Noble Travails: LUX @ Sanford Lab

http://luxdarkmatter.org

Rick Gaitskell, Joint Spokesperson, LUX Collaboration

Particle Astrophysics Group, Brown University, Department of Physics (Supported by US DOE HEP) http://particleastro.brown.edu

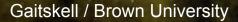
2341 FEET BELOW FEET BELOW FEET BELOW

Sanford

aborator

CDMS II: Winter @Soudan Minnesota

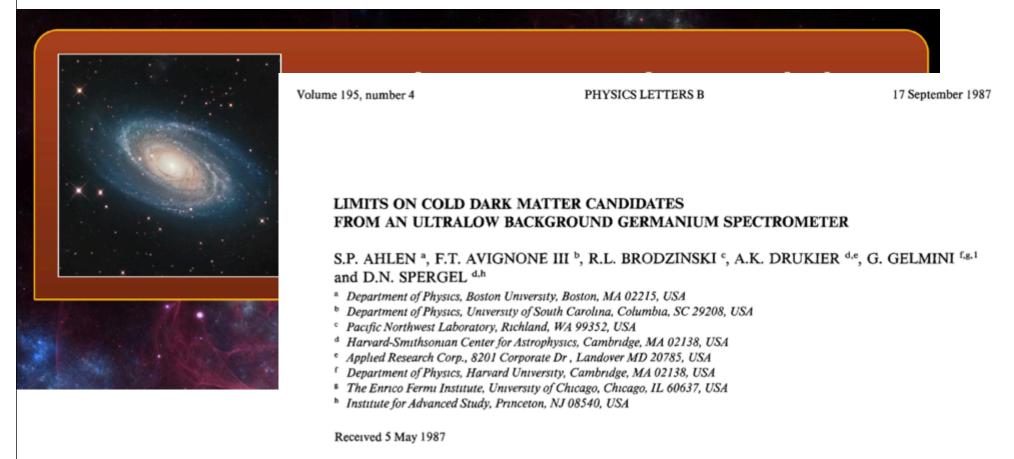
Sanford Lab LUX @Homestake, South Dakota PHYSICS ITALIAN STYLE XENON10 @ Gran Sasso



Dark Matter Underground Searches - Silver Jubilee

•First publication on an underground experimental search for cold dark matter (Ahlen et al. 1987. PLB 195, 603-608).

http://www.pnnl.gov/physics/darkmattersymp.stm



An ultralow background spectrometer is used as a detector of cold dark matter candidates from the halo of our galaxy Using a realistic model for the galactic halo, large regions of the mass-cross section space are excluded for important halo component particles. In particular, a halo dominated by heavy standard Dirac neutrinos (taken as an example of particles with spin-independent Z^0 exchange interactions) with masses between 20 GeV and 1 TeV is excluded. The local density of heavy standard Dirac neutrinos is <0.4 GeV/cm³ for masses between 17.5 GeV and 2 5 TeV, at the 68% confidence level.

 1986 operating a 0.8 kg Ge ionization detector at Homestake Mine, SD (adjacent to Ray Davis's operating Solar Neutrino Experiment)

Volume 195, number 4

PHYSICS LETTERS B

17 September 1987

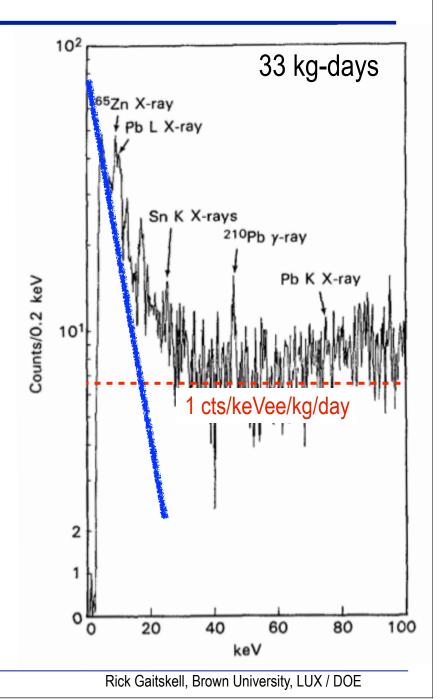
LIMITS ON COLD DARK MATTER CANDIDATES FROM AN ULTRALOW BACKGROUND GERMANIUM SPECTROMETER

