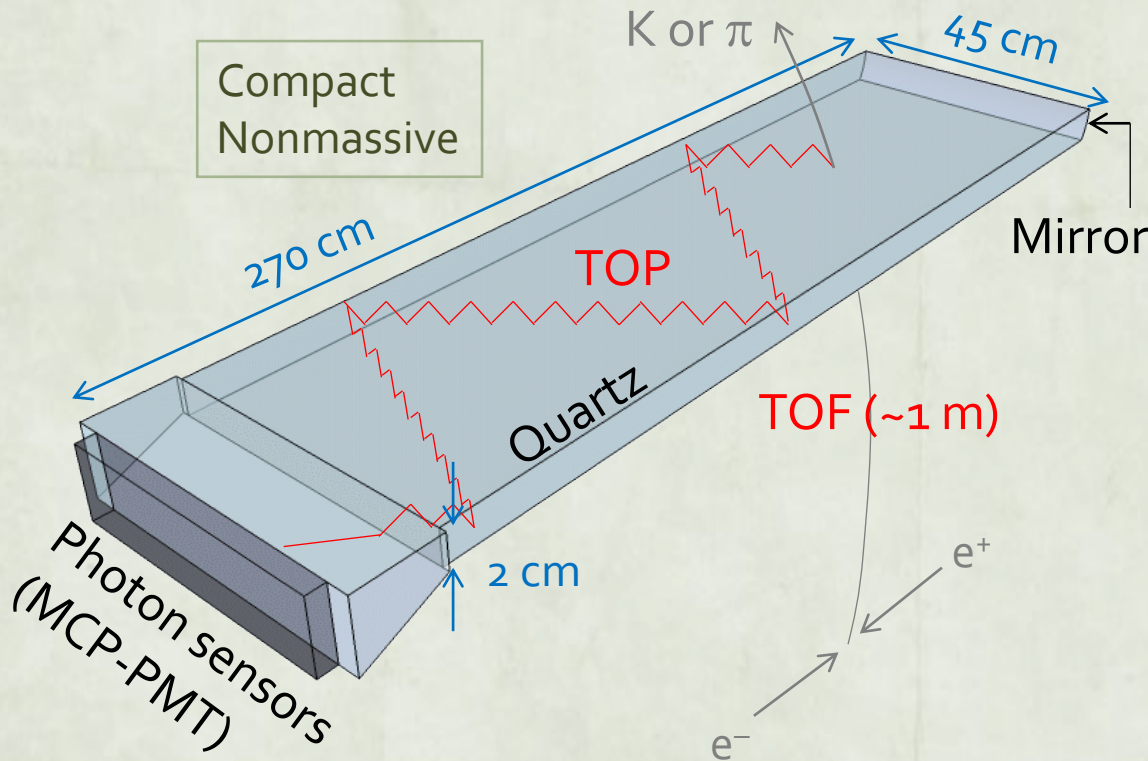


Performance study of the TOP counter with the 2 GeV/c positron beam at LEPS

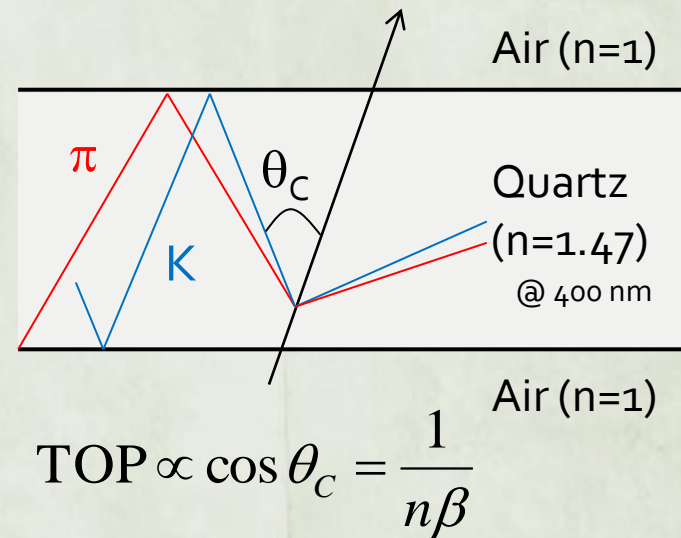
K. Matsuoka (KMI, Nagoya Univ.)
for the Belle II PID group

TOP (Time Of Propagation) counter

- A novel Ring Imaging Cherenkov detector for PID in Belle II
 - π efficiency > 95% and K fake rate < 5% for < 3 GeV/c



Cherenkov photons generated in the quartz bar travel in the bar as they are totally reflected on the quartz/air boundaries.



To identify K/ π , measure TOP of ~20 photons with a time resolution < 50 ps (as well as TOF).

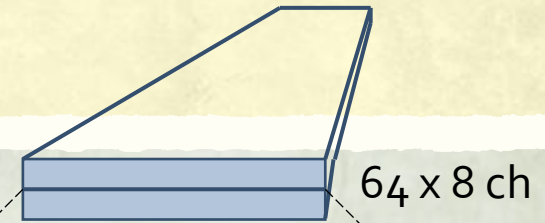
Key of the TOP counter

- The Cherenkov 'ring' image has to propagate undistorted along the bar.
 - Polished quartz bar with smooth and parallel surfaces
- Distinguish TOP difference of ~ 100 ps between K and π .
 - MCP (Micro Channel Plate) PMT and readout electronics with time resolution < 50 ps.

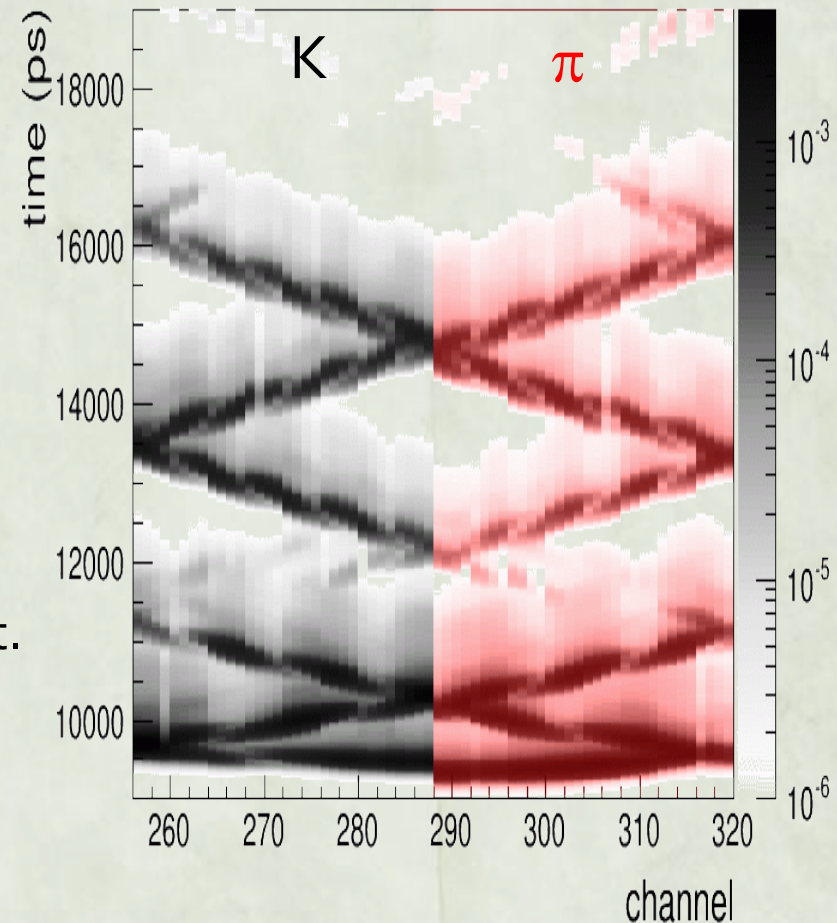
Succeeded in developing each component.



