

# Beam-beam issues for 'phase 1' and 'phase 2'

Ulrich Dorda

CARE-HHH-APD IR'07

- 1 GENERAL
- 2 UPGRADE PHASE 1
- 3 UPGRADE PHASE 2 -D0
  - RHIC
- 4 UPGRADE PHASE 2 - LPA
- 5 Conclusions & Thanks

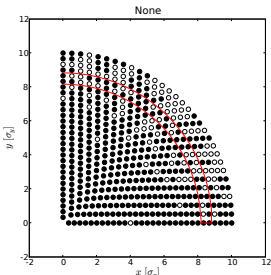
Linear transfer matrices between nonlinear elements

IP1 & IP5 only

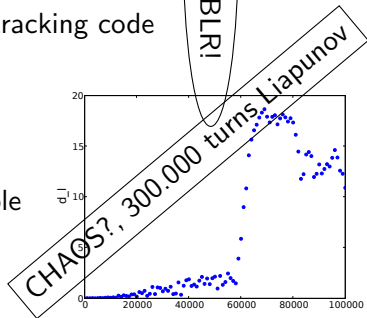
## BBTrack

BBTrack: weak-strong 6D tracking code

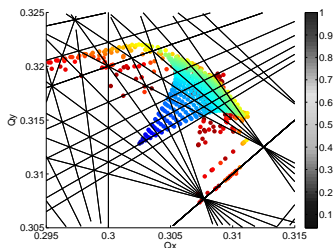
RHIC & SPS BBLR1



DA? 20 %unstable



- Reminder: 15 LR at each side of the IP with  $\theta \approx 300\mu\text{rad}$  ( $\bar{d} \approx 9.5\sigma$ ) at 1.15 p/bunch seem just ok according to simulations and SPS BBLR experiment.
- For comparison: nominal LHC: no wire:  $DA = 5.4\sigma$ , compensated:  $DA = 7.2\sigma$



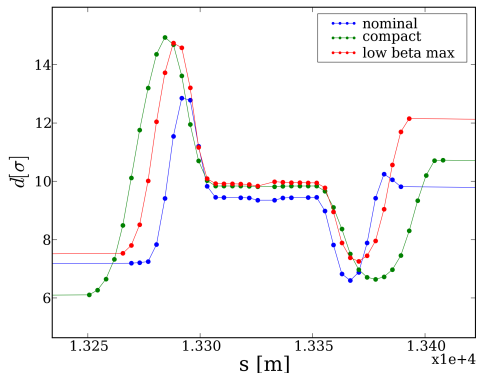
There is no margin!

# OUTLINE

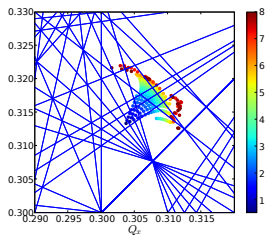
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# UPGRADE PHASE 1, latest optics version

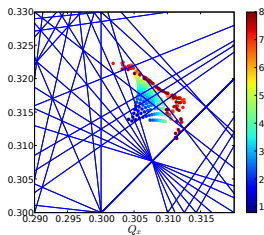
- R. de Maria et al <sup>1</sup> proposed 3 different LHC  $\beta^* = 25\text{cm}$  optics.
- An increased crossing angle keeps the average beam-beam separation equivalent to nominal LHC  $d \approx 9.5\sigma$
- But they differ greatly in length = # of LR encounters and d-spread (for wire compensation)



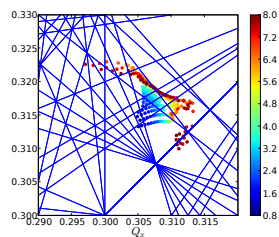
Where is the footprint folding?



