



# The Higgs Hunt with ATLAS at LHC

**Marko Mikuž**

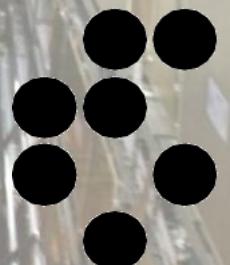
University of Ljubljana & Jožef Stefan Institute

For the ATLAS Collaboration

Time and Matter

Venice, Italy

March 7, 2013



# Prelude



VOLUME 13, NUMBER 16

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

19 OCTOBER 1964

## BROKEN SYMMETRIES AND THE MASSES OF GAUGE BOSONS

Peter W. Higgs

Tait Institute of Mathematical Physics, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh, Scotland  
(Received 31 August 1964)



Physics Letters B

Volume 716, Issue 1, 17 September 2012, Pages 1–29



Observation of a new particle in the search for the Standard Model  
Higgs boson with the ATLAS detector at the LHC \*

Universally Available

Venice, March 7, 2013

Marko Mikuž: The Higgs Hunt with ATLAS



*"I certainly had no idea it would happen in my lifetime at the beginning, more than 40 years ago.*

*I think it shows amazing dedication by the young people involved with these colossal collaborations to persist in this way, on what is a really a very difficult task.  
I congratulate them."*

**Peter Higgs, July 4<sup>th</sup>, 2012**



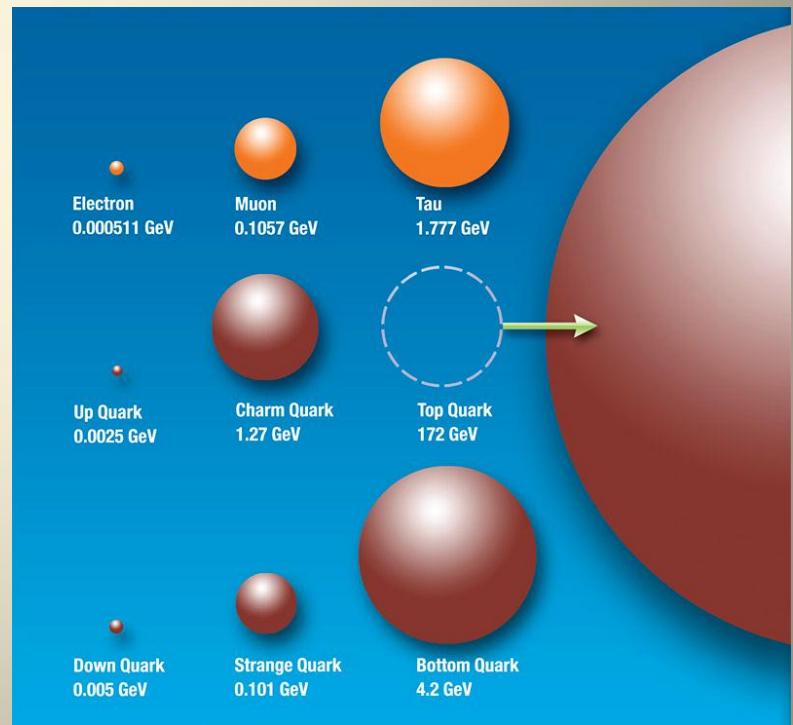
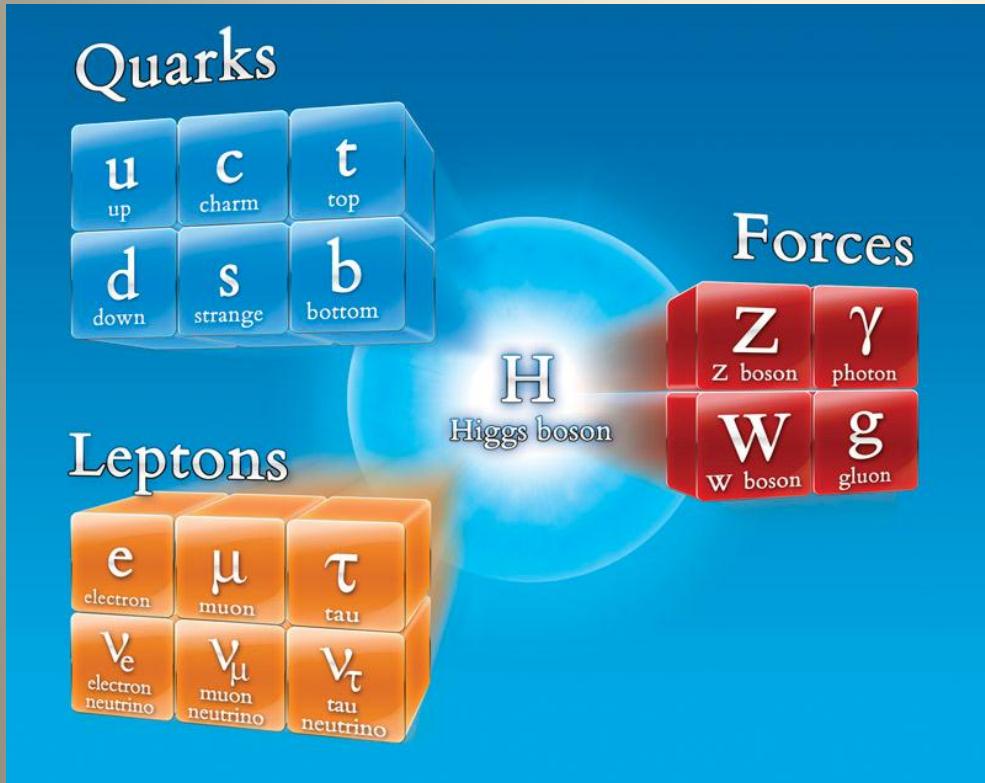
# Acknowledgements

- This presentation rests on the shoulders of over 3000 ATLAS colleagues who built and operate the ATLAS detector, and who tirelessly analyze the data .
- The prerequisite for these studies was the seamless and astonishingly ever-improving performance of the Large Hadron Collider in 2011 and 2012.

# Higgs Discovery



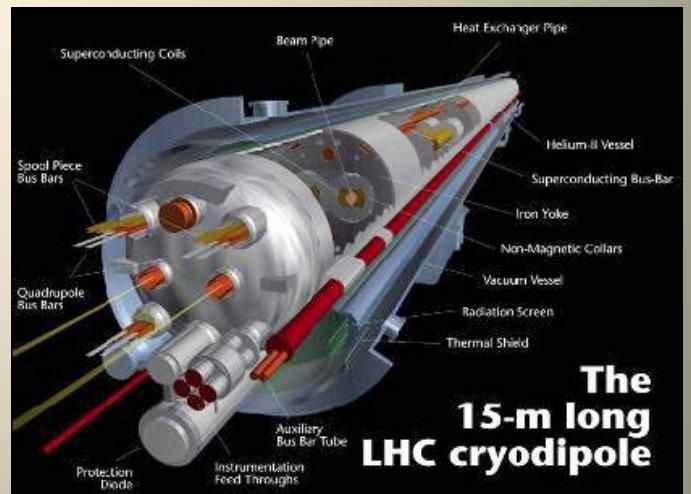
- The discovery of the Higgs particle would wrap up the Standard model in the most elegant and simple way
  - Light Higgs most natural, but opens up the possibility of the “Great Desert” (no new particles) up to the Planck scale –  $10^{28}$  eV – 100 GeV is  $10^{11}$  eV !
  - Measurement of Higgs properties a sensitive tool for probing New Physics



# Large Hadron Collider



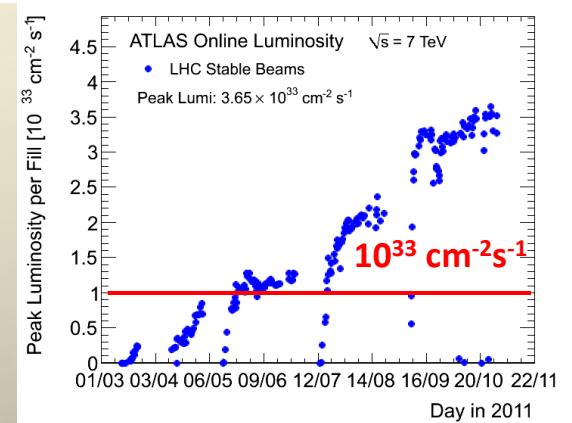
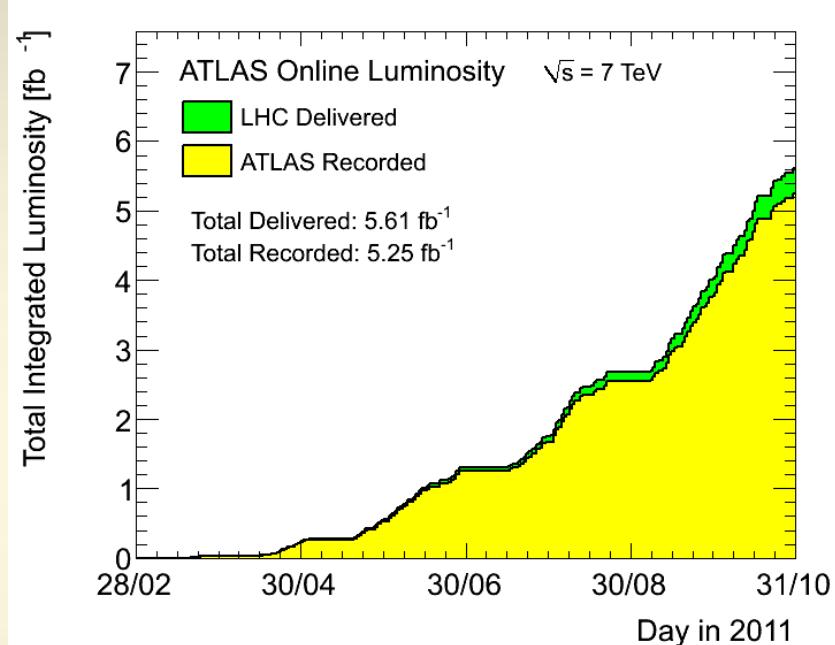
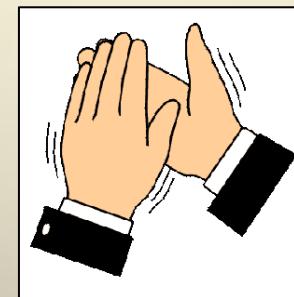
- Large Hadron Collider
  - proton-proton collider
  - Design c.m.s. energy  $14 \text{ (2x7) TeV}$ , currently at  $8 \text{ TeV}, 7 \text{ TeV}$  in 2011
  - Design luminosity  $10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ ,  $7.7 \times 10^{33}$  achieved so far
- Why 7-8 (2x4) TeV ?
  - LHC in 27 km LEP tunnel (recycling)
  - Energy at  $r_{LEP}$  limited by superconducting magnets
    - $B_{max} = 8.3 \text{ T} \rightarrow E_{max} = 7 \text{ TeV}$
  - Following major incident in Sep'08 damaging  $\sim 50$  magnets
    - 3.5, then 4 TeV considered safe
- Consolidation to design values during 2013(&14) break