Integrate them and confirm the performance of the TOP counter.



PDF for 3 GeV/c K and π



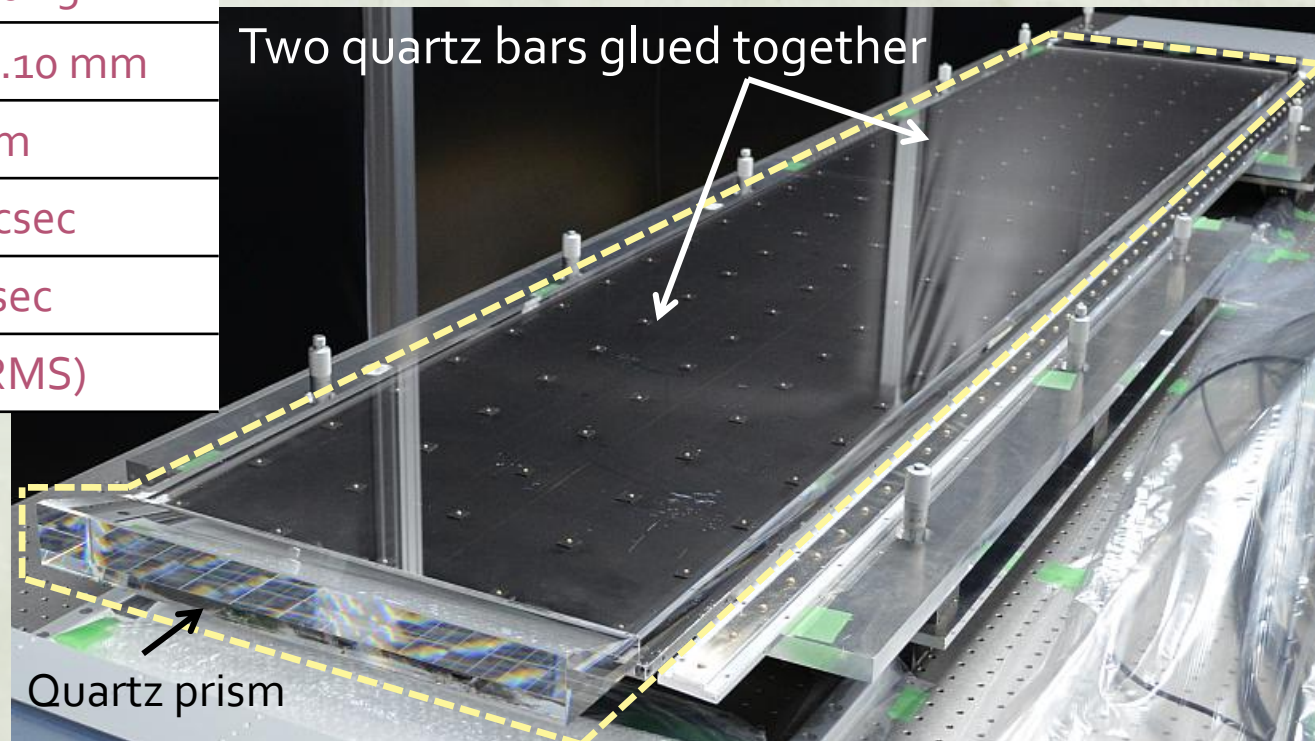
Quartz bar

- The quality of Cherenkov ring image has to be maintained after O(100) reflections on the quartz surface.

Requirements (for the largest surfaces)

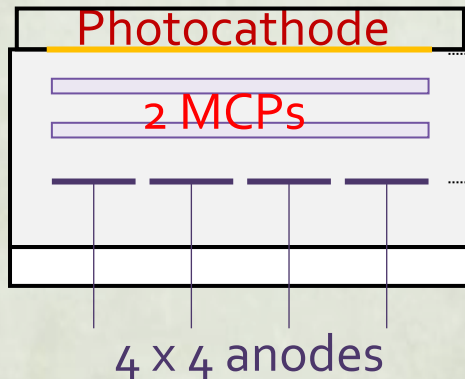
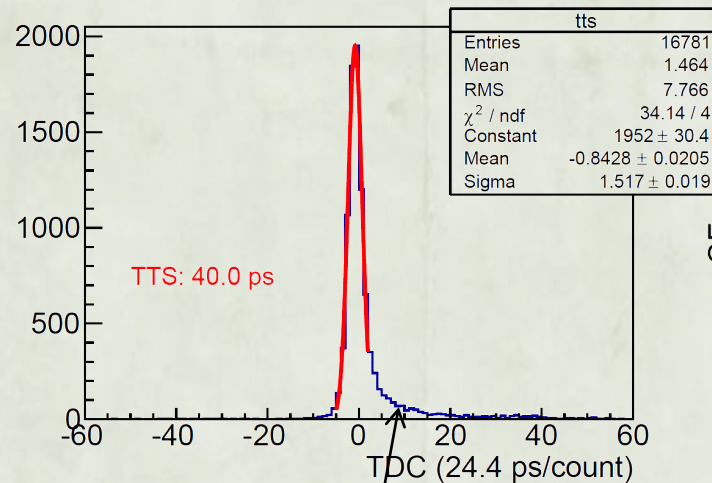
Length	1250 ± 0.50 mm
Width	450 ± 0.15 mm
Thickness	20 ± 0.10 mm
Flatness	< 6.3 μm
Perpendicularity	< 20 arcsec
Parallelism	< 4 arcsec
Roughness	< 5 \AA (RMS)

Internal surface reflectance $> 99.90\%$
Bulk transmittance $> 98.5\%/m$

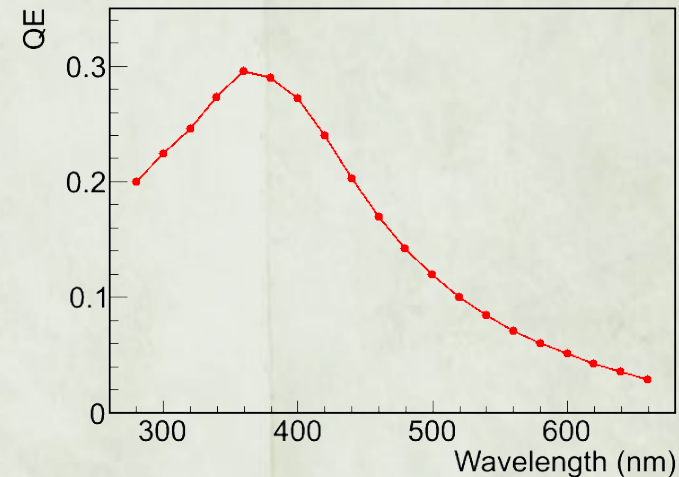


MCP-PMT (Micro Channel Plate PMT)

