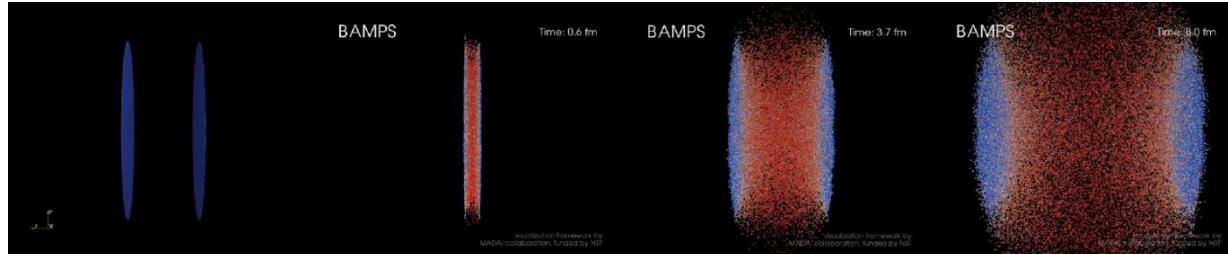


Heavy vs. light quark energy loss in ultra-relativistic heavy-ion collisions

Jan Uphoff

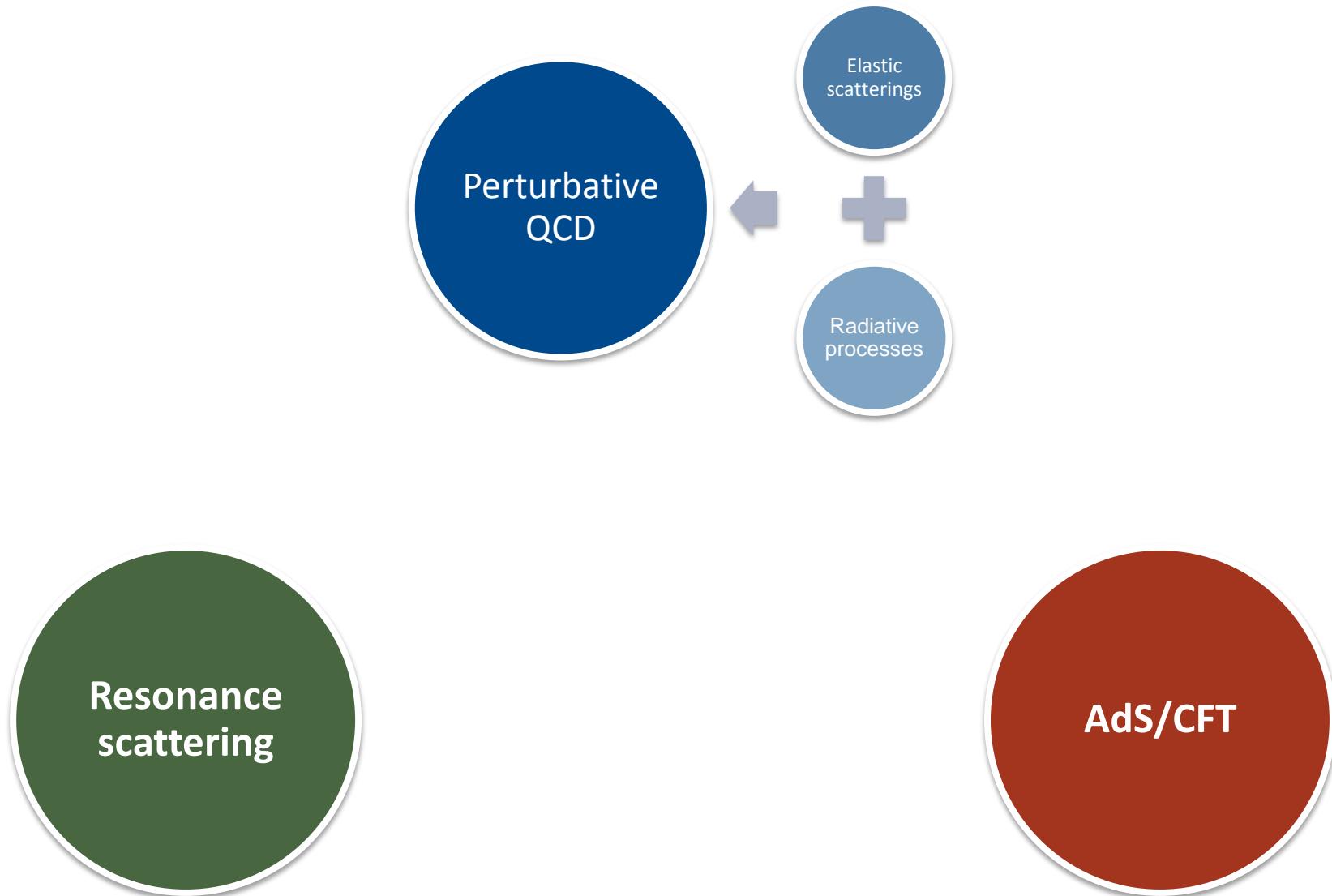
with O. Fochler, Z. Xu and C. Greiner

Based on Phys. Lett. B 717, 430 (2012)
and arXiv:1302.5250



SQM, Birmingham
25 July 2013

Heavy quark energy loss mechanism



Heavy quark energy loss mechanism

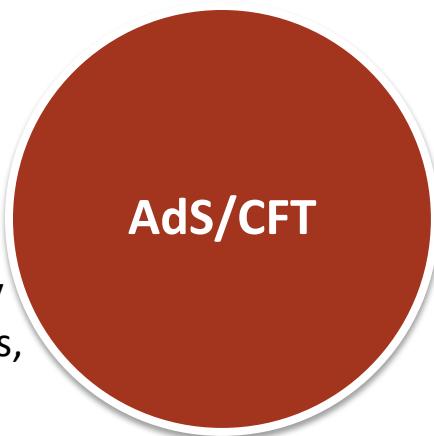
- Djordjevic, Gyulassy
- Buzatti, Gyulassy
- Sharma, Vitev
- Armesto, Cacciari, Dainese, Salgado, Wiedemann
- Gossiaux, Aichelin
- Cao, Bass
- Mazumder, Bhattacharyya, Alam, Das
- **JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner**
- ...



- Moore, Teaney
- Gossiaux, Aichelin
- Alberico, Beraudo, et al.
- **JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner**
- Meistrenko, JU, Greiner, Peshier
- Young, Schenke, Gale
- ...
- Abir, Jamil, Mustafa, Srivastava
- ...



- v.Hees, Greco, Rapp