# LHC Performance in 2011



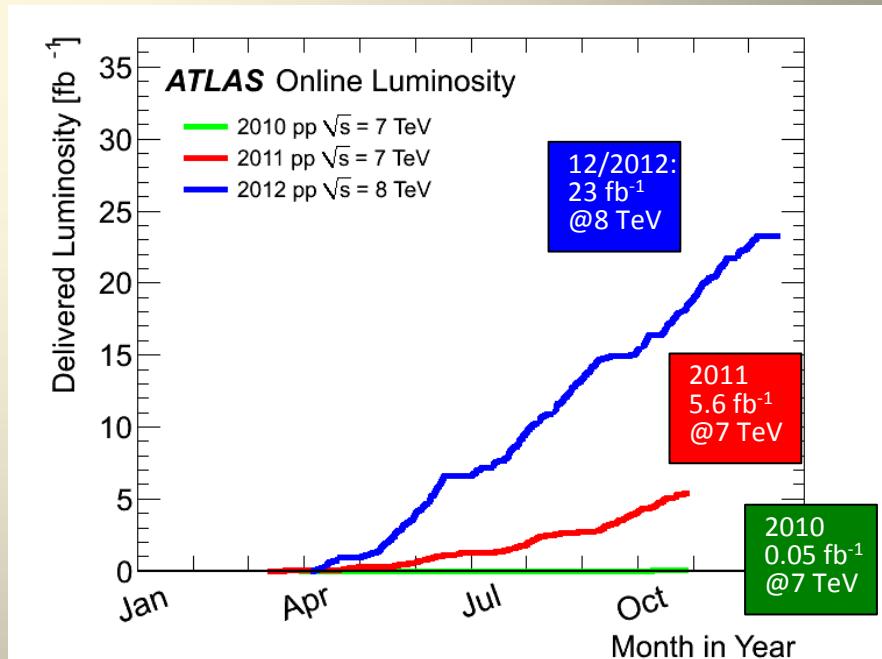
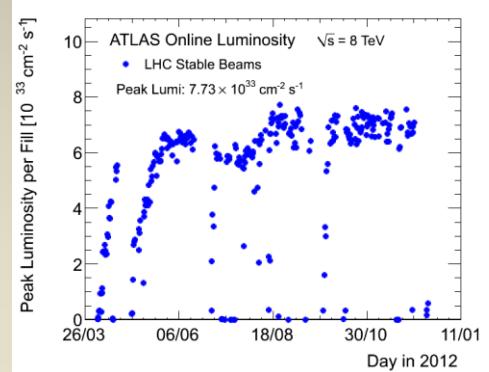
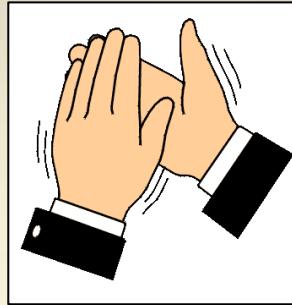
- The yearly plan at the Chamonix meeting (Jan'11) was  $>1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  per experiment
- $50 \text{ ns}$  bunch spacing
- Due to increased peak luminosity up to  $3.6 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$  the final integrated luminosity surpassed  $5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  by end of 2011
- Half of the luminosity ( $\sim 2.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ) was delivered in the final month of running



# LHC Performance in 2012



- The yearly plan was
  - $>5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  by end June
  - $\sim 15 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  by end of 2012 per experiment
- Peak luminosity increased up to  $7.73 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- $\sim 6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  by end of June
  - $\sim 1.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  delivered in the final week – still the record
- $23.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  total delivered
  - $21.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  recorded by ATLAS



# LHC Performance in 2013/14



- Heavy ion run until Feb 16 8:25
- End of LHC Run 1
- Entering consolidation shutdown for ~2 years
  - Change inter-magnet splices to allow running at 13-14 TeV
  - Upgrade collimation system
- Achieve design luminosity of  $10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- 25 ns bunch spacing
- Accumulate 50-100  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  in 2018

LHC Page1      Fill: 3575      E: 0 GeV      16-02-13 10:04:32

SHUTDOWN: NO BEAM

Comments (16-Feb-2013 08:25:13)  
\*\*\* END OF RUN 1 \*\*\*  
No beam for a while. Access required time estimate: ~2 years

AFS: Single\_36b\_4\_16\_16\_4bp1inj

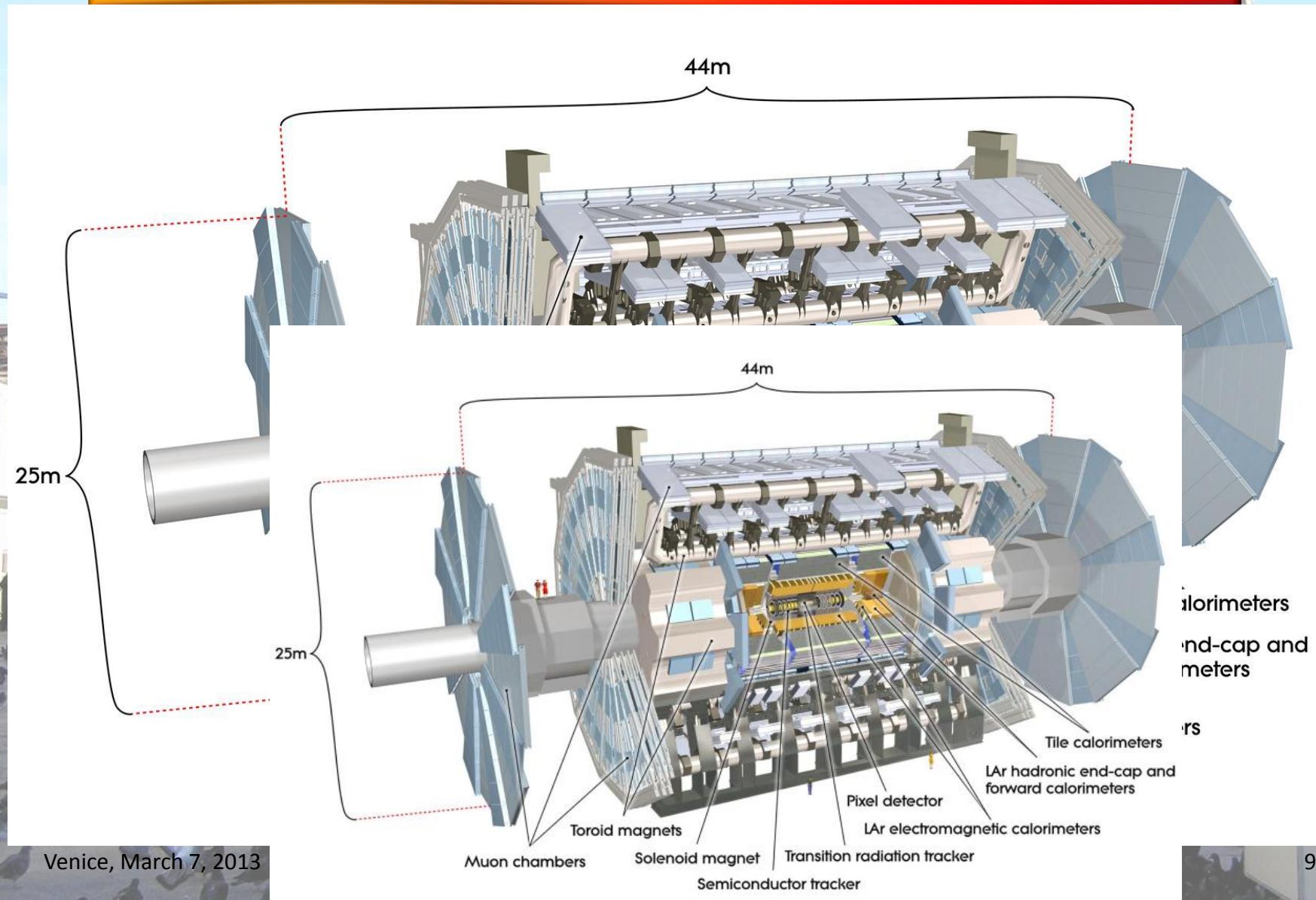
B1 B2  
Link Status of Beam Permits false false  
Global Beam Permit false false  
Setup Beam true true  
Beam Presence false false  
Moveable Devices Allowed In Stable Beams false false  
false false

PM Status B1 ENABLED PM Status B2 ENABLED

Comments (16-Feb-2013 08:25:13)  
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# ATLAS Detector

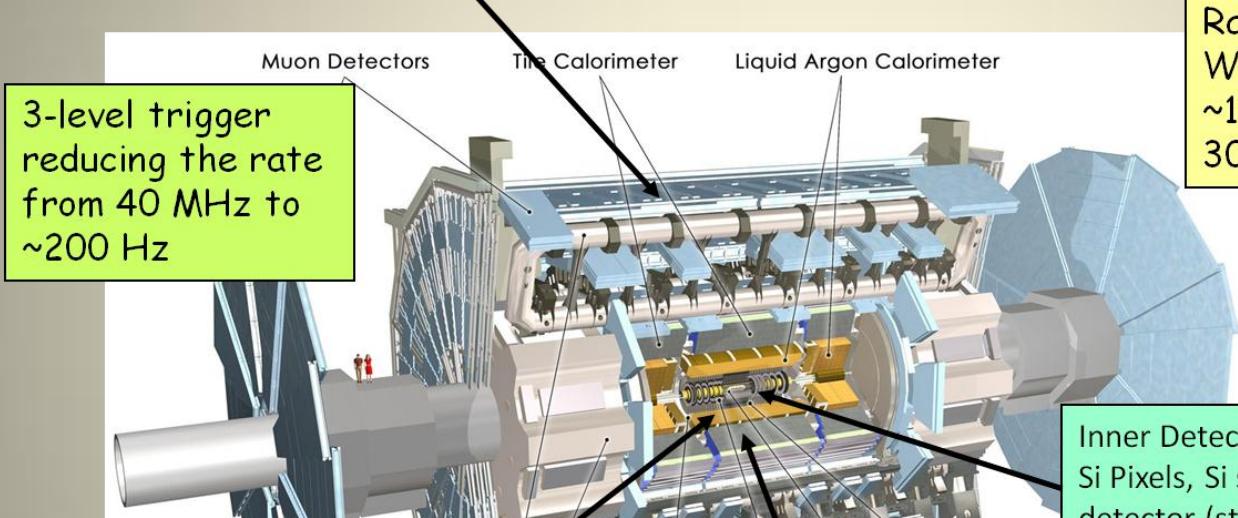


Venice, March 7, 2013

# The Real Thing



Muon Spectrometer ( $|\eta| < 2.7$ ): air-core toroids with gas-based muon chambers  
 Muon trigger and measurement with momentum resolution  $< 10\%$  up to  $E_\mu \sim 1$  TeV



Inner Detector ( $|\eta| < 2.5$ ,  $B=2T$ ):  
 Si Pixels, Si strips, Transition Radiation  
 detector (straws)

## ATLAS p-p run: April-December 2012

Inner Tracker			Calorimeters			Muon Spectrometer			Magnets	
Pixel	SCT	TRT	LAr	Tile	MDT	RPC	CSC	TGC	Solenoid	Toroid
99.9	99.4	99.8	99.1	99.6	99.6	99.8	100.	99.6	99.8	99.5

All good for physics: 95.8%

Luminosity weighted relative detector uptime and good quality data delivery during 2012 stable beams in pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV between April 4<sup>th</sup> and December 6<sup>th</sup> (in %) – corresponding to  $21.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of recorded data.