- **Square shape** to cover the bar edge with small dead region.
- Enough gain ($> 5 \times 10^5$ in 1.5 T) to detect single photon
- Transit Time Spread (TTS) < 40 ps
- **QE $\sim 28\%$** at λ 380 nm with NaKSbCs photocathode



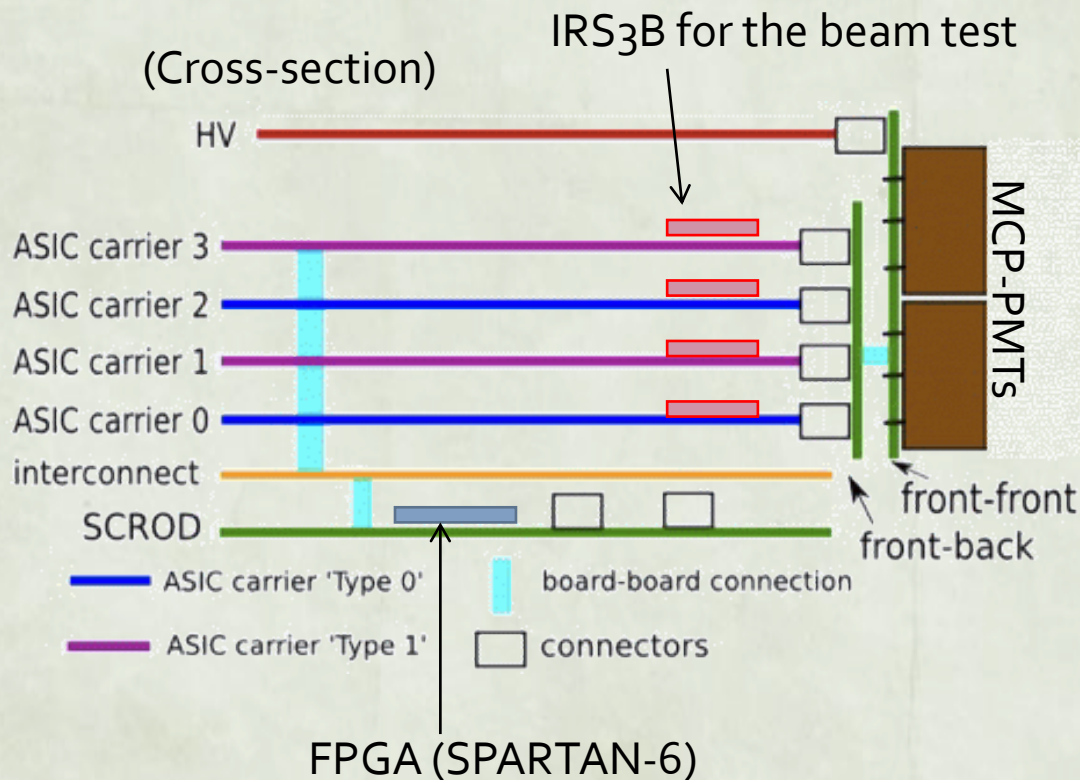
Tail due to bounce on the 1st MCP surface



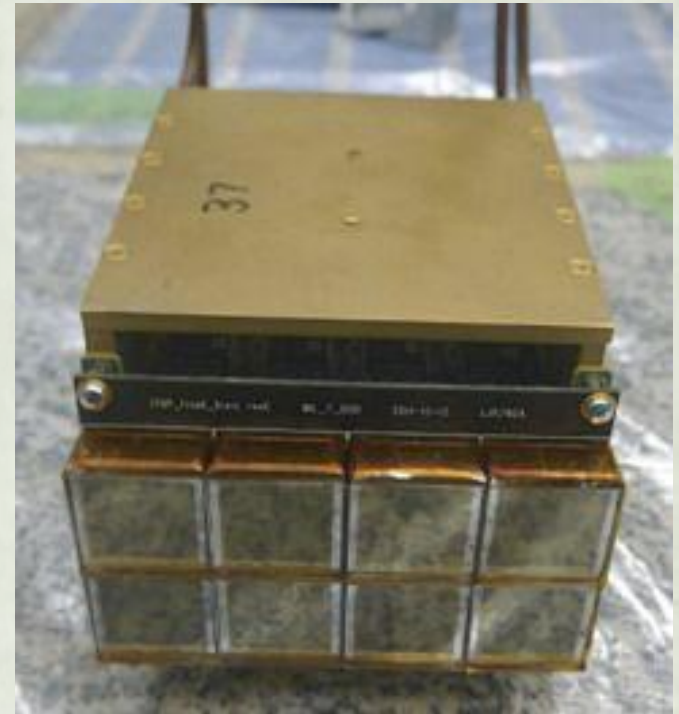
Detail \rightarrow Talk by T. Yonekura (I.d Photon, Session 2)

Readout electronics for Belle II

- Waveform-sampling ASIC (IRS) being developed at Hawaii Univ.
 - Multi-G sample / sec to measure the fast MCP-PMT waveform



Front-end readout with 8 PMTs

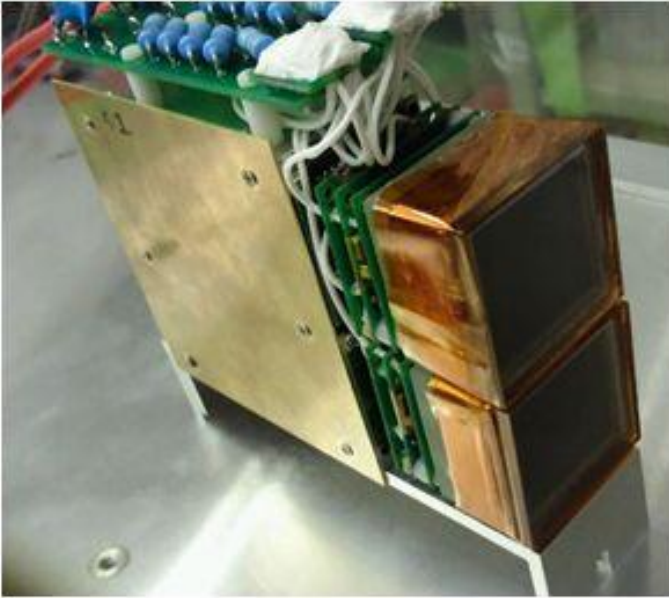


Detail → Talk by M. Andrew (III.a FE & ASICs, Session 1)

Backup readout electronics for the beam test

- Front-end: CFD (constant fraction discriminator) board
- Back-end: VME TDC (CAEN V1290A) ... time resolution ~ 20 ps

