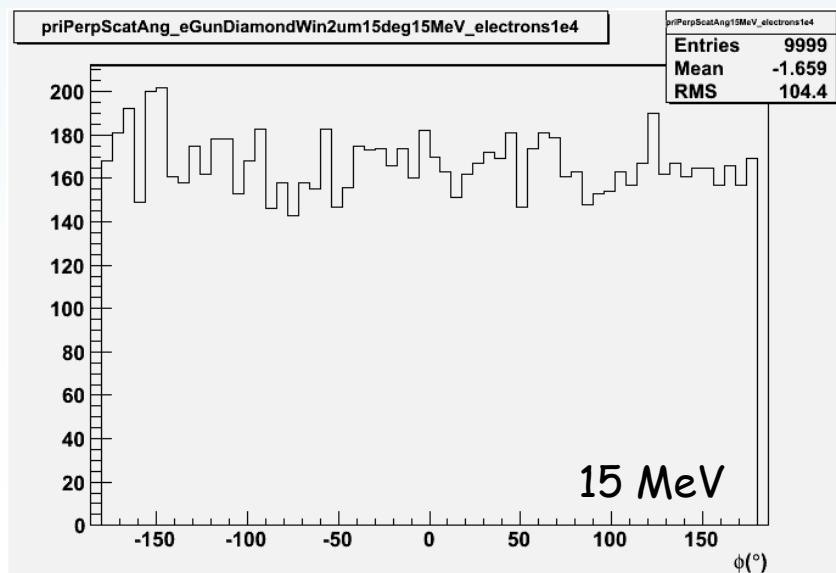
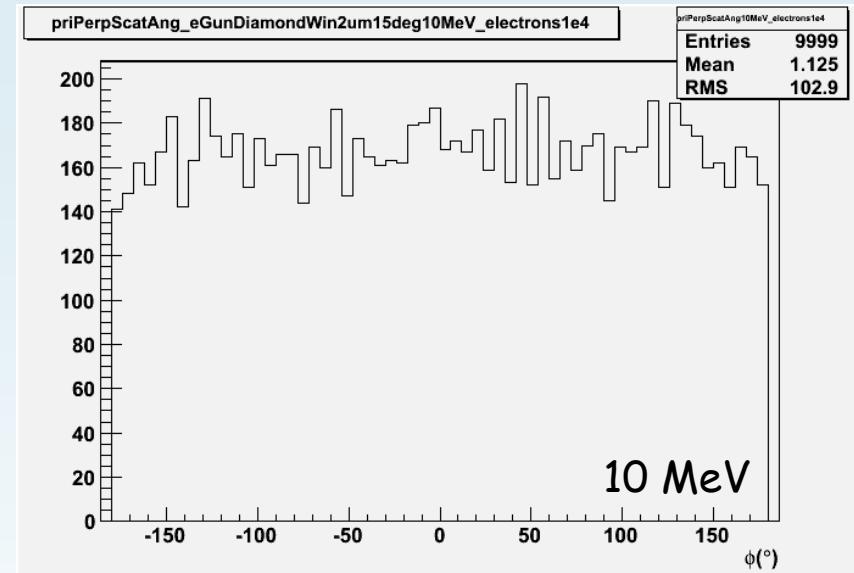
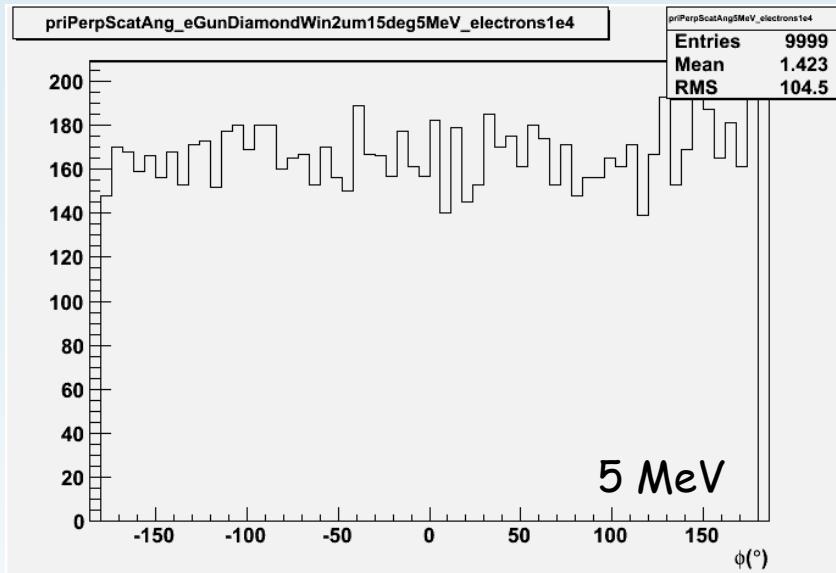
Large-Angle Injection (15°): Energy Loss



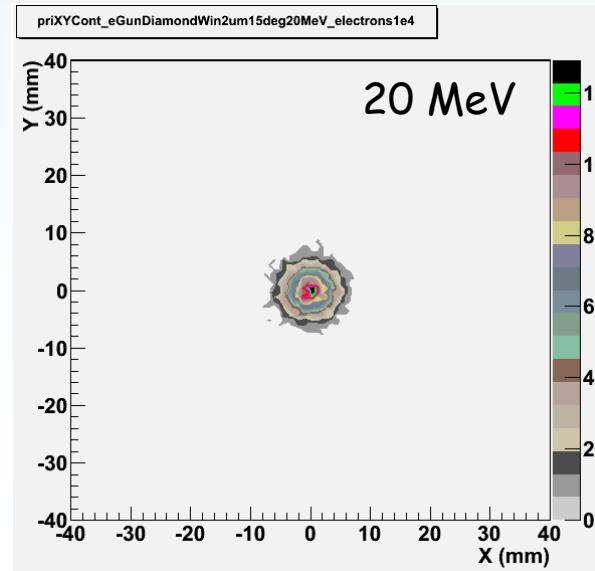
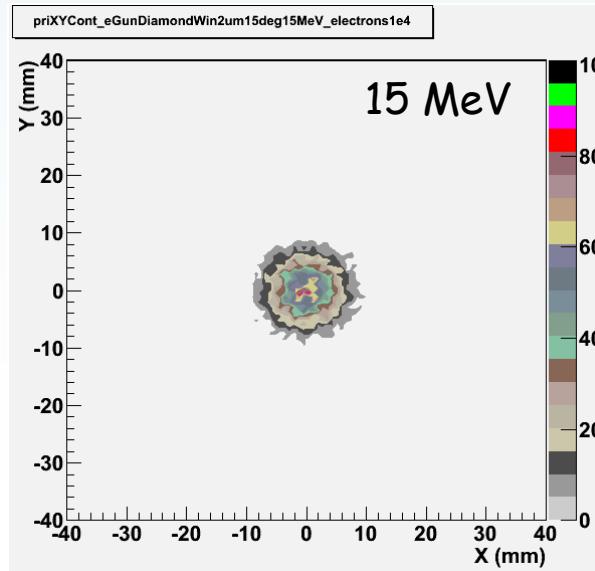
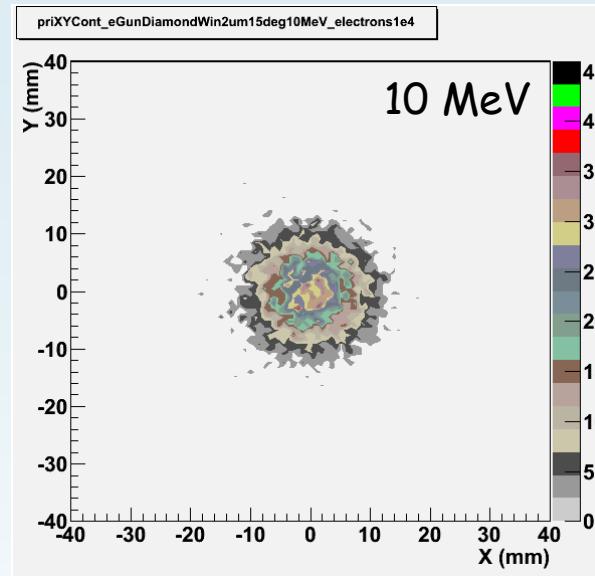
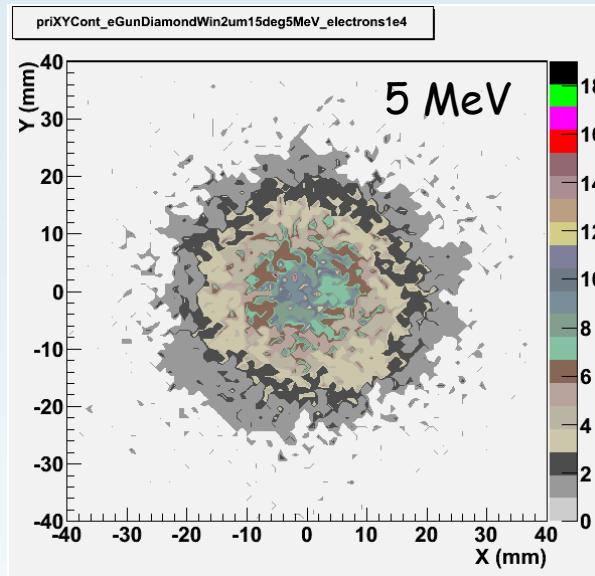
Large-Angle Injection (15°): Scattering Angle



Large-Angle Injection (15°): Perpendicular Scatter

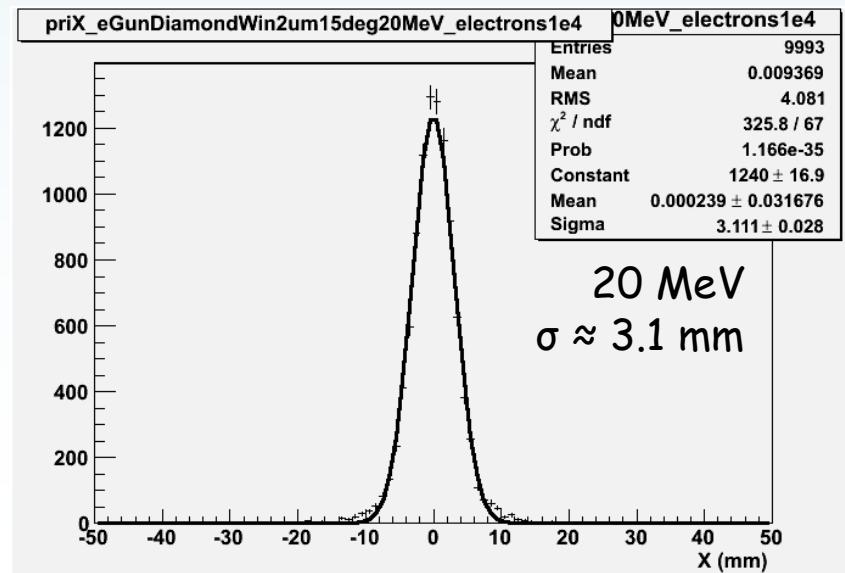
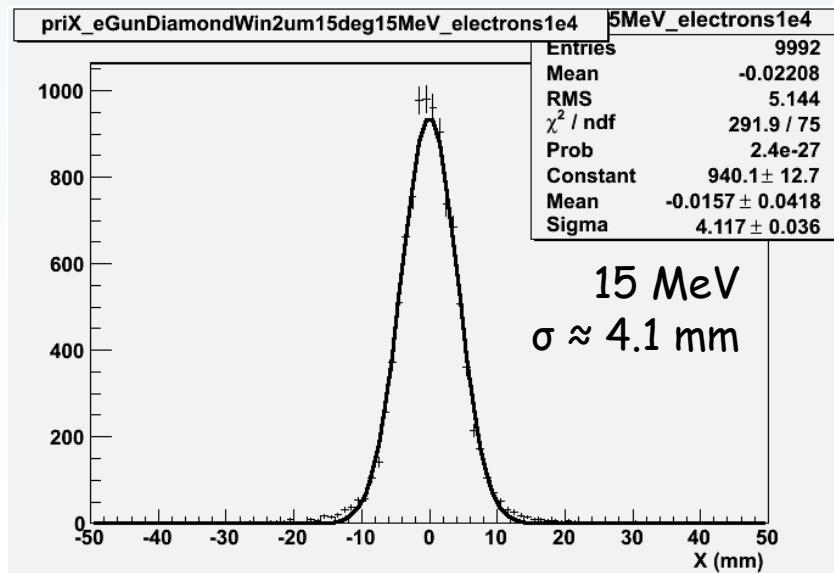
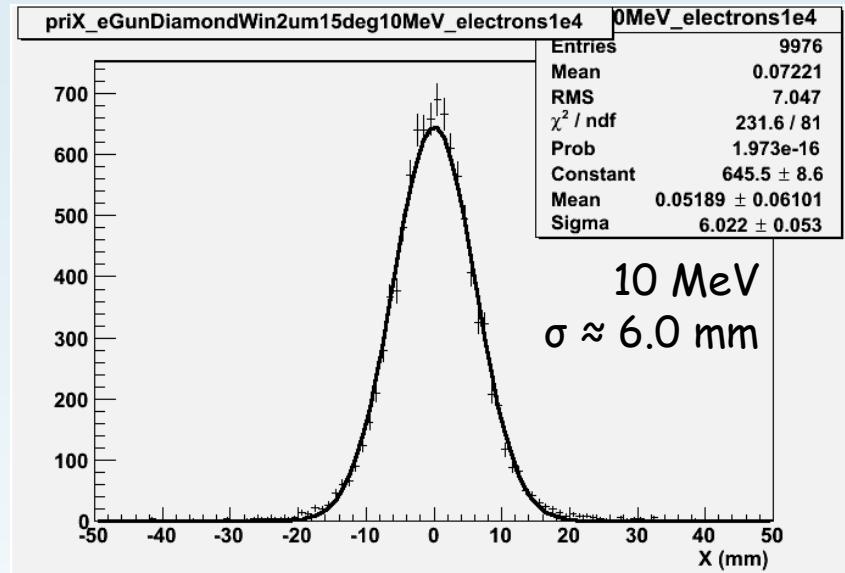
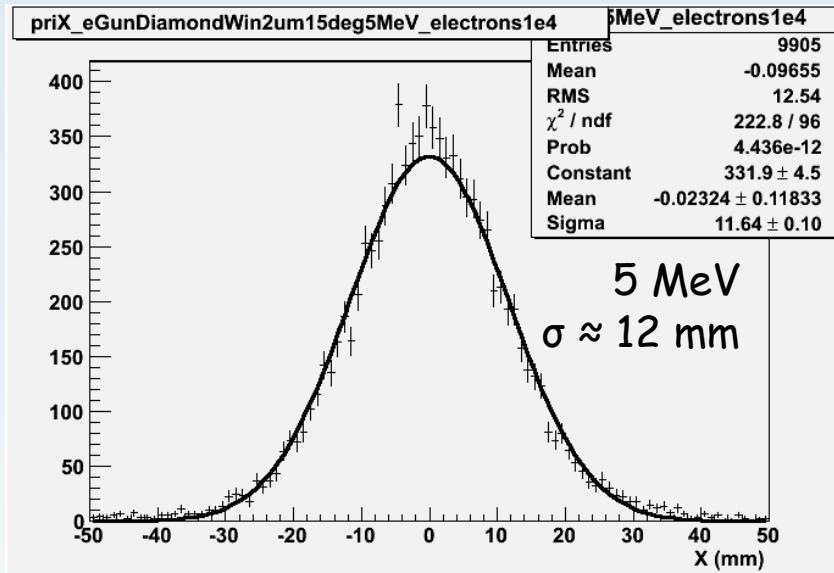