S.P. AHLEN *, F.T. AVIGNONE III ^b, R.L. BRODZINSKI ^c, A.K. DRUKIER ^{d,e}, G. GELMINI ^{f,g,1} and D.N. SPERGEL ^{d,h}

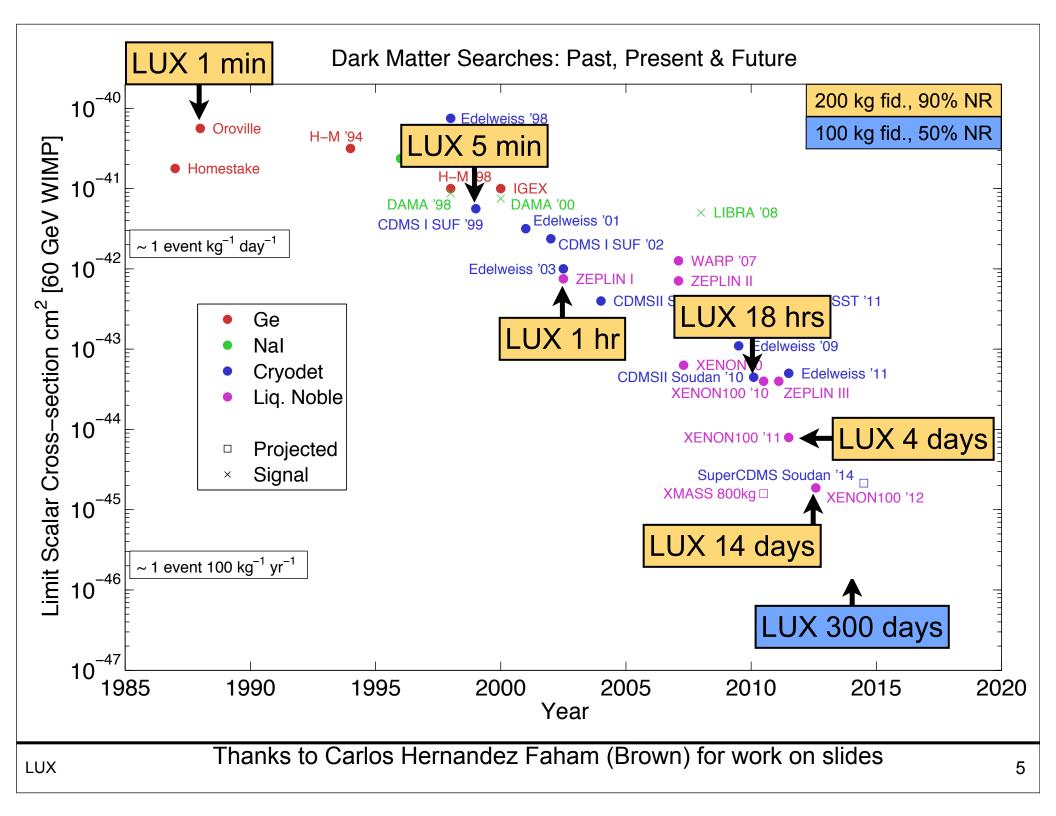
- a Department of Physics, Boston University, Boston, MA 02215, USA
- b Department of Physics, University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC 29208, USA
- ^c Pacific Northwest Laboratory, Richland, WA 99352, USA
- ^d Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics, Cambridge, MA 02138, USA
- e Applied Research Corp., 8201 Corporate Dr , Landover MD 20785, USA
- f Department of Physics, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA 02138, USA
- * The Enrico Fermi Institute, University of Chicago, Chicago, IL 60637, USA
- h Institute for Advanced Study, Princeton, NJ 08540, USA

Received 5 May 1987

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Dark Matter Searches





The LUX Collaboration

Brown

Richard Gaitskell Simon Fiorucci Monica Pangilinan Jeremy Chapman Carlos Hernandez Faham David Malling James Verbus Samuel Chang Graduate Student **Dongging Huang** Graduate Student

Case Western Reserve

Thomas Shutt Dan Akerib Mike Dragowsky Tom Coffey Carmen Carmona Karen Gibson Adam Bradley Patrick Phelps Chang Lee Kati Pech **Tim Ivancic**

Imperial College Imperial College London London

Henrique Araujo	
Tim Sumner	
Alastair Currie	

min Lawrence Berkeley + UC Berkeley

Bob Jacobsen Victor Gehman **David Taylor** Mia ihm

Lawrence Livermore

Adam Bernstein Dennis Carr Kareem Kazkaz Peter Sorensen John Bower

LIP Coimbra

Isabel Lopes Jose Pinto da Cunha Vladimir Solovov Luiz de Viveiros Alexander Lindote Francisco Neves **Claudio Silva**

