

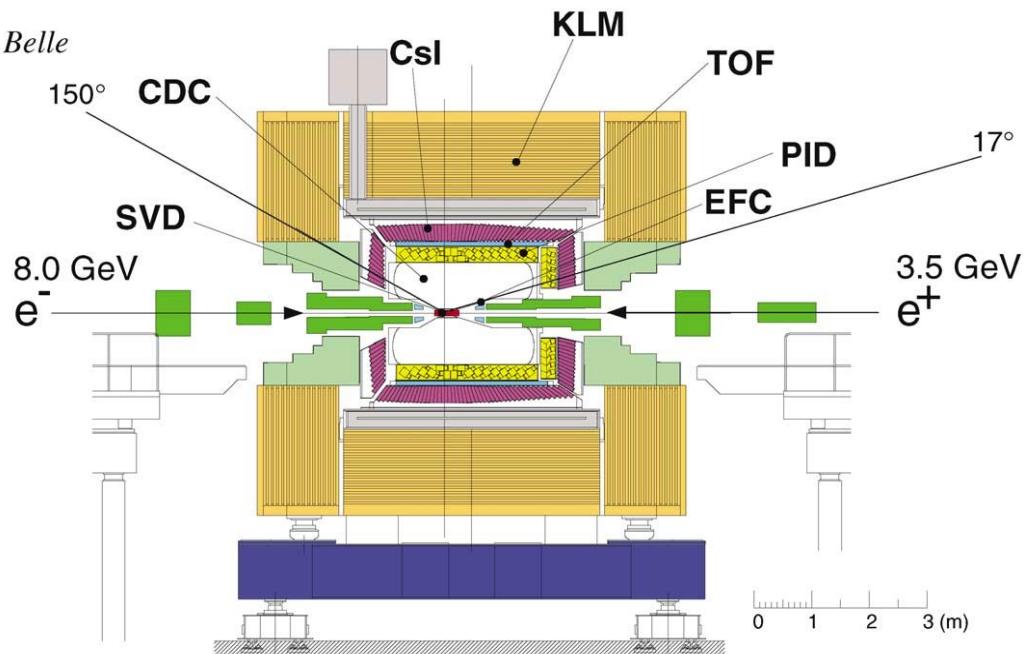
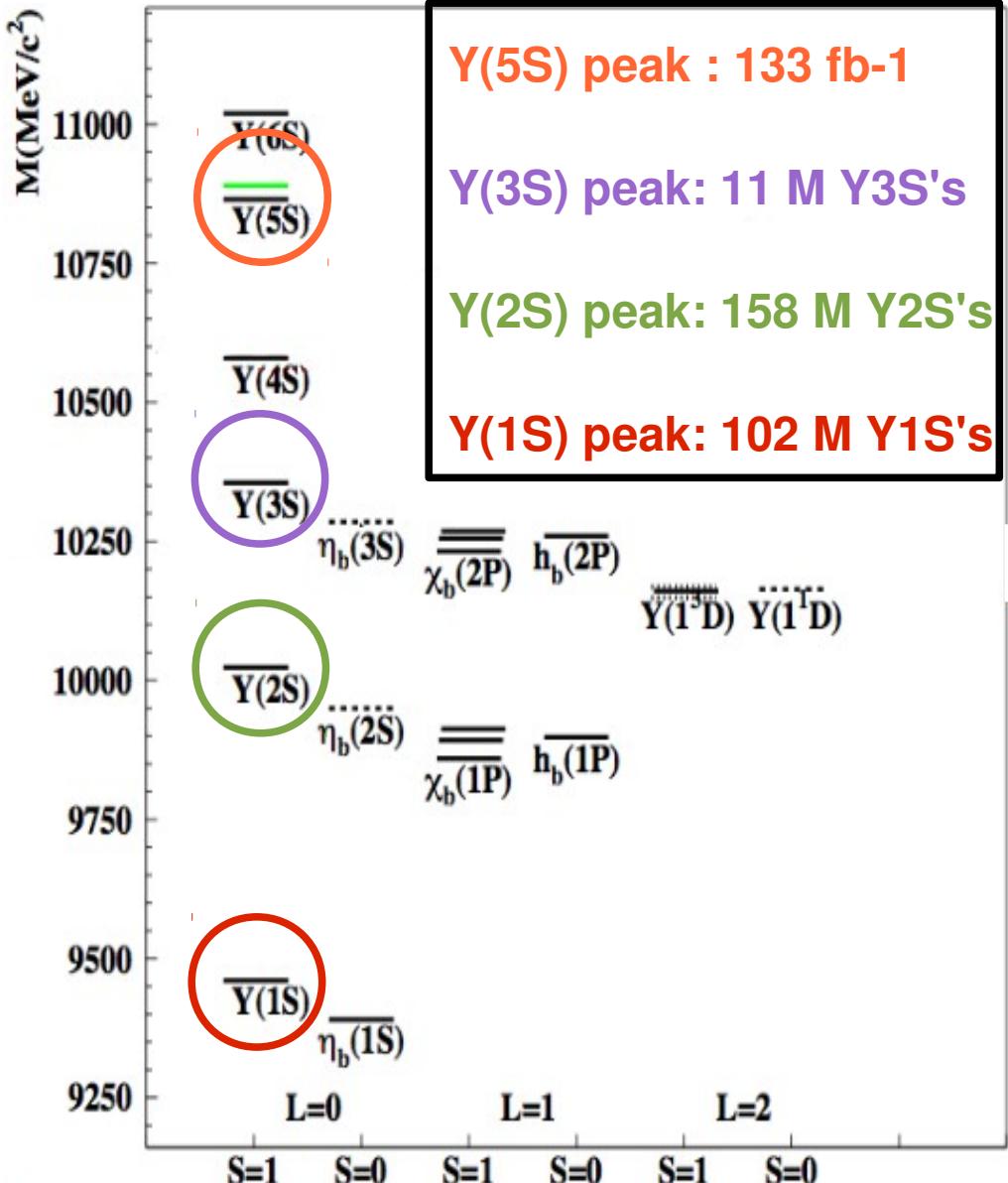
Bottomonium(-like) spectroscopy at Belle

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The Belle experiment



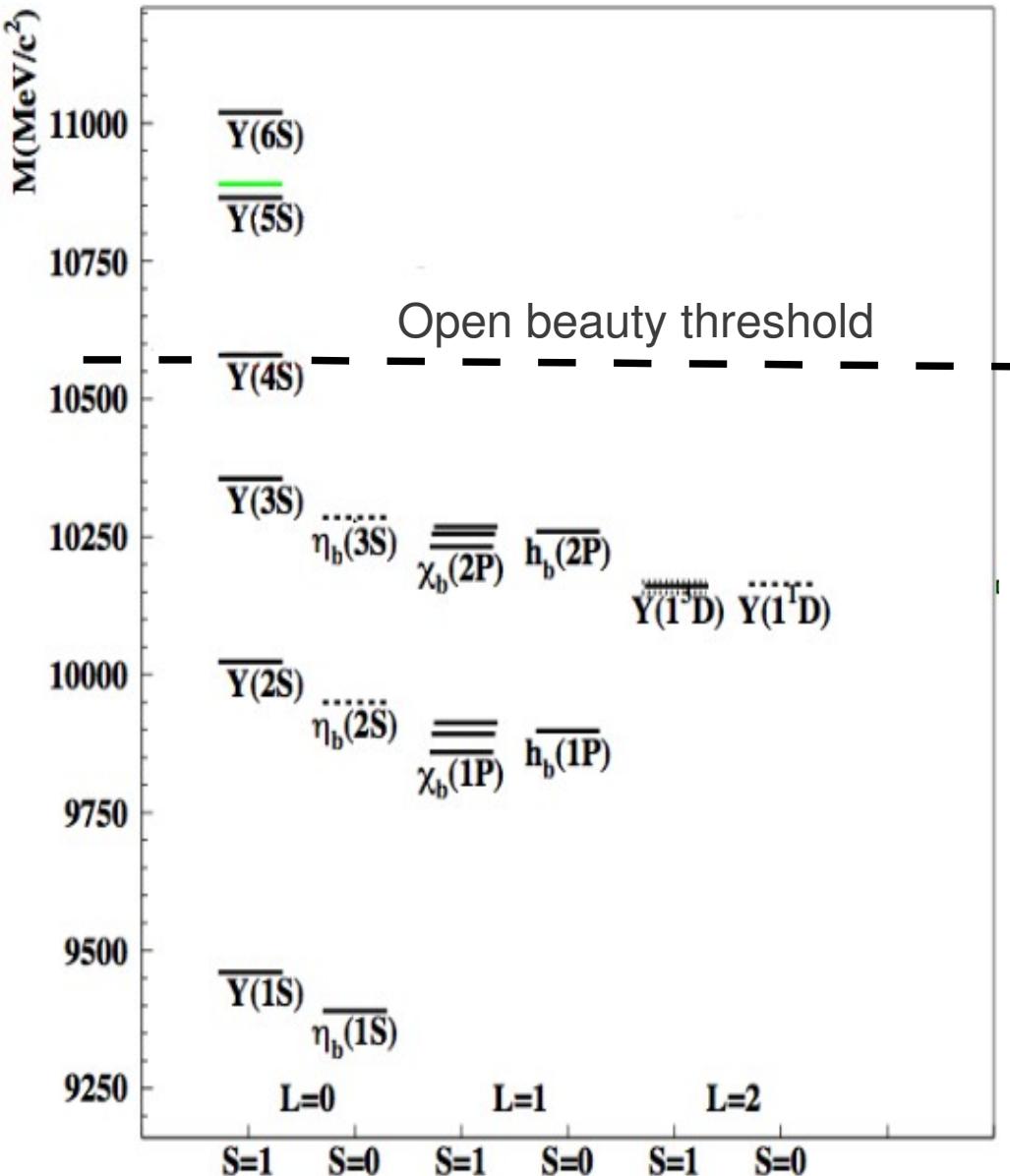
KEKB asymmetric e^+e^- collider @Y(nS) energies

- Study of B mesons (~770 M of BB pairs!)
- World largest samples of Y(1,2,5 S)
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow$ only 1^- states

Complete knowledge of initial state

- Can compute Center-of-mass quantity
- Missing mass

Outline



$\overline{b}b$ bound state

- spectroscopy
- radial excitations, singlets, triplets...

Strong interacting system

- hadronic transitions

b quark is heavy

- (almost) non relativistic system
- Large range of scales in the same system

Lots of models

- Non relativistic QCD
- Potential model
- QCD multipole expansion ...

I - New states

II - Transitions

III - Bottomonium decays

Part I

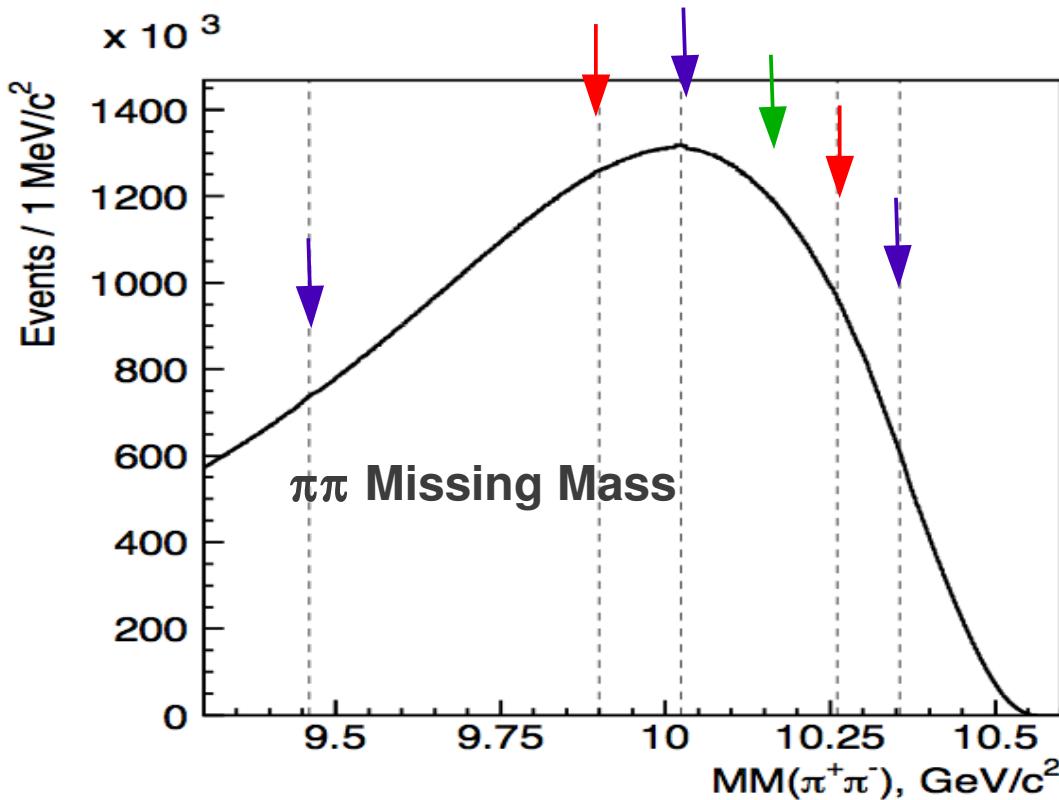
New states from Y(5S)

$h_b(1,2P)$ from $\Upsilon(5S)$

PRL108,032001

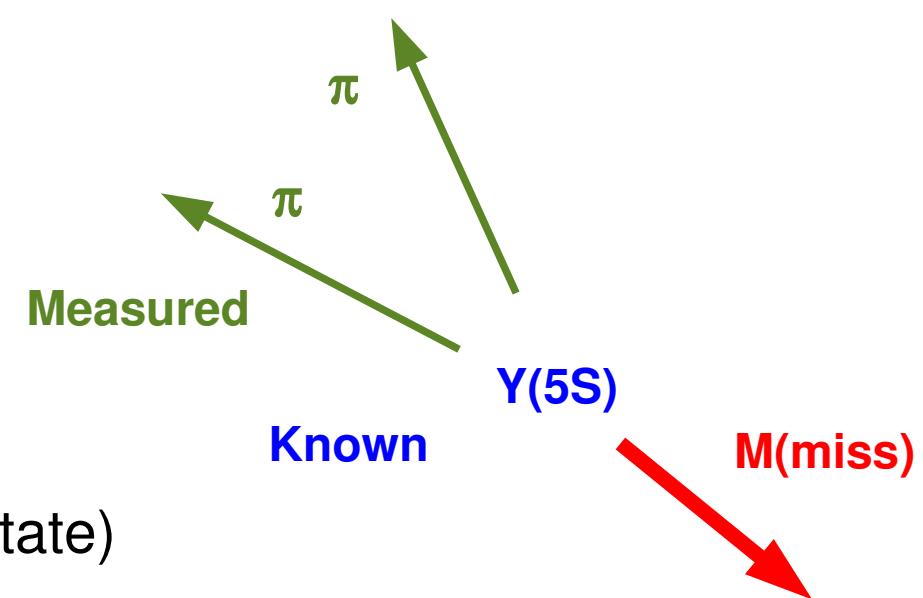
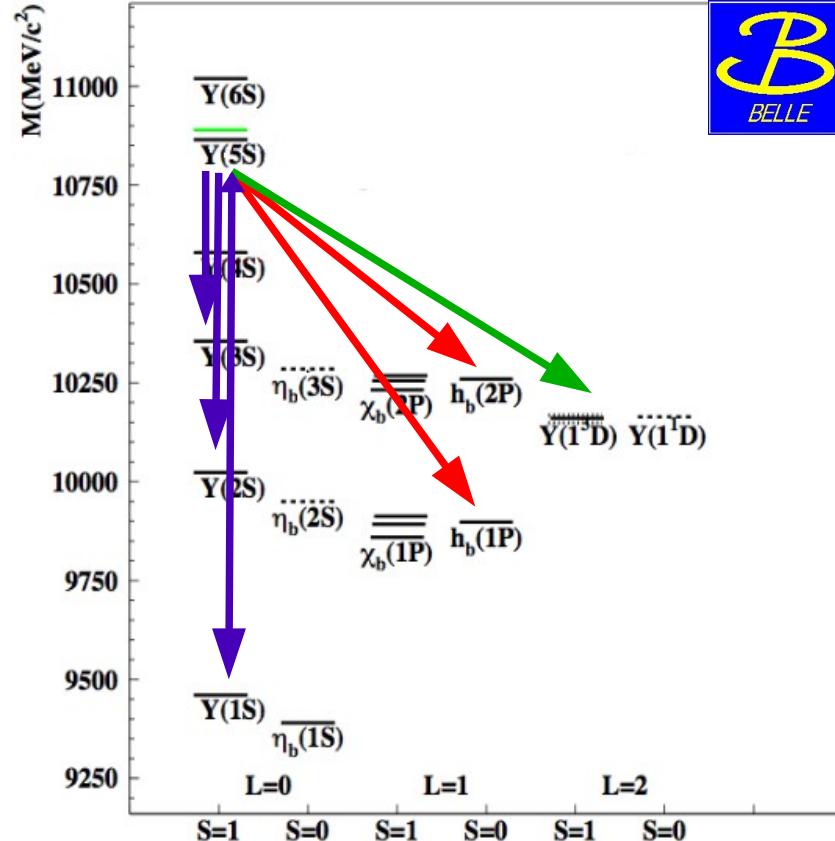


Inclusive search : $e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- + X$
 (inspired by $e^+e^- \rightarrow \psi(4170) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- h_c$ @ Cleo)



$$M(\text{miss}) = (E_{\text{c.m.}} - E_{\pi^+\pi^-}^*)^2 - p_{\pi^+\pi^-}^2$$

In Di-pion transition: $M(\text{miss}) = M(\text{lower state})$

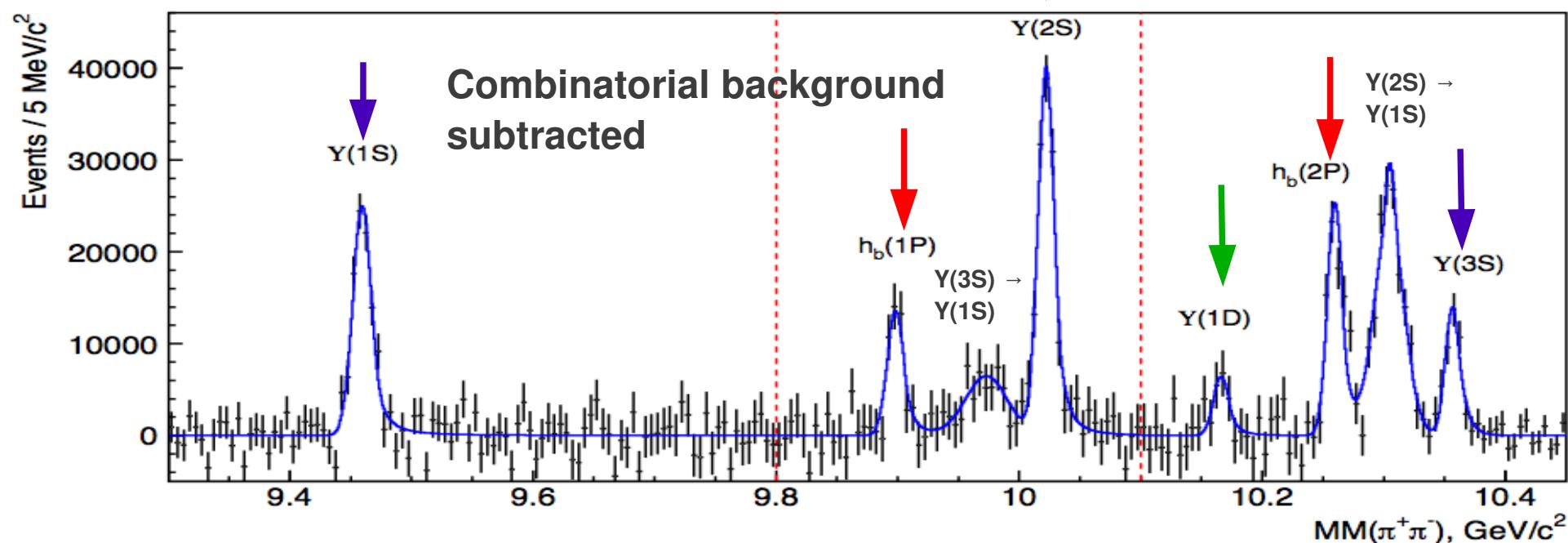
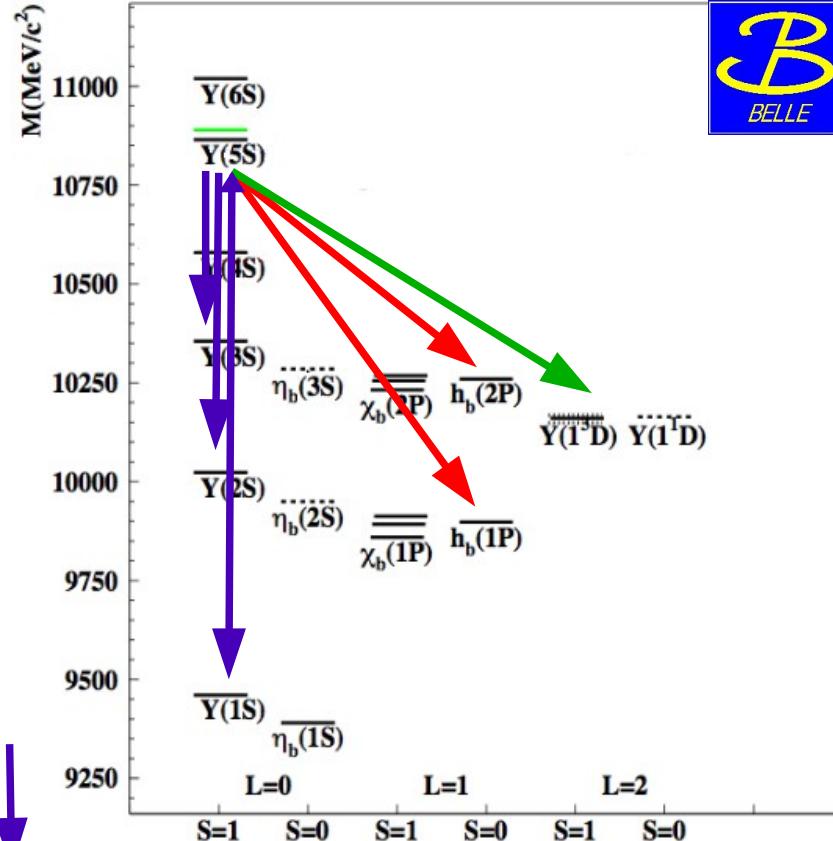


$h_b(1,2P)$ from $\Upsilon(5S)$

PRL108,032001



	Yield, 10^3	Mass, MeV/c^2	Significance
$\Upsilon(1S)$	$105.2 \pm 5.8 \pm 3.0$	$9459.4 \pm 0.5 \pm 1.0$	18.2σ
$h_b(1P)$	$50.4 \pm 7.8^{+4.5}_{-9.1}$	$9898.3 \pm 1.1^{+1.0}_{-1.1}$	6.2σ
$3S \rightarrow 1S$	56 ± 19	9973.01	2.9σ
$\Upsilon(2S)$	$143.5 \pm 8.7 \pm 6.8$	$10022.3 \pm 0.4 \pm 1.0$	16.6σ
$\Upsilon(1D)$	22.0 ± 7.8	10166.2 ± 2.6	2.4σ
$h_b(2P)$	$84.4 \pm 6.8^{+23.}_{-10.}$	$10259.8 \pm 0.6^{+1.4}_{-1.0}$	12.4σ
$2S \rightarrow 1S$	$151.7 \pm 9.7^{+9.0}_{-20.}$	$10304.6 \pm 0.6 \pm 1.0$	15.7σ
$\Upsilon(3S)$	$45.6 \pm 5.2 \pm 5.1$	$10356.7 \pm 0.9 \pm 1.1$	8.5σ