Low  $\beta$  max  
The color encodes the initial amplitude

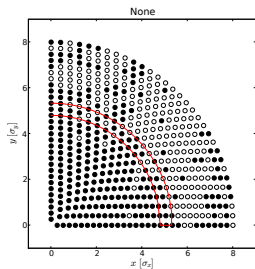


Compact

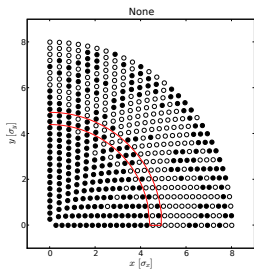


Modular

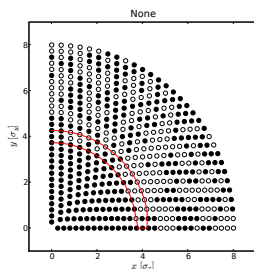
# STABILITY



Low  $\beta$  max



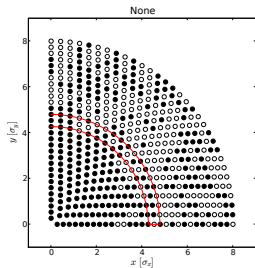
Compact



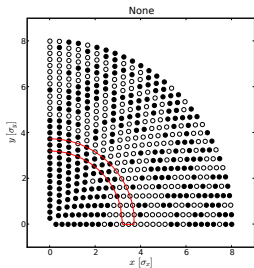
Modular



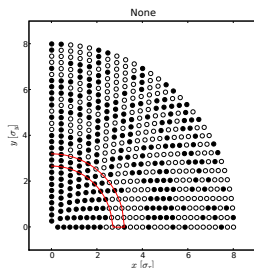
# STABILITY - 1.7E11p/bunch



Low  $\beta$  max



Compact

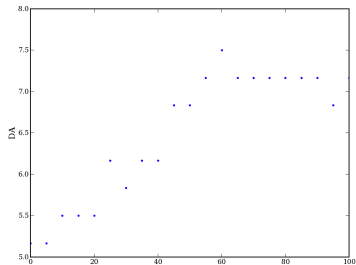


Modular

## Feasibility:

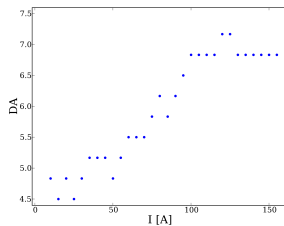
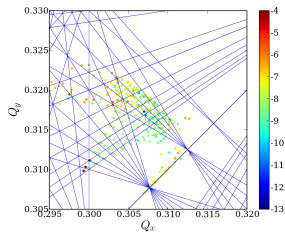
- equal  $\beta$  functions: ok
- $\beta$  huge: ok
- $d_{bw} > d_{collimator}$ : ok
- Separated beam pipes: ok
- $\Delta\Phi$ : ok
- $d - spread$ : ok

# Let's wire compensate the Low $\beta$ max optics!



1.15E11 p/bunch

1.7E11 p/bunch



# PHASE 1 - CONCLUSIONS

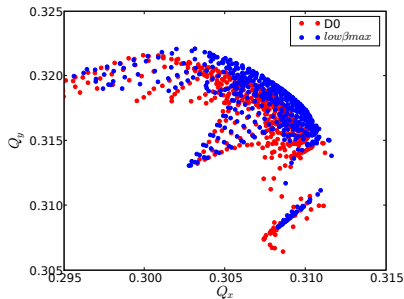
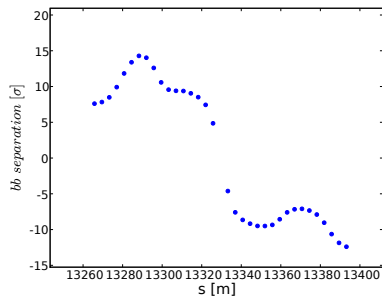
- Upgrade Phase 1 seems feasible and should not differ a lot from nominal.
- Mind the triplet length!
- Wire compensation can be tested.
- Low  $\beta$  max optics is the best one.
- Symmetric is equivalent to low  $\beta$  max optics.

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- Can we stand two close LR interactions?
- $\beta^* = 0.08m - \sigma \Downarrow \Delta_x \Uparrow$  crab noise
- Is it really “only” 2 close LR encounter?  $\beta^* \Downarrow \Rightarrow \sigma_{LR} \Uparrow +$  huge bb separation = large aperture  $\rightarrow$  “weaker” magnets  $\rightarrow$  longer triplet longer  $\rightarrow$  more LR.
- Crab cavity: good luck, Rama!

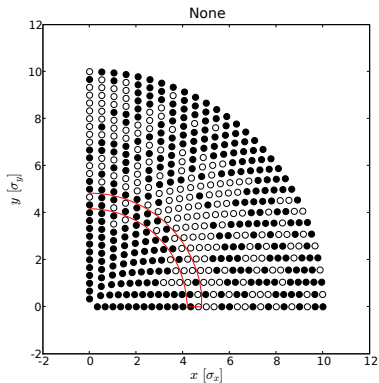
I got a D0 option implemented in the low  $\beta$  max optics..



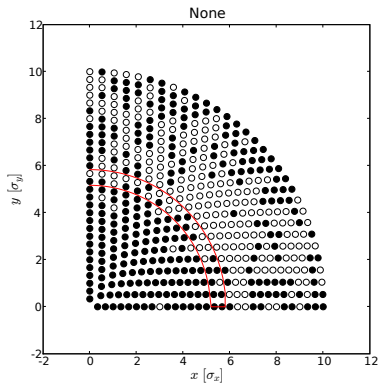
The footprint might look even smaller, but its the folding that occurs at lower amplitudes!

