

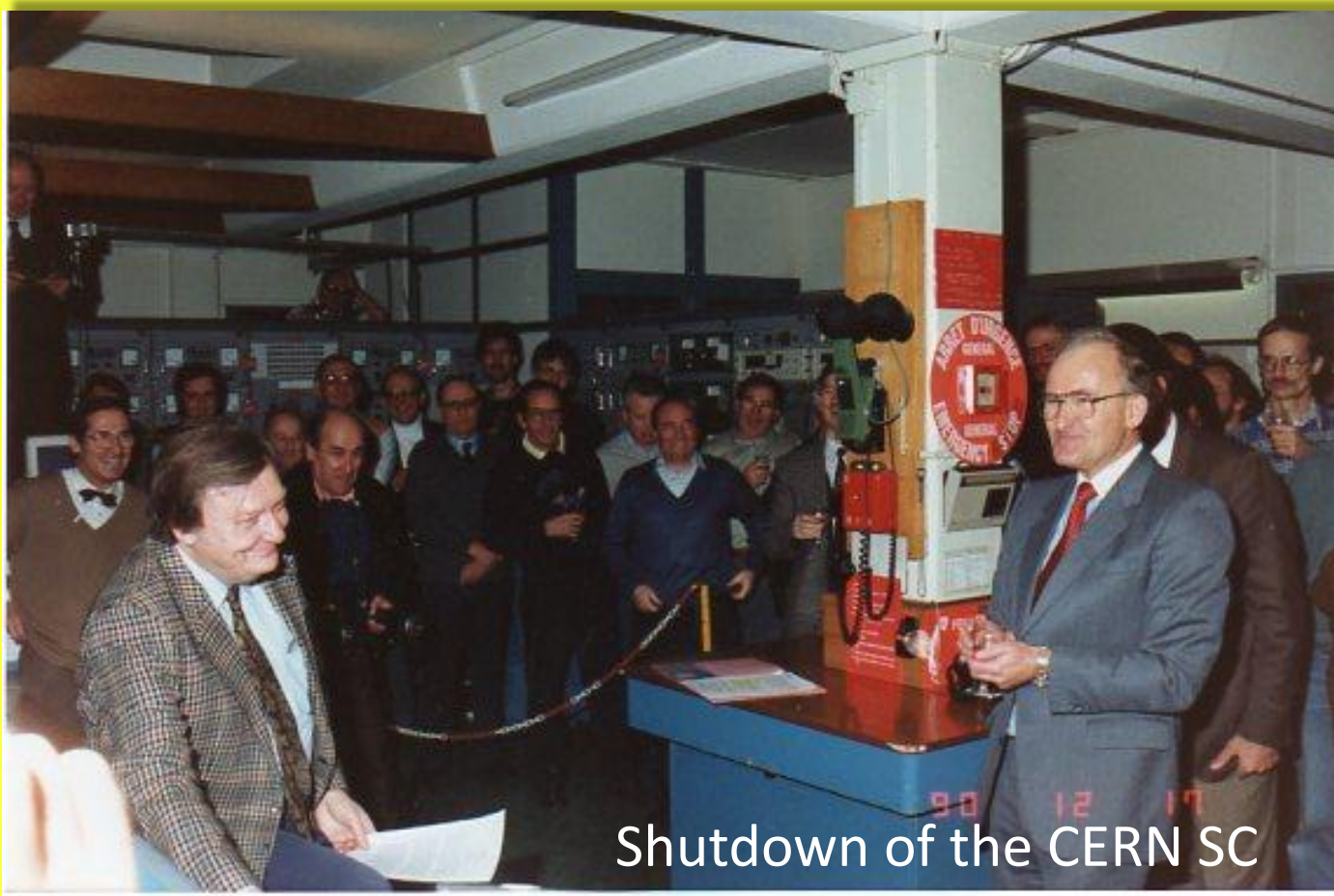
20 Years of Physics at the ISOLDE PSB Facility



**ISOLDE Workshop and Users Meeting
18 December 2012**

Hjörn

.....the end



Shutdown of the CERN SC

19 December 1990 12:00

CERN INAUGURATES ITS LATEST EXPERIMENTAL FACILITY.



Leading physicists from all over the world gathered for the inauguration of CERN's latest experimental facility, ISOLDE (Isotope Separator On-Line) at the CERN site in the new ISOLDE experimental building. The ceremony was presided over by Prof. C. Rubbia, Director General of CERN, and Prof. B. Jonson, Director of the Institute of Physics at Chalmers University in Göteborg, Sweden. Prof. C. Debray, Director of the Institut National de Physique Nucléaire et Physique des Particules in Strasbourg, France, stressed the importance of the ISOLDE facility for European physics.



Daniel Simon
1937–2011

... to CERN on 26 May to celebrate the inauguration of the new experimental facility, ISOLDE (Isotope Separator On-Line) at the CERN site in the new ISOLDE experimental building. A ceremony was held at the CERN site where the participants were welcomed by Prof. C. Rubbia, Director General of CERN. Prof. B. Jonson, of Chalmers University in Göteborg, Sweden, stressed the physics potential of the new facility. Prof. C. Debray, Director of the Institut National de Physique Nucléaire et Physique des Particules in Strasbourg, France, stressed the importance of the ISOLDE facility for European physics.

26 May, 1992

ISOLDE was reborn....

- **a new environment**

Perspective for further growing and expansion

- **new technical challenges and opportunities,**

Pulsed beam, higher energy, higher intensity

- **space to grow**

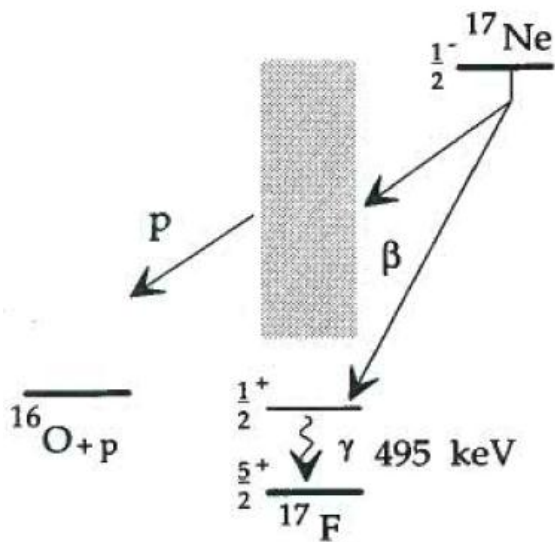
Experiments, REX ISOLDE, HIE ISOLDE, TSR

- **new visibility**

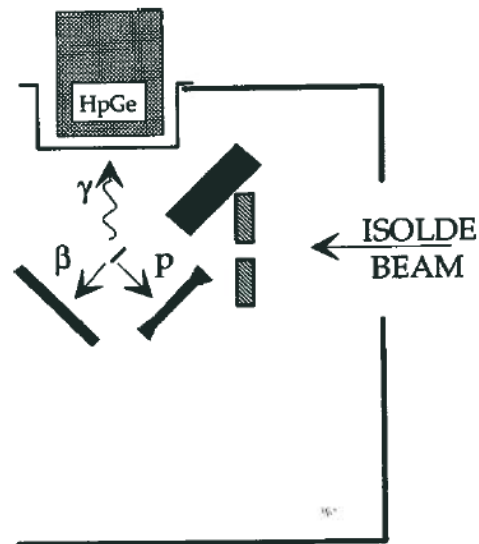
A major CERN Facility

“....the fact that ISOLDE "survived" at CERN helped Nuclear Physics in Europe and elsewhere.” Georg Bollen, 2012

.....the beginning.



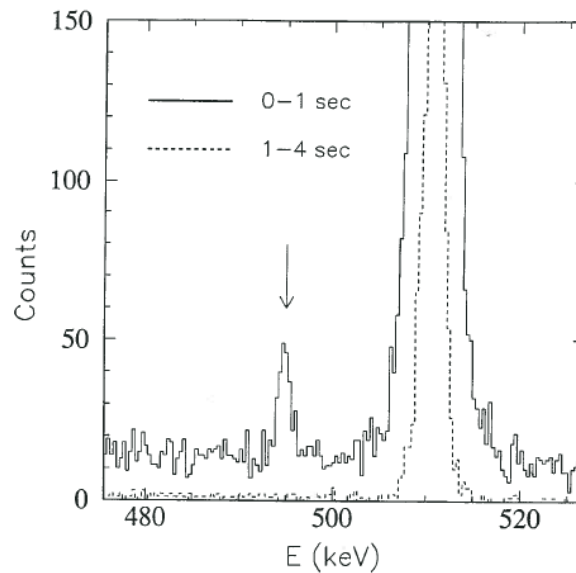
26.6.1992



Mirror decay $^{17}\text{N} \rightarrow ^{17}\text{O}$



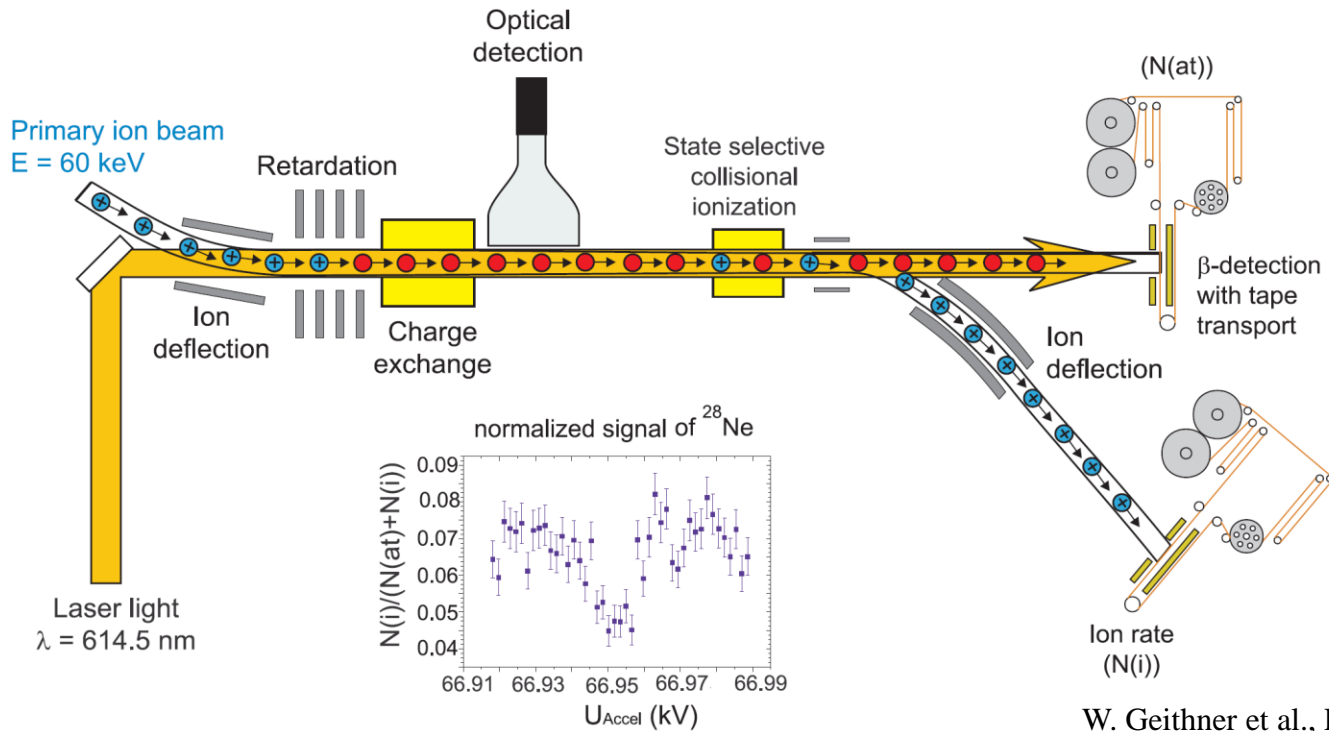
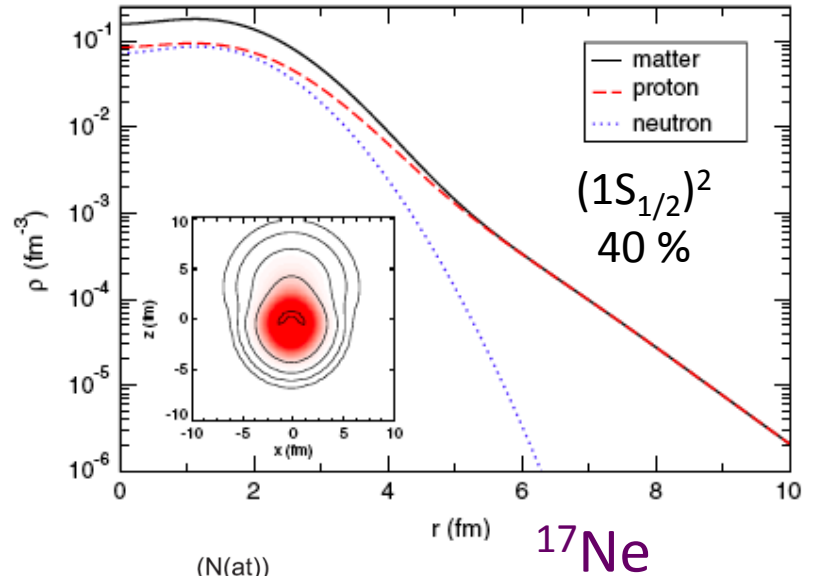
Beta-decay to the proton halo state in ^{17}Ne



$^{17-22}\text{Ne}$

Mass :
ISOLTRAP

Charge radius:
Collinear laser spectroscopy



ISC/P68

14.11.1994

PROPOSAL TO THE ISOLDE COMMITTEE

Radioactive beam EXperiments at ISOLDE:

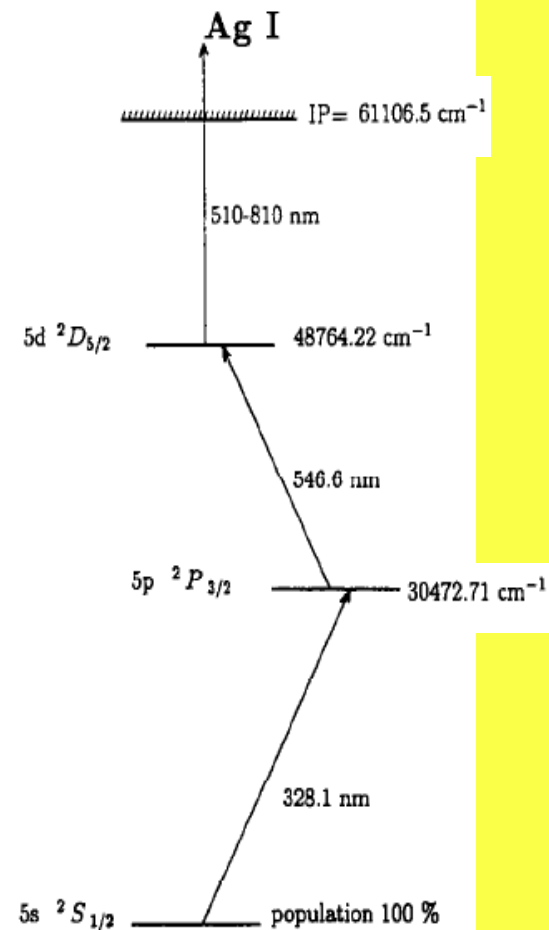
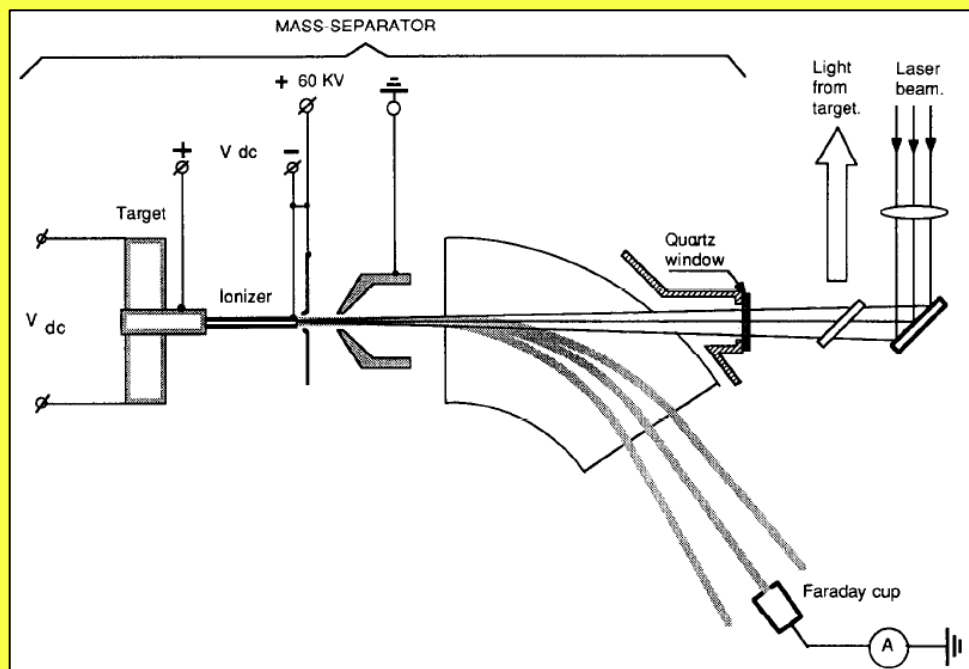
Coulomb excitation and neutron transfer reactions
of exotic nuclei

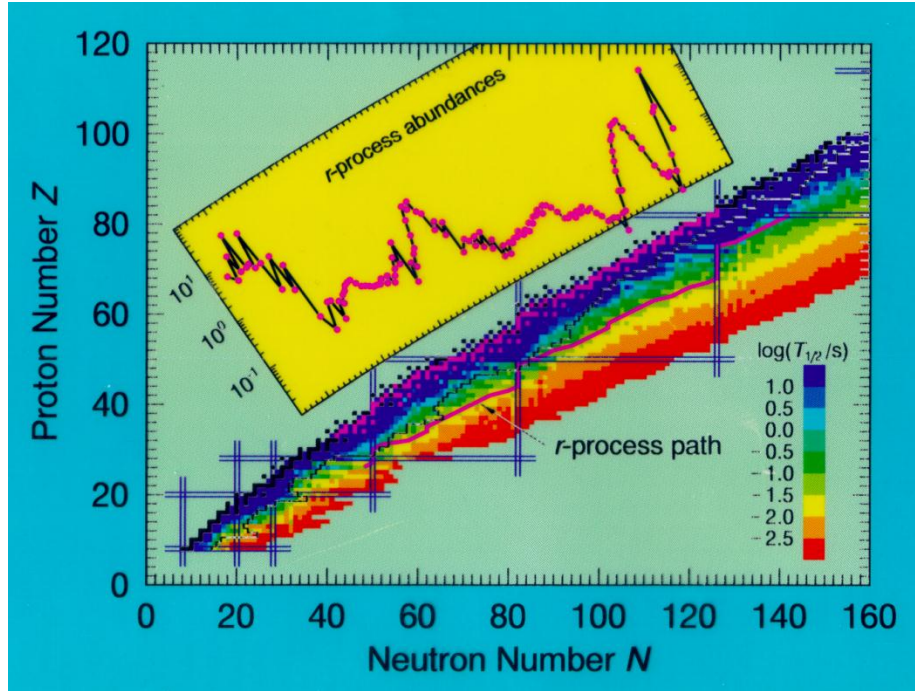
Aarhus - Brookhaven - Daresbury - Darmstadt - Dubna - Erlangen - Frankfurt -
Gothenborg - Göttingen - Heidelberg - Leuven - Liverpool - Mainz - München - Paris -
Saclay - Stockholm - Strasbourg - Surrey - Roskilde - Villeurbanne
and CERN-ISOLDE collaboration

Spokesperson: Dietrich Habs

Chemically selective laser ion-source for the CERN-ISOLDE on-line mass separator facility

