



Distributed Computing Infrastructures for Astroparticle Earth and **Environmental Sciences** Federico Ruggieri – INFN (Federico.Ruggieri@roma3.infn.it) ASPERA, Durham 19 December 2012

Outline

- e-Infrastructures
- Europe

- Mediterranean
- India
- China
- Latin America
- Science Gateway and Interoperability
- CHAIN-REDS
- Conclusions

The many faces of elnfrastructures

- The High Speed Communication Network
- The High Performance Computing for highly parallel applications
- The Grid for High Throughput Computing and resource sharing
- The Clouds for elastic resource provisioning
- Data Infrastructures with several issues such as: Large data volumes, Curation, Access, High Availability, etc.
- The Human Network: researchers working together sharing motivations, objectives, tools and resources







e-Infrastructures support wide geographically distributed communities

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enhance international collaboration of scientists

promote collaboration in other fields.

Grids and networks allow the access of many researchers to scientific resources (laboratories and data)

Disparity can be reduced and larger participation and contributions to high quality research.

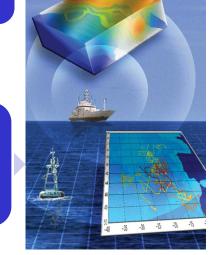
The e-Infrastructures promote the usage of network connectivity and stimulate scientific and technical development of countries

contribute to fight the digital divide and brain drain.

