## Parallel session 8B summary Event Biasing

Marc Verderi LLR, Ecole polytechnique Friday 14<sup>th</sup> September Chartres

### Session agenda

16:00	Progress in EM	SAWKEY, Daren Lewis
	Progress on occurrence biasing: formalism, ToyMC validation, case of varying cross-sections	DESORGHER, Laurent
16:40	Geometry biaising facilities	HOWARD, Alexander
17:00	Final state biasing: forced flight (along direction), other ?	VERDERI, Marc
17:20	General Discussion : -feedback on design; -plans for 9.6; -plans for X	

Introducing EGSnrc/BEAMnrc style variance reduction techniques into Geant4

Daren Sawkey

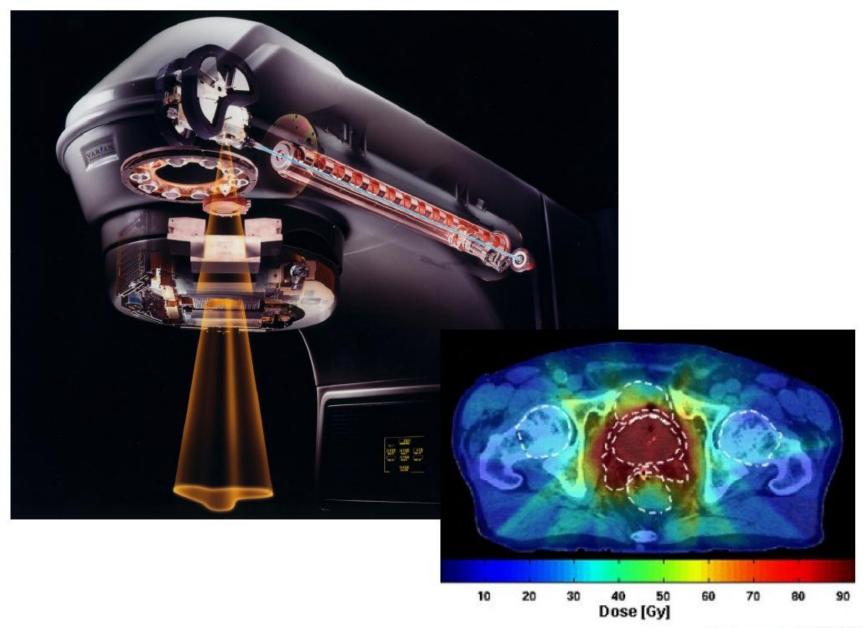
Varian Medical Systems

September 13, 2012

Varian Medical Systems

Introducing EGSnrc style variance reduction ...





Trofimov et al IJROBP 2007

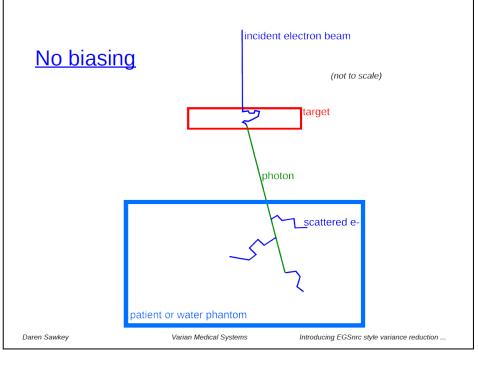
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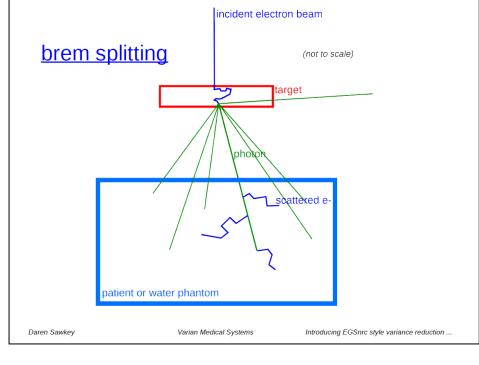
Introducing EGSnrc style variance reduction ...

