

# recent development and nucleus-nucleus extension of INCL++

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Geant4 collaboration meeting  
Chartres, 12<sup>th</sup> September 2012

from INCL4.6 to INCL++

nucleus-nucleus extension



## complete redesign in C++

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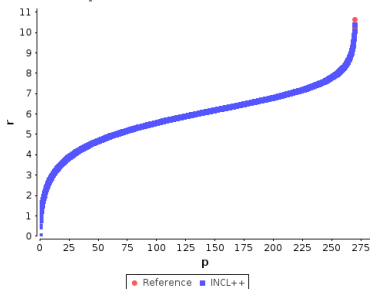
- ▶ keep only the **best** physics from INCL4.6

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- ▶ **flexible** and **extensible** code
  - ▶ nucleus-nucleus extension
  - ▶ curved trajectories

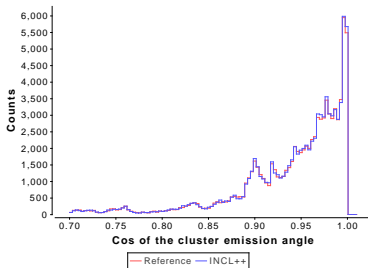
# complete redesign in C++

- ▶ keep only the **best** physics from INCL4.6
- ▶ **flexible** and **extensible** code
  - ▶ nucleus-nucleus extension
  - ▶ curved trajectories
- ▶ Fortran/C++: **18 unit tests**,  $\sim$  **350 plots**

Test r-p correlations/A = 208 Z = 82



Test cluster production/Pb-208 (escaping proton)



## INCL++ v5.0

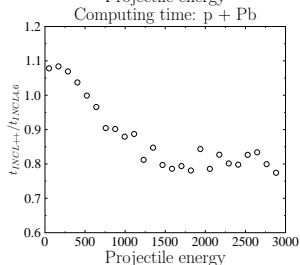
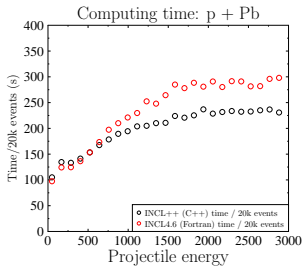


- ▶ available since G4 v9.5
  - ▶ builders
  - ▶ QGSP\_INCLXX physics list
- ▶ physics-wise equivalent to INCL4.6

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  - ▶ builders
  - ▶ QGSP\_INCLXX physics list
- ▶ physics-wise equivalent to INCL4.6
- ▶ slightly better CPU time!



- ▶ can only treat  $p$ ,  $n$  and  $\pi^\pm$  projectiles

from INCL4.6 to INCL++

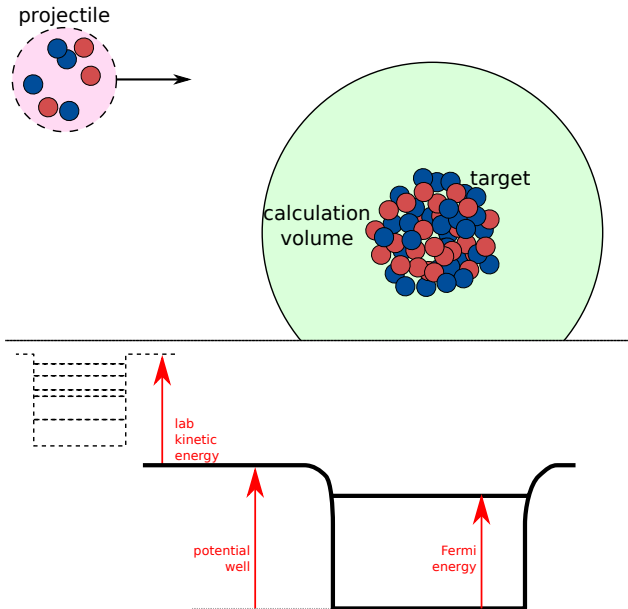
nucleus-nucleus extension

## nucleus-nucleus extension: ingredients

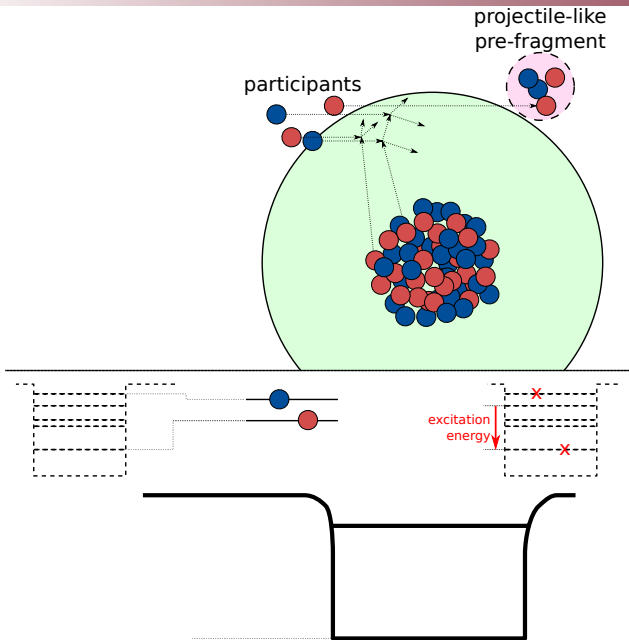
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- ▶ **realistic**  $r$ - and  $p$ -densities for the projectile
- ▶ Coulomb distortion
- ▶ **frozen** Fermi motion
- ▶ complete **fusion** model at low energy