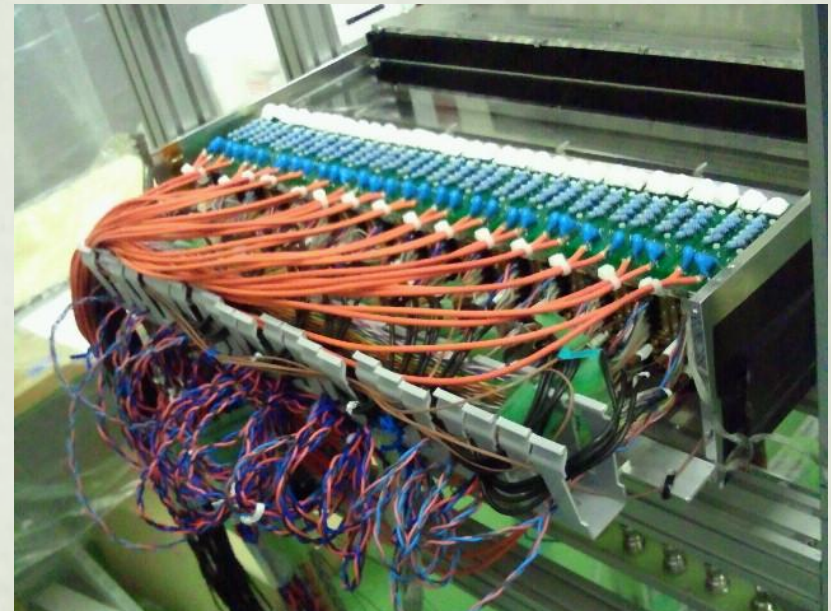
CFD front-end with 2 PMTs



CFD board



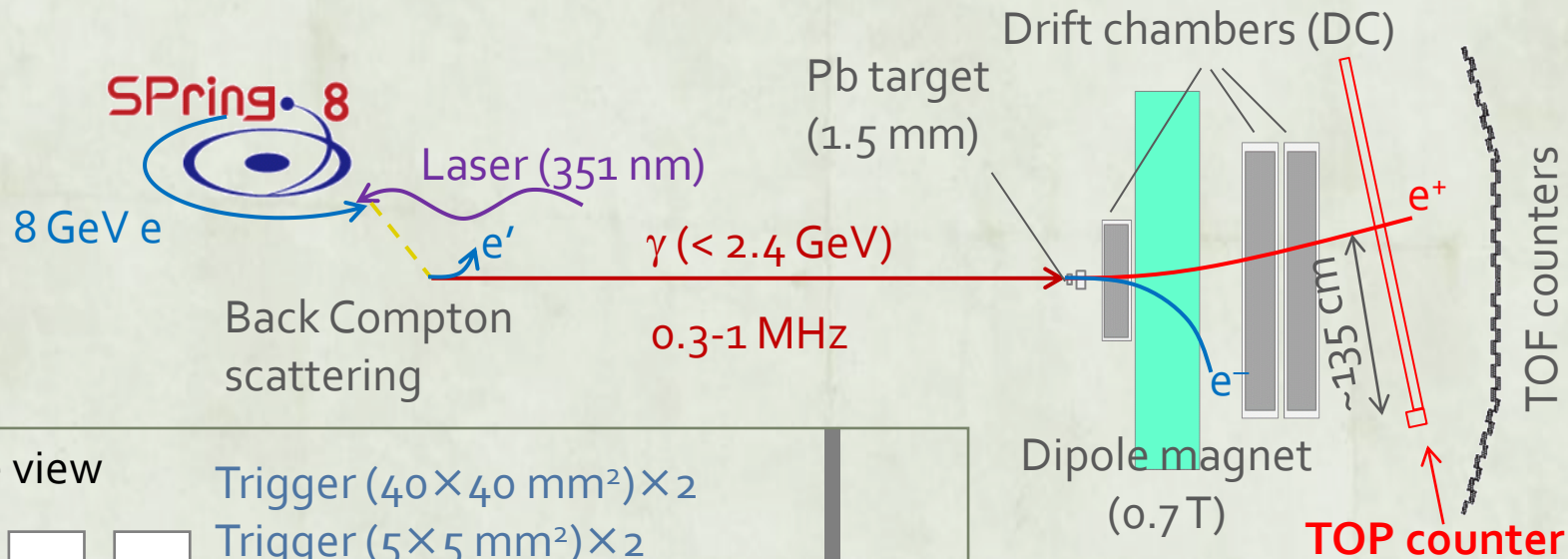
Full 32 PMTs and the CFD mounted on the quartz



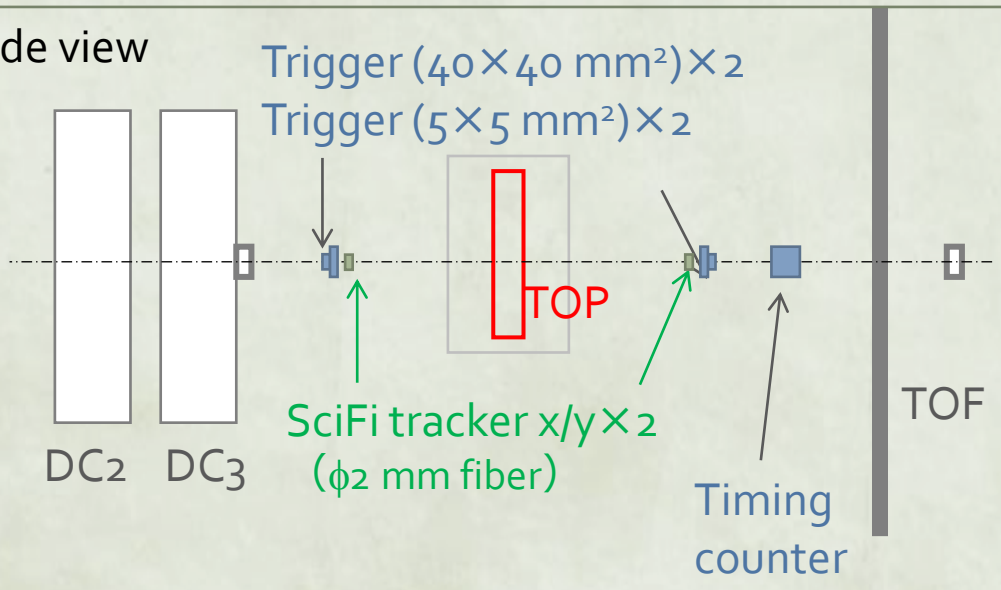
16 outputs of each PMT were merged into 4 at the PMT socket to reduce the number of channels (little impact on the PID performance)

Beam test at LEPS (Laser Electron Photon beamline at SPring-8)

- Evaluate the performance of the TOP counter with the 2 GeV/c e^+ beam at LEPS with both ASIC and CFD.