Large-Angle Injection (15°): Beam Profile @ 1m



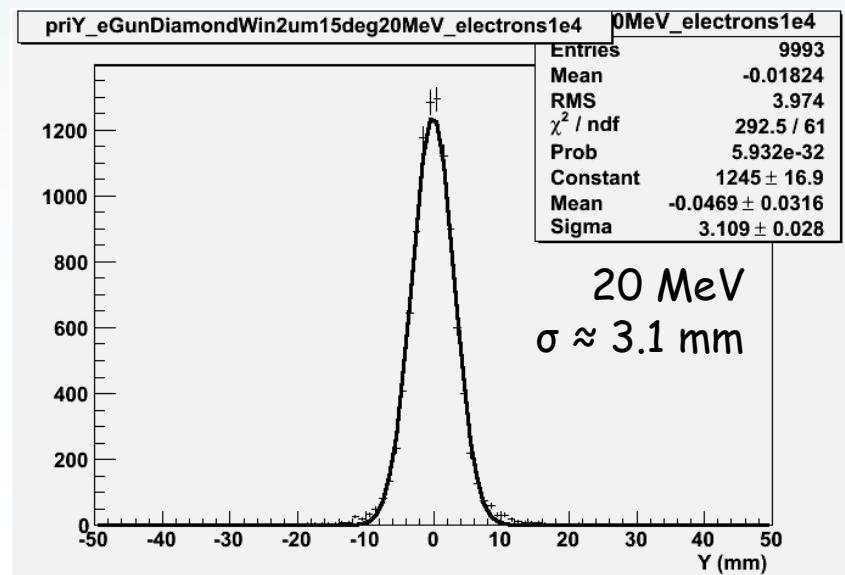
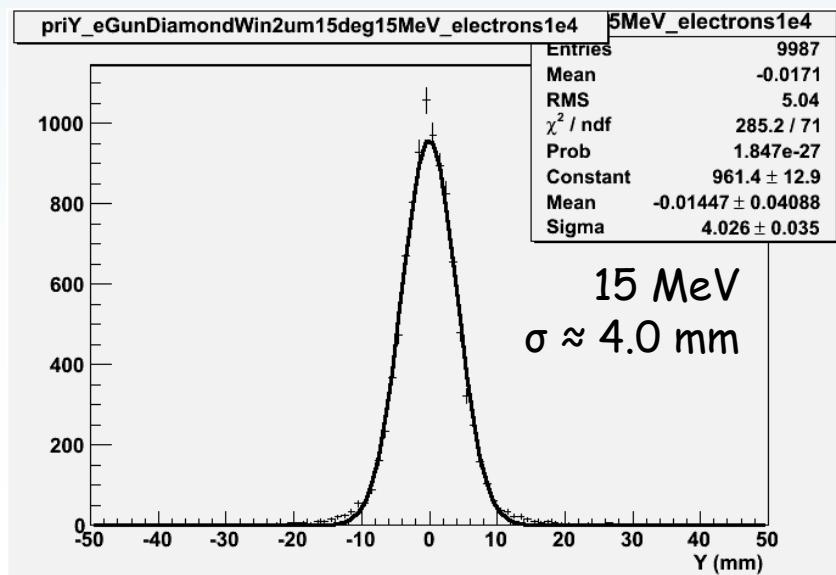
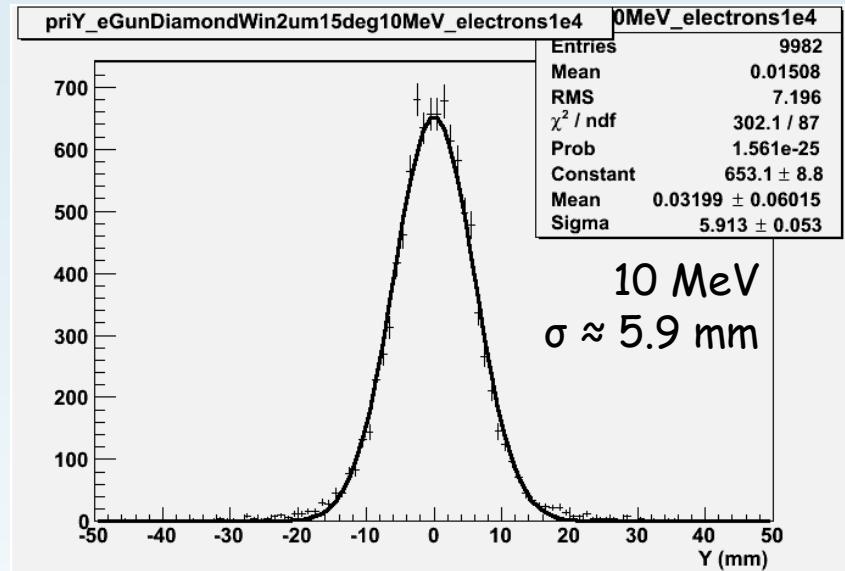
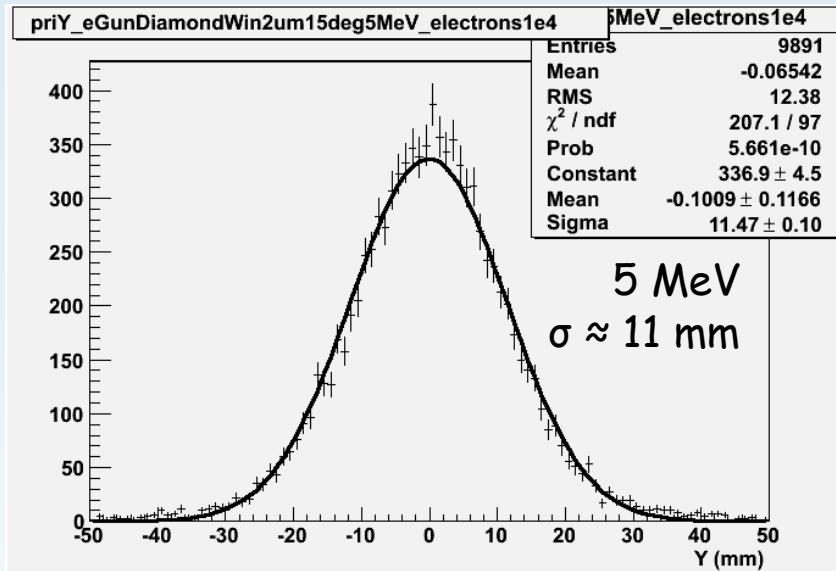


Large-Angle Injection (15°): Beam Profile (X projection) @ 1m





Large-Angle Injection (15°): Beam Profile (Y projection) @ 1m

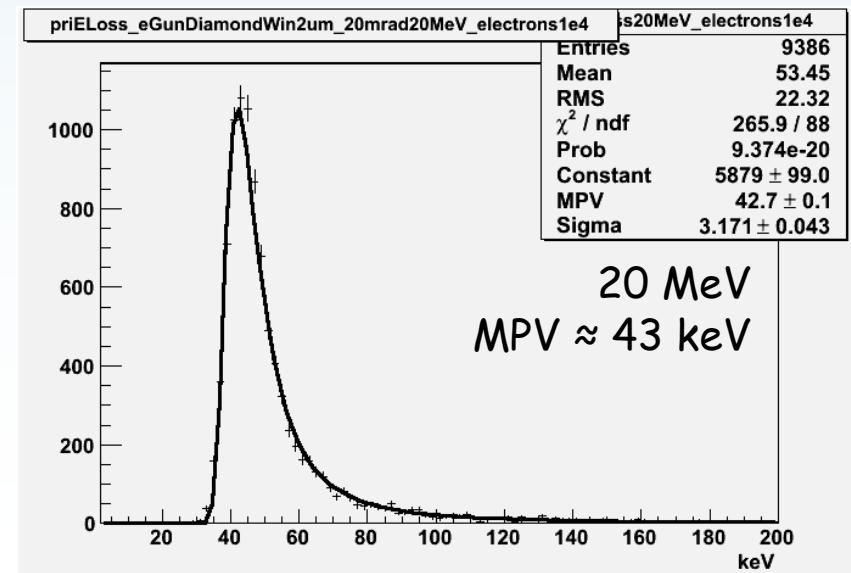
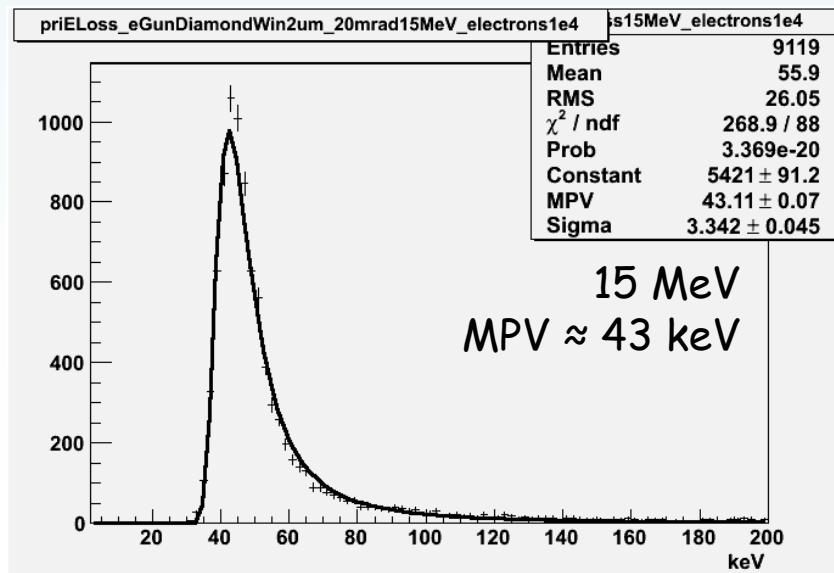
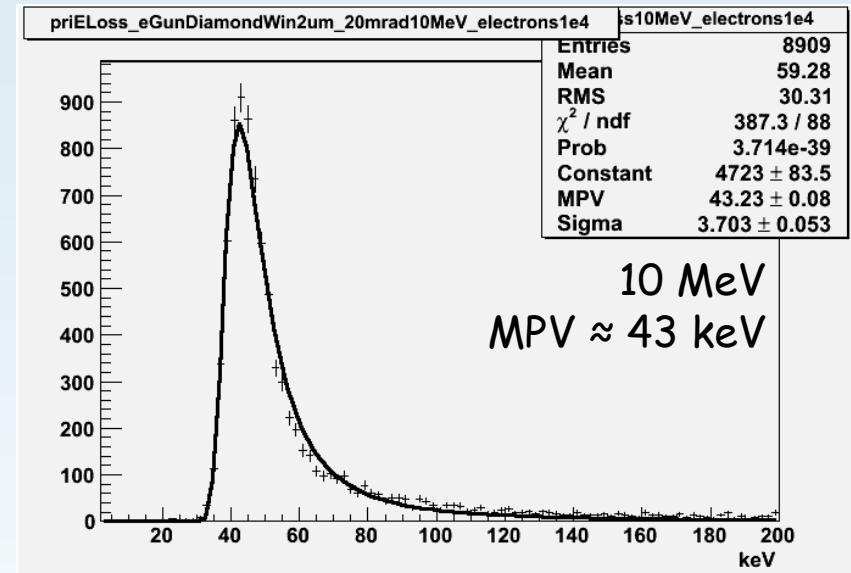
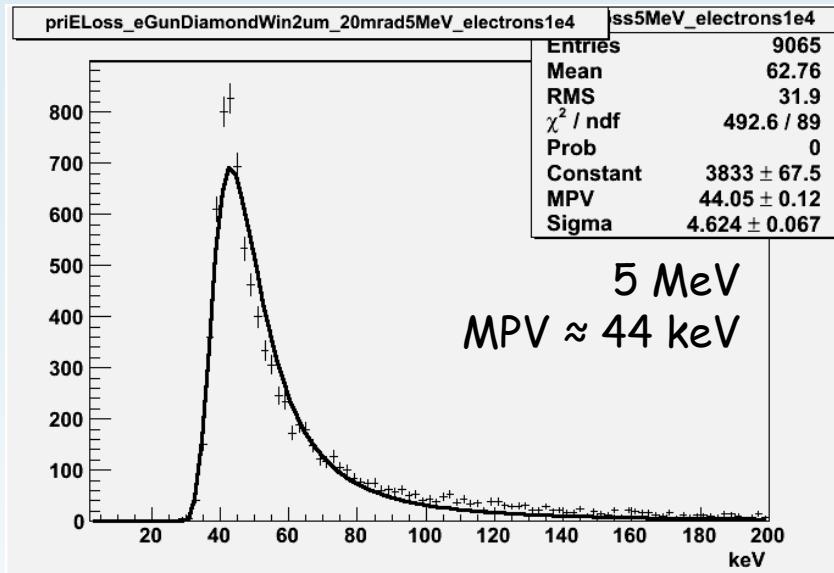




