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Development of Solid State Long Pulse Klystron Modulators

Carlos DE ALMEIDA MARTINS
(CERN - AB/PO)

28 March 2008

Development of solid state long pulse klystron modulators

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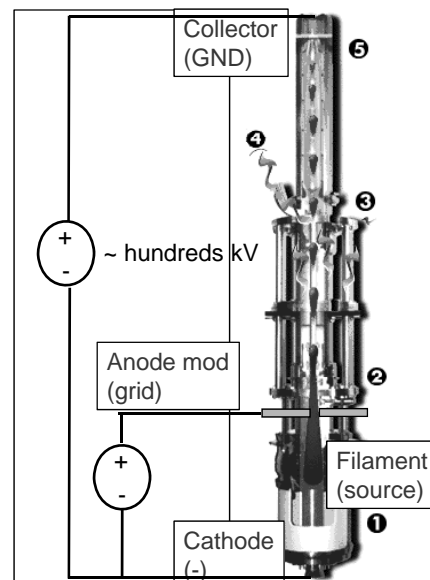
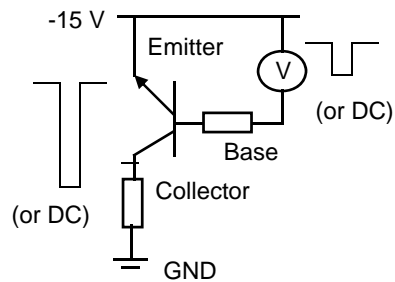


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What is a Klystron?

It's an Electrical to RF power converter !!!

On the electrical "side",
behaves like a transistor



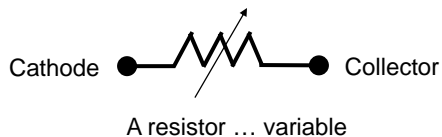
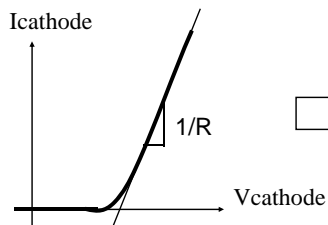
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Klystron as an electrical load

Normal operation



Klystron arcing and protection

Arc: Behaves like a short circuit (arc voltage $\sim 50\text{V}$);

Maximum allowed energy in the arc: ~20 J

(Power supply has to be quickly switched off or bypassed)

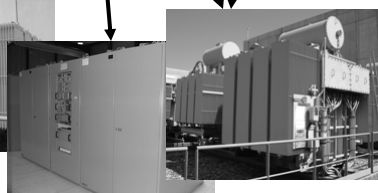
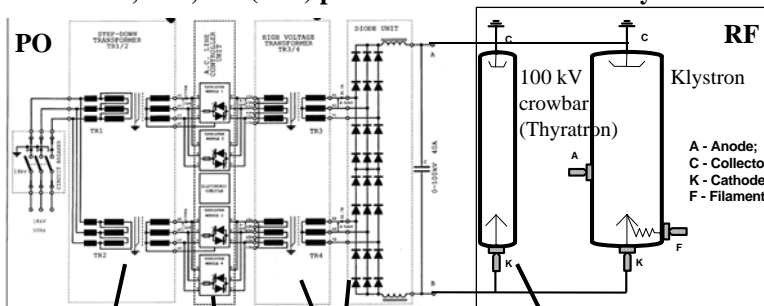


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Past experience in klystron supply from Power Converters group at CERN.

100 kV, 40A, DC (CW) power converter for LHC klystrons

Thyratron
CROWBAR

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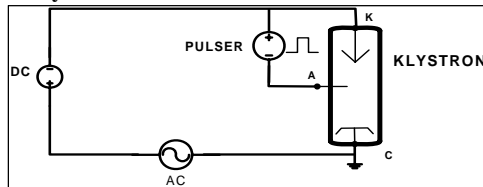


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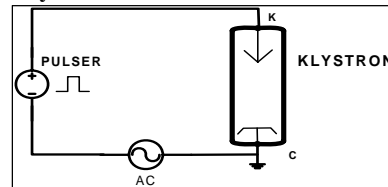
Methods for klystron powering in pulsed mode

