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## Triplet Scalar Dark Matter and Leptogenesis in an Inverse See-Saw Model of Neutrino Mass Generation

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We propose a UV-completion of the inverse see-saw scenario using fermion  $SU(2)_L$  triplet representations. Within this framework, a variation of the standard thermal leptogenesis is achievable at the  $O(\text{TeV})$  scale, owing to the presence of a viable Dark Matter candidate. This baryogenesis scenario is ruled out if a triplet fermion is observed at the LHC. The Dark Matter is given by the lightest neutral component of a complex scalar  $SU(2)_L$  triplet, with mass  $m_{\text{DM}} > 1290 \text{ GeV}$ . The scalar sector, which is enriched in order to account for the small neutrino masses, is treated in detail and shows potentially sizable Higgs boson  $h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  rates together with large  $h$  invisible branching ratios.

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