Mishin et al. NIM B73 (1993) 550



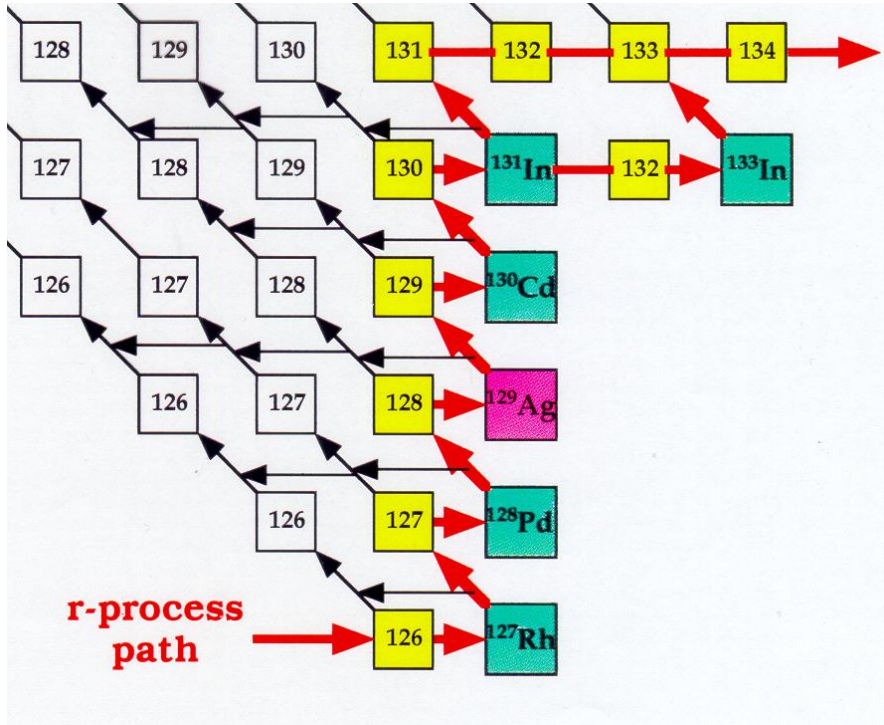
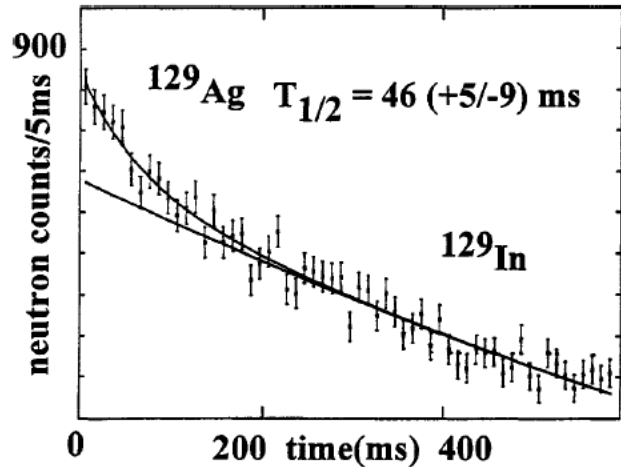


^{130}Cd
 $T_{1/2} = 195 \text{ ms}$

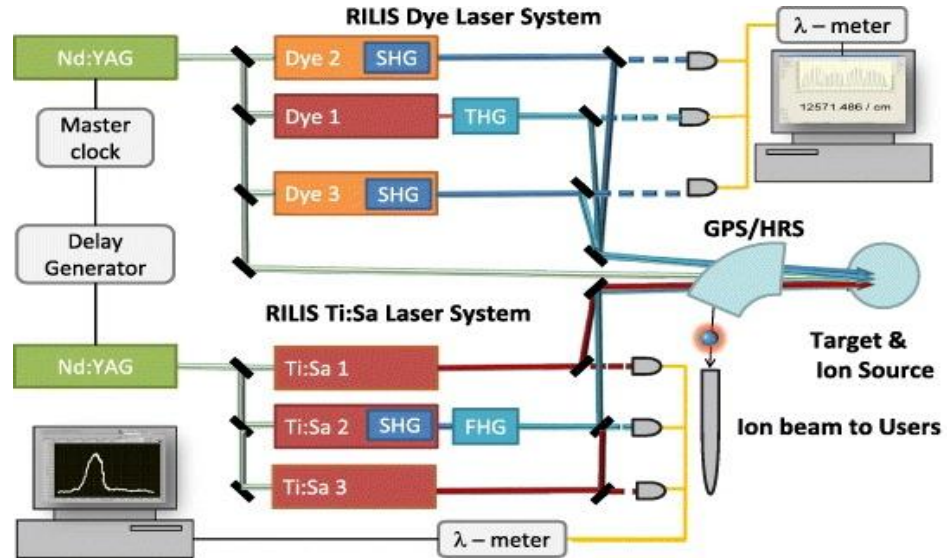
B. Pfeiffer, K.-L. Kratz, and F.-K. Thielemann, Z. Phys. A 357, 235 (1997).

^{129}Ag
 $T_{1/2} = 46 \text{ ms}$

Kratz et al., Hyperfine Interactions 129 (00) 185



RILIS Beams



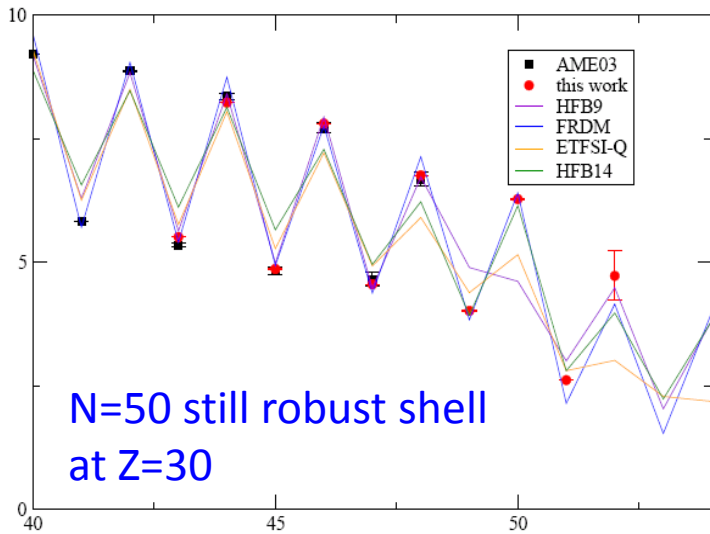
V N Fedosseev et al 2012 Phys. Scr. 85 058104

H	1																	He	2																
Li	3	Be	4																	B	5	C	6	N	7	O	8	F	9	Ne	10				
Na	11	Mg	12																	Al	13	Si	14	P	15	S	16	Cl	17	Ar	18				
K	19	Ca	20	Sc	21	Ti	22	V	23	Cr	24	Mn	25	Fe	26	Co	27	Ni	28	Cu	29	Zn	30	Ga	31	Ge	32	As	33	Se	34	Br	35	Kr	36
Rb	37	Sr	38	Y	39	Zr	40	Nb	41	Mo	42	Tc	43	Ru	44	Rh	45	Pd	46	Ag	47	Cd	48	In	49	Sn	50	Sb	51	Te	52	I	53	Xe	54
Cs	55	Ba	56	La	57	Hf	72	Ta	73	W	74	Re	75	Os	76	Ir	77	Pt	78	Au	79	Hg	80	Tl	81	Pb	82	Bi	83	Po	84	At	85	Rn	86
Fr	87	Ra	88	Ac	89	Rf	104	Db	105	Sg	106	Bh	107	Hs	108	Mt	109	110	111	112															

Ce	58	Pr	59	Nd	60	Pm	61	Sm	62	Eu	63	Gd	64	Tb	65	Dy	66	Ho	67	Er	68	Tm	69	Yb	70	Lu	71
Th	90	Pa	91	U	92	Np	93	Pu	94	Am	95	Cm	96	Bk	97	Cf	98	Es	99	Fm	100	Md	101	No	102	Lr	103

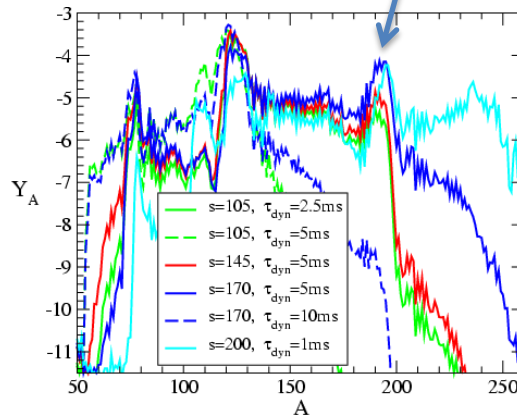
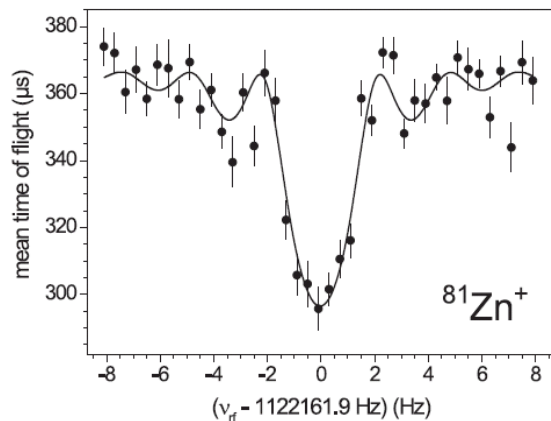
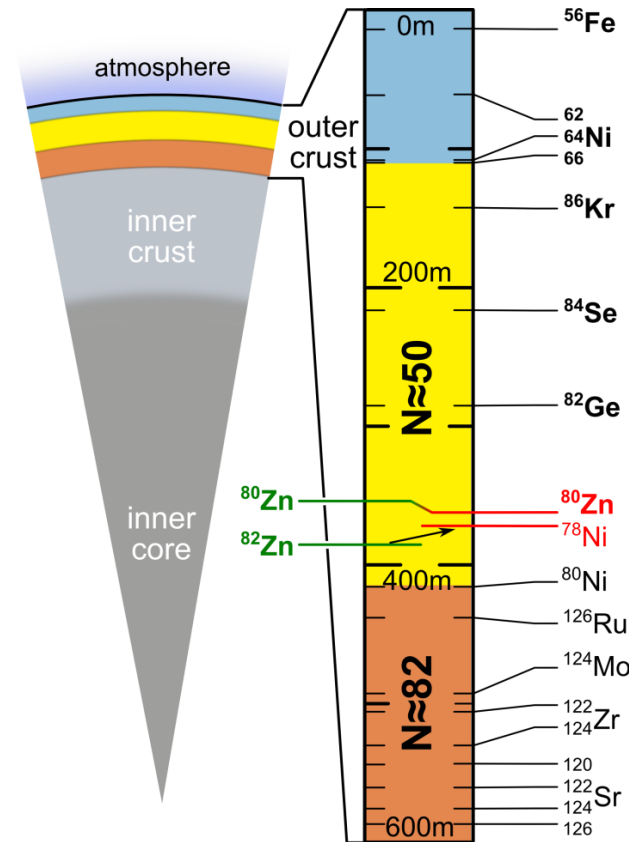
ISOLTRAP: $^{80-81}\text{Zn}$

S. Baruah et al, PRL 101 (2008) 262501



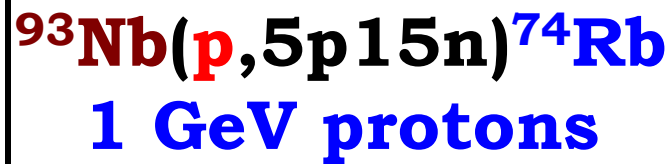
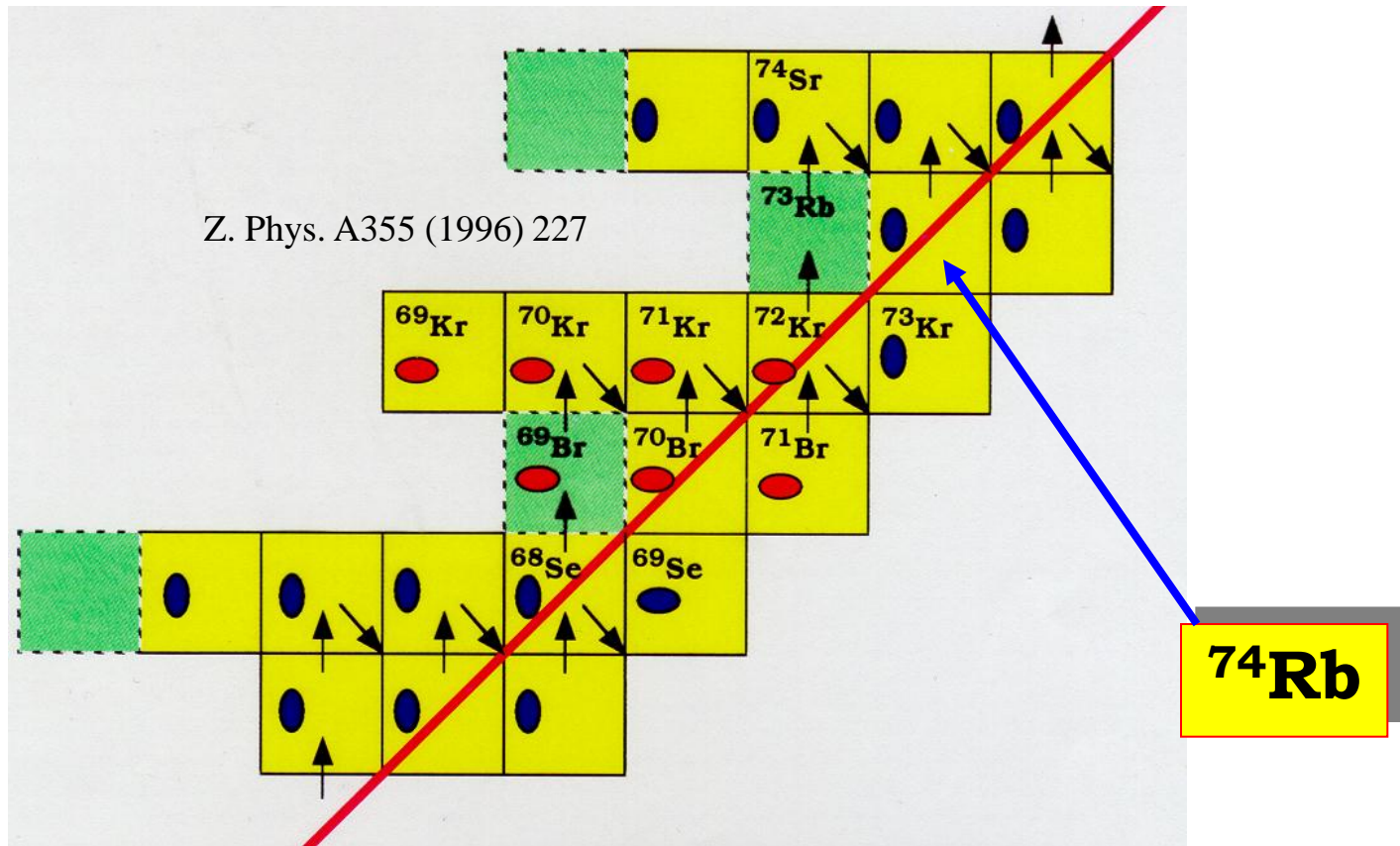
Neutron separation energy (MeV) versus N

Composition of the outer crust of a neutron star



S. Kreim and the ISOLTRAP Coll. (2011)

The rp - process



Complete spectroscopy on Fermi β -emitter ^{74}Rb

$^{93}\text{Nb}(p,5p15n)^{74}\text{Rb}$

Results:

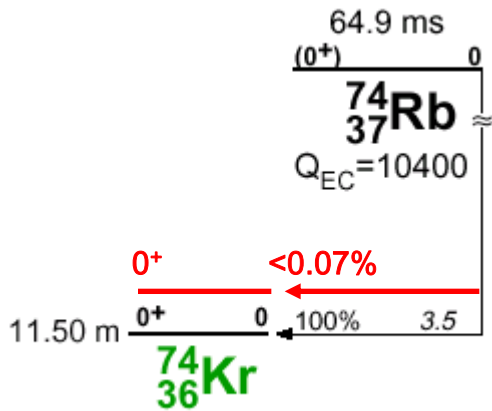
- 1) non-analog $0^+ \rightarrow 0^+$ transition observed
 \rightarrow estimate for the Coulomb mixing
- 2) mass of ^{74}Rb (ISOLTRAP & MISTRAL)
- 3) mass of the daughter ^{74}Kr (ISOLTRAP)

$$Ft = ft(1 + \delta_R')(1 + \delta_{NS} - \delta_C)$$

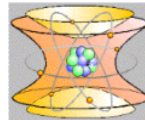
$$= K / 2G_F^2 V_{ud}^2 (1 + \Delta_R^V)$$

$$Ft = 3073.9(8)s$$

$$V_{ud} = 0.97378(27)$$



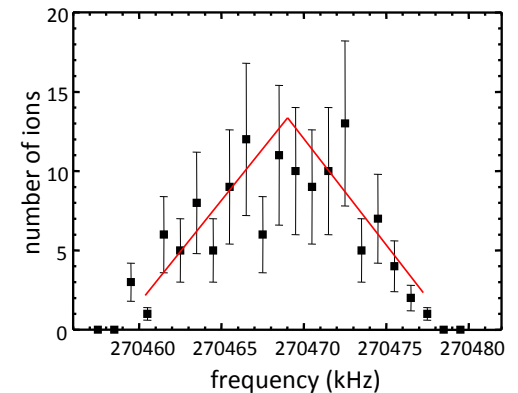
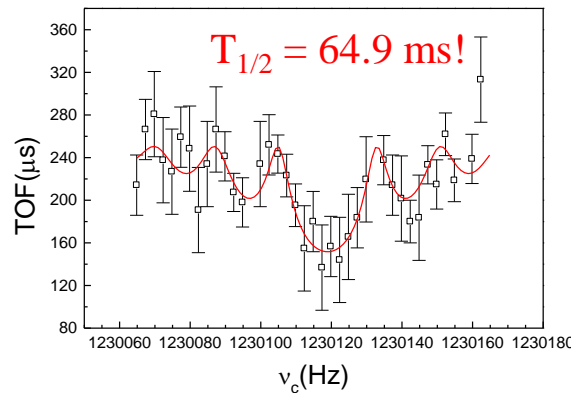
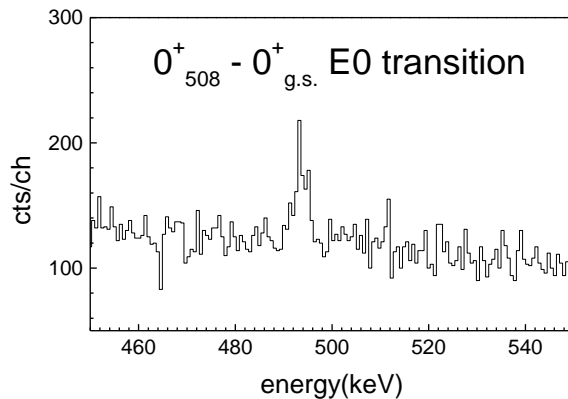
2) & 3) $\rightarrow Q_{EC}$ value



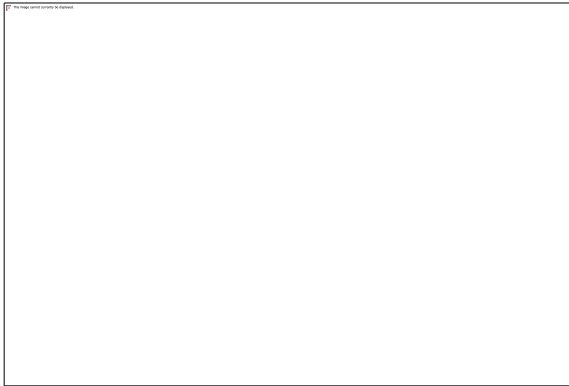
ISOLTRAP



MISTRAL



The CKM Matrix



2008-12-08

$$|V_{ud}|^2 + |V_{us}|^2 + |V_{ub}|^2 = 0.999\,90 \pm 0.000\,60$$

High precision frontier

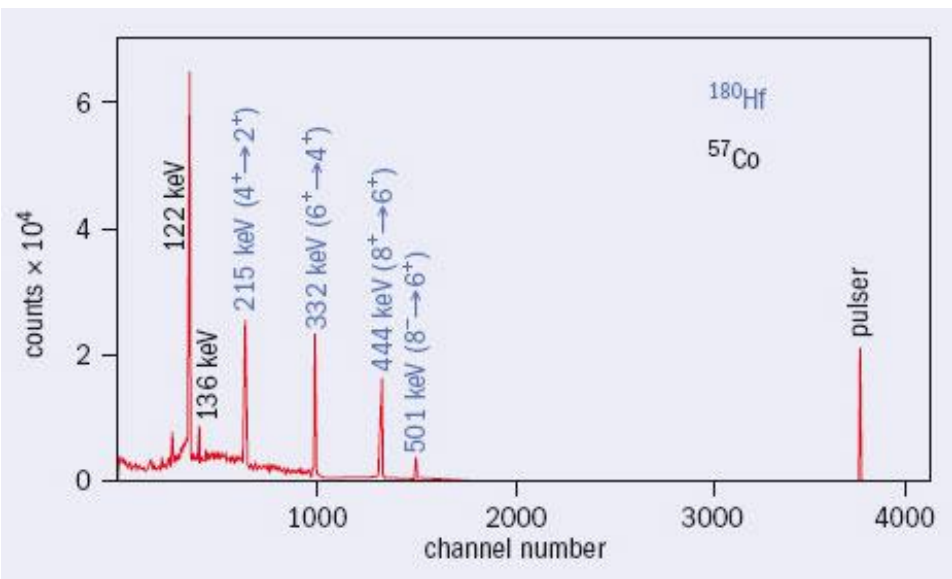
parity violation in the γ decay of $^{180}\text{Hf}^m$