Two main approaches, depending on the klystron type:

Klystrons with Anode Mod terminal



Klystrons without Anode Mod terminal



Limitations:

- Klystrons are more expensive and less reliable;
- Cathode voltage permanently applied -> insulation stress

Challenge:

- Development of the “pulser” power supply;
- Power supply (converter) = klystron modulator

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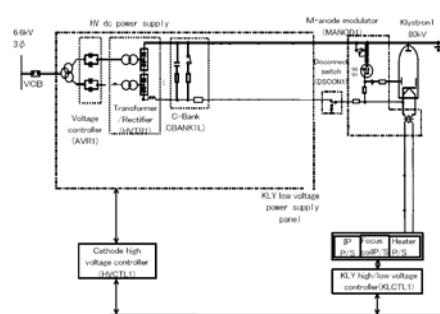
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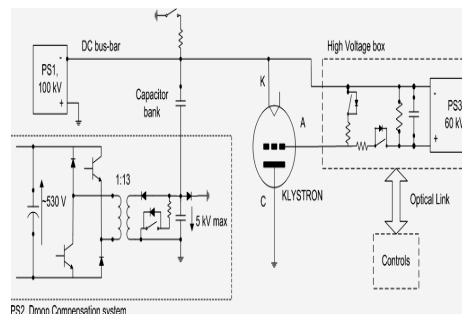
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Klystron supply in pulsed mode. J-PARC, GSI topologies

With Anode mode terminal



Ex: at J-PARC, Japan



Ex: at GSI, Germany

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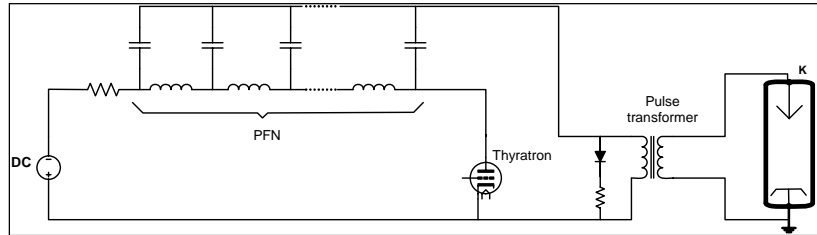
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Klystron supply in pulsed mode. Traditional topologies

Without Anode Mod terminal (Thyratron + PFN based topology)



Ex: Linac 2, CTF3 at CERN

Limitations:

- Use of cathodic tubes (thyatrons, ignitrons);
⇒ Limited lifetime with increased maintenance;
- Bulky and expensive system (PFN's with increasing number of cells for large pulse widths;
- Possible periodic PFN tuning required to compensate for ageing effects;

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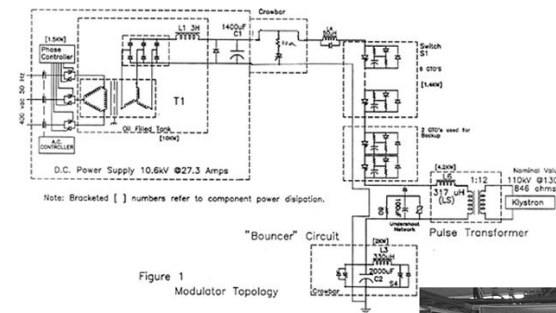
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Klystron supply in pulsed mode. Some recent solid state topologies

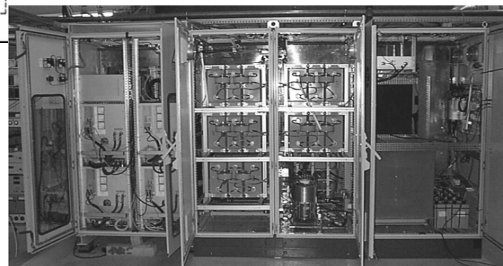
The **TESLA** type modulator, H. Pfeffer, D. Wolff, and AL, FERMILAB



Simplified electrical schematic,
with pulse transformer

120 kV, 140A, 1.6ms, 5 Hz

(Without pulse transformer)



