

Measurement of the polarisation amplitudes of the decay $B_d \to J/\psi K^*$ with LHCb •

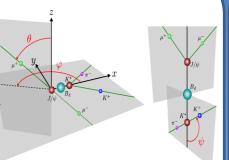
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Theoretical Background

 B_d has spin 0, J/ψ and K^* vector mesons → final state admixture of 3 states with

relative angular momentum L = 0,1,2

Final state products described by three transversity angles $\Omega = \{\cos \psi, \cos \theta, \varphi\}$ 3 complex amplitudes: A_0 , A_{II} , A_{\perp}

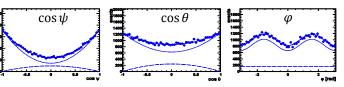


Contribution from non-resonant $K\pi$ mode (S-wave), described by additional amplitude A.

Physics parameters:

 $|A_{11}|^2$, $|A_1|^2$, $|A_8|^2$, $\delta_{||}$, δ_{1} , δ_{8}

Analysis strategy



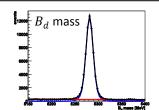
••••• Toy MC

Amplitude A_0, A_{11}

To disentangle angular momentum states perform maximum likelihood fit, simultaneously in mass and 3 transversity angles

Event sample:

 $\mathcal{L}_{int} \approx 1 \text{ fb}^{-1} \text{ (LHC 2011 run)}$ 77285 candidates used in analysis 61132 ± 274 signal events

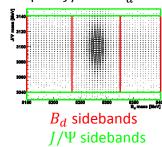


Background studies

Main background components to be considered:

- Combinatorial background of random tracks
- $B \rightarrow I/\psi X$ events (true I/ψ)
- Muons from fake J/ψ (negligible)

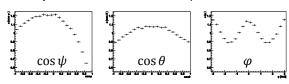
Scatter plot: J/Ψ vs. B_d mass



Angular acceptance

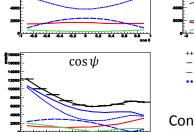
Acceptance corrections are taken from Monte Carlo:

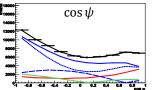
- Angular coverage of the detector $(10 \text{mrad} < \vartheta < 400 \text{mrad})$
- Implicit momentum cuts (reconstruction)



- > In general good agreement between data and Monte Carlo for all kinematic variables
- > Only discrepancy: pion momentum distribution for low momenta (this is currently under study)

Very Preliminary results





 $\cos \theta$

Systematics:

- Data/MC difference
- Background description
- Acceptance treatment
- Mass model