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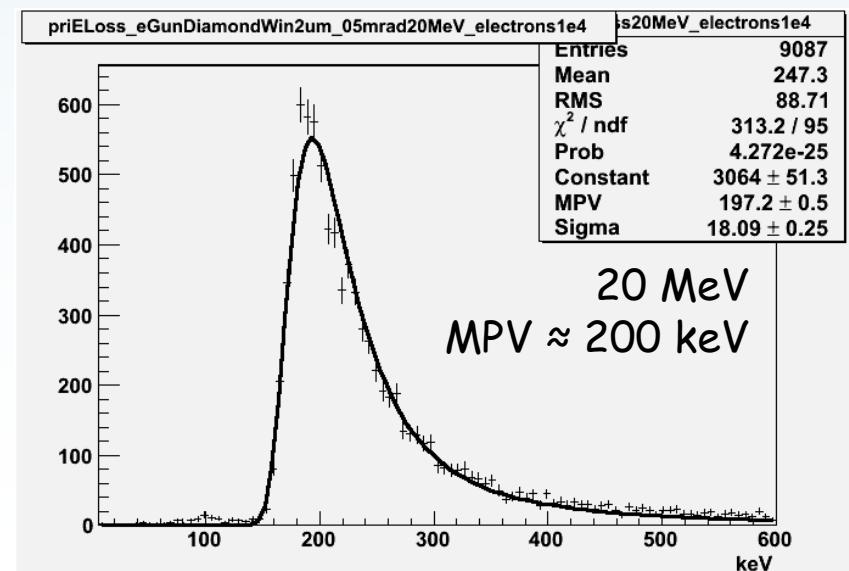
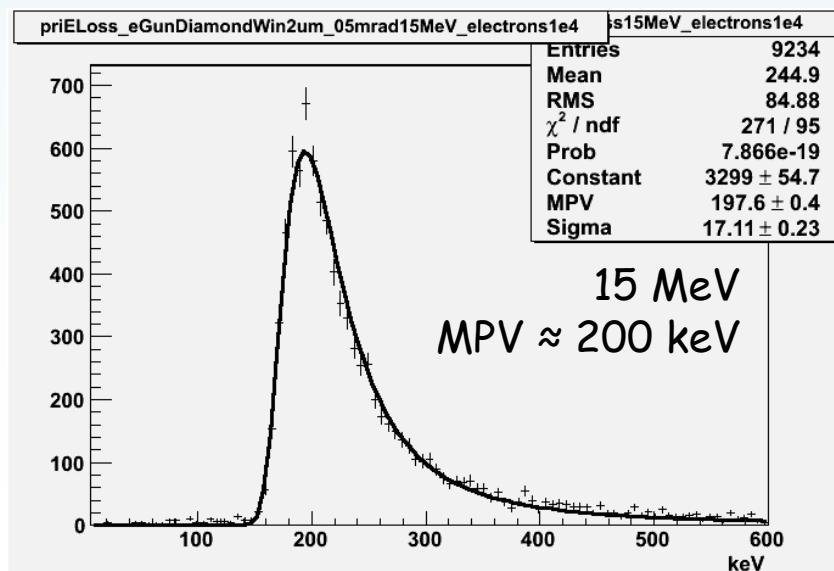
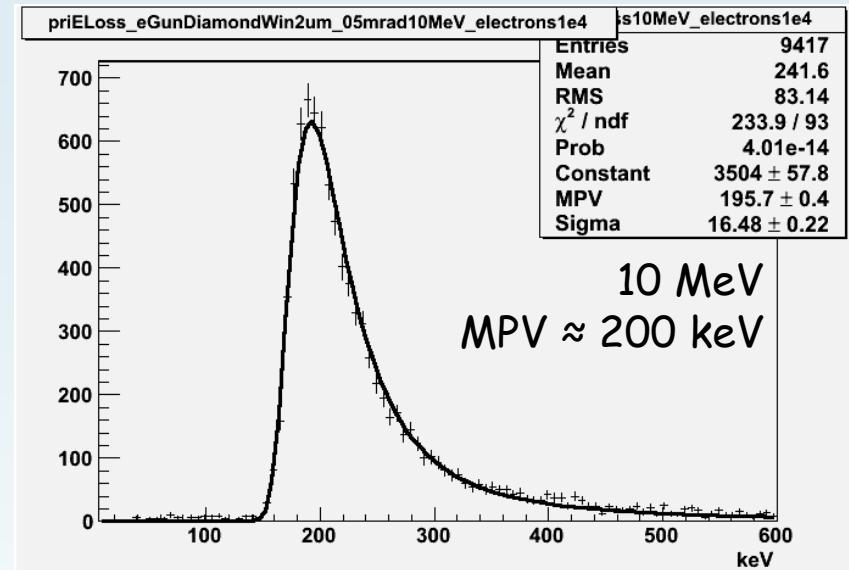
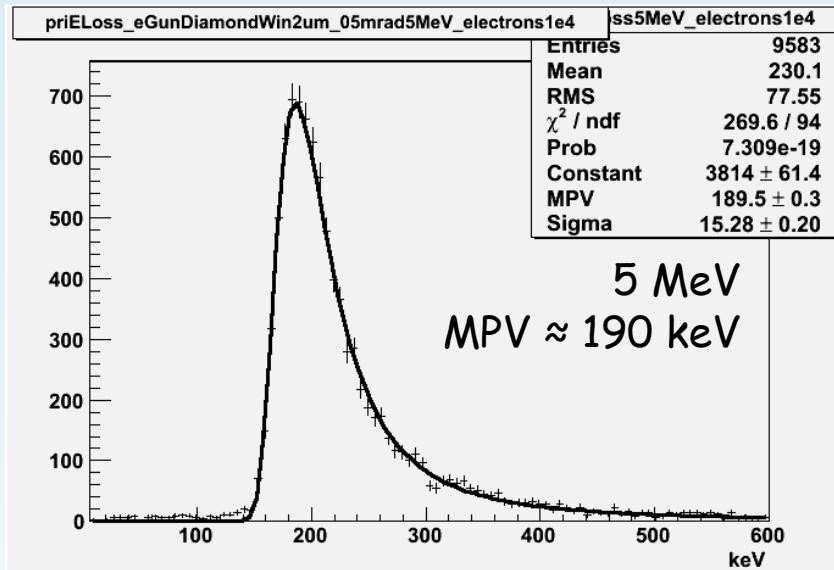
Beam Injection: Shallow-Angle Injection

Shallow-Angle Injection (20mrad): Energy Loss





Shallow-Angle Injection (5mrad): Energy Loss

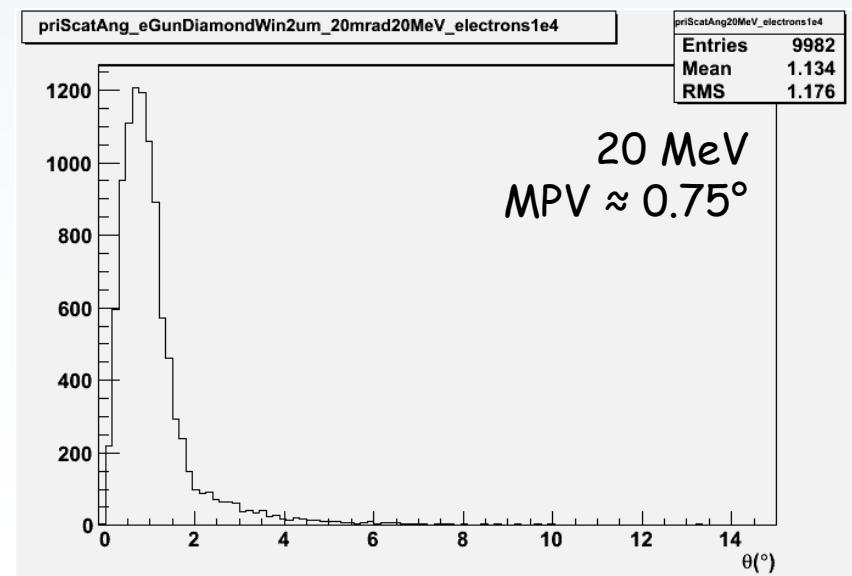
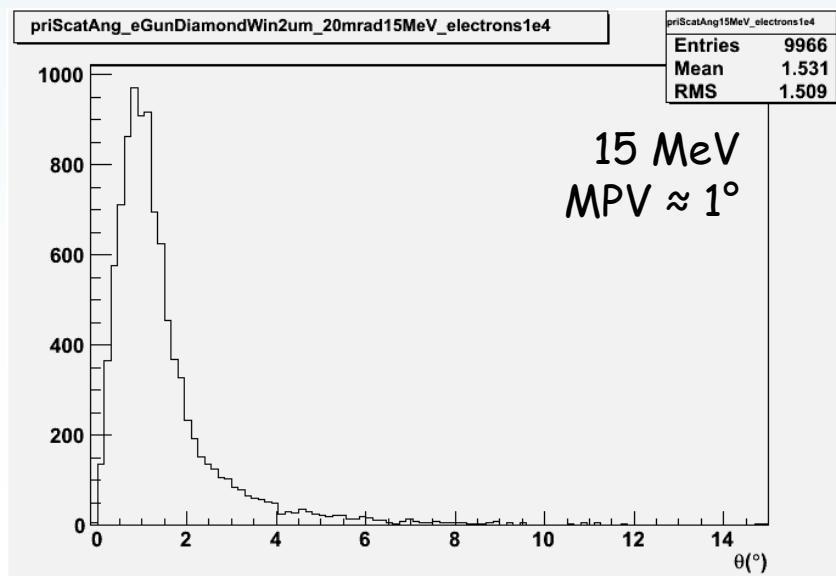
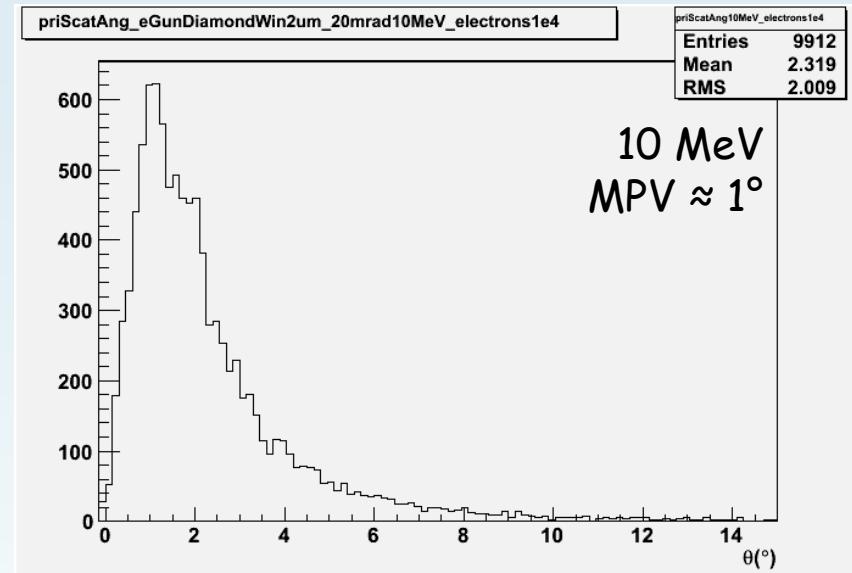
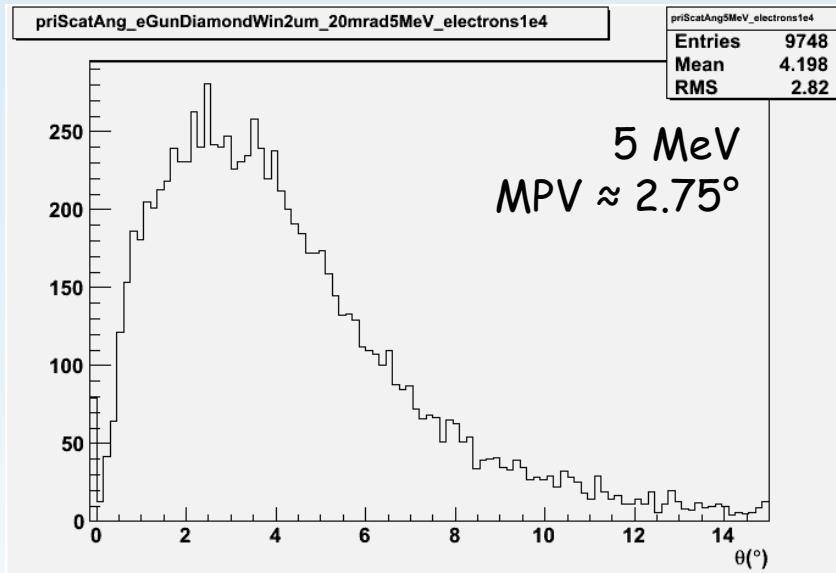