# ATLAS Collaboration



# Higgs Production @ LHC

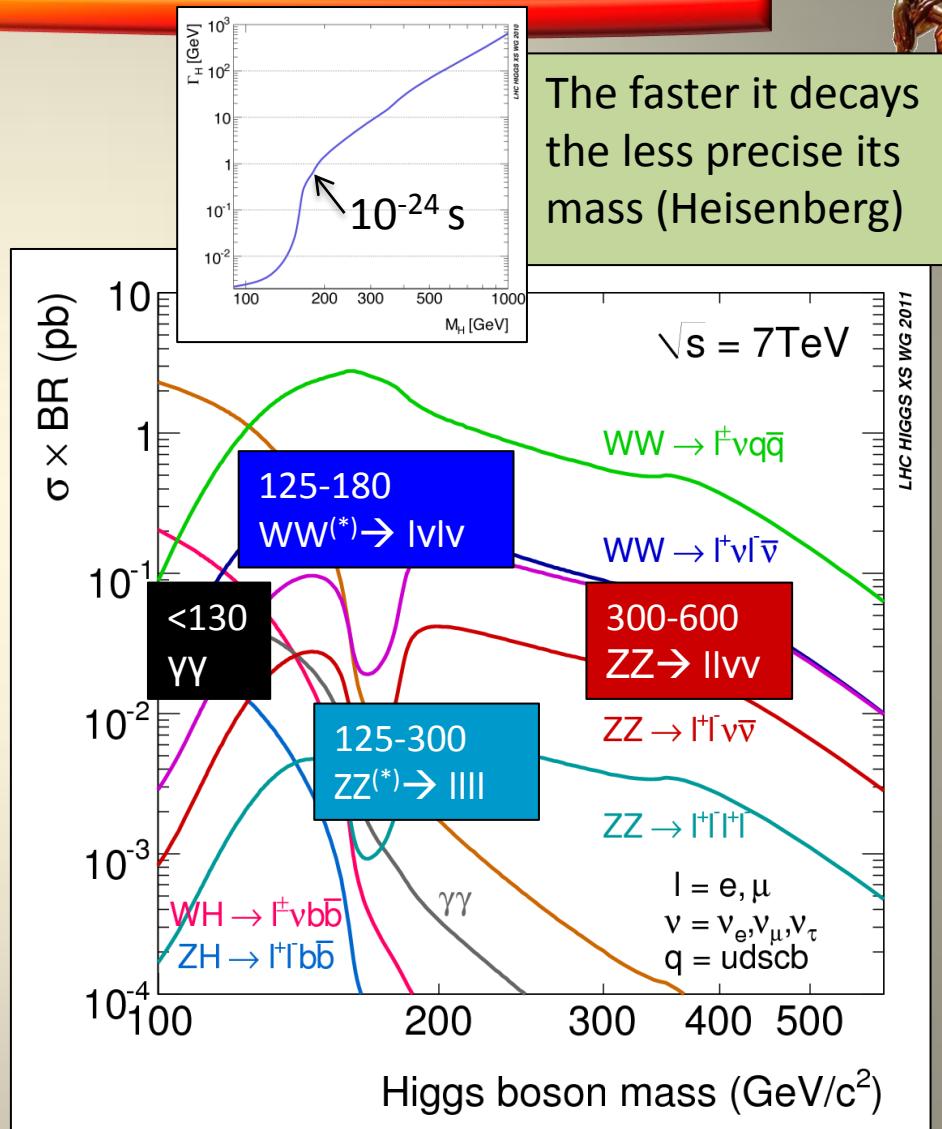
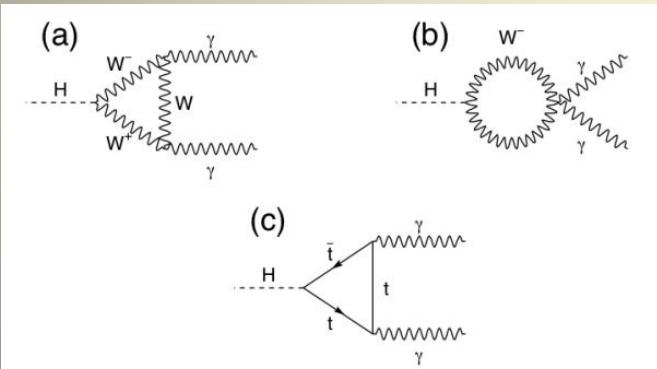


**Which haystack is the needle in ?**

# Higgs Decays



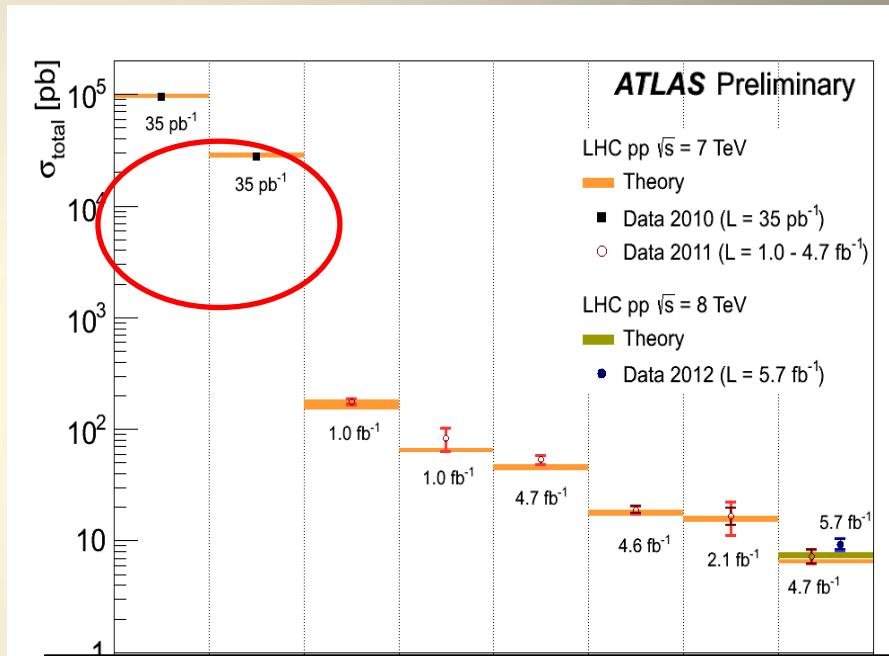
- Higgs decays determined by mass couplings
  - Decays to W, Z weak bosons dominate if kinematically allowed
    - One of the bosons can be virtual
  - For low masses two-photon, b-quark and tau decays
    - Two photons via loops



# Higgs Detection @ LHC



- Rare process
  - Production only  $\mathcal{O}(10^{-10})$  of total cross section
  - Further suppression by decay branching ratio
- Huge backgrounds
  - Need distinct event features
    - Leptons ( $e, \mu$ ) from  $W, Z$
    - Energetic gamma rays
    - “Golden” channel:  $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$
    - $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$  and  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  can be fully reconstructed:  $H$  invariant mass, but  $\sigma x BR \mathcal{O}(10 \text{ fb})$
    - $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$  has two missing  $v$ 's,  $\sigma x BR \mathcal{O}(100 \text{ fb})$
  - Need to understand how to model backgrounds
    - From data and Monte Carlo simulations

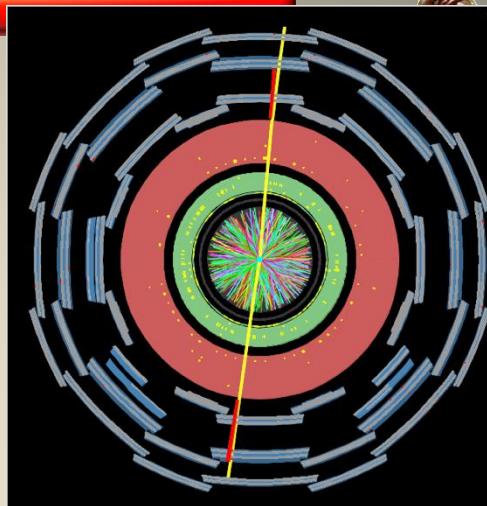


Yesterday's signals are today's backgrounds !  
(100M W, 10M Z on tape)

# Additional Burden – Pile-Up



- LHC still operates with 50 ns bunch spacing
  - $\sim 1$  collision per bunch crossing @  $L \sim 2 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
  - Up to  $>40$  overlaid collisions at highest luminosity
  - Challenging environment -  $\mathcal{O}(1000)$  tracks – demonstrating marvelous tracker performance
    - E.g. loose primary vertex constraint for  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
    - Backgrounds even harder to control



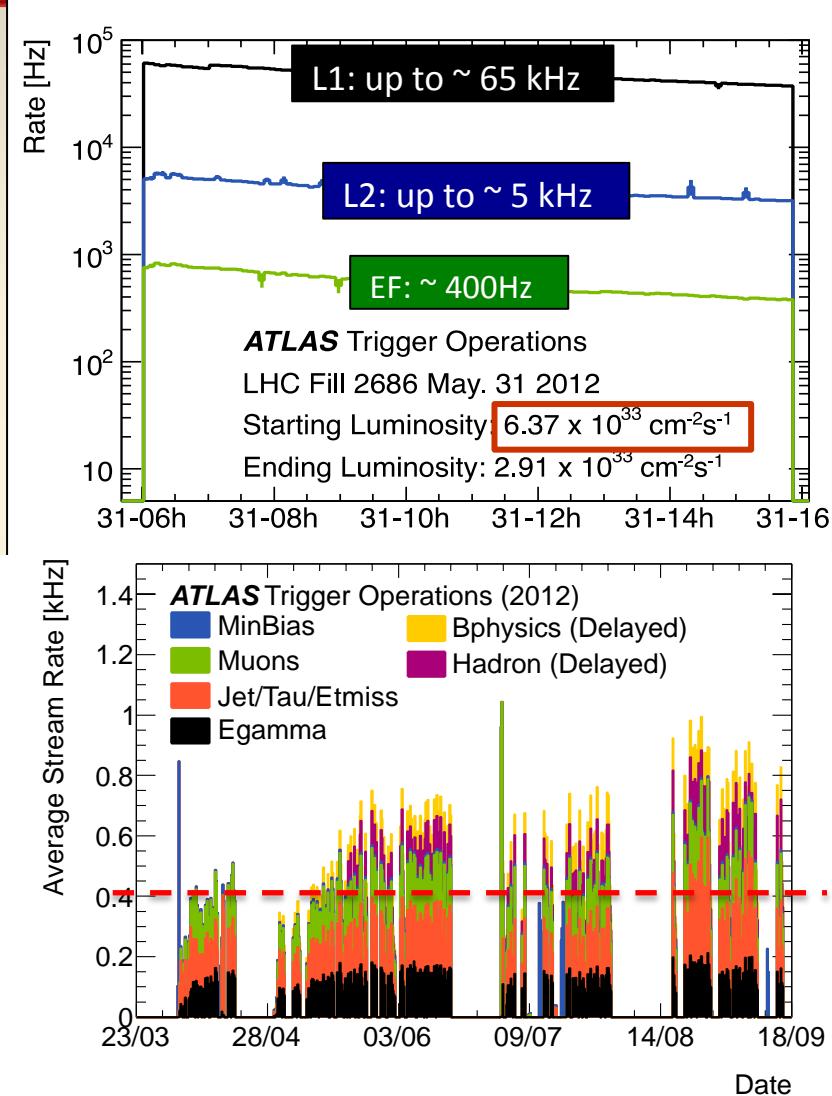
# Signal in Presence of Background



- Most powerful detection channels at low masses
  - $H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$  (counting excess events)
  - $H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4l$  (H mass)
  - $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  (H mass)
- All suffer from presence of background
  - Leptons from W, Z decays, QCD background
- Small  $\sigma x BR$  results in small event samples
  - Downward fluctuation of signal can prevent detection
    - False negative (signal interpreted as background)
  - Upward fluctuation of background can mimic signal
    - False positive (background interpreted as signal)
- Need careful, unbiased statistical treatment to assess

# Sample Selection

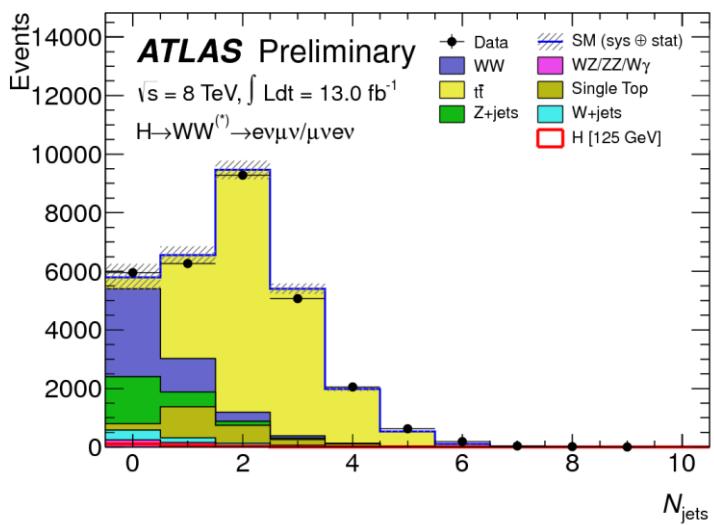
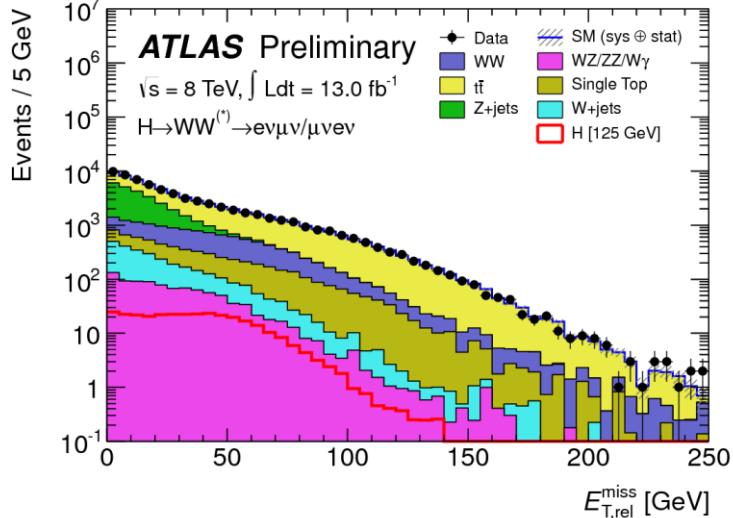
- Initial event rate 20 MHz, (multiple) collisions every bunch crossing
- Three level trigger reduces this to 300-600 Hz of recorded events
  - Trigger focuses on energetic jets, leptons and photons thus efficiency high for relevant Higgs decays
  - Trigger composition changed on the fly during fill to match decreasing luminosity
- Offline sample selection
  - Based on identification of characteristic objects: electrons, muons, photons
  - Large and sometimes not well-known backgrounds estimated mostly with data-driven techniques using signal-free control regions