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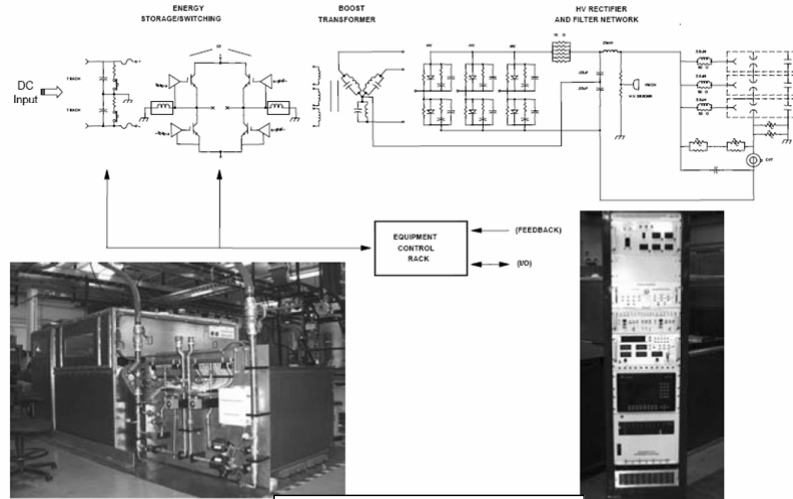
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Klystron supply in pulsed mode. Some recent solid state topologies

The Oak Ridge Nat Lab (SNS) type modulator, *Bill Reass and Al. Los Alamos Lab*



High Voltage
Converter Modulator

140 kV, 70A, 1.6ms, 60 Hz

Equipment
Control Rack

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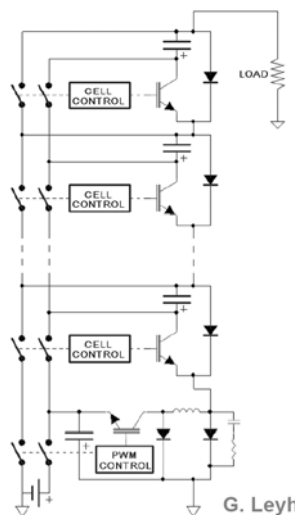
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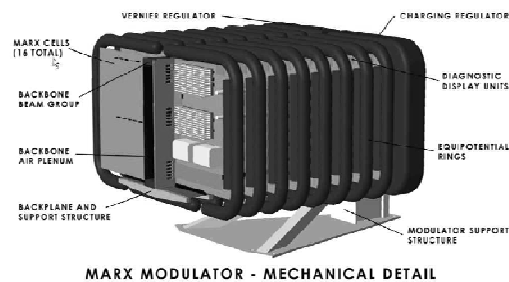
Klystron supply in pulsed mode. Some recent solid state topologies

The SLAC type modulator, *G. Leyh, R. Cassel and Al, SLAC*



115 kV, 135A, 1.5 ms, 5 Hz

Marx Generator



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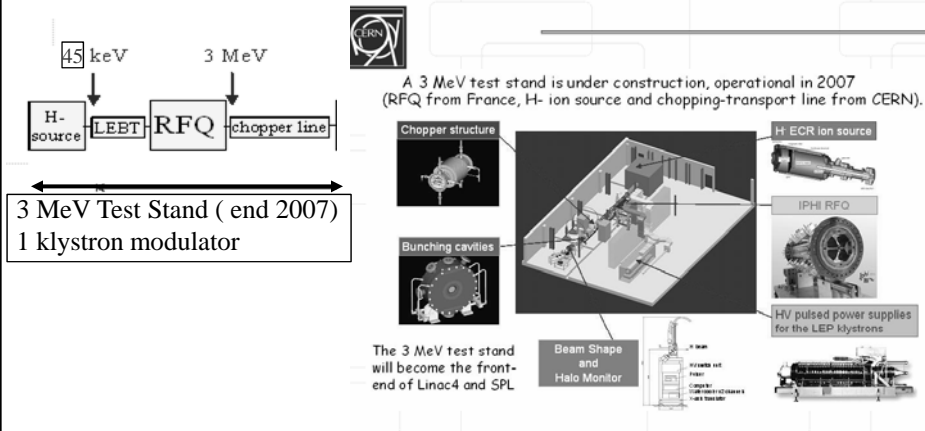
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3 MeV Test Stand project

