

# The ATLAS Pixel Detector - Overview and Present Status -



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on behalf of the ATLAS Pixel Collaboration

- Basic Design Ideas: Radiation Tolerance
- Modules Assembly and Tests
- Present Work: Detector Integration and Tests

STD6 6th International Hiroshima Symposium on the Development and Application of Semiconductor Tracking Detectors

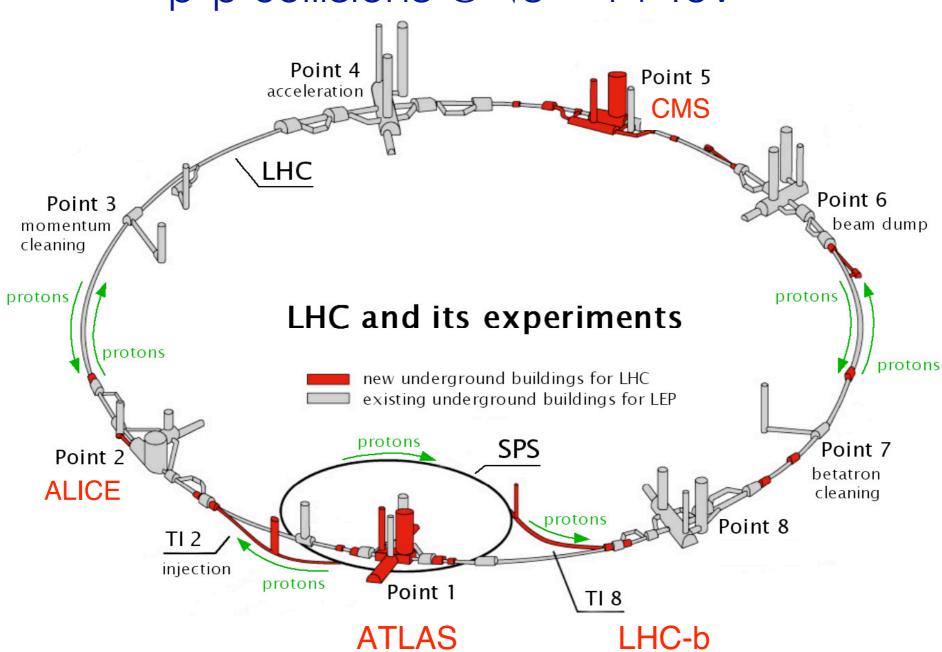












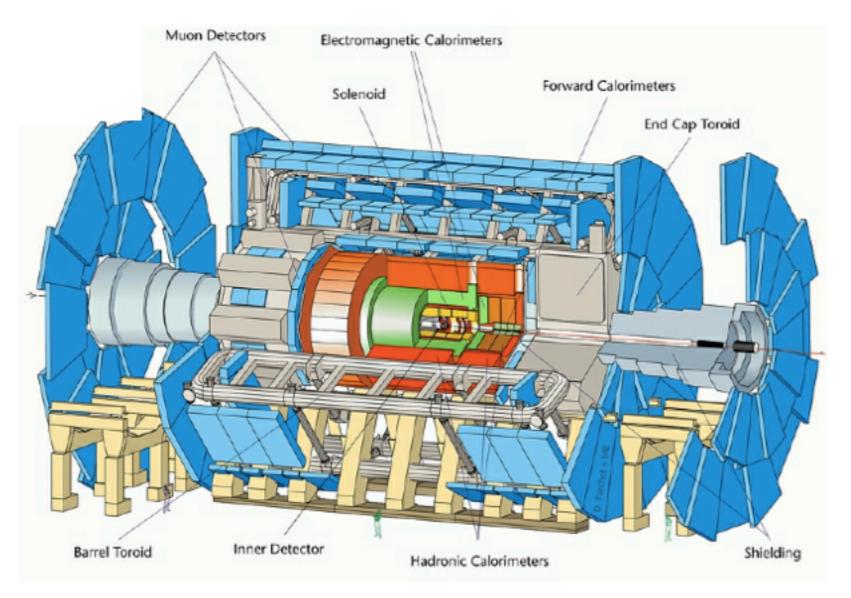




# The ATLAS Experiment at the LHC



$$\emptyset$$
 = 25  
 $L_{toroid}$  = 26 m  
 $L_{EC-span}$  = 46 m  
weight = 7000 t



#### Calorim etry:

$$\frac{\sigma_{\mathbb{F}}}{E}(e, \gamma) = \frac{10\%}{\sqrt{E/\text{GeV}}} \oplus 0.3\%$$

$$\sigma_{\theta} = \frac{60 \, \text{mrad}}{\sqrt{E/\text{GeV}}}$$

$$\sigma_t = \frac{4 \text{ ns}}{E / \text{GeV}}$$

$$\frac{\varpi_{\overline{E}}}{\overline{E}}(\pi^{\pm}) = \frac{50\%}{\sqrt{E/GeV}} \oplus 3\%$$

$$\frac{\sigma_{\mathbb{F}}}{E}(\text{jet}) = \frac{50\%}{\sqrt{E/\text{GeV}}} \oplus 2\%$$

#### Tracking:

$$\frac{\sigma}{p_T}$$
(Inner Det)  $\approx (0.03p_T / \text{GeV} + 1.2)\%$ 

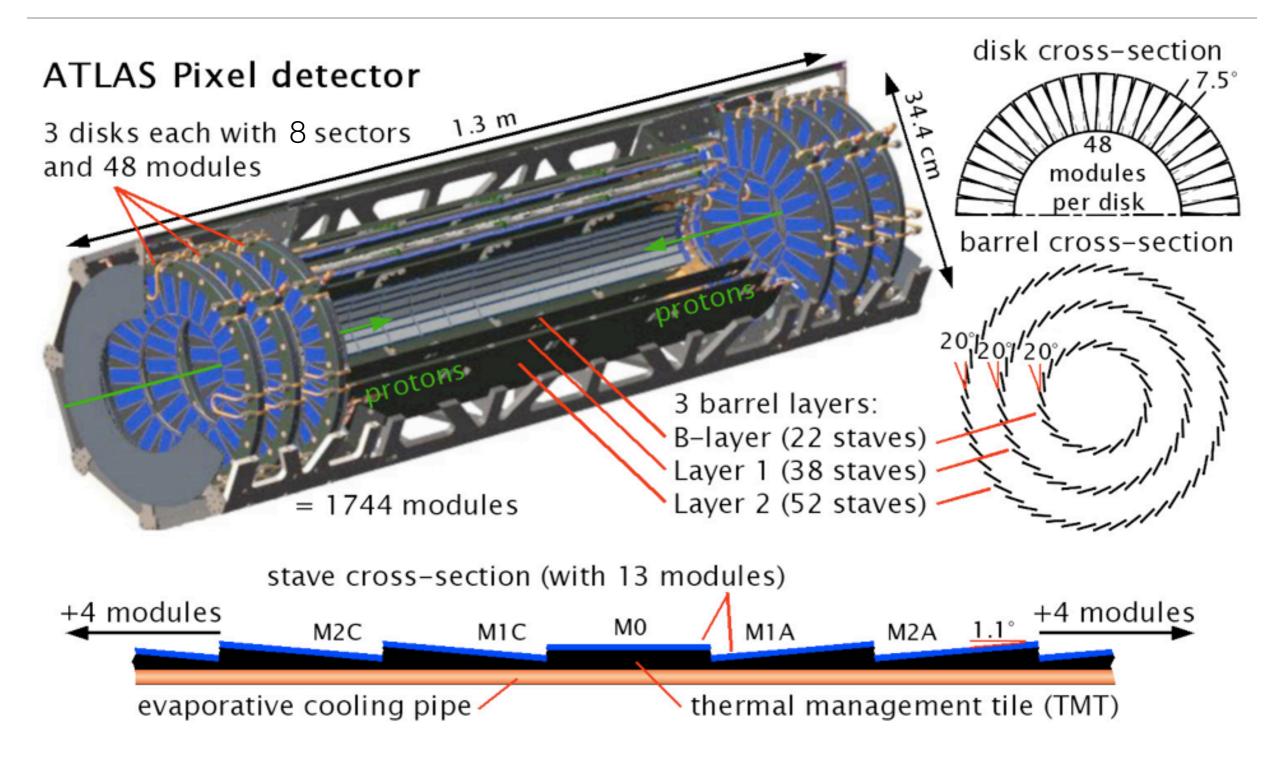
$$\frac{\sigma}{p_T}$$
(IDet+ $\mu$ )  $\approx (0.009 p_T/\text{GeV} + 1.4)\%$ 