# $H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$



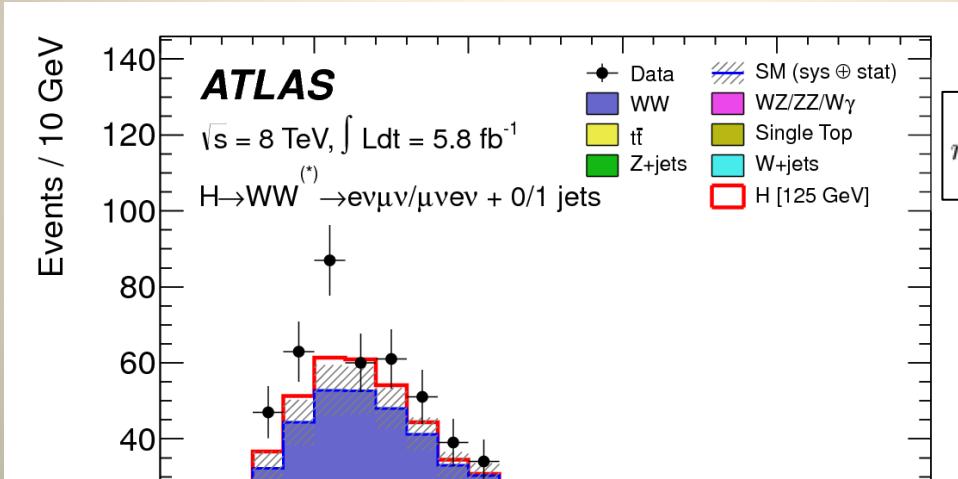
- Most sensitive channel  $\sim 125\text{-}180 \text{ GeV}$  ( $\sigma \sim 200 \text{ fb}$ )
  - Challenging: two missing  $\nu \rightarrow$  no mass reconstruction/peak  $\rightarrow$  “counting channel”
  - 2 isolated opposite-sign leptons, large  $E_{T\text{miss}}$
  - Main backgrounds: WW, top, Z+jets, W+jets
    - $m_{ll} \neq m_Z$ , b-jet veto, ...
    - topological cuts against “irreducible” WW background:  $pT_{ll}$ ,  $m_{ll}$ ,  $\Delta\phi_{ll}$  (smaller for scalar Higgs),  $m_T$  ( $ll$ ,  $E_{T\text{miss}}$ )
- Worse pile-up in 2012
  - Main work-horse  $WW \rightarrow e\nu\mu\nu$ 
    - Less background from  $Z, \gamma^* \rightarrow l^+l^-$
    - Contributes 93% of WW sensitivity
- Counting  $\rightarrow$  crucial to understand background
  - Understanding of  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  (genuine and fake)
    - Sensitive to pile-up !
  - Excellent understanding of background in signal region  $\rightarrow$  use signal-free control regions in data to constrain MC  $\rightarrow$  use MC to extrapolate to the signal region



# H → WW<sup>(\*)</sup> 2012 Sample



- No significant excess above expected background observed in 2011 WW → l<sub>1</sub>l<sub>2</sub>l<sub>3</sub>l<sub>4</sub> data (Phys. Lett. B 716 (2012) 62-81)
- Final control plot of 2012 WW → eνμν data up to Oct12 (HCP set)
  - $m_T$  used as control variable
  - Expected S/B in final 8 TeV sample still ~1:10 only
- Excess observed in 2012 data, consistent with a ~125 GeV Higgs

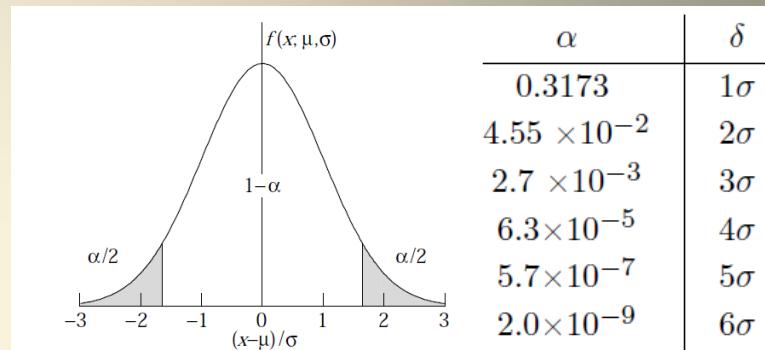


	Signal	WW	WZ/ZZ/Wγ	t <bar>t</bar>	tW/tb/tqb	Z/γ* + jets	W + jets	Total Bkg.	Obs.
H+ 0-jet	$45 \pm 9$	$242 \pm 32$	$26 \pm 4$	$16 \pm 2$	$11 \pm 2$	$4 \pm 3$	$34 \pm 17$	$334 \pm 28$	423
H+ 1-jet	$18 \pm 6$	$40 \pm 22$	$10 \pm 2$	$37 \pm 13$	$13 \pm 7$	$2 \pm 1$	$11 \pm 6$	$114 \pm 18$	141

# Background Fluctuations



- Background is a random process,  $N_{bg}$  often well described by Poisson (Gauss) pdf
- The  $N\sigma$  significance refers to probabilities of an excursion from the mean of relevant pdf
- For **exclusion** of signal presence,  $\sim 2\sigma$  downward fluctuation of expected S+B is taken, allowing for 5 % false negatives
- For detection of particles two landmarks on upward background fluctuation are agreed
  - $3\sigma$ : **evidence**, 0.13 % false positives
  - $5\sigma$ : **discovery**,  $< 3 \times 10^{-7}$  false positives
- To bring background fluctuations into perspective
  - For a fair dice in a ludo game ~~background only~~
  - $1\sigma$  effect: ~six in first trial
  - $2\sigma$  effect: ~2 consecutive sixes in a row
  - $3\sigma$  evidence: ~4 consecutive sixes in 2 trials
  - $5\sigma$  discovery: ~8 consecutive sixes in a row
- **When would you start suspecting someone is cheating ?**

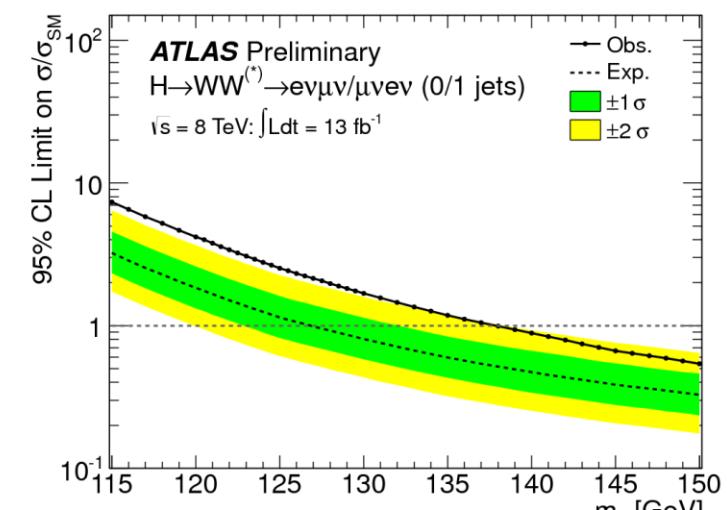


# H → WW<sup>(\*)</sup> Results



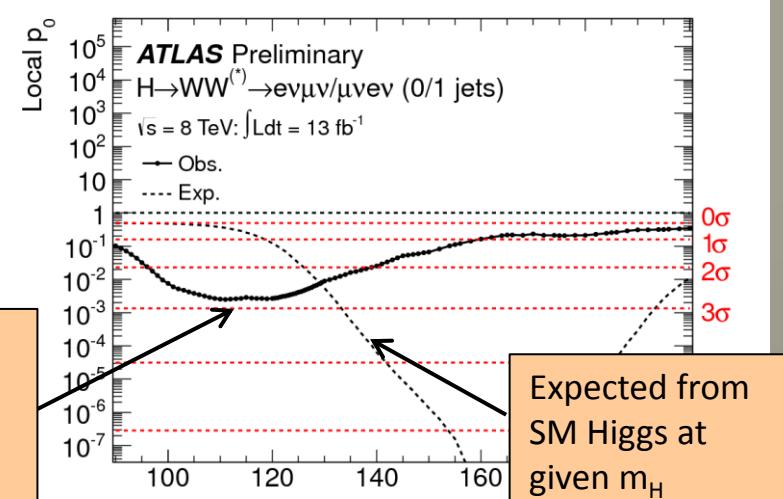
- 13 fb<sup>-1</sup> of 2012 data up to Oct

Exclusion of Higgs signal contents in units of  $\sigma_{\text{SM}}$  at 95 % C.L.



Poor mass sensitivity broadens range

$p_0$  - consistency of data with background-only expectation

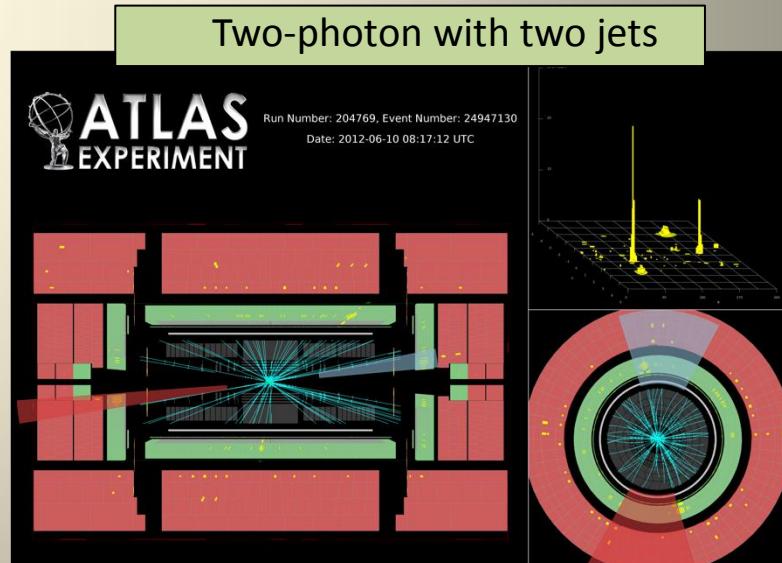
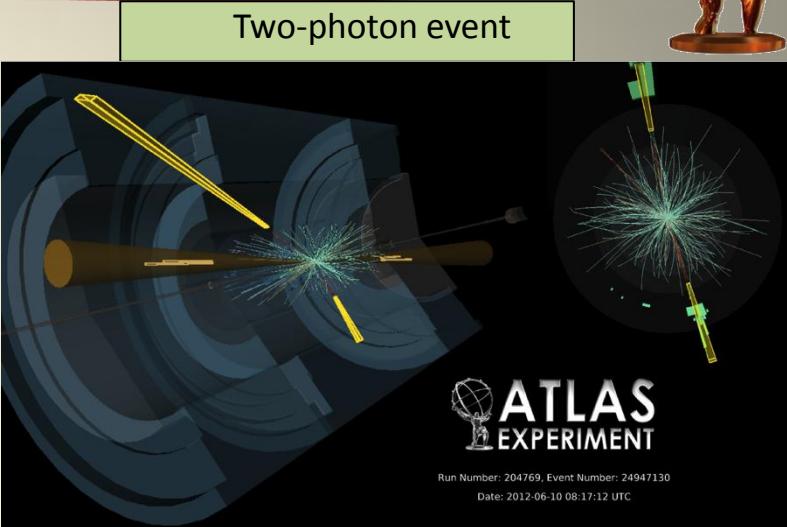