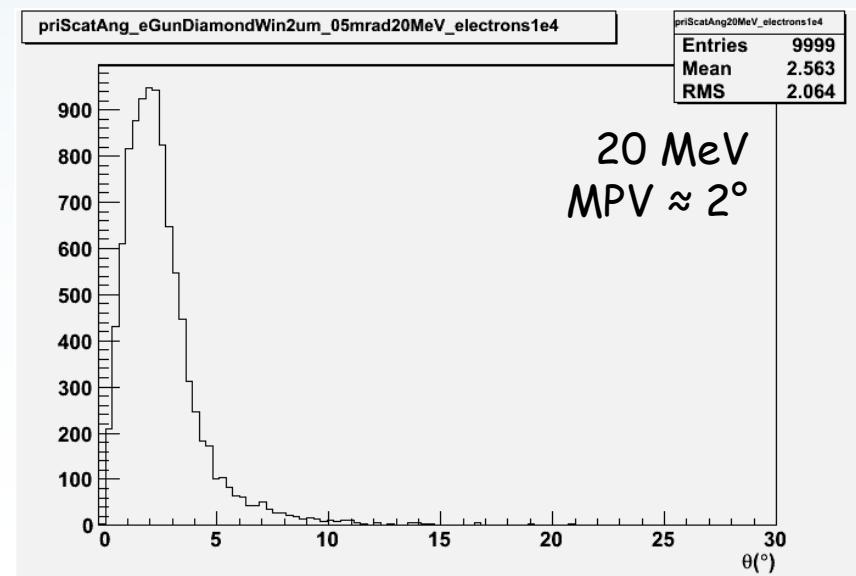
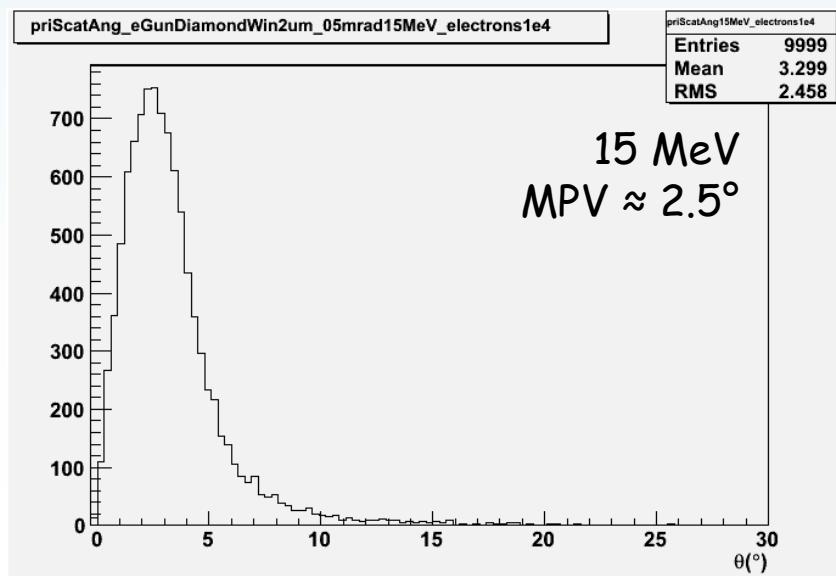
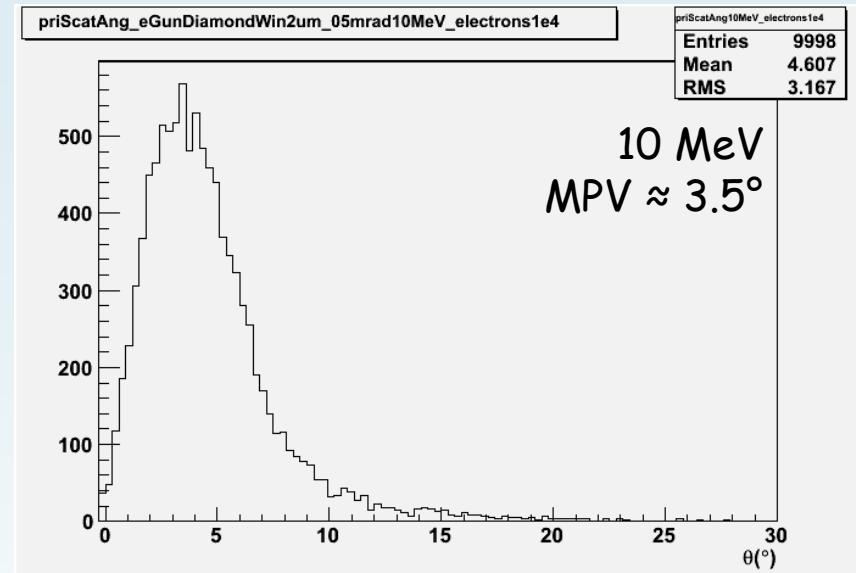
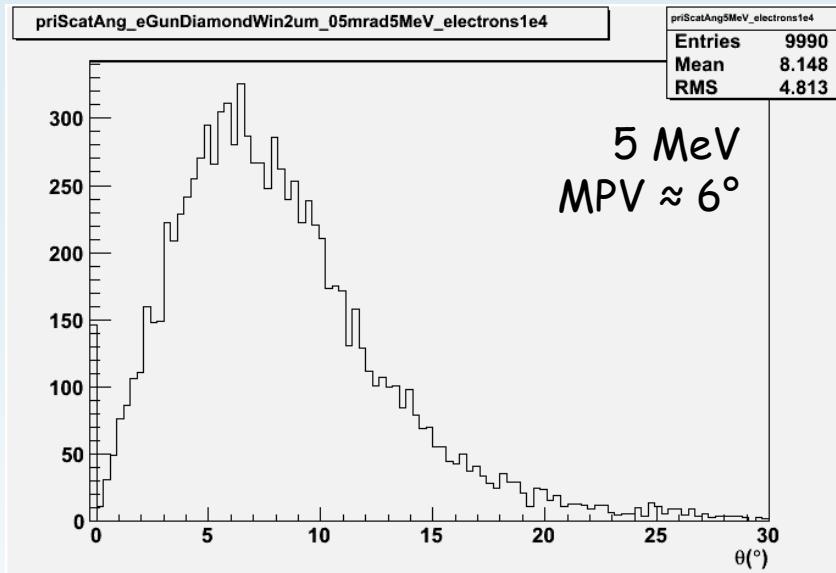
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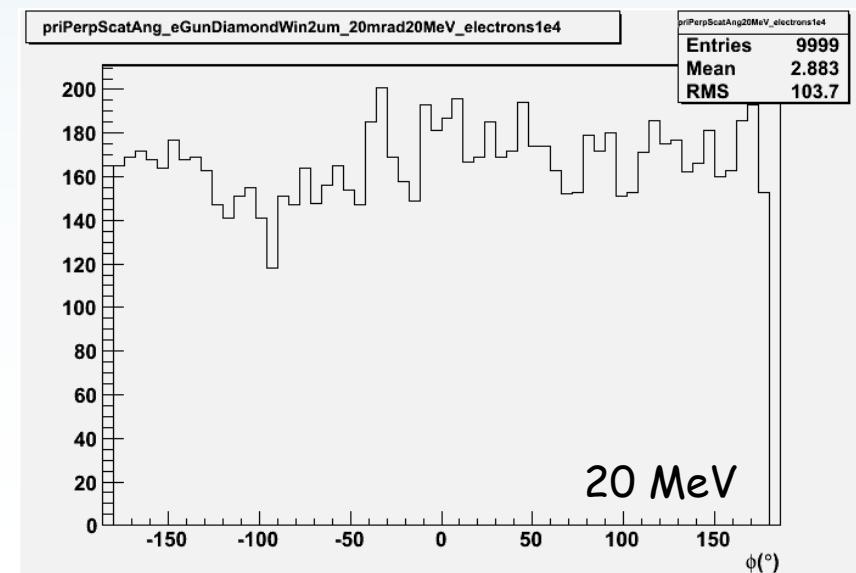
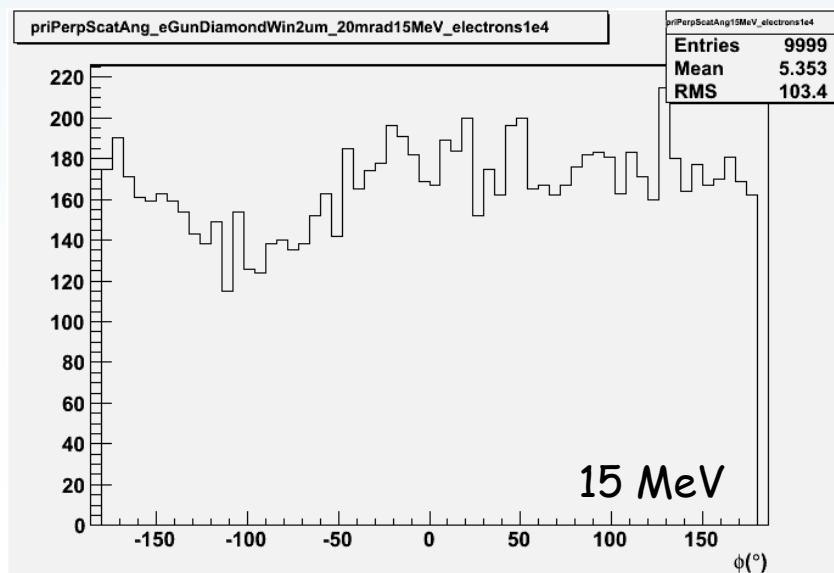
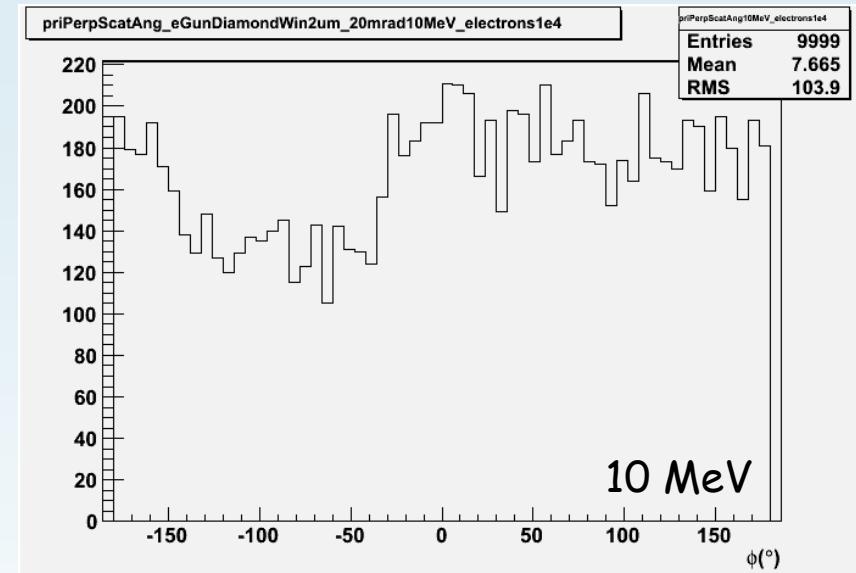
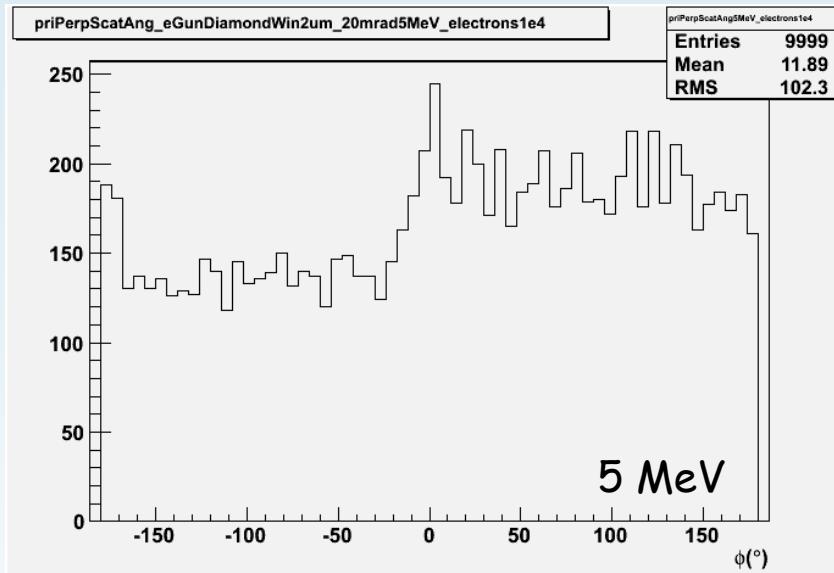
Shallow-Angle Injection (20mrad): Scattering Angle