3 MeV Test Stand – Phase I (2007, 2008)



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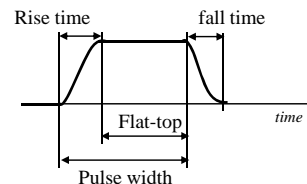


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Klystron modulator parameters for the 3 MeV Test Stand (LEP CW klystron)

Cathodes power supply

- Pulse width: 0.8 ms
- Flat-top duration: 0.6 ms
- Precision at flat-top: < 1%
- HF ripple at flat-top: < 0.1%
- Repetition rate: 2 Hz
- Nominal voltage: 100kV
- Nominal current: 20A
- Rise/fall times: 150μs
- Cooling: Air (natural and forced)
- Maximum energy in case of arc: < 20 J



Anode Mode polarization power supplies

- Stability at flat-top: < 1%
- HF ripple at flat-top: < 0.1%
- Nominal voltage to cathode : 40..60 kV
- Nominal current: 5 mA

Filament heater power supplies

- Stability and ripple: < 1%
- Nominal voltage: 30V
- Nominal current: 35A
- Floating withstand voltage to ground: 180kVdc for 1 min.

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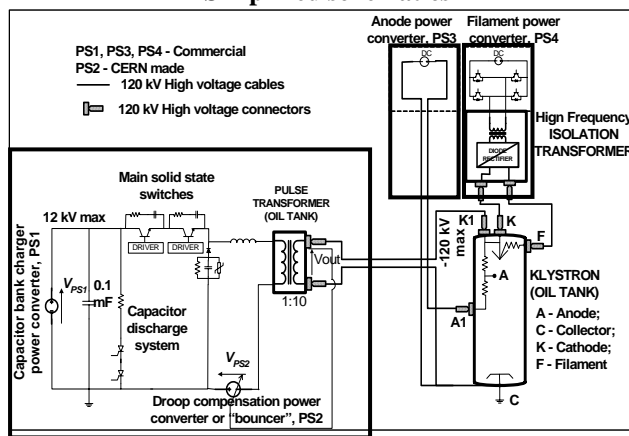


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CERN prototype of solid state pulsed klystron modulator.

Proposed topology
(to be used in the 3 MeV Test Stand and Linac 4)

Simplified schematics



Description

- Capacitor bank charged via a standard commercial power converter, *PS1*;
- Pulses formed by solid state medium-voltage switches;
- Step-up pulse transformer with oil insulation;
- Droop compensation system, *PS2*;
- Commercial anode and filament power converters, *PS3* and *PS4*, possibly with dry insulation;
- No CROWBAR needed in the HV line for klystron protection

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Development of solid state long pulse klystron modulators

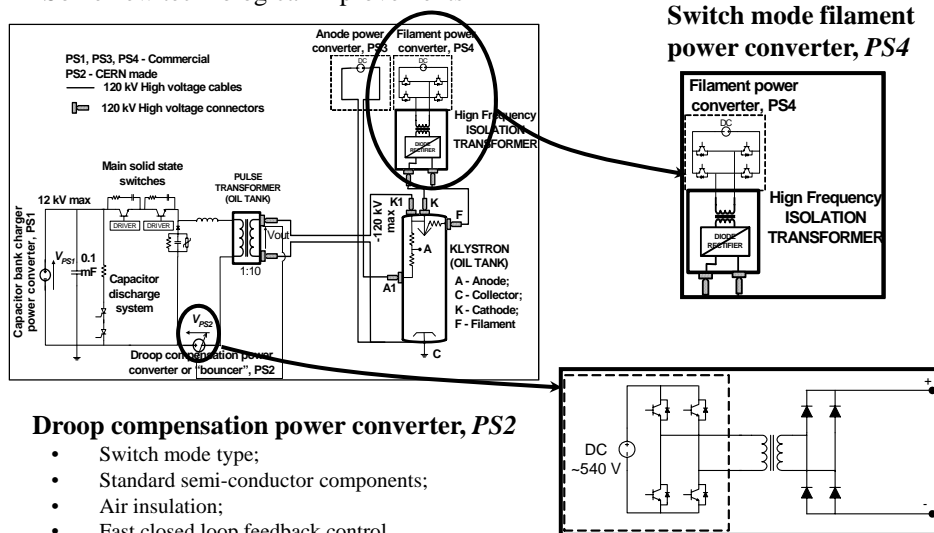
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CERN prototype of solid state pulsed klystron modulator.