- Excluded (95% CL): **139 GeV < m<sub>H</sub>** (expected: **127 GeV !**)
- Excess 2.8σ (1.9 expected) over a broad range of **m<sub>H</sub> ~ 125 GeV** (poor m<sub>H</sub> resolution)

# H $\rightarrow$ $\gamma\gamma$



- Small cross-section:  $\sigma \sim 40$  fb
- Simple final state: 2 high- $p_T$  isolated photons
  - $E_T(\gamma_1, \gamma_2) > 40, 30$  GeV (20/20 for 7 TeV)
  - Main background:  $\gamma\gamma$  continuum
    - irreducible, smooth, ..
- Events divided into 14 categories
  - 9 based on  $\eta$ -photon (e.g. central, rest, ...), converted/unconverted,  $p_T^{\gamma\gamma}$  perpendicular to  $\gamma\gamma$  thrust axis + VBF(2j) + VH ( $l$ ,  $E_{T\text{miss}}$ ,  $2j_{\text{lowmass}}$ )
- Crucial experimental aspects:
  - excellent  $\gamma\gamma$  mass resolution to observe narrow signal peak above irreducible background
  - powerful  $\gamma$ /jet separation to suppress  $\gamma j$  and  $jj$  background with jet  $\rightarrow \pi^0$  faking single  $\gamma$





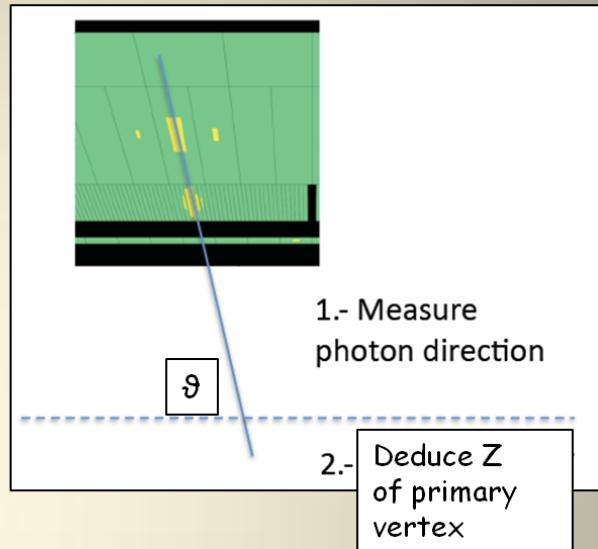
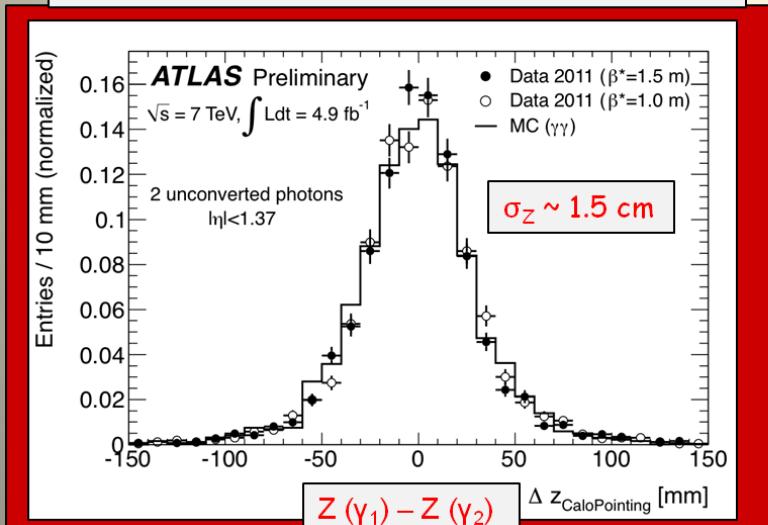
# H $\rightarrow$ $\gamma\gamma$ Invariant Mass – $\gamma\gamma$ Angle

$$m_{\gamma\gamma}^2 = 2 E_1 E_2 (1 - \cos\alpha)$$

$\alpha$ =opening angle of the two photons

Use longitudinal (and lateral) segmentation of EM calorimeter to measure photon polar angle  $\vartheta$   
crucial at high pile-up: many vertices distributed over  $\sigma_Z$  (LHC beam spot)  $\sim 5.6$  cm  $\rightarrow$  difficult to know which one produced the  $\gamma\gamma$  pair

Z-vertex as measured in  $\gamma\gamma$  events after selection from calorimeter "pointing"



- Calorimeter pointing capability reduces vertex uncertainty from  $\sim 5.6$  cm (LHC beam spot) to  $\sim 1.5$  cm  
 $\rightarrow$  Contribution to mass resolution from angular term is negligible with calo pointing ( $\gamma \rightarrow ee$  vertex also used)
- Robust against pile-up

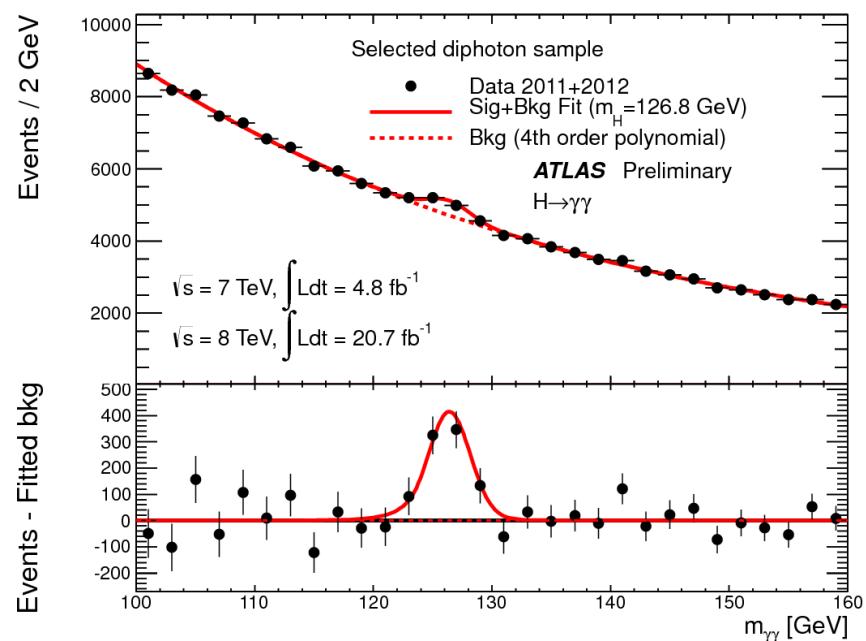
# H $\rightarrow$ $\gamma\gamma$ Final Sample



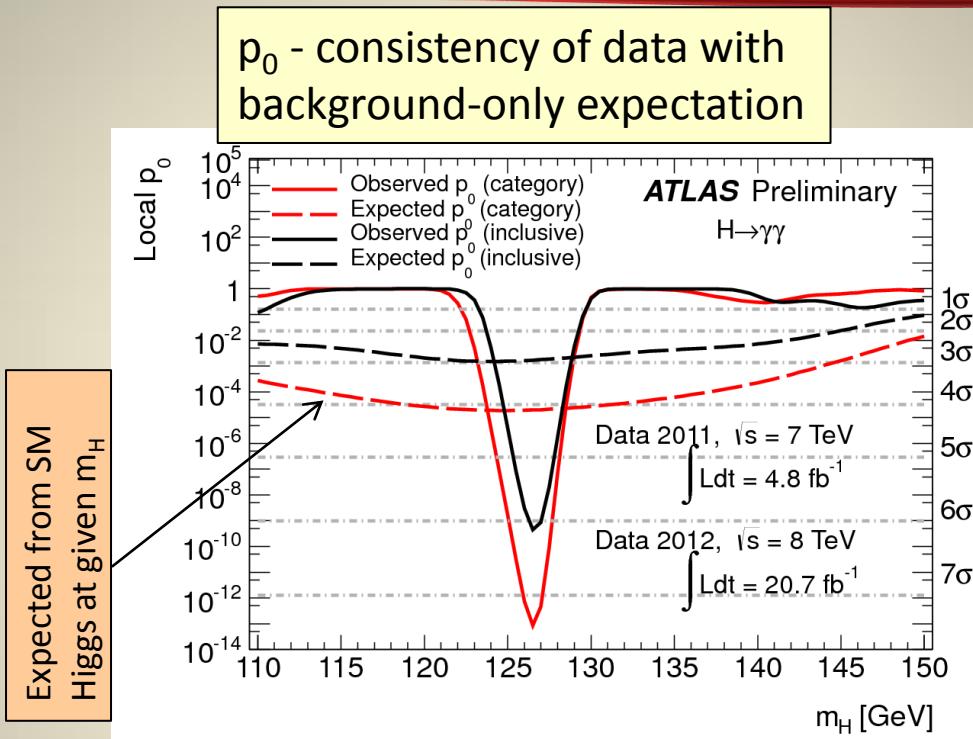
- After all selections: kinematic cuts,  $\gamma$  identification and isolation
  - $\sim 145k$  events with  $100 < m_{\gamma\gamma} < 160$  GeV observed in the 2011+2012 data
  - expected signal efficiency:  $\sim 40\%$  for  $m_H = 125$  GeV
- $m_{\gamma\gamma}$  spectrum fit with
  - 4<sup>th</sup> order polynomial or exponential for background, depending on category
  - plus Crystal Ball + Gaussian for signal,
  - background determined directly from data

## Main systematic uncertainties

Expected signal yield :  $\sim 8/11\%$   
 H $\rightarrow$  $\gamma\gamma$  mass resolution :  $\sim 14\%$   
 Background modeling :  $\pm 0.2\text{-}4.6/0.3\text{-}6.8$  ev.  
 (category, 11/12)



# H $\rightarrow$ $\gamma\gamma$ Results



- Maximum deviation from background-only expectation observed for  $m_H = 126.5 \text{ GeV}$ :
  - Local  $p_0$ -value:  $\sim 10^{-13}$  or **7.4  $\sigma$**  at **126.5 GeV**
  - Expected from SM Higgs:  $\sim 4.1 \sigma$
- Seeing more signal than expected from SM... upward fluctuation of the signal ?
- Single channel discovery, no big point in quoting exclusion...

# H $\rightarrow$ ZZ $(^*) \rightarrow 4l$

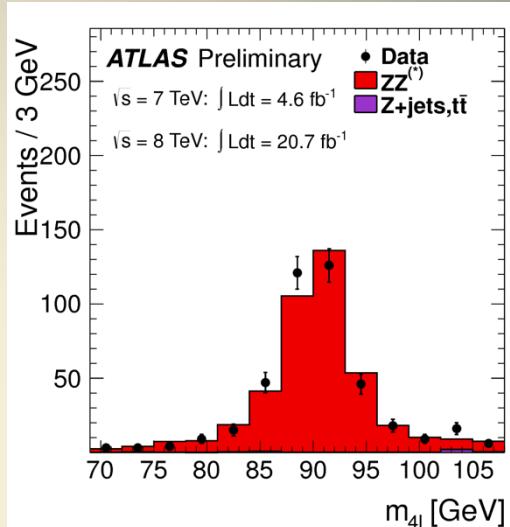


- $\sigma \sim 2\text{-}3 \text{ fb}$  only, however:
  - Mass can be fully reconstructed  $\rightarrow$  signal events cluster in a (narrow) peak
  - Pure: S/B  $\sim 1$ , narrow peak  $\sigma \sim 2 \text{ GeV}$
- Select 4 leptons:  $p_T^{1,2,3,4} > 20, 15, 10, 7/6(e/\mu) \text{ GeV}$ 
  - $m_{12} = 50\text{-}106 \text{ GeV}; 115 > m_{34} > 12\text{-}50 \text{ GeV}$  (depending on  $m_{4l}$ )
- Main backgrounds:
  - ZZ $(^*)$  (irreducible)
  - $m_H < 2m_Z$ : Zbb, Z+jets, tt with two leptons from b/q-jets  $\rightarrow$  leptons  
 $\rightarrow$  Suppressed with isolation and impact parameter cuts on two softest leptons
- Signal acceptance x efficiency: 15-37 % for  $m_H \sim 125 \text{ GeV}$
- Crucial experimental aspects:
  - High lepton reconstruction and identification efficiency down to lowest  $p_T$
  - Good lepton energy/momentum resolution
  - Good control of reducible backgrounds (Zbb, Z+jets, tt) in low-mass region:
    - Cannot rely on MC alone (theoretical uncertainties, b/q-jet  $\rightarrow$  l modeling, ..)
    - Need to compare MC to data in background-enriched control regions (but: low statistics)