Side view



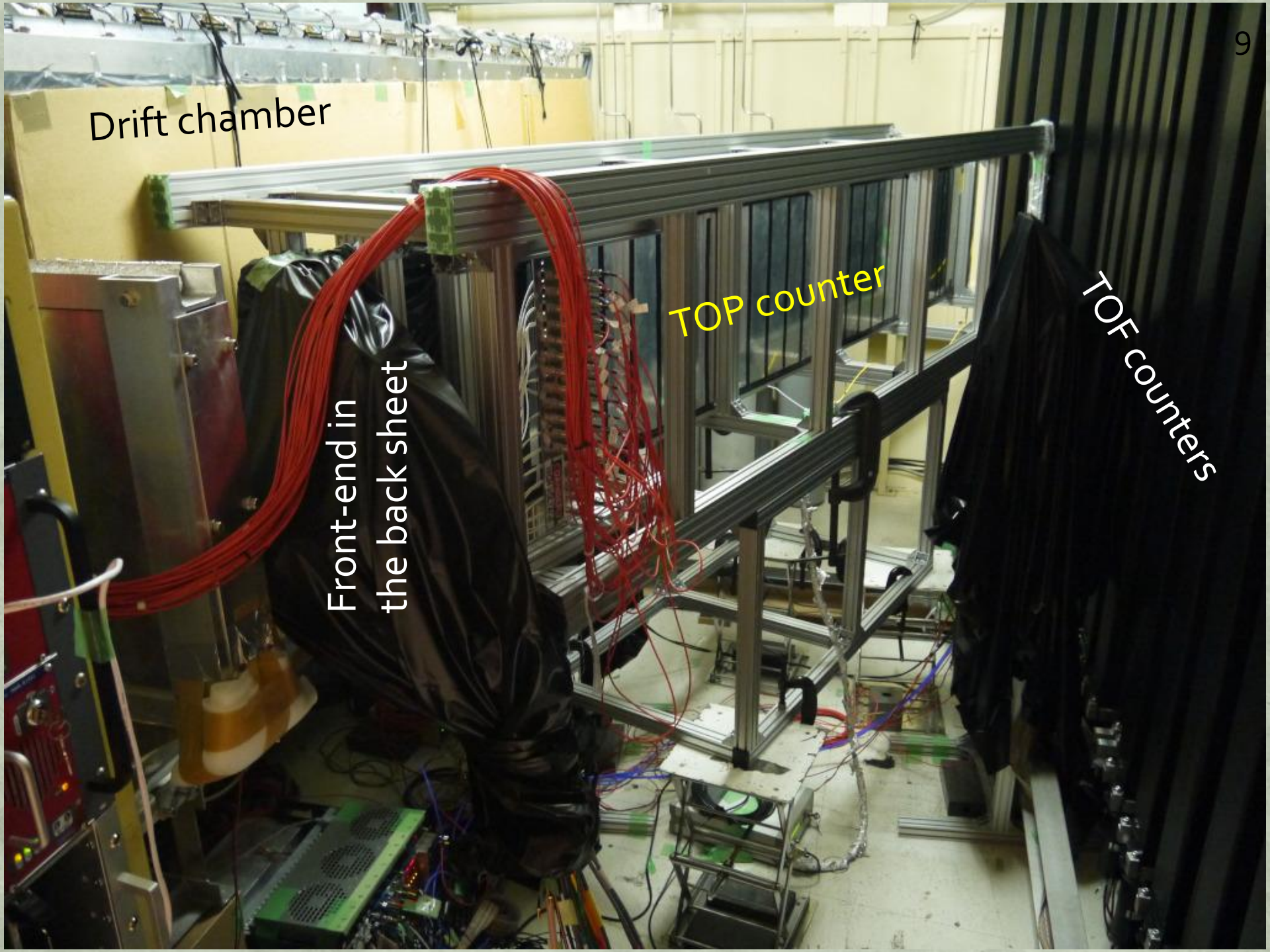
- Coincidence of the 4 triggers
→ Beam fluctuation $\sim 1.5 \text{ mrad}$
- Trigger rate $\sim 10 \text{ Hz}$
- e^+ momentum measured by the LEPS spectrometer
- EM shower cut by requiring $N_{\text{TOF}}=1$

Drift chamber

Front-end in
the back sheet

TOP counter

TOF counters



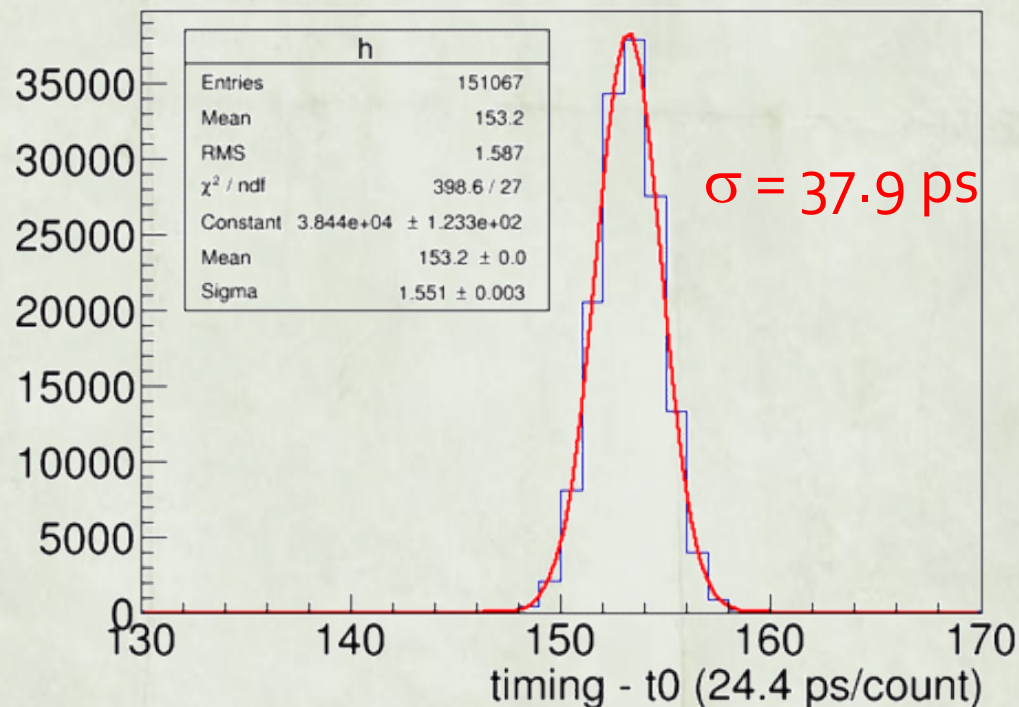
Beam timing

- Used the accelerator RF clock to obtain the beam timing (t_0).
- Checked the t_0 resolution with a Cherenkov timing counter.

Cherenkov timing counter
(10 mm ϕ quartz + MCP-PMT)