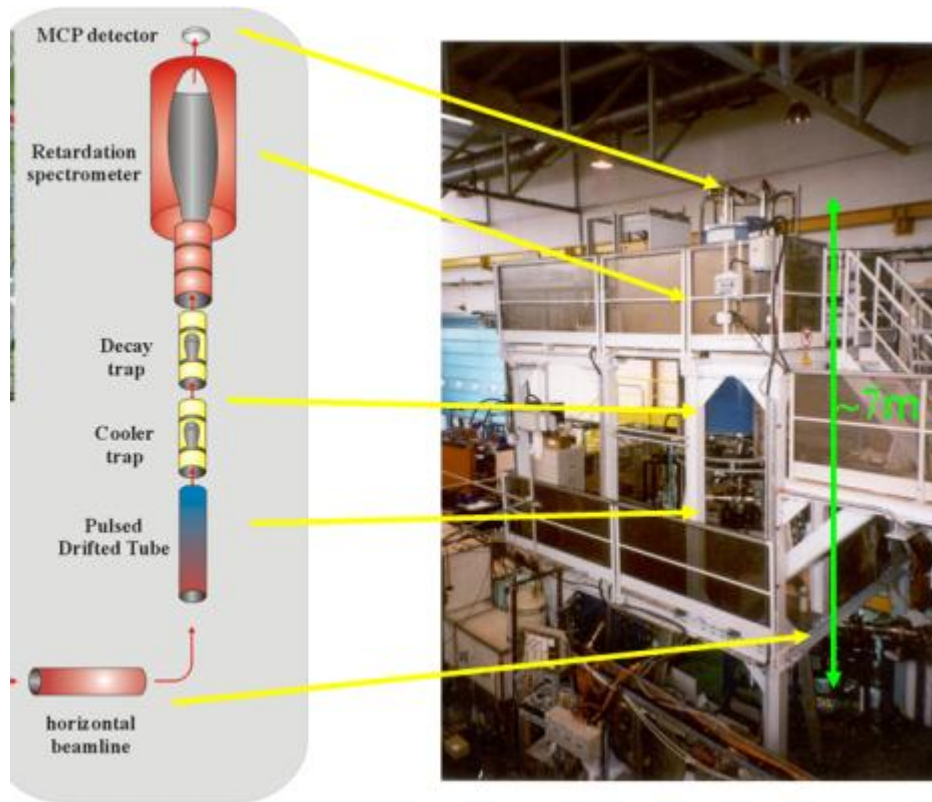
Parity violating E2/M2 mixing ratio in the 501 keV transition



NICOLE

MeV		I	P	K
1.142		8	-	8
1.085	↓ E1+M2 57 keV	8	+	0
	501 keV M2+E3			
	444 keV E2			
0.641		6	+	0
	332.5 keV E2			
0.309		4	+	0
0.093	215.3 keV E2	2	+	0
0	93.3 keV E2	0	+	0

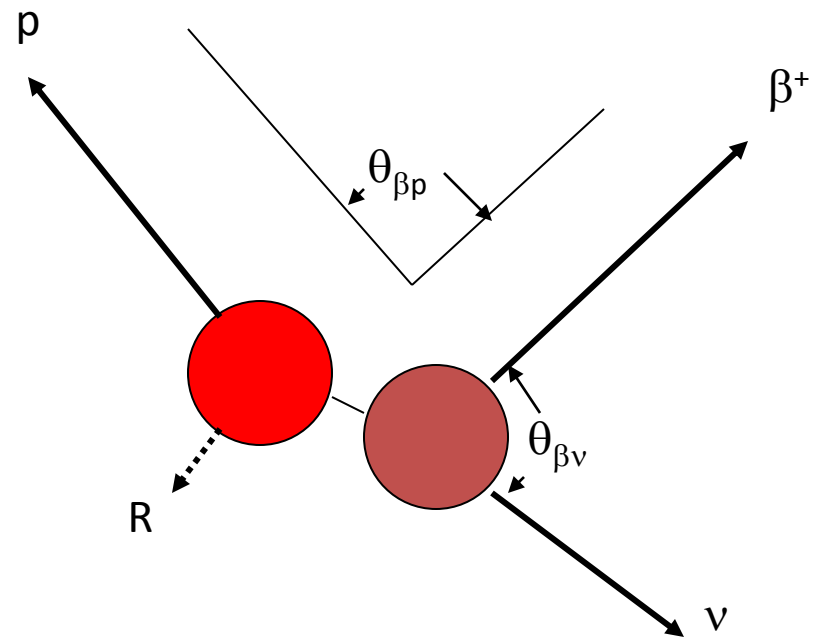
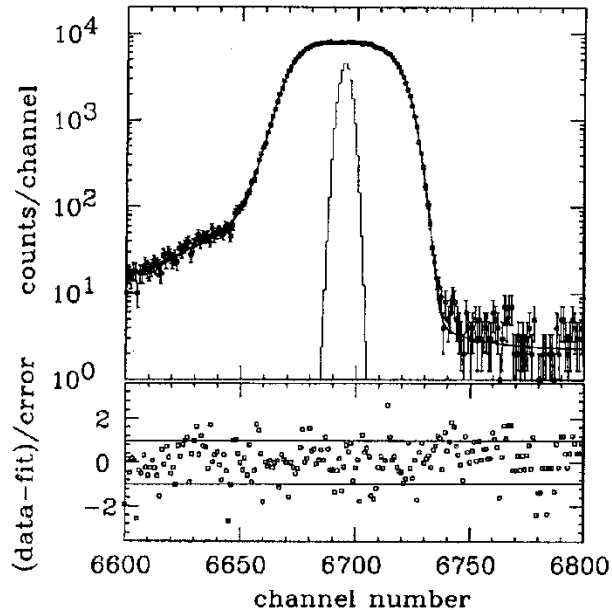




Positron-Neutrino Correlation in the $0^+ \rightarrow 0^+$ Beta Decay of ^{32}Ar

E. Adelberger et al.,
PRL83 (1999) 1299

p-i-n
diodes
at -11°

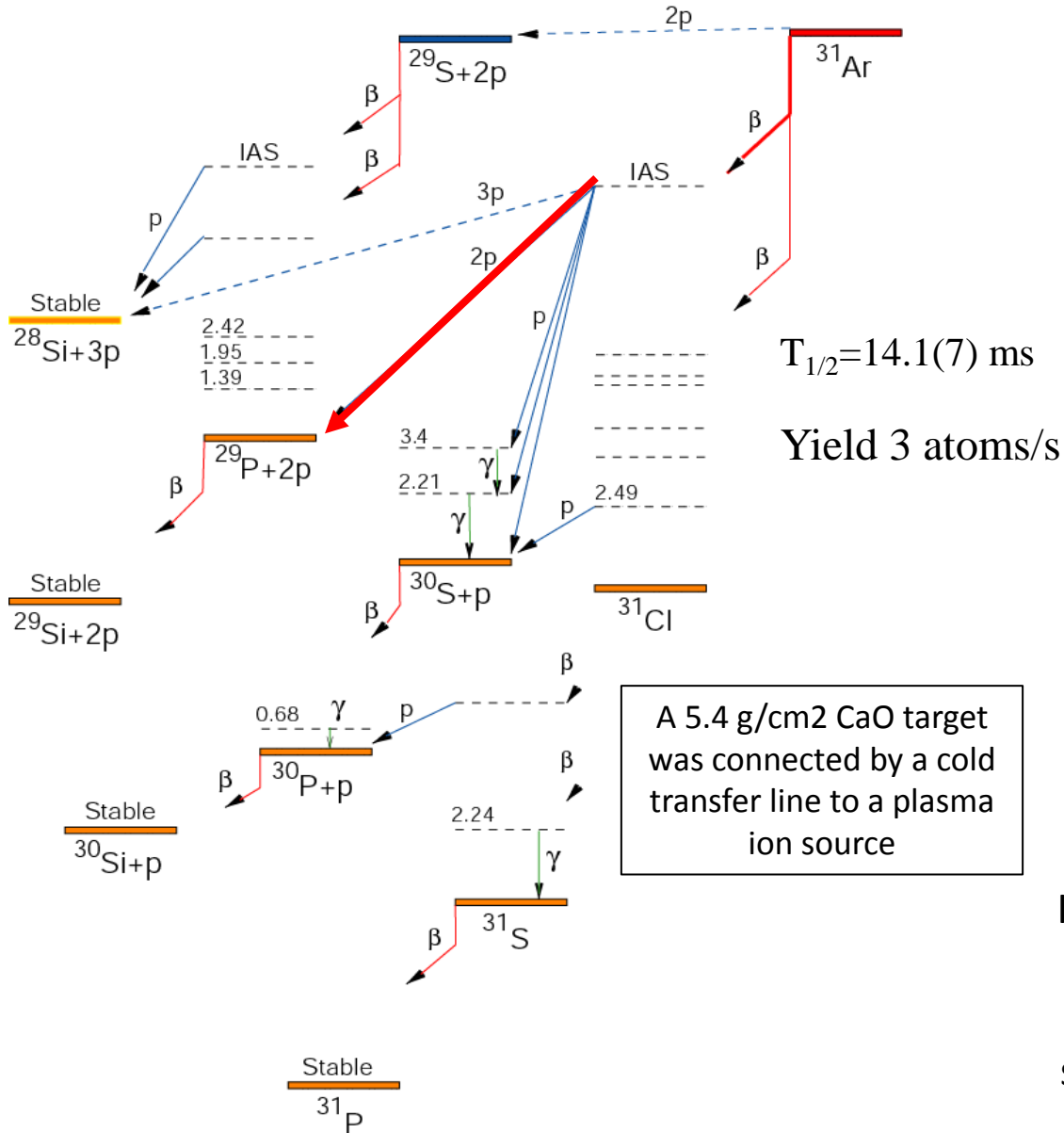


...the limit on the masses of scalar particles with gauge coupling strength, but arbitrary parity properties, is

$$M_S \geq 4.1 M_W$$

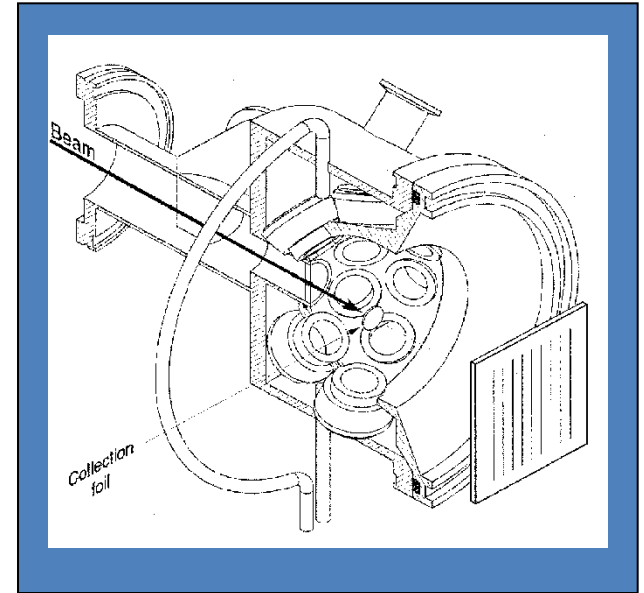
ev correlation coeff.
 $a=0.9989(52)$

The $\beta 2p$ decay mechanism of ^{31}Ar



A 5.4 g/cm² CaO target was connected by a cold transfer line to a plasma ion source

Gunvor T. Koldste



H.O.U. Fynbo et al., NPA 677 (00) 38

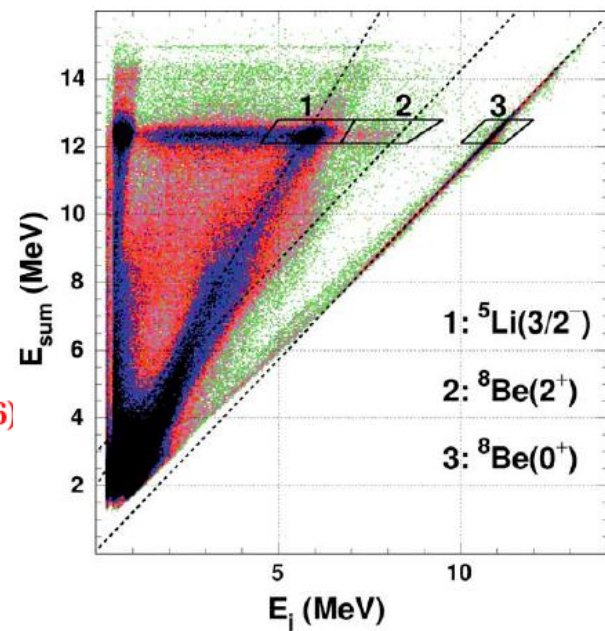
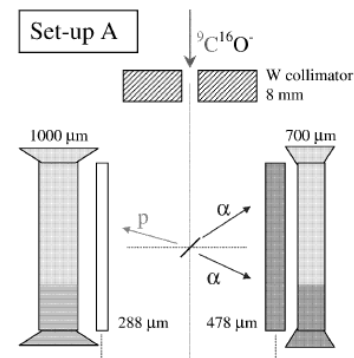
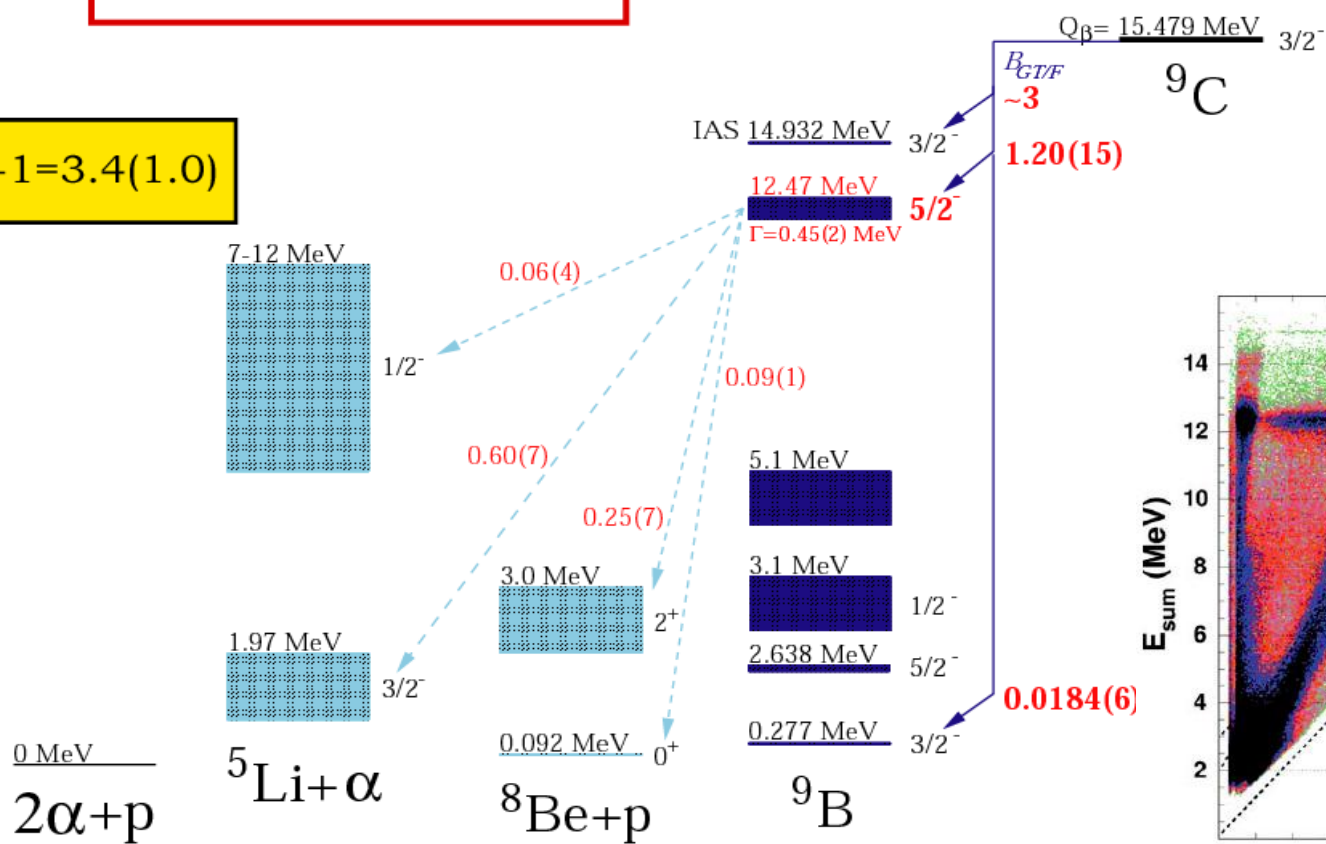
In all cases the mechanism is found to be sequential yielding information about states in ^{30}S up to 8 MeV excitation energy