#### The ATLAS Pixel Detector





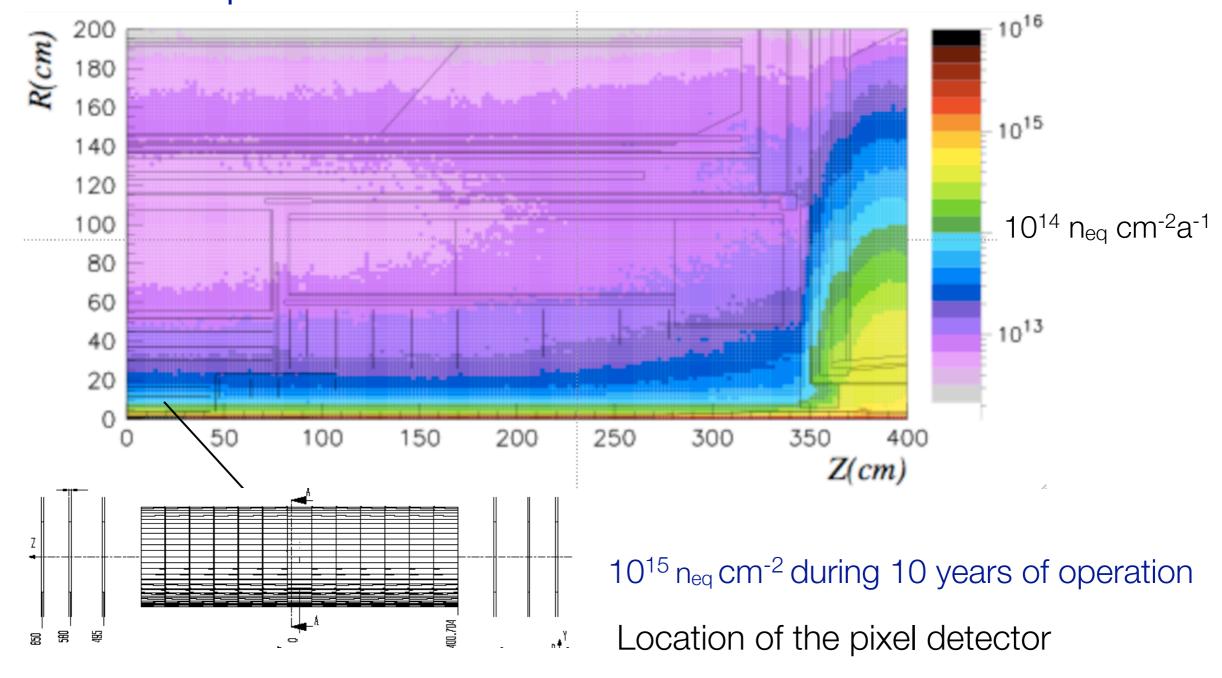




# Issue: Radiation Tolerance @ 10<sup>34</sup>cm<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>



Radiation map of the inner detector:



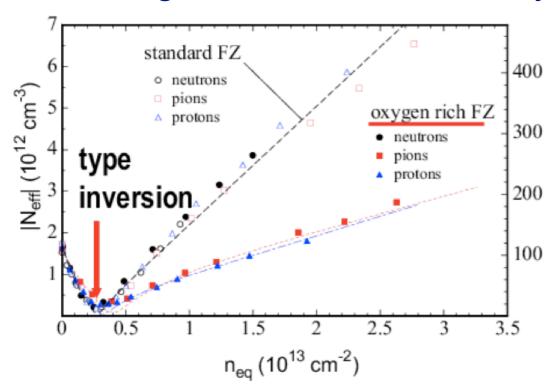




# Sensor Strategies (I)



#### • Usage of DOFZ: diffusion oxygenated float zone silicon



(RD48/ROSE)

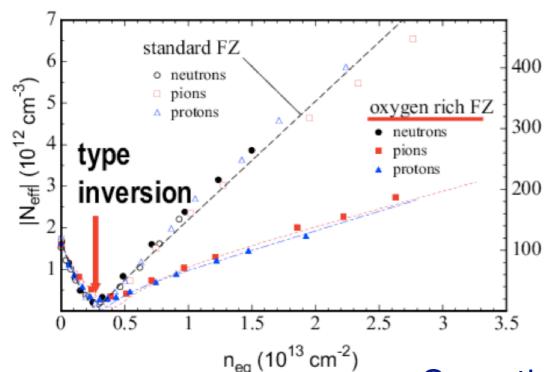




# Sensor Strategies (I)



Usage of DOFZ: diffusion oxygenated float zone silicon



(RD48/ROSE)

Operation conditions avoid reverse annealing

 $N_A = g_a \Phi_{eq}$ 

gc Deq

annealing time at 60°C [min]

Δ N<sub>eff</sub> [10<sup>11</sup>cm<sup>-3</sup>]

short time (beneficial) annealing + constant damage + reverse annealing (Hamburg model)



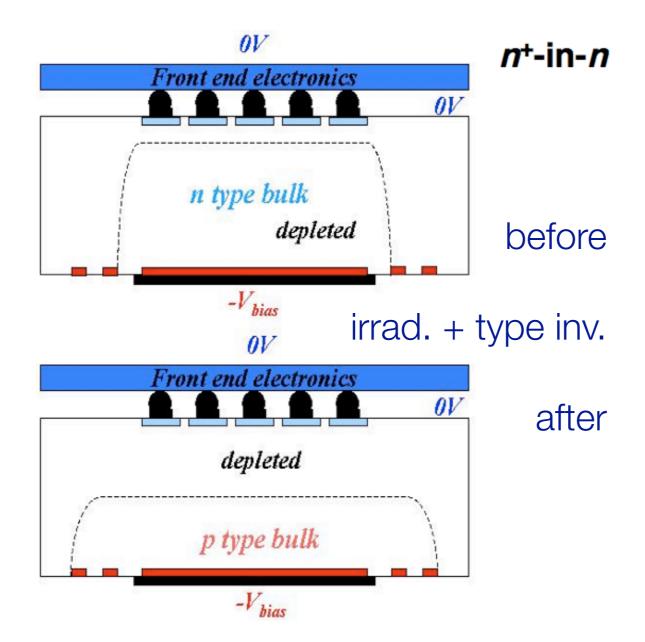
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# Sensor Strategies (II)