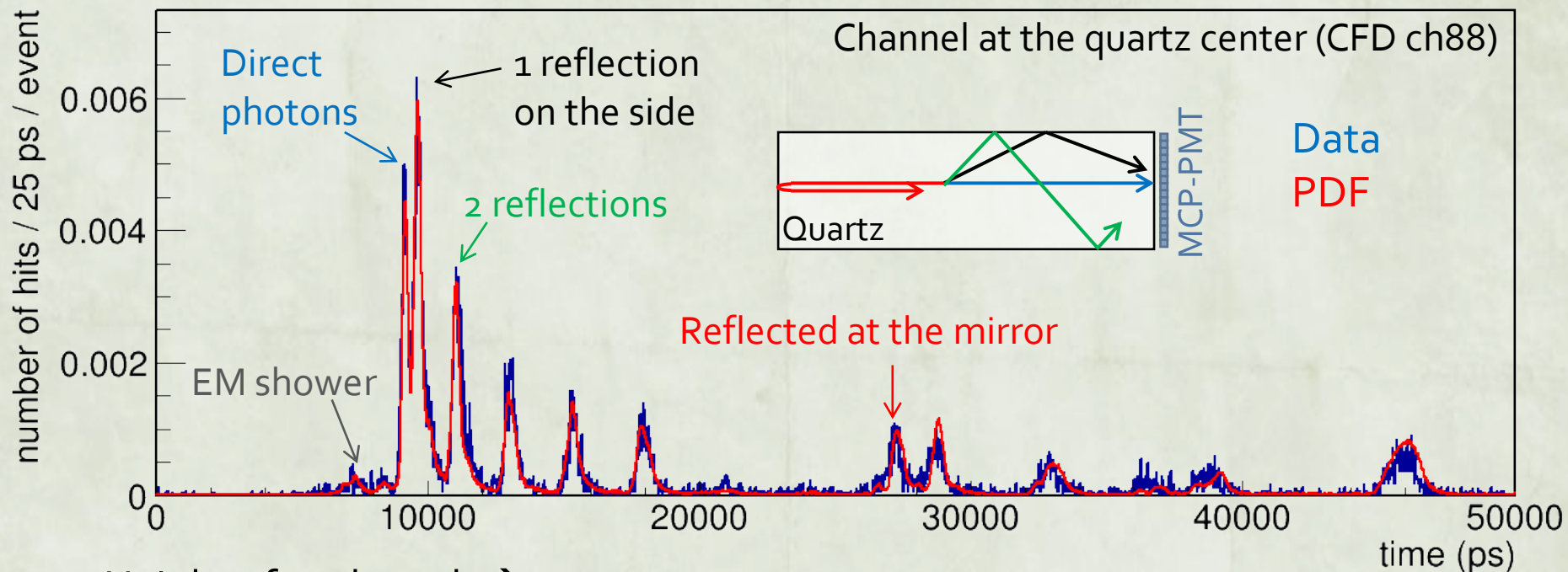


Time resolution: ~ 23 ps



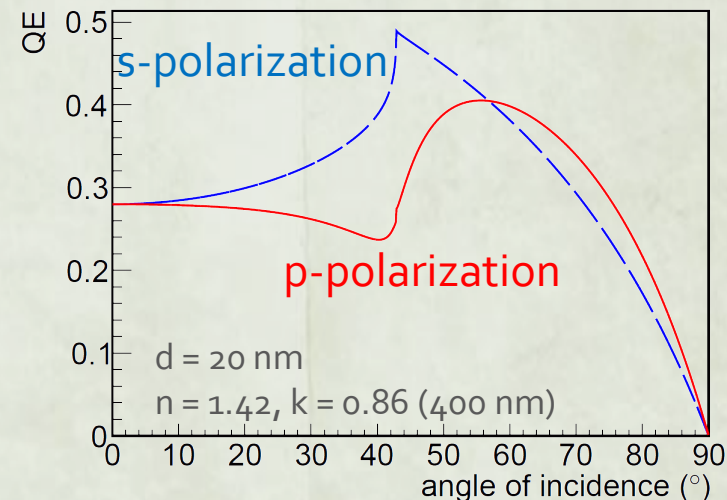
$\rightarrow t_0$ resolution: ~ 30 ps

Distribution of time of propagation

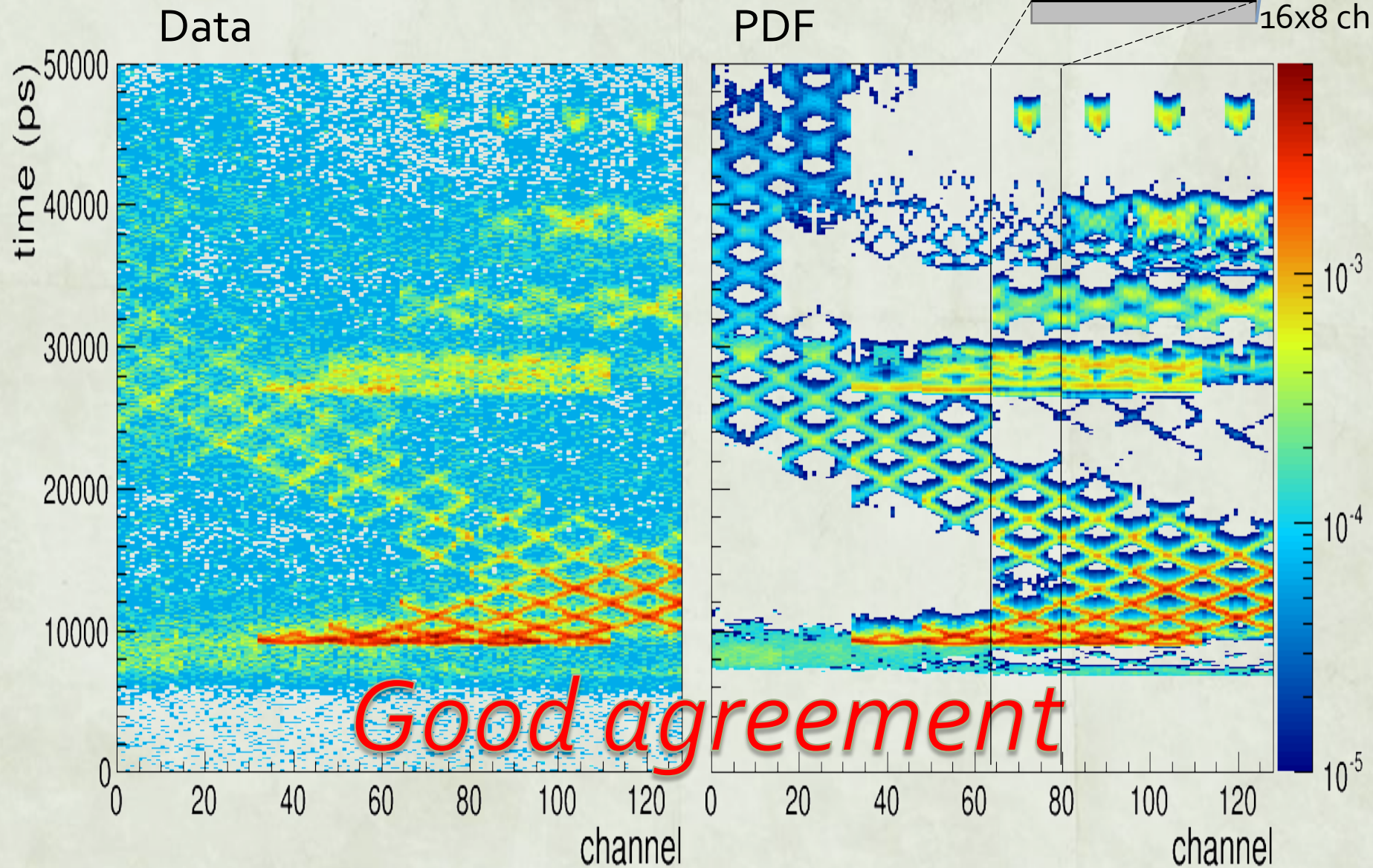


- Height of each peak →
 - Quartz surface reflectance, transmittance
 - QE and its angle/polarization dependence
- Width of each peak →
 - Chromatic dispersion
 - MCP-PMT timing resolution
- Tail of each peak →
 - MCP-PMT (bounce on MCP surface, x-talk)

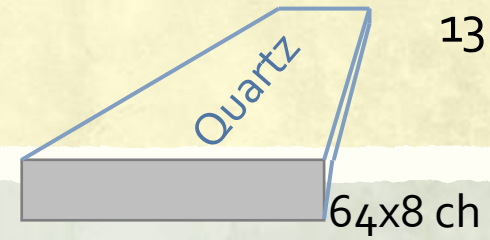
All well understood



Cherenkov image (CFD readout)