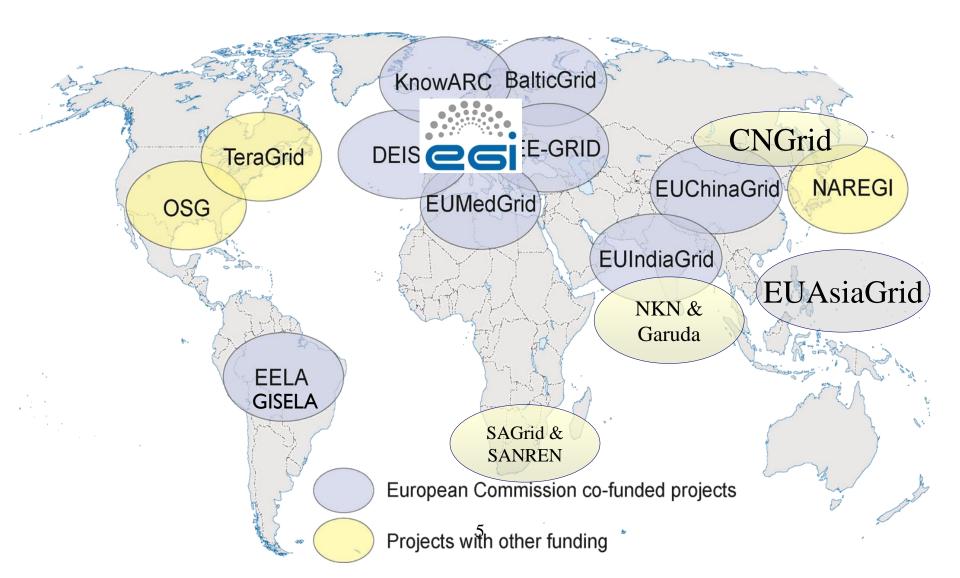






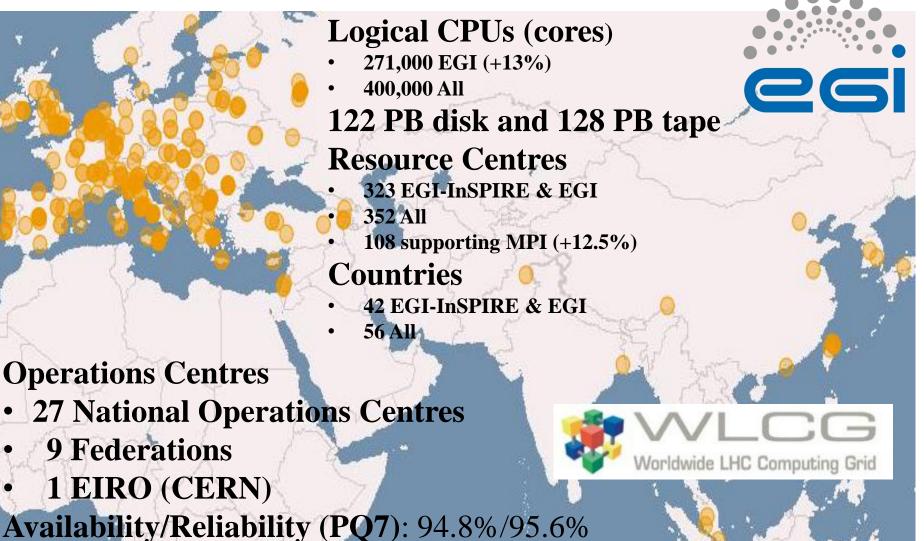


Regional Grid infrastructures

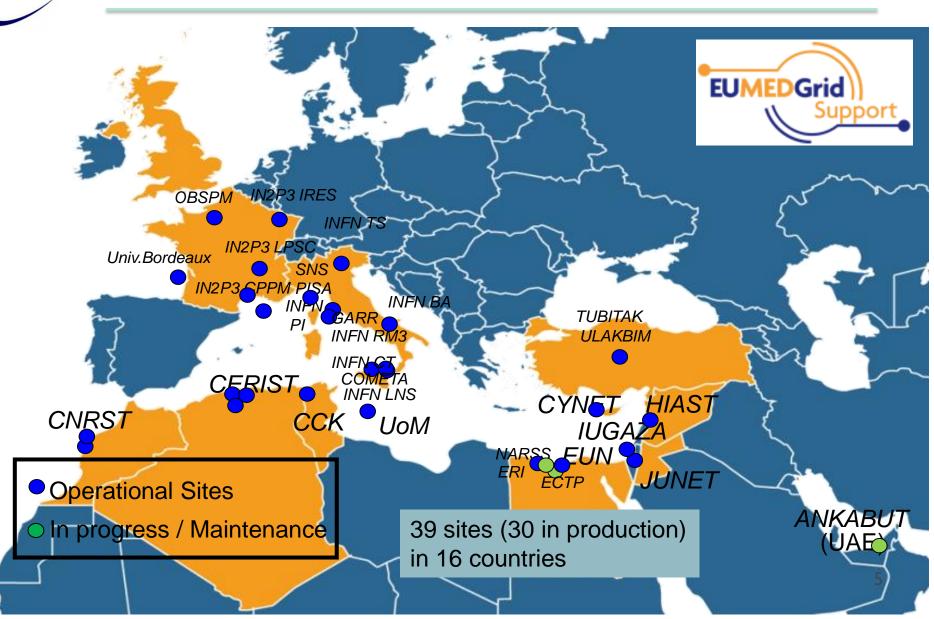




EGI and WLCG



Mediterranean Grid (EUMEDGRID)



Africa & Arabia Regional Operation Centre http://roc.africa-grid.org



NFNSimulations on the RM3 Grid lab

- Atmospheric Transport Modeling Based Estimation of Radioactive Release from the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant Accident
- Use of Flexpart simulation application run in parallel on several nodes



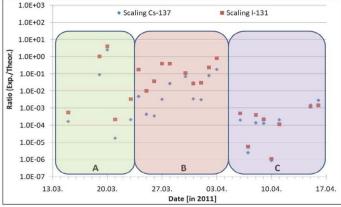


Figure 5: Scaling factors at **JPP38** for **caesium-137** and **iodine-131**, i.e. the ratios of experimental measurement and Flexpart simulation.

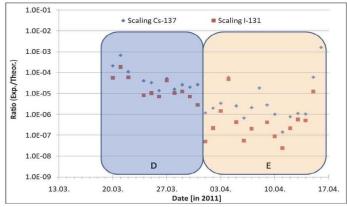
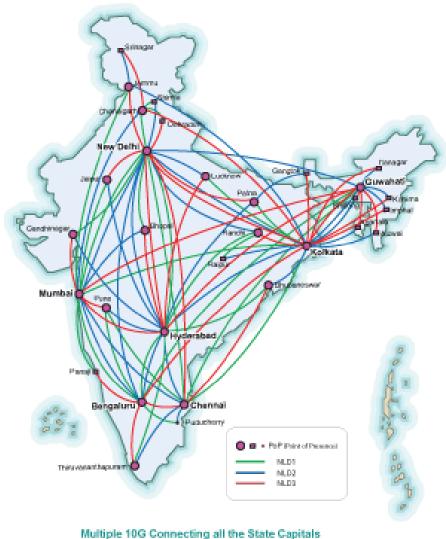


Figure 6: Scaling factors at **USP79** for **caesium-137** and **iodine-131**, i.e. the ratios of experimental measurement and Flexpart simulation.