PI, Professor		
Research Associate	SD School	of Mines
Postdoc		
Graduate Student	Xinhua Bai	PI, Pro
Graduate Student		
Graduate Student	Texas A&M	
Graduate Student		
One durate Other land	James White	DI Dr

PI. Professor

PI. Professor

Postdoc

Postdoc

Research Associate Professor

Research Associate

Graduate Student

Graduate Student

Graduate Student

Graduate Student

Graduate Student

PI, Senior Lecturer

Professor Postdoc

PI, Professor

Graduate Student

PI, Leader of Adv. Detectors

Mechanical Technician

Staff Physicist

Staff Physicist

Engineer

PI, Professor

Postdoc

Postdoc

Postdoc

Postdoc

Assistant Professor

Senior Researcher

Scientist

Engineer

James White Robert Webb **Rachel Mannino Clement Sofka**

UC Davis

Mani Tripathi Robert Svoboda **Richard Lander** Britt Hollbrook John Thomson Matthew Szydagis **Richard Ott** Jeremy Mock James Morad Nick Walsh Michael Woods

Graduate Student Graduate Student Sergey Uvarov Graduate Student UC Santa Barbara Harry Nelson PI, Professor **Mike Witherell** Professor Dean White Engineer Susanne Kvre Engineer Curt Nehrkorn Graduate Student

AUC University College London PI, Lecturer

PI, Professor

PI, Professor

PI, Professor

Senior Engineer

Senior Machinist

Graduate Student

Graduate Student

Professor

Professor

Postdoc

Postdoc

Graduate Student

Graduate Student

Professor

Chamkaur Ghag

University of Edinburgh

Alex Murphy James Dobson Lea Reichhart

X

Carter Hall

Attila Dobi

University of Maryland

PI. Professor Graduate Student **Richard Knoche** Graduate Student

PI, Reader

Graduate student

Postdoc



Collaboration Meeting, UCSB March 2012

University of Rochester

Frank Wolfs PI. Professor Wojtek Skutski Senior Scientist Ervk Druszkiewicz Graduate Student Mongkol Moongweluwan Graduate Student

University of South Dakota

PI, Professor **Dongming Mei** Chao Zhang Postdoc Dana Byram Graduate Student **Chris Chiller** Graduate Student **Angela Chiller** Graduate Student

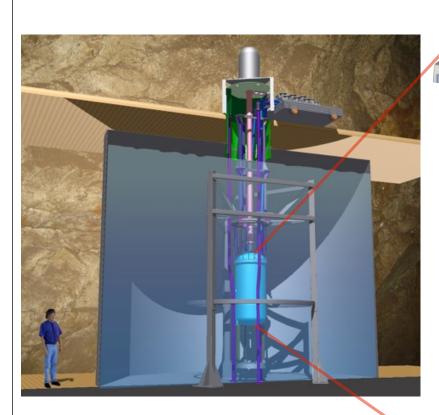
FF)	Yale
Daniel	McKins

Daniel McKinsey	PI, Professor
Peter Parker	Professor
James Nikkel	Research Scientist
Sidney Cahn	Lecturer/Research Scientist
Alexey Lyashenko	Postdoc
Ethan Bernard	Postdoc
Markus Horn	Postdoc
Blair Edwards	Postdoc
Scott Hertel	Postdoc
Kevin O'Sullivan	Postdoc
Nicole Larsen	Graduate Student
Evan Pease	Graduate Student
Brian Tennyson	Graduate Student

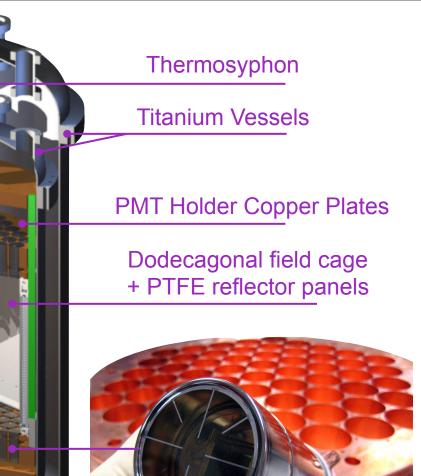
Collaboration was formed in 2007 and fully funded by DOE and NSF in 2008.