#### design of bulk

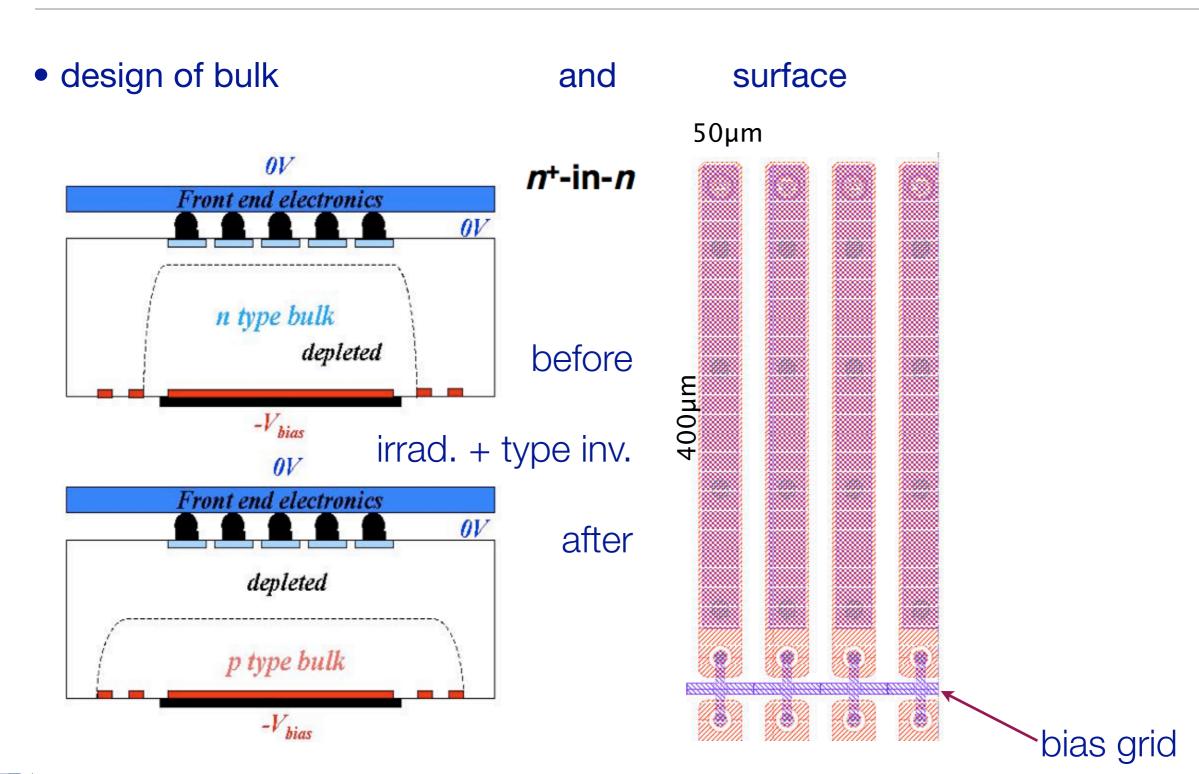






# Sensor Strategies (II)



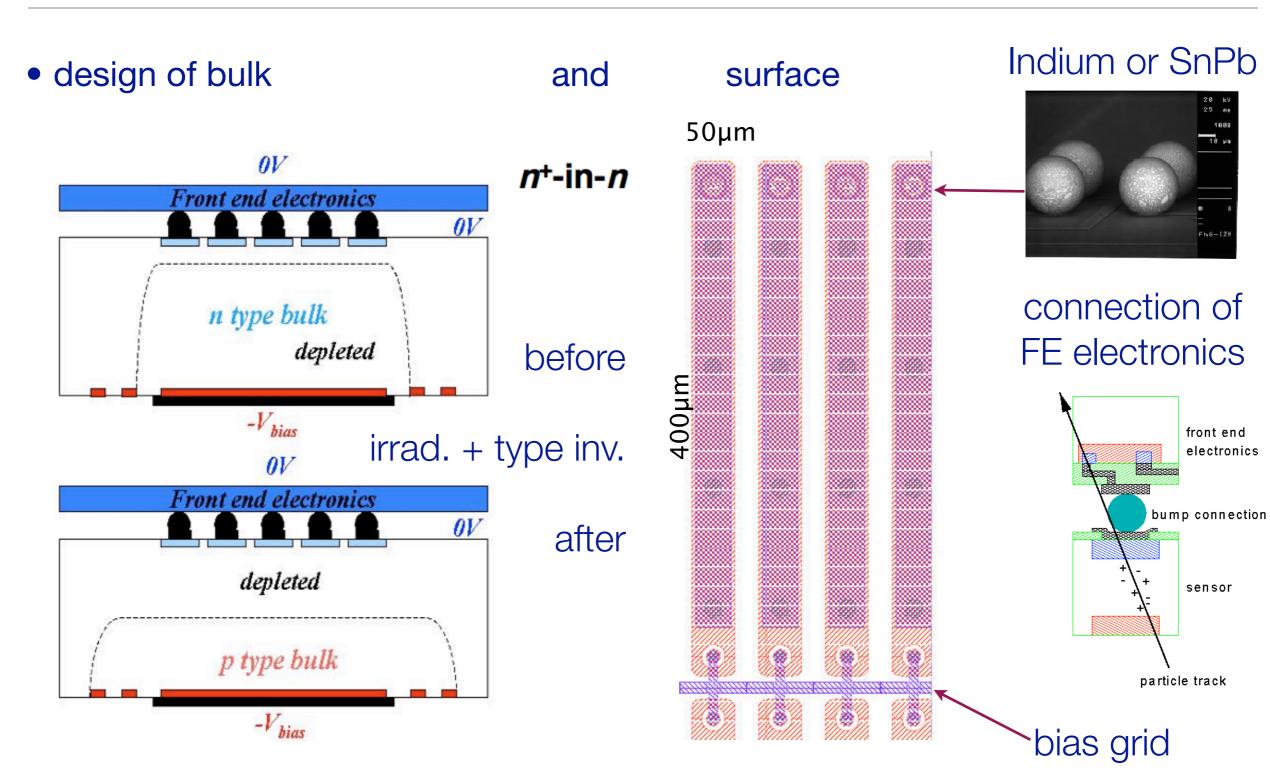






# Sensor Strategies (II)



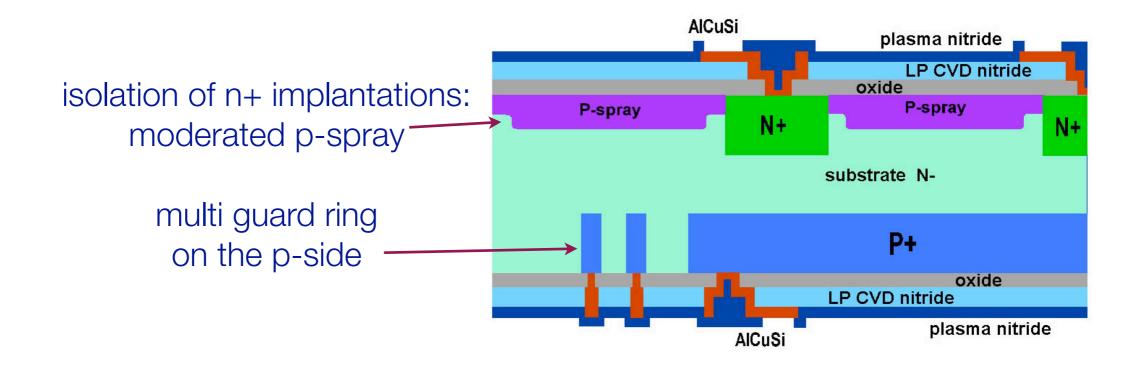






# Sensor Layout



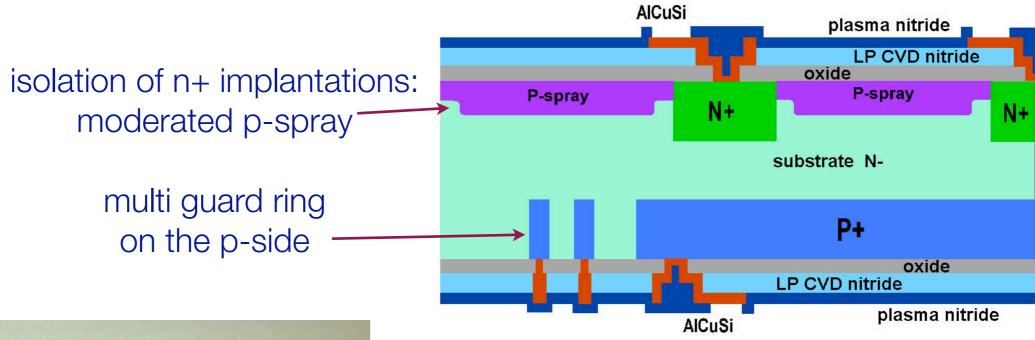


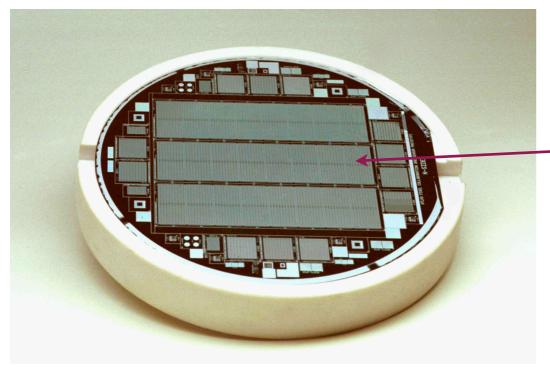




# Sensor Layout







- 46000 pixel cells à 50x400(600) µm²

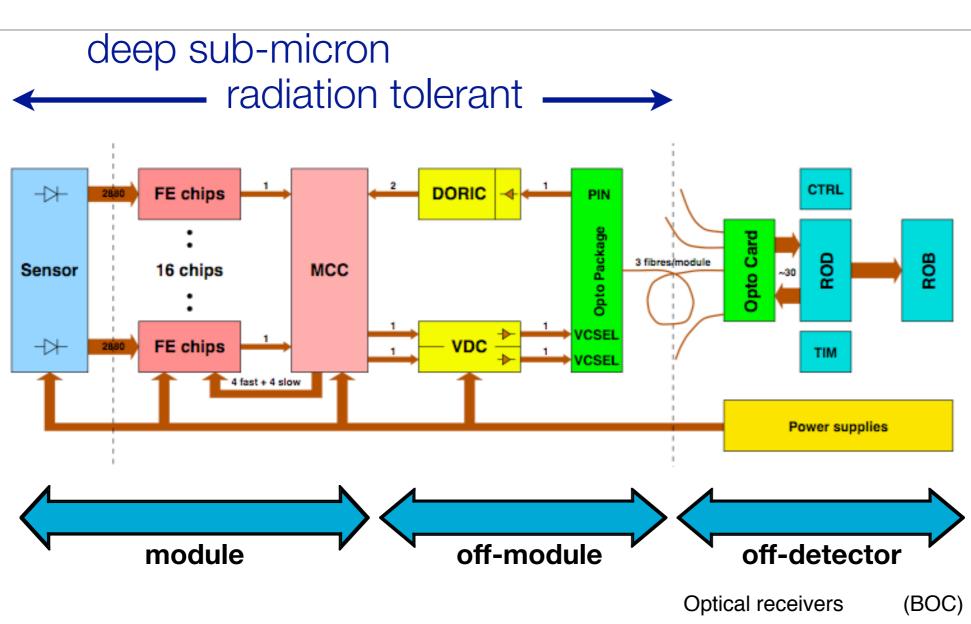
 Production and full testing of 1000 wafers (2500 tiles) finished





#### Read-out Electronics





- 1 Sensor
- 16 front end chips (FE)
- 1 module controller chip (MCC)

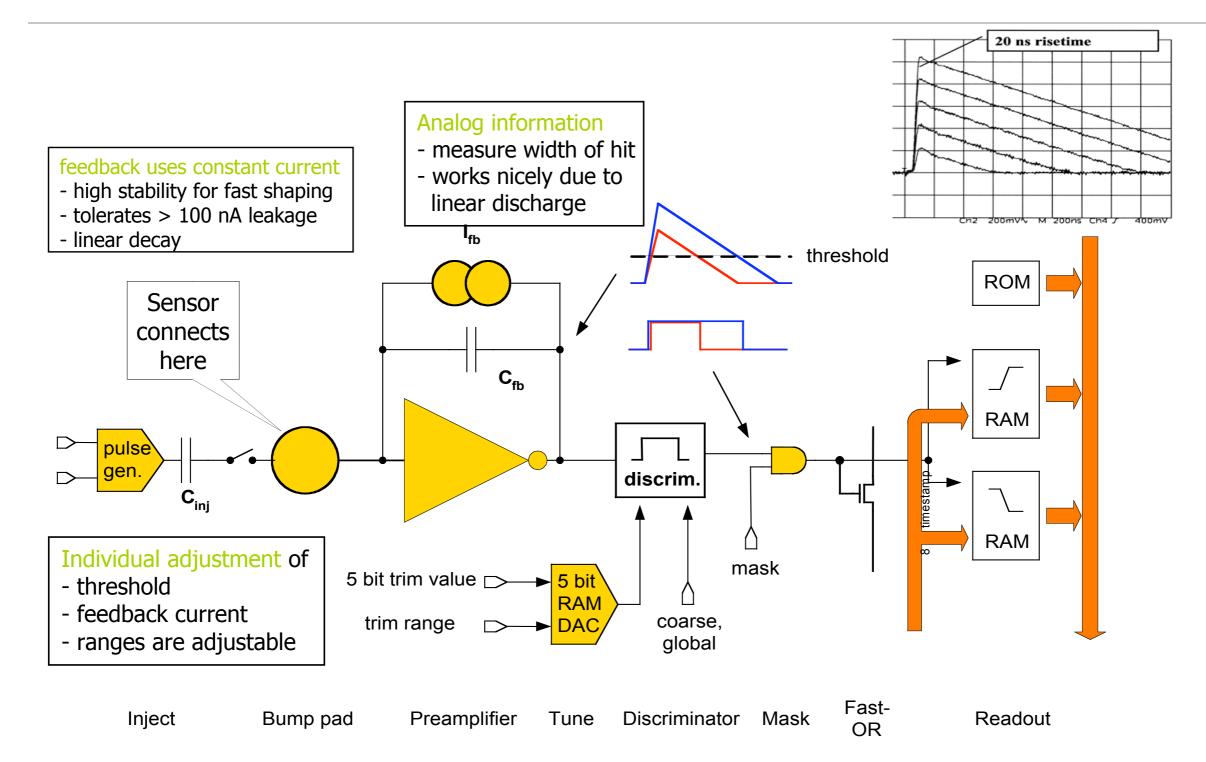
- Readout Drivers (ROD)
- Readout Buffers (ROB)
- Timing Control (TIM)
- Slow Control, Supplies