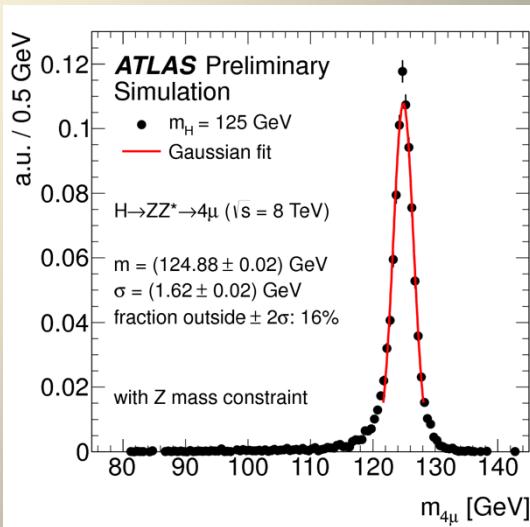
# H $\rightarrow$ ZZ $(^*) \rightarrow 4l$ Performance



- ZZ $(^*) \rightarrow 4e, 4\mu, 2e2\mu$
- Electrons
  - Identification efficiency from J/ $\psi \rightarrow ee$ , W $\rightarrow e\nu$ , Z $\rightarrow ee$  data samples
  - Crucial to understand low- $p_T$  electrons (affected by material) with data
  - H $\rightarrow 4e$  mass resolution: 2.5 GeV
    - Event fraction in  $\pm 2\sigma$ : ~ 80%
- Muons
  - Checked on Z $\rightarrow \mu\mu$  data sample
  - Muon reconstruction efficiency > 95% over 4 < p < 100 GeV
  - H $\rightarrow 4\mu$  mass resolution: ~1.6 GeV
    - Event fraction in  $\pm 2\sigma$ : ~ 85%



pp $\rightarrow Z \rightarrow 4l$   
4l invariant mass peak



FSR corrected and  
Z constraint fit

# H $\rightarrow$ ZZ $(^*) \rightarrow 4l$ Final Sample



- After all selections:
  - kinematic cuts, isolation, impact parameter
- Mass range above 160 GeV
  - Observed: 317/59 events (8/7 TeV)
  - 301/53 background events expected
    - mainly from ZZ $(^*)$
- $m(4l) < 160$  GeV
  - Observed: 100/21 events (8/7 TeV)
  - Expected from background: 74/13
  - Significant excess clustered around 125 GeV
- $120 < m(4l) < 130$  GeV  
(containing  $\sim 90\%$  of a  $m_H=125$  GeV signal):
  - Similar contributions expected from signal and background:  $\sim 5$  events each
  - S/B 1.9 (4 $\mu$ ), 1.3 (2e2 $\mu$ ), 1.1 (4e)
  - Background dominated by ZZ $(^*)$  (4 $\mu$ ), Z+jets and tt (2 $\mu$ 2e, 4e)
  - 32 events observed, 27 expected from SM S+B

Events in  $120 < m_{4l} < 130$  GeV

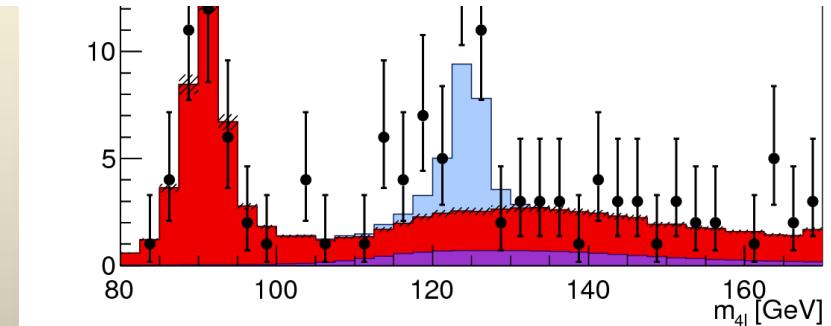
	$\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV						
	total signal full mass range	signal	ZZ $(^*)$	Z + jets, t $\bar{t}$	S/B	expected	observed
4 $\mu$	$5.8 \pm 0.7$	$5.3 \pm 0.7$	$2.3 \pm 0.1$	$0.50 \pm 0.13$	1.9	$8.1 \pm 0.9$	11
2 $\mu$ 2e	$3.0 \pm 0.4$	$2.6 \pm 0.4$	$1.2 \pm 0.1$	$1.01 \pm 0.21$	1.2	$4.8 \pm 0.7$	4
2e2 $\mu$	$4.0 \pm 0.5$	$3.4 \pm 0.4$	$1.7 \pm 0.1$	$0.51 \pm 0.16$	1.5	$5.6 \pm 0.7$	6
4e	$2.9 \pm 0.4$	$2.3 \pm 0.3$	$1.0 \pm 0.1$	$0.62 \pm 0.16$	1.4	$3.9 \pm 0.6$	6
total	$15.7 \pm 2.0$	$13.7 \pm 1.8$	$6.2 \pm 0.4$	$2.62 \pm 0.34$	1.6	$22.5 \pm 2.9$	27

	$\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV							
	4 $\mu$	2 $\mu$ 2e	2e2 $\mu$	4e	total	S/B	expected	observed
4 $\mu$	$1.0 \pm 0.1$	$0.97 \pm 0.13$	$0.49 \pm 0.02$	$0.05 \pm 0.02$	1.8	$1.5 \pm 0.2$	2	
2 $\mu$ 2e	$0.4 \pm 0.1$	$0.39 \pm 0.05$	$0.21 \pm 0.02$	$0.55 \pm 0.12$	0.5	$1.2 \pm 0.1$	1	
2e2 $\mu$	$0.7 \pm 0.1$	$0.57 \pm 0.08$	$0.33 \pm 0.02$	$0.04 \pm 0.01$	1.5	$0.9 \pm 0.1$	2	
4e	$0.4 \pm 0.1$	$0.29 \pm 0.04$	$0.15 \pm 0.01$	$0.49 \pm 0.12$	0.5	$0.9 \pm 0.1$	0	
total	$2.5 \pm 0.4$	$2.2 \pm 0.3$	$1.17 \pm 0.07$	$1.12 \pm 0.17$	1.0	$4.5 \pm 0.5$	5	

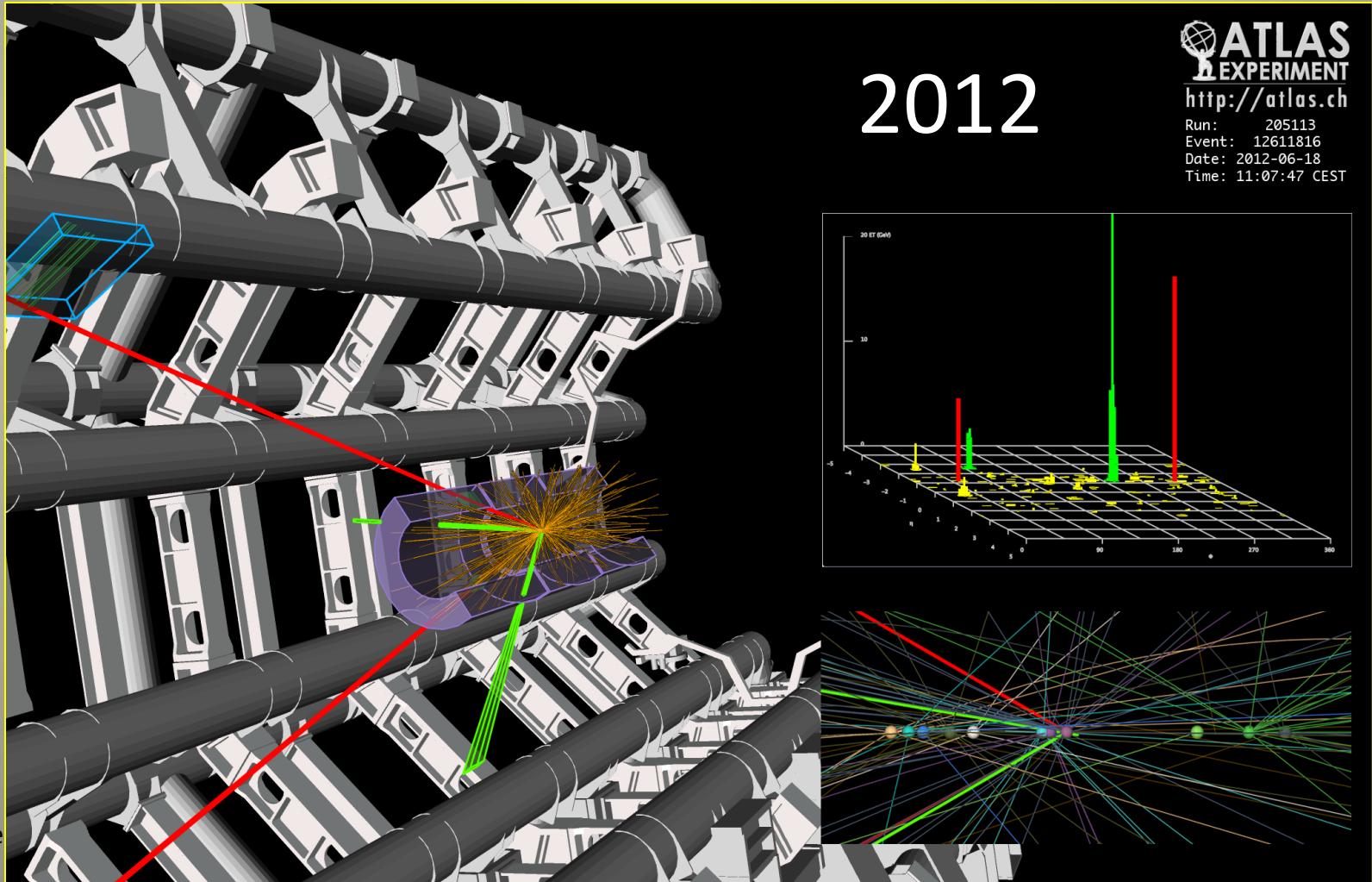
	$\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV							
	4 $\mu$	2 $\mu$ 2e	2e2 $\mu$	4e	total	S/B	expected	observed
4 $\mu$	$6.8 \pm 0.8$	$6.3 \pm 0.8$	$2.8 \pm 0.1$	$0.55 \pm 0.15$	1.9	$9.6 \pm 1.0$	13	
2 $\mu$ 2e	$3.4 \pm 0.5$	$3.0 \pm 0.4$	$1.4 \pm 0.1$	$1.56 \pm 0.33$	1.0	$6.0 \pm 0.8$	5	
2e2 $\mu$	$4.7 \pm 0.6$	$4.0 \pm 0.5$	$2.1 \pm 0.1$	$0.55 \pm 0.17$	1.5	$6.6 \pm 0.8$	8	
4e	$3.3 \pm 0.5$	$2.6 \pm 0.4$	$1.2 \pm 0.1$	$1.11 \pm 0.28$	1.1	$4.9 \pm 0.8$	6	
total	$18.2 \pm 2.4$	$15.9 \pm 2.1$	$7.4 \pm 0.4$	$3.74 \pm 0.93$	1.4	$27.1 \pm 3.4$	32	