LUX

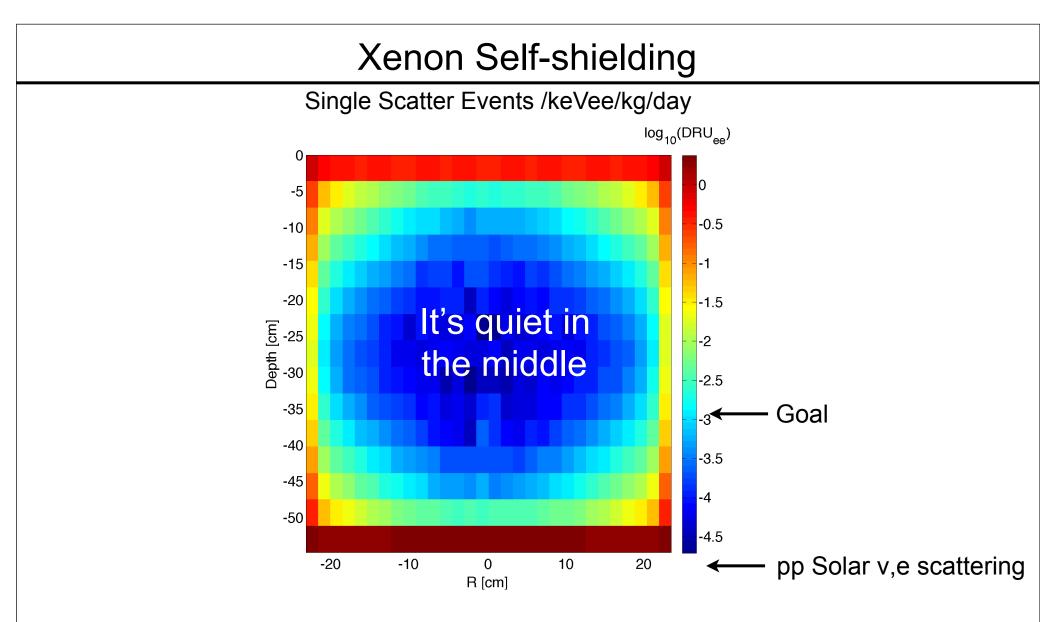
LUX Anatomy



- 370 kg (300 kg active) LXe
- 122 PMTs (2" round)
- Low-background Ti cryostat
- PTFE reflector cage
- Thermosyphon used for cooling (>1 kW)



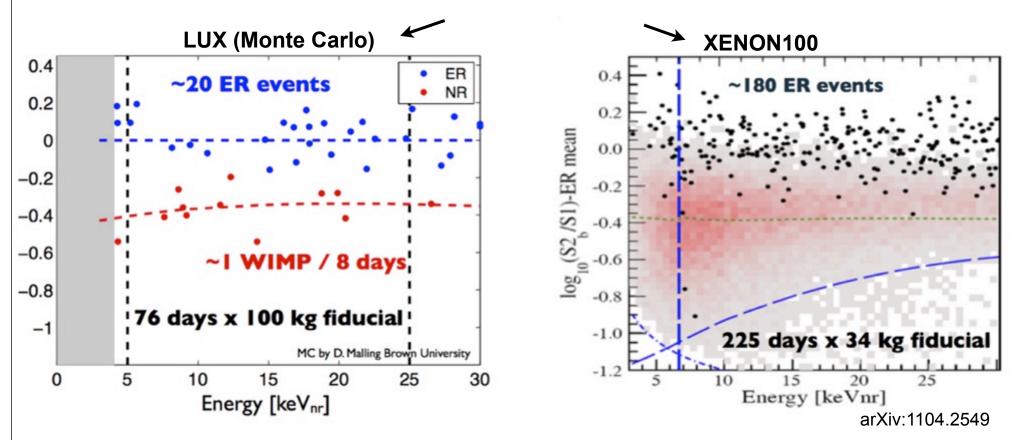
2" Hamamatsu R8778 Photomultiplier Tubes (PMTs)



- Liquid xenon is a dense target at 3 g/cc.
- Self-shielding allows this technology to greatly benefit from scaling up.
- We expect ~1 ER in the fiducial volume/dm energy range every 4 days in LUX.

The first 76 days of LUX

Comparing nominally equivalent kg-days for 100 kg LUX fiducial versus 34 kg XENON fiducial but LUX has much greater sensitivity/kg-day because of cleaner signal/fewer BG events



LUX signal and background expectation for 7,600 kg-days net exposure. WIMP events assume m = 100 GeV, σ = $3x10^{-45}$ cm². Assumes 100 kg fiducial. Given very low ER rate, can significantly increase fiducial in early running.

XENON100 7,600 kg-days result for comparison. Note higher ER rate - ~180 events primarily due to Compton scattering of external gamma background.