Some new technological improvements



Droop compensation power converter, *PS2*

- Switch mode type;
- Standard semi-conductor components;
- Air insulation;
- Fast closed loop feedback control

Switch mode filament power converter, *PS4*

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CERN prototype of solid state pulsed klystron modulator.

Cathode ratings: 100 kV, 20A, pulsed 2 Hz, flat-top: 600 μ s



*A global klystron supply solution:
(Cathode, Anode, Filament) in one system*

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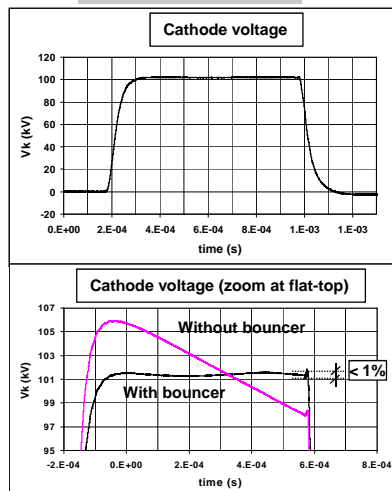


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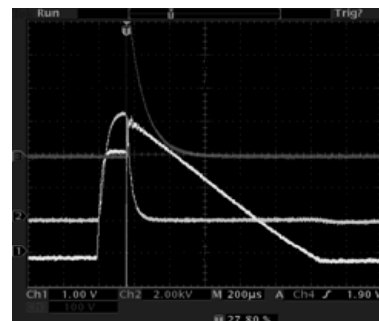
Test of the prototype in a dummy load

Cathode ratings: 100 kV, 20A, pulsed 2 Hz, flat-top: 600 μ s

Normal Operation



Arc protection (short circuit with Thyatron)



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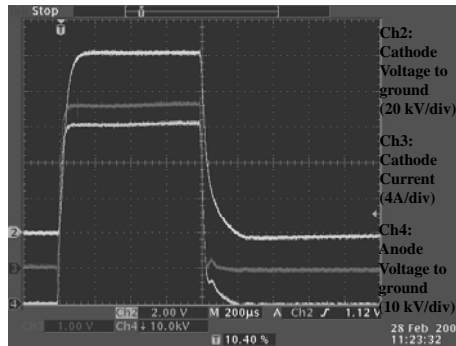


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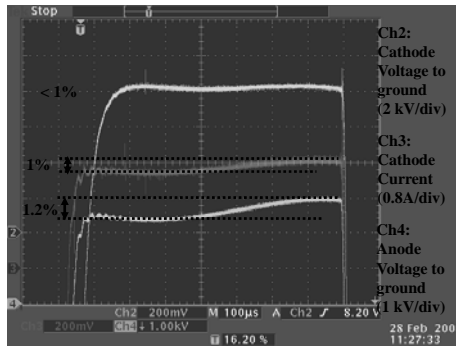
Test of the prototype with the LEP klystron