# 2e2 $\mu$ Event with $m_{2e2\mu} = 123.9$ GeV



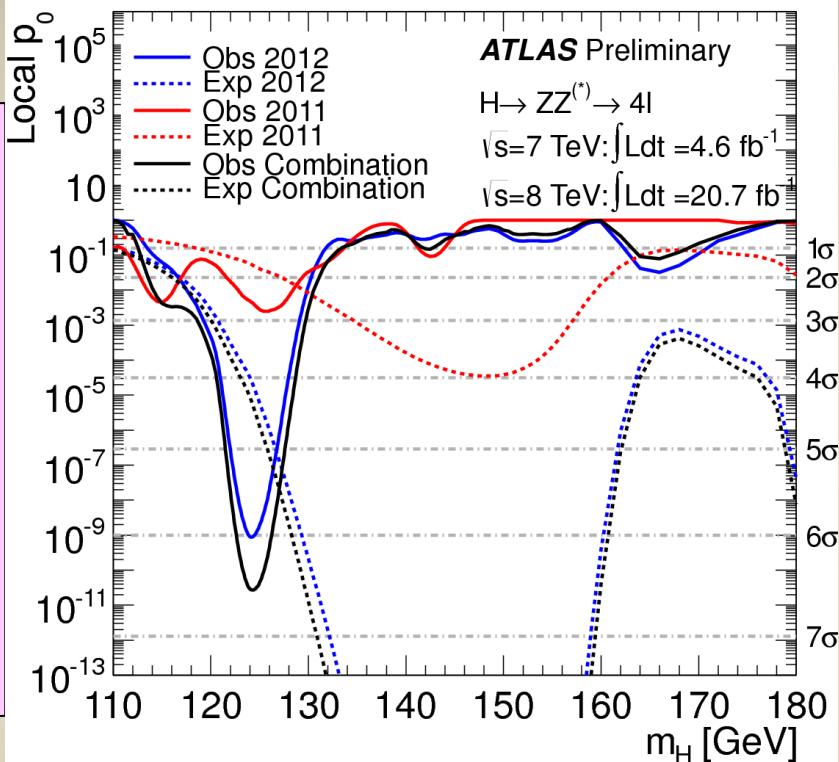
- 12 reconstructed vertices - ~normal pile up in 2012
- $p_T(e, e, \mu, \mu) = 18.7, 76, 19.6, 7.9$  GeV,  $m_{ee} = 87.9$  GeV,  $m_{\mu\mu} = 19.6$  GeV



# H $\rightarrow$ ZZ $^{(*)} \rightarrow 4l$ Results



$p_0$  - consistency of data with background-only expectation



- Maximum deviation from background-only expectation observed for  $m_H = 124.3$  GeV:
  - Local  $p_0$ -value:  $2.7 \times 10^{-11}$  or  $6.6 \sigma$
  - Expected from SM Higgs:  $\sim 4.4 \sigma$
- (Another) single channel discovery

# Wrapping it up – Combined Results



- Statistically combine data we talked ...

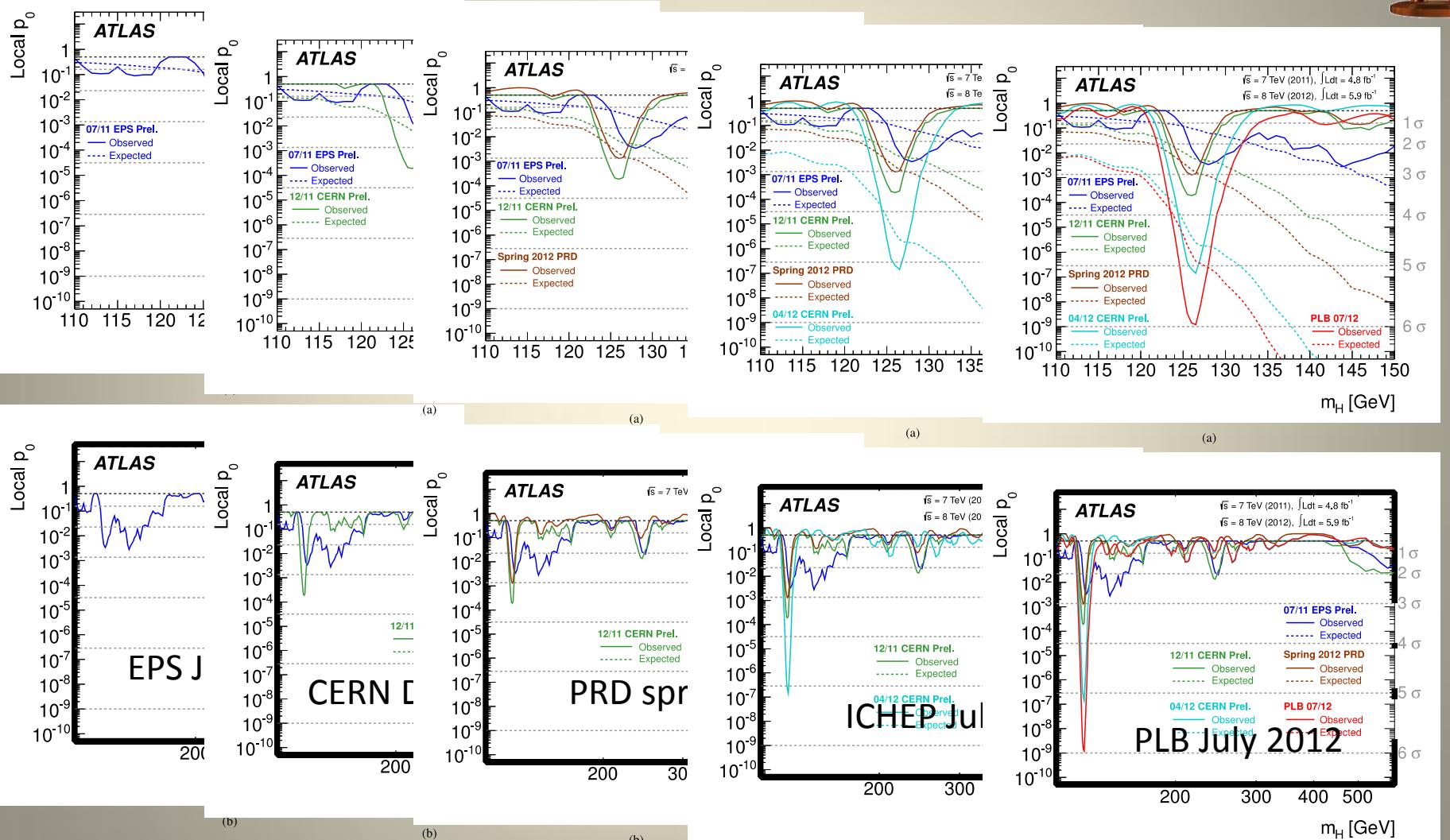
... and did not talk about

## In a nutshell

- $\gamma\gamma$  and  $4l$  for complete 2011/12
  - $\sim 5+21 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- $WW$  2012 up to Oct
  - $\sim 13 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- $bb$  and  $\tau\tau$  2011/Oct12
  - $\sim 5+13 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Higgs Boson Decay	Subsequent Decay	Sub-Channels	$\int L dt$ [fb $^{-1}$ ]	Ref.
2011 $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$				
$H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)}$	$4\ell$	$\{4e, 2e2\mu, 2\mu2e, 4\mu\}$	4.6	[7]
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	–	10 categories $\{p_{\text{Tt}} \otimes \eta_\gamma \otimes \text{conversion}\} \oplus \{\text{2-jet VBF}\}$	4.8	[6]
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	$\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{lep}}$ $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$	$\{e\mu\} \otimes \{0\text{-jet}\} \oplus \{\ell\ell\} \otimes \{1\text{-jet}, 2\text{-jet}, p_{\text{T},\tau\tau} > 100 \text{ GeV}, VH\}$ $\{e, \mu\} \otimes \{0\text{-jet}, 1\text{-jet}, p_{\text{T},\tau\tau} > 100 \text{ GeV}, 2\text{-jet}\}$ $\{1\text{-jet}, 2\text{-jet}\}$	4.6 4.6 4.6	[8]
$VH \rightarrow Vbb$	$Z \rightarrow vv$ $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$	$E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}} \in \{120 - 160, 160 - 200, \geq 200 \text{ GeV}\} \otimes \{\text{2-jet, 3-jet}\}$ $p_{\text{T}}^W \in \{< 50, 50 - 100, 100 - 150, 150 - 200, \geq 200 \text{ GeV}\}$ $p_{\text{T}}^Z \in \{< 50, 50 - 100, 100 - 150, 150 - 200, \geq 200 \text{ GeV}\}$	4.6 4.7 4.7	[9]
2012 $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$				
$H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)}$	$4\ell$	$\{4e, 2e2\mu, 2\mu2e, 4\mu\}$	21	[7]
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	–	14 categories $\{p_{\text{Tt}} \otimes \eta_\gamma \otimes \text{conversion}\} \oplus \{\text{2-jet VBF}\} \oplus \{\ell\text{-tag}, E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}\text{-tag}, \text{2-jet VH}\}$	21	[6]
$H \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$	$e\nu\mu\nu$	$\{e\mu, \mu e\} \otimes \{0\text{-jet}, 1\text{-jet}\}$	13	[10]
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	$\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{lep}}$ $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$	$\{\ell\ell\} \otimes \{1\text{-jet}, 2\text{-jet}, p_{\text{T},\tau\tau} > 100 \text{ GeV}, VH\}$ $\{e, \mu\} \otimes \{0\text{-jet}, 1\text{-jet}, p_{\text{T},\tau\tau} > 100 \text{ GeV}, 2\text{-jet}\}$ $\{1\text{-jet}, 2\text{-jet}\}$	13 13 13	[8]
$VH \rightarrow Vbb$	$Z \rightarrow vv$ $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$	$E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}} \in \{120 - 160, 160 - 200, \geq 200 \text{ GeV}\} \otimes \{\text{2-jet, 3-jet}\}$ $p_{\text{T}}^W \in \{< 50, 50 - 100, 100 - 150, 150 - 200, \geq 200 \text{ GeV}\}$ $p_{\text{T}}^Z \in \{< 50, 50 - 100, 100 - 150, 150 - 200, \geq 200 \text{ GeV}\}$	13 13 13	[9]

# A Bit of History



# Entering Precision Higgs Physics



- With discovery well established in two separate channels
  - No need to push limit on SM signal presence
- Explore the newly discovered particle
  - Mass, signal strength
  - Production mechanisms
  - Spin
  - Couplings

# Mass Measurement



- The two precision channels yield

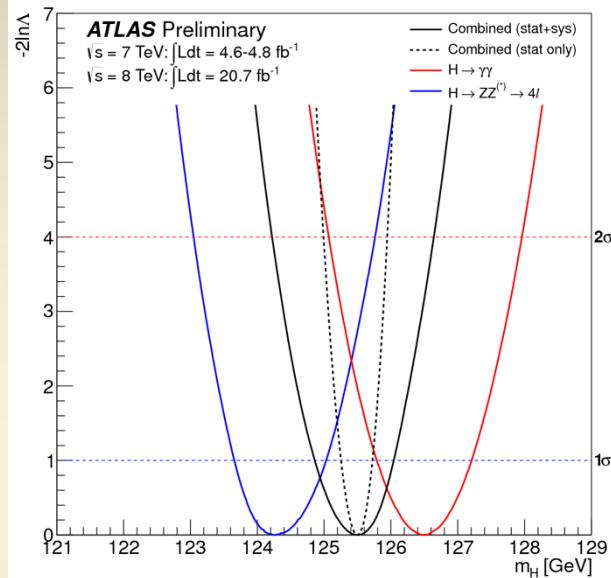
$$m_H = 126.8 \pm 0.2 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.7 \text{ (sys)} \text{ GeV} \quad H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

$$m_H = 124.3^{+0.6}_{-0.5} \text{ (stat)}^{+0.5}_{-0.3} \text{ (sys)} \text{ GeV} \quad H \rightarrow 4l$$

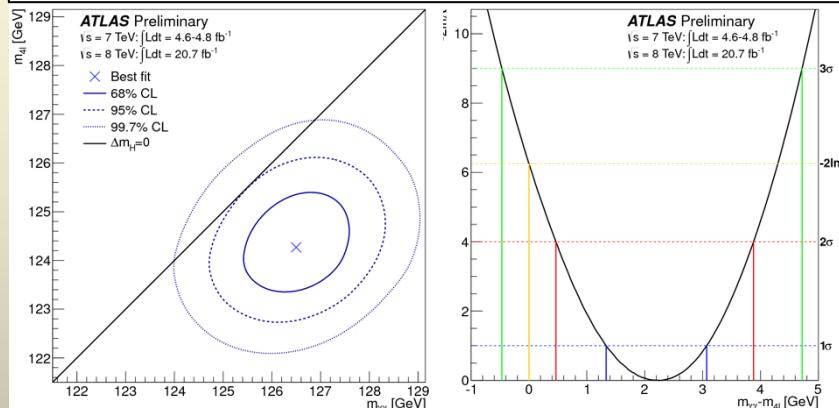
- Best fit value

$$m_H = 125.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ (stat)}^{+0.5}_{-0.6} \text{ (sys)} \text{ GeV}$$