Shallow-Angle Injection (5mrad): Scattering Angle

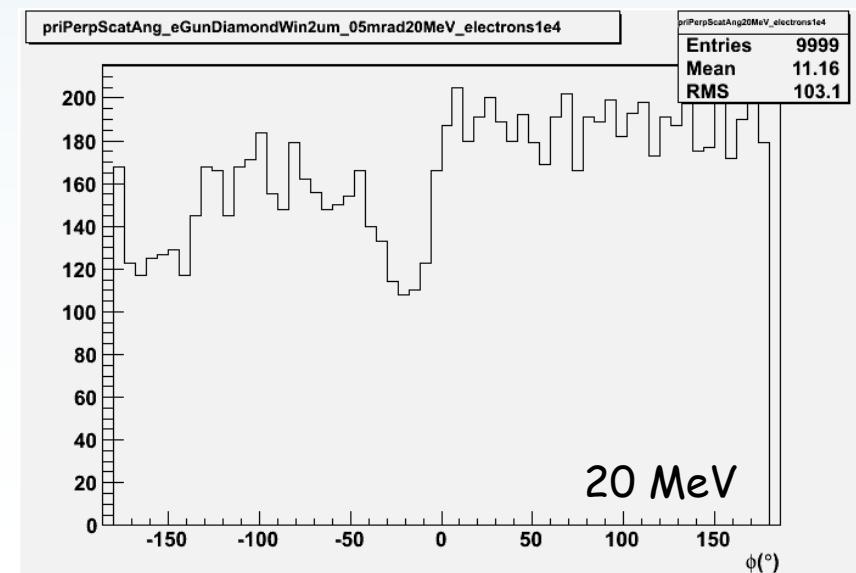
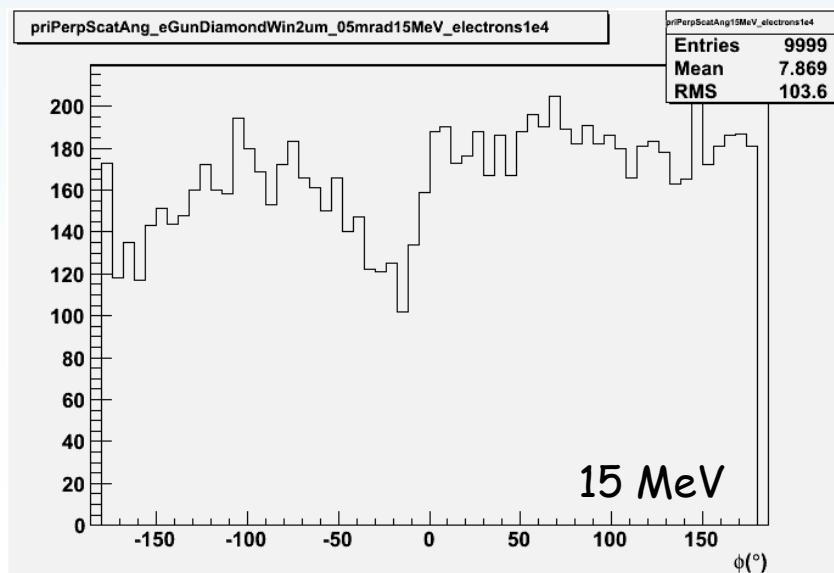
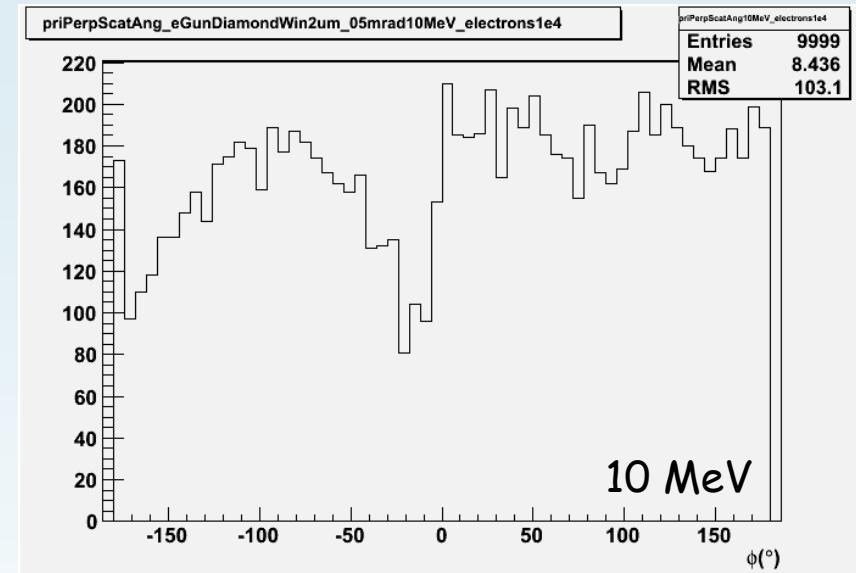
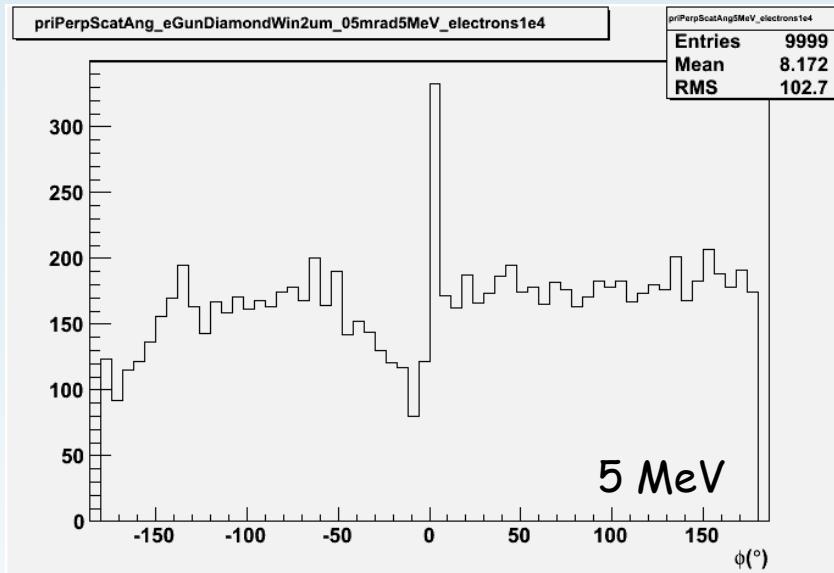


Shallow-Angle Injection (20mrad): Perpendicular Scatter

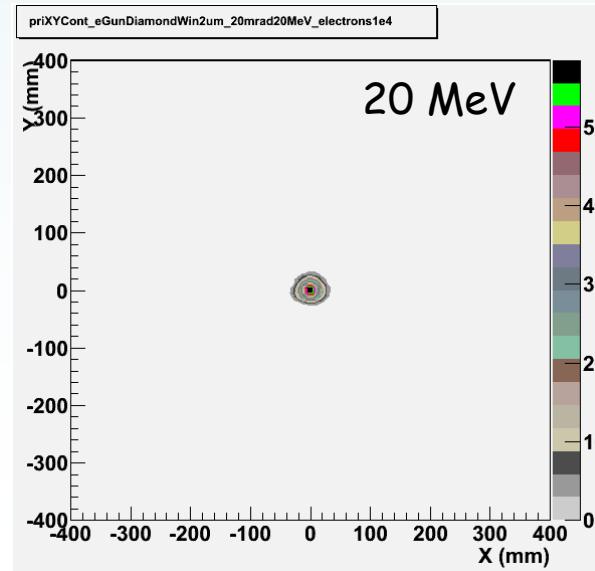
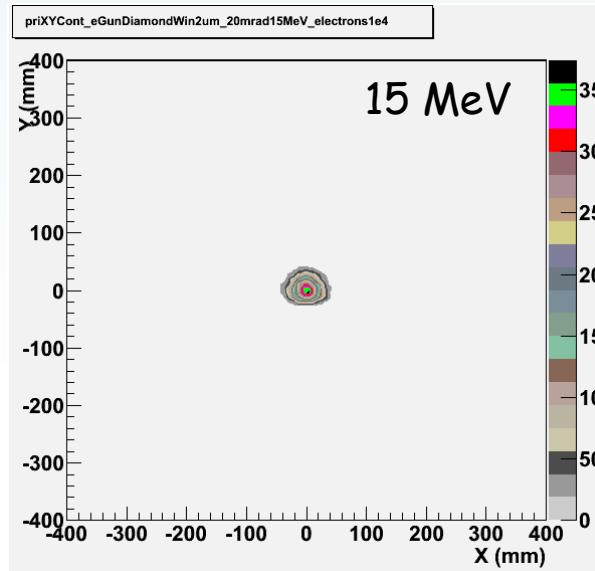
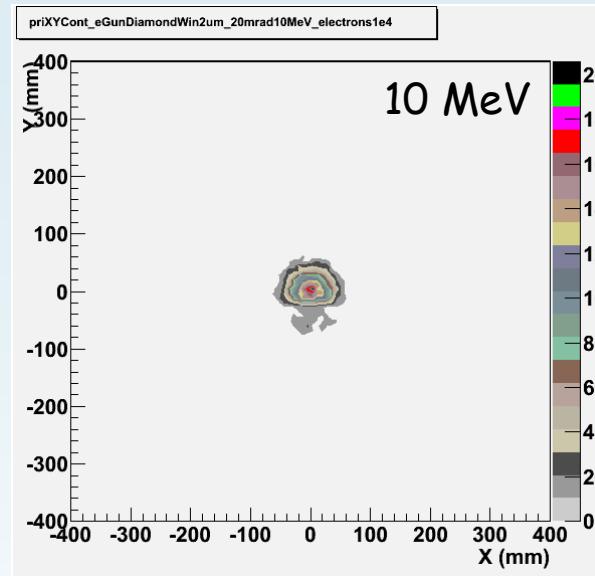
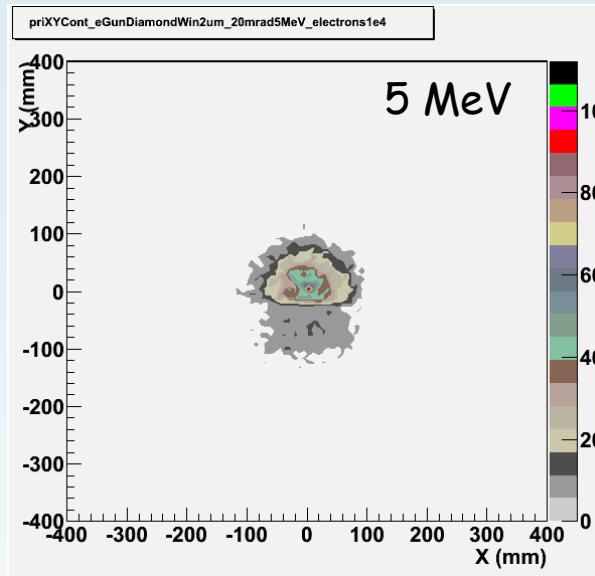




