## First Mediterranean Thematic Workshop on Advanced Molecular Brain Imaging with Compact High Performance MRI-Compatible PET and SPECT Imagers -Potential for a Paradigm Shift

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## Cherenkov radiation in medical imaging

Thursday 30 August 2012 09:50 (25 minutes)

Abstract: Charged particles traversing a medium at a speed exceeding the speed of light in this medium will emit Cerenkov radiation. In biological soft tissues the contents of water ranges from 70% in the brain to 90% in lungs. With the index of refraction of water (1.33) the Cerenkov energy threshold is 260 KeV. Scintillating crystals used as radiation detectors in SPECT and PET scanners have a much higher index of refraction and therefore a lower Cerenkov energy threshold:

Crystal Refraction index Cerenkov energy threshold (KeV)

NaI :Tl 1.85 96 CsI:Tl 1.80 104 LSO:Ce 1.82 101 LaBr3:Ce 1.88 92 LuAP:Ce 1.95 84

This talk will illustrate how the Cerenkov emission produced by b+ or b- radioisotopes in the human body can be used as a new imaging modality. But it will also discuss under which condition the Cerenkov photons emitted by the recoil electrons during the g conversion process in the detecting medium can be exploited to improve the timing resolution of PET scanners.

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**Session Classification:** Scintillators and Cherenkov light detectors