The LUX Program

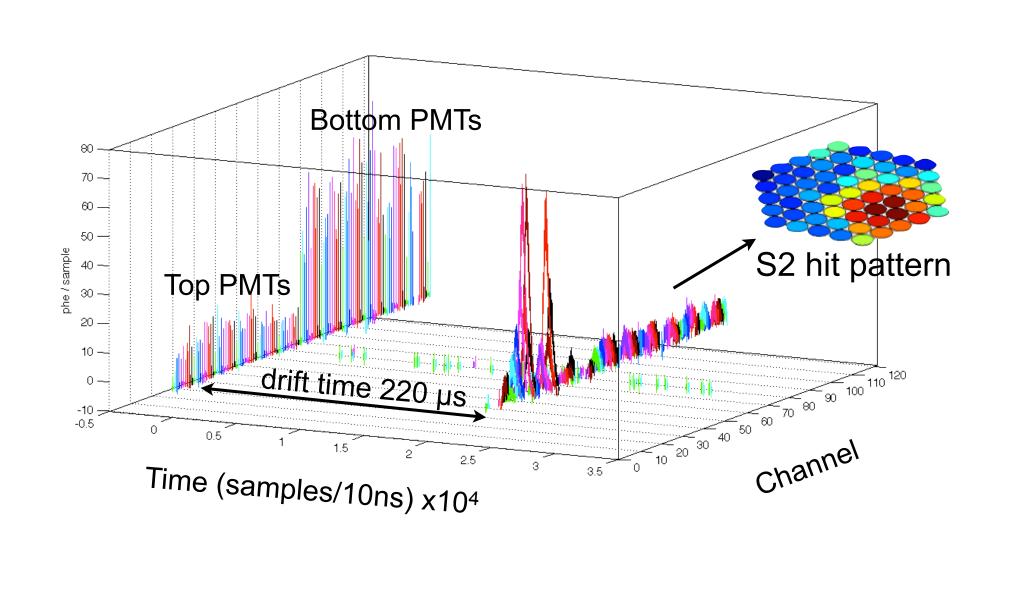
LUX Underground LUX0.1 CWRU LUX Surface

2007 - 2009

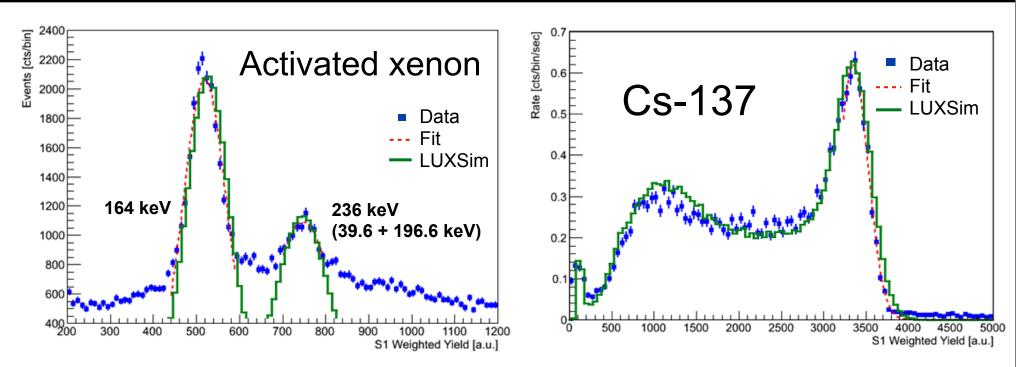
Oct 2009 - Jun 2012

July 2012+

Example of alpha particle in middle of LUX detector



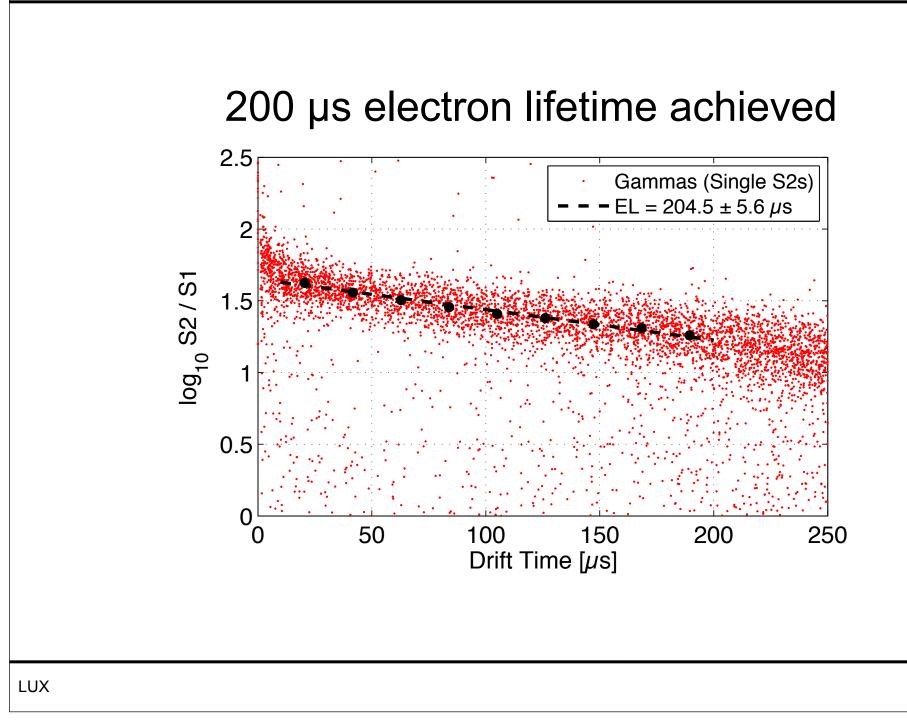
Light Collection