- Results still compatible at  $\sim 1\%$  level ( $\sim 2.5\sigma$ )
  - Can depend critically on energy resolution modeling



$$\Delta\hat{m}_H = \hat{m}_H^{\gamma\gamma} - \hat{m}_H^{4\ell} = 2.3^{+0.6}_{-0.7} \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.6 \text{ (sys)} \text{ GeV}$$



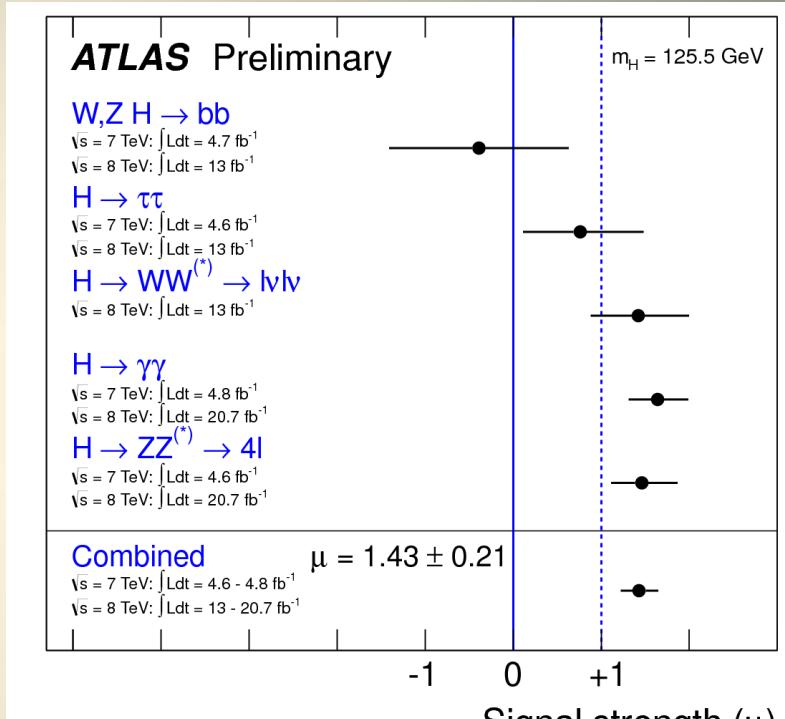
# Signal Strength



- All strengths relative to SM prediction
  - Evaluated at  $m_H = 125.5 \text{ GeV}$

Higgs Boson Decay	$\mu$ ( $m_H = 125.5 \text{ GeV}$ )
$VH \rightarrow Vbb$	$-0.4 \pm 1.0$
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	$0.8 \pm 0.7$
$H \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$	$1.4 \pm 0.6$
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	$1.6 \pm 0.3$
$H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)}$	$1.5 \pm 0.4$
Combined	$1.43 \pm 0.21$

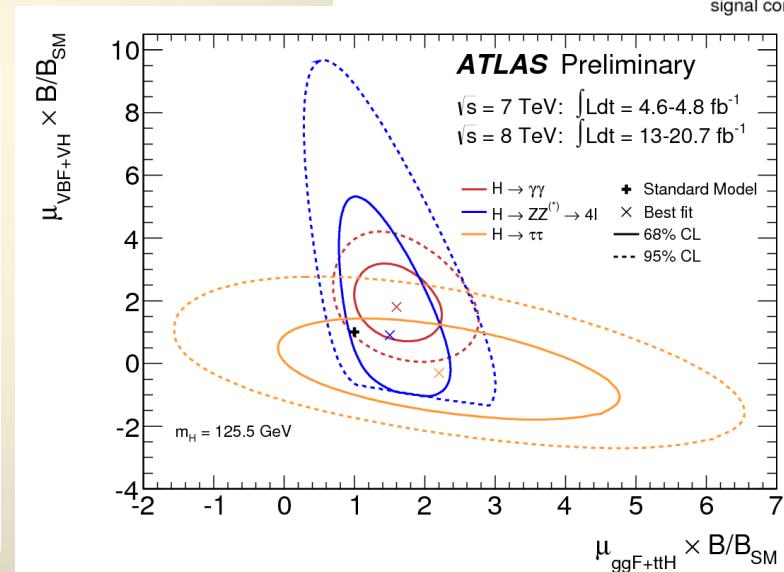
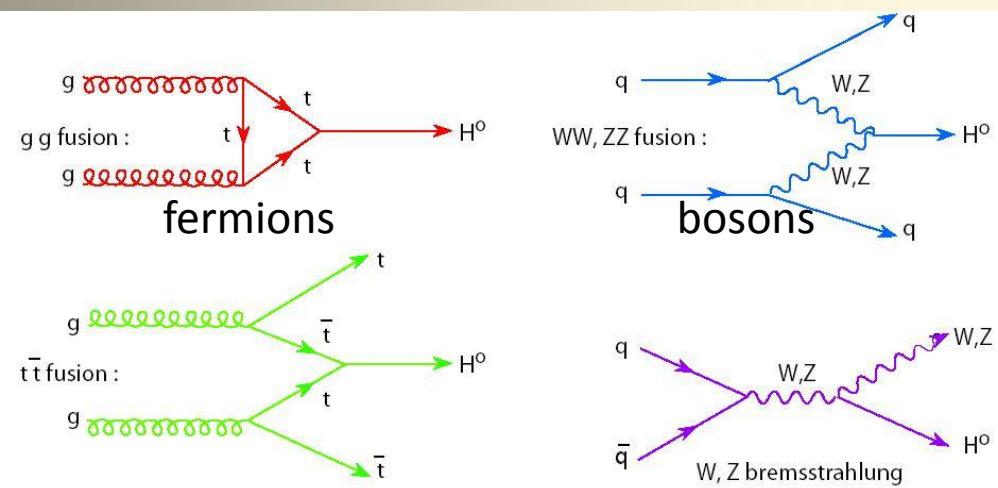
- $2\sigma$  excess w.r.t. SM expectation
  - Need more statistics before any claims can be made...
- No firm hint of coupling to fermions yet



# Production Mechanism



- Dominant Higgs production mechanisms at LHC well defined in Standard Model
  - Results from  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, 4l, \tau\tau$
  - Combine H couplings to fermions/bosons:
    - ggF+ttH; VBF+VH



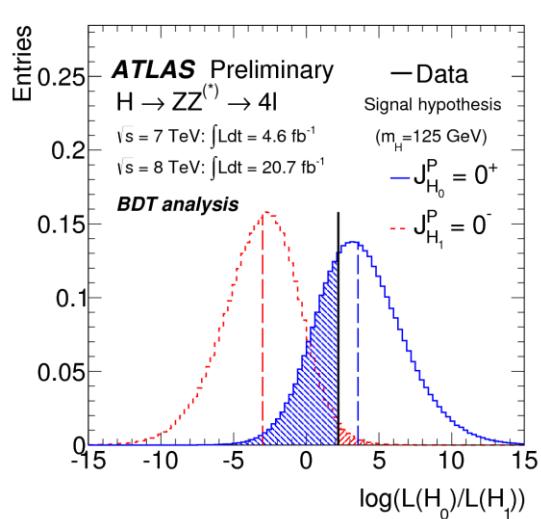
- Result consistent with (high side of) SM predictions

Production relative to SM

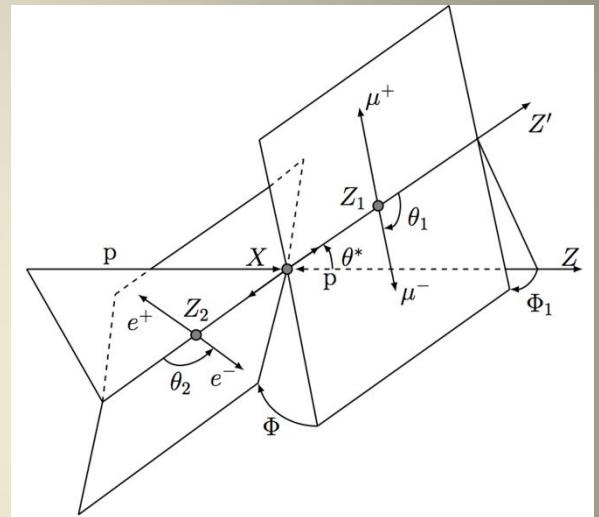
# Spin



- From decays the new particle is clearly a boson,
  - $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  forbids  $J=1$
- First measurements in  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  and  $H \rightarrow 4l$ 
  - $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ : photon angle relative to Higgs direction
    - Not yet approved for complete 2012 data-set
  - $H \rightarrow 4l$ : Multivariate analysis: BDT, MELA
    - Problem:  $J=2$  (graviton) model dependent



$H \rightarrow 4l$



		BDT analysis				J <sup>P</sup> -MELA analysis			
		tested $J^P$ for an assumed $0^+$		tested $0^+$ for an assumed $J^P$		CL <sub>S</sub>	tested $J^P$ for an assumed $0^+$		CL <sub>S</sub>
expected	observed	observed*	expected	observed	observed*		expected	observed	
$0^-$	$p_0$	0.0037	0.015	0.31	0.022	0.0011	0.0022	0.40	0.004
$1^+$	$p_0$	0.0016	0.001	0.55	0.002	0.0031	0.0028	0.51	0.006
$1^-$	$p_0$	0.0038	0.051	0.15	0.060	0.0010	0.027	0.11	0.031
$2^+_m$	$p_0$	0.092	0.079	0.53	0.168	0.064	0.11	0.38	0.182
$2^-$	$p_0$	0.0053	0.25	0.034	0.258	0.0032	0.11	0.08	0.116

- SM value  $J^P=0^+$  favoured over others, but exclusion level still small

# The New Boson – What is it ?



- a) The Higgs boson (the One, SM) ?
- b) A Higgs boson (one of many, e.g. MSSM) ?
- c) An impostor (sth else) ?
- The Standard Model Higgs boson has a rich and well-defined associated phenomenology
  - Cross section, branching ratios
  - Spin, parity, couplings, self coupling
- All this needs to be explored in detail before providing a definite answer
- We have just started to enter the exploration regime for this new particle
  - The quest has just begun with remarkable results already available
  - LHC will deliver at least 10x if not 100x more data in its lifetime
- Exploring the new discovery in detail will take time, resources, and might require a new (linear ?) collider

# Summary



- We have analysed up to  $4.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of 7 TeV and up to  $21 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of 8 TeV pp collision data for presence of SM Higgs boson
  - Across the 110-600 GeV mass region
  - In many distinct decay channels (3 most relevant for 2012 data)
- We observe an excess of events centred at  $\mathbf{m_H \sim 125 \text{ GeV}}$ :
  - Excess comfortably exceeds discovery limit in two distinct, high-precision channels:  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  ( **$7.5 \sigma$** ) and  $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$  ( **$6.3 \sigma$** )
    - SM Higgs expectation:  **$4.1/4.2 \sigma$**
  - Best mass value:  **$+125.4 \pm 0.6 \text{ GeV}$**
  - Signal strength relative to SM:  **$1.45 \pm 0.22$**
- We are entering precision Higgs physics
  - Started on spin and production mechanisms

No matter whether this particle turns out the Higgs, a Higgs or something exotic, we have set an important milestone in unveiling the very secrets of Nature

# Backup



# H $\rightarrow$ $\gamma\gamma$ Backgrounds

- Potentially huge background from  $\gamma j$  and  $jj$  production with jets fragmenting into a single hard  $\pi^0$  and the  $\pi^0$  faking single photon
  - Suppressed by fine lateral segmentation (4mm  $\eta$ -strips) of the first compartment of ATLAS EM calorimeter
  - Need suppression of  $\mathcal{O}(10^{-4})$  to get to level of irreducible  $\gamma\gamma$  background
- After all cuts:  $\sim 120k$  events with  $100 < m_{\gamma\gamma} < 160$  GeV observed in the 2012 data
- Sample composition estimated from data using control samples
  - ✓  $\gamma j + jj \ll \gamma\gamma$  irreducible (purity 75%)