$h_b(1,2P)$ from $\Upsilon(5S)$

PRL108,032001

$h_b(nP)$ is the singlet partner of $\chi(nP)$

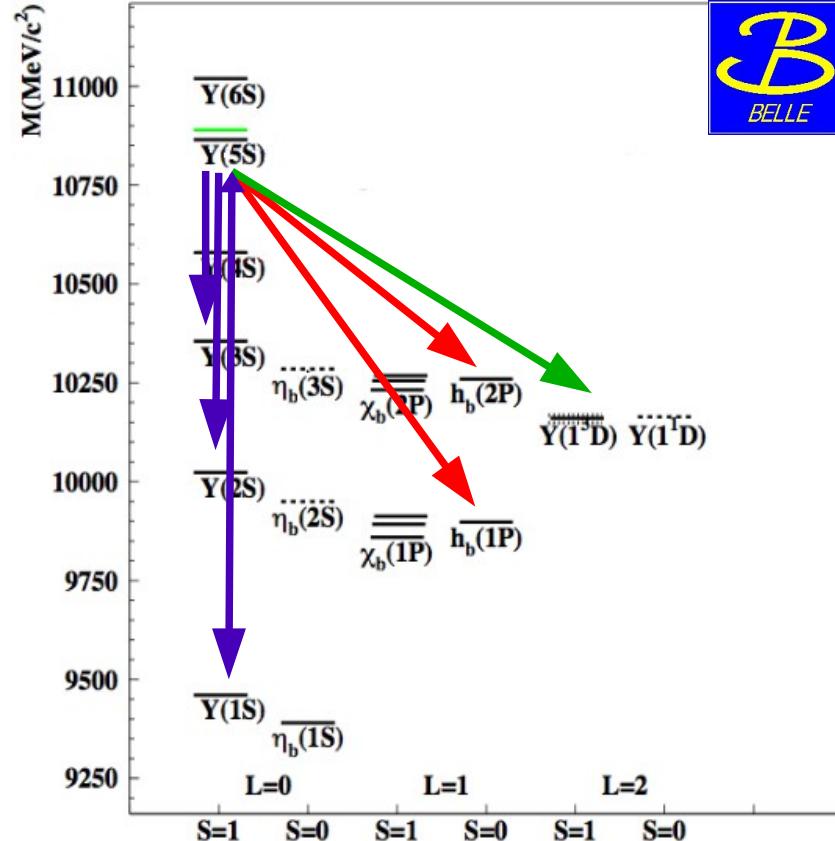
Hyperfine Splitting: $M(\text{singlet}) - M(\text{triplet})$

$$\Delta M_{HF}(nP) = M(h_b(nP)) - M_{AVG}(\chi(nP))$$

$$M_{AVG}(\chi(1P)) = (M\chi_{b0} + 3 M\chi_{b1} + 5 M\chi_{b2}) / 9$$

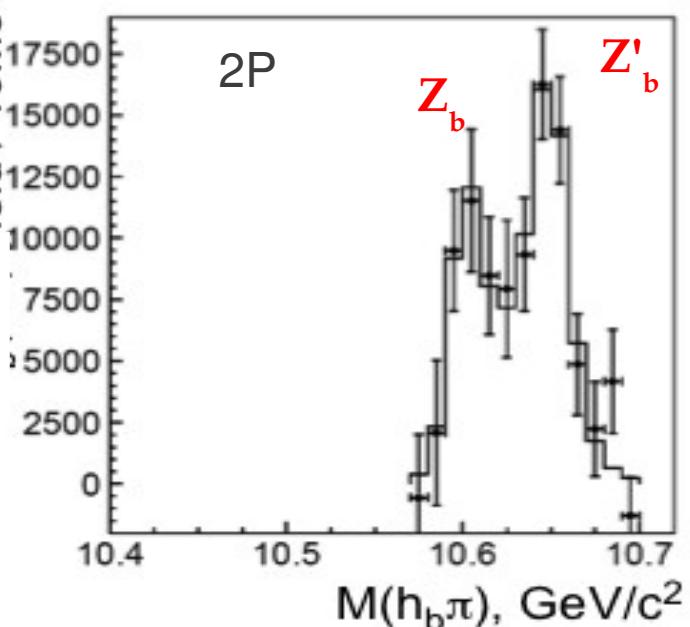
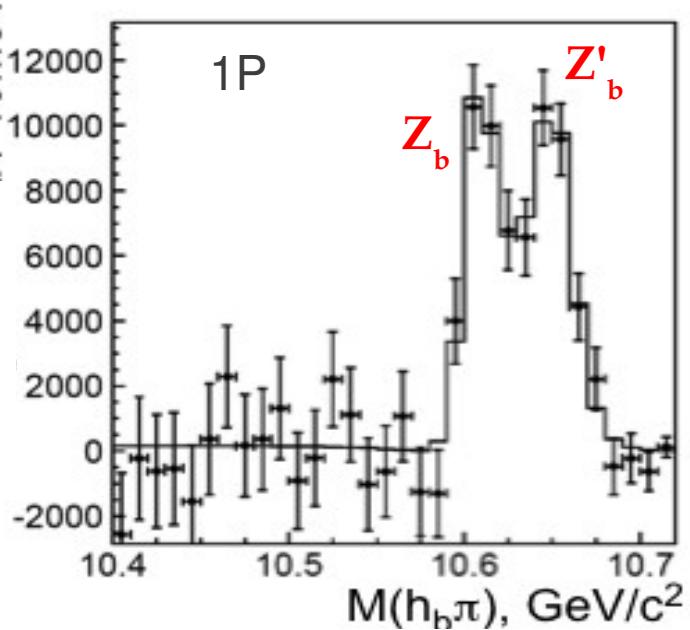
Spin-averaged mass

$\Delta M_{HF}(1P) = 0.8 \pm 1.1$ MeV/c² Precise measurement
Study
 $\Delta M_{HF}(2P) = 0.5 \pm 1.2$ MeV/c² of spin effects in QCD



$\pi h_b(1,2P)$ mass: Z_b

PRL108,122001

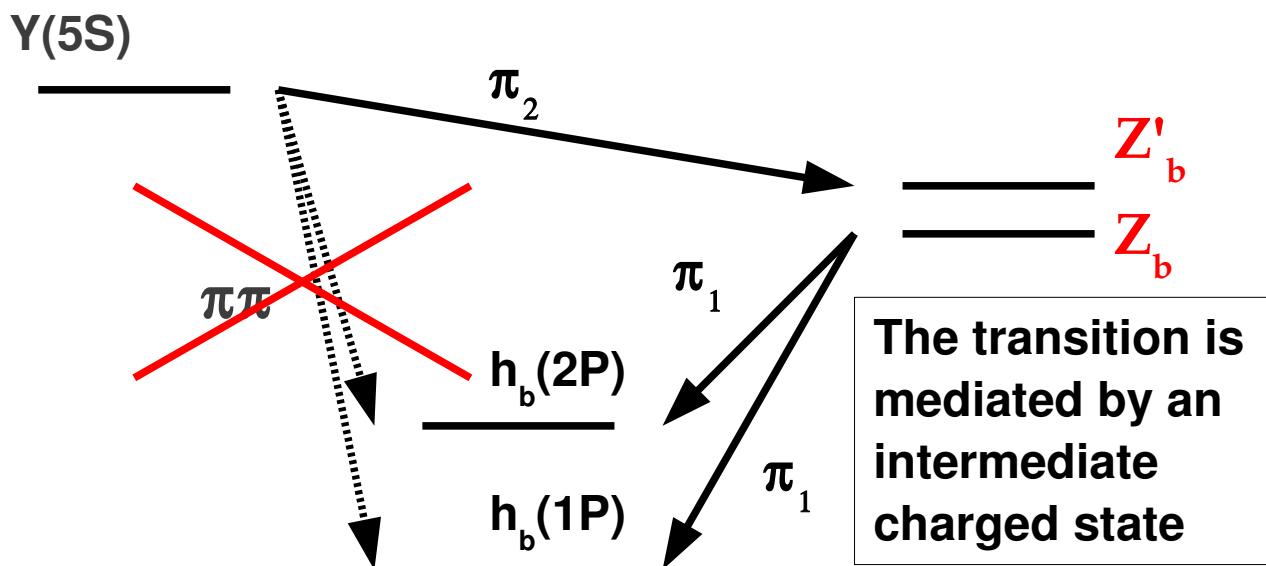


The heavy quark spin flip is predicted to suppress the $\pi\pi h_b$ transition

$$\frac{\Gamma[\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow h_b(nP) \pi^+ \pi^-]}{\Gamma[\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(2S) \pi^+ \pi^-]} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0.46 \pm 0.08^{+0.07}_{-0.12} \\ 0.77 \pm 0.08^{+0.22}_{-0.17} \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} \text{for } h_b(1P) \\ \text{for } h_b(2P) \end{array}$$

No suppression

Intermediate state? Look at h_b yield in bins of $M(\pi_1 h_b)$
(Missing mass from π_2)



Z_b in $\Upsilon(nS)$ final states

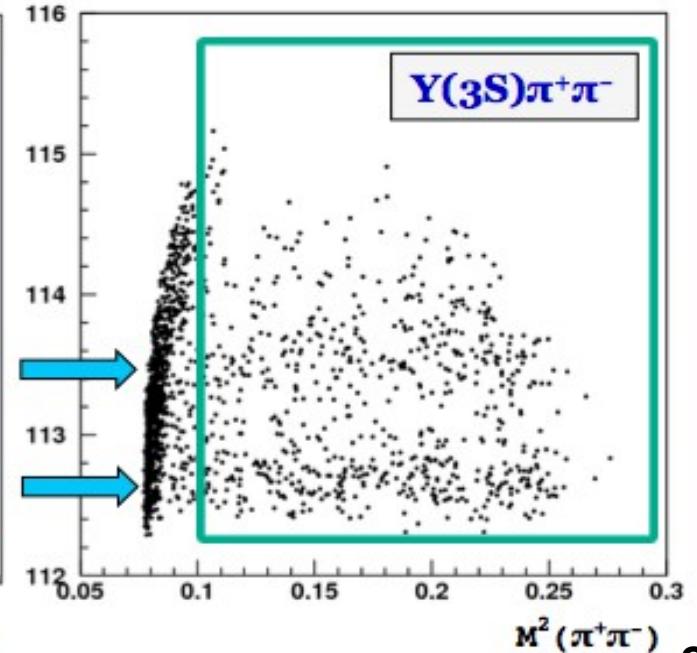
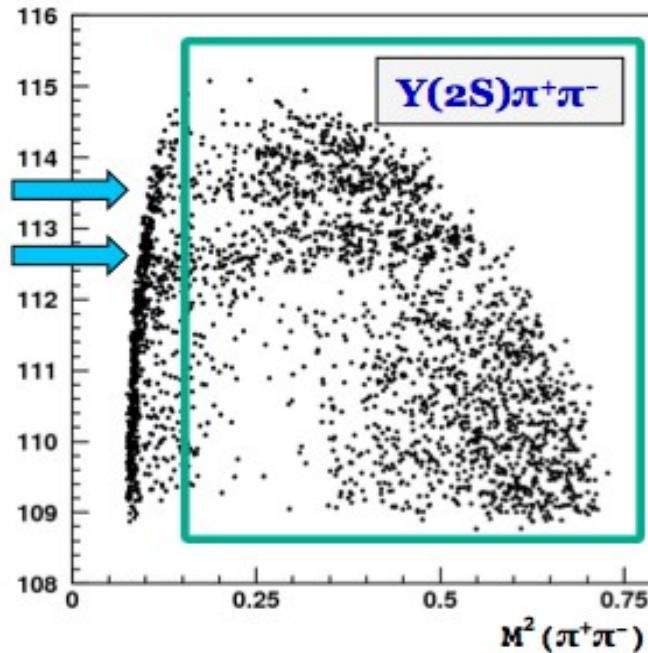
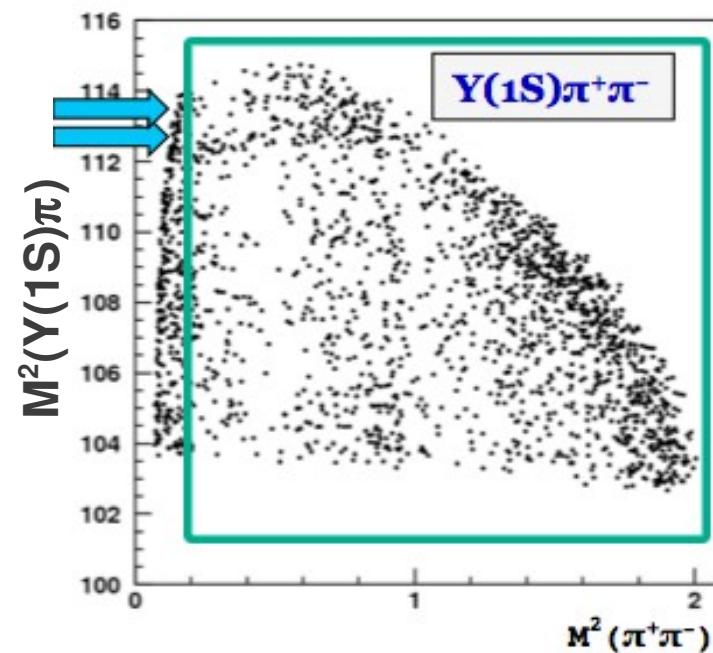
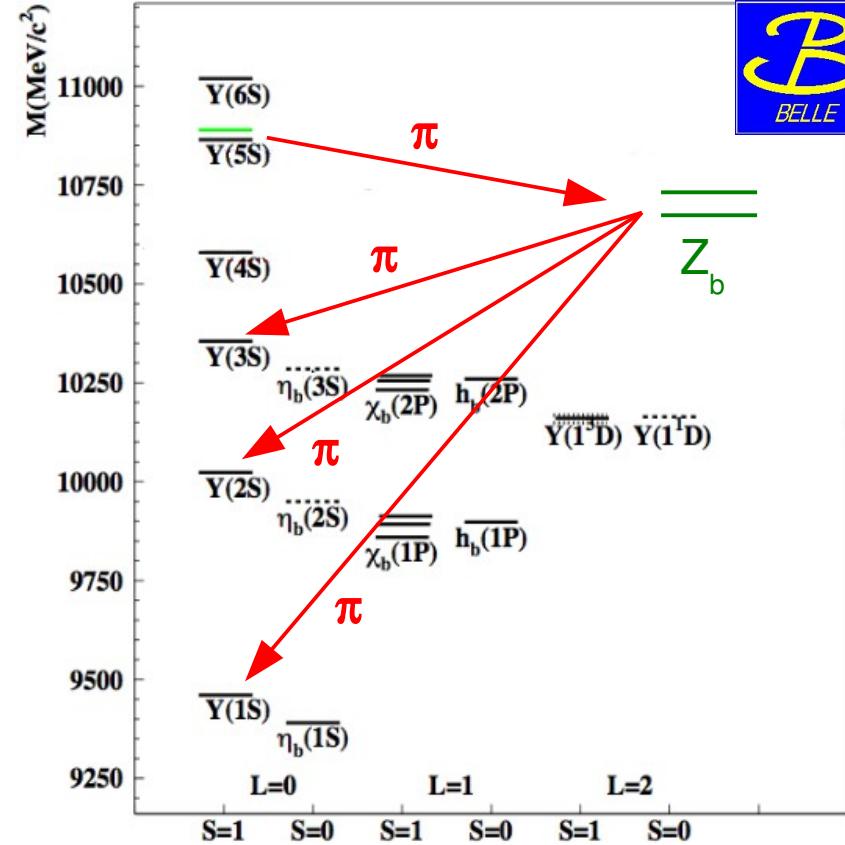
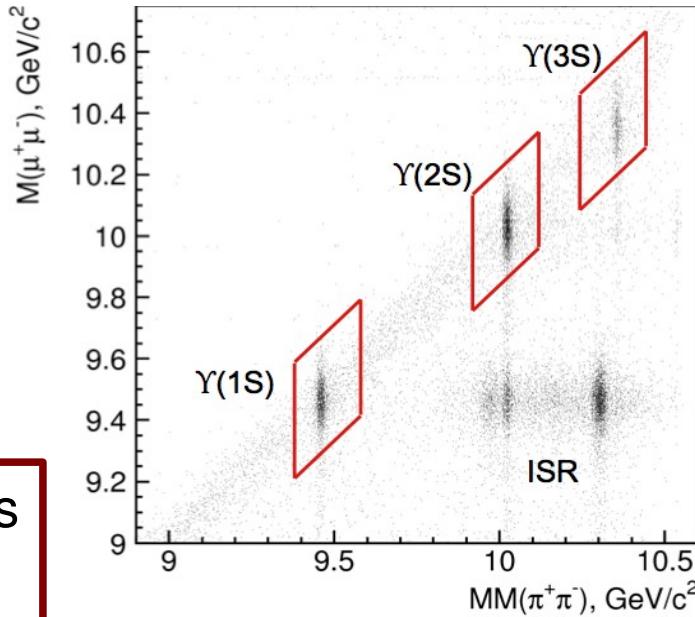


PRL108,122001

$$\Upsilon(nS) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$

- Clean final state
- Pure $\Upsilon(nS)$ sample
- $\pi^+ \pi^-$ recoil tag

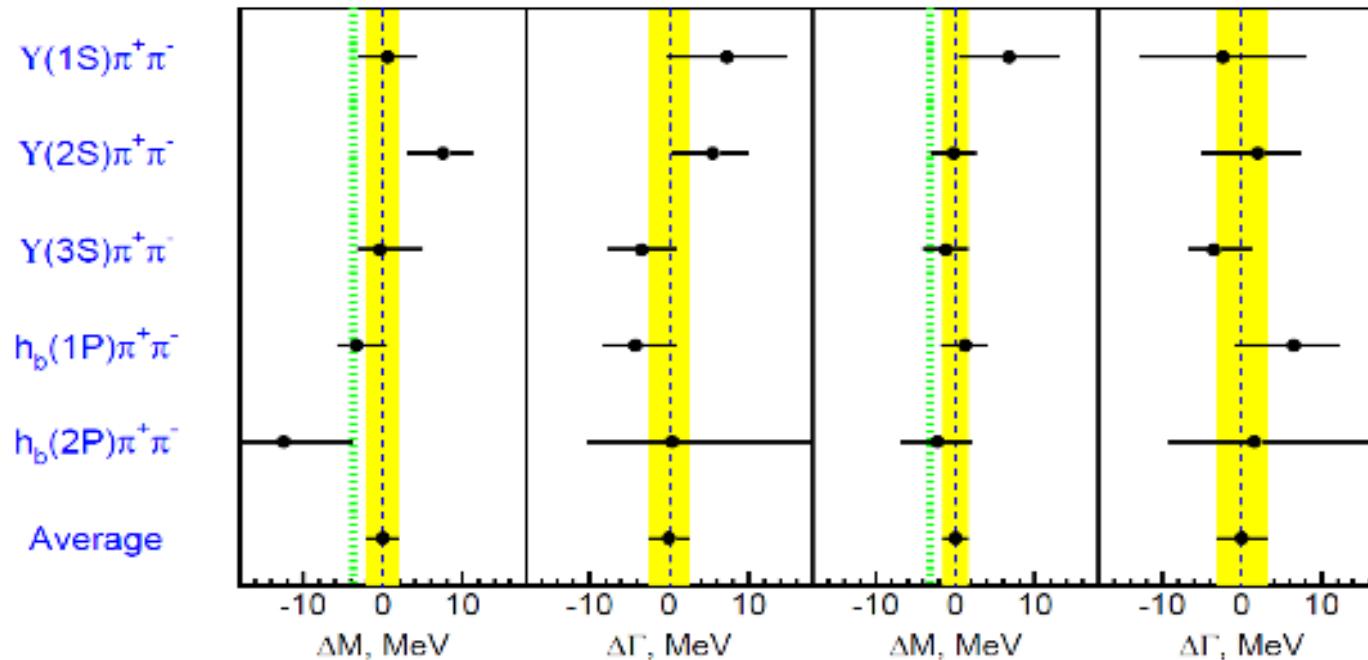
3 other observations
of Z_b 's !



Z_b Summary



PRL108,122001



Mass and Γ measured in 5 different final states agree

Angular analysis suggests $J^P = 1^+$

$Z_b(10610)$

$M = 10608 \pm 2.0$ MeV

$\Gamma = 15.6 \pm 2.5$ MeV

$Z_b(10650)$

$M = 10653 \pm 1.5$ MeV

$\Gamma = 14.4 \pm 3.2$ MeV

The Di Pion transitions from the $Y(5S)$ proceed via the intermediate charged state Z_b

The transition does not imply spin flip

Masses are close to B^*B and B^*B^* thresholds
Molecules?

The $Y(5S)$ is an unexpected source of h_b

$h_b(1P,2P) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b(1S,2S)$

arXiv:1205.6351

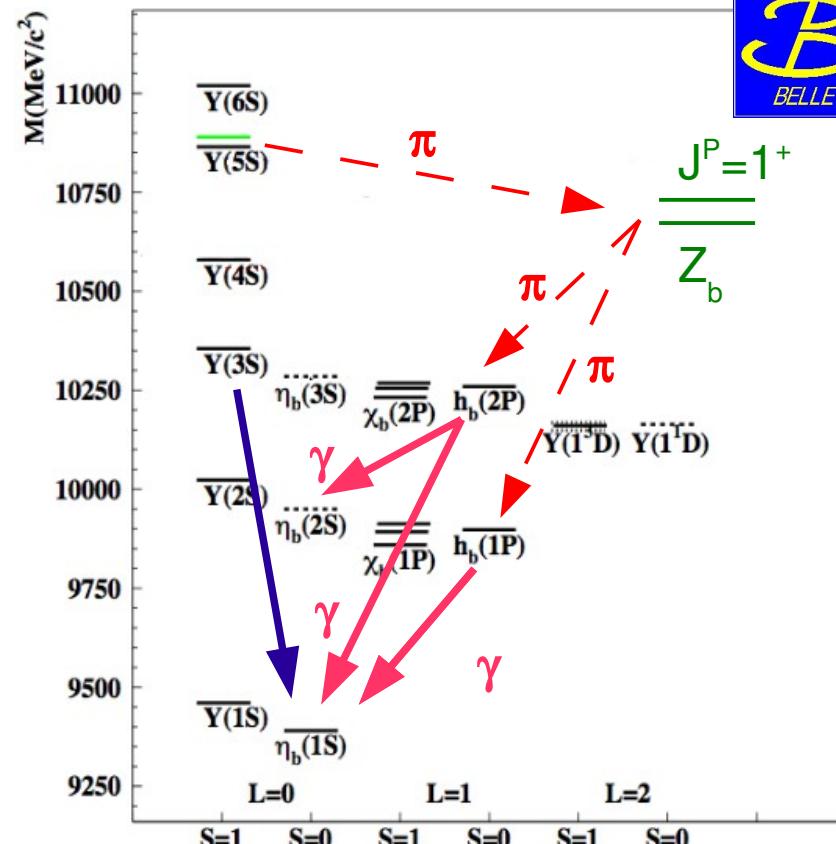
$h_b(1,2P)$ is predicted to have large BF
for radiative decays to η_b

$$BF[h_b(1P) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b(1S)] = 41\%$$

$$BF[h_b(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b(1S)] = 13\%$$

$$BF[h_b(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b(2S)] = 19\%$$

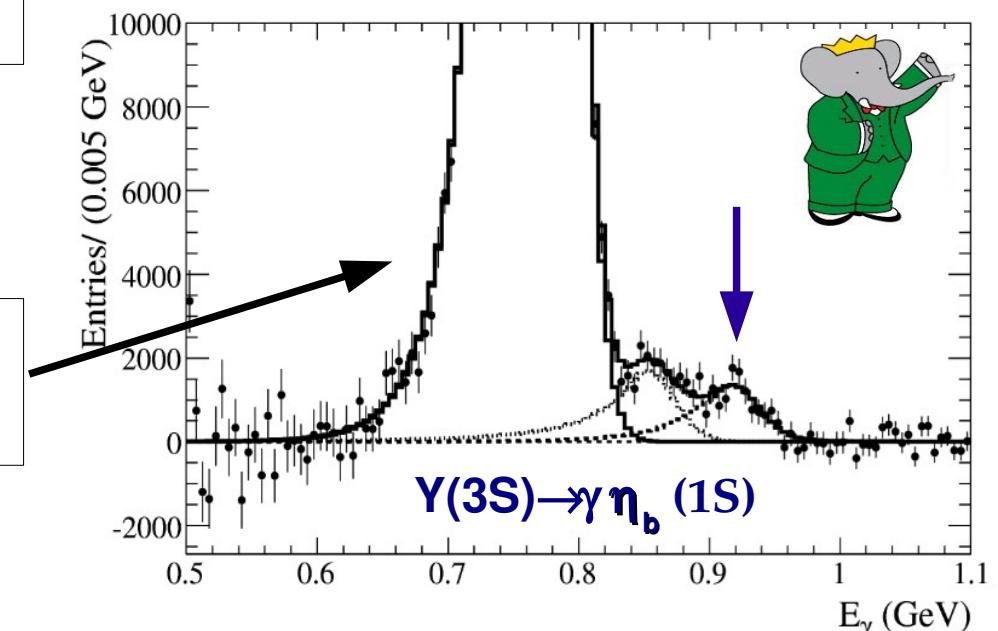
O(10^4) larger
than in the $Y(nS)$
system