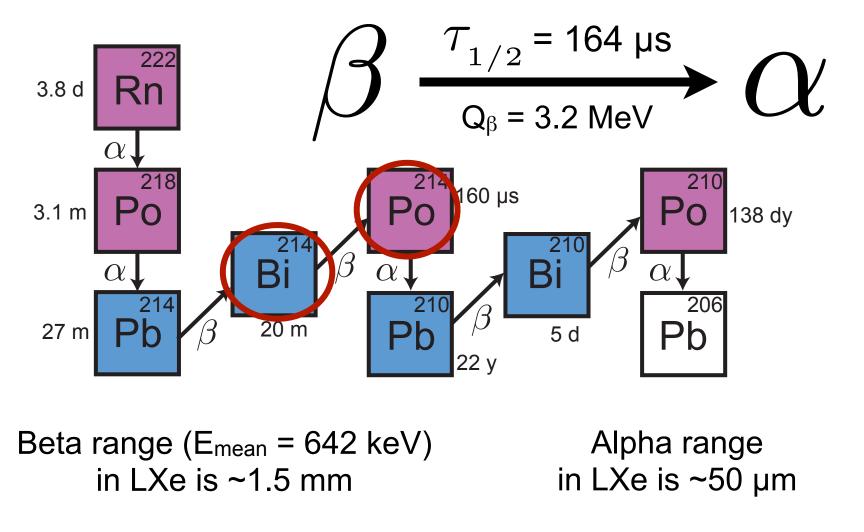
- Achieved 8 phe/keV_{ee} light collection for 662 keV gammas at the center of the detector, zero field

- The light collection for 122 keV at 500 V/cm is 4 phe/keV_{ee}
 - This is ~x3 as good as XENON100
- PTFE reflectivity in liquid xenon measured to be > 98% at 1-sigma level