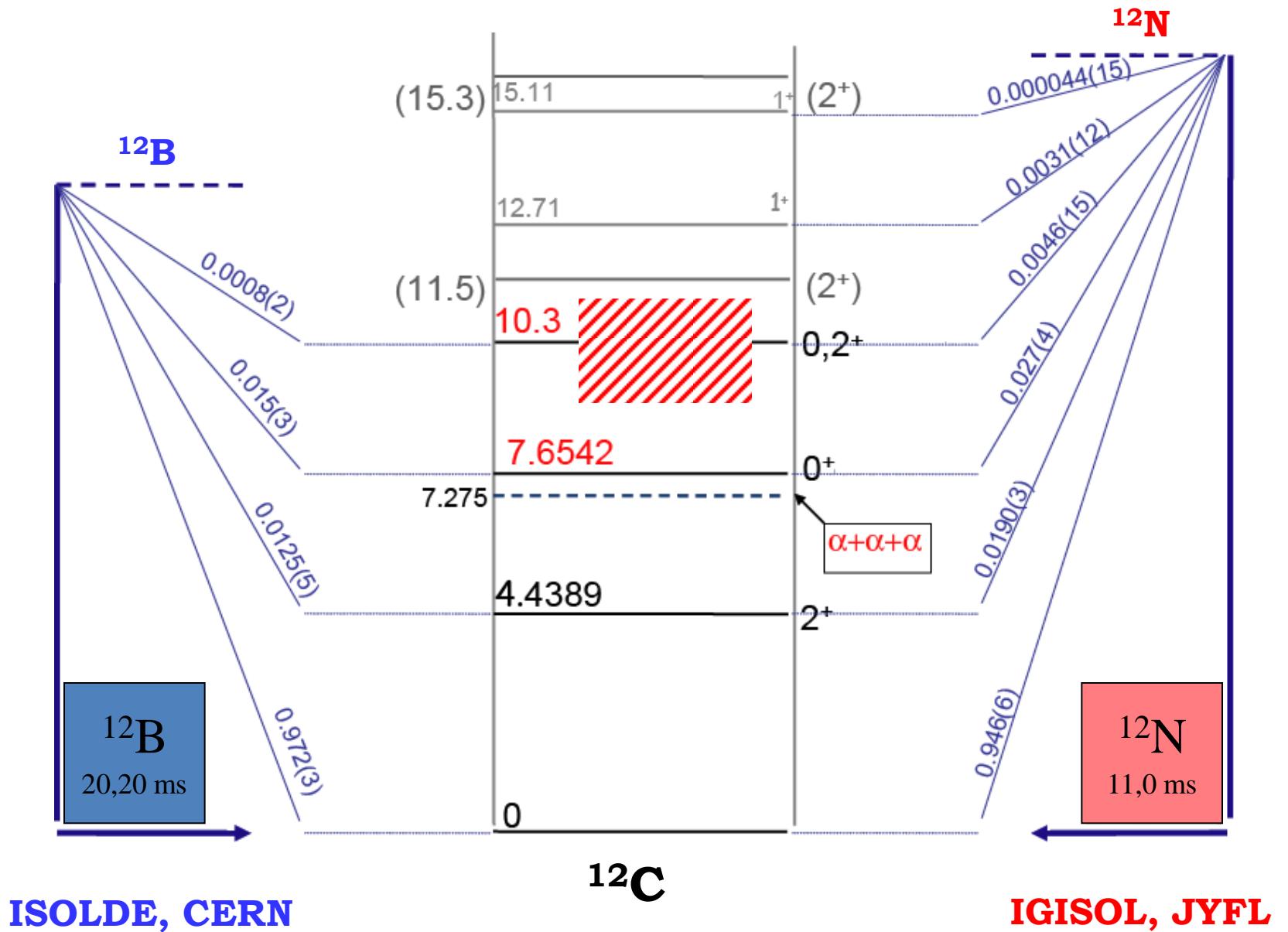
On the β -decay of ${}^9\text{C}$

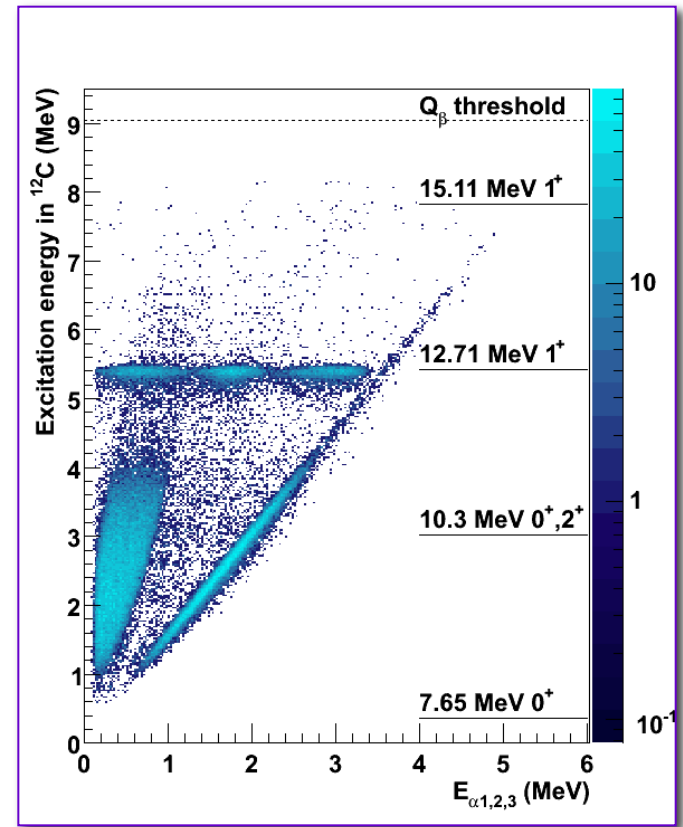
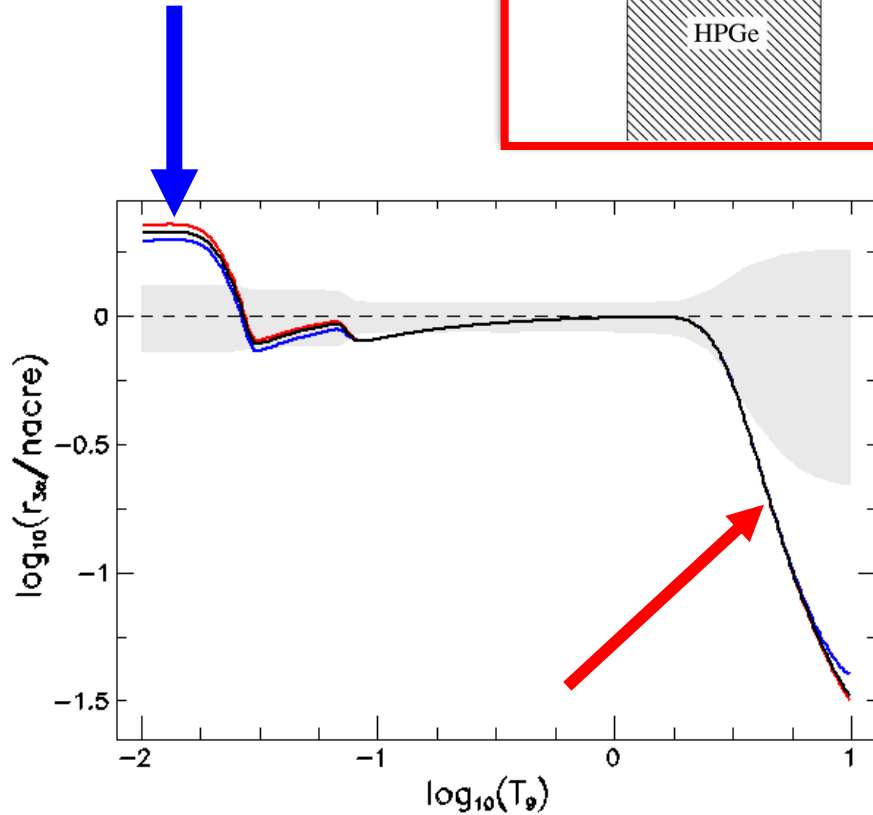
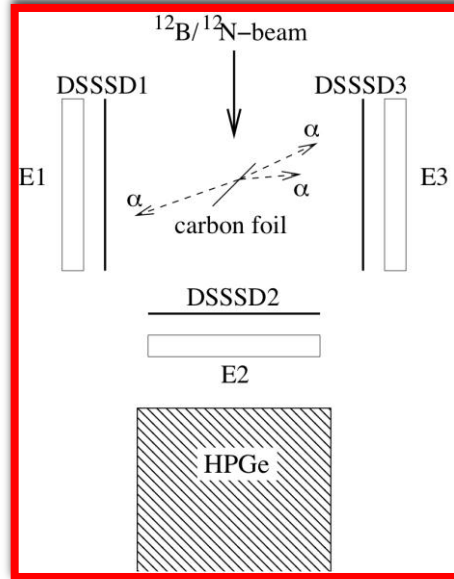
$${}^9\text{Li} : B_{GT} = 5.3(1.0)$$

$$ft^+ / ft^- - 1 = 3.4(1.0)$$

CaO target

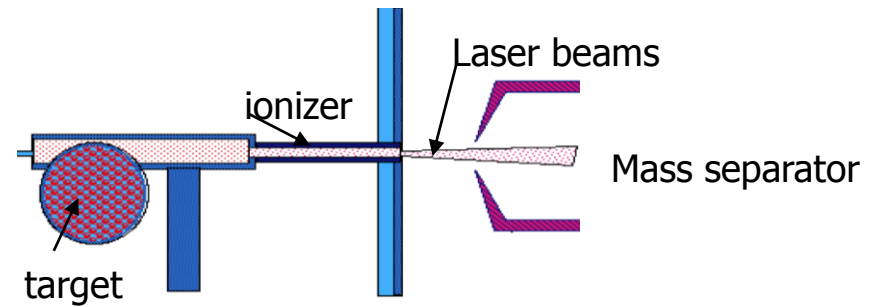
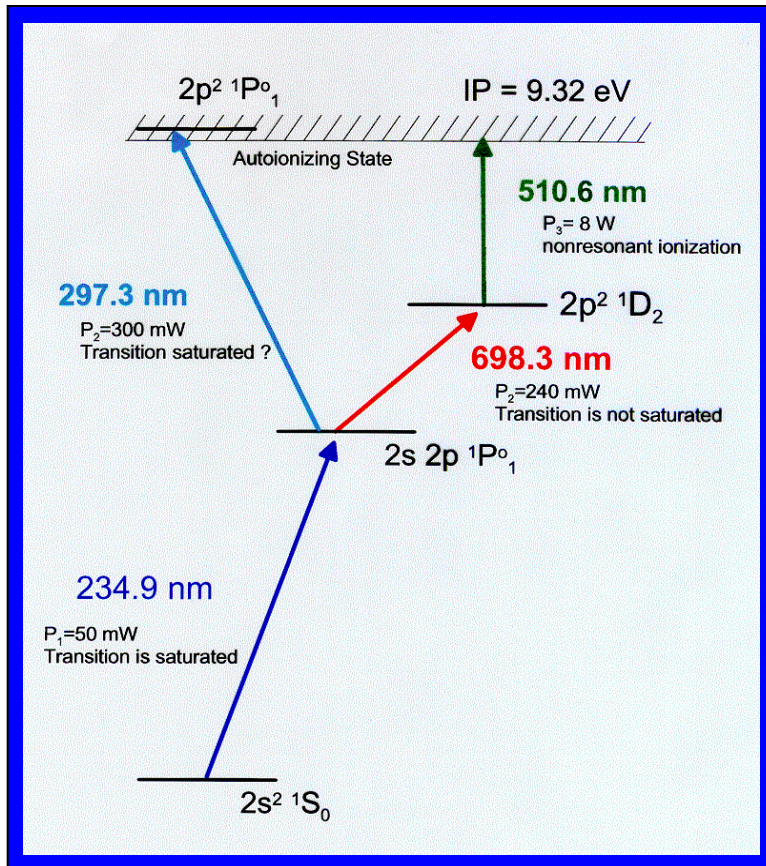




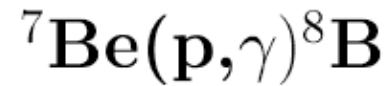


Nuclear Astrophysics Compilation
of **REACTION RATES**,
C. Angulo et al., NPA **656** (1999) 3

${}^7\text{Be}$ 53 d	${}^8\text{Be}$ unbound	${}^9\text{Be}$ stable	${}^{10}\text{Be}$ $1.6 \cdot 10^6 \text{ y}$	${}^{11}\text{Be}$ 13.8 s	${}^{12}\text{Be}$ 23.6 ms	${}^{13}\text{Be}$ unbound	${}^{14}\text{Be}$ 4.35 ms
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Laser Ion Source (LIS)



L.T. Baby et al., PRL 90 (03) 022501

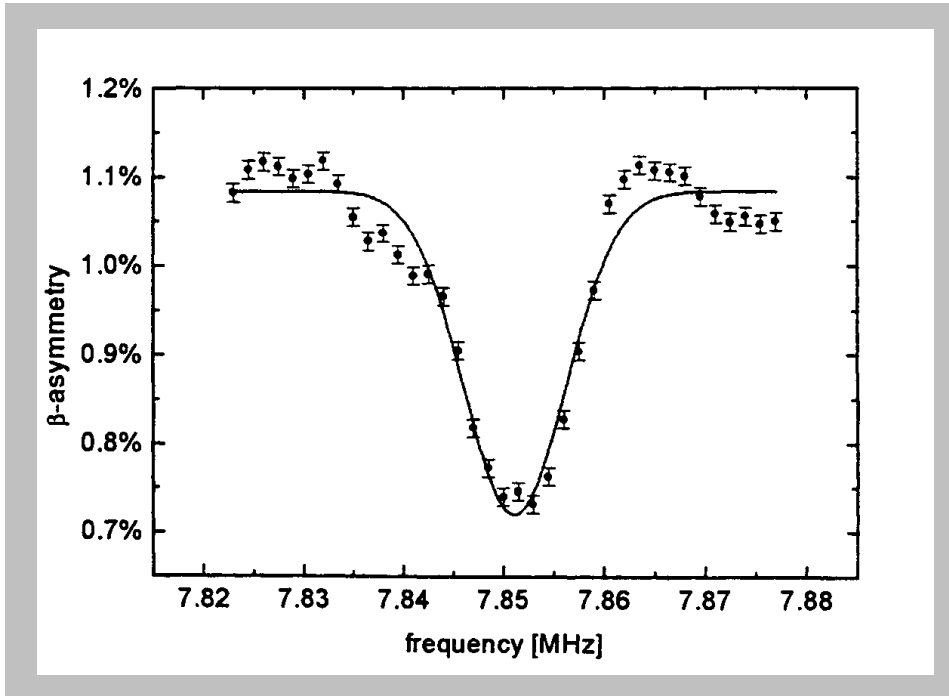
$T_{1/2}$ in different materials
(C, Al, Au, Pt, kapton)

Mazzocchi et al. Act. Phys. Pol. 43 (12) 279

Magnetic Dipole Moment of ^{11}Be

β -NMR

W. Geithner et al., PRL 83 (1999) 3793

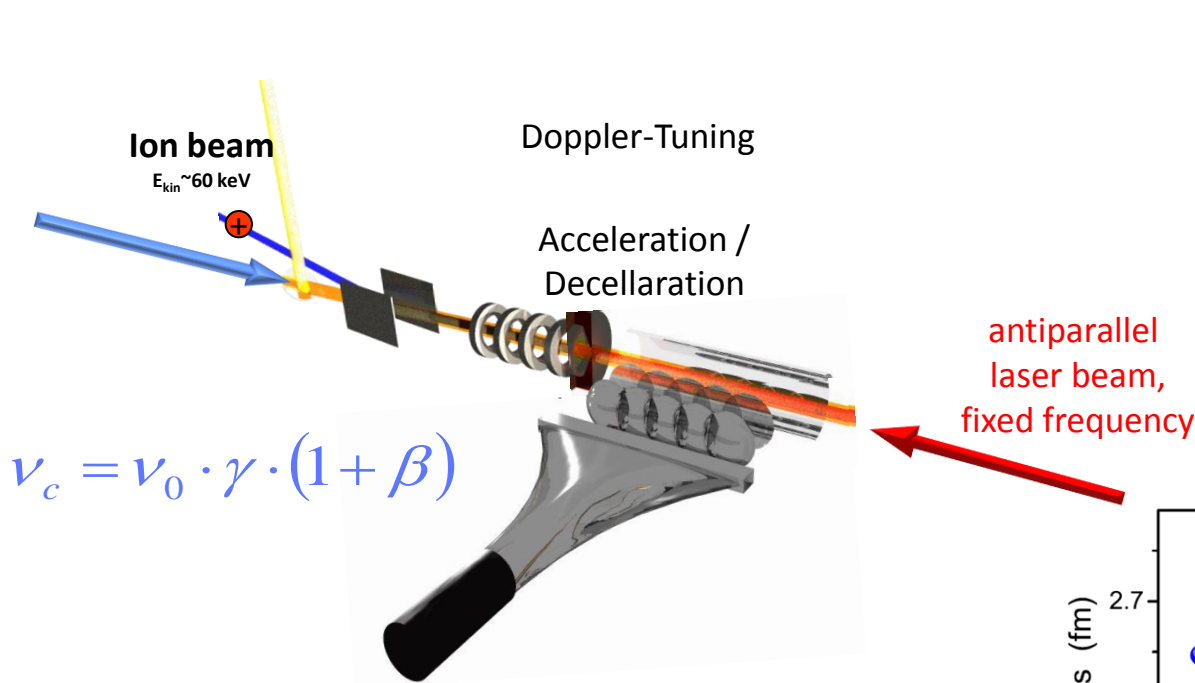


$$\mu = -1.6816(8) \mu_N$$

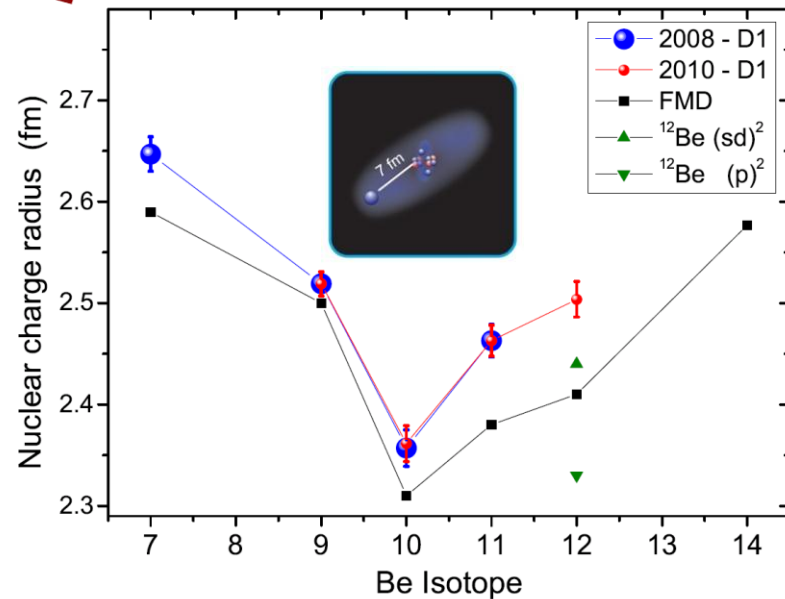
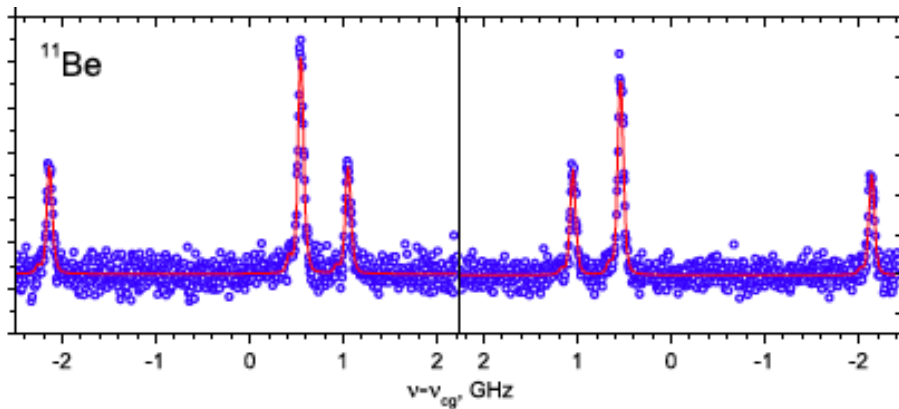
- Laser ionization
- Ion beam for optical polarization
- Calibration with ^8Li

T. Susuki et al., Phys. Lett.
B 364 (1995) 69

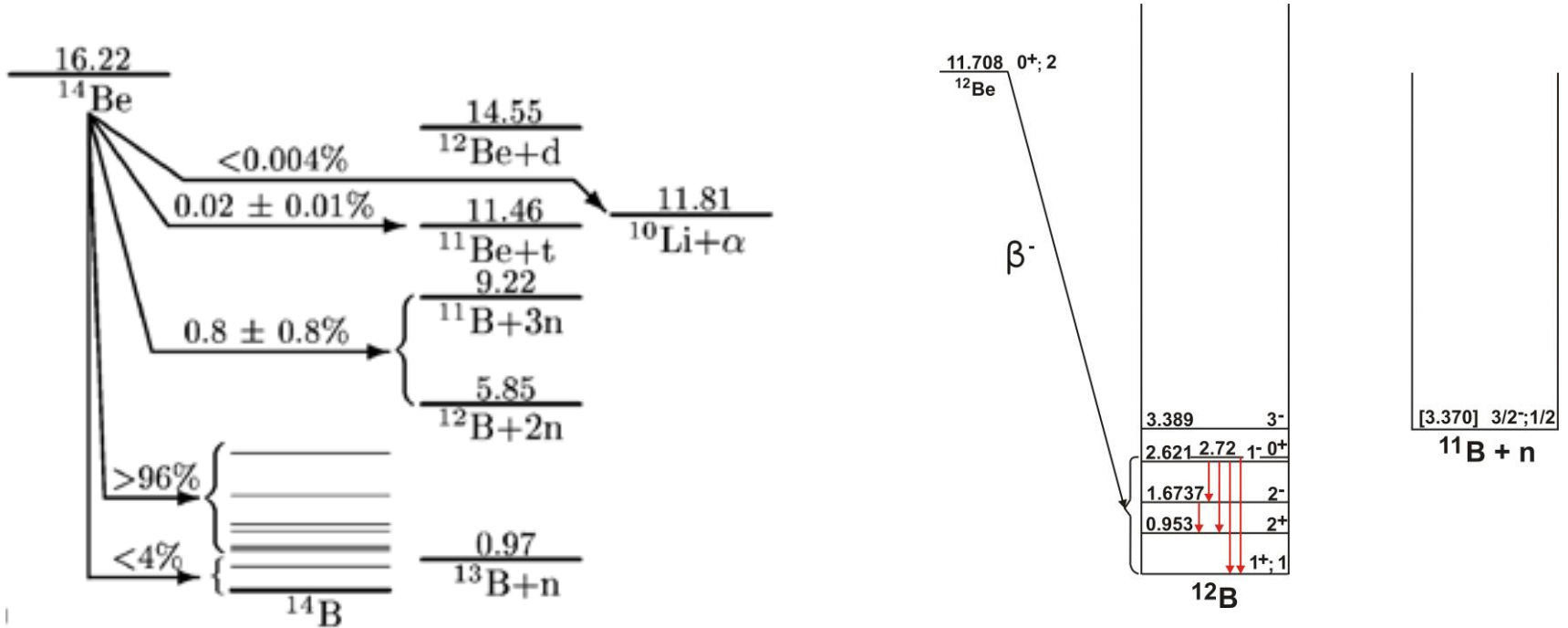
Charge Radii of $^{11,12}\text{Be}$



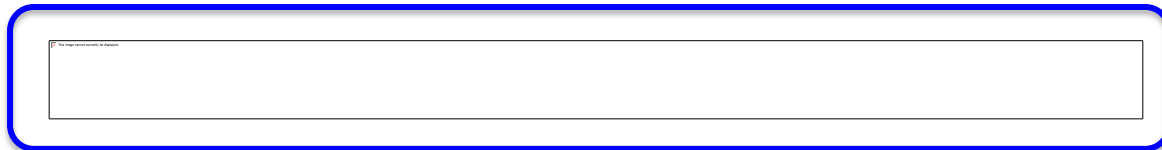
Completely (!) independent of high-voltage U