Clean experimental signature with the
 $h_b(1,2P)$ and Z_b tagging

Means

Less background than in the inclusive
searches from $Y(2,3S)$

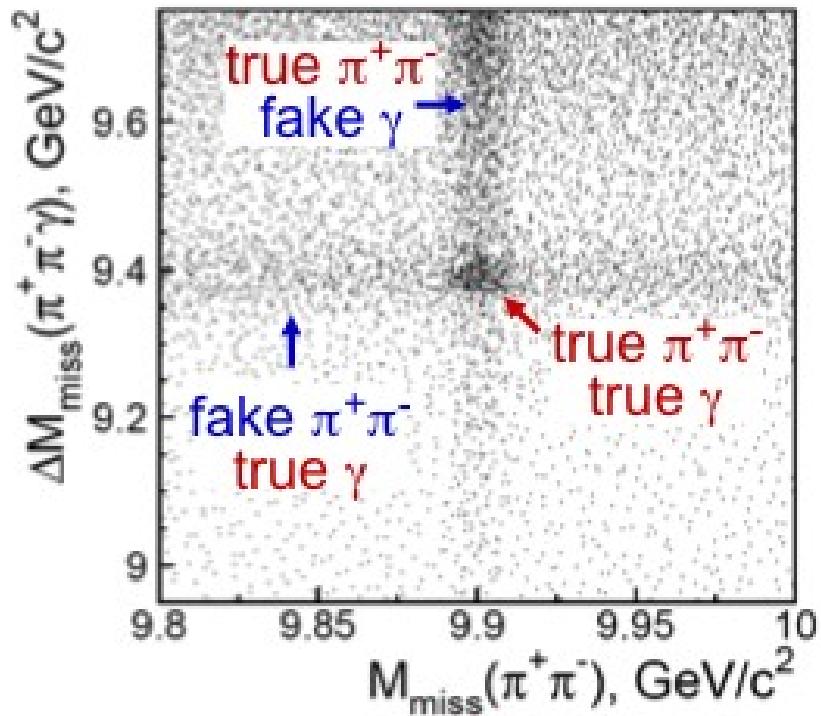


Search for the η_b (1,2S)



arXiv:1205.6351

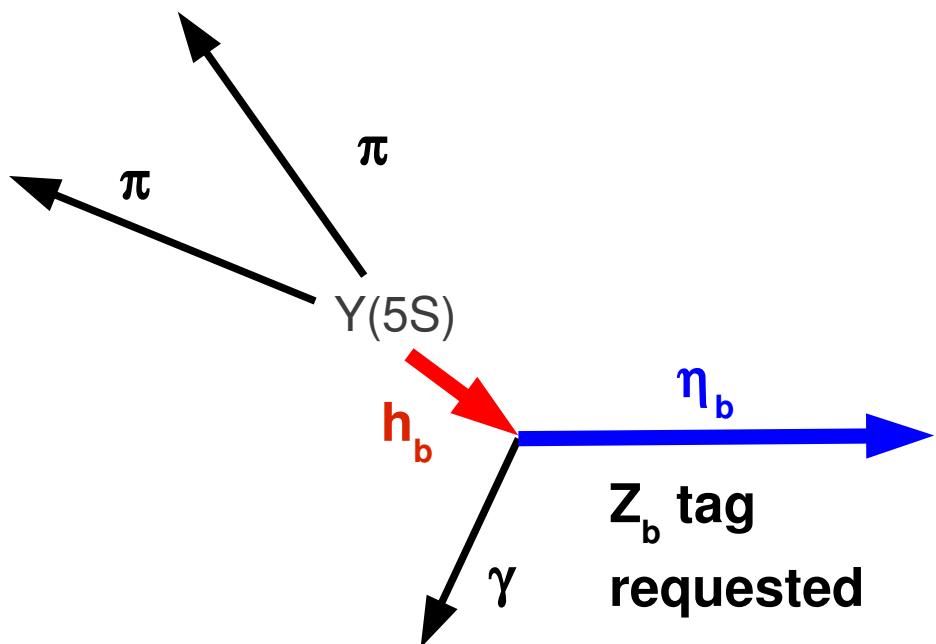
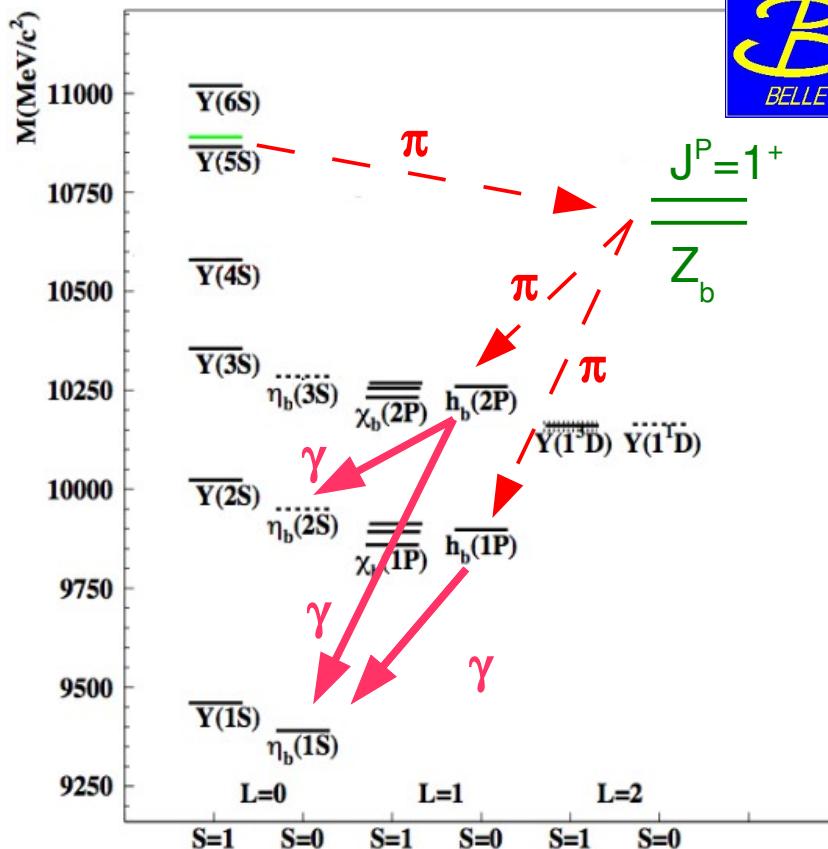
MC simulation



h_b not reconstructed \rightarrow

Missing mass analysis:

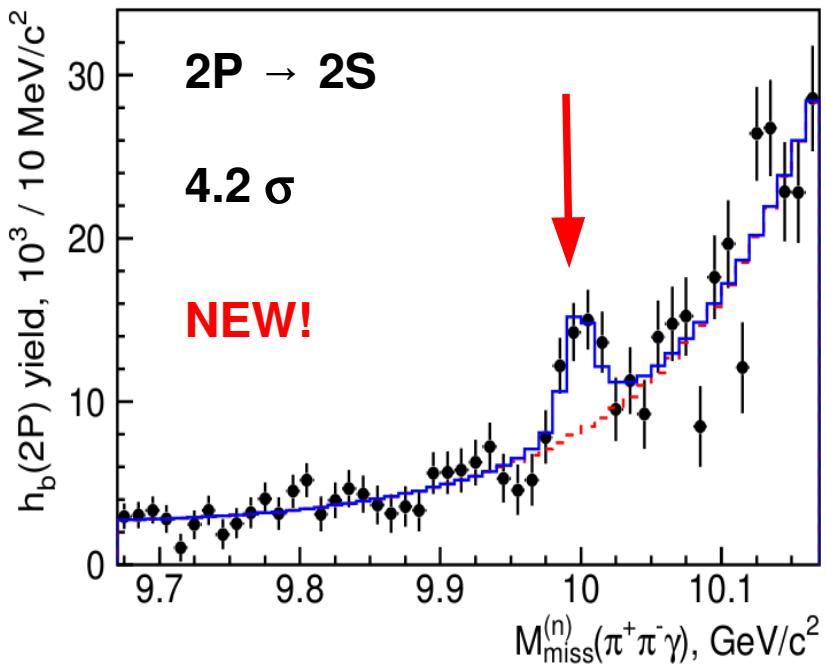
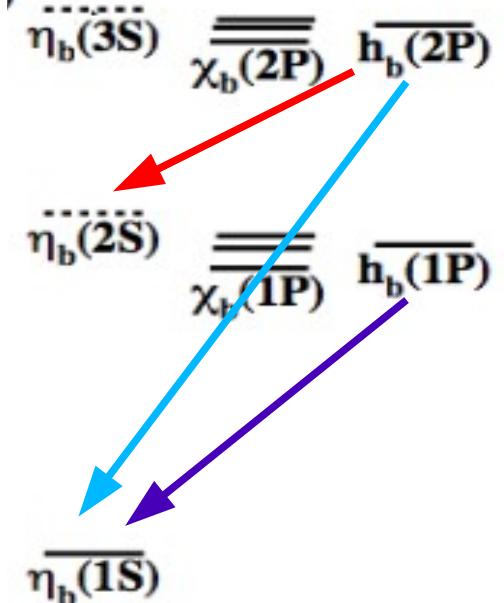
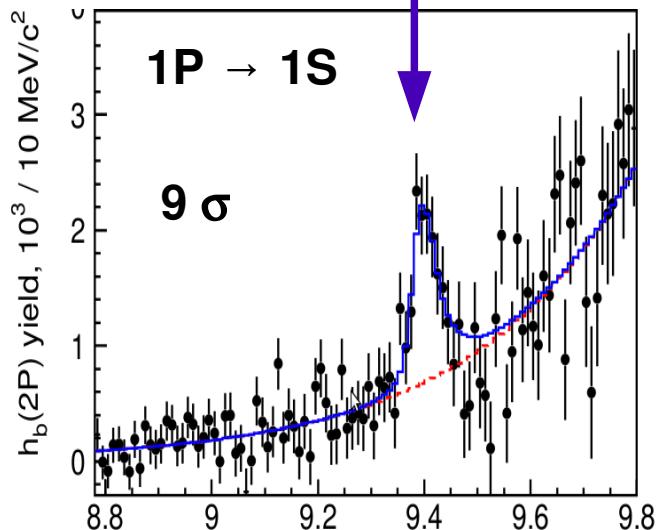
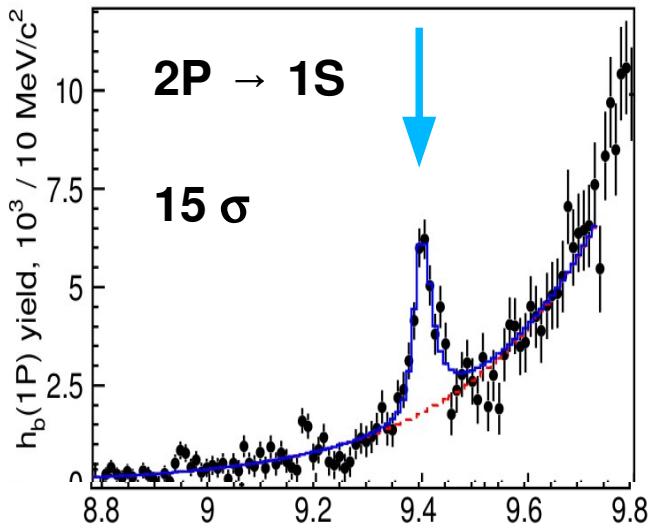
$$\Delta M_{\text{miss}}(\pi^+\pi^-\gamma) = M_{\text{miss}}(\pi^+\pi^-\gamma) - M_{\text{miss}}(\pi^+\pi^-) + M(h_b)$$



Search for the η_b (1,2S)



arXiv:1205.6351



$$M[\eta_b(1S)] = (9402.4 \pm 1.5 \pm 1.8) \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma[\eta_b(1S)] = (10.8 +4.0 -3.7 +4.5 -2.0) \text{ MeV}$$

$$B[h_b(1S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b(1S)] = 49.2 \pm 5.7 \%$$

$$B[h_b(1S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b(2S)] = 22.3 \pm 3.8 \%$$

$$M[\eta_b(2S)] = (9999.0 \pm 3.5 +2.8 -1.9) \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma[\eta_b(2S)] < 24 \text{ MeV}$$

$$B[h_b(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b(2S)] = 47.1 \pm 10.5 \%$$

Hyperfine splitting in 1S and 2S

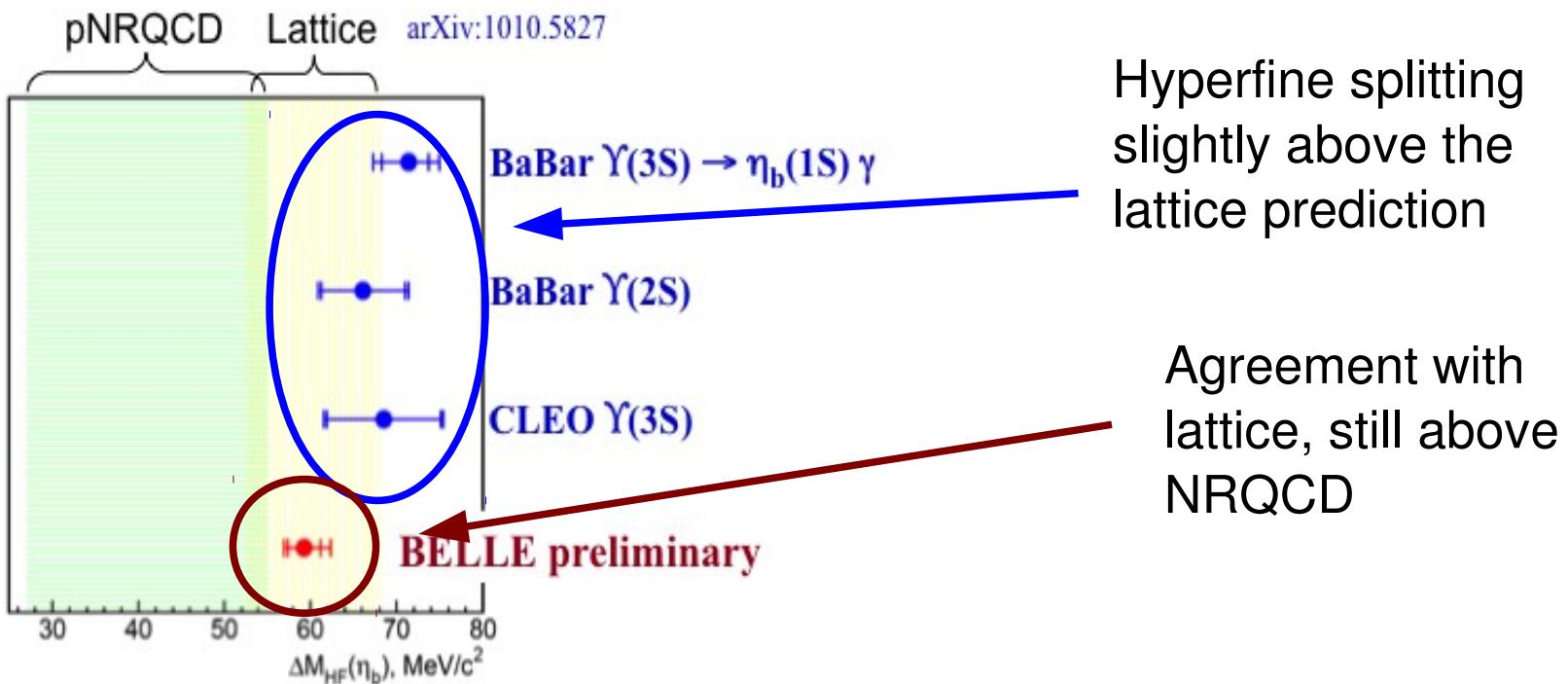
arXiv:1205.6351

1S hyperfine splitting was measured by CLEO and BaBar to be higher than theoretical predictions.

$$\Delta M_{HF}(\eta_b) = M(\eta_b) - M(Y(1S))$$

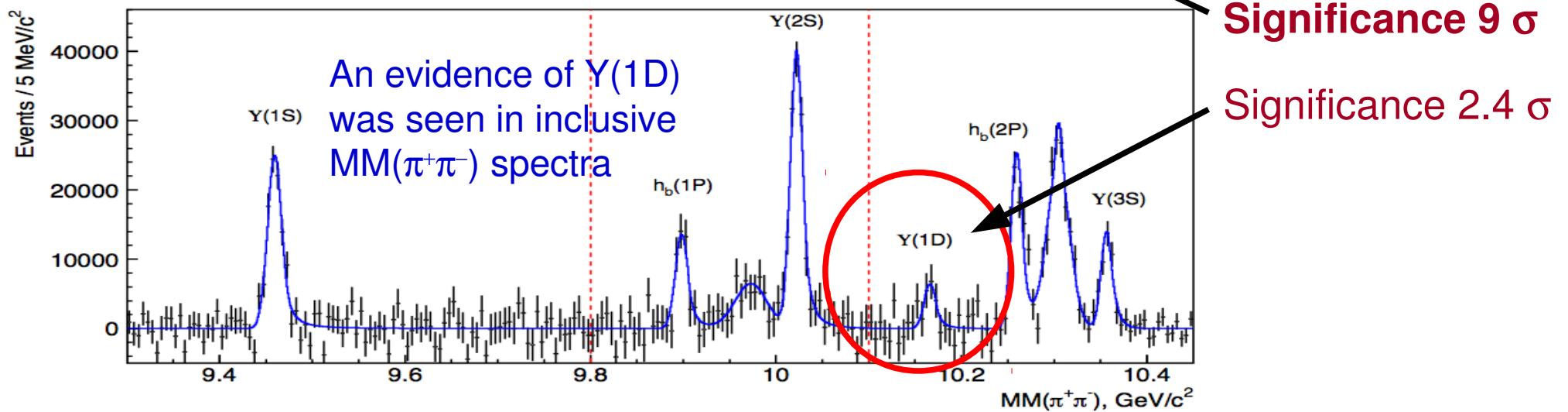
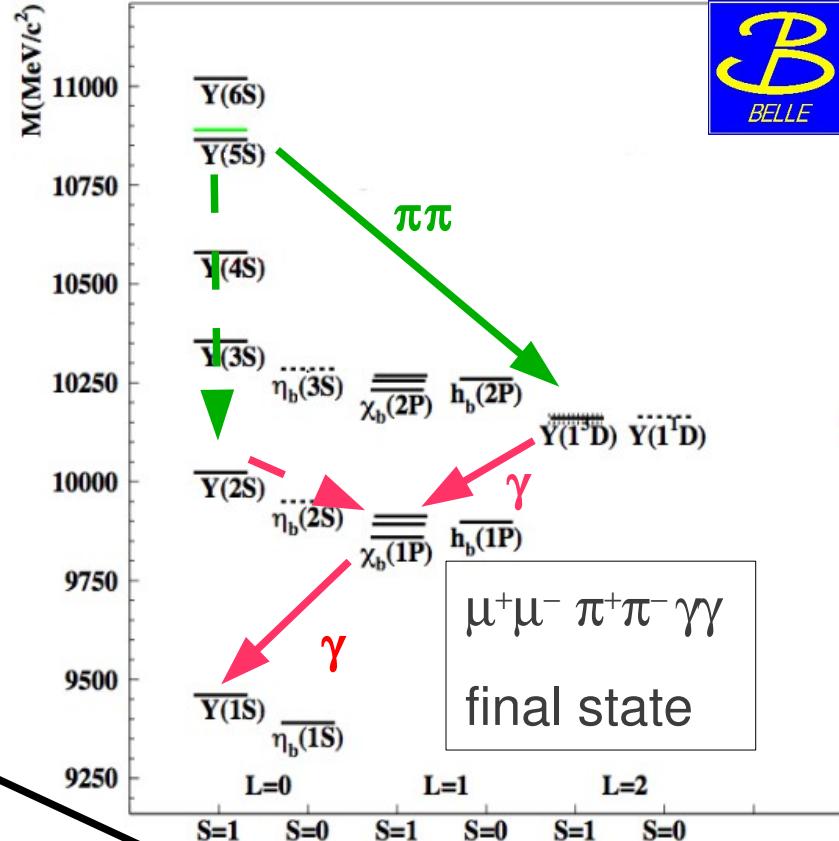
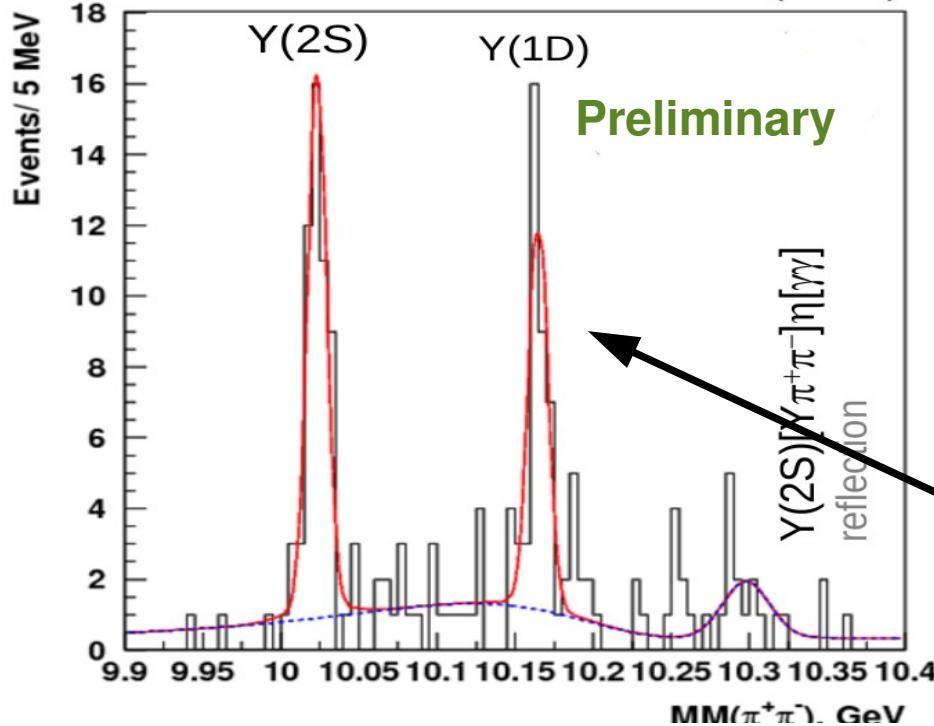
Belle measured a lower value with increased precision:

$$\Delta M_{HF}(1S) = 57.9 \pm 2.3 \text{ MeV}$$



First 2S measurement: $\Delta M_{HF}(2S) = 23.4^{+4.0}_{-4.5} \text{ MeV}$ Agreement with theory

$\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1D)\pi^+\pi^-$



$$\mathcal{B}[\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1D)\pi^+\pi^-] \mathcal{B}[\Upsilon(1D) \rightarrow \chi_b(1P)\gamma \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\gamma\gamma] = (2.0 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-4} \quad \text{Preliminary}$$