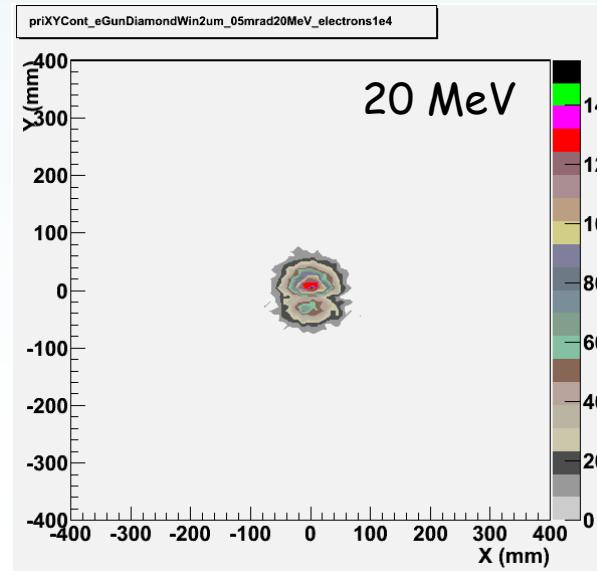
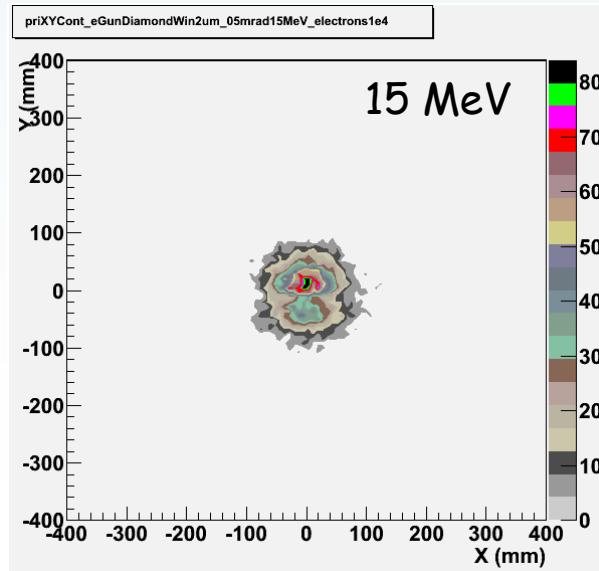
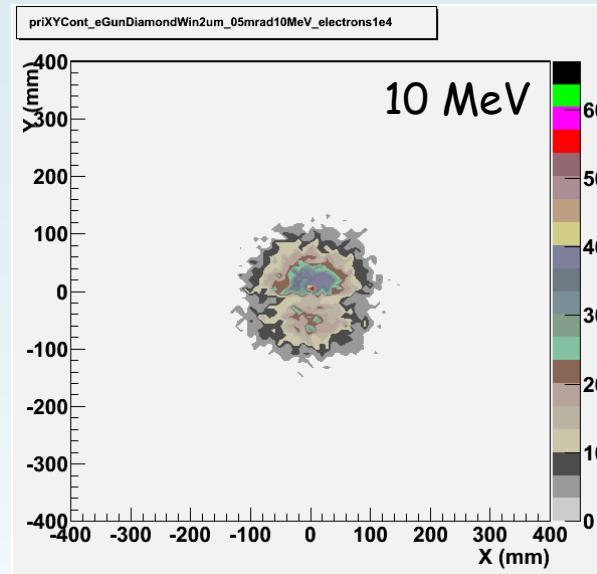
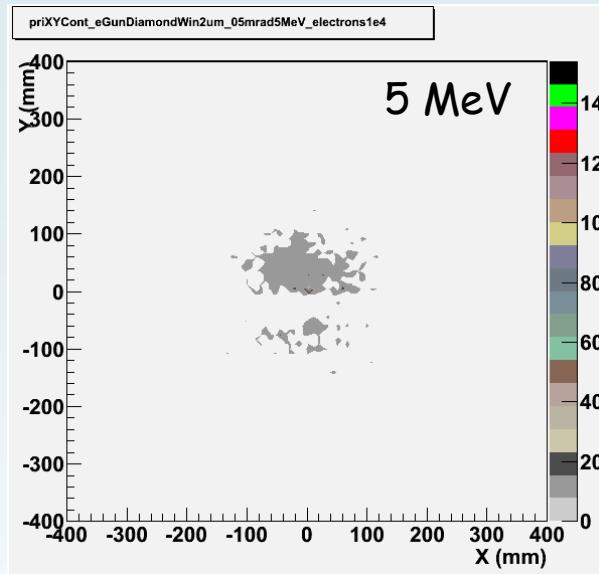
Shallow-Angle Injection (5mrad): Perpendicular Scatter



Shallow-Angle Injection (20mrad): Beam Profile @ 1m

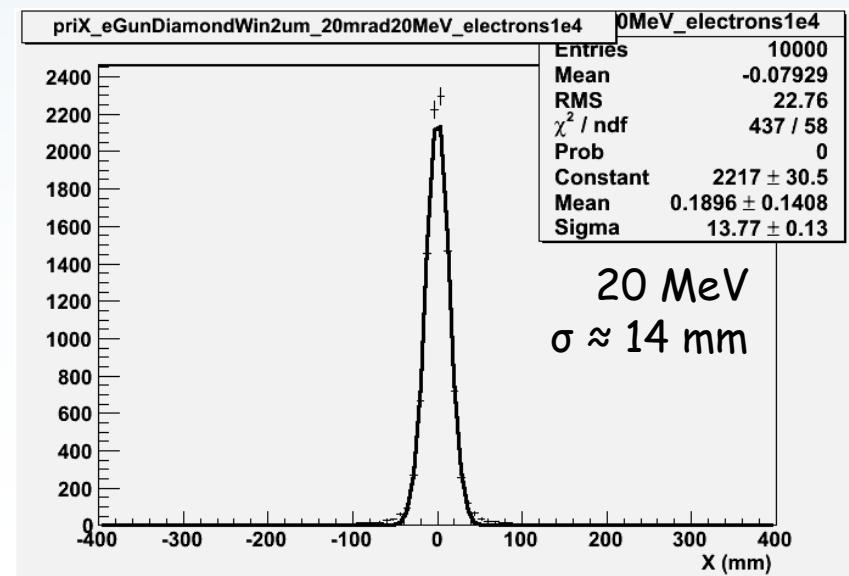
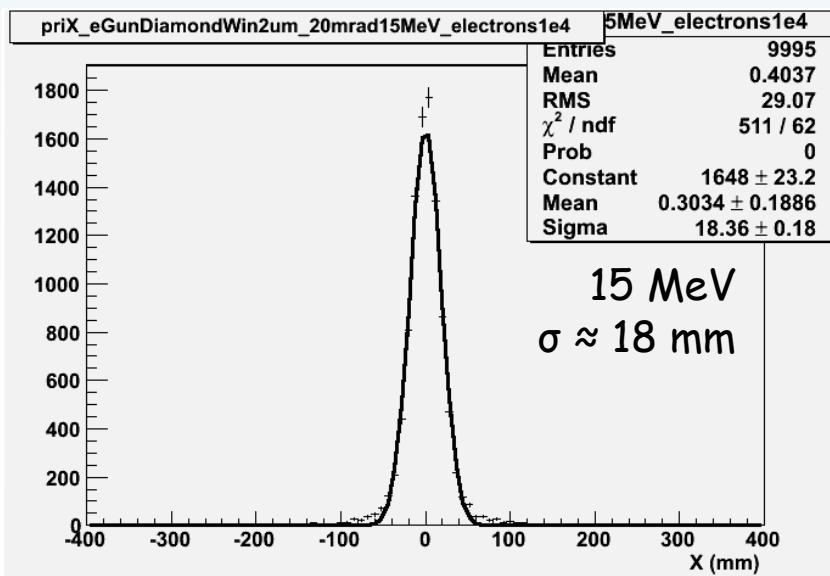
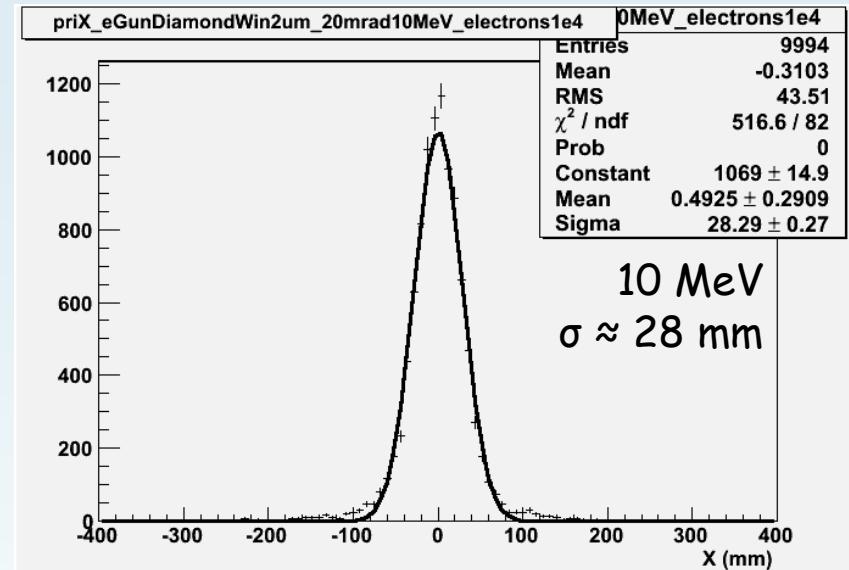
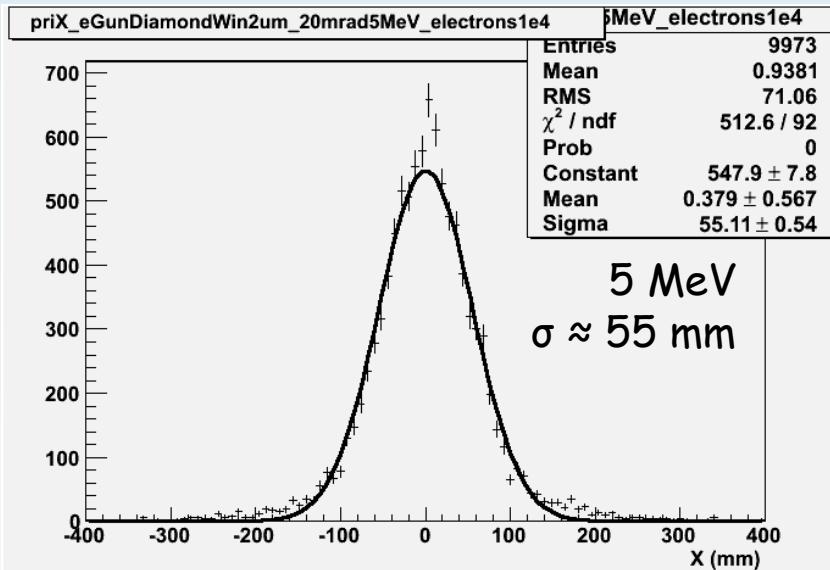


Shallow-Angle Injection (5mrad): Beam Profile @ 1m



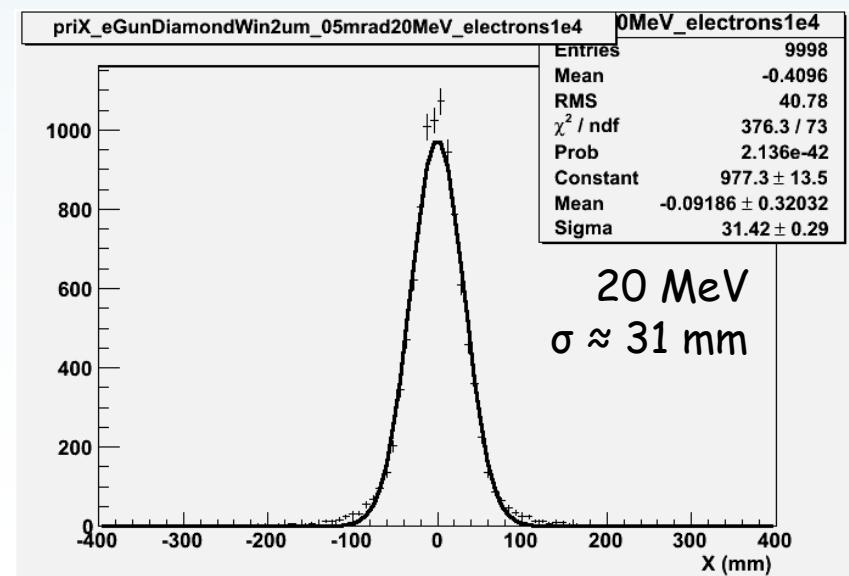
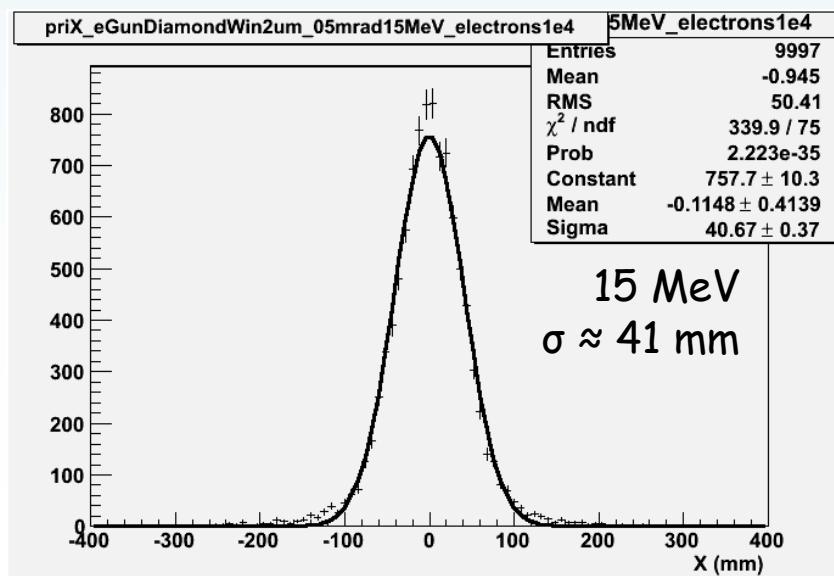
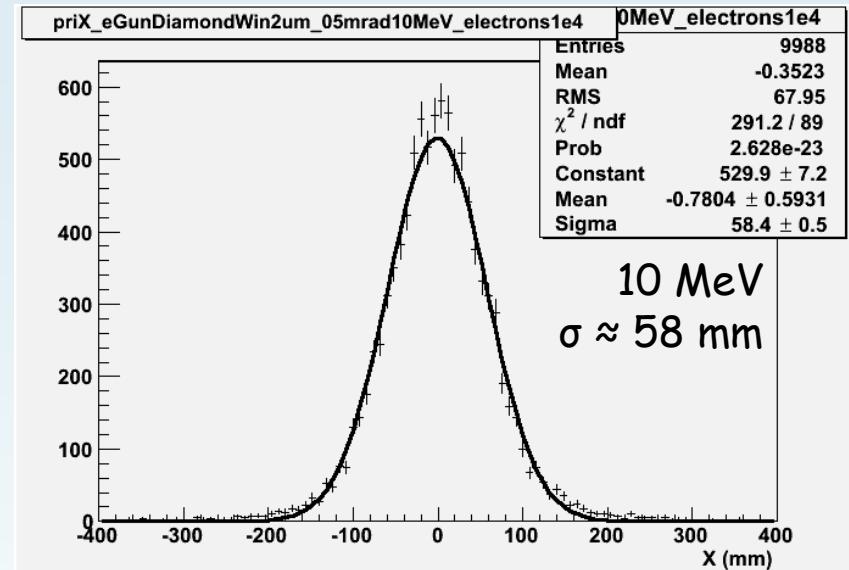
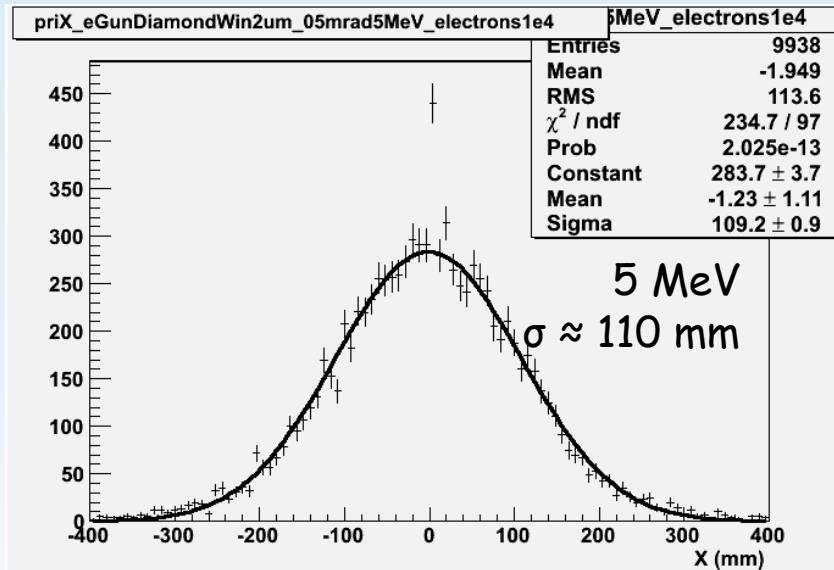