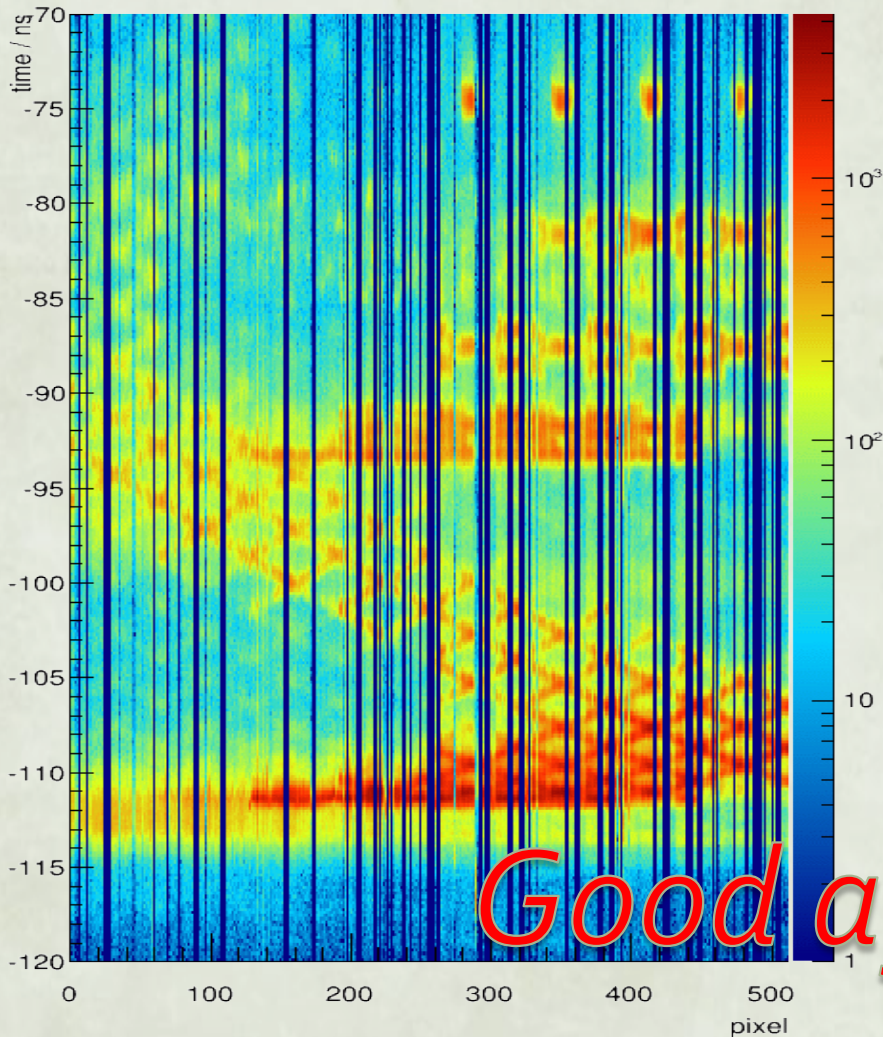


Cherenkov image (IRS readout)



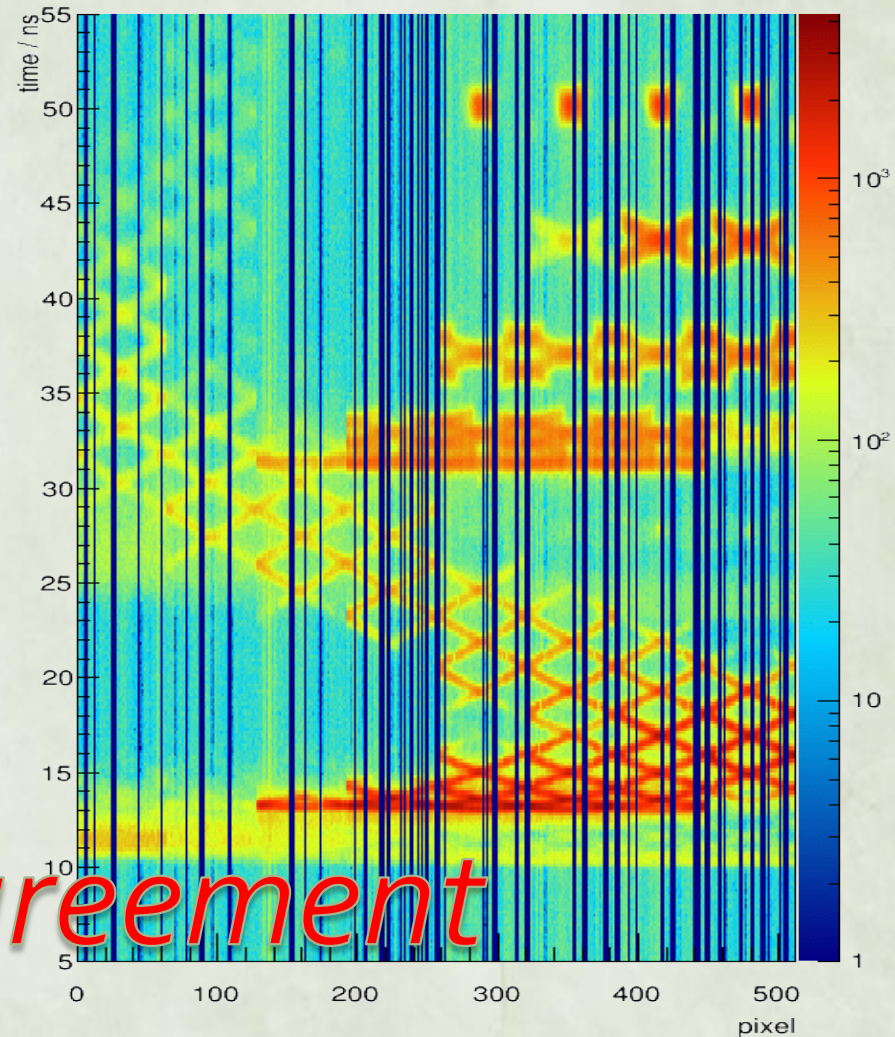
Data

Data ring image for $\cos\theta = 0.00$



MC

Simulated ring image for $\cos\theta = 0.00$



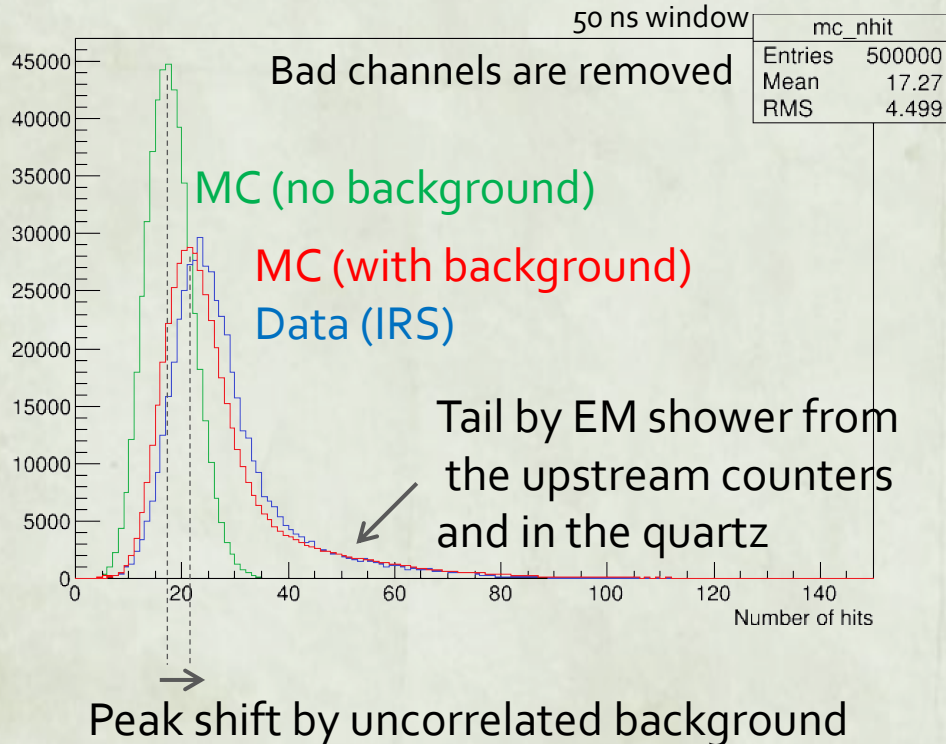
Good agreement

There are dead channels (90/512) due to some problems.