Part II

Transitions with η meson

$Y(nS) \rightarrow \eta Y(mS)$

$Y(nS) \rightarrow \pi \pi Y(mS)$

E1E1 transition

No Spin Flip

$Y(nS) \rightarrow \eta, \pi^0 Y(mS)$

E1M2 transition

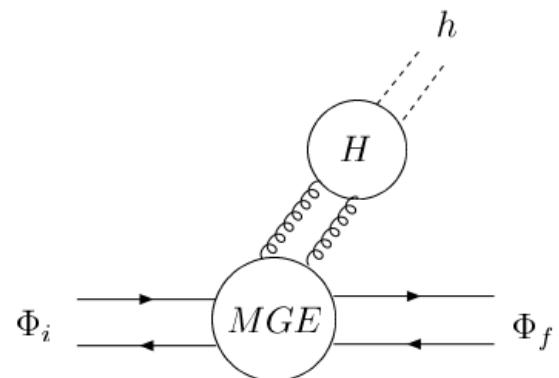
Spin Flip

The η transition is predicted to be suppressed with respect to the di pion one

The η transition requires a spin flip

QCD multipole expansion:
spin flip amplitude
proportional to $(m_b)^{-2}$

Kuang Front.Phys.China 1, 19 (2006)



$BF(2S \rightarrow 1S) = 2.1 \times 10^{-4}$ [CLEO], 2.39×10^{-4} [BaBar]

$\sim 8 \times 10^{-4}$ [Theory]

$BF(3S \rightarrow 1S) < 1 \times 10^{-4}$ [BaBar],

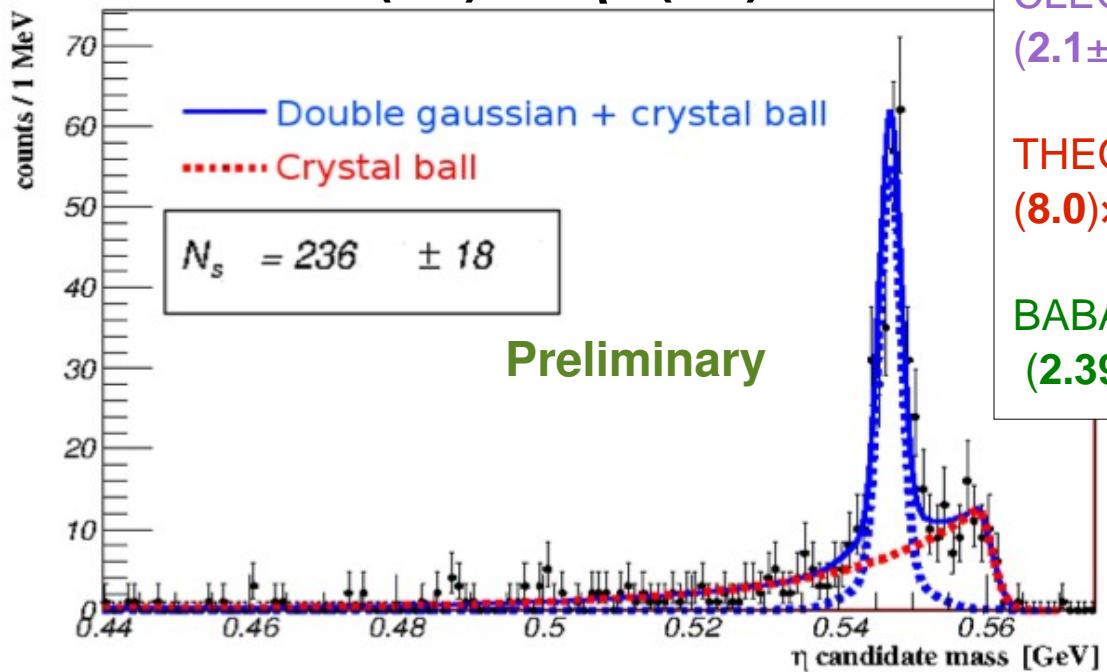
$\sim 6 \times 10^{-4}$ [Theory]

$BF(4S \rightarrow 1S) = 1.96 \times 10^{-4}$ [BaBar]

Orders of magnitude higher (2.5x $\pi\pi$ transition)

$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \eta, \pi^0 \Upsilon(1S)$

$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \eta \Upsilon(1S)$



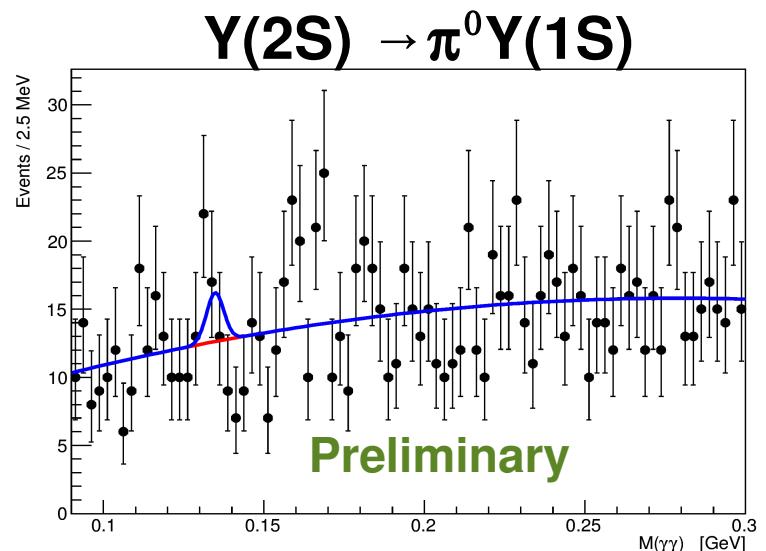
CLEO: (PRL101:192001,2008)
 $(2.1 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-4}$

THEORY:
 $(8.0) \times 10^{-4}$

BABAR: (PRD 84, 092003)
 $(2.39 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-4}$

- Blind analysis
- Exclusive reconstruction:
 $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu\mu$ or $e\bar{e}$
 $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
 $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ or $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$

Higher than the other measurements, still 1/2 of th. prediction



$$B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \eta \Upsilon(1S)) = (3.41 \pm 0.28(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.35(\text{syst.})) \times 10^{-4} \quad \text{Preliminary}$$

$$B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \pi \Upsilon(1S)) < 0.43 \times 10^{-4} \text{ (90% CL)} \quad \text{Preliminary}$$

Normalization sample
 $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \Upsilon(1S)$

$\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \eta \ Upsilon(1,2S)$



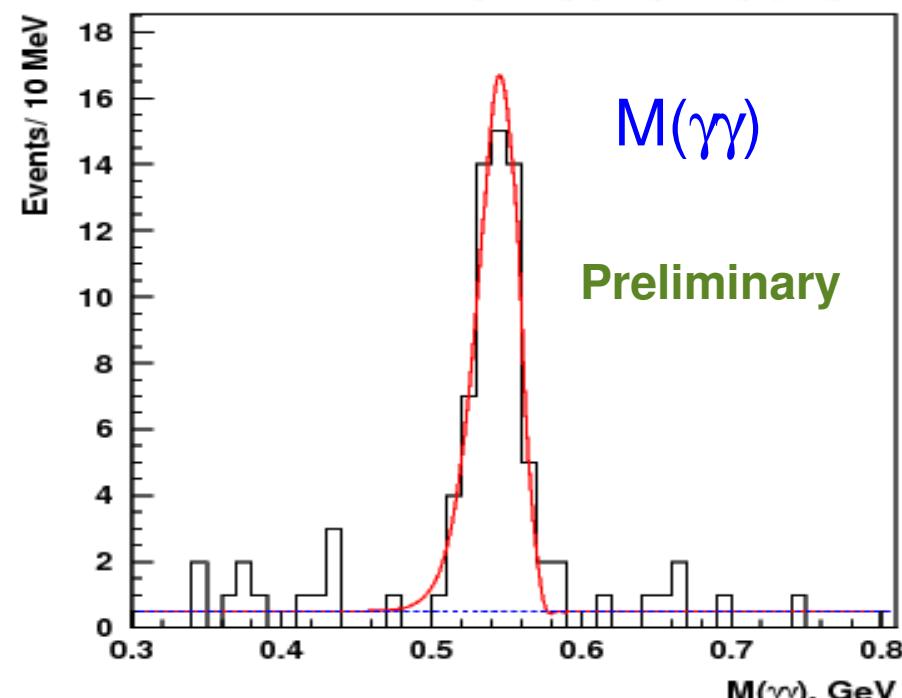
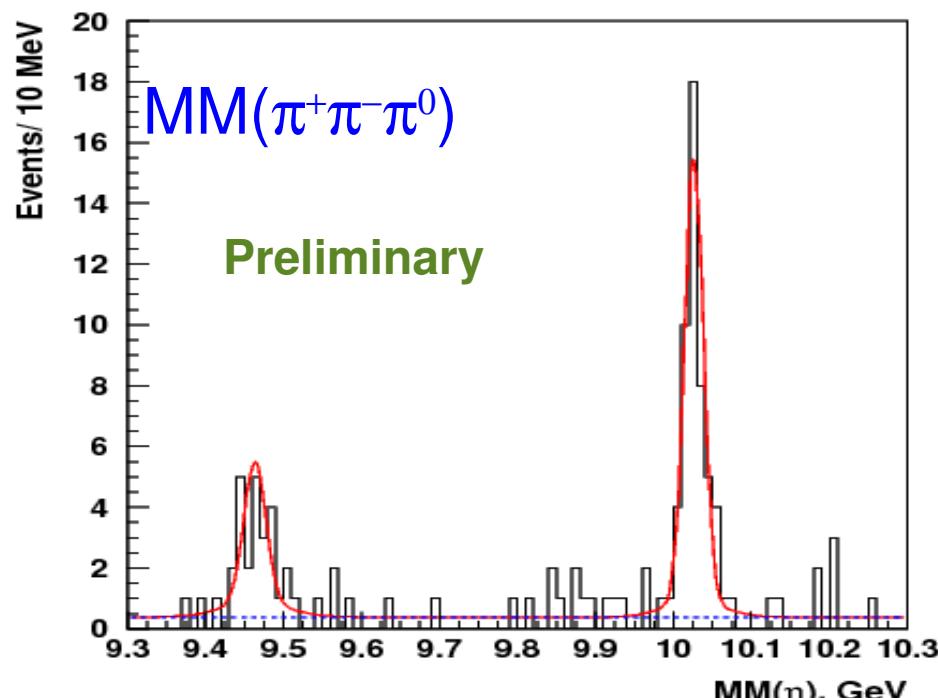
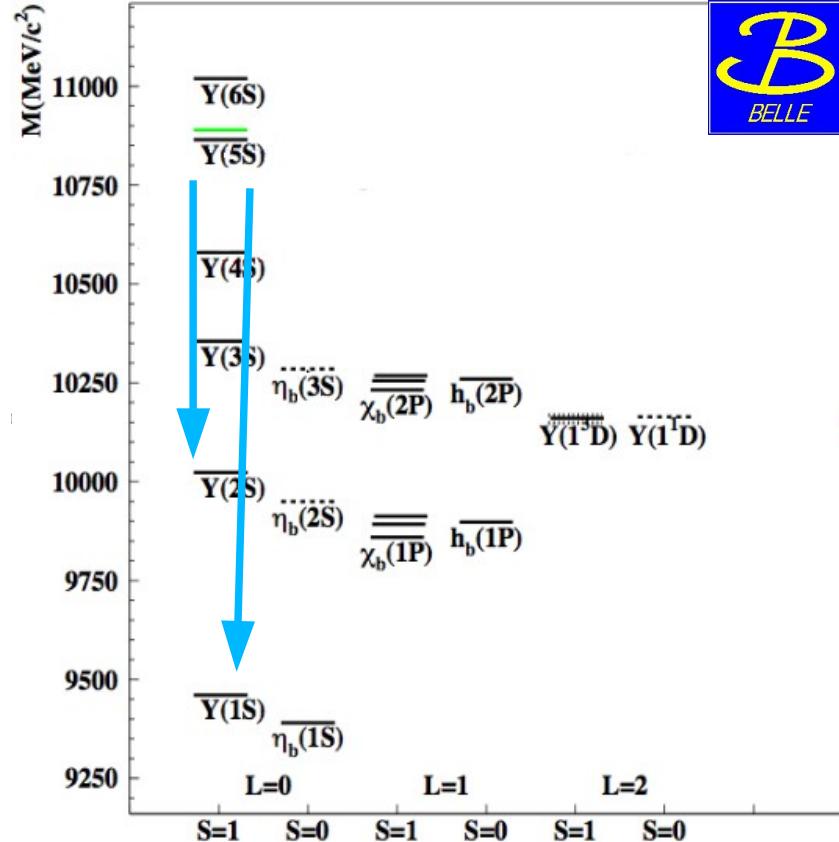
Exclusive
reconstruction

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Upsilon(1,2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- + \eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \\ \Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \pi^+ \pi^- + \eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \end{array} \right.$$

$$B[\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\eta] = (7.3 \pm 1.6 \pm 0.8) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$B[\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(2S)\eta] = (38 \pm 4 \pm 5) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

Preliminary



Part III

Bottomonium decays

$Y(1,2S) \rightarrow \text{light hadrons}$

arXiv:1205.1246v1

$$Q_c = \frac{B[\psi' \rightarrow \text{hadrons}]}{B[J/\psi \rightarrow \text{hadrons}]} = \frac{B[\psi' \rightarrow e^+e^-]}{B[J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-]} = 12\%$$

12% rule in charmonium: violated in some VT and VP final states ($\rho\pi$ puzzle)

$$Q_Y = \frac{B[Y(2S) \rightarrow \text{hadrons}]}{B[Y(1S) \rightarrow \text{hadrons}]} = \frac{B[Y(2S) \rightarrow e^+e^-]}{B[Y(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-]} = 77\%$$

From non-relativistic QCD.
Expected to be precise but to be tested

$\phi f'_2$

ωf_2

ρa_2

$K^{*0} \bar{K}_2^{*0}$

Vector-Tensor

$K_1(1270)^+ K^-$

$K_1(1400)^+ K^-$

$b_1(1235)^+ \pi^-$

Axial-Pseudoscalar

→ $Y(2S)$ and $Y(1S)$ samples

→ Complete event reconstruction

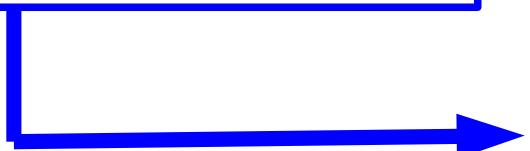
10 (x2) channels, 5 with observation

$\phi K^+ K^-$

$\omega \pi^+ \pi^-$

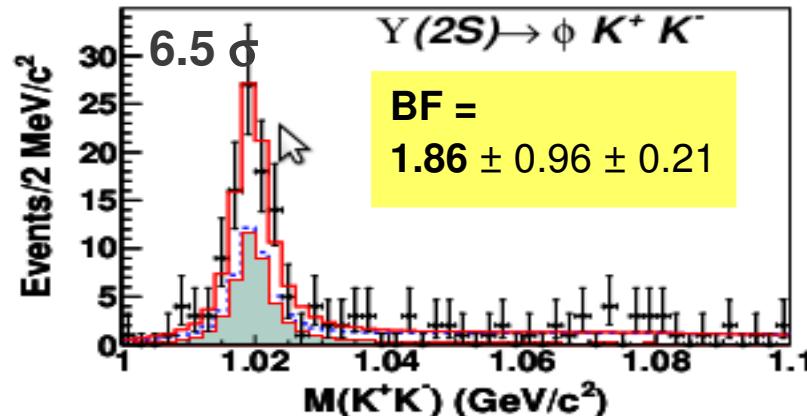
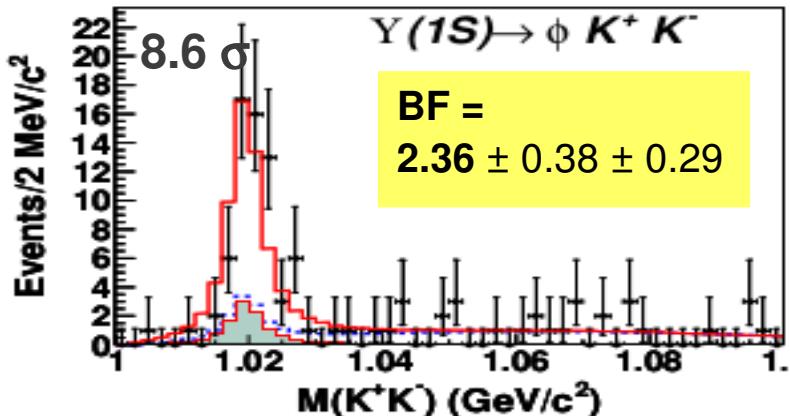
$K^{*0} K^- \pi^+$

3 body decays



$Y(1,2S) \rightarrow 3 \text{ bodies (observations)}$

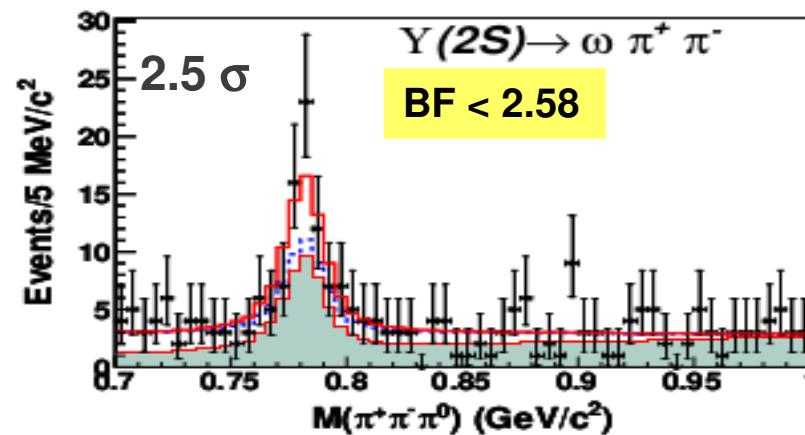
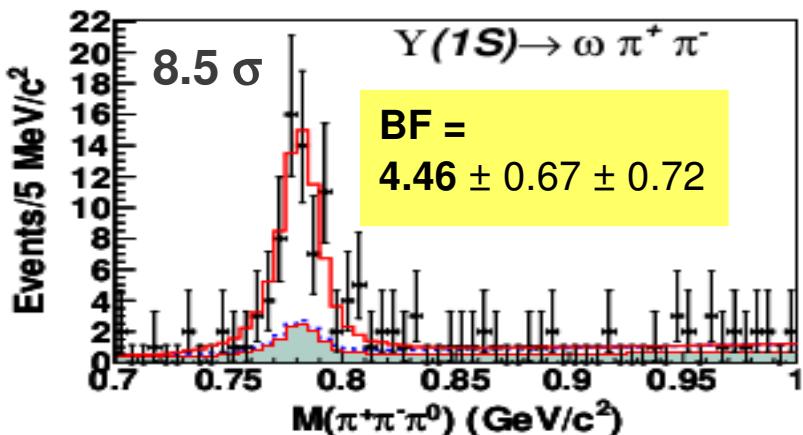
arXiv:1205.1246v1



$\text{BF} \times 10^{-6}$

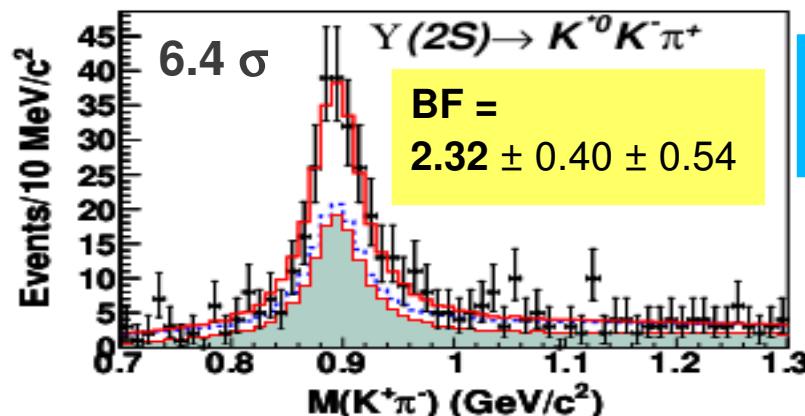
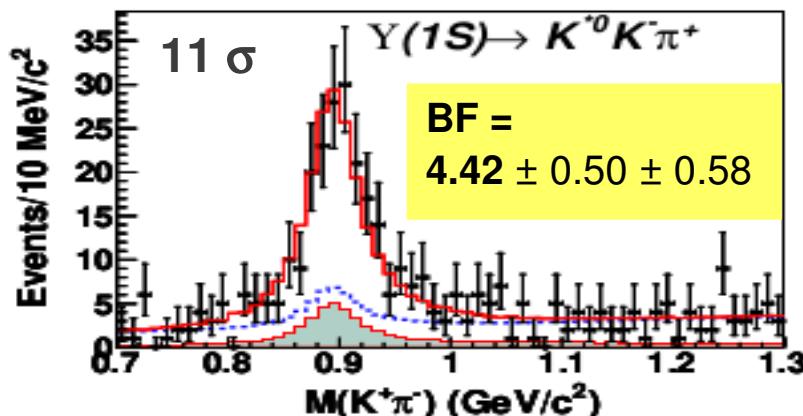
$Q = 0.79 \pm 0.54 \pm 0.13$

consistent



$Q < 0.55$

2.6σ
lower than
prediction



$Q = 0.52 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.14$

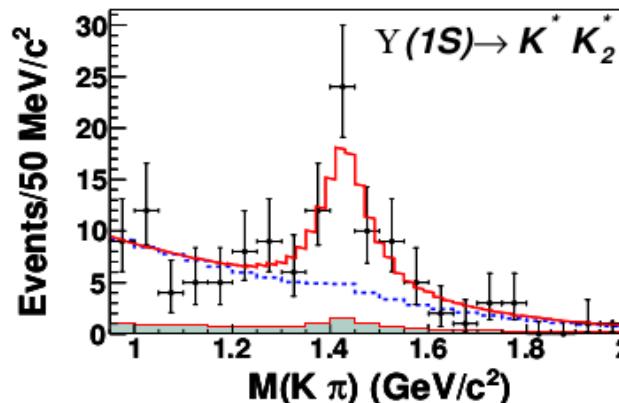
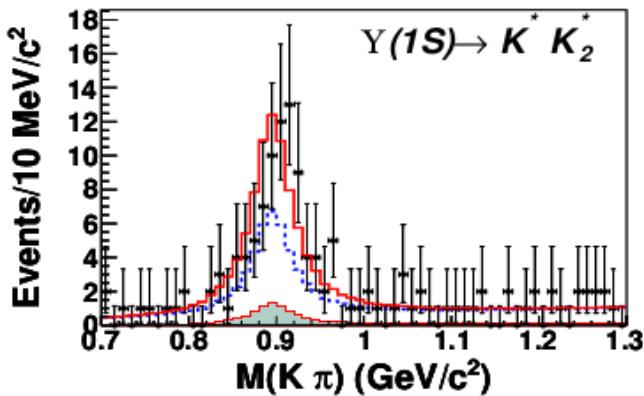
consistent

$Y(1,2S) \rightarrow 2 \text{ bodies (observations)}$

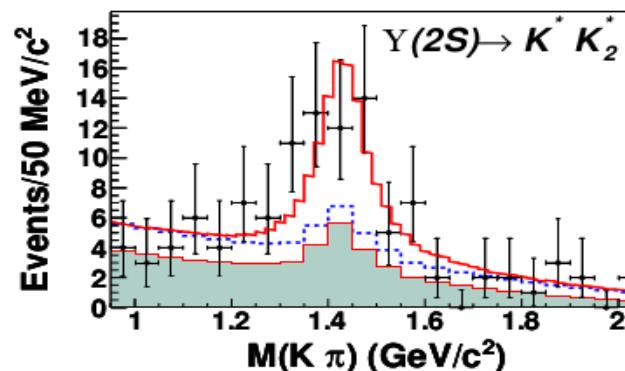
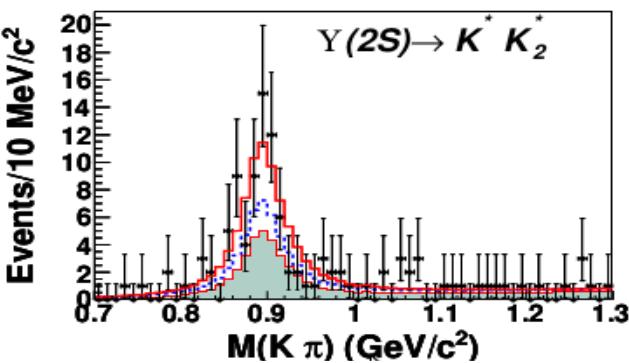
arXiv:1205.1246v1