## One of 80 Million FE Cells





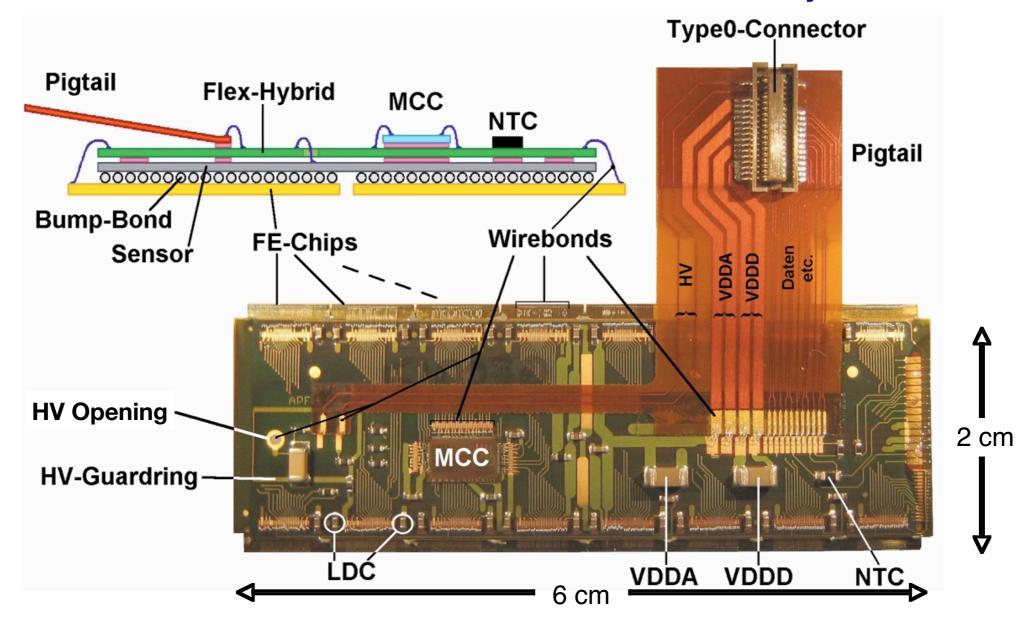




#### The ATLAS Pixel Module



#### = sensor + FE electronics + loaded flex hybrid



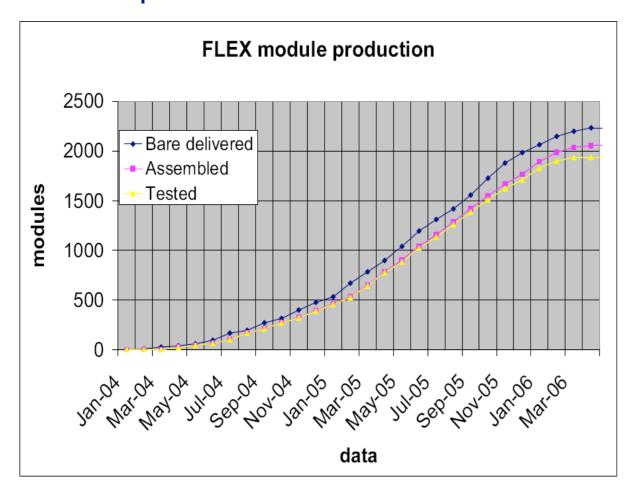




# Module production & tests



1744 pixel modules are needed for the full pixel detector



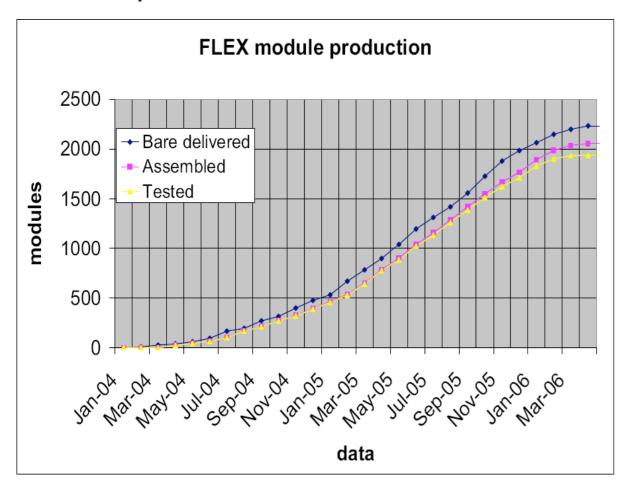




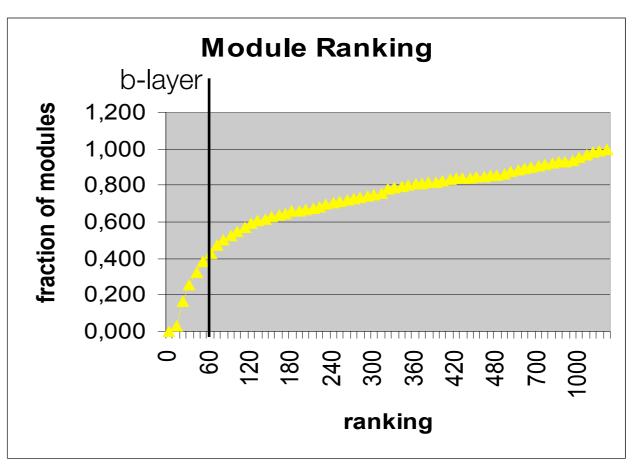
# Module production & tests



1744 pixel modules are needed for the full pixel detector



 Quality of modules has been verified



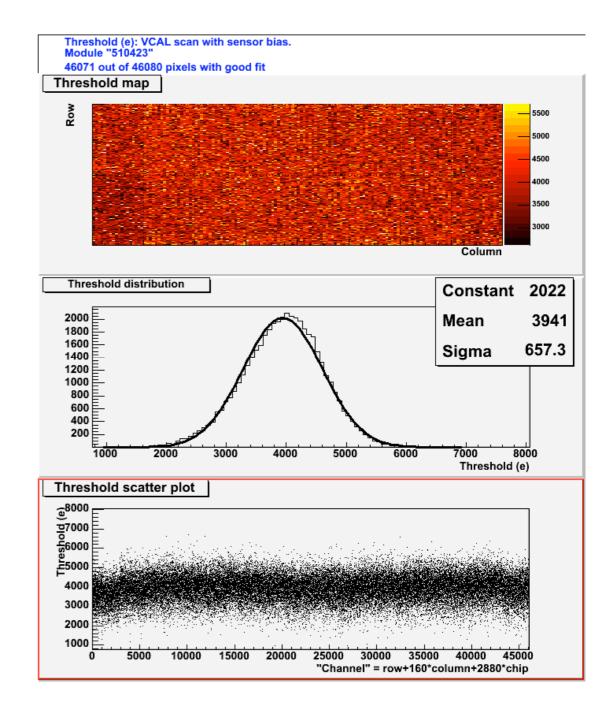




# Example of module tests



#### Tuning of FE cell thresholds



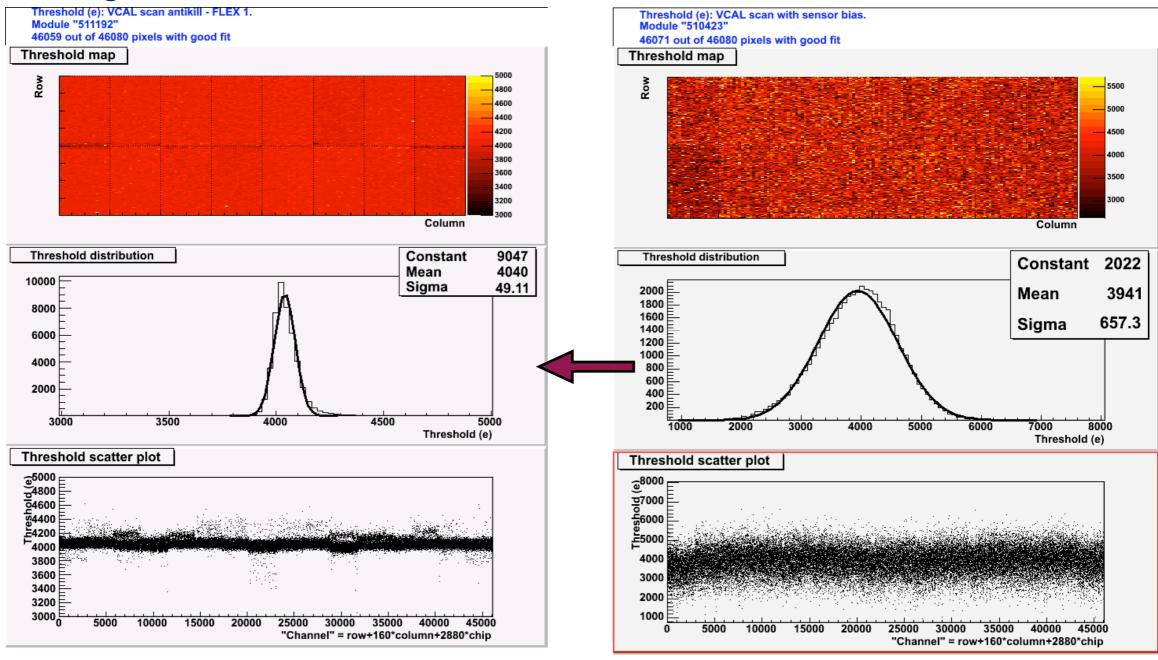




# Example of module tests



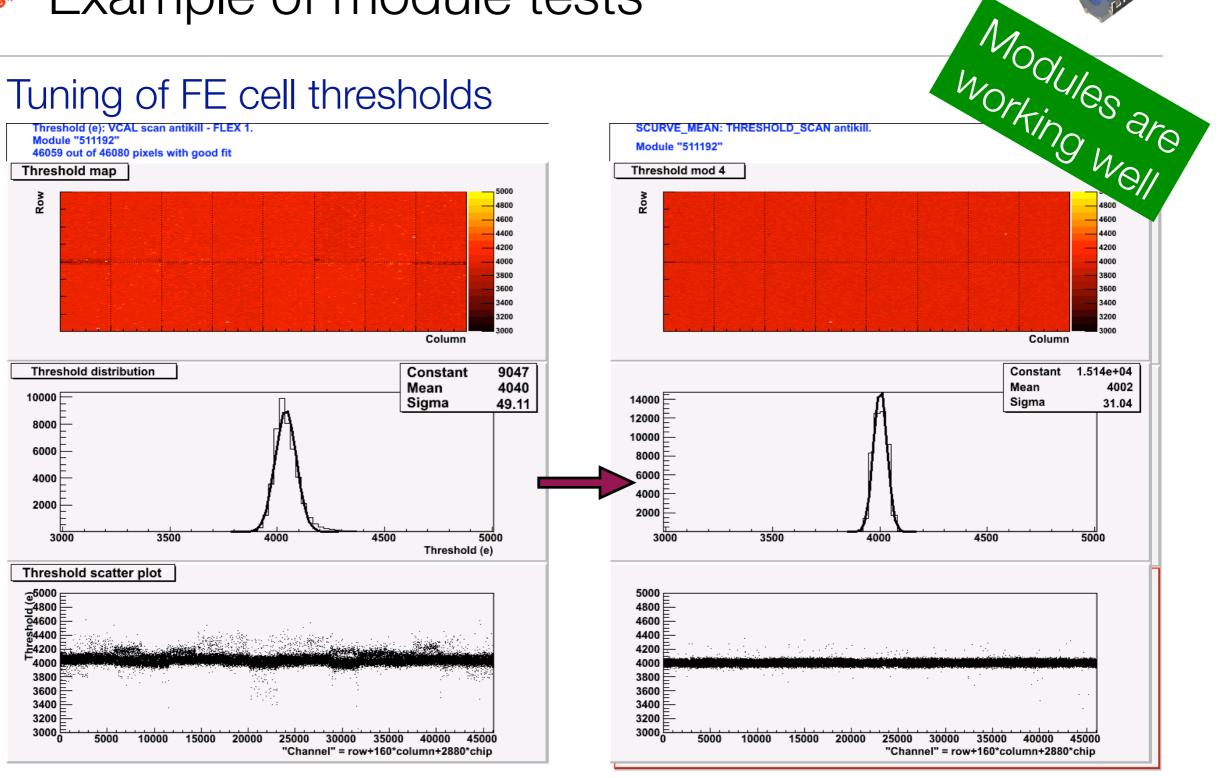