W. Plastino et al. IEEE Conf. 2011

India National Knowledge Network

- A state-of-the-art multi-gigabit pan-India network for providing a unified high speed network backbone for all knowledge related institutions in the country
- An ultra-high speed CORE (multiples of 10 Gbps), with a distribution layer at speeds of 1 Gbps or higher
- Will connect 1500 institutes by March 2013 (831 in November 2012)
- Large governmental investment
 ¹⁰



Gigabit Connectivity to all the 640 Districts

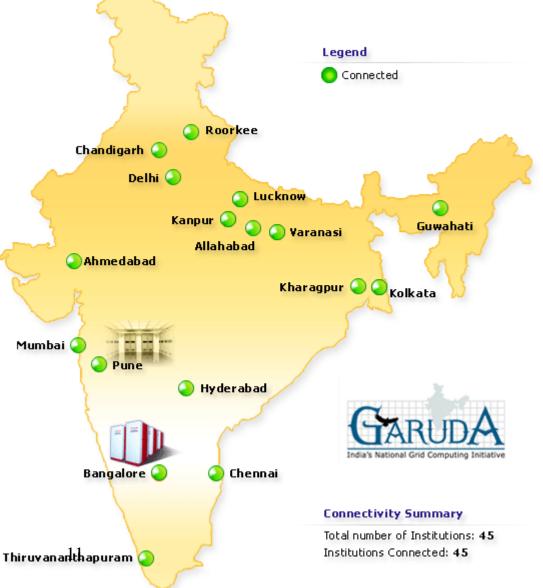
GARUDA &



GARUDA is the Grid Computing initiative of the C-DAC to allow access for scientific and academic institutions to the aggregation of High **Performance Computing** (HPC) clusters from various C-DAC centres and partners, comprising now over 6000 CPUs (~ 70 teraflops) and terabytes of mass storage to provide distributed data.

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• The GARUDA Grid is now powered by the NKN - a highly reliable and secure national backbone.

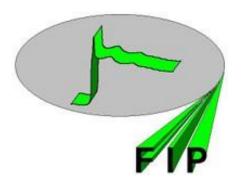


Remote access from India to FIP

FIP Experimental Set-up (*French beamline for Investigation of Proteins*) IBS/CEA, Grenoble, France

It is specially dedicated to crystallography of biological macromolecules.

This beam-line will be used either for normal diffraction or for multi-wavelength diffraction, using anomalous dispersion.



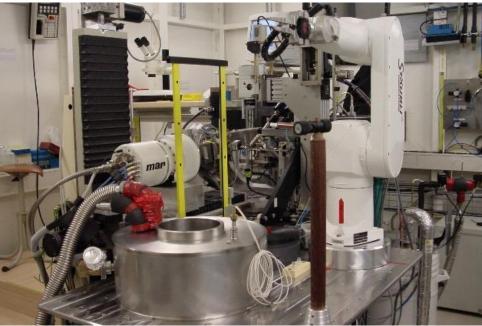


Plate size 225mm * 225mm Pixel size 75 – 150 microns Many such frames constitute one data set for a crystal. Typically 360 frames. Size of one frame file = 18MB Four wave length data sets. Total size 1440 * 18 MB per protein crystal