# DA with nominal p/bunch

1.15E11 beamcurrent:



(a) stability for the D0 option

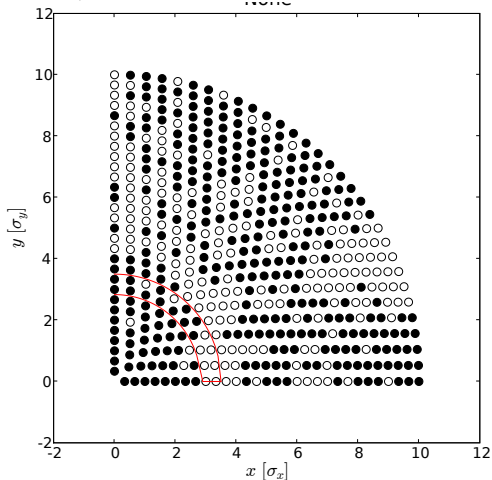


(b) for comparison the stability in the base line low  $\beta$  max optic



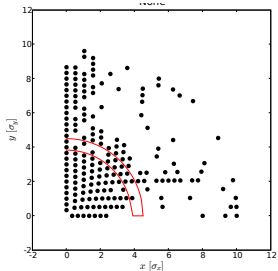
# What about the planned beam current

1.7E11p/bunch

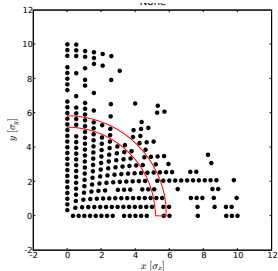


Needs a electron lens for compensation!

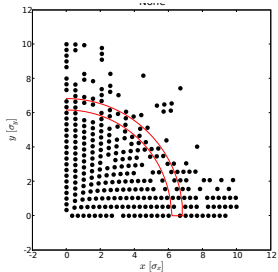
# only 2 LR encounter per side per IP at 1.7E11p/bunch?



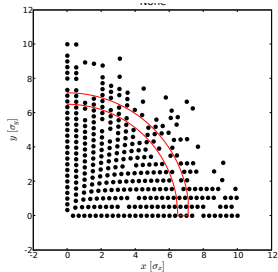
5σ



6σ



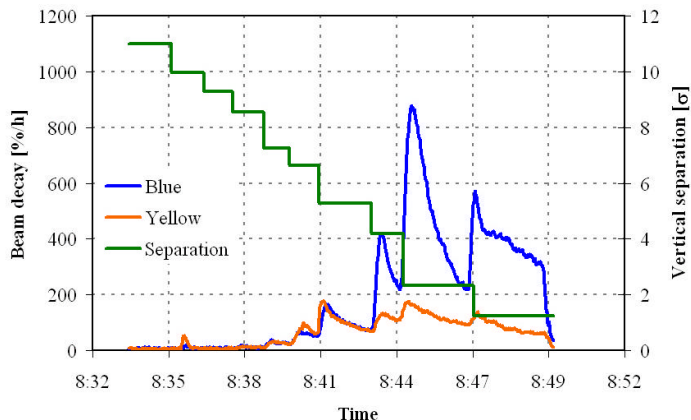
7σ



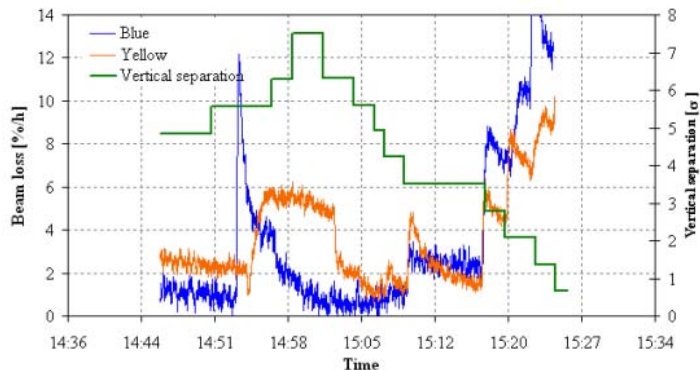
8σ

- Big issue is the emittance measurement e.g: last MD values from 18 to 42 for different bunches - changes a lot including: beam-beam/beam-wire distance and the slope of loss rate.
- RHIC wire results agree reasonable with the simulations (inj & top).
- There is more data than always cited.
- Great job by the RHIC BBLR team.

Collision at  $s = 0$  m, Blue beam moved vertically  
 Tunes B (0.733,0.722) Y (0.727,0.723)

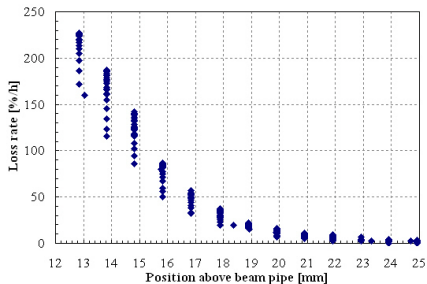


All 4 data set show the same results: loss at  $8\sigma$ . Note decay shape.