#### Tuning of FE cell thresholds







## Example of module tests











 Production modules have been tested after irradiation 10<sup>15</sup> n<sub>eq</sub> cm<sup>-2</sup> (NIEL) and 500 kGy (ionisation)





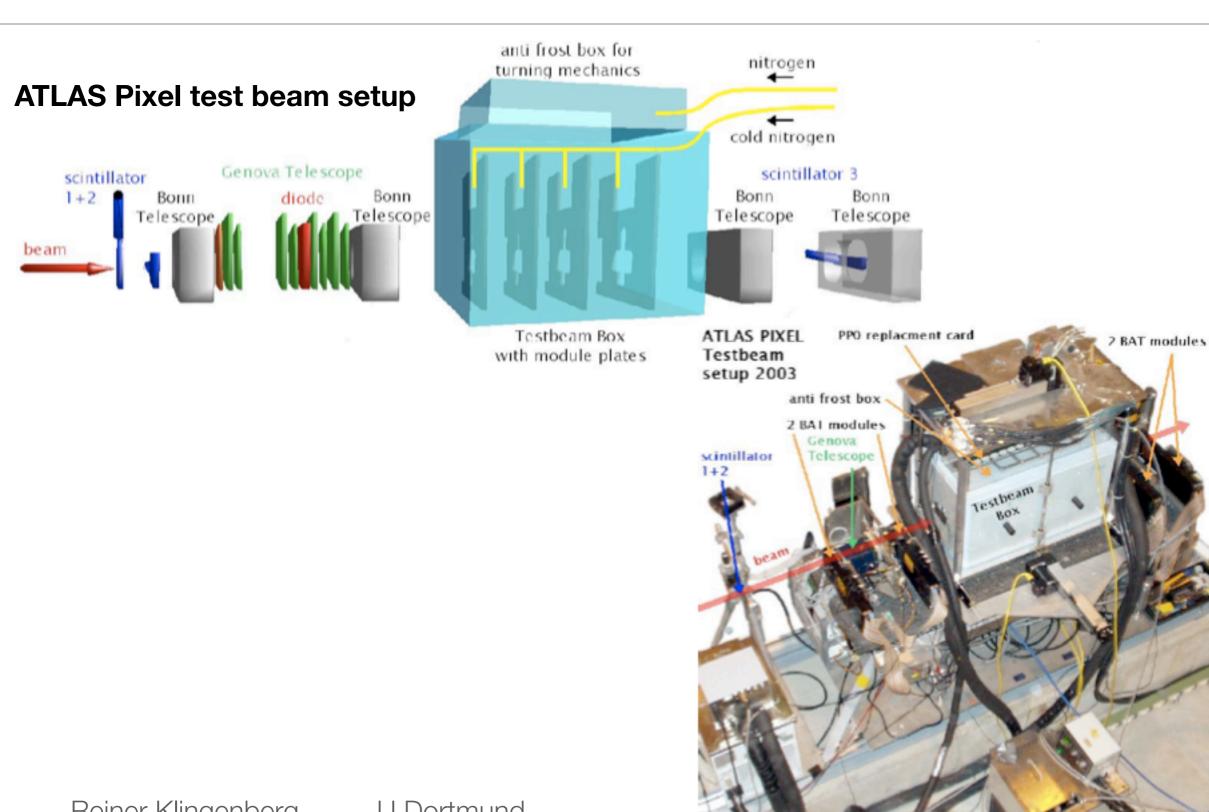


- Production modules have been tested after irradiation 10<sup>15</sup> n<sub>eq</sub> cm<sup>-2</sup> (NIEL) and 500 kGy (ionisation)
  - efficiency (TDR > 97%)
    - 99.9 % before irradiation
    - 97.8 % after irradiation (500V bias, fully depleted)







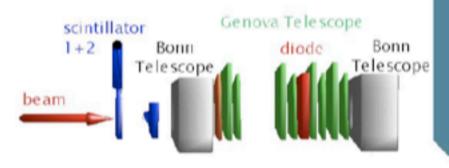






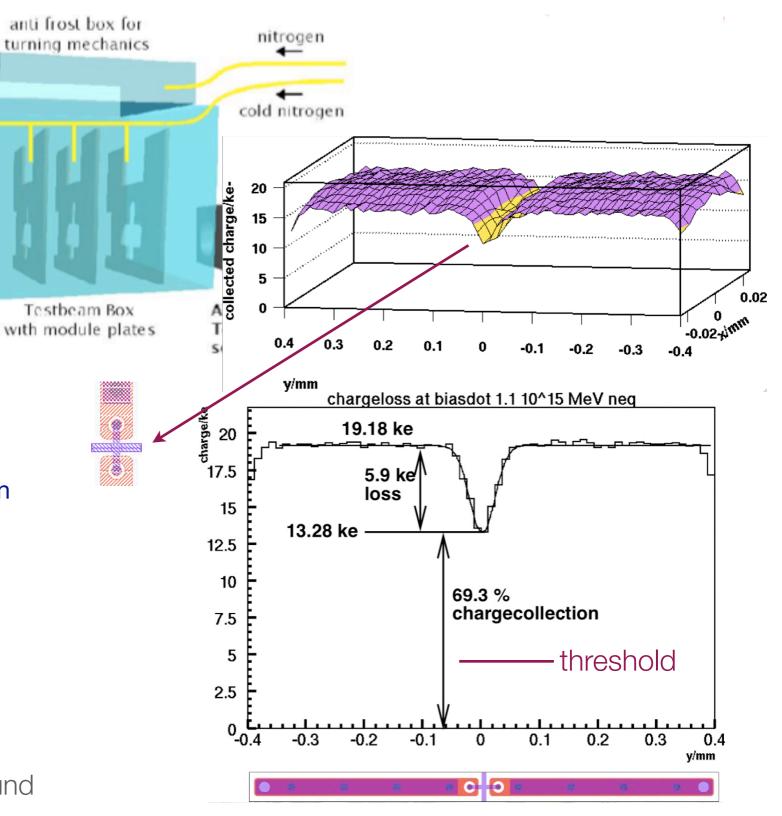


#### **ATLAS Pixel test beam setup**



Test beam result of hadron irradiated pixel modules @ 10<sup>15</sup> n<sub>eq</sub> cm<sup>-2</sup>

- there is homogenous charge collection
- small deviation near the bias dot (15% unirradiated, 30% after end of lifetime dosis)
- values stay well above the threshold