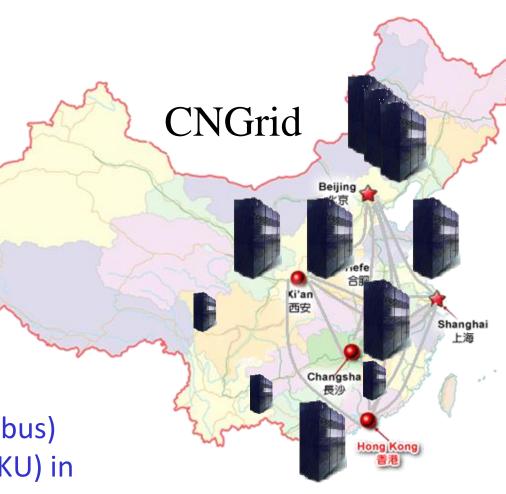


Robot for automatic sample change under cryo-conditions



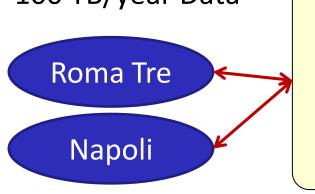


- HPC Systems
 - Two 100 Tflops
 - 3 PFlops
- Grid Software: CNGrid GOS
- CNGrid Environment
 - 14 sites
 - One OP Centers
 - Some domain app. Grids
- Applications
 - Research
 - Resource & Environment
 - Manufacturing
 - Services
- ChinaGrid for Education (Globus)
- Sites with gLite/EMI (IHEP, PKU) in WLCG



ARGO-YBJ DAQ and Data Transfer

- Reliable Data Transfer from Yangbajing
- 2 Data Repositories (CNAF & IHEP)
- All the data transferred via network both to IHEP and INFN-CNAF via:
 - YBJ-IHEP 155 Mbps and
 - ORIENT Link 2.5 Gbps
 - 100 TB/year Data



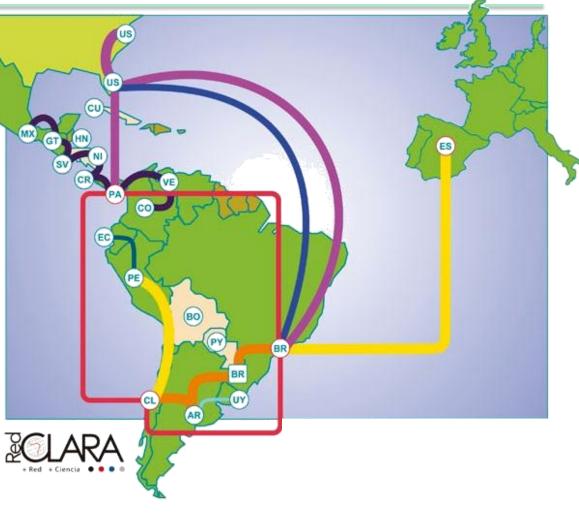


Latin America

 Red CLARA connects almost all the countries in Latin America and is managed by CLARA

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 CLARA is going to coordinate also the Regional Grid Infrastructure in LA



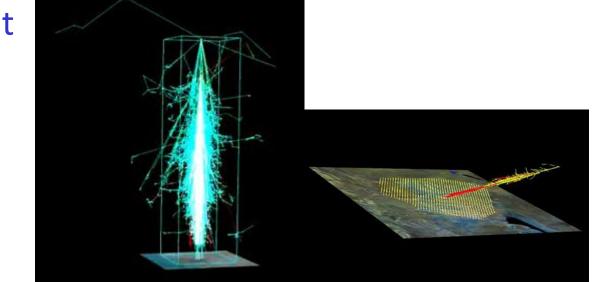
Examples of Latin America sites & labs

 LAGO (Large Aperture Gamma Ray Burst Observatory)

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 Auger: a network of 1600 detectors integrated with a set of high sensitivity telescopes