${}^7\text{Be}$ 53 d	${}^8\text{Be}$ unbound	${}^9\text{Be}$ stable	${}^{10}\text{Be}$ $1.6 \cdot 10^6 \text{y}$	${}^{11}\text{Be}$ 13.8 s	${}^{12}\text{Be}$ 23.6 ms	${}^{13}\text{Be}$ unbound	${}^{14}\text{Be}$ 4.35 ms
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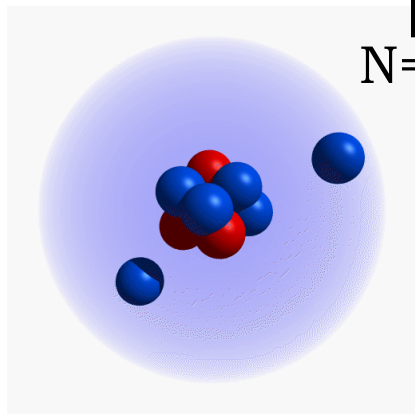


Jeppeses et al. NPA 709 (02) 119

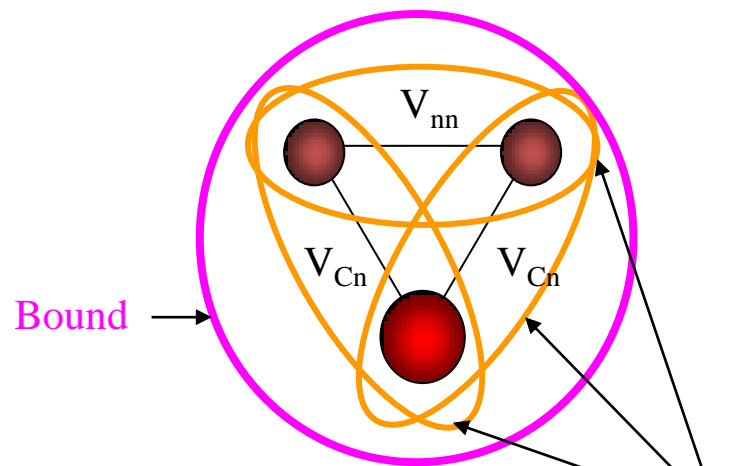


Riisager et al. Hyperfine Int. 129 (00) 67

			^{11}Be 13.8 s	^{12}Be 23.6 ms	^{13}Be	^{14}Be 4.35 ms
		^9Li 179 ms	^{10}Li	^{11}Li 8.5 ms		
^6He 806 ms	^7He	^8He 119 ms	^9He			



N=8



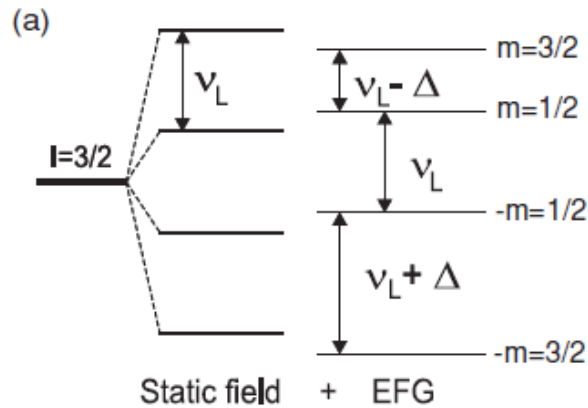
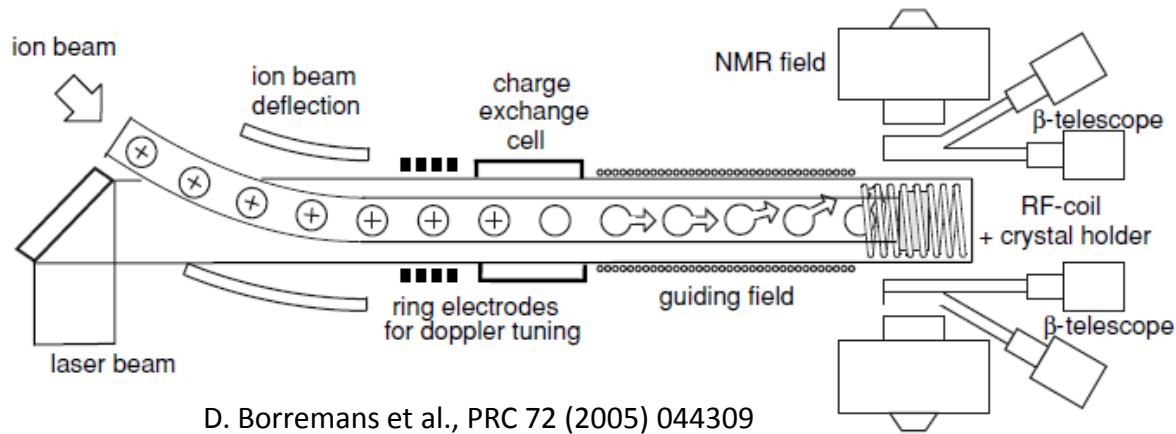
Borromean

Unbound

${}^6\text{Li}$	${}^7\text{Li}$	${}^8\text{Li}$ 840 ms	${}^9\text{Li}$ 179 ms	${}^{10}\text{Li}$ unbound	${}^{11}\text{Li}$ 8.5 ms	${}^{12}\text{Li}$ unbound	${}^{13}\text{Li}$ unbound
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$|\pi=3/2^-$

$|\pi=3/2^-$

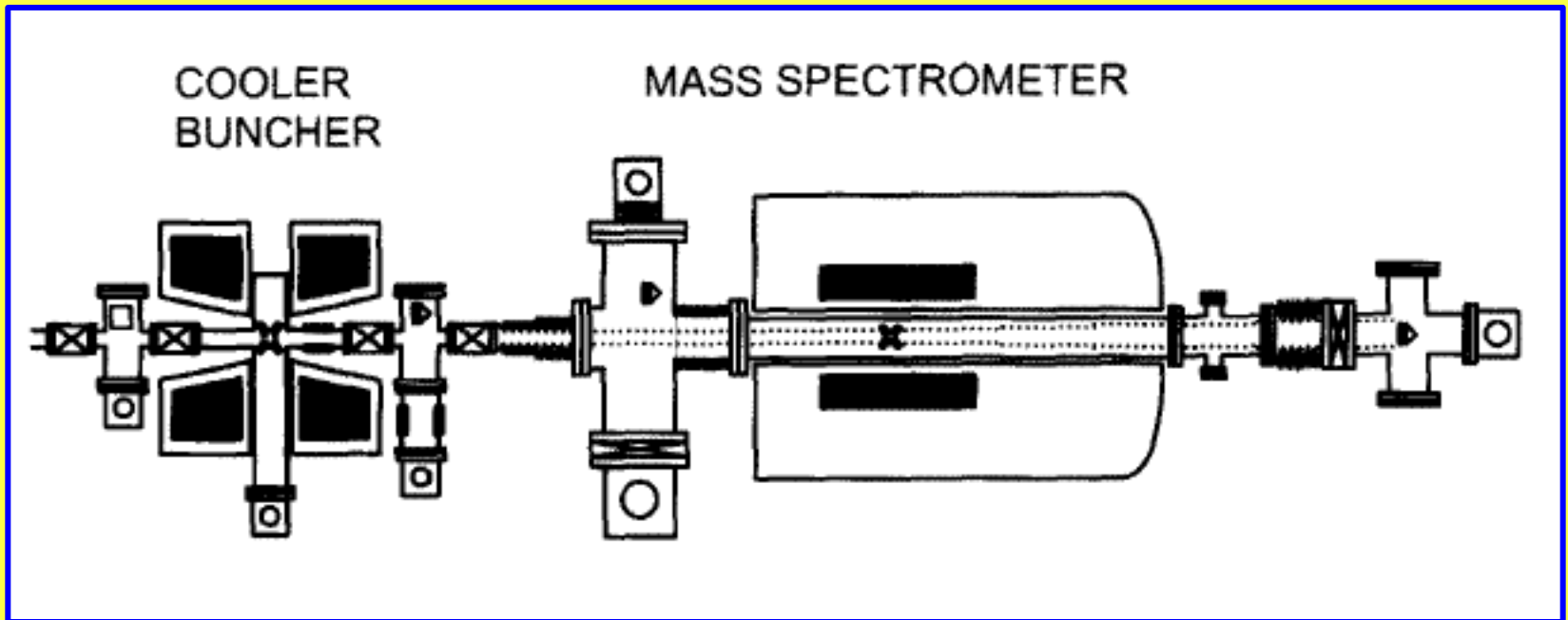


R. Neugart et al., PRL 101(2008) 132502

$|Q({}^{11}\text{Li})/Q({}^9\text{Li})| = 1.088(15)$

ISOLTRAP

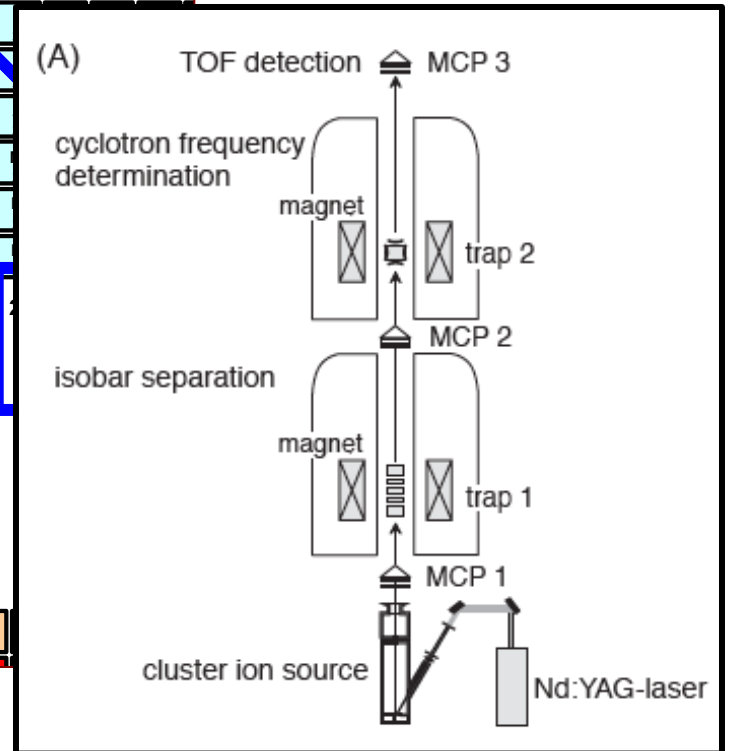
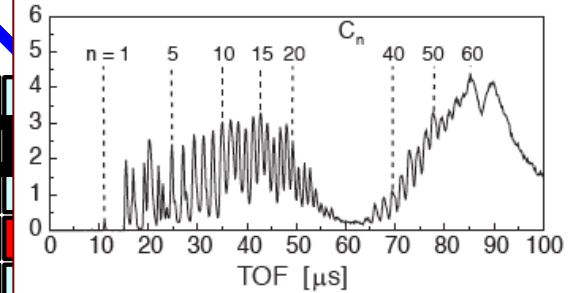
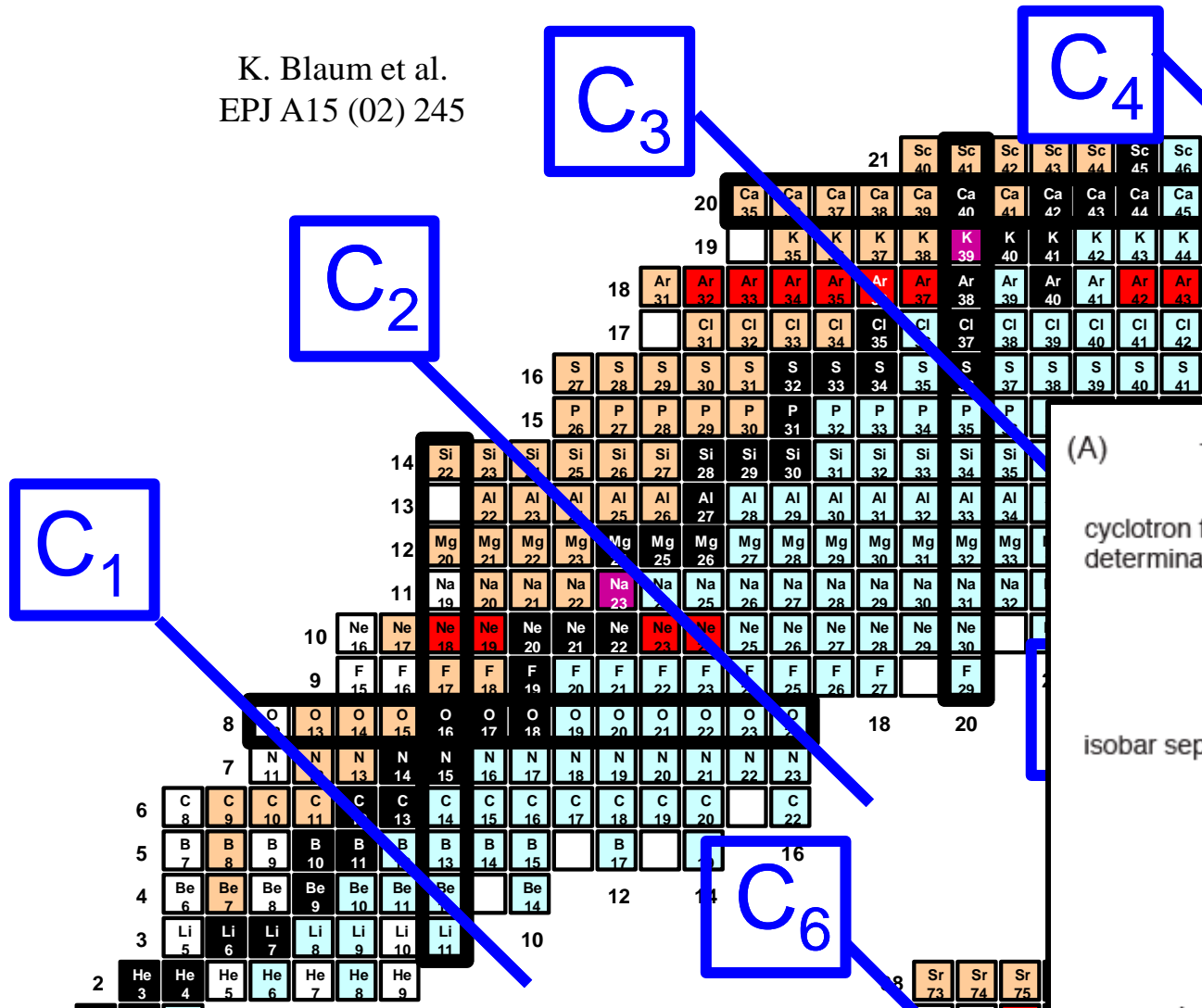
G. Bollen et al., NIM A368 (96) 675



Carbon Clusters



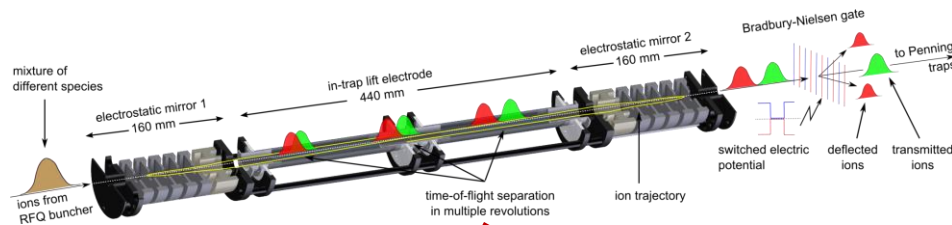
K. Blaum et al.
EPJ A15 (02) 245



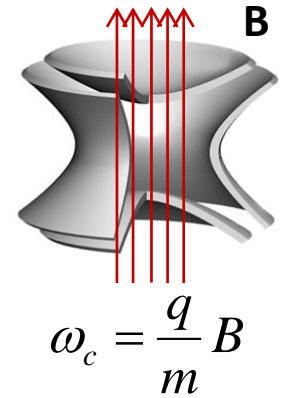


The ISOLTRAP Spectrometer

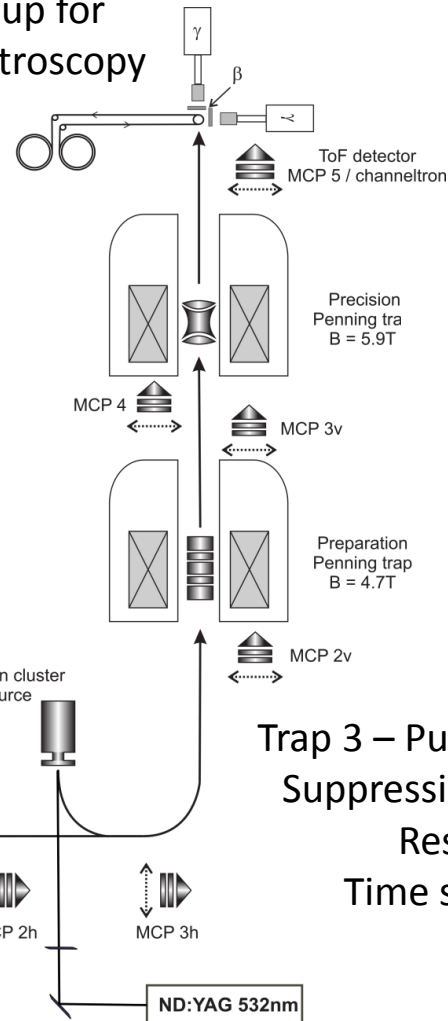
Trap 2 - Purification:
 Suppression of contamination: 10^4
 Resolving power: 10^5
 Time scale: tens of ms
 Dynamics: 1 - 10^5 ions/s



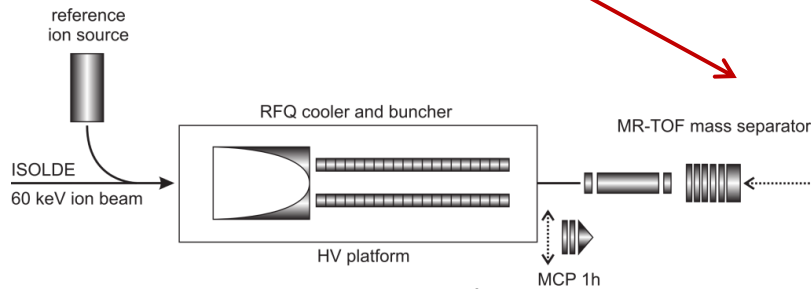
Tape station setup for trap-assisted spectroscopy



Trap 4 – Purification and measurement:
 Resolving power: 10^6
 Rel. uncertainty: 10^{-8} - 10^{-9}

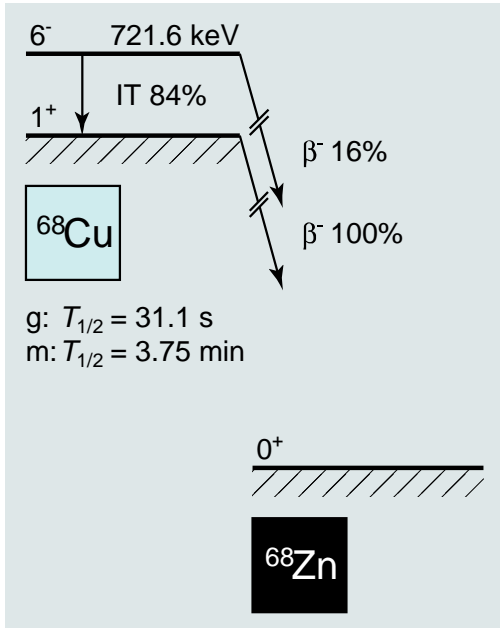
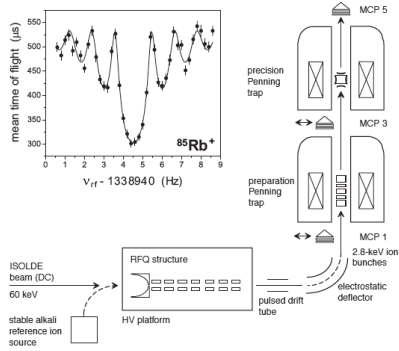