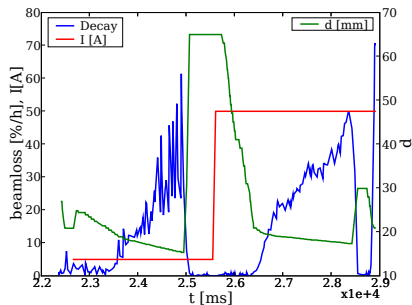


This top LRBB experiment is source of many discussions, but fits to simulations

# BBLR at injection and Top (100GeV Ions)



$\sigma = 1.1\text{mm}$ , injections



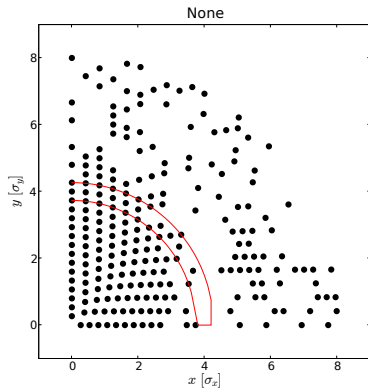
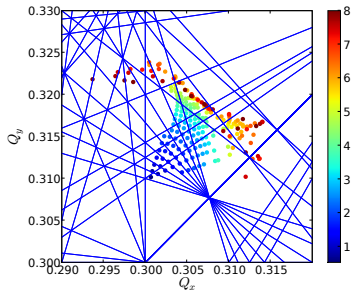
$\sigma = 4\text{mm}$ , top

- We need a realistic optic asap.
- For me the SPS and RHIC experiments are benchmarking. RHIC experiments: 1LR per side per IP means trouble.
- Missing HO is a serious issue: e.g: low  $\beta$  max: With HO at 1.7E11: DA=4.5, NO HO at 2.5E11  $\rightarrow 5\sigma$ !! (This might be the reason why my simulations for the last RHIC Md failed)
- RHIC MDs.
- Tevatron (only LR + HO hadrion collider): Removing one close LR increased performance significantly.
- Nobody said, it's going to be easy.

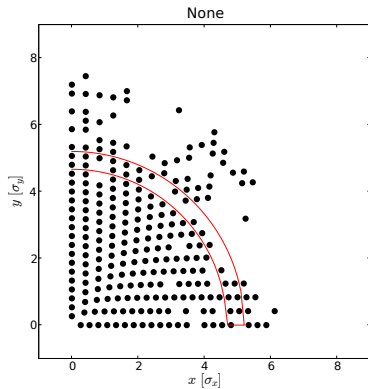
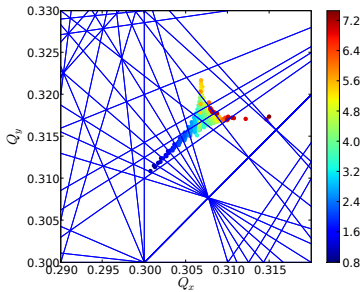
- $4.9E11$  p/bunch at 50ns spacing  $\rightarrow$  LR  $\times$  2.5 compared to nominal.
- $\sigma_z$  11.8 cm - Chromaticity = tunemodulation (see RHIC and SPS)
- $\theta_{full} = 381\mu rad$  with flat beam: synchro betatron resonances for many particles
- How to handle long flat beams in HO? Need more experience (Using Hirata formalism,  $\delta p$  for DA?),



# no compensation



# wire compensated



- Wire compensation must be built in upgrade phase 1 at least to experimentally prove it.
- Phase 1 will give good hints and allow good benchmarking if the same/similar optics is used.
- Room for improvement by crab cavities,....
- Is this DA enough?
- Requires more detailed studying of the tilted HO?

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# Conclusions & Thanks

- Upgrade 1: Low  $\beta$  max is best and can operate up to  $1.7E11p/\text{bunch}$  with wirecompensation
- Upgrade 2: In case of the LPA: Nominal and Upgrade Phase 1 are a test bench for BB and wire.
- Will there be a possibility to test a D0 like setup in nominal LHC
- D0 needs a full optic asap
- Noise issues are similar from crab cavity to pulsed BBLR (both resonant structures)
- Clarify remaining MD inconsistencies at RHIC. (can we force a footprint folding?)

Thanks to:

R. de Maria, F.Zimmermann

R. Calaga, R. Tomas, J.P Koutchouk, G Sterbini

The RHIC BBLR team