Shallow-Angle Injection (20mrad): Beam Profile (X projection) @ 1m



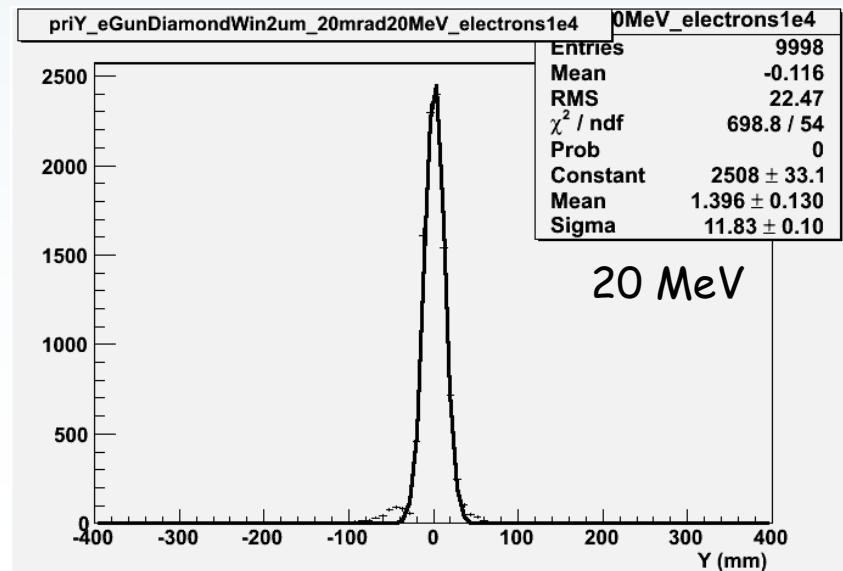
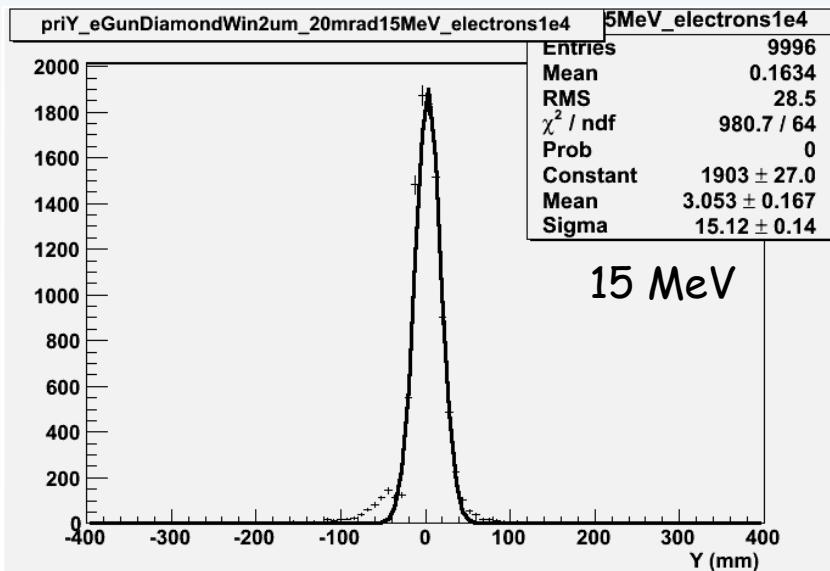
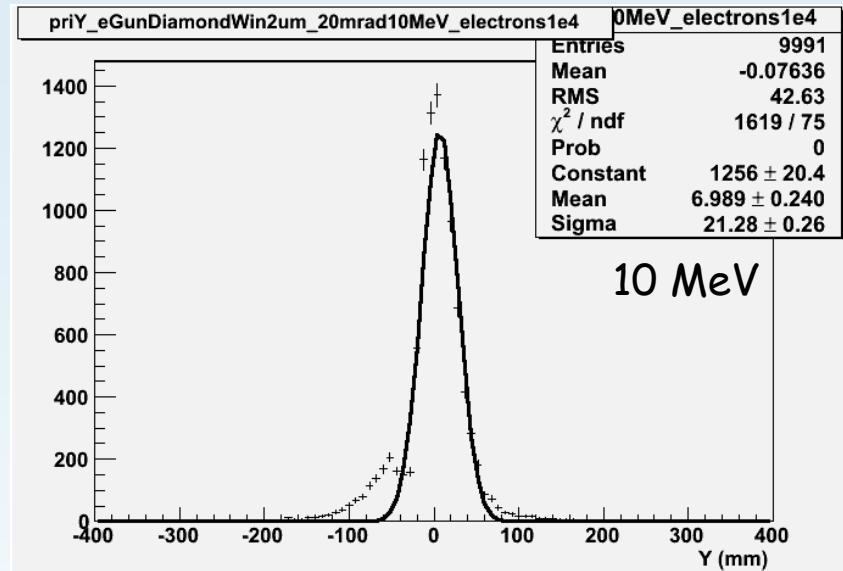
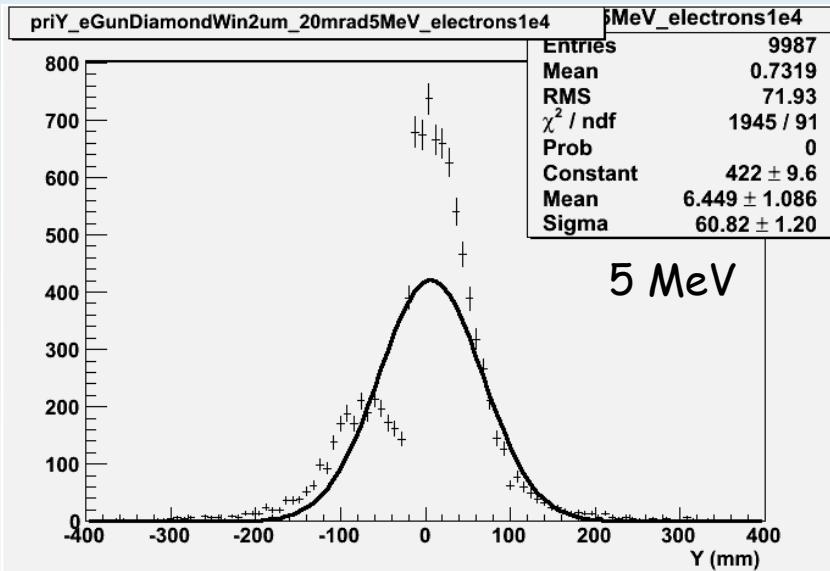


Shallow-Angle Injection (5mrad): Beam Profile (X projection) @ 1m



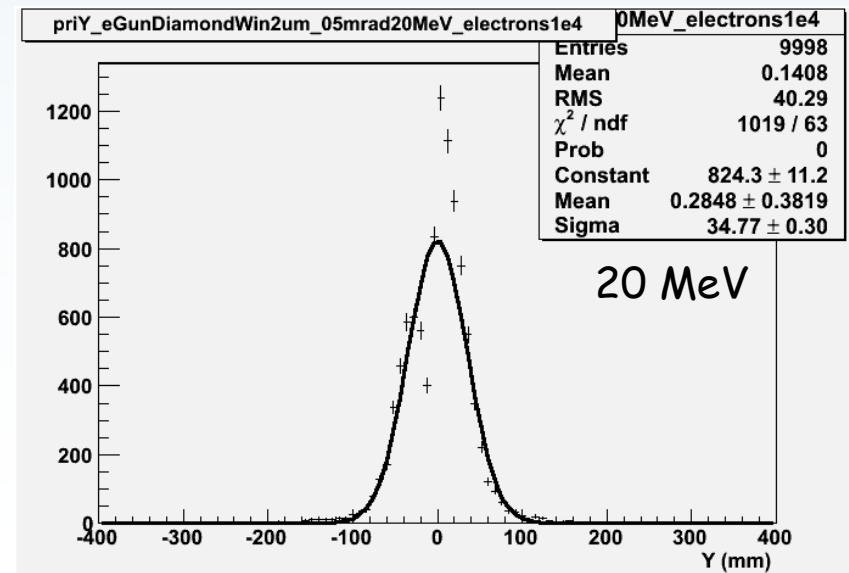
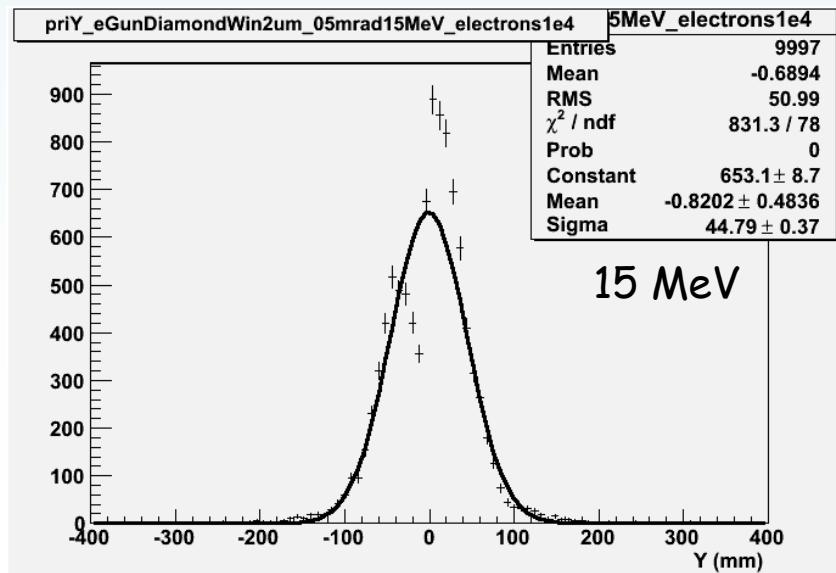
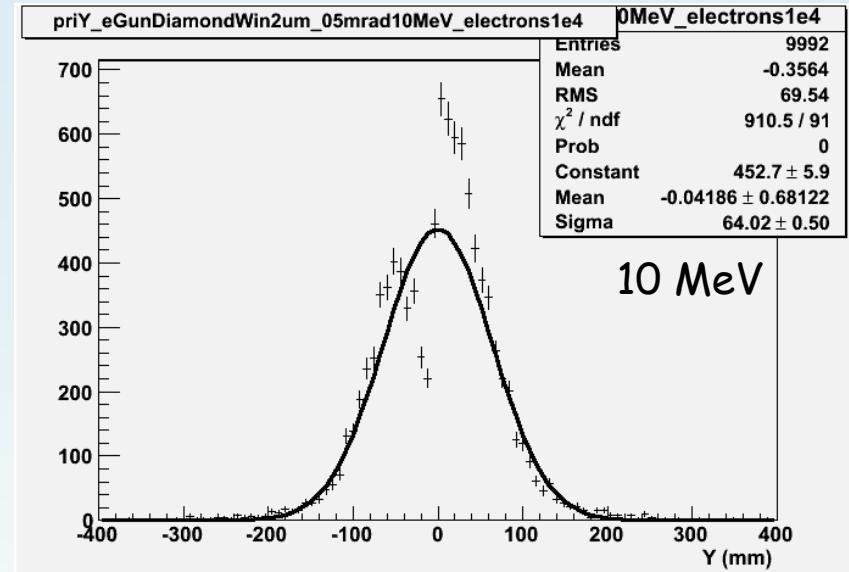
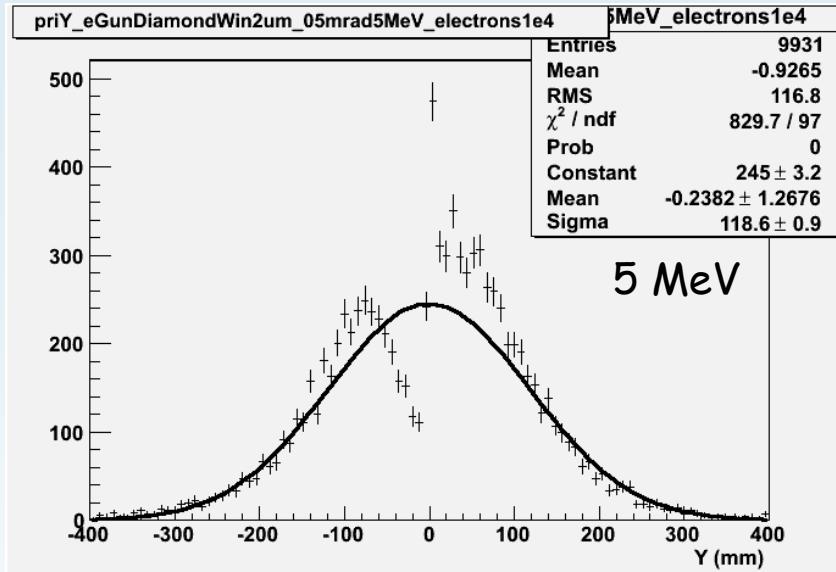