Xenon purification

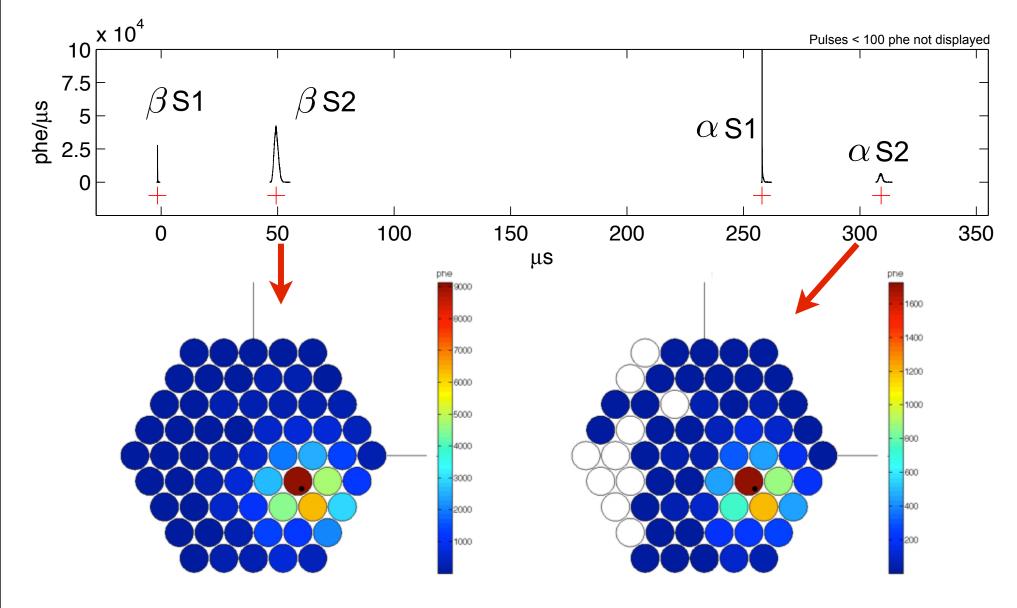


Beta-Alpha Physics from BiPo



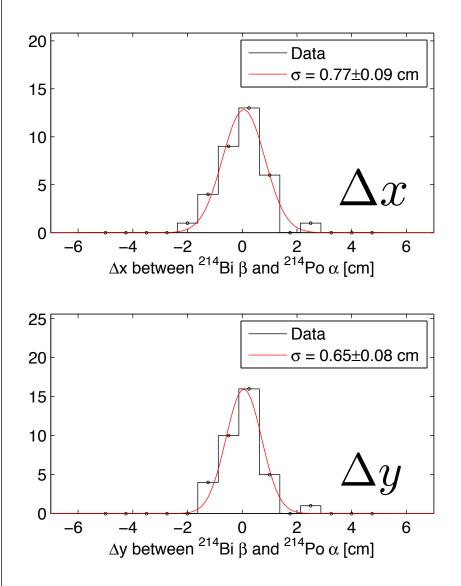
This coincidence event is highly localized in x,y,z

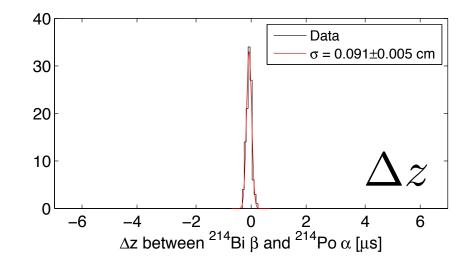
Sample β - α Bi-Po event in surface data



Position reconstruction computed with Zeplin III Mercury algorithm

Statistical position resolution





- Alpha S2 signal equivalent to ER gamma S2(z=0) < 20 keV_{ee}
- The statistical resolution in z is 0.09 cm
- The statistical resolution in x or y is 0.7 cm

LUX Davis Campus @ Sanford Lab



"Eager Graduate Students" Davis Cavern, Oct 2011



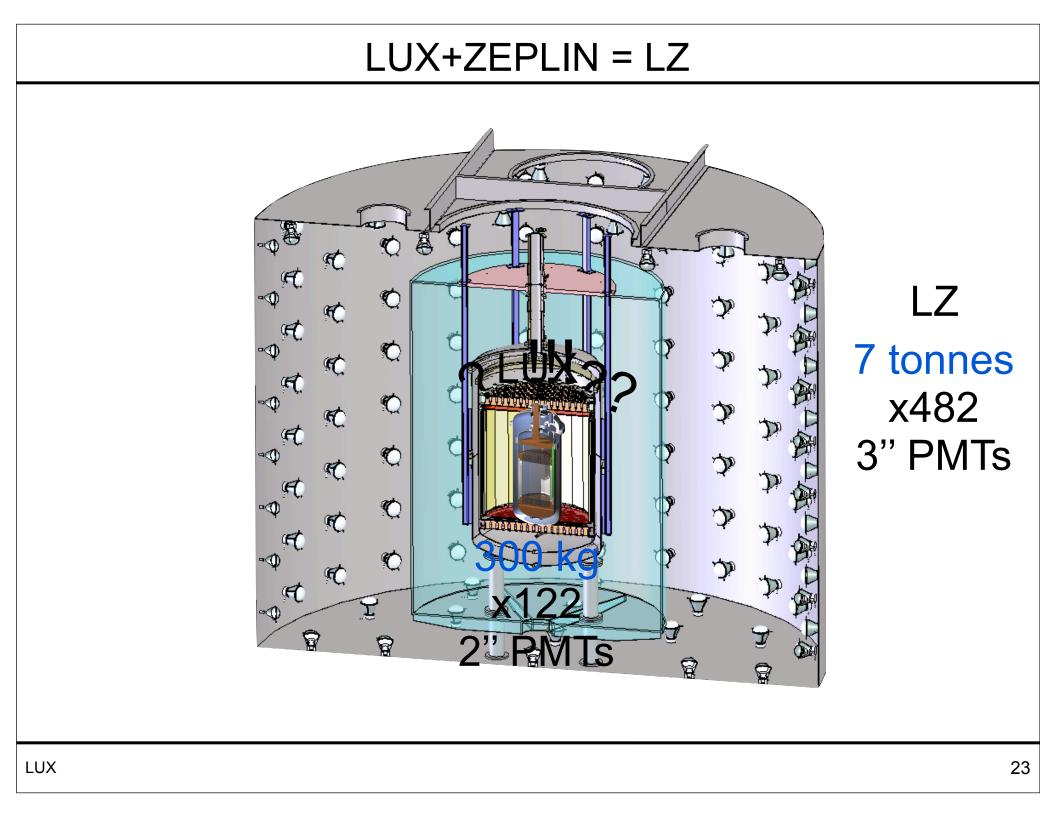
"Busy Graduate Students" Davis Cavern, Sep 2012