Cathode ratings: 100 kV, 20A, pulsed 2 Hz, flat-top: 600 μ s

Normal Operation at nominal



Zoom at flat-tops



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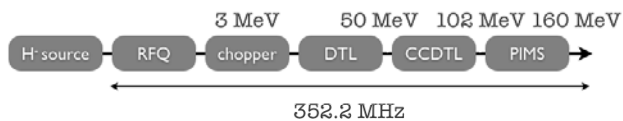
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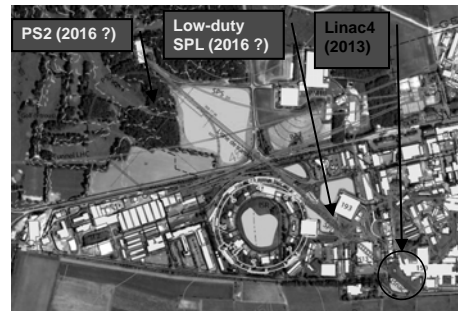
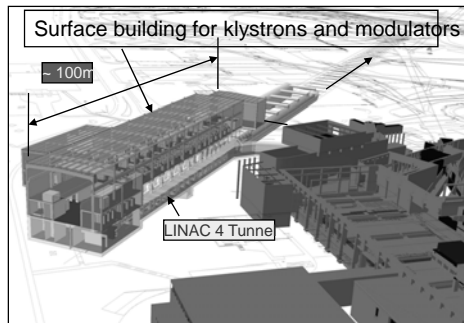
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The Linac 4 project

Linac 4 – Phase II (~ end 2012)



Linac 4
16 klystron
modulators



1st stage: Linac4 injects into the old PSB → increased brightness for LHC

2nd stage: Linac4 into SPL (and PS2) → renewed and improved LHC injection

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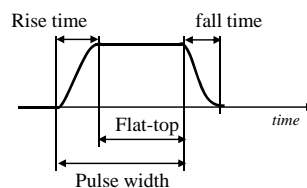
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Klystron modulator parameters for Linac 4 (LEP CW klystrons + new pulsed klystrons)

Cathodes power supply

- Pulse width: 1.5ms
- Flat-top duration: 1.2 ms
- Precision at flat-top: < 1%
- HF ripple at flat-top: < 0.1%
- Repetition rate: 2 Hz
- Nominal voltage: 120kV (*)
- Nominal current: 2x20A (*)
- Rise/fall times: 150μs
- Cooling: Air (natural or forced)
- Maximum energy in case of arc: < 20 J



Anode Mode polarization power supplies

- Stability at flat-top: < 1%
- HF ripple at flat-top: < 0.1%
- Nominal voltage to cathode : 60 kV (*)
- Nominal current: 5 mA (*)

(*) to be confirmed, taking the new klystrons design into consideration

Filament heater power supplies

- Stability and ripple: < 1%
- Nominal voltage: 30V (*)
- Nominal current: 35A (*)
- Floating withstand voltage to ground: 180kVdc for 1 min.

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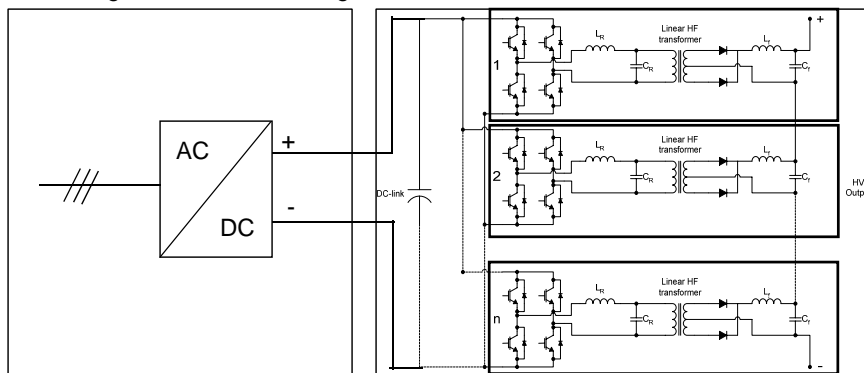
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A possible klystron modulator topology for large average power (Full SPL at 50 Hz).

140 kV, 70A, 0.6ms?, 50 Hz

Capacitor charger: In surface building

Pulse former: In the tunnel



The dual topology of the LHC switch-mode converters (QF, QD):

LHC magnets : High current / Low voltage -> several modules in parallel

SPL klystrons: High voltage / Low current -> several modules in series

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