Trap 3 – Purification and preparation:
 Suppression of contamination: 10^4
 Resolving power: 10^5
 Time scale: hundreds of ms



Trap 1 - Preparation:
 Accumulation and cooling
 → few-ion bunches

Isomers in ^{68}Cu



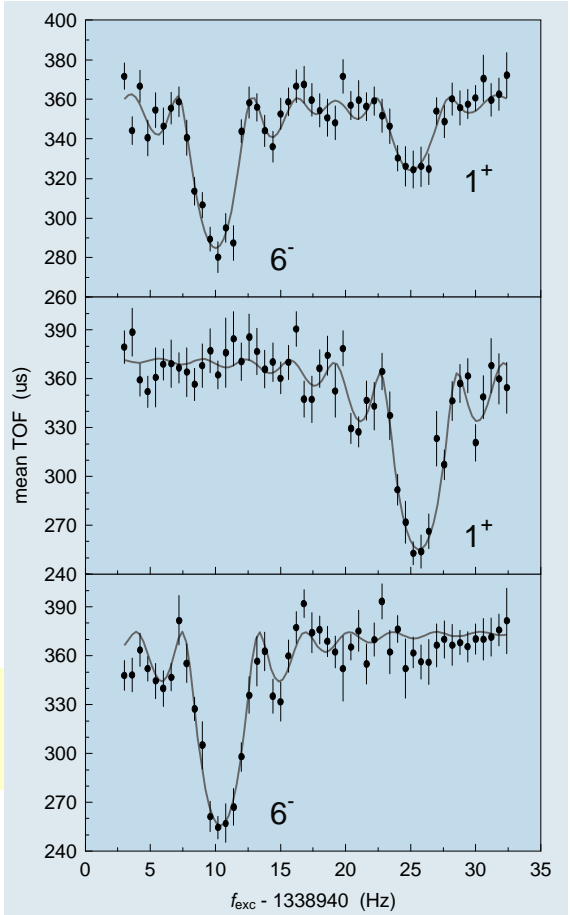
as produced by ISOLDE

isolation of the 1^+ ground state

isolation of the 6^- isomeric state

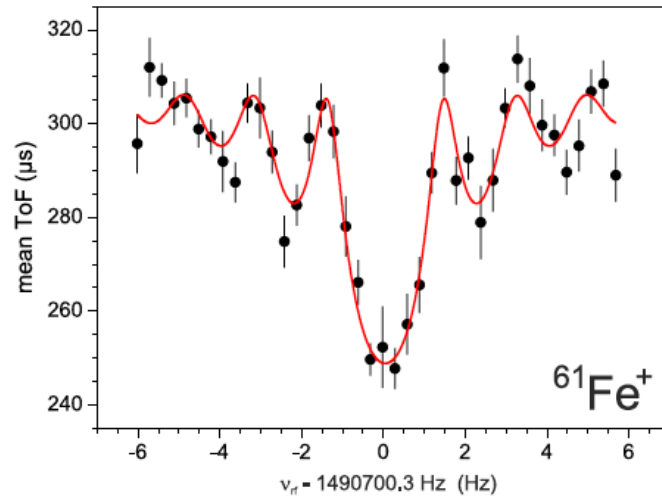
K. Blaum *et al.*, Europhys. Lett. 67, 586 (2004)

- Resolving power of excitation: $R \approx 10^7$
- \Rightarrow Population inversion of nuclear states
- \Rightarrow Preparation of an isomerically pure beam



Recoil-ion trapping for precision mass measurements

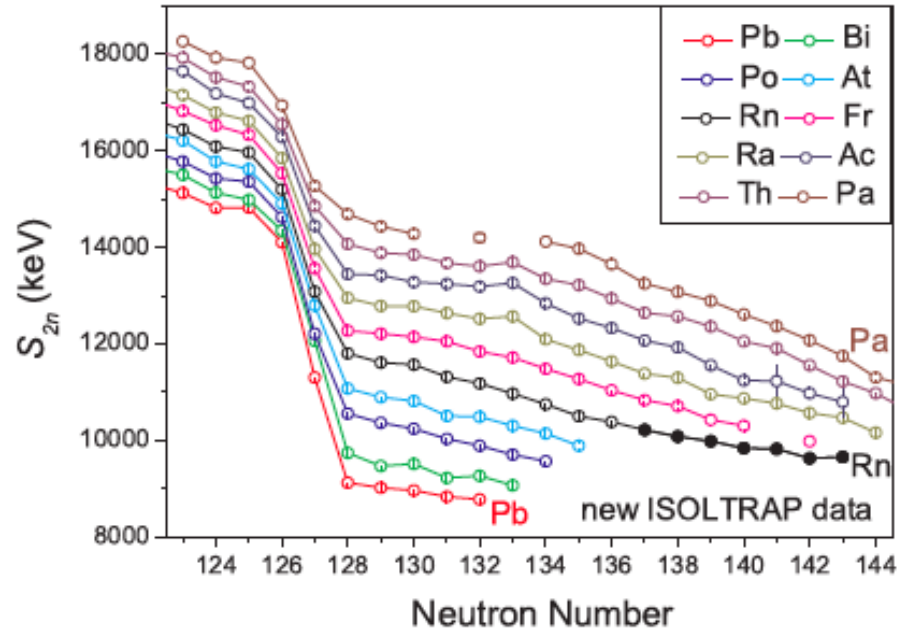
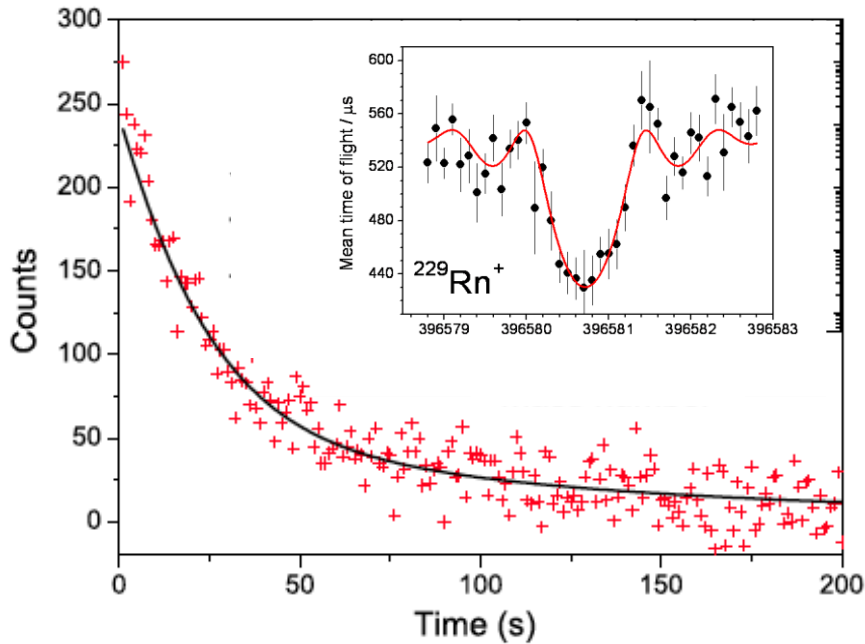
A. Herlert et al. Eur. Phys. J. A 48 (12) 97



Nuclide	Q_{exp} (keV)	Q_{lit} (keV) [32]	Max. recoil energy (eV)
^{61}Mn	7178(4)	7370(230)	518
^{62}Mn	10697(4)	10860(220)	1086
^{63}Mn	8750(7)	9190(310)	729

Discovery of ^{229}Rn

D. Neidherr et al. PRL 102 (09) 112501



26.08.2008, 4:24 am

WELT (24.03.2009):

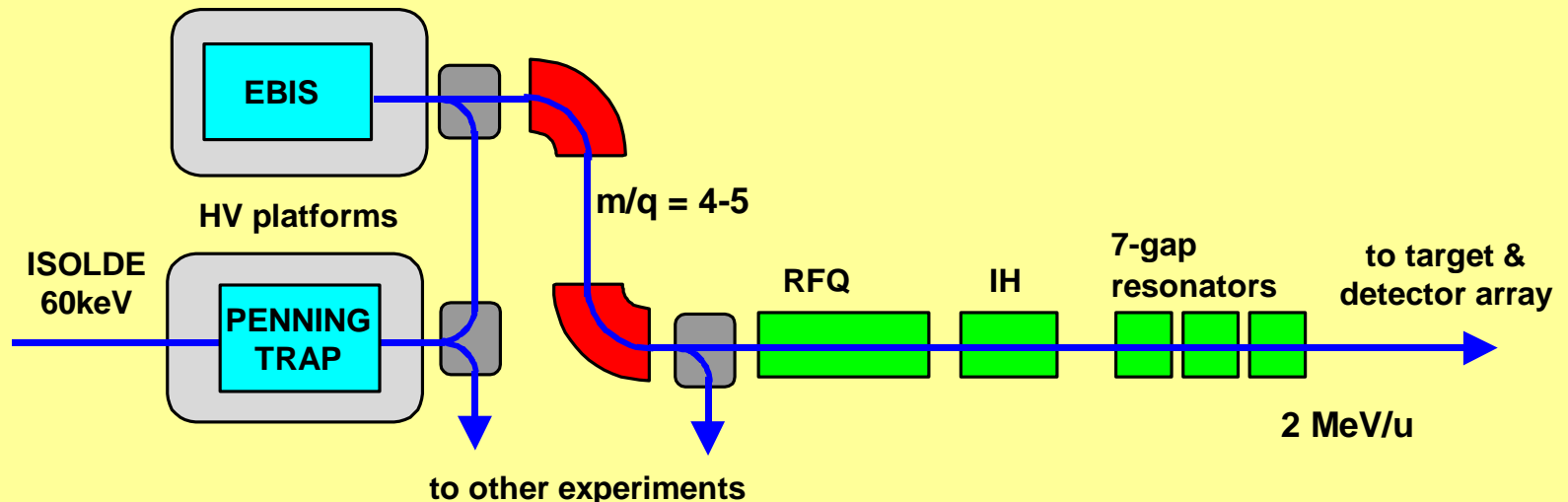
Physicists from an international collaboration discovered with the ISOLTRAP experiment at ISOLDE/CERN a new isotope of the element radon. It is made of 86 protons and 143 **neurons** and is now the 3176th known isotope in the chart of nuclides.

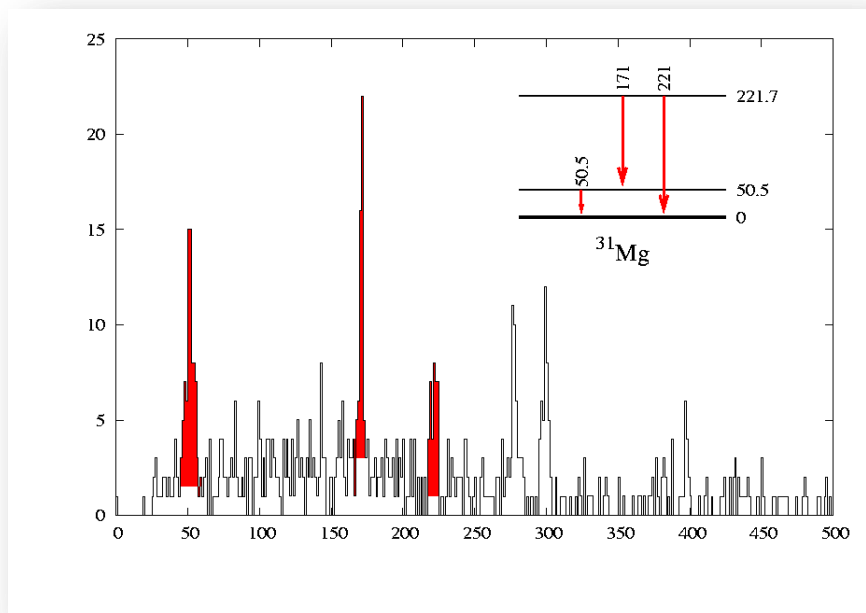
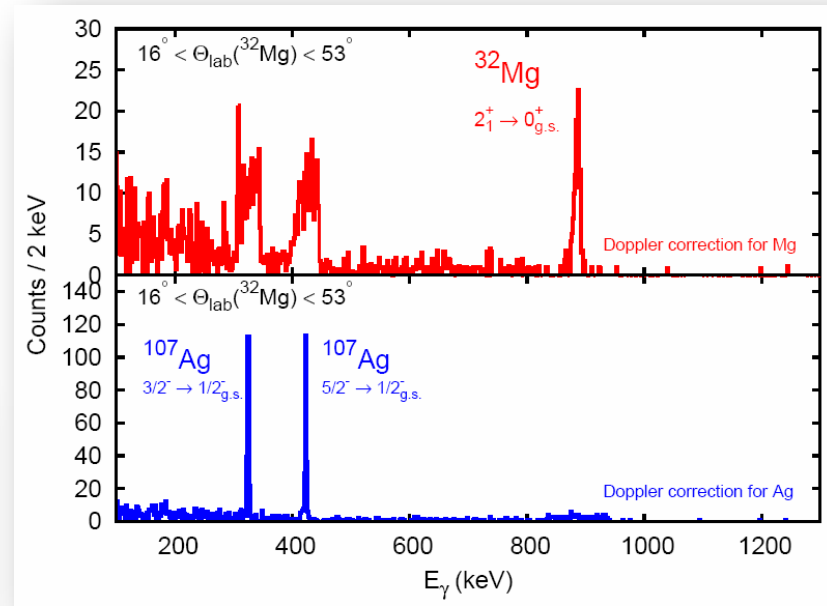
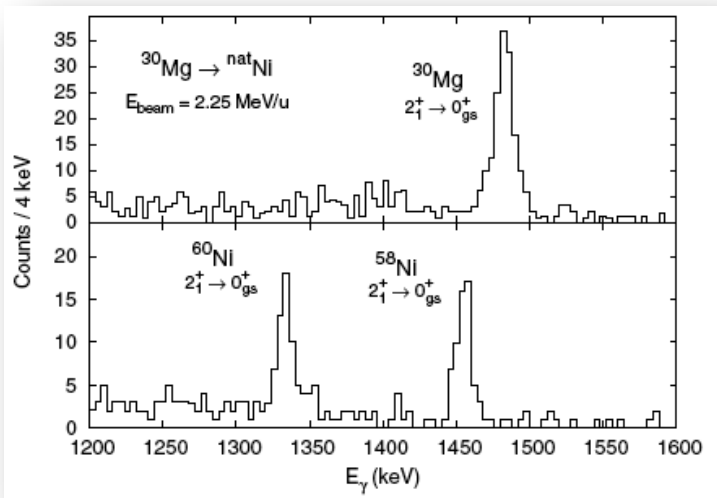
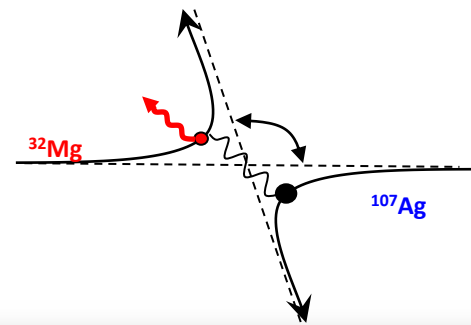
/o=CERN/ou=First Administrative Group/cn=Recipients/cn=tnilsson

From: owner-isolde@listbox.cern.ch on behalf of Thomas Nilsson
Sent: 31 October 2001 00:24
To: ISOLDE - Information List; E-MAIL LIST FOR THE REX EXPERIMENT
Subject: Post-accelerated radioactive beams in REX-ISOLDE

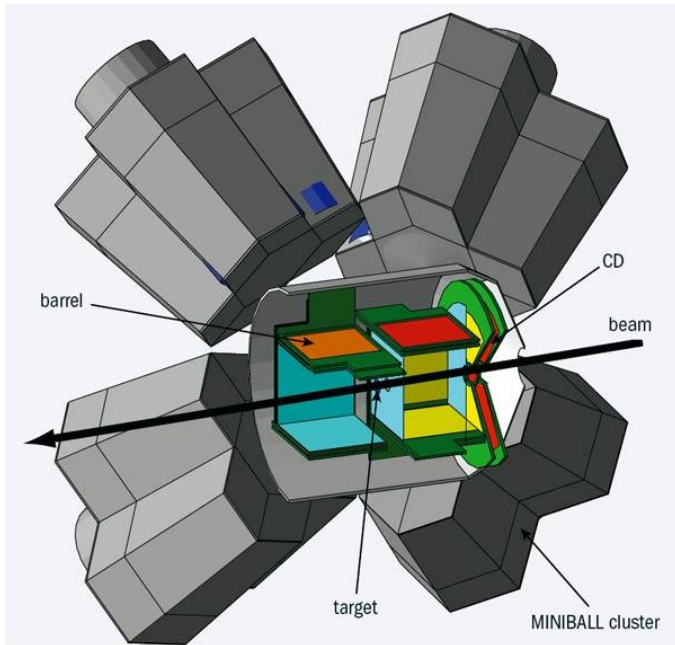
Tonight, the first radioactive beam was successfully post-accelerated at REX-ISOLDE. A beam of ^{26}Na ($T_{1/2} = 1.07$ s) from the ISOLDE High Resolution Separator was accelerated to 2 MeV/u (using only two out of three 7-gap resonators) and delivered to the reaction target of a nuclear spectroscopy set-up, including one MINIBALL unit and detectors for charged particles. All systems for beam cooling, charge breeding and post acceleration behaves according to expectation. This important step will be immediately followed by further commissioning, beam characterization and data taking.