# nucleus-nucleus extension: scheme



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# definition of the pre-fragments

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## target-like pre-fragment

- ▶ **cascade** takes place in the target volume
- ▶ end of cascade
- ▶ **target-like pre-fragment** given by the normal INCL procedure

## projectile-like pre-fragment

- ▶ almost **no** dynamics
- ▶  $E^*$  **assigned** by semi-empirical **particle-hole** model

# projectile/target asymmetry

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participant region  
target-like pre-fragment

projectile-like pre-fragment

✓ solid description

✗ semi-empirical  
description

projectile/target **asymmetry**

## accurate target/projectile description

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accurate **target**  
description mode

- ▶ **normal** INCL++ cascade  
(**projectile** on **target**)

accurate **projectile**  
description mode

- ▶ boost to  
inverse-kinematics frame
- ▶ run INCL++ cascade  
(**target** on **projectile**)
- ▶ boost back to lab frame

the choice depends on the relevant **observables!** e.g.

**projectile fragmentation:** **accurate projectile**

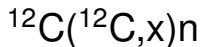
**particle spectra:** **accurate projectile**

**material damage:** **accurate target**

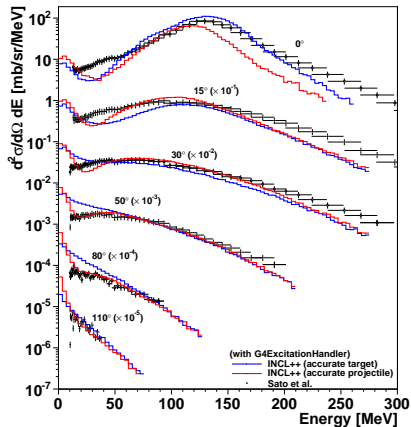


- ▶ INCL++ internally calls **another** model if  $A_1, A_2 > 18$ 
  - ▶ Binary
  - ▶ QMD?
  - ▶ Fritiof?

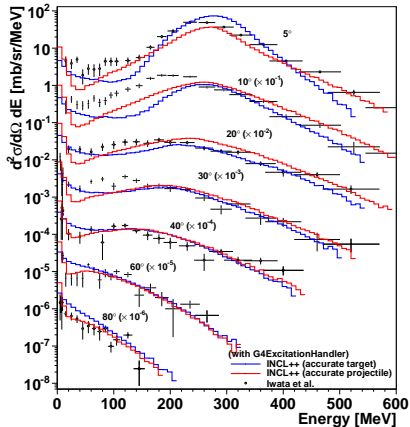
- ▶ INCL++ internally calls **another** model if  $A_1, A_2 > 18$ 
  - ▶ **Binary**
  - ▶ QMD?
  - ▶ Fritiof?
- ▶ similar nucleus-nucleus extension in **INCL4.2**
  - ▶ INCL++ guarantees **energy and momentum conservation at the keV level**



135 AMeV



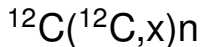
290 AMeV

H. Sato *et al.*

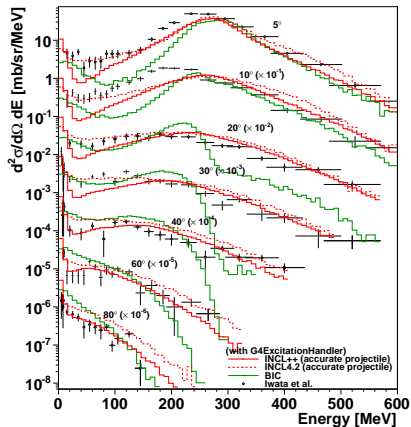
Phys. Rev. C64 (2001) 034607

Y. Iwata *et al.*

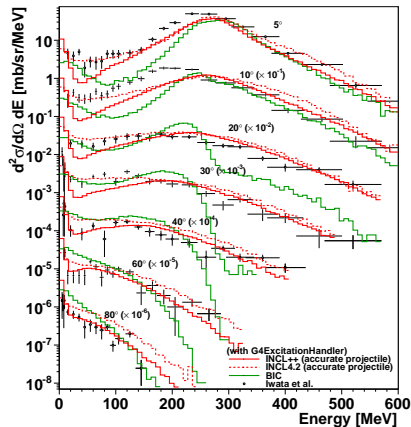
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135 AMeV