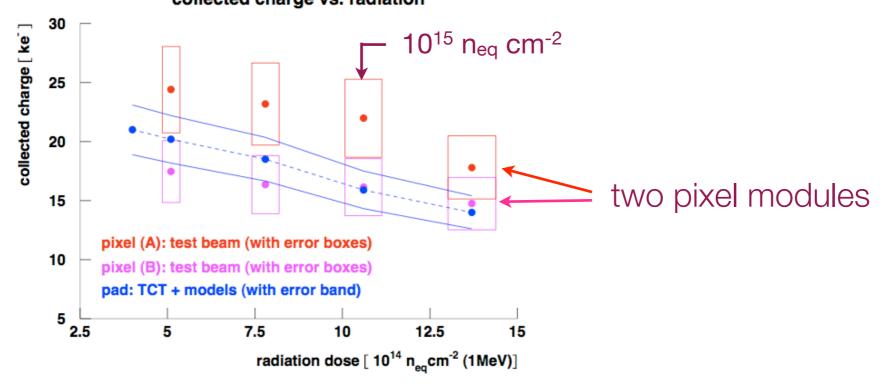
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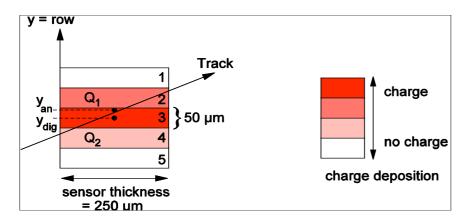
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  - spatial resolutions (TDR < 13 μm)</li>
    - 7.5 µm before irradiation (at incidence angle 10°)
    - 9.7 μm after irradiation (at incidence angle 15°)







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 these studies are being verified under combined test beam conditions

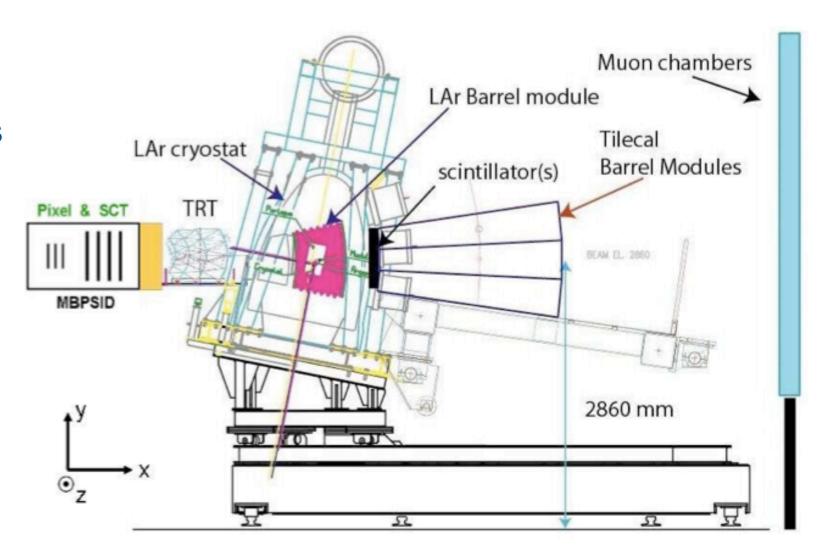






- a sector of the ATLAS barrel part has been used for detector performance studies
- this emulates transversely (high p<sub>⊥</sub>) emitted particles passing through the barrel

## ATLAS Combined Test Beam









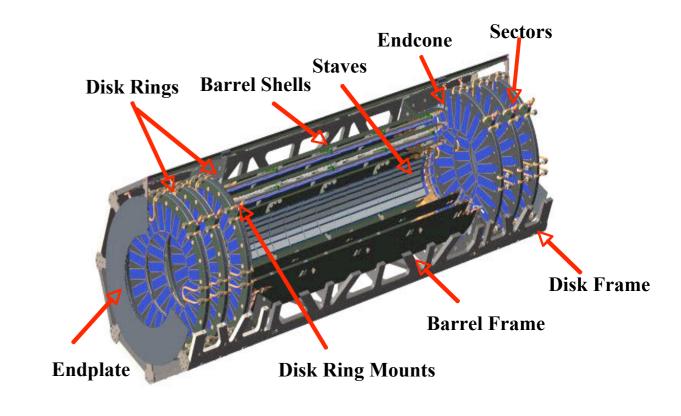
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  - spatial resolutions (TDR < 13 μm)</li>
    - 7.5 µm before irradiation (at incidence angle 10°)
    - 9.7 µm after irradiation (at incidence angle 15°)
- efficiency of irradiated detectors under high intensity condisions, LHC-like particle flux
  - read-out electronics is verfied
  - efficiency is not affected by occupancy @ b-layer rate including safety margin (+ 23 %)
  - onset of inefficiencies is gradual, < 3 % @ b-layer rate + 65%</li>





# Present Work: Pixel Detector Assembly and Integration



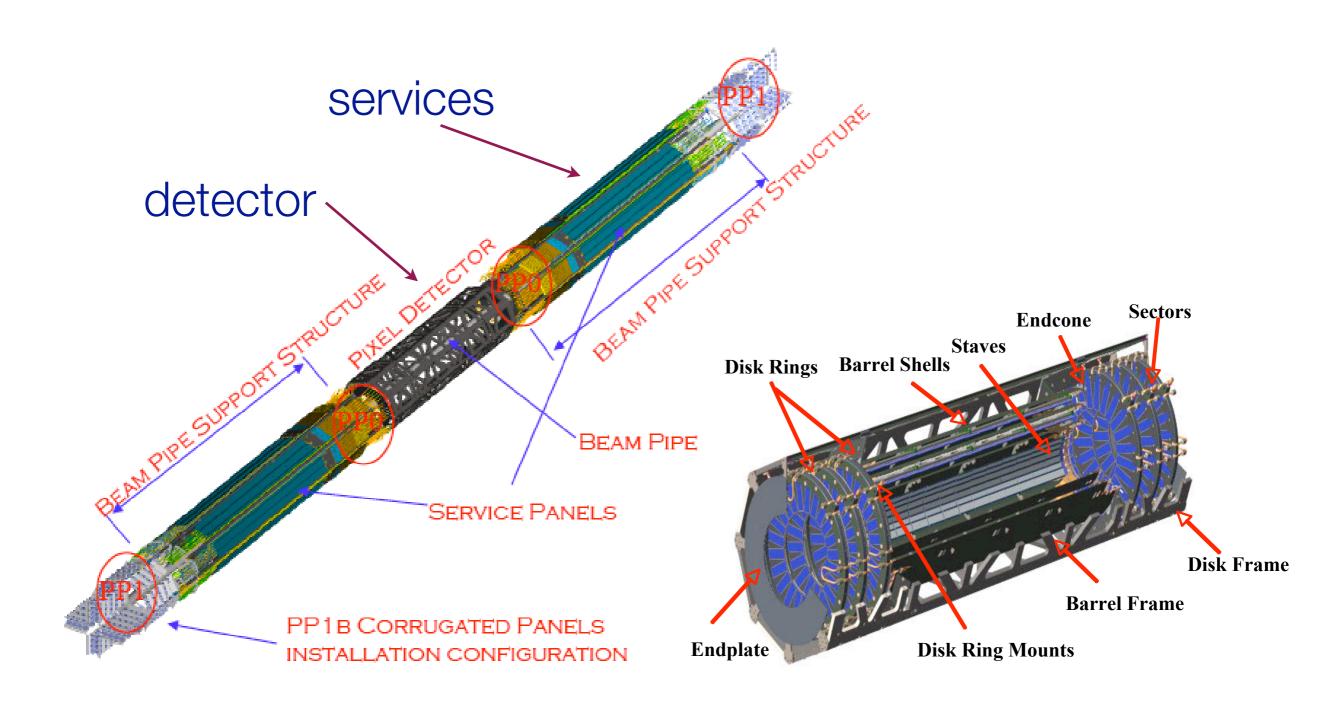






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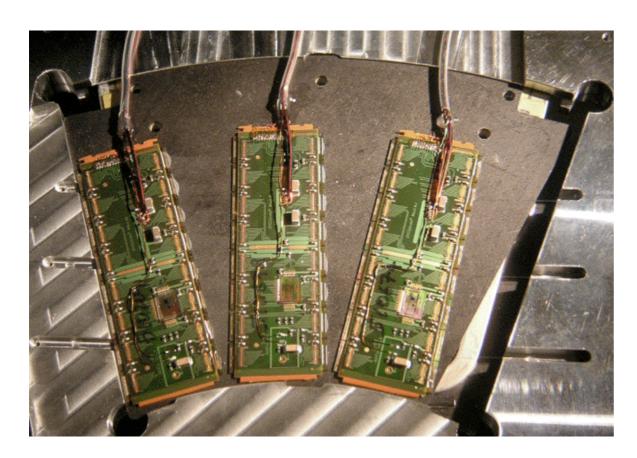






# Pixel End Cap





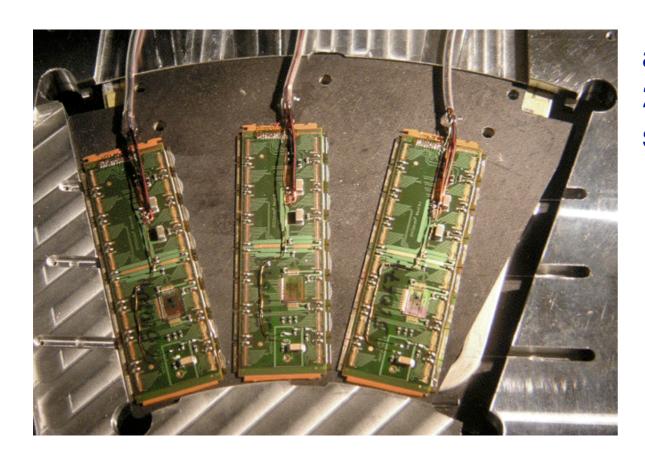
assembly of disks in sectors = 1/8 of a disk 2x3 modules on C-C plates, sandwiching the cooling