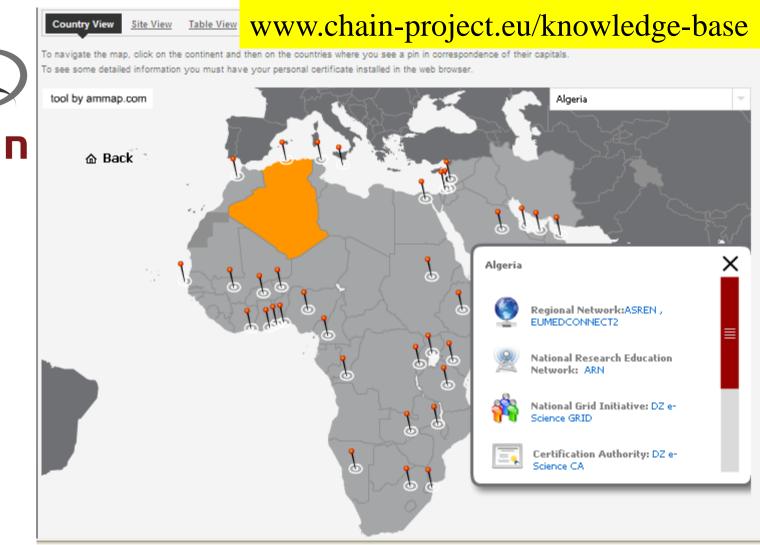


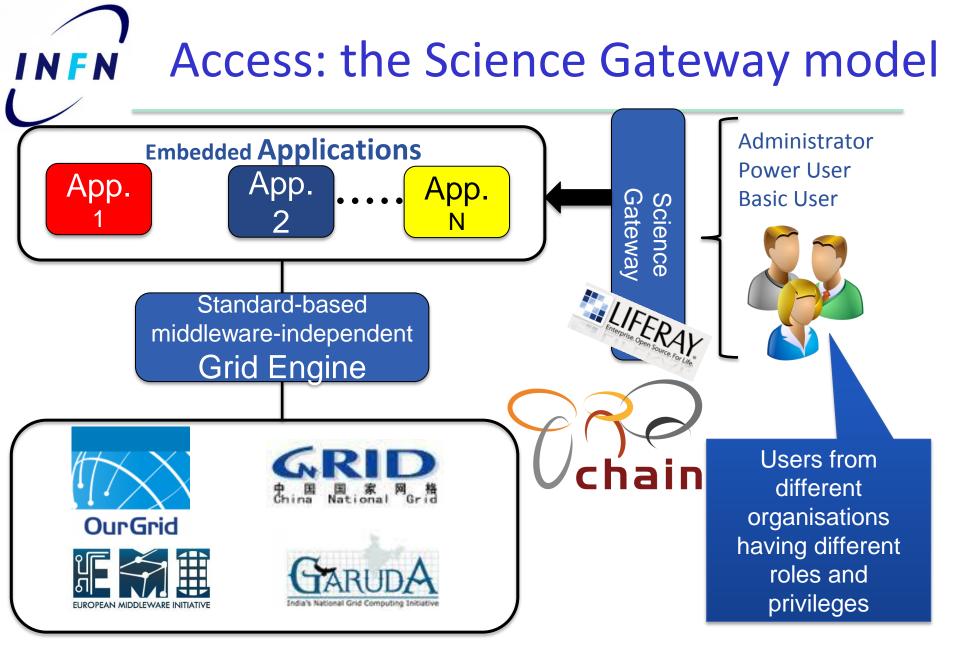
CHAIN: global coverage





Knowledge base





Other Virtual Research Communities

nmr > Structural biology



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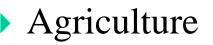
- Meteorology and other Earth Science
- Evolutionary biology

INDICATE International Network for Digital Cultural Heritage e-Infrastructure Digital cultural heritage





▶ Health





CHAIN-REDS

- Co-ordination & Harmonisation of Advanced e-Infrastructures for Research and Education Data Sharing
- Research Infrastructures Support Action
- Grant Agreement n. 306819
- Total Costs of € 2.3 M

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- Max. EC contribution: € 1.52 M
- Start date: 1 December 2012
- Duration: 30 Months







Arab States Research and Education Network



Office of the Principal Scientific Adviser to the Government of India

Conclusions

• E-Infrastructures are an important requirement for intercontinental research activities

- HEP/LHC has demonstrated that working efficiently with large widespread collaborations is possible and allows for great scientific results
- Globalisation of Science requires data and resource sharing to address the big scientific challenges (e.g. Climate Change, Genomics, Astroparticle, SKA, etc.)
- E-Infrastructures can mitigate disparities in the developing regions allowing every researcher to access data and analyse them
- Astroparticle physics, Earth and Environmental Sciences can exploit the available resources



Thank you !

www.chain-project.eu