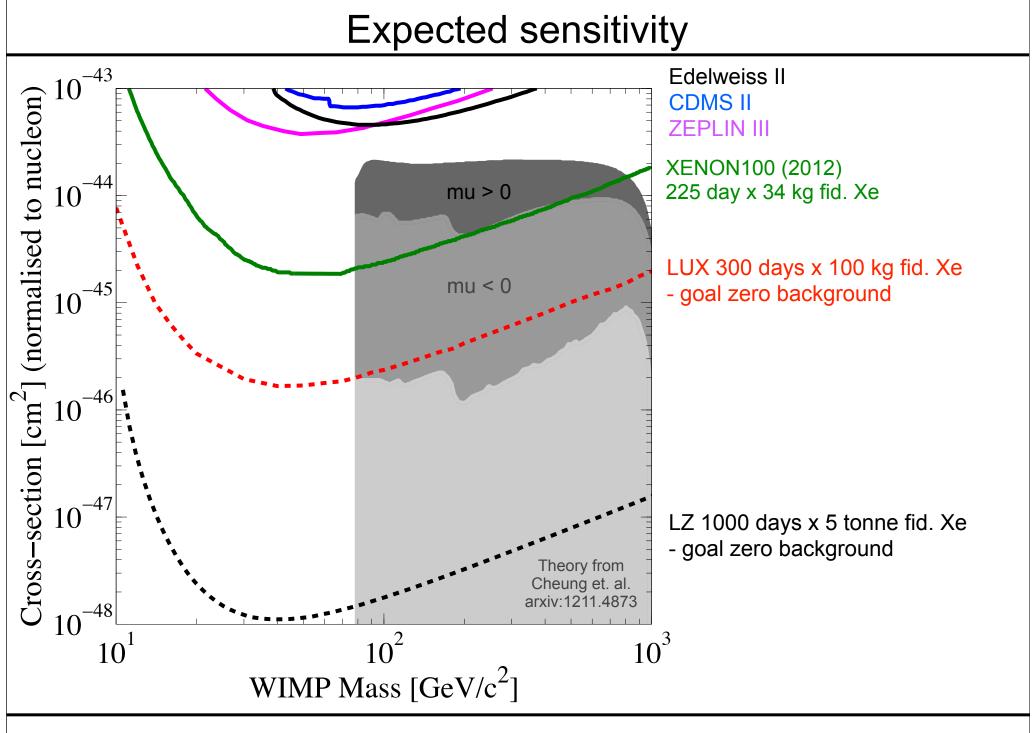


LUX Water Tank - Outside View



LUX Water Tank - Inside View





- LUX detector moved to from surface lab to underground lab @ Sanford July 2012
 All detector/safety system commissioned and checkouts passed
 - •Water shield / Muon veto filled and operational
 - •Experiment is working closely with Sanford Lab personnel who are focused on science mission
- •Dec 2012: Warm Xe gas to perform preliminary checks
 - Internal calibration with 83Kr to check circulation path / data taking
- •Now: Detector Cooldown and Condensation of 370 kg liquid Xe (low ⁸⁵Kr<5 ppt)
 - Authorization to proceed from Lab
- •During 2013
 - Full checkout of all systems cold / circulation to achieve purity (collection of S2 throughout volume)
 - Calibrations to establish detector response at low energy
 - Unblinded ~2 month run to demonstrate dark matter sensitivity
- •Ultimate Science Goal is to take 300 days of live data
 - Expect to continue data-taking/calibration studies until the LZ experiment (7 tonnes) is ready to be installed.
 - •G2 down select DOE/NSF is funding LZ development in 2013, will compete in field downselect end 2013