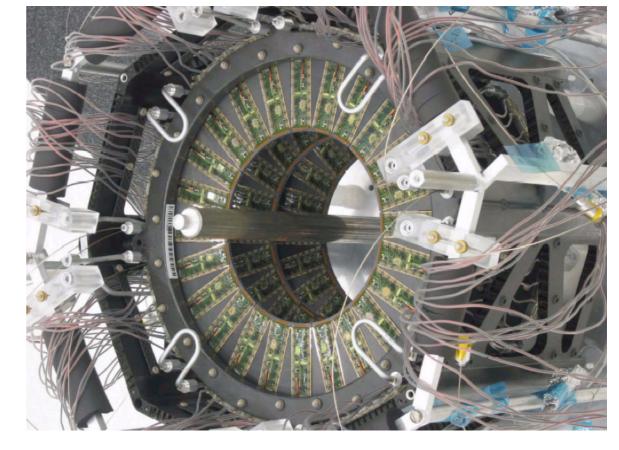
# Pixel End Cap





assembly of disks in sectors = 1/8 of a disk 2x3 modules on C-C plates, sandwiching the cooling

one of the end caps 3 disks à 2x24 modules

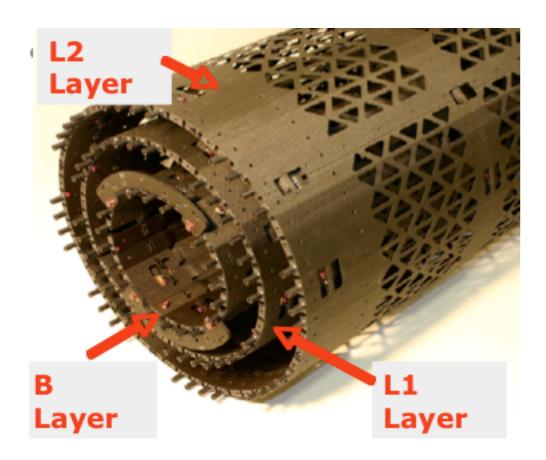






# Pixel Barrel



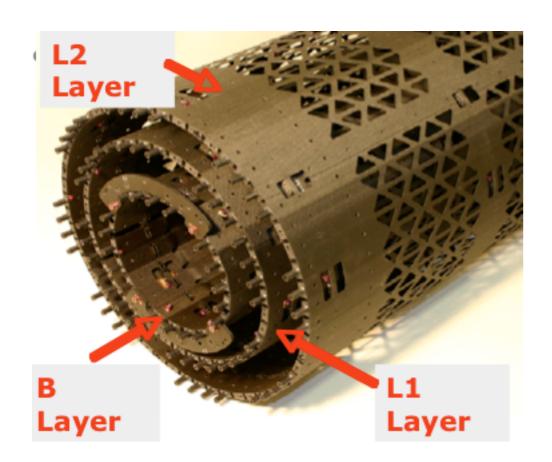


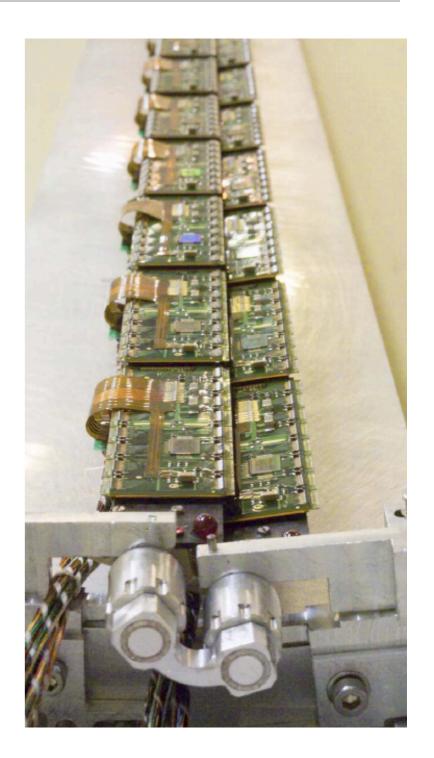




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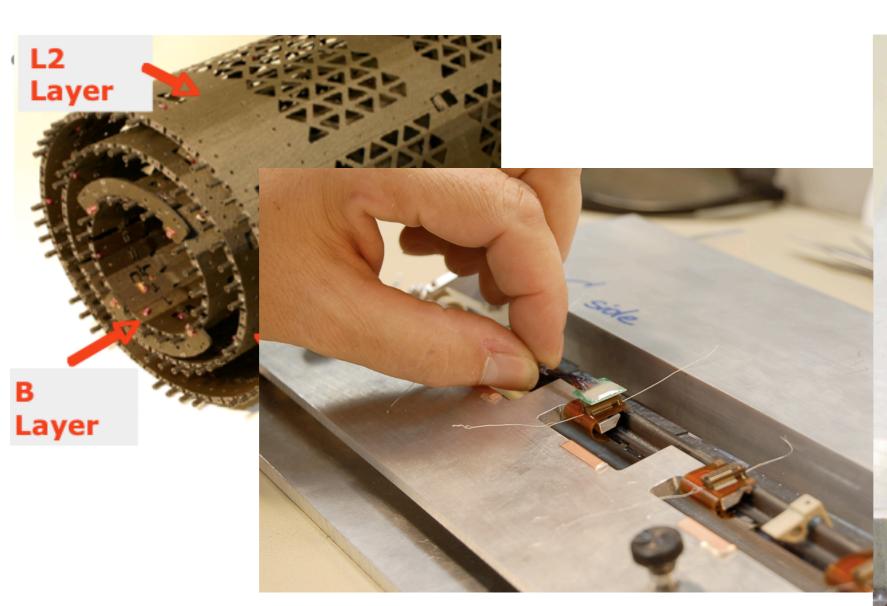
bi-stave w/ U-link





## Pixel Barrel







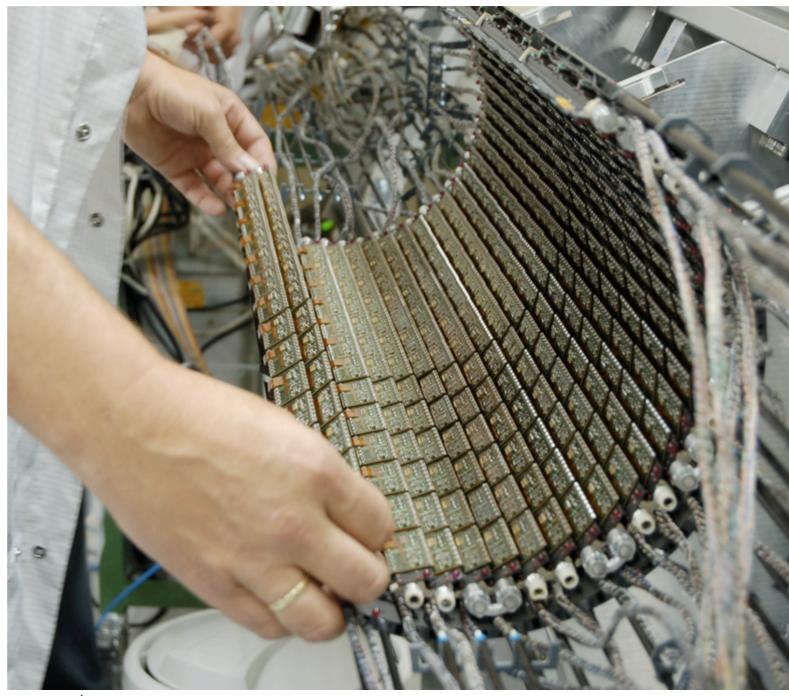
bi-stave w/ U-link













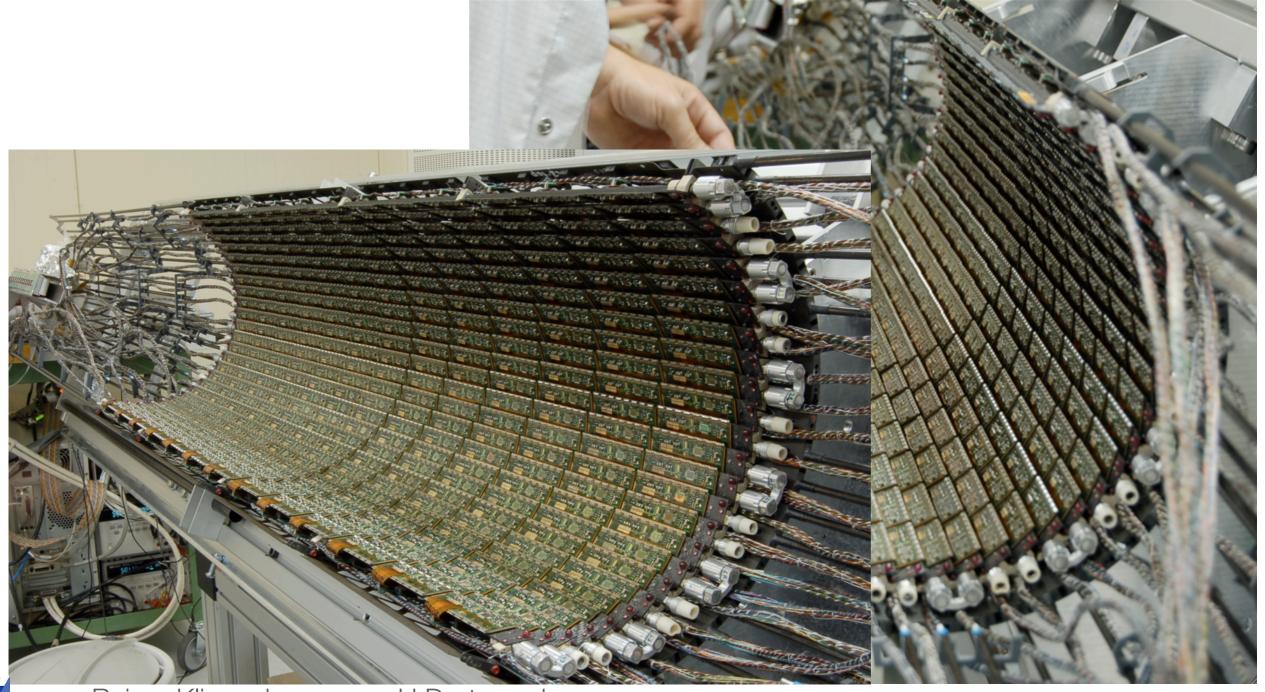
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# Pixel Integration as of September 2006



both half shells of layer 2 are completely filled



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both half shells of layer 2 are completely filled