The REX-ISOLDE team



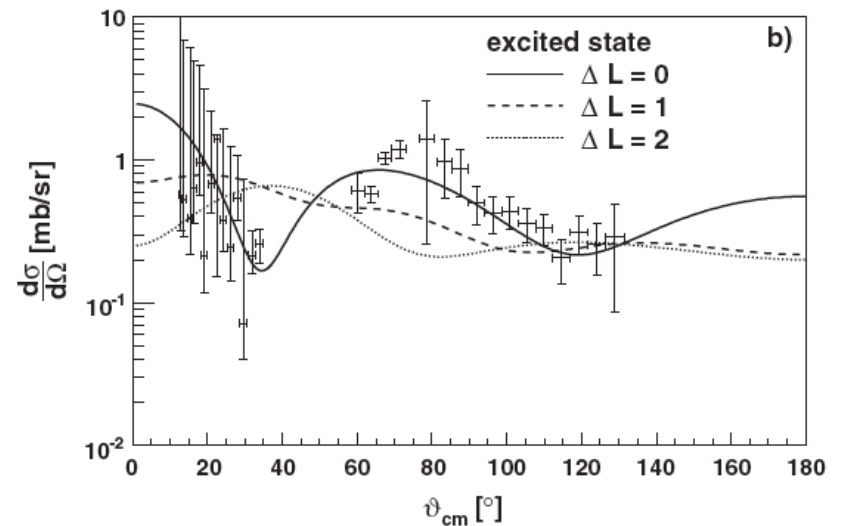
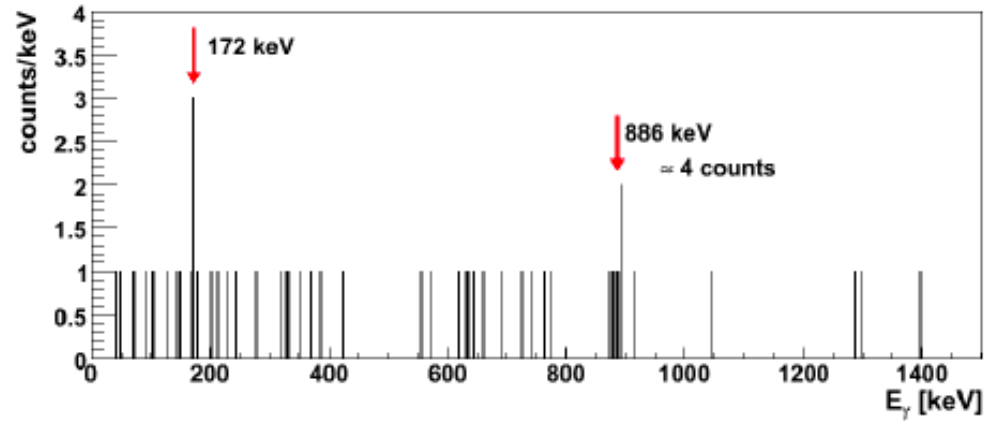


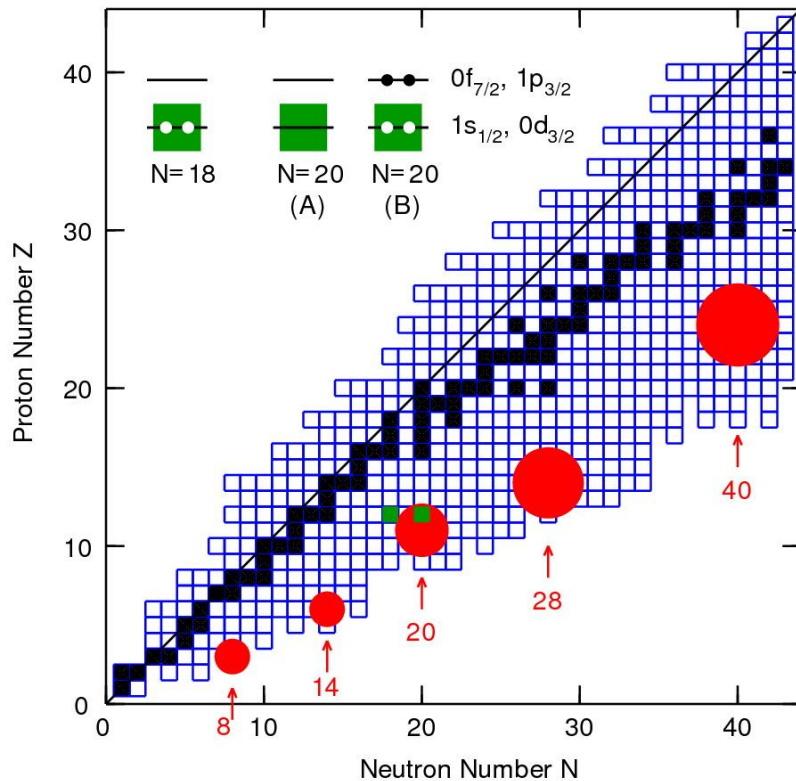
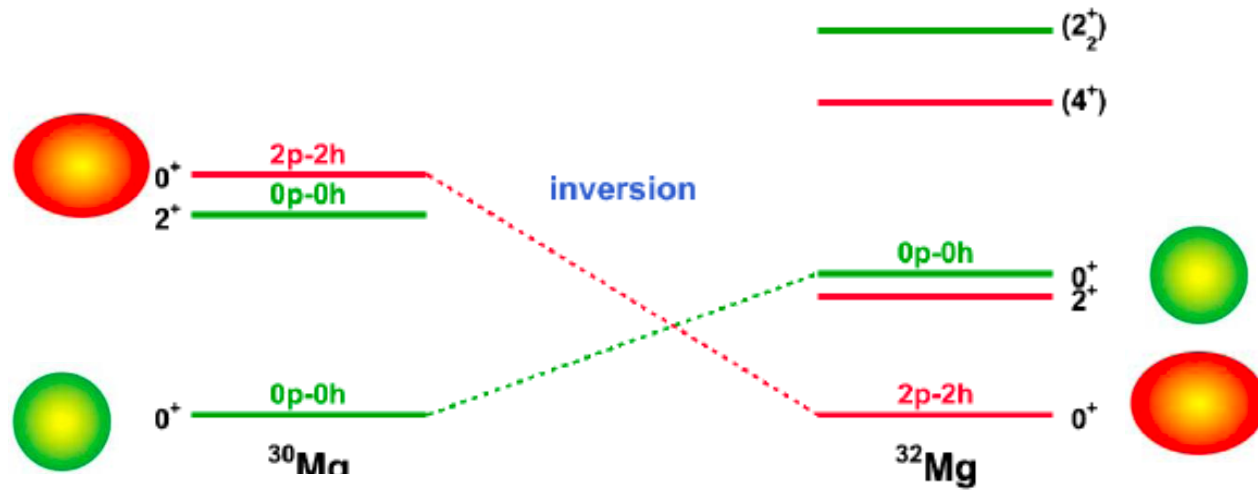
Shape Coexistence in ^{32}Mg –
 $2n$ Transfer Reaction in Inverse Kinematics:
 $t(^{30}\text{Mg},p)^{32}\text{Mg}$



**T-REX
MINIBALL**

K. Wimmer *et al.* PRL 105(2010)252501





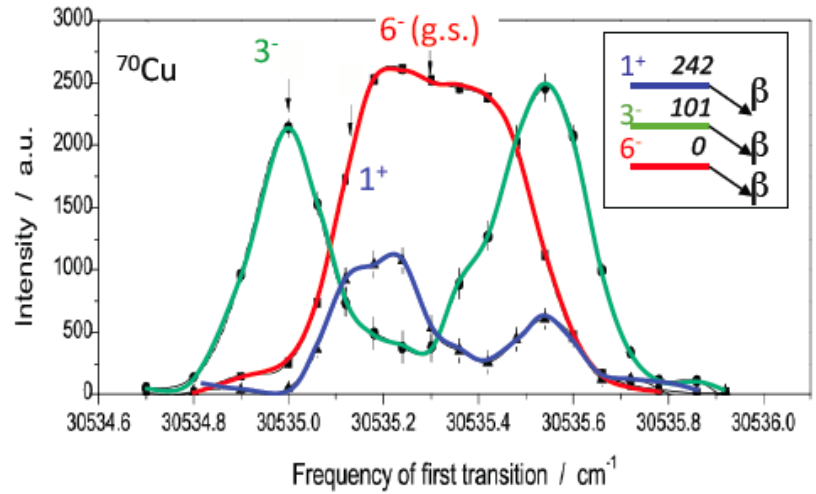
....archipelago of islands where the shell model magic numbers are broken...

[B. Alex Brown, Physics 3, 104 (2010)]

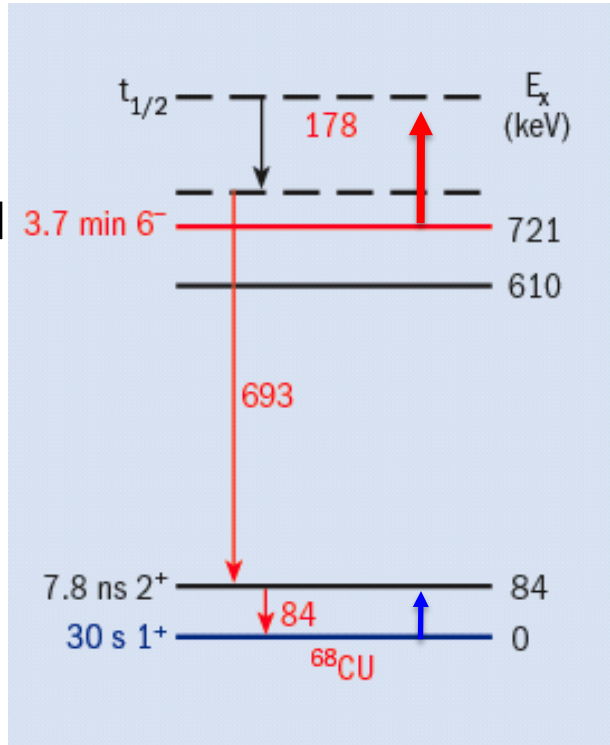
Isomeric Radioactive Beams

Stefanescu et al.,
Phys.Rev.Lett. 98, 122701 (2007)

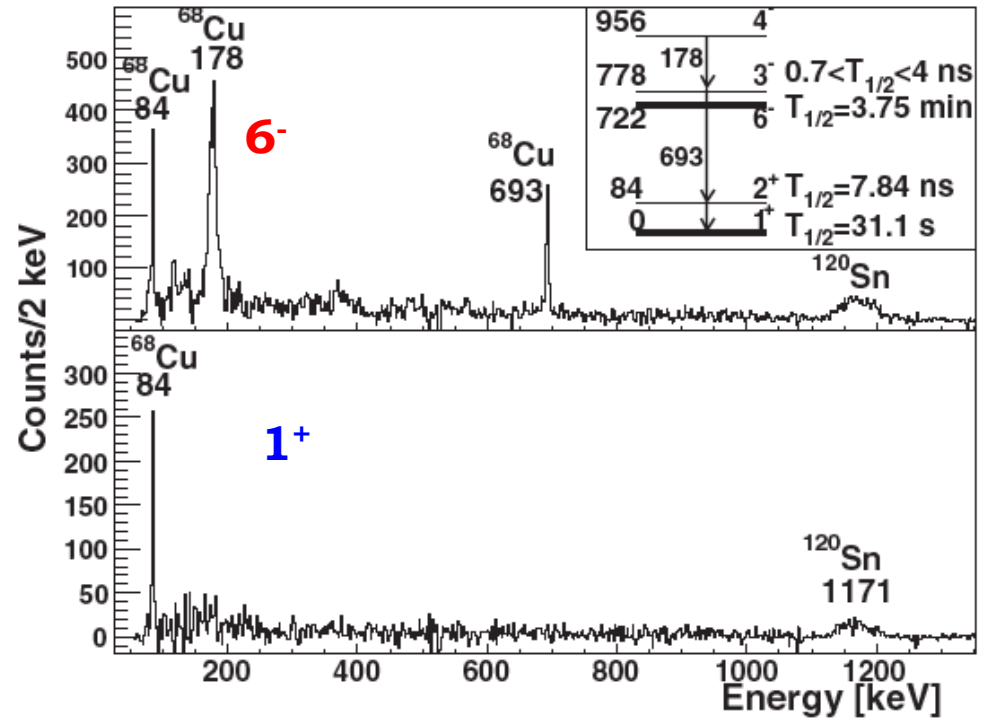
Laser-> Maximize different isomers



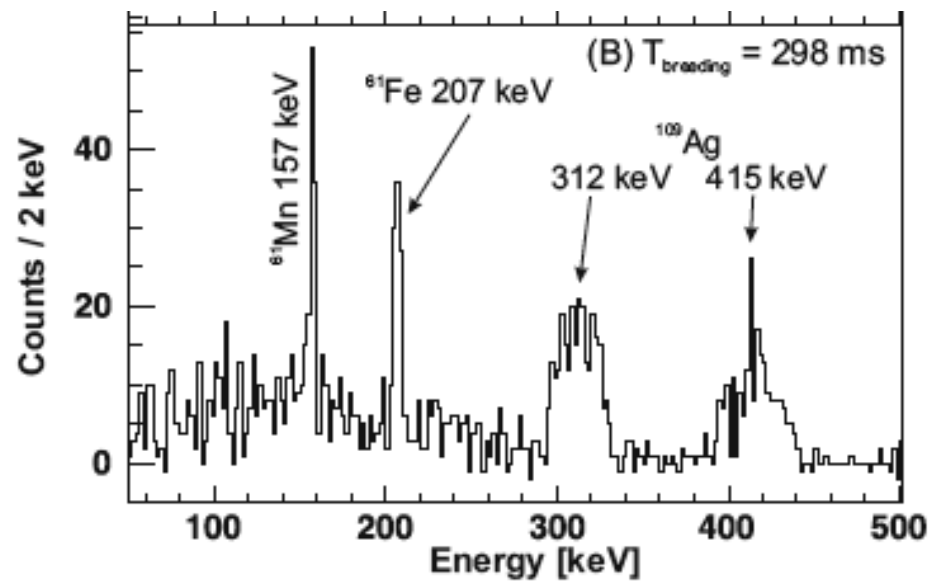
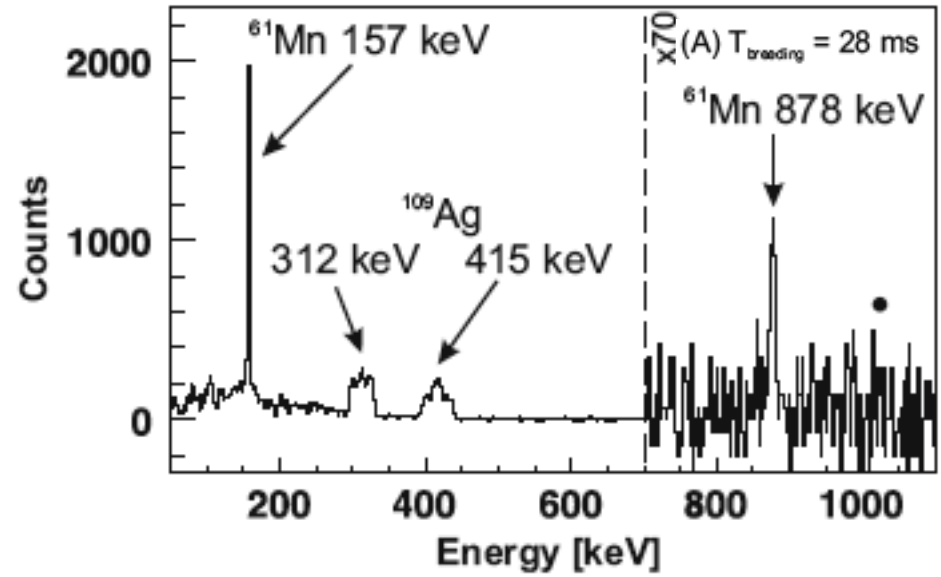
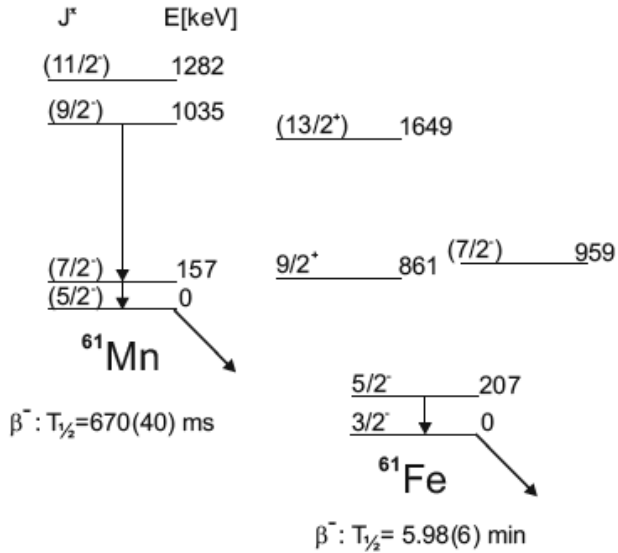
$[\pi 1p_{3/2} \nu 0g_{9/2}]$



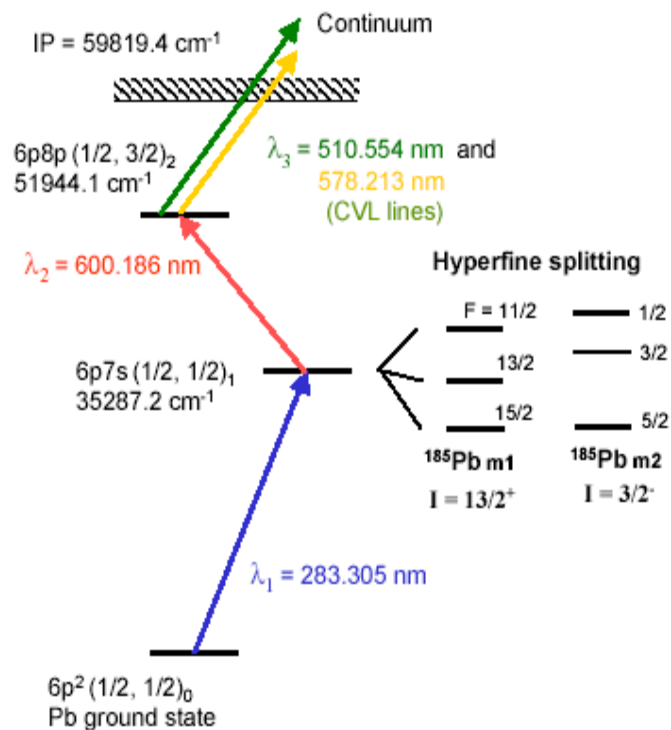
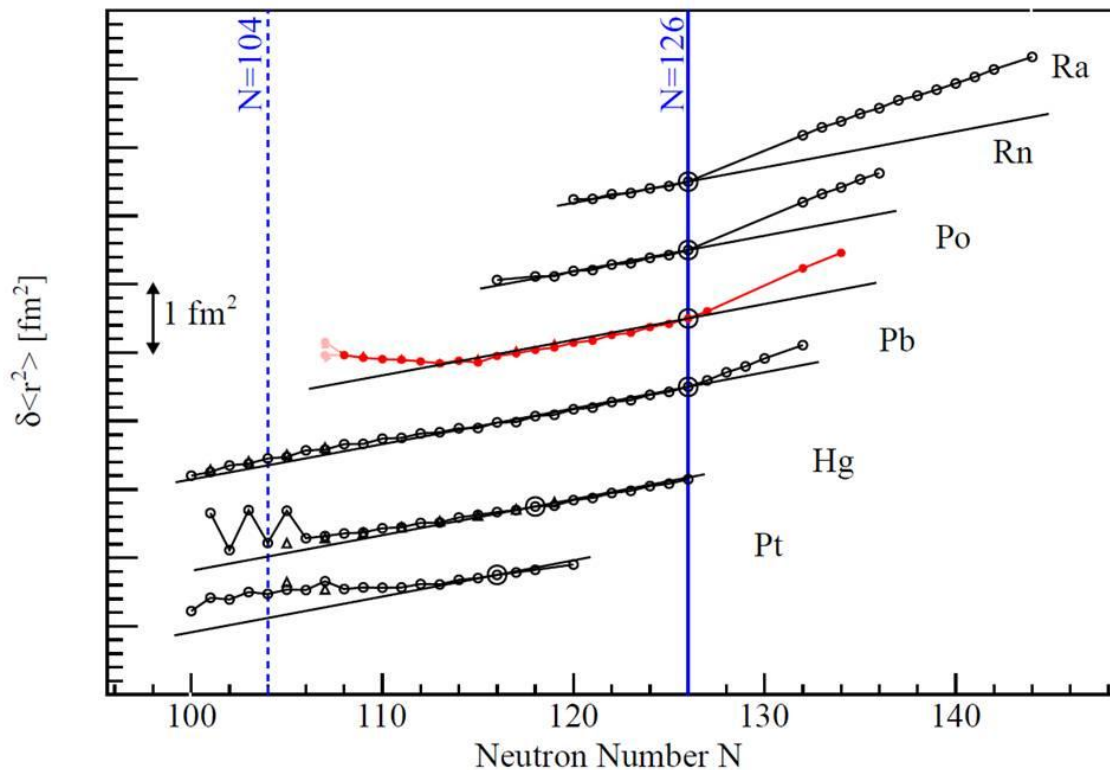
$[\pi 1p_{3/2} \nu 1p_{1/2}]$



In-trap decay of ^{61}Mn and Coulomb excitation of $^{61}\text{Mn}/^{61}\text{Fe}$