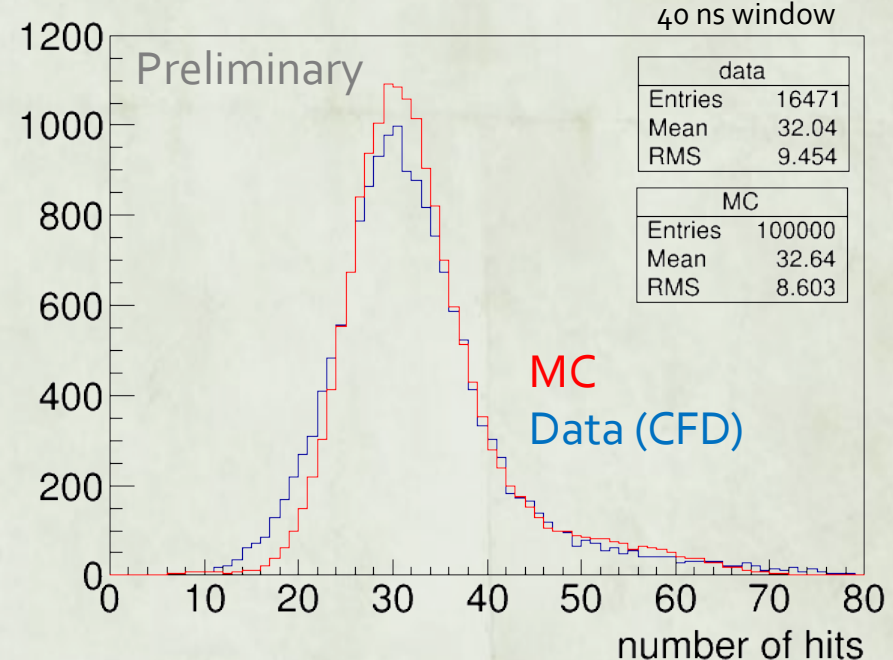
Number of hits per event

- Beam correlated EM shower and uncorrelated background also have to be understood since they affect the TOP performance.

ASIC readout



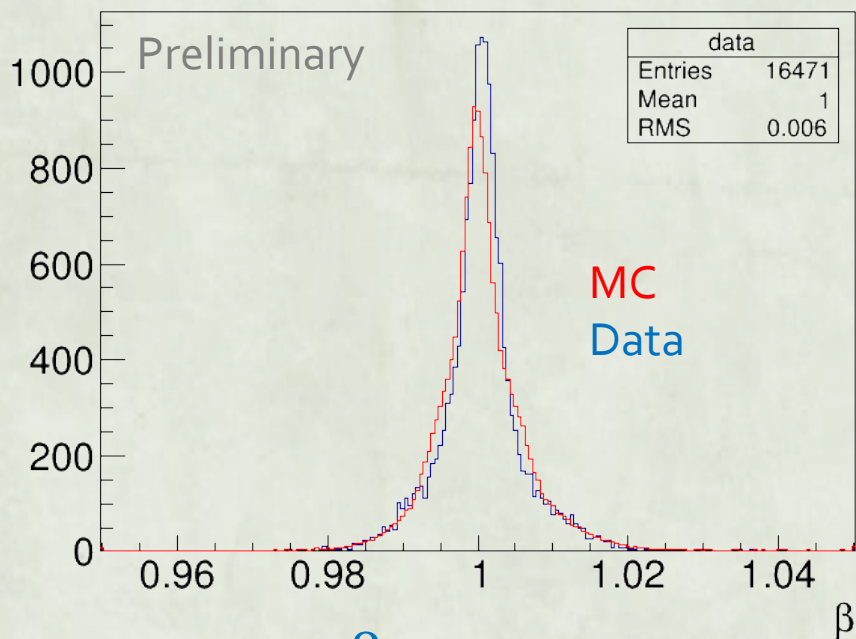
CFD readout



Nearly consistent

Event by event reconstruction (CFD)

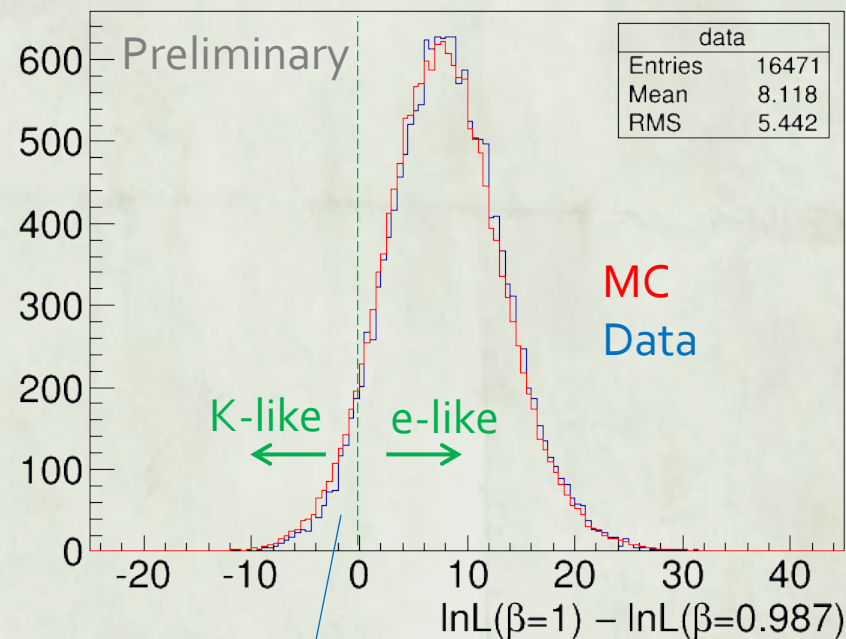
Reconstructed β



$$\beta_{\text{mean}} = 1.00$$

$$\beta_{\text{RMS}} = 0.006$$

PID by the likelihood ratio of
2 GeV/c e^+ ($\beta=1$) to 3 GeV/c K ($\beta=0.987$)



Fake rate = 6.2%

Obtained the TOP counter performance as expected.

Summary

- TOP counter is a novel Ring Imaging Cherenkov detector for K/π identification in Belle II.
 - Polished quartz bar as a radiator and propagator
 - MCP-PMT and readout electronics of good time resolution (< 50 ps)
- Constructed a prototype TOP counter (almost the same design as the final one) and tested it with the 2 GeV/c e^+ beam at LEPS.
 - A beautiful pattern of the Cherenkov image was obtained as expected.
 - Understood the TOP optics and MCP-PMT performance.
 - Succeeded in evaluating the PID performance.
 - The result was consistent with the MC simulation.