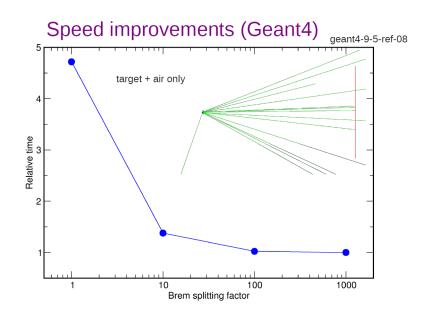
# Introducing EGSnrc/BEAMnrc style variance reduction techniques into Geant4

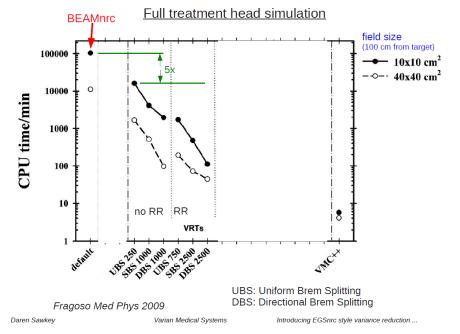
### motivation:

- physicist working alone with a few computers
- patient waiting for treatment (on table?)
- speed important
  - => many codes developed to do simulations more quickly
    - BEAMnrc, VMC++, Peregrine, MMC ...









### Introducing EGSnrc/BEAMnrc style variance reduction techniques into Geant4

#### <u>to do:</u>

- documentation
- automatic testing
- directional brem splitting
- electron splitting
- etc. (e.g. brem cross section enhancement)
- request for forced interaction at a point (kernels)



## **Geometrical Event Biasing Facility**

- 1. Geometrical Event Biasing
- 2. Space User experience
- 3. "Smart" Biasing Facility
- 4. Discussion

Alex Howard ETH, Zurich Geometrical Event Biasing Facility Geant4 Collaboration Meeting, Chartres



Alex Howard, ETH, Zurich 13th September 2012, 17th Collaboration Meeting, Chartres

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### **Geometric Biasing**

The purpose of geometry based event biasing is to save computing time\* by sampling less often the particle histories entering "less important" geometry regions, and more often in more "important" regions.

# Importance sampling technique Weight window technique

### \* But what about development time? (including debugging/doing something crazy)



Alex Howard, ETH, Zurich 13th September 2012, 17th Collaboration Meeting, Chartres

### **Smart Biasing Solution?**

- Easy solution: Create parallel geometry attached to region of interest/mass geometry?
- Important biasing activated through simple UI commands
  - Geant4 takes care of matching the mass geoemetry (co-ordinate and envelope coincidence)
  - User has option to define directionality, granularity and weight settings
- Aside: Could we have a common interface/implementation with Reverse Monte Carlo?