Signal from 2D fit of $M(V,A)$ vs $M(T)$ Dalitz plot \rightarrow 1D projections

$BF \times 10^{-6}$



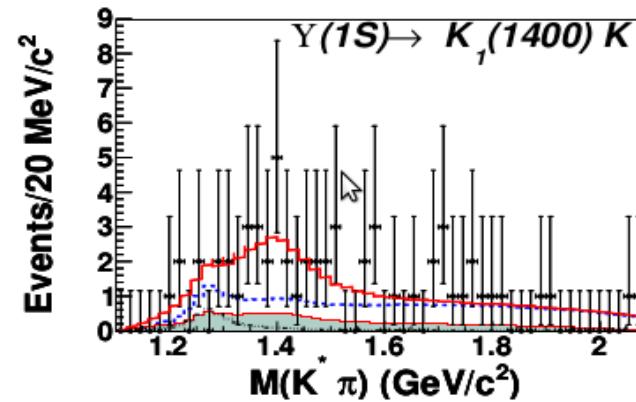
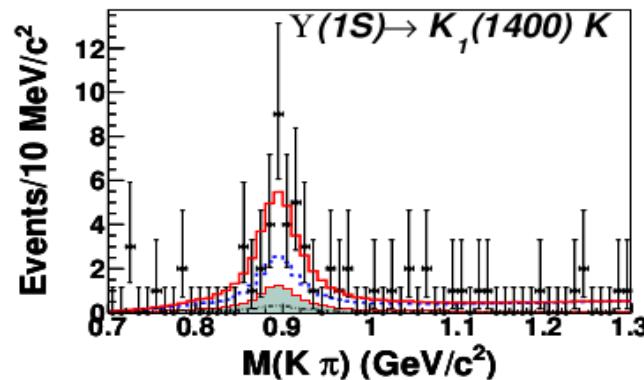
$$BF(1S) = 3.02 \pm 0.68 \pm 0.34$$



$$Q = 0.50 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.07$$

consistent

$$BF(2S) = 1.53 \pm 0.52 \pm 0.19$$



$$BF(1S) = 1.02 \pm 0.35 \pm 0.22$$

$$BF(2S) < 0.86$$

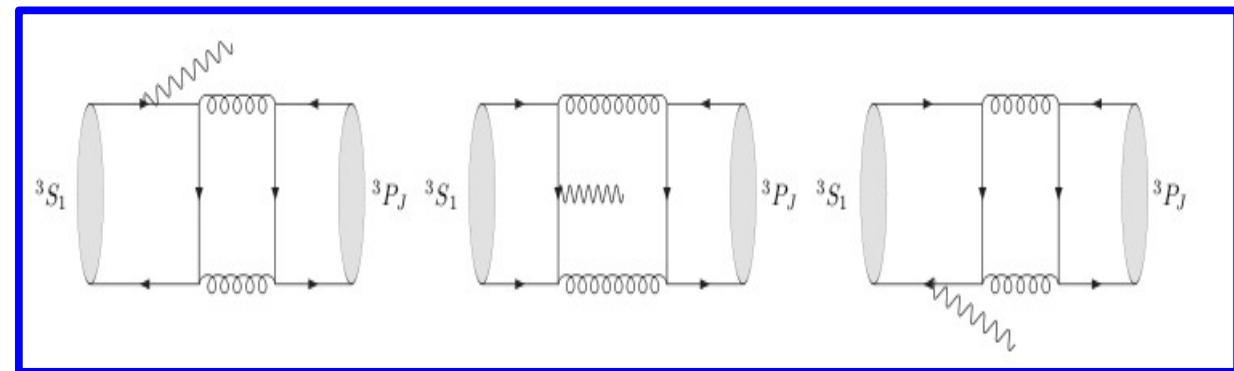
$$Q < 0.77 \quad \text{consistent} \quad \times 10^{-6}$$

$\Upsilon(1,2S) \rightarrow \gamma$ charmonium



PRD 82(2010),051504R

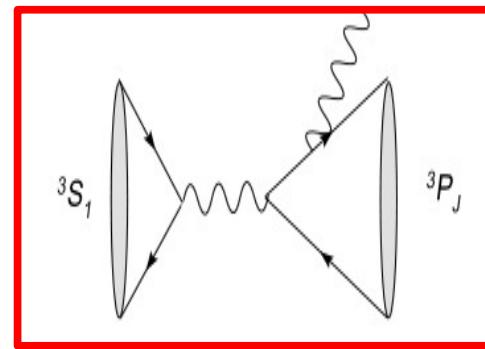
KT Chao et al, (hep-ph/0701009)
provides a very large set of
NRQCD predictions on many
processes



Theoretical prediction ($\times 10^{-6}$):

	QCD	QCD+QED
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \gamma X_{c0}$	4.0	3.2
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \gamma X_{c1}$	4.5	9.8
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \gamma X_{c2}$	5.1	5.6
$\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$	2.9	4.9

Significant corrections are
expected from interference
between QCD and QED
amplitudes.



Similar rates are expected for $\Upsilon(2S)$

Upper limits on $Y(1,2S) \rightarrow \gamma$ charmonium



PRD 82(2010),051504R

Charmonium $\times 10^{-6}$

Channel	90% CL U.L.
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X_{c0}$	650
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X_{c0}$	23
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X_{c0}$	7.6
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$	57

Channel	90% CL U.L.
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X_{c0}$	650
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X_{c0}$	23
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X_{c0}$	7.6
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_c$	57

Exotic charmonium $\times 10^{-6}$

Channel	90% CL U.L.
$Y(1S) \rightarrow \gamma X3872 \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi$	1.6
$Y(1S) \rightarrow \gamma X3872 \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 J/\psi$	2.8
$Y(1S) \rightarrow \gamma X3915 \rightarrow \gamma \omega J/\psi$	3.0
$Y(1S) \rightarrow \gamma Y4140 \rightarrow \gamma \phi J/\psi$	2.2

No signal observed.

UL in agreement with theory

Channel	90% CL U.L.
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X3872 \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi$	0.8
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X3872 \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 J/\psi$	2.4
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X3915 \rightarrow \gamma \omega J/\psi$	2.8
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \gamma Y4140 \rightarrow \gamma \phi J/\psi$	1.2
$Y(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X4350 \rightarrow \gamma \phi J/\psi$	1.3

$\chi_b(1P) \rightarrow \text{double charmonium}$ New!



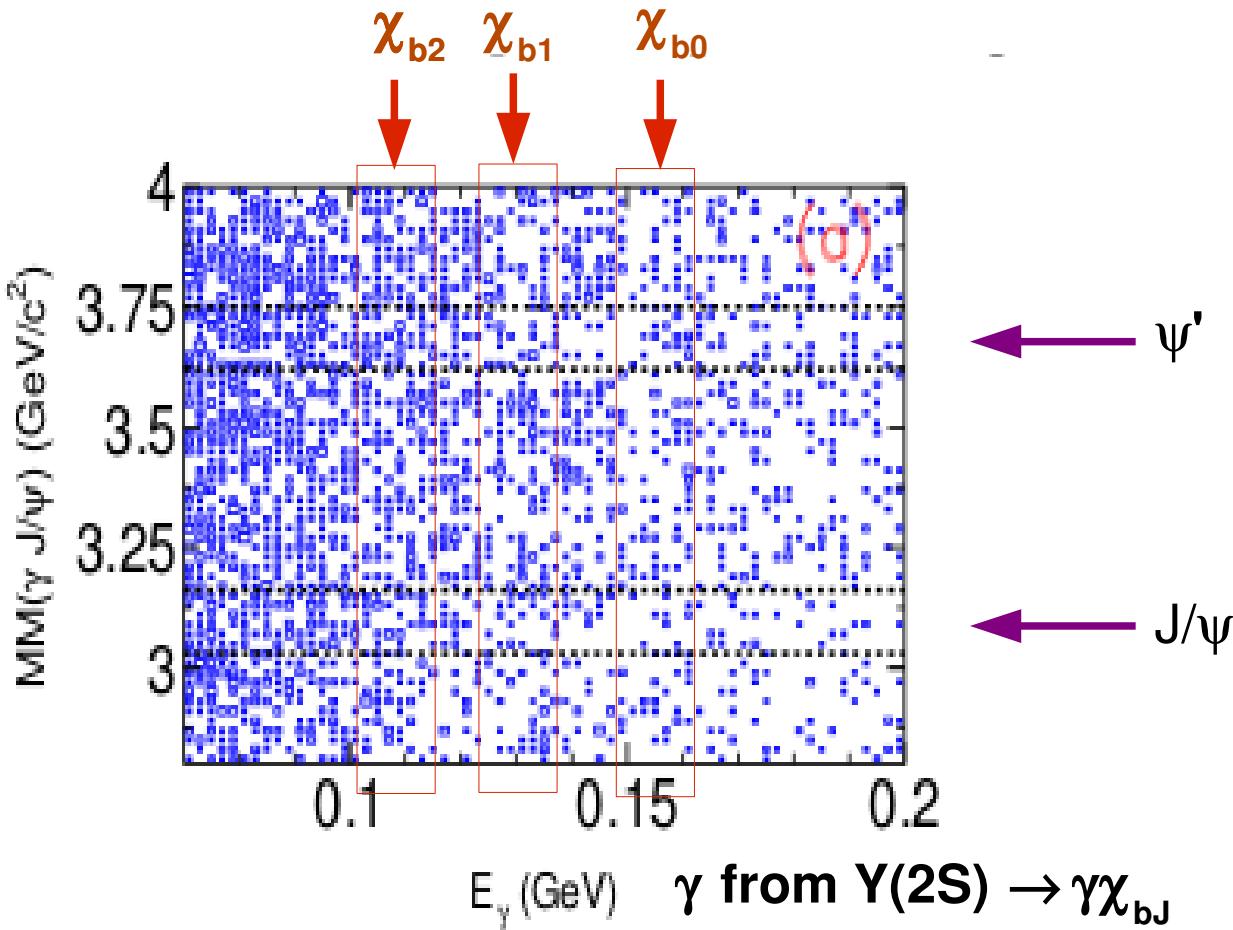
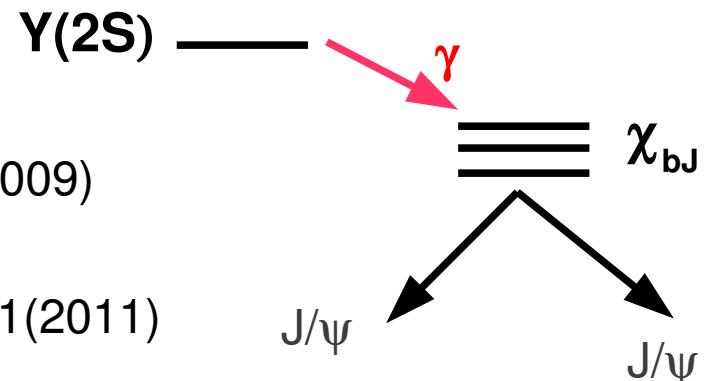
arXiv:1203.0368

Chance to compare different predictions:

Light Cone formalism (LC): Phys. Rev. D 80, 094008 (2009)

Potential QCD (pQCD) : Phys. Rev. D 72, 094018 (2005)

Non relativistic QCD (NRQCD): Phys. Rev. D 84,094031(2011)

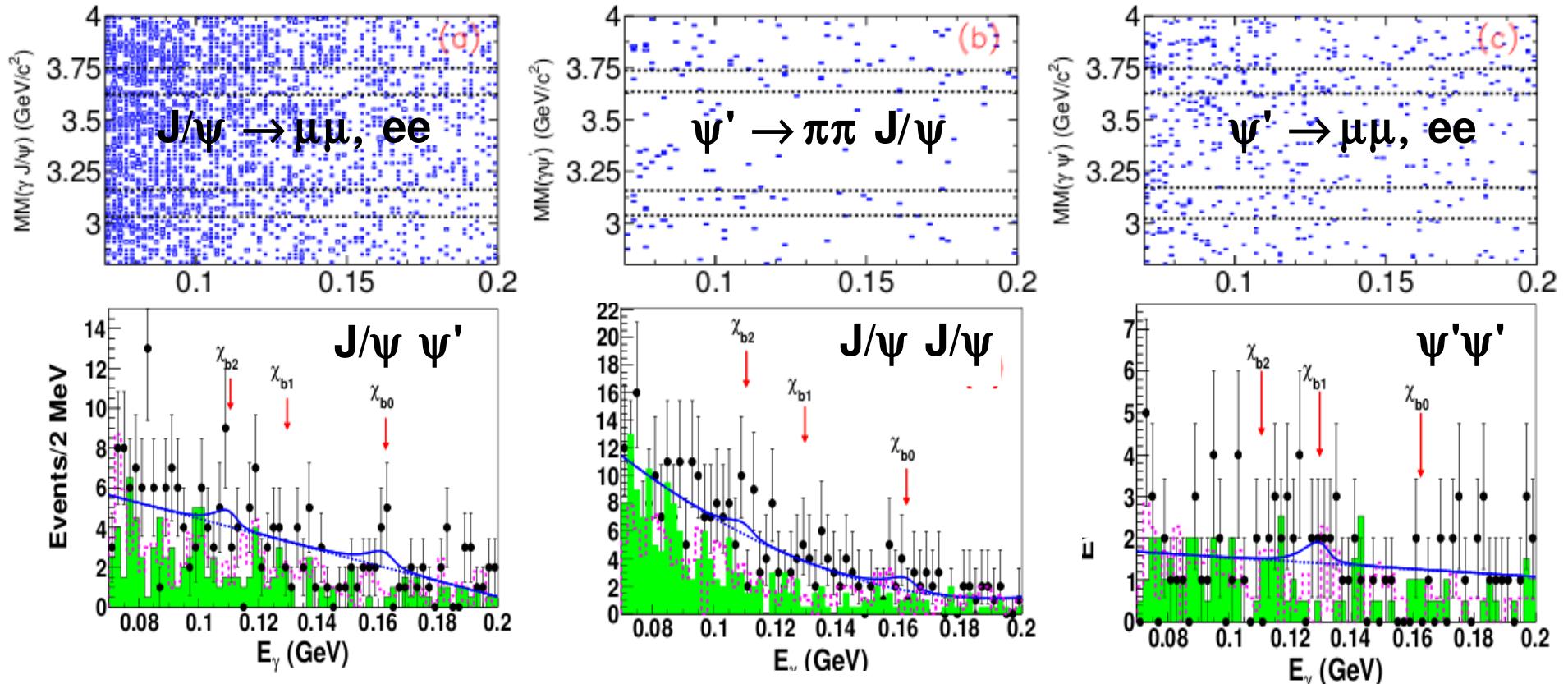


$\chi_{bJ} \rightarrow J/\psi J/\psi$
$\chi_{bJ} \rightarrow \psi' \psi'$
$\chi_{bJ} \rightarrow J/\psi \psi'$

Missing mass technique:
clusters in
 $MM(\gamma J/\psi)$ versus $E(\gamma)$
with:

$$\begin{aligned} J/\psi &\rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-, e^+ e^- \\ \psi' &\rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-, J/\psi, \mu^+ \mu^-, e^+ e^- \end{aligned}$$

$\chi_b(1P) \rightarrow \text{double charmonium}$ New!



Channel	n^{up}	$\varepsilon(\%)$	$\sigma_{\text{sys}}(\%)$	\mathcal{B}_R
$\chi_{b0} \rightarrow J/\psi J/\psi$	21	5.8	16	7.1×10^{-5}
$\chi_{b1} \rightarrow J/\psi J/\psi$	13	6.3	30	2.7×10^{-5}
$\chi_{b2} \rightarrow J/\psi J/\psi$	22	5.9	27	4.5×10^{-5}
$\chi_{b0} \rightarrow J/\psi \psi'$	20	3.4	17	1.2×10^{-4}
$\chi_{b1} \rightarrow J/\psi \psi'$	5.8	3.8	15	1.7×10^{-5}
$\chi_{b2} \rightarrow J/\psi \psi'$	17	3.5	16	4.9×10^{-5}
$\chi_{b0} \rightarrow \psi' \psi'$	3.0	2.1	20	3.1×10^{-5}
$\chi_{b1} \rightarrow \psi' \psi'$	12	2.2	17	6.2×10^{-5}
$\chi_{b2} \rightarrow \psi' \psi'$	3.3	2.1	12	1.6×10^{-5}

A set of **Preliminary Upper Limits**

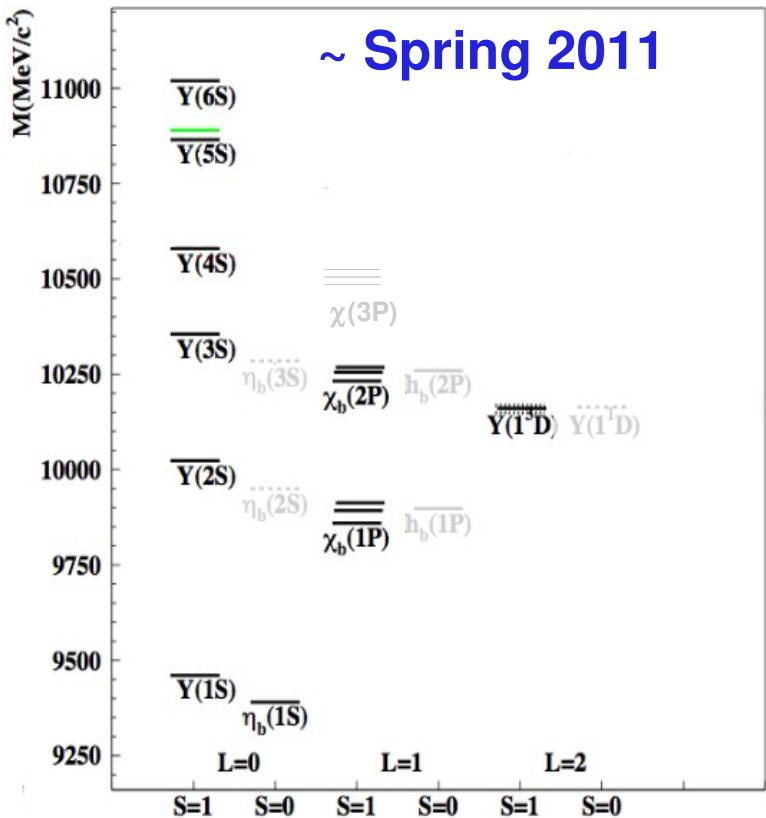
- Below (~70% discrepancy) the Light Cone formalism and potential QCD predictions
- In agreement with NRQCD predictions

arXiv:1203.0368

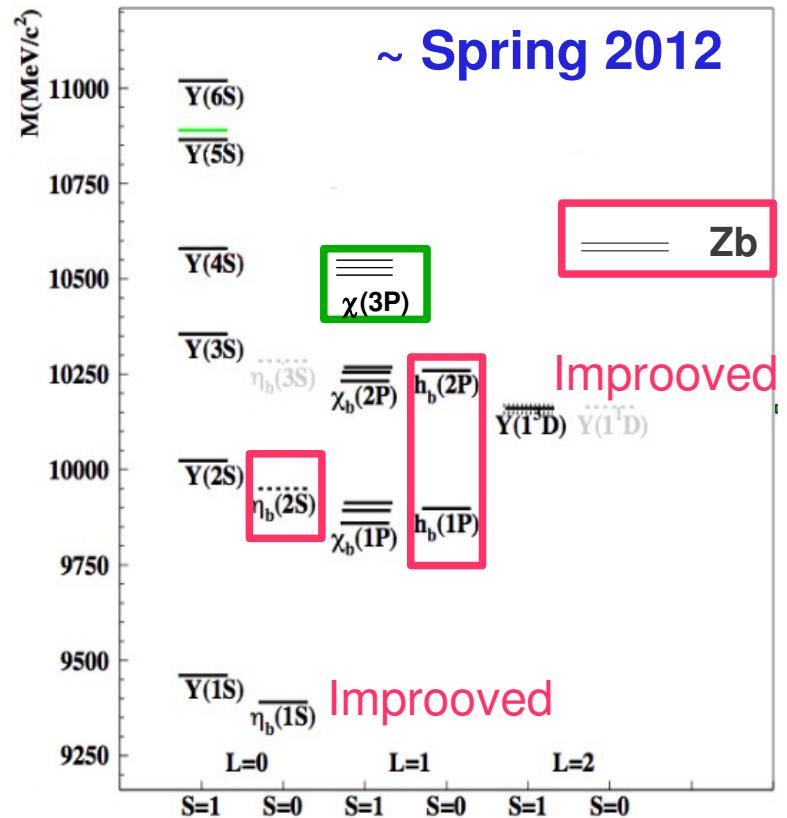
Summary



~ 1.5 Year of results from Y(1,2,5 S)



Belle
→
Atlas



$\text{Y}(1,2\text{S}) \rightarrow \text{light hadrons}$ (first observation!)
 $\text{Y}(1,2\text{S}) \rightarrow \gamma \text{ charmonium}$
 $\chi(1\text{P}) \rightarrow \text{double charmonium}$