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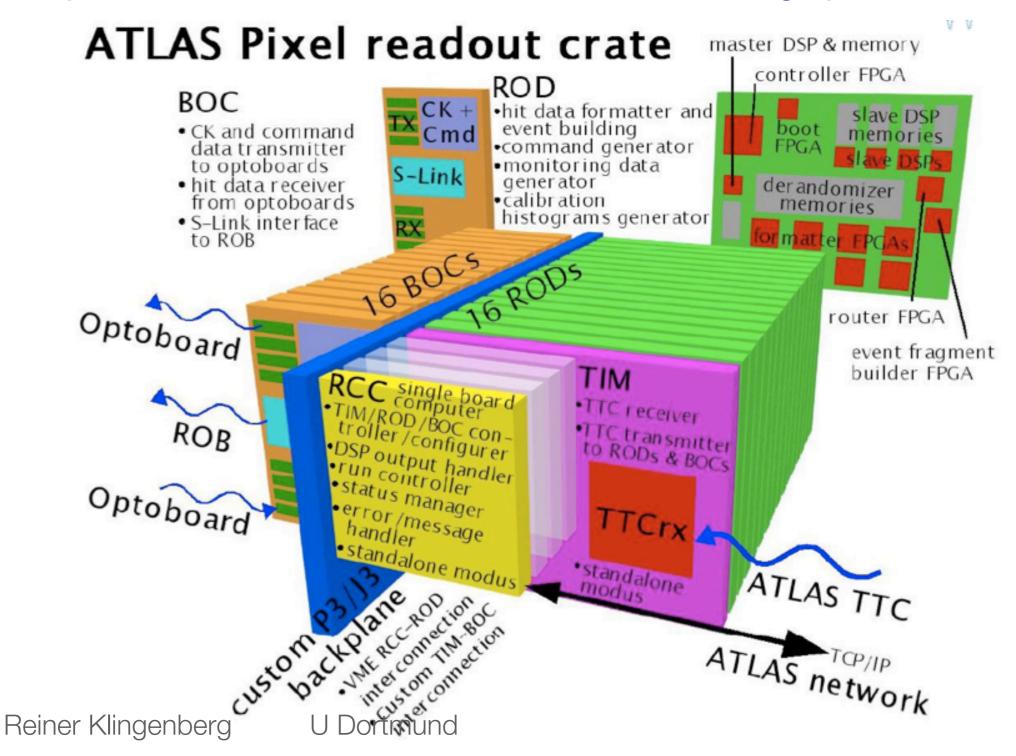
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# Dedicated System Tests



• to set-up the full chain of services and read-out for large parts of the detector

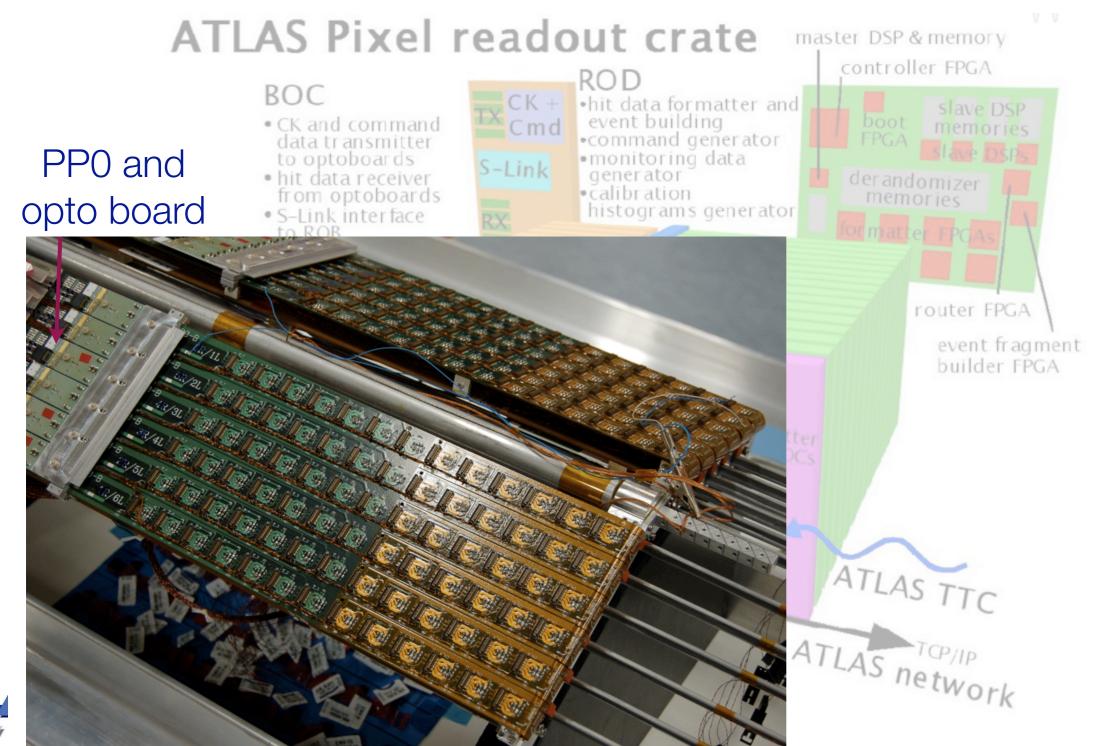




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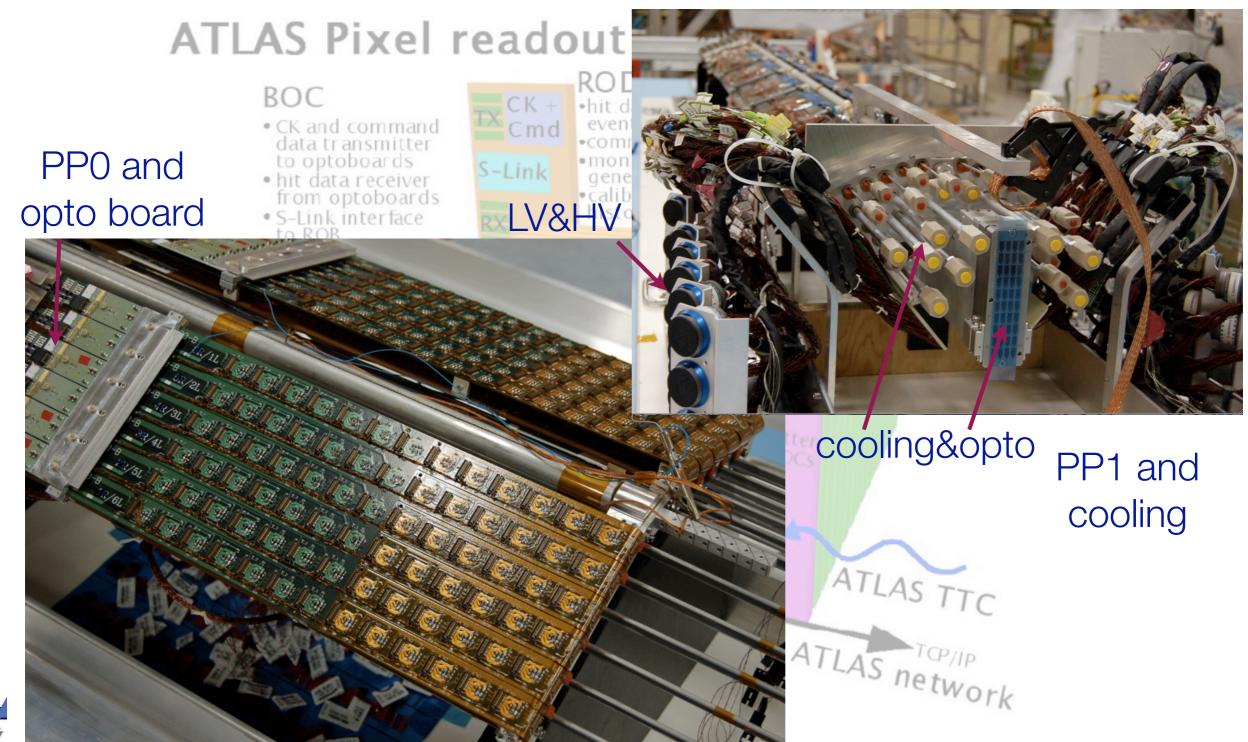




# Dedicated System Tests



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# ATLAS Pixel: Conclusion and Outlook



- radiation tolerant design of sensor, FE and mechanics
- performance of detector has been verified under test beam conditions
- both half shells of layer 2 are completely filled layer 1 started to be assembled
- infrastructure for services & read-out is installed in surface building
- continue with system tests including staves & disks





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- performance of detector has been verified under test beam conditions
- both half shells of layer 2 are completely filled layer 1 started to be assembled
- infrastructure for services & read-out is installed in surface building
- continue with system tests including staves & disks
  - a three hit pixel detector is on its way for CERN-LHC