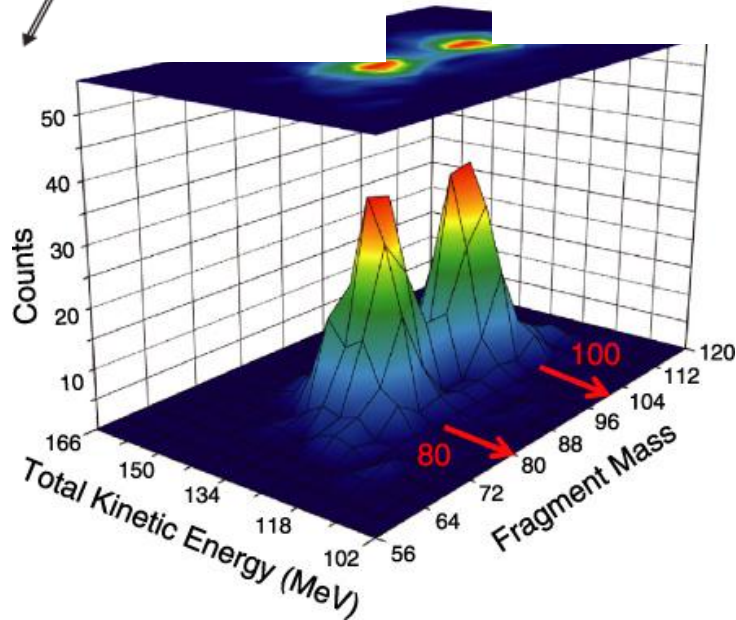
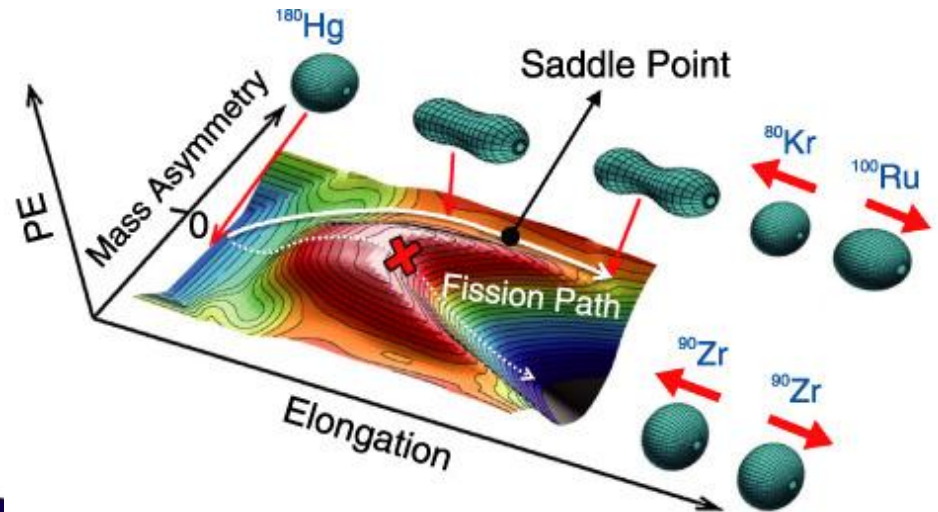
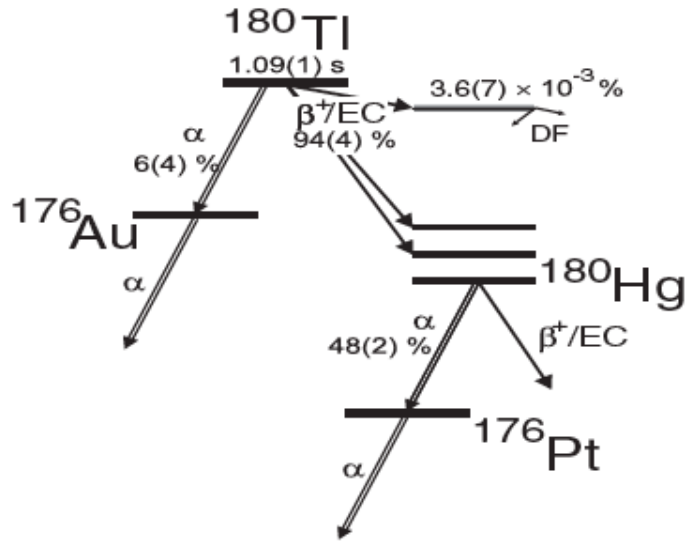
Charge Radii



^{182}Pb (2005)
0.9 s cycling time \rightarrow 5 μA protons

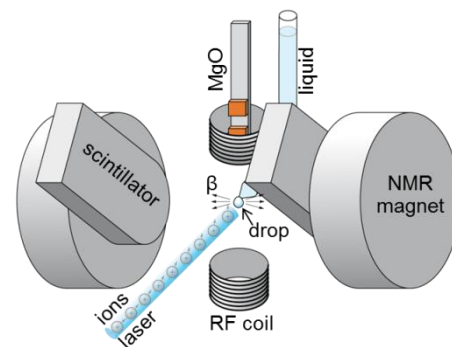
H. De Witte et al. PRL 98 (07) 112502
T.E. Cocolios et al., PRL 106 (2011) 052503M. M.D.
Seliverstov et al., EPJ A41(2009) 315H. De

β -delayed fission

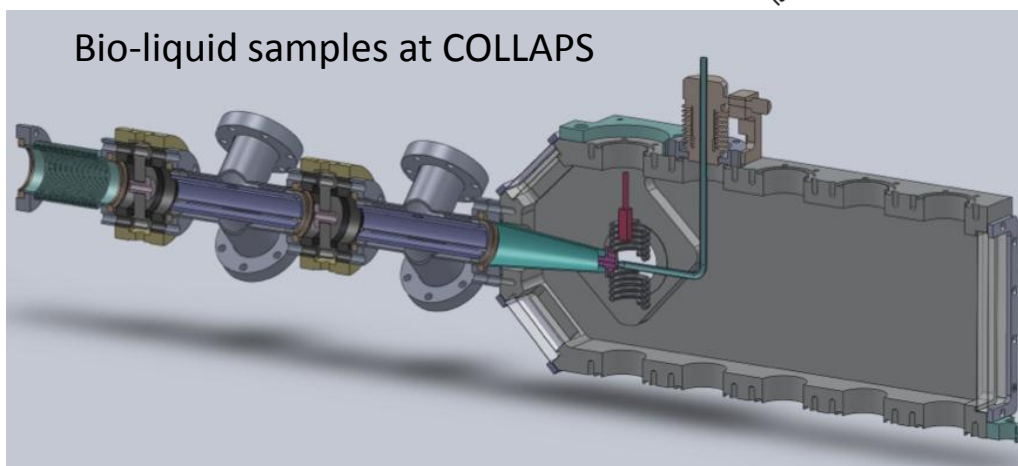
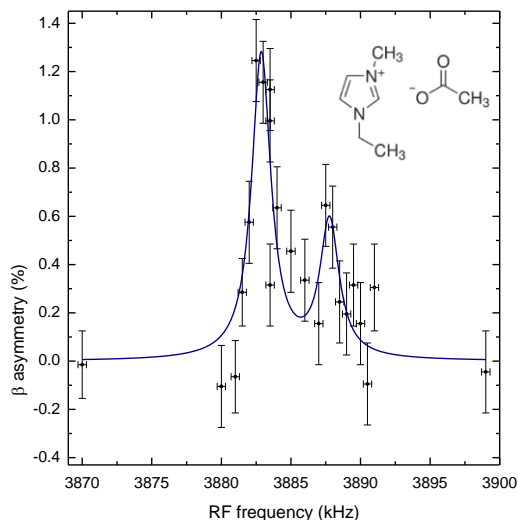


Solid State Physics

- Detect nuclear radiation to quantify impurities:
 - Radiotracer diffusion
- Decay particles transmit information with atomic resolution:
 - Emission Channeling (EC)
 - Perturbed Angular Correlation (PAC)
 - Mössbauer Spectroscopy (MS)
 - Beta Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (beta-NMR)
- Identify spectroscopic signals via isotope half life:
 - Deep Level Transient Spectroscopy (DLTS)
 - Hall effect
 - Photoluminescence (PL)

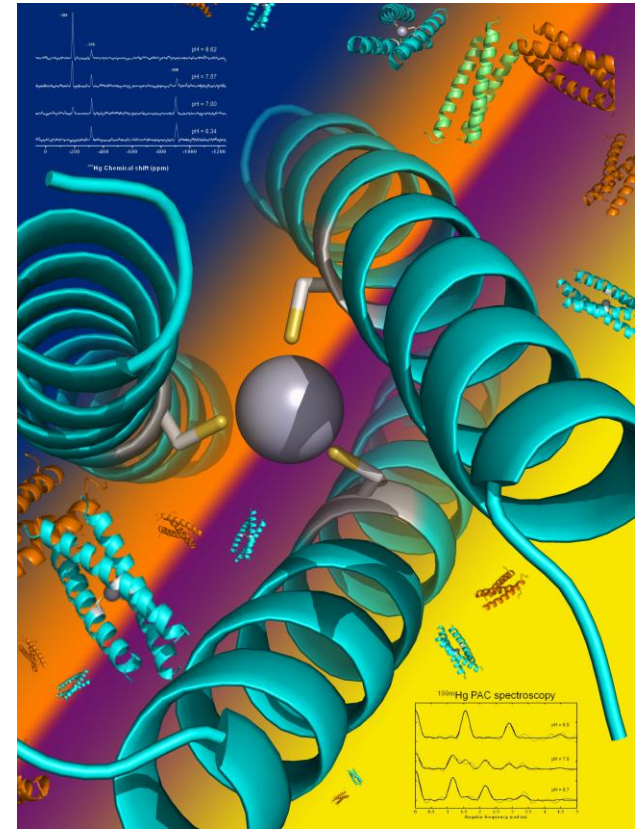
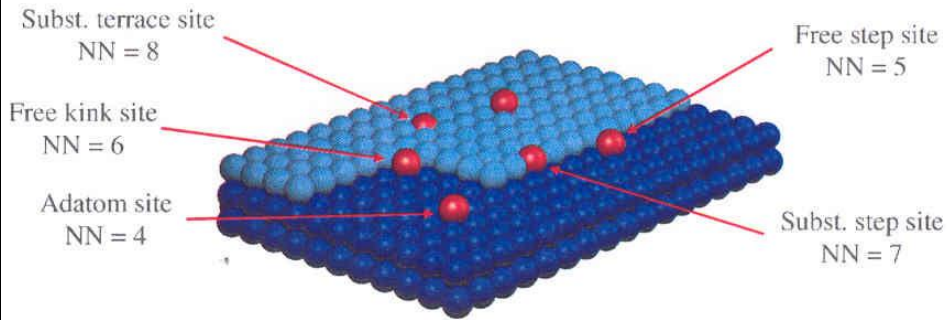


Mark Bissell



Monika Stachura and Alexander Gottberg

^{111}Cd Probe on Ni(001)



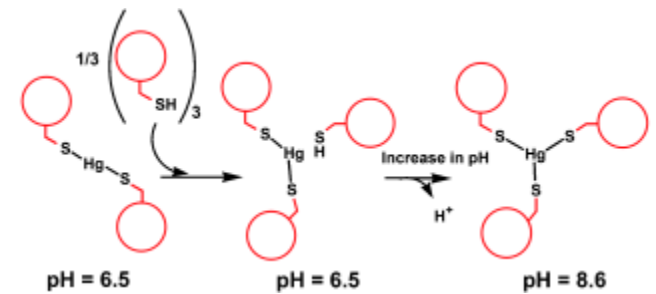
$$N_A = \frac{V_{\text{mol}}}{V_o}$$

$$N_A = \frac{V_{\text{mol}}}{(a^3/n)}$$

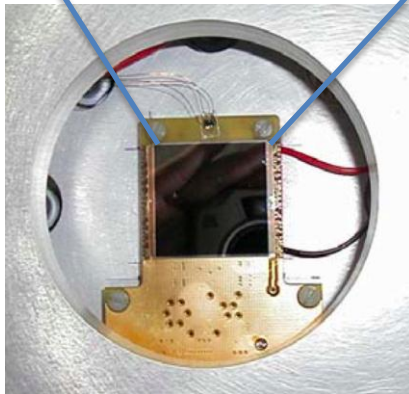
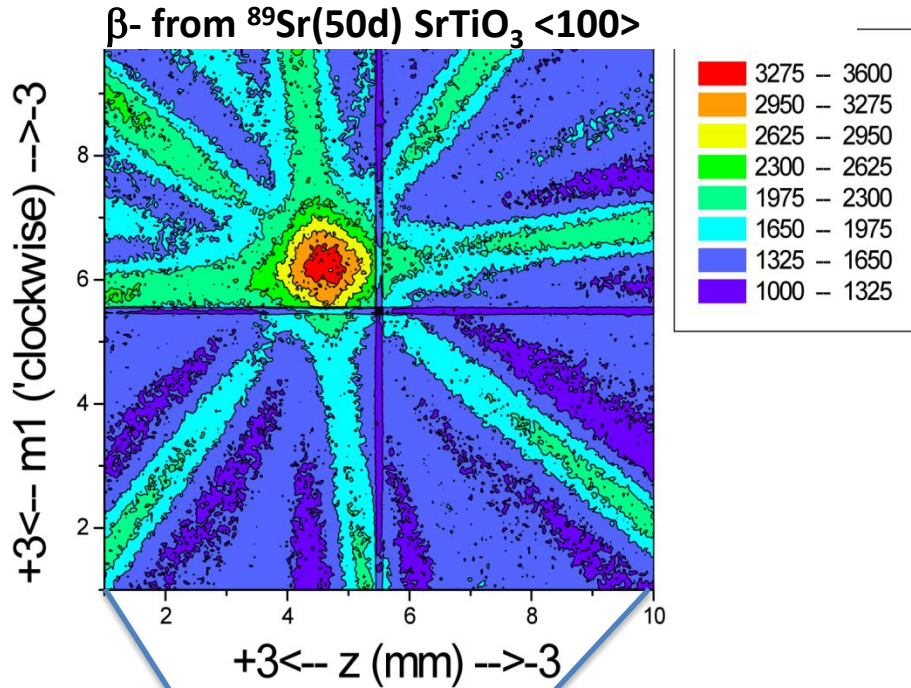
$$N_A = \frac{M_{\text{Si}}}{m} \frac{V}{(a^3/8)}$$



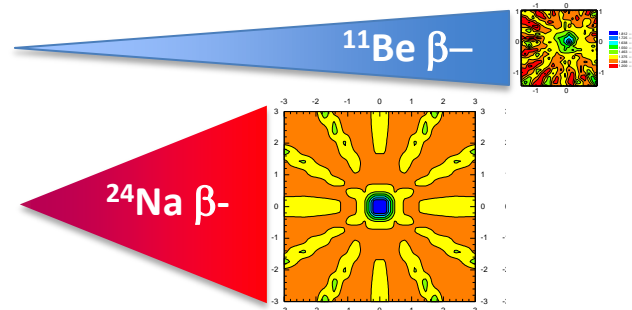
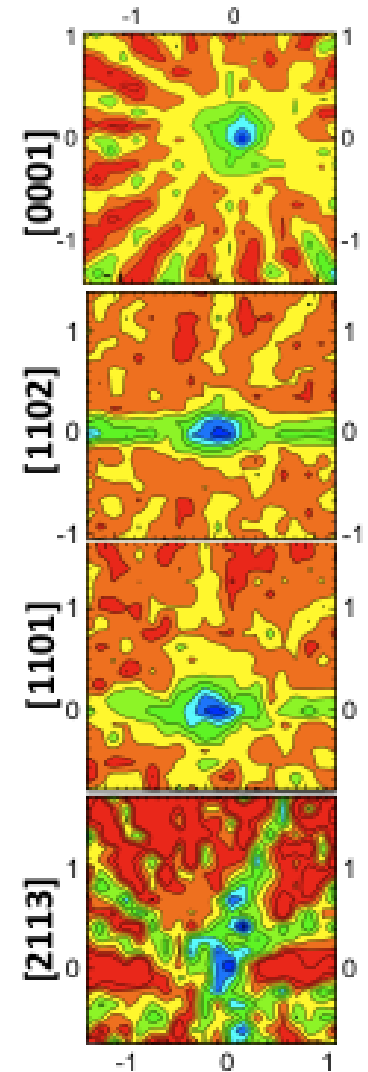
Scientific American
295, 102 – 109 (2006)



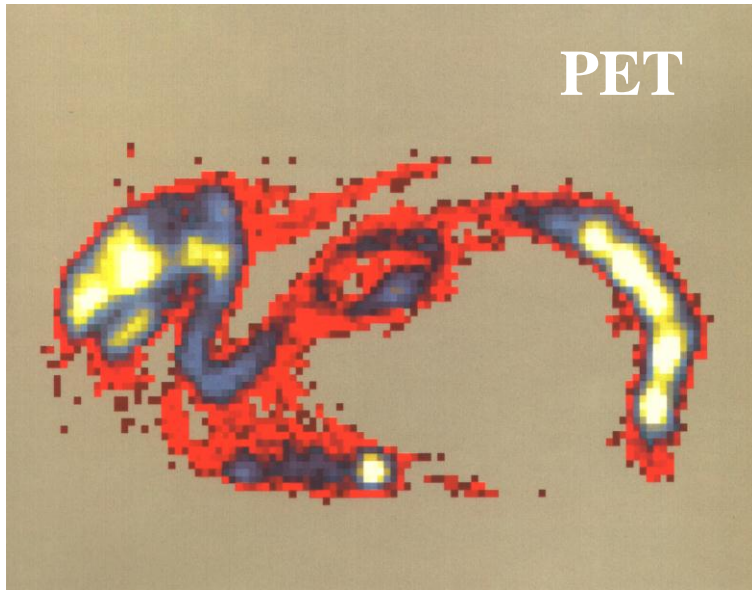
On-line emission channelling



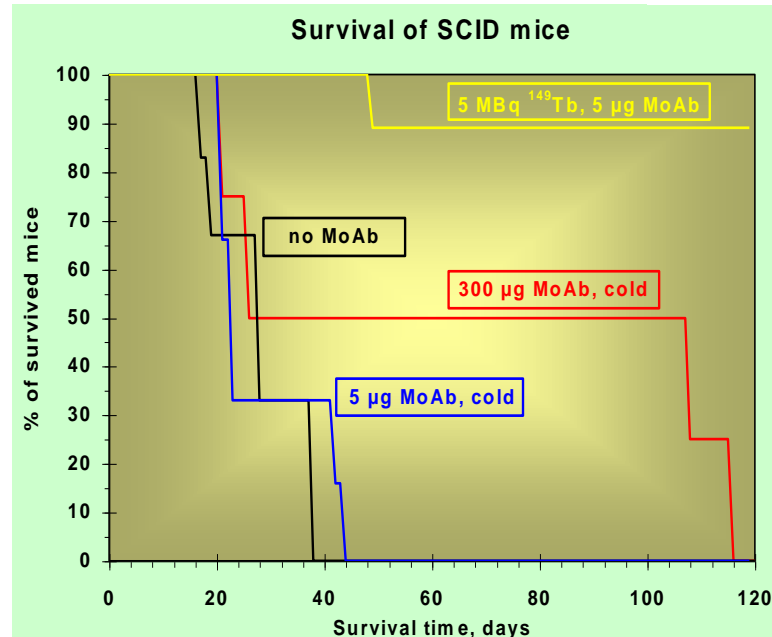
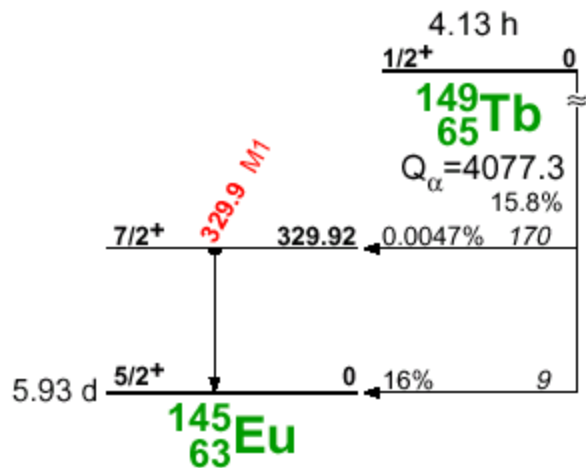
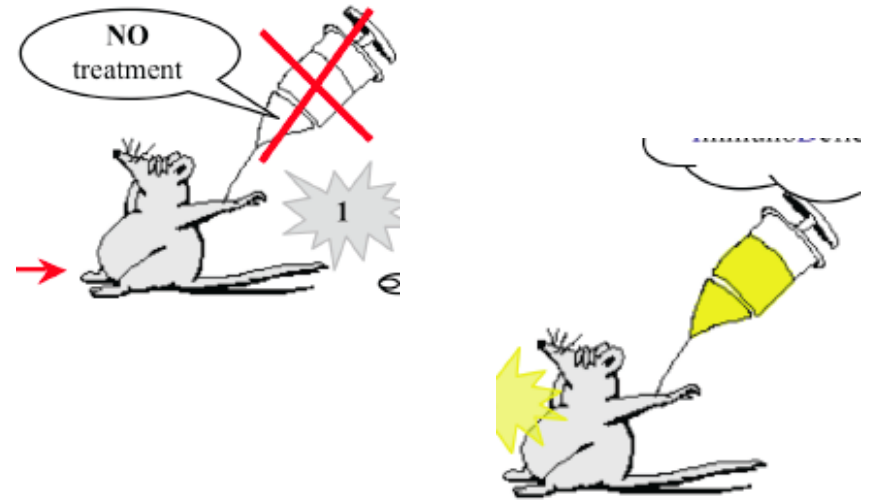
2012
first ever done β^-
EC patterns
using $^{11}\text{Be}(14\text{ s})$
in GaN



^{142}Sm (ϵ , $T_{1/2} = 72\text{m}$) \Rightarrow
 ^{142}Pm (β_+ , $T_{1/2} = 40\text{s}$)



Targeted alpha therapy in vivo: direct evidence for single cancer cell kill using ^{149}Tb -rituximab



CERN-MEDICIS

T. Stora

MINUTES OF THE 174th MEETING OF THE RESEARCH BOARD HELD ON THURSDAY, 1 DECEMBER 2005

of the AB and PH departments [4]. **A more complete report should be prepared by the AB department in consultation with the ISOLDE collaboration, and with input from the TS, PH and AT departments, in time for a decision to be taken at the Research Board meeting of 8 June 2006.**





ISOLDE