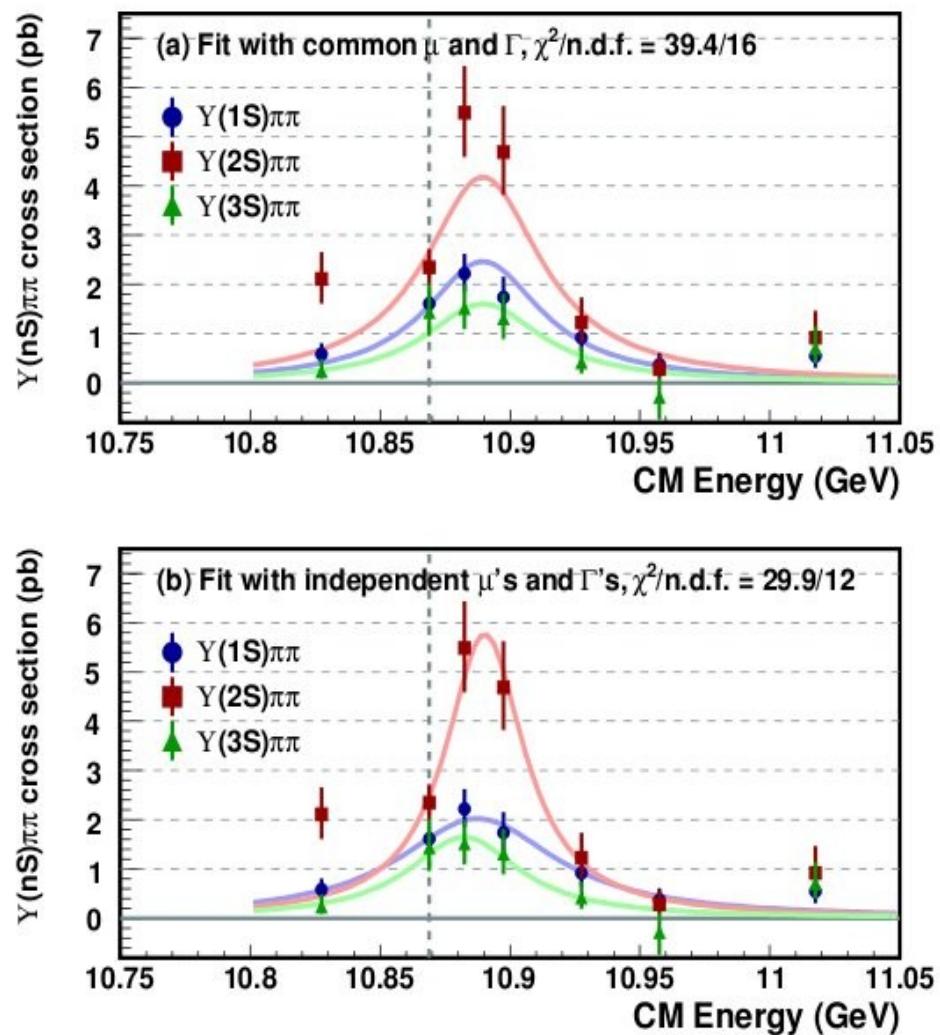
NRQCD seems to be a good model

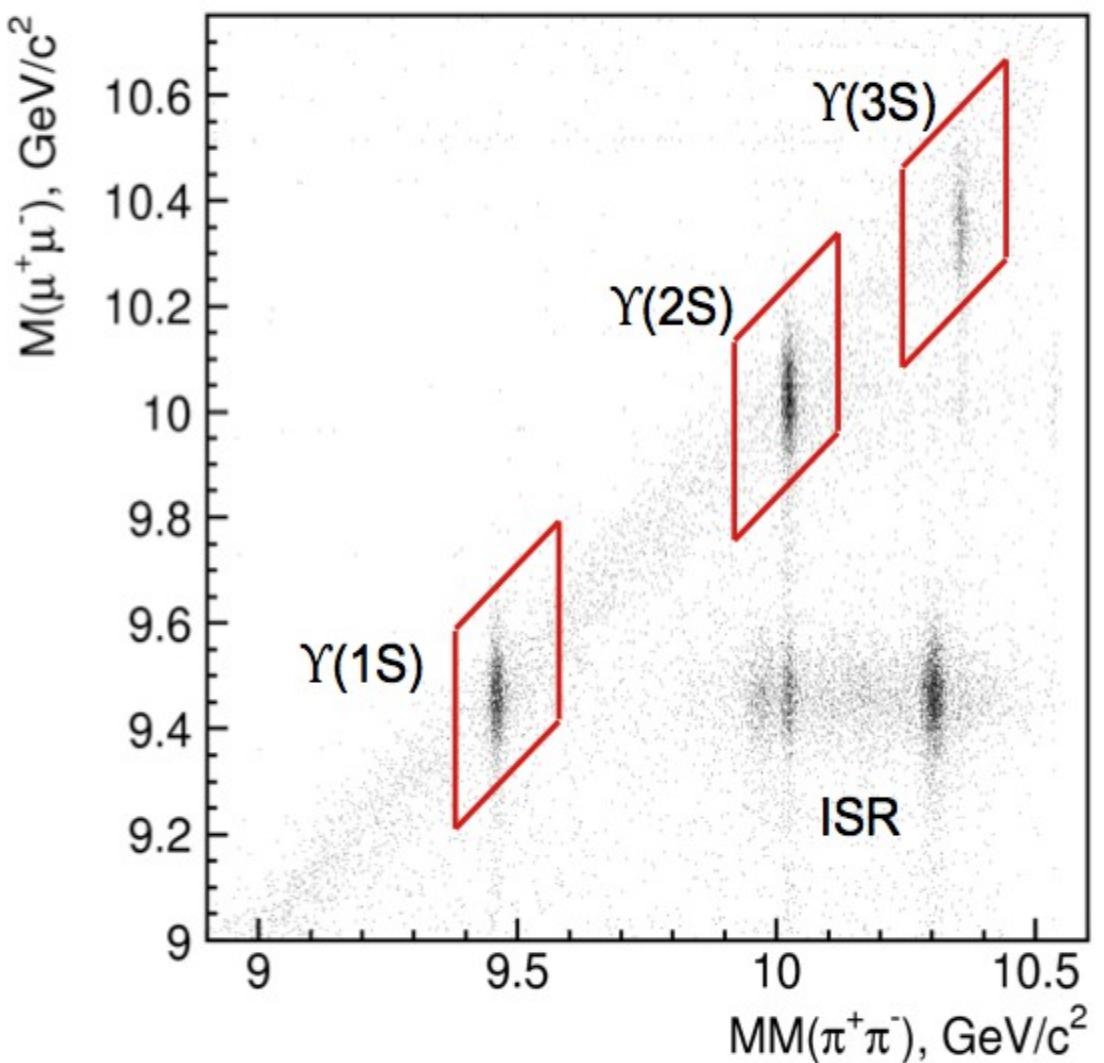
$\text{Y}(\text{nS}) \rightarrow \eta \text{ Y}(\text{mS})$: a puzzle still to be solved



Backup

$\pi^+\pi^-$ transitions @ Y(5S)



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Y}(5\text{S}) &\rightarrow \text{Y}(n\text{S}) \pi^+ \pi^- \\ \text{Y}(n\text{S}) &\rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \quad (n = 1, 2, 3) \end{aligned}$$


$\pi^+\pi^-$ transitions @ $\Upsilon(5S)$



PRL100,112001(2008)

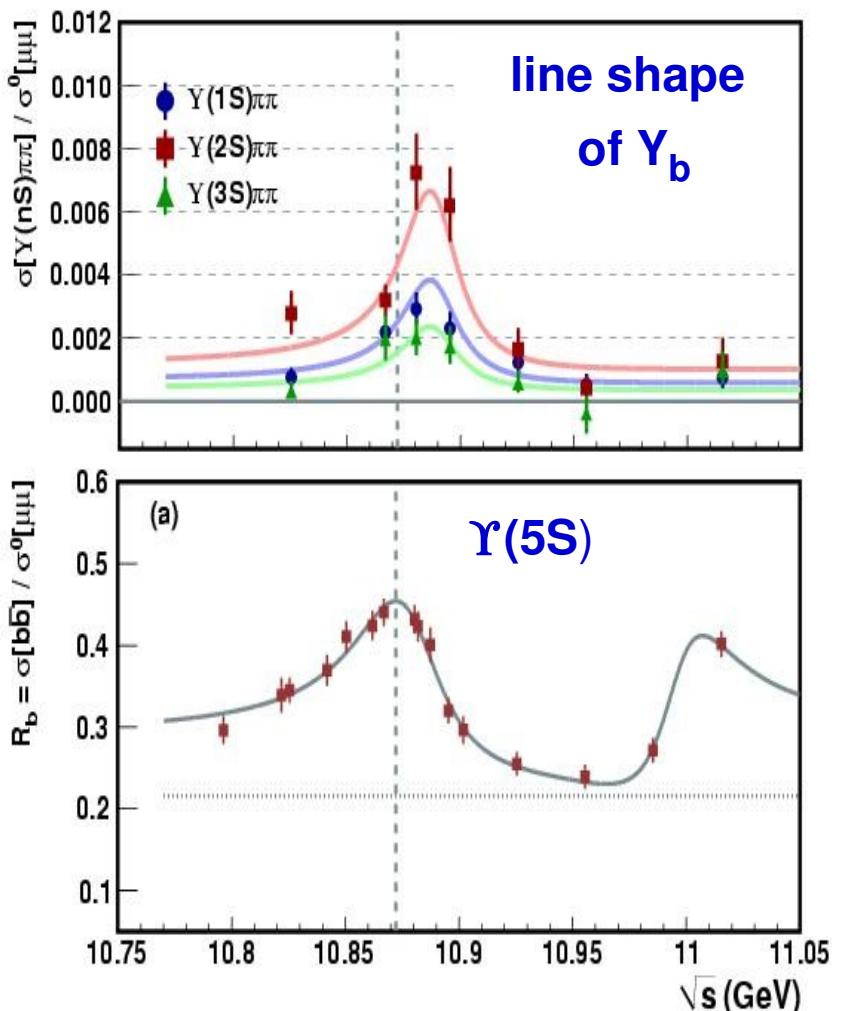
$\Gamma(\text{MeV})$

$\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-$	$0.59 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.09$
$\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(2S)\pi^+\pi^-$	$0.85 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.16$
$\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(3S)\pi^+\pi^-$	$0.52^{+0.20}_{-0.17} \pm 0.10$
$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-$	0.0060
$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-$	0.0009
$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-$	0.0019

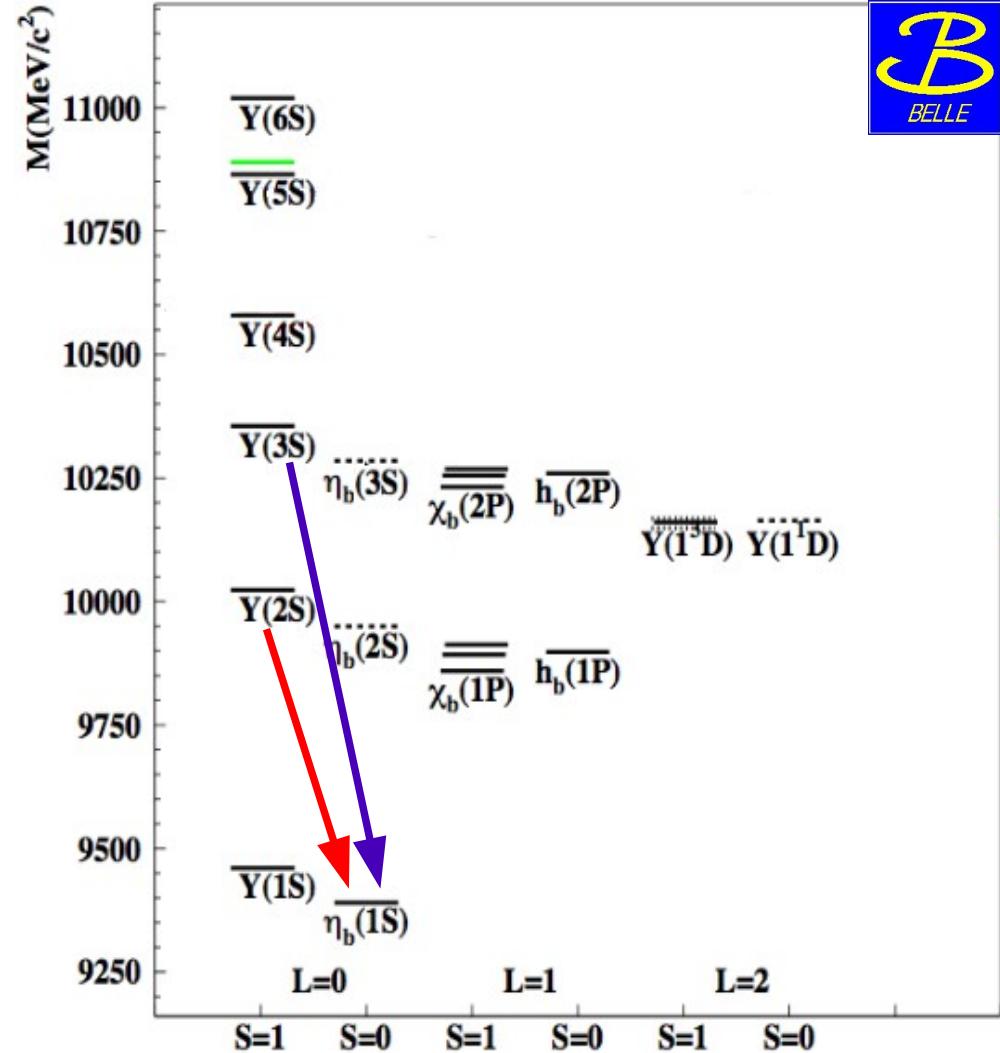
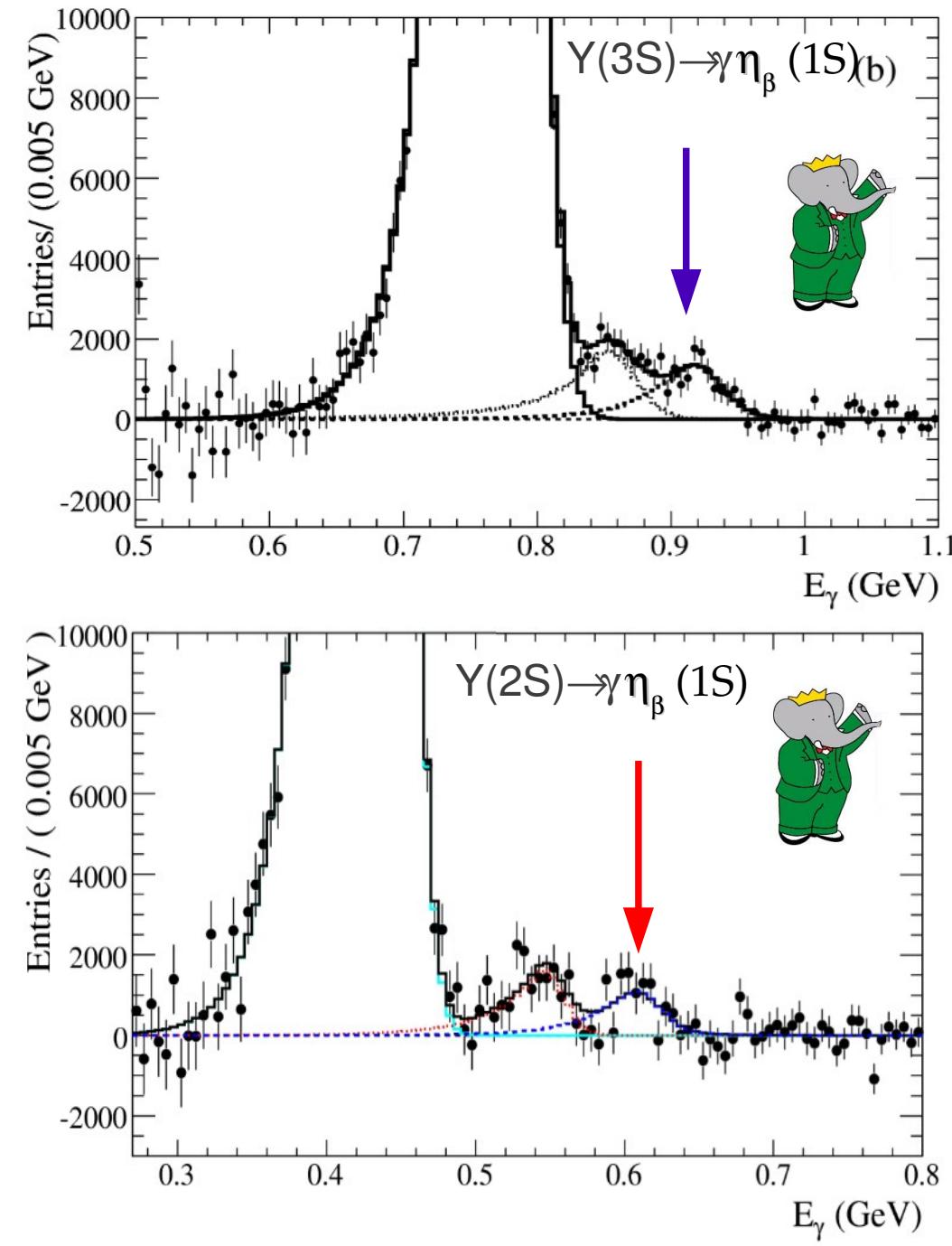
Simonov JETP Lett 87,147(2008)

Rescattering $\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow BB\pi\pi \rightarrow \Upsilon(nS)$?

PRD82,091106R(2010)



$\eta_b(1S)$ at BaBar

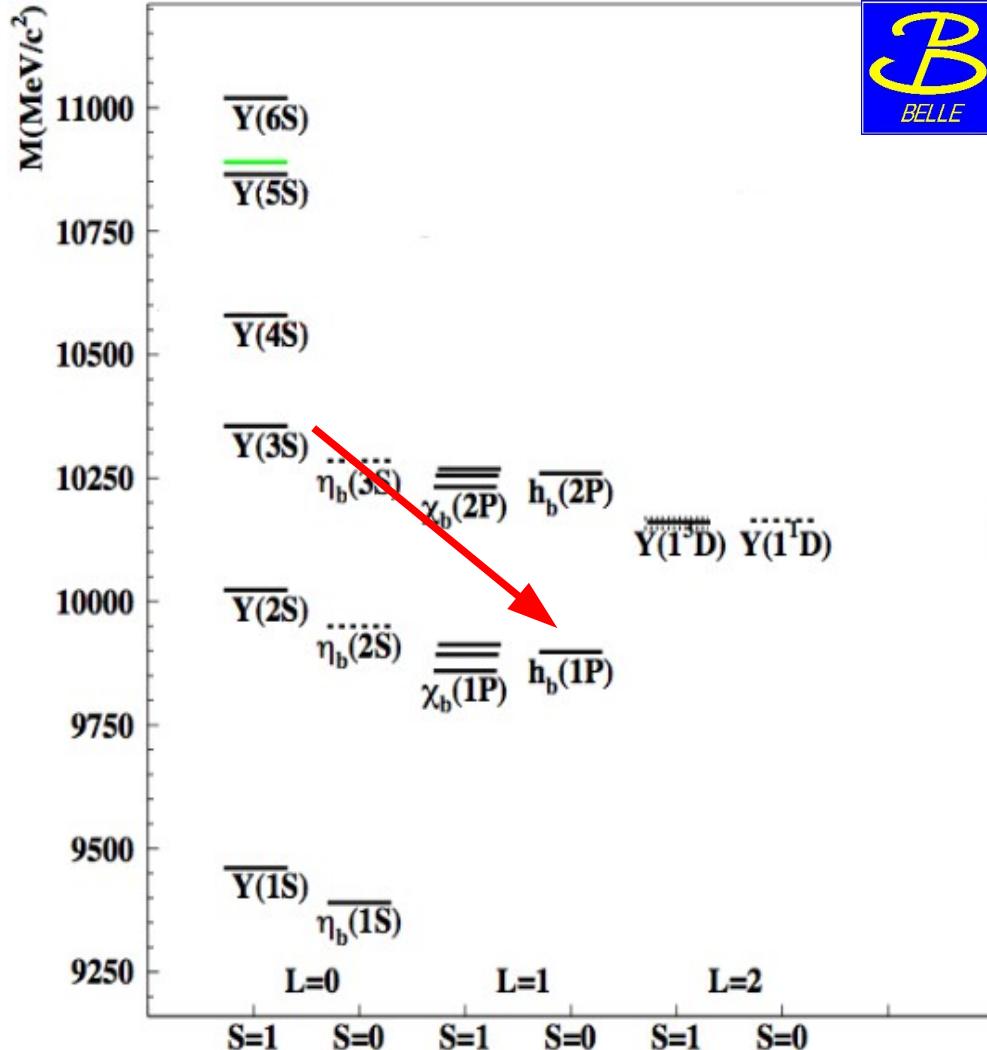
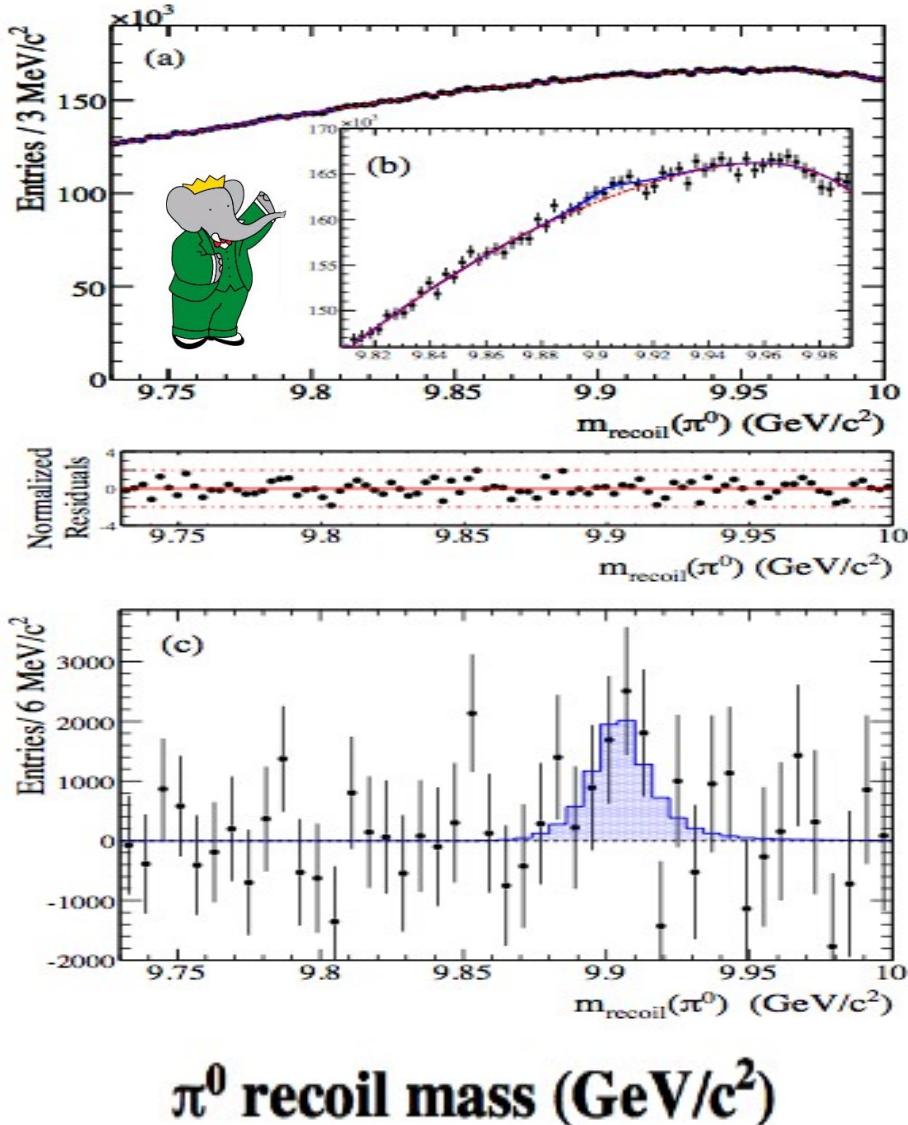


$h_b(1P)$ at BaBar

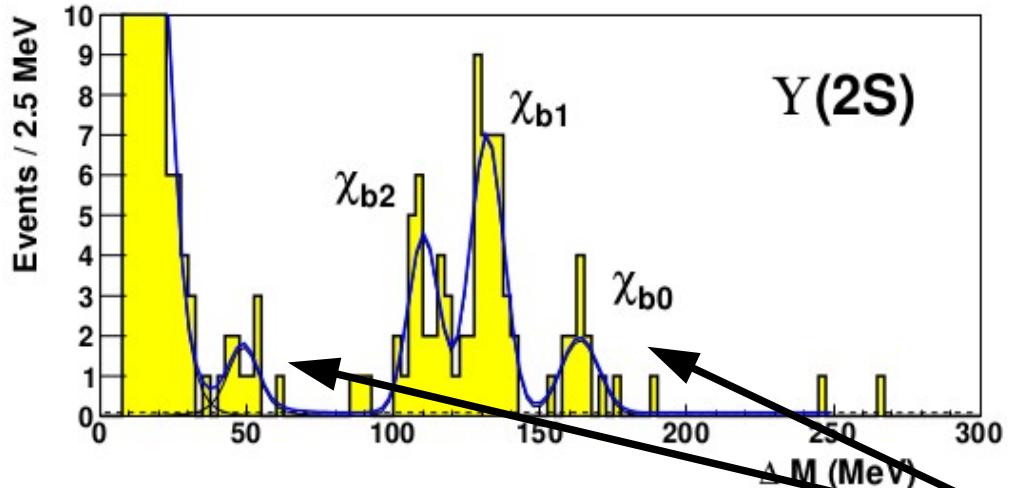


3 sigma evidence:

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow Y(3S) \rightarrow \pi^0 h_b$$