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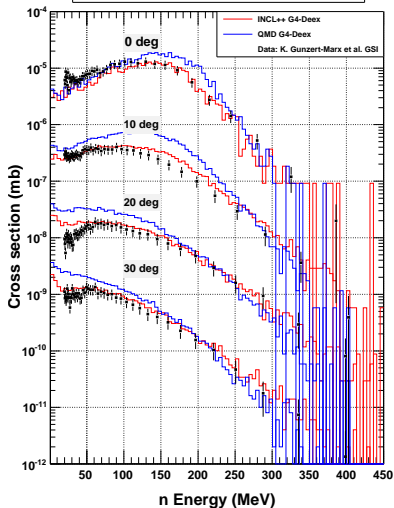
Y. Iwata *et al.*

Phys. Rev. C64 (2001) 054609

# thick-target results

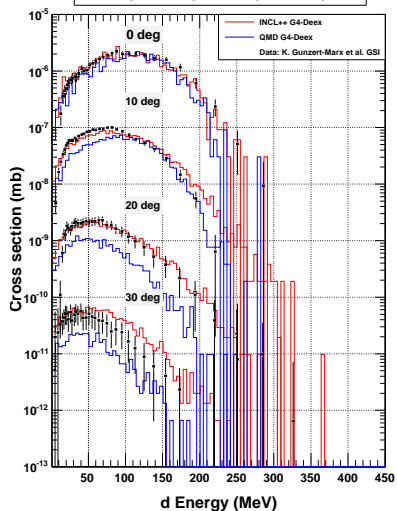
## neutrons

C (200MeV) + H<sub>2</sub>O (12.78cm)



## deuterons ( $\times 0.33$ ?!)

C (200MeV) + H<sub>2</sub>O (12.78cm)

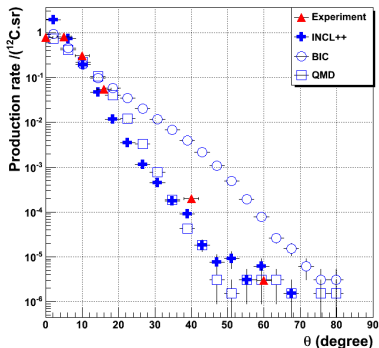


K. Gunzert-Marx *et al.*

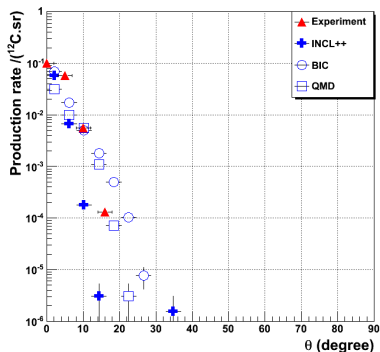
New J. Phys. 10 (2008) 075003

$^{12}\text{C} + 25 \text{ mm PMMA, } 95 \text{ AMeV}$   
fragment angular distributions

$Z = 2$

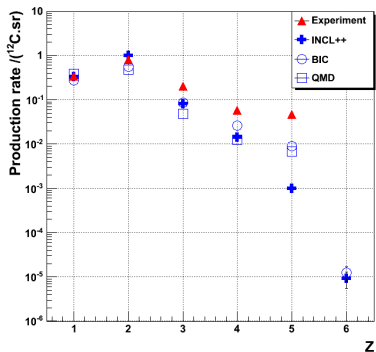
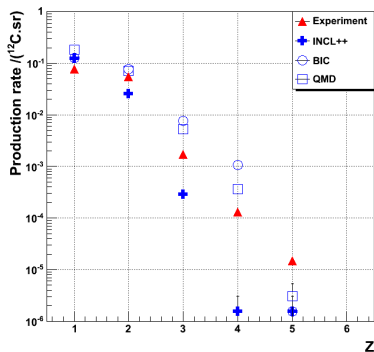


$Z = 4$



B. Braunn *et al.*

Nucl. Instr. Meth. B269 (2011) 2676–2684

$^{12}\text{C} + 25 \text{ mm PMMA, } 95 \text{ AMeV}$   
 charge distributions
 $\theta = 5^\circ$  $\theta = 16^\circ$ B. Braunn *et al.*

Nucl. Instr. Meth. B269 (2011) 2676–2684

## nucleus-nucleus extension: conclusions

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new INCL++ v5.1: encouraging results!

future plans:

- ▶ refine the present treatment?
- ▶ conceive a new, symmetrical approach?
  - ▶ collision of two potential wells



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