Shallow-Angle Injection (20mrad): Beam Profile (Y projection) @ 1m





Shallow-Angle Injection (5mrad): Beam Profile (Y projection) @ 1m

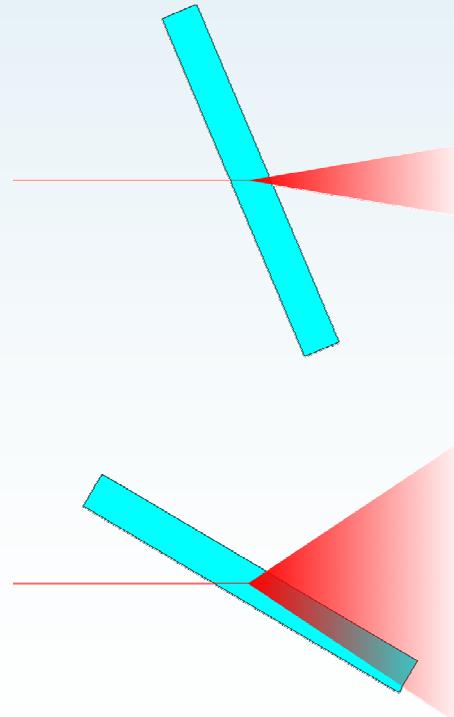




MAX-PLANCK-GESELLSCHAFT

Discussion: Explanation of Asymmetric Behaviour

Discussion: Explanation of Asymmetric Behaviour



- Large angles only see scattering due to apparent thickness of window.
=> Gaussian Beams.
- Small angles see scattering greater than the window angle itself.
=> Horrible Beams...

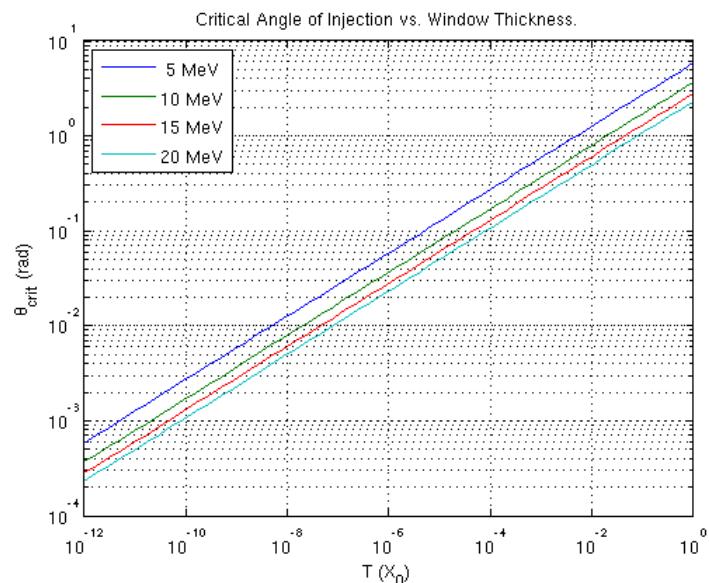
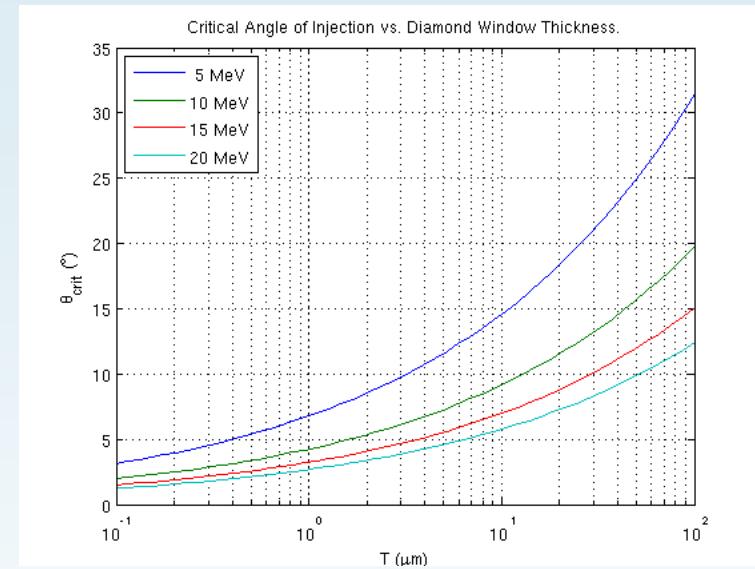
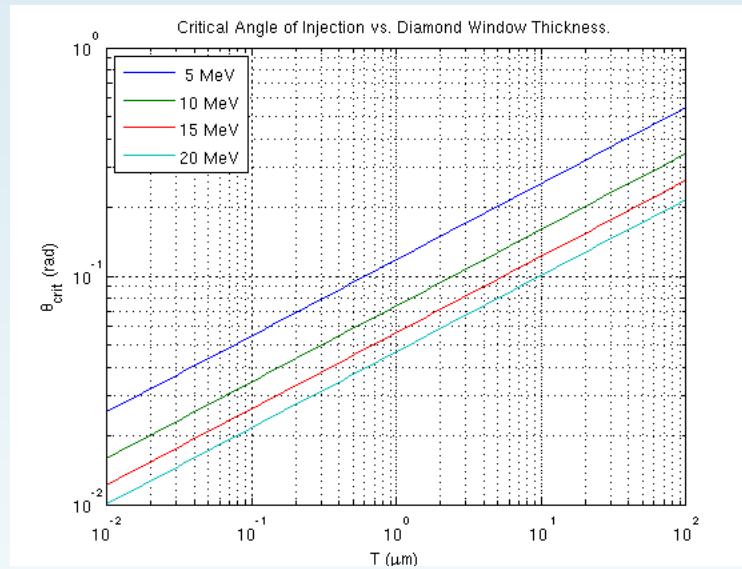


MAX-PLANCK-GESELLSCHAFT



Discussion: Critical Angle of Symmetry Breaking

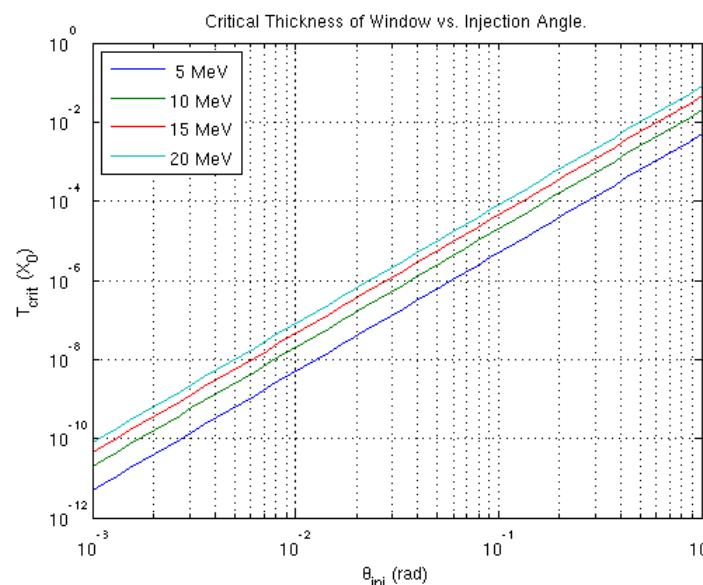
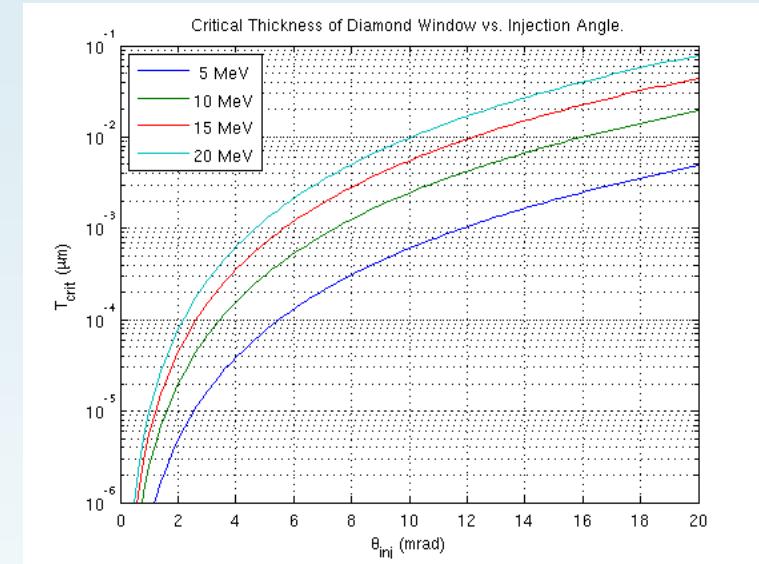
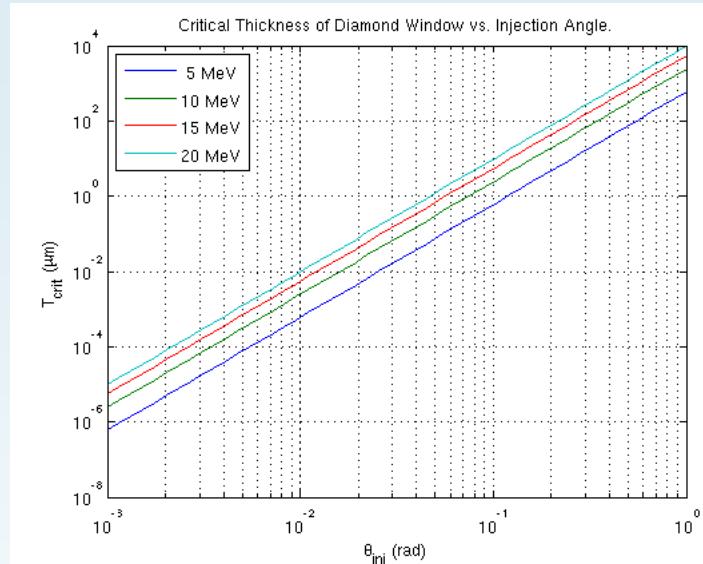
Critical Angle Vs. Thickness



$$\theta_{\text{crit}} = 3 \sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{13.6 \text{ MeV}}{\beta cp} \right)^2 \frac{T}{X_0}}$$

$$X_0 = 12.2 \text{ cm}$$

Critical Thickness Vs. Angle



$$\frac{T_{\text{crit}}}{X_0} = \left(\frac{\beta cp}{13.6 \text{ MeV}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{\theta_{\text{inj}}}{3} \right)^3$$

$$X_0 = 12.2 \text{ cm}$$

Work in Progress

- Looking at incorporating Electron Gun beam parameters into these Geant simulations.
 - Requires phase-space transformations of Monte-Carlo random variables to yield tracks with correlated initial positions (x_0, y_0) and momenta (x'_0, y'_0) given σ_x , $\sigma_{x'}$ and ϵ_{RMS} .
 - Needs more complex geometry to allow measurement at 20 cm with a rotated target.
 - This distance would currently overlap the target and detector.



Monte-Carlo Phase Space Transformation

- Given the beam parameters σ_x , $\sigma_{x'}$ and ε_{RMS} , the ellipse in phase-space has semi-axes of:

$$a^4 = \frac{\gamma \tan^2 \theta - \beta}{\beta \tan^2 \theta - \gamma} \varepsilon_{\text{RMS}}^2$$

$$b^4 = \frac{\beta \tan^2 \theta - \gamma}{\gamma \tan^2 \theta - \beta} \varepsilon_{\text{RMS}}^2$$

where the variables are the Twiss parameters.

- Which can produce the appropriate random variables X & X' for x and x' :

$$\begin{pmatrix} X \\ X' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} G(0, a) \\ G(0, b) \end{pmatrix}$$

where $G(\mu, \sigma)$ is a random variable following a Gaussian distribution.

Conclusions

- Small-angle beam injection through non-perpendicular window very messy: hence possibly impractical?
 - Significant energy losses
 - Asymmetric beam scatter
- Perpendicular/large-angle injection through window solves asymmetry
 - This requiring more complex construction of plasma cell and electron gun interface.
 - Potentially causes problems for metal-vapour cell thermal uniformity & electrical discharge cell construction/operation.
- Scatter will clearly reduce beam flux captured by the wakefield.
- Current work will allow the simulation of realistic electron beam profiles for PIC side-injection.
 - Electron gun beam parameters needed! (σ_x , $\sigma_{x'}$, ε_{RMS})