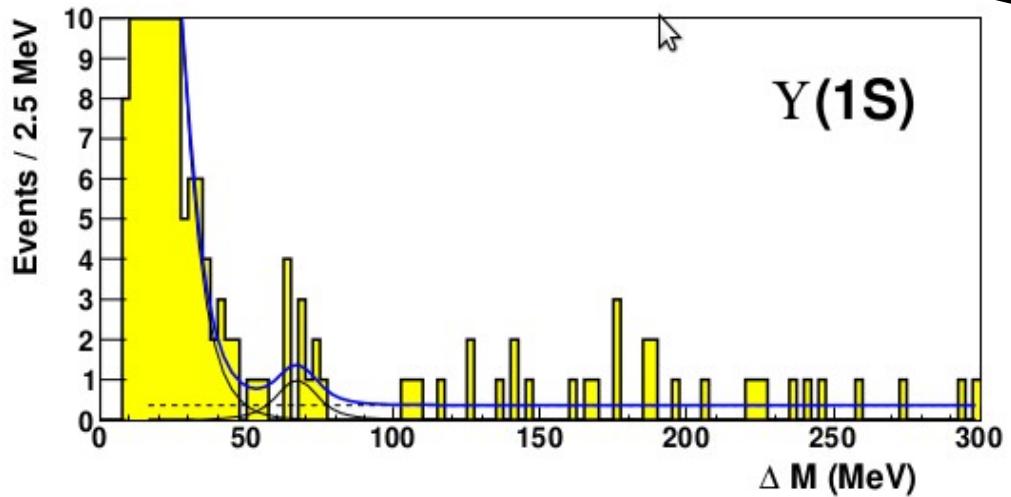
Phys.Rev.D 84 091101(R)



Belle: $\Delta M_{HF}(2S) = 23.4^{+4.0}_{-4.5}$ MeV

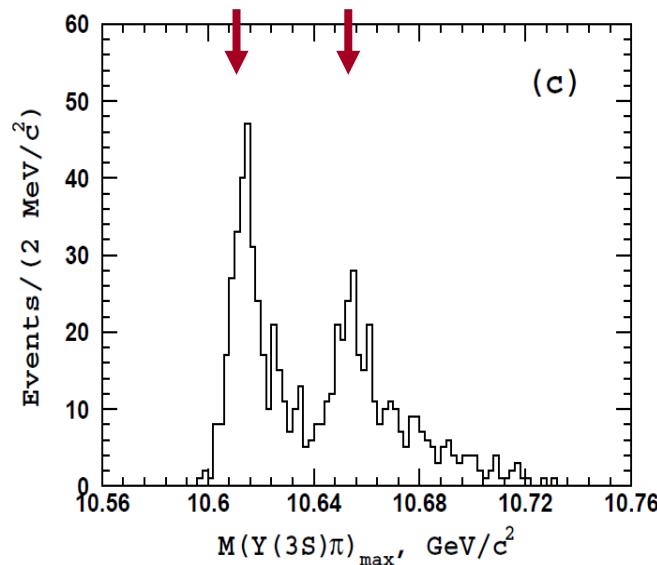
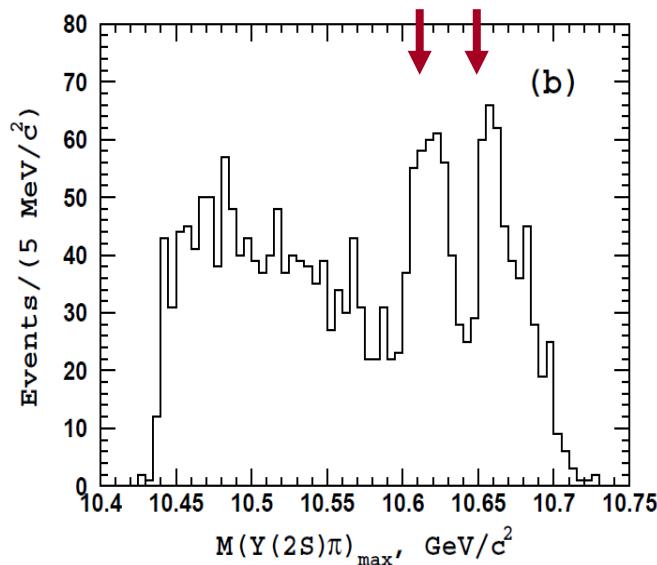
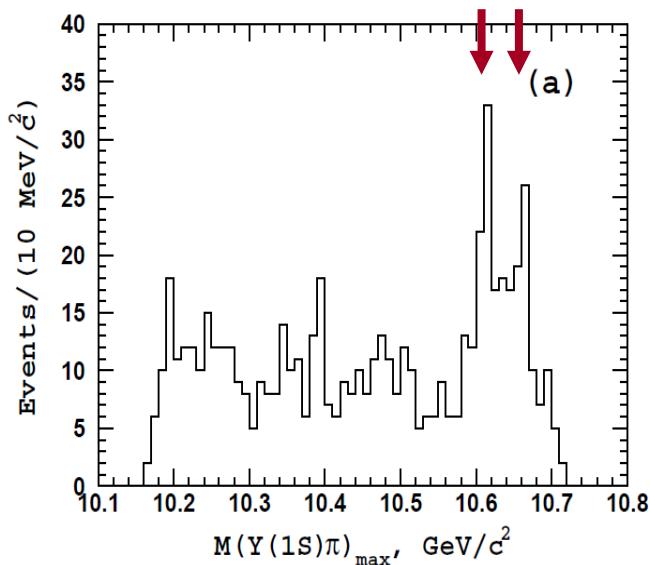
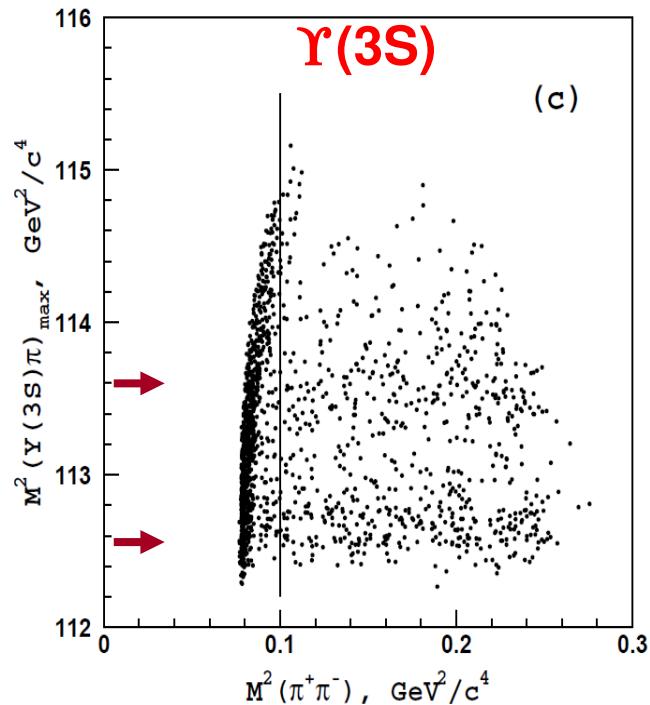
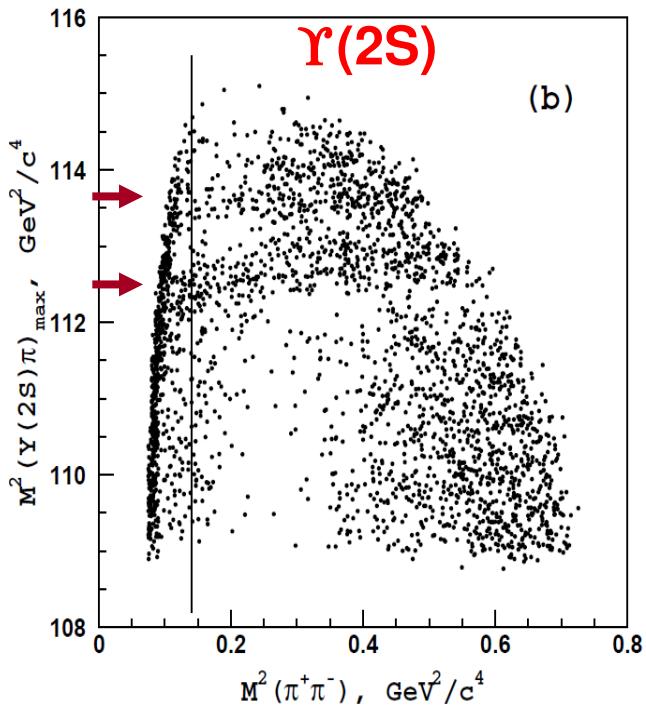
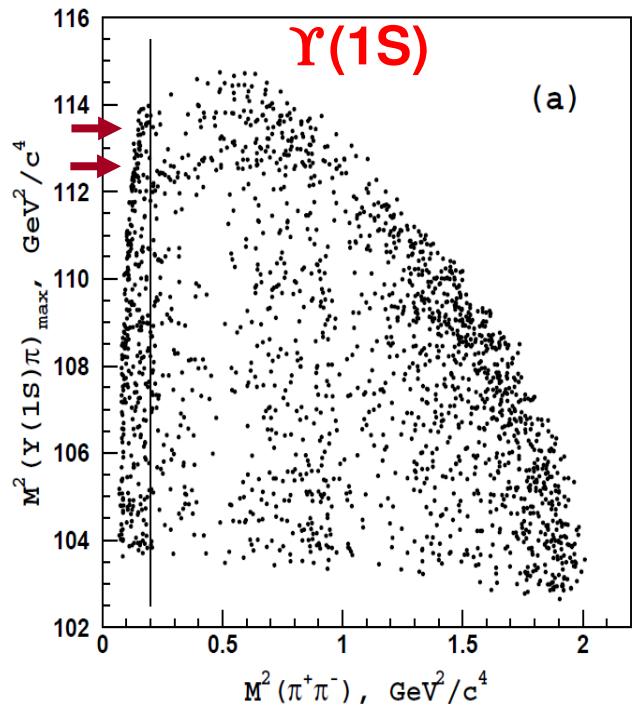
Dobbs et al.: $\Delta M_{HF}(2S) = 48.7$ MeV

- $\Delta M_{HF}(2S)$ too high
- Anomalous production rate

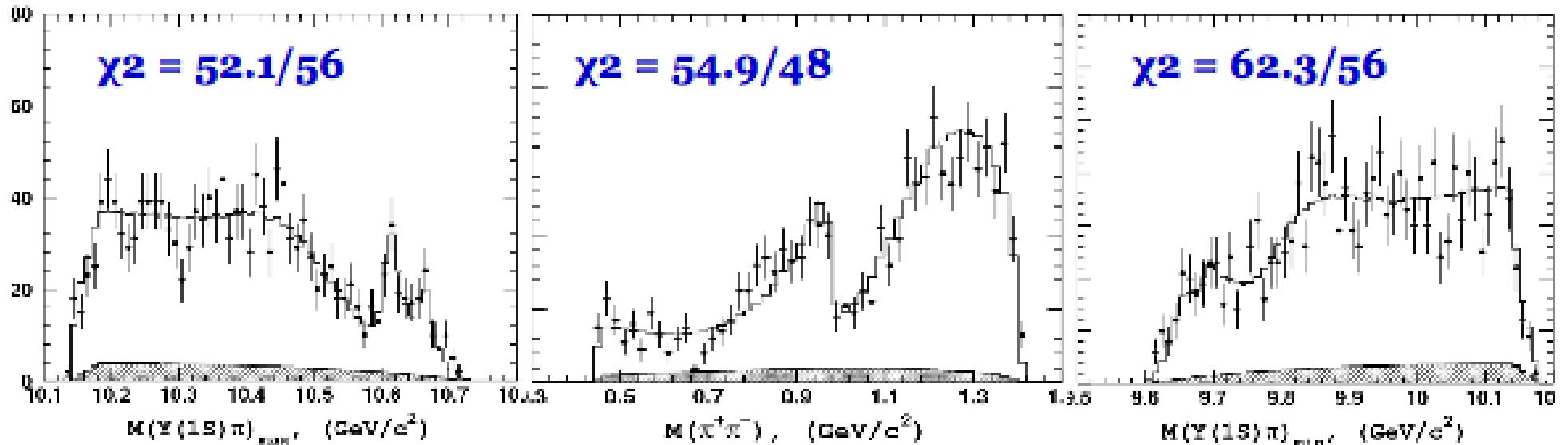


	N	ΔM_{hf} (MeV)	M (MeV)	$\chi^2/d.o.f.$	signif. (σ)	$\mathcal{B}_1 \times \mathcal{B}_2 \times 10^6$
$\eta_b(2S)$	$11.4^{+4.3}_{-3.5}$	$48.7 \pm 2.3 \pm 2.1$	$9974.6 \pm 2.3 \pm 2.1$	$91.8/103$	4.9	$46.2^{+29.7}_{-14.2} \pm 10.6$
$\eta_b(1S)$	$10.3^{+4.9}_{-4.1}$	$67.1 \pm 3.4 \pm 2.3$	$9393.2 \pm 3.4 \pm 2.3$	$114.6/107$	3.1	$30.1^{+33.5}_{-7.4} \pm 7.5$

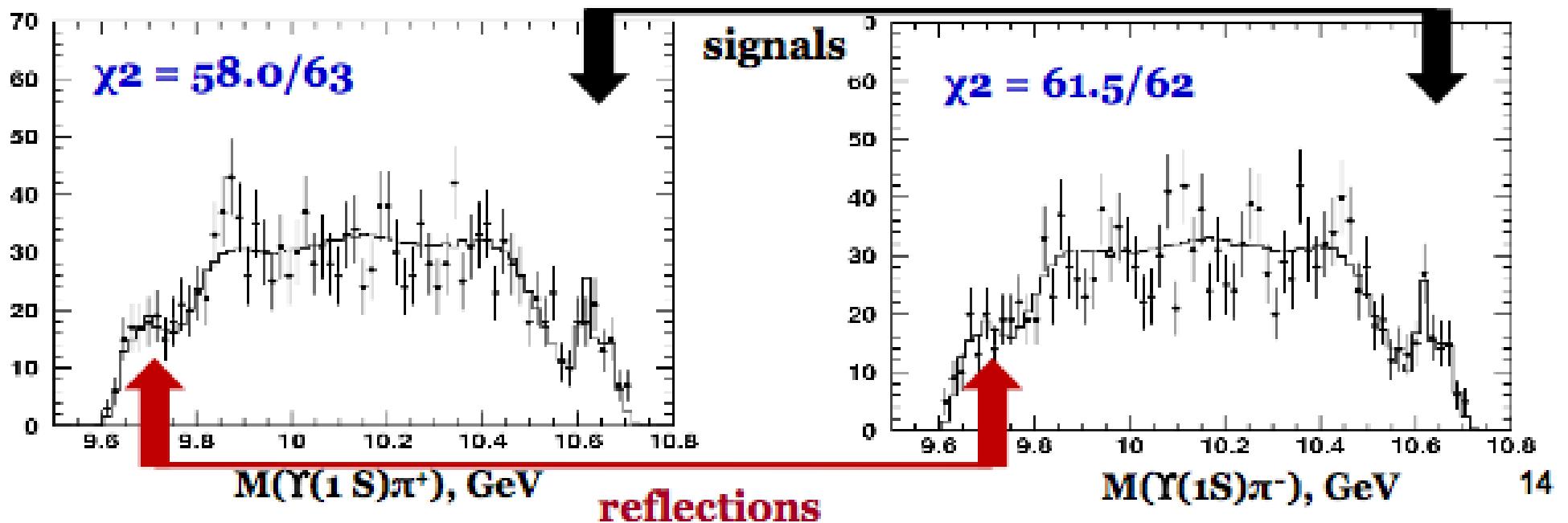
Z_b in $\Upsilon(nS)$ final state



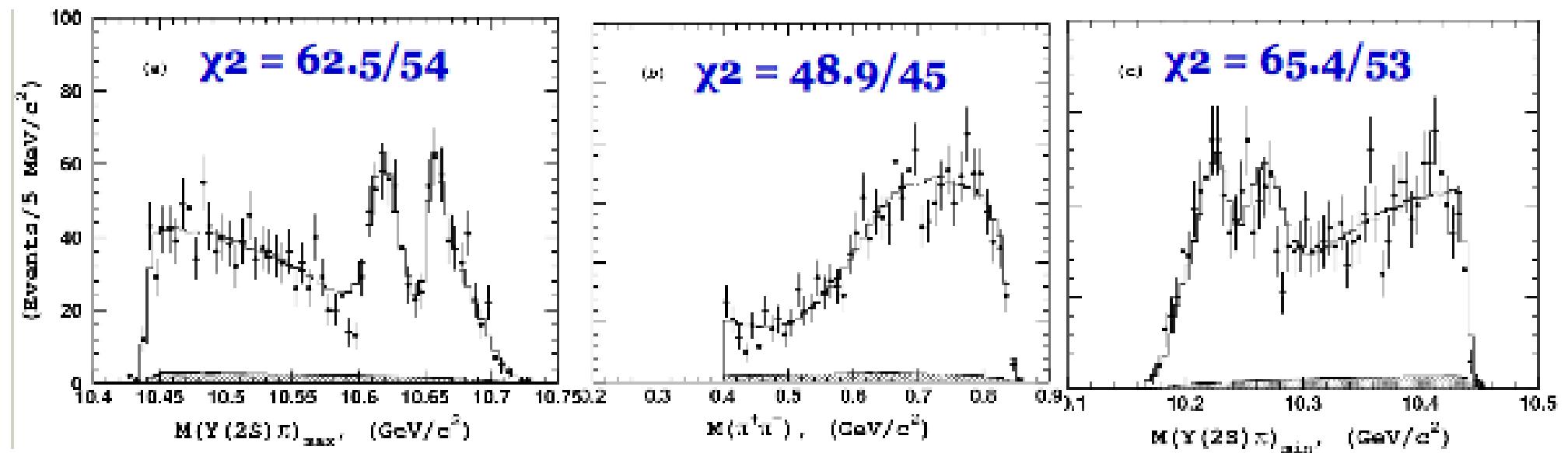
Z_b in $\Upsilon(1S)$ final state



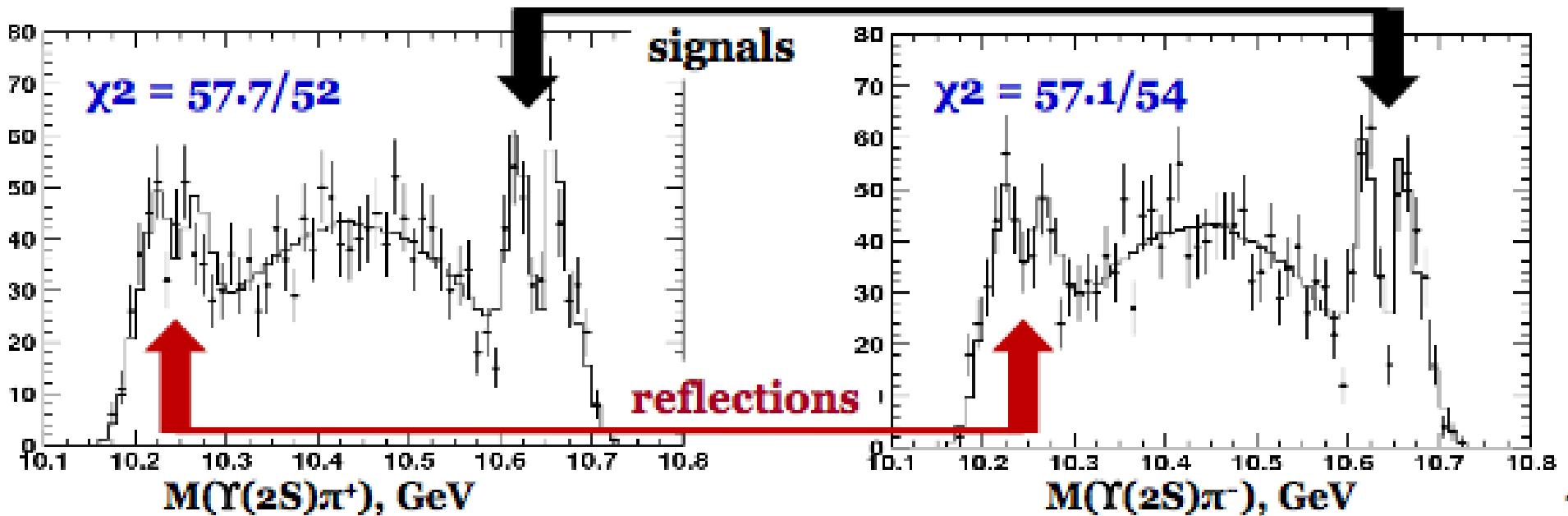
$M(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+)$ and $M(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^-)$ projections:



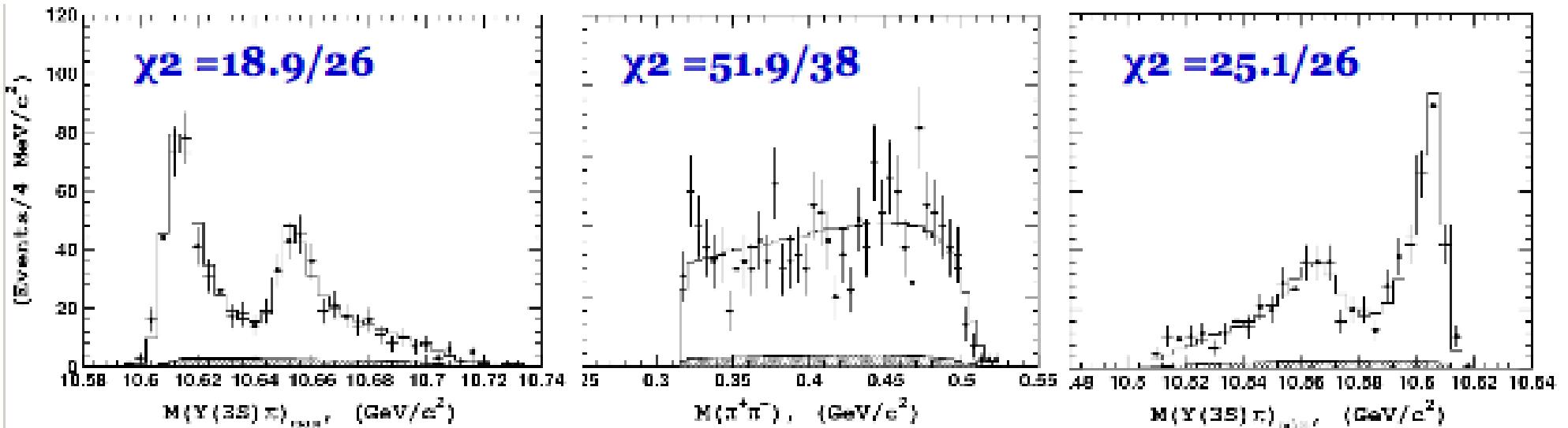
Z_b in $\Upsilon(2S)$ final state



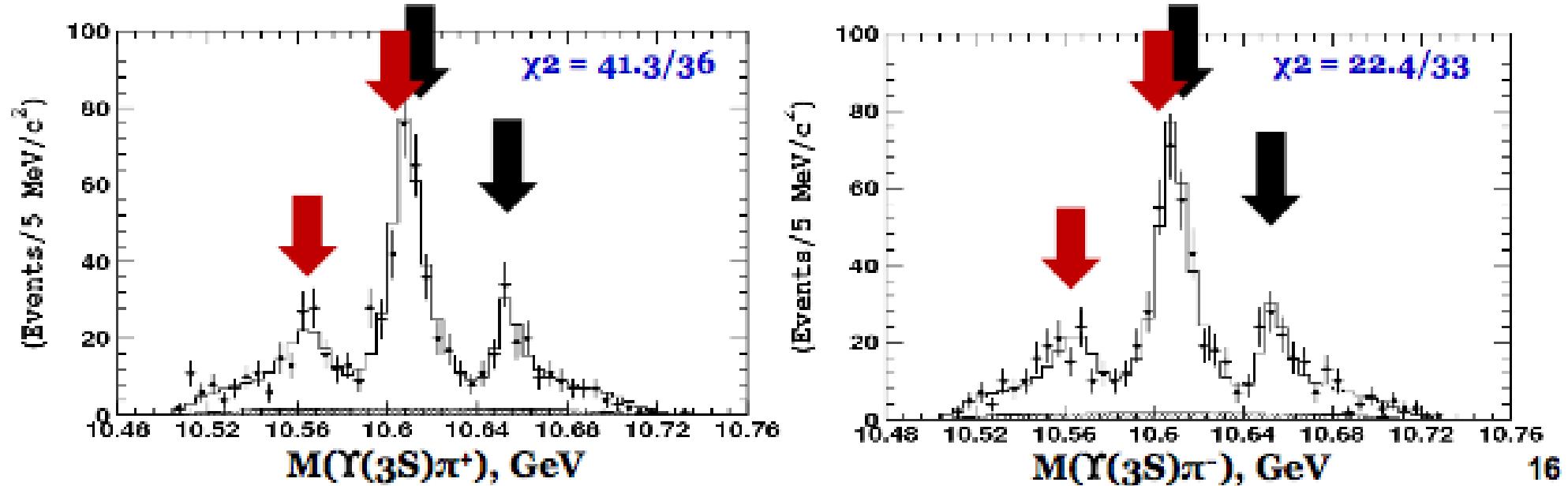
$M(\Upsilon(2S)\pi^+)$ and $M(\Upsilon(2S)\pi^-)$ projections:



Z_b in $Y(3S)$ final state



$M(Y(3S)\pi^+)$ and $M(Y(3S)\pi^-)$ projections:



Z_b angular analysis



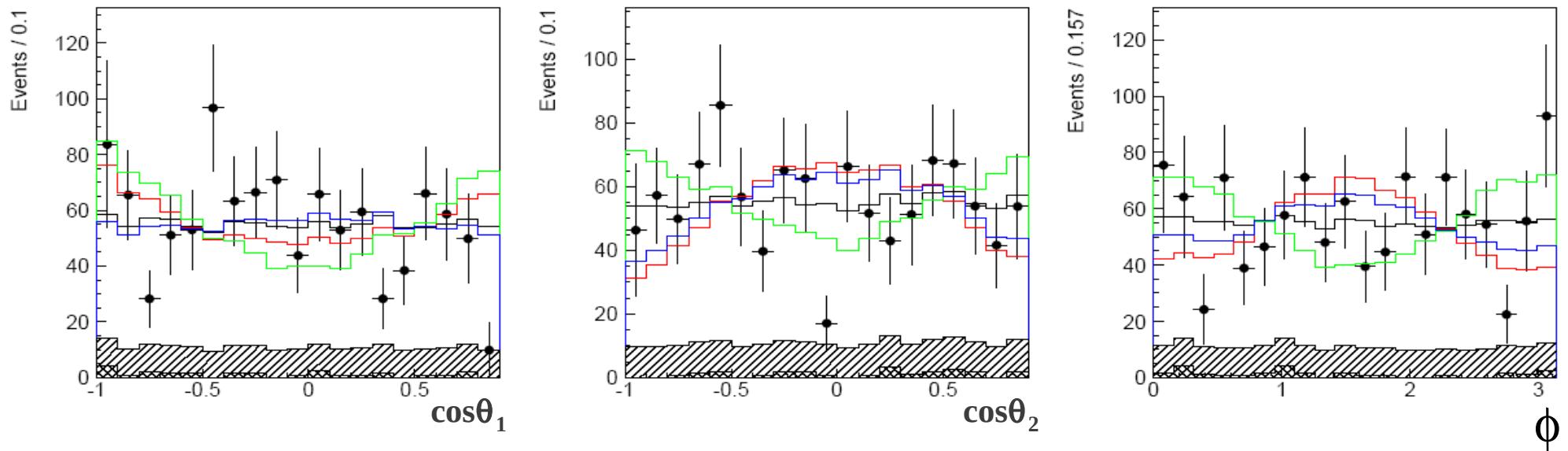
$$\theta_i = \angle(\pi_i, e^+)$$

$e^+ \rightarrow$ incoming positron beam

$$\phi = \angle [\text{plane}(\pi_1, e^+), \text{plane}(\pi_1, \pi_2)]$$

Color coding: $J^P = 1^+$ **1-** **2+** **2-**

Example : $\Upsilon(5S) \rightarrow Z_b^+(10610) \pi^- \rightarrow [\Upsilon(2S)\pi^+] \pi^-$



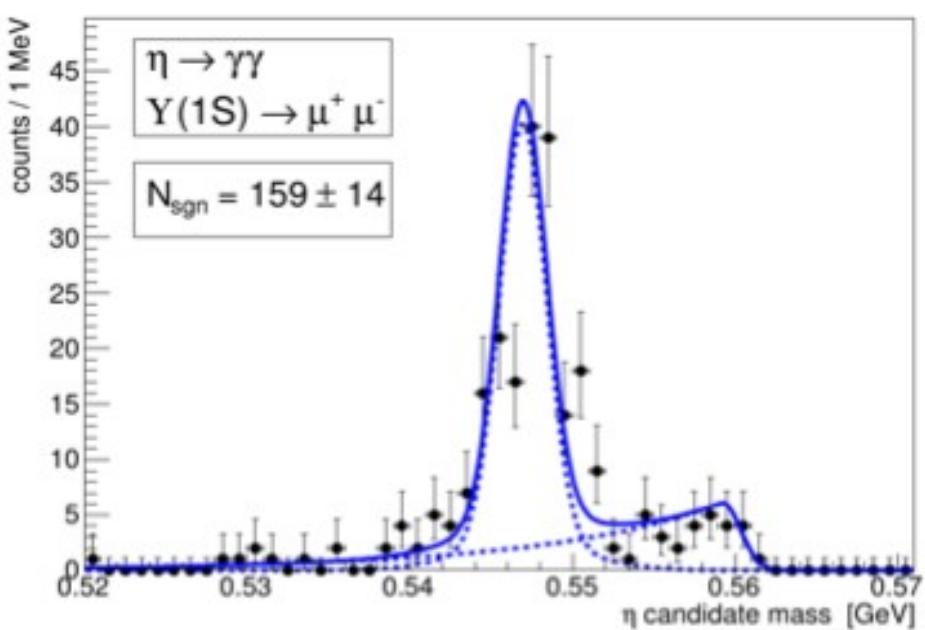
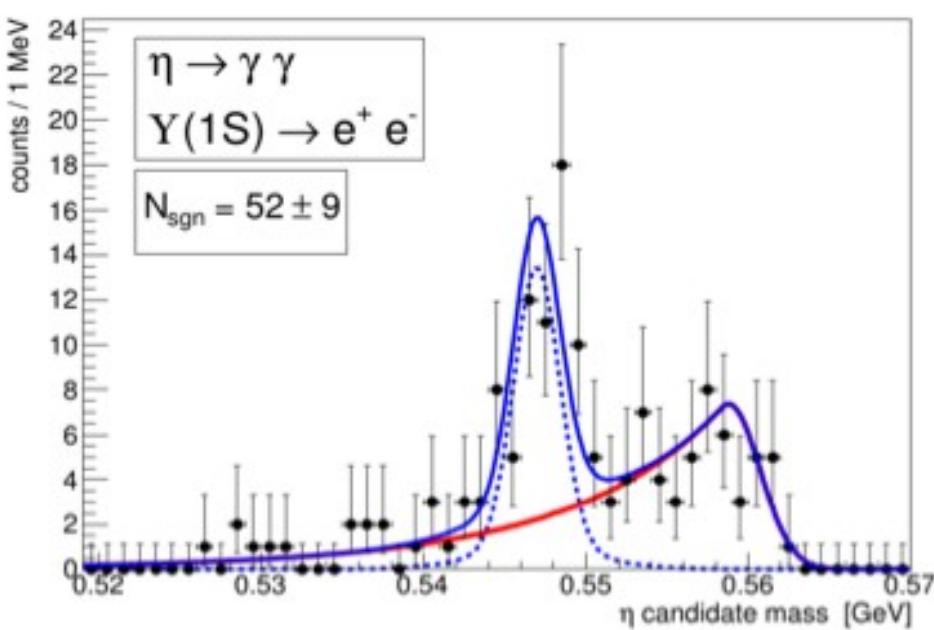
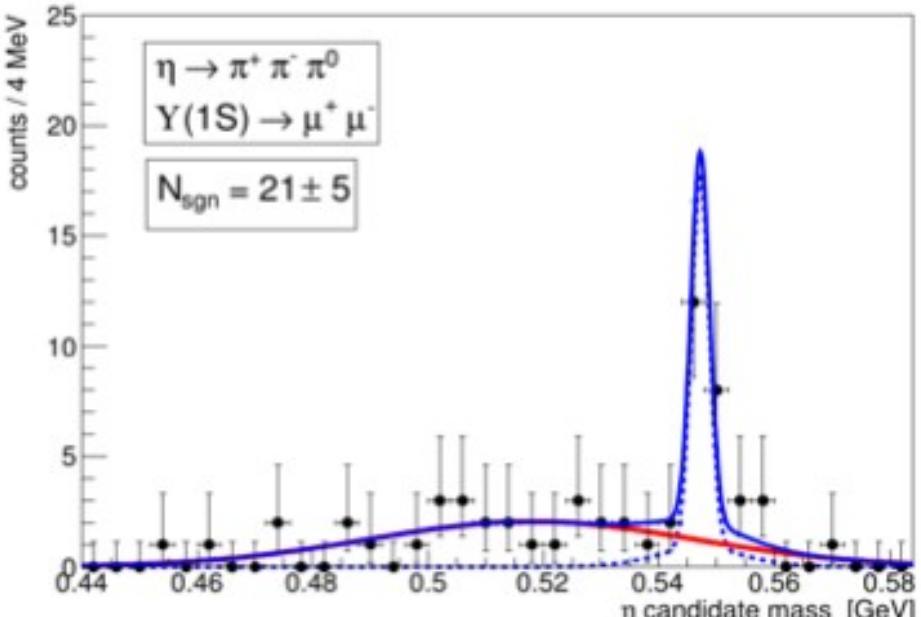
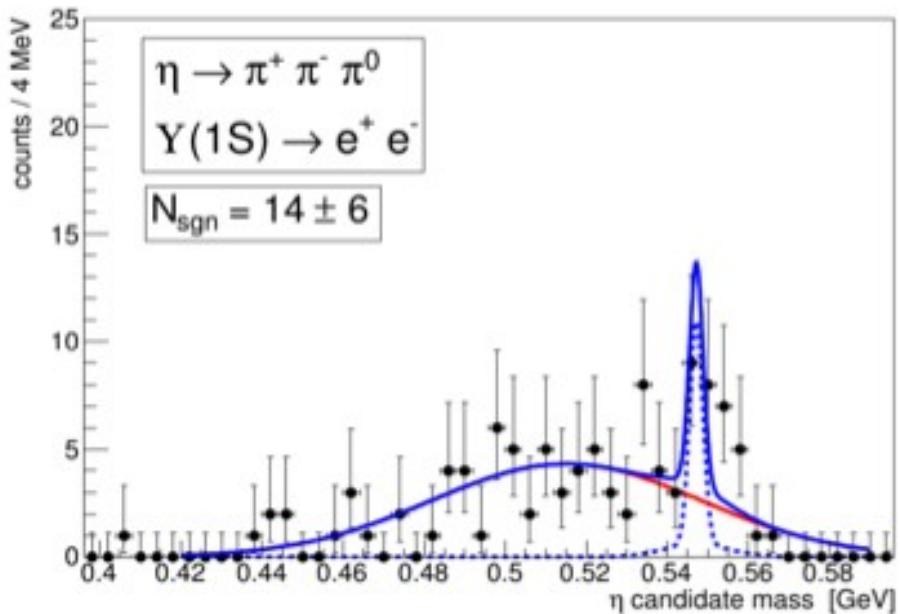
Probabilities at which different J^P hypotheses are disfavored compared to 1^+

J^P	$Z_b(10610)$			$Z_b(10650)$		
	$\Upsilon(2S)\pi^+\pi^-$	$\Upsilon(3S)\pi^+\pi^-$	$h_b(1P)\pi^+\pi^-$	$\Upsilon(2S)\pi^+\pi^-$	$\Upsilon(3S)\pi^+\pi^-$	$h_b(1P)\pi^+\pi^-$
1^-	3.6σ	0.3σ	0.3σ	3.7σ	2.6σ	2.7σ
2^+	4.3σ	3.5σ		4.4σ	2.7σ	
2^-	2.7σ	2.8σ		2.9σ	2.6σ	2.1σ

$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \eta \Upsilon(1S)$

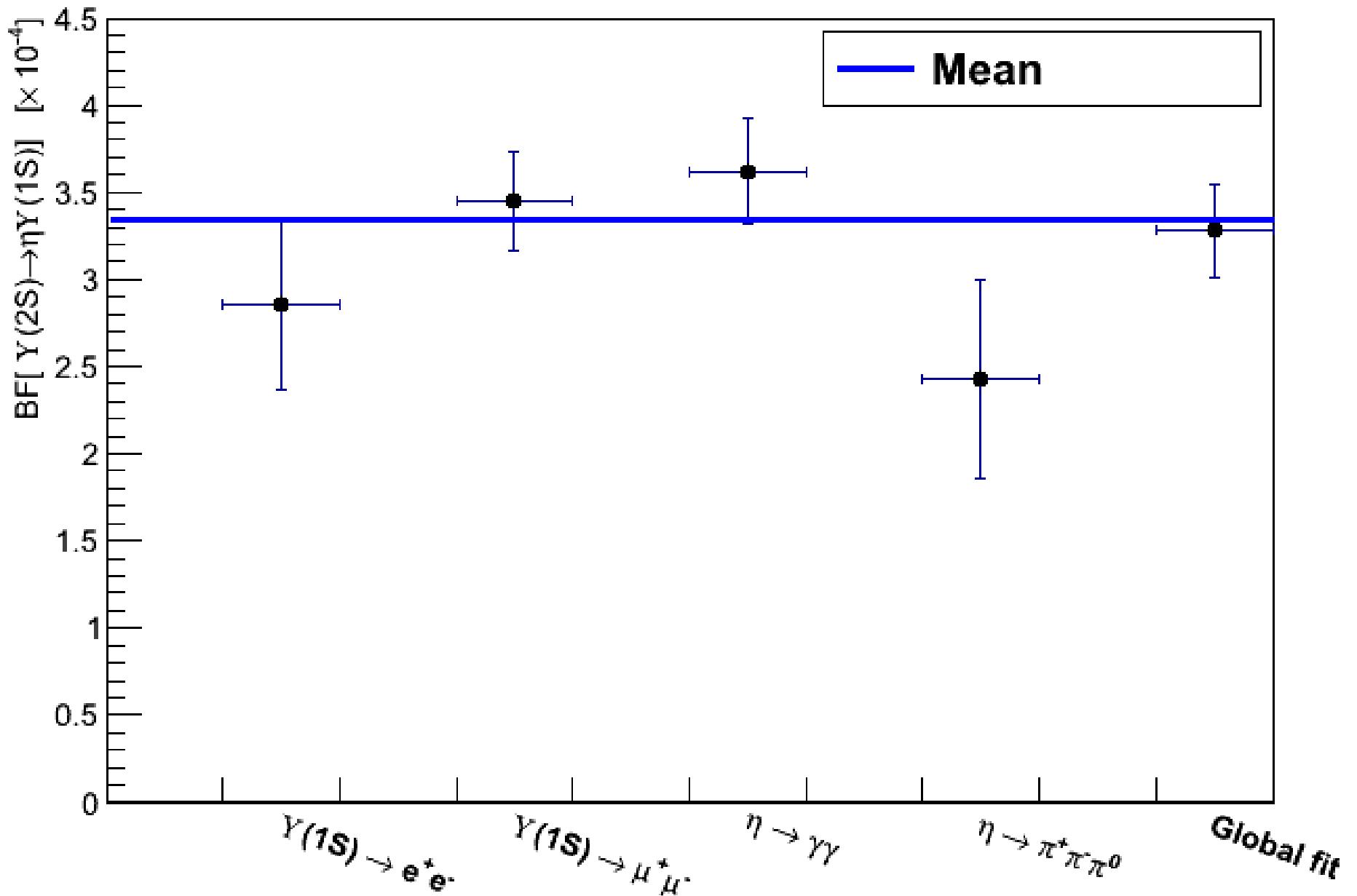
- $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \eta \Upsilon(1S)$:
 - $\mathcal{B}_{theo} \approx 8.0 \times 10^{-4}$.
 - $\mathcal{B}_{CLEO} = (2.1^{+0.7}_{-0.6} \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-4}$ (5.3σ with 1.3 fb^{-1} , PRL101,192001).
- $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \eta \Upsilon(1S)$:
 - $\mathcal{B}_{theo} \approx 6.5 \times 10^{-4}$.
 - $\mathcal{B}_{CLEO} < 1.8 \times 10^{-4}$ (PRL101,192001).
- $\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \eta \Upsilon(1S)$:
 - $\mathcal{B}_{BaBar} \approx 2.5 \times \mathcal{B}(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$, PRD78,112002.
- Event Reconstruction: $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma/\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$, and $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-/\mu^+\mu^-$.
- Backgrounds:
 - $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0$ ($\mathcal{B} = 9.0\%$)
 - $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{bJ} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\Upsilon(1S)$ ($\mathcal{B} = 4.0\%$)
 - Radiative Bhabha scattering

$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \eta \Upsilon(1S)$

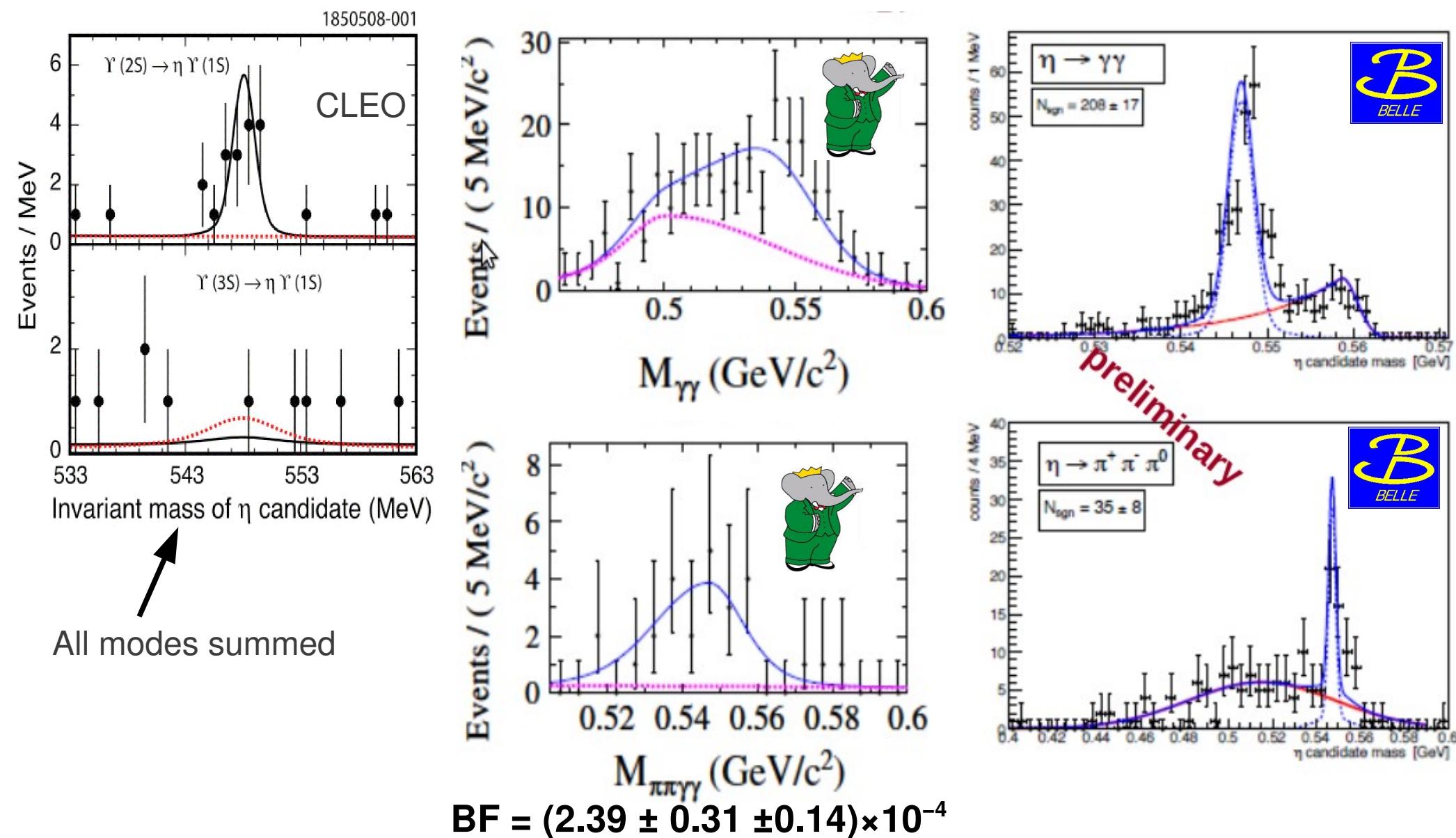


$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \eta \Upsilon(1S)$

Measured $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \eta \Upsilon(1S)$ BF in different final states.



$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \eta \Upsilon(1S)$ @ BaBar and CLEO



$\Upsilon(1,2S) \rightarrow \text{light hadrons}$

arXiv:1205.1246v1

$$Q_c = \frac{B[\psi' \rightarrow \text{hadrons}]}{B[J/\psi \rightarrow \text{hadrons}]} = \frac{B[\psi' \rightarrow e^+e^-]}{B[J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-]} = 12\%$$

$$Q_Y = \frac{B[Y(2S) \rightarrow \text{hadrons}]}{B[Y(1S) \rightarrow \text{hadrons}]} = \frac{B[Y(2S) \rightarrow e^+e^-]}{B[Y(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-]} = 77\%$$

Channel	$\Upsilon(1S)$					$\Upsilon(2S)$					Q_Y	Q_Y^{UP}
	N^{sig}	$N_{\text{sig}}^{\text{UP}}$	Σ	β	β^{UP}	N^{sig}	$N_{\text{sig}}^{\text{UP}}$	Σ	β	β^{UP}		
ϕK^+K^-	56.3 ± 9.0		8.6	$2.36 \pm 0.38 \pm 0.29$		69 ± 36		6.5	$1.86 \pm 0.96 \pm 0.21$		$0.79 \pm 0.54 \pm 0.13$	
$\omega \pi^+\pi^-$	63.6 ± 9.5		8.5	$4.46 \pm 0.67 \pm 0.72$		29 ± 12	51	2.5	$1.32 \pm 0.54 \pm 0.45$	2.58	$0.30 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.11$	0.55
$K^{*0}K^-\pi^+$	173 ± 20		11	$4.42 \pm 0.50 \pm 0.58$		135 ± 23		6.4	$2.32 \pm 0.40 \pm 0.54$		$0.52 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.14$	
$\phi f'_2$	6.9 ± 3.9	15	2.1	$0.64 \pm 0.37 \pm 0.14$	1.63	8.3 ± 6.0	18	1.6	$0.50 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.19$	1.33	$0.77 \pm 0.70 \pm 0.33$	2.54
ωf_2	5.2 ± 4.0	13	1.5	$0.57 \pm 0.44 \pm 0.13$	1.79	-0.4 ± 3.3	6.1		$-0.03 \pm 0.24 \pm 0.01$	0.57	$-0.06 \pm 0.42 \pm 0.02$	1.22
ρa_2	29 ± 11	49	2.7	$1.15 \pm 0.47 \pm 0.18$	2.24	10 ± 11	30	0.9	$0.27 \pm 0.28 \pm 0.14$	0.88	$0.23 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.12$	0.82
$K^{*0}\bar{K}_2^{*0}$	42.2 ± 9.5		5.4	$3.02 \pm 0.68 \pm 0.34$		32 ± 11		3.3	$1.53 \pm 0.52 \pm 0.19$		$0.50 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.07$	
$K_1(1270)^+K^-$	3.7 ± 4.9	13	0.8	$0.54 \pm 0.72 \pm 0.21$	2.41	11.0 ± 4.4	26	1.2	$1.06 \pm 0.42 \pm 0.32$	3.22	$1.96 \pm 2.71 \pm 0.84$	4.73
$K_1(1400)^+K^-$	23.8 ± 8.2		3.3	$1.02 \pm 0.35 \pm 0.22$		9.2 ± 8.2	24	0.5	$0.26 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.09$	0.83	$0.26 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.10$	0.77
$b_1(1235)^+\pi^-$	14.4 ± 6.9	28	2.4	$0.47 \pm 0.22 \pm 0.13$	1.25	1.2 ± 3.5	13	0.2	$0.02 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.01$	0.40	$0.05 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.03$	0.35