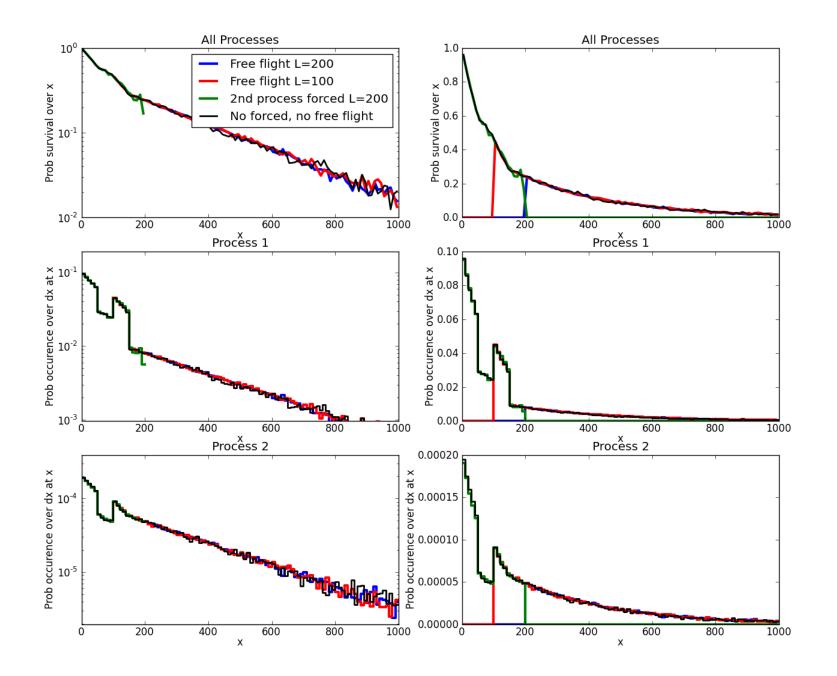


# Is it possible? / Which "helper" classes?

- How much would the user have to define?
  - E.g. GRAS vs. MULASSIS solutions
  - Start and end co-ordinates with direction?
- Can Geant4 be smart?
  - Take information from particle gun and sensitive detector?
  - Get cross-section table from physics list
- Can the biasing process be smart?
  - The instantiation, initialisation and implementation are crucial
    - Had some difficulties with GRAS (custom RunManager, detector constructor etc....)
    - Things must occur at the right time
- How to check the result?
  - Convergence testing? Sub-running/optimisation?
- Is it worth the effort? Users? Advanced knowledge?



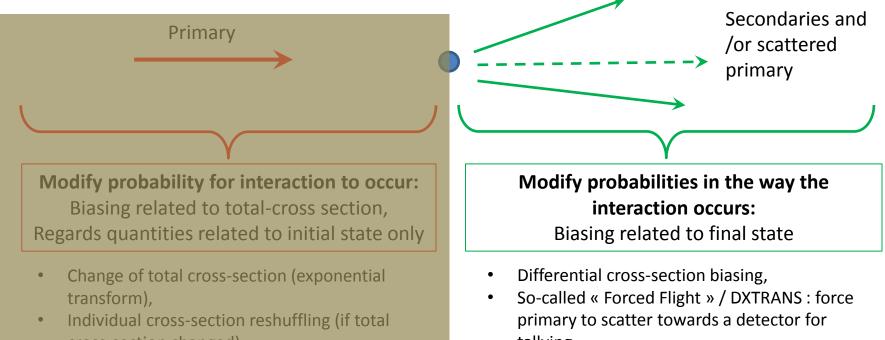
Progress on occurrence biasing: formalism, ToyMC validation, case of varying cross-sections Laurent Desorgher



Final State Biasing Discussion start

## Introduction

Final state biasing :



- cross-section changed),
- Force Interaction, ۲
- Force Free Flight (ie no interaction).

- tallying
- Individual cross-section reshuffling (favor • some process, or favor some model).
- Anything that modifies the description of the interaction once it occured.

### Introduction

- We have some final state biasing in the "splitting" mode:
   Bremstralhung splitting
- But none in the "importance sampling" one
  - Where we do change the physical laws
  - Note we have however on the paper the individual process force/enhance cross-section option that is a final state biasing.
- Not much final state biasing options exist (to my knowledge). The only one I heard about is the "DXTRANS" = deterministic transportation
  - The track is forced to scatter towards a "DXTRANS" sphere without interaction up to this sphere

Small detector

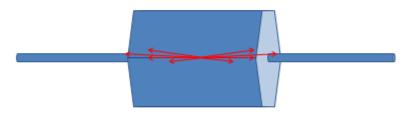
DXTRAN

sphere

- This sphere contains the scorer of interest
- Weight correction is "acrobatic"

### Other final state biasing ?

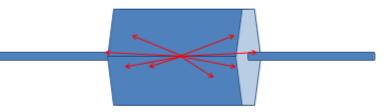
• Dose computation off-axis:



- EM physics processes peaked forward
- Make final state more open

#### Other final state biasing ?

• Dose computation off-axis:



- EM physics processes peaked forward
- Make final state more open

### **General Discussion**

### Discussion

- Review of the design for occurrence biasing (cross-section change, forced interaction, forced free flight)
  - Design based on wrapper process confirmed
    - Solves the physics handling aspect
  - Need to make progress on facilities proposed to user
    - How to propose cross-section change, forced interaction, etc. so that a user may combine them to customize his/her biasing setup
    - Toolkit approach
- Do not expect to deliver something in 9.6 for occurrence biasing
  - But 10.0/X is the target
- To do / agreed:
  - Need to make progress on final state biasing
    - Lack of differential cross-section facility shared by processes is an important difficulty
      - Need to analyze issue, and make a decision on it.
      - Limit to only some processes ? (eg brem)
    - Targeted for 10.0/X
  - Agree to define and share a set of simulation setups that cover most use-cases to exercise designs and implementations
    - Neutrino tunnel, Brem splitting in Linac, nuclear interaction in mirco-elec. , forced interaction (thin volume)
  - Manpower is an issue.
    - Cross-category activity
    - Will be pushed by regular meeting