- He, Fries, Rapp
- Lang, v.Hees, Bleicher
- ...



- Horowitz, Gyulassy
- Chesler, Lekaveckas, Rajagopal
- ...

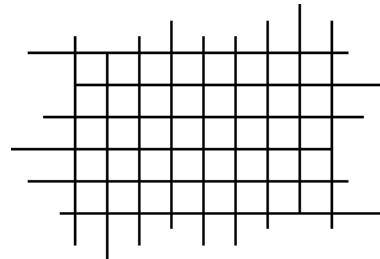
BAMPS: Boltzmann Approach to MultiParton Scatterings

- 3+1 dimensional, fully dynamic parton transport model
- solves the Boltzmann equations for on-shell partons with pQCD interactions

$$\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \frac{\mathbf{p}_i}{E_i} \frac{\partial}{\partial \mathbf{r}} \right) f_i(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{p}_i, t) = \mathcal{C}_i^{2 \rightarrow 2} + \mathcal{C}_i^{2 \leftrightarrow 3} + \dots$$

Z. Xu & C. Greiner,
Phys. Rev. C71 (2005)
Phys. Rev. C76 (2007)

- Divide collision zone into cells
- Using stochastic method

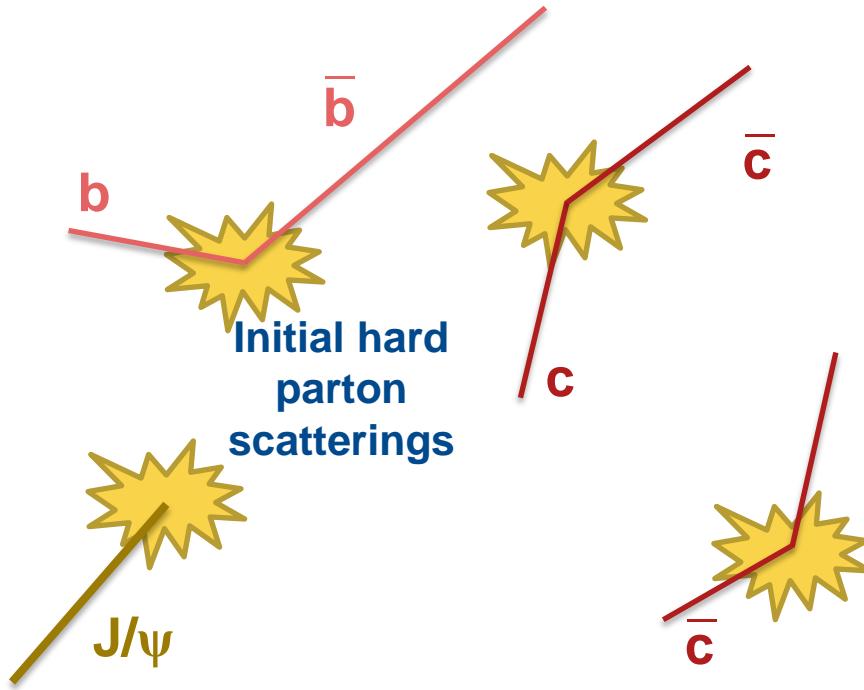


$$P_{2 \rightarrow 2} = v_{\text{rel}} \frac{\sigma_{2 \rightarrow 2}}{N_{\text{test}}} \frac{\Delta t}{\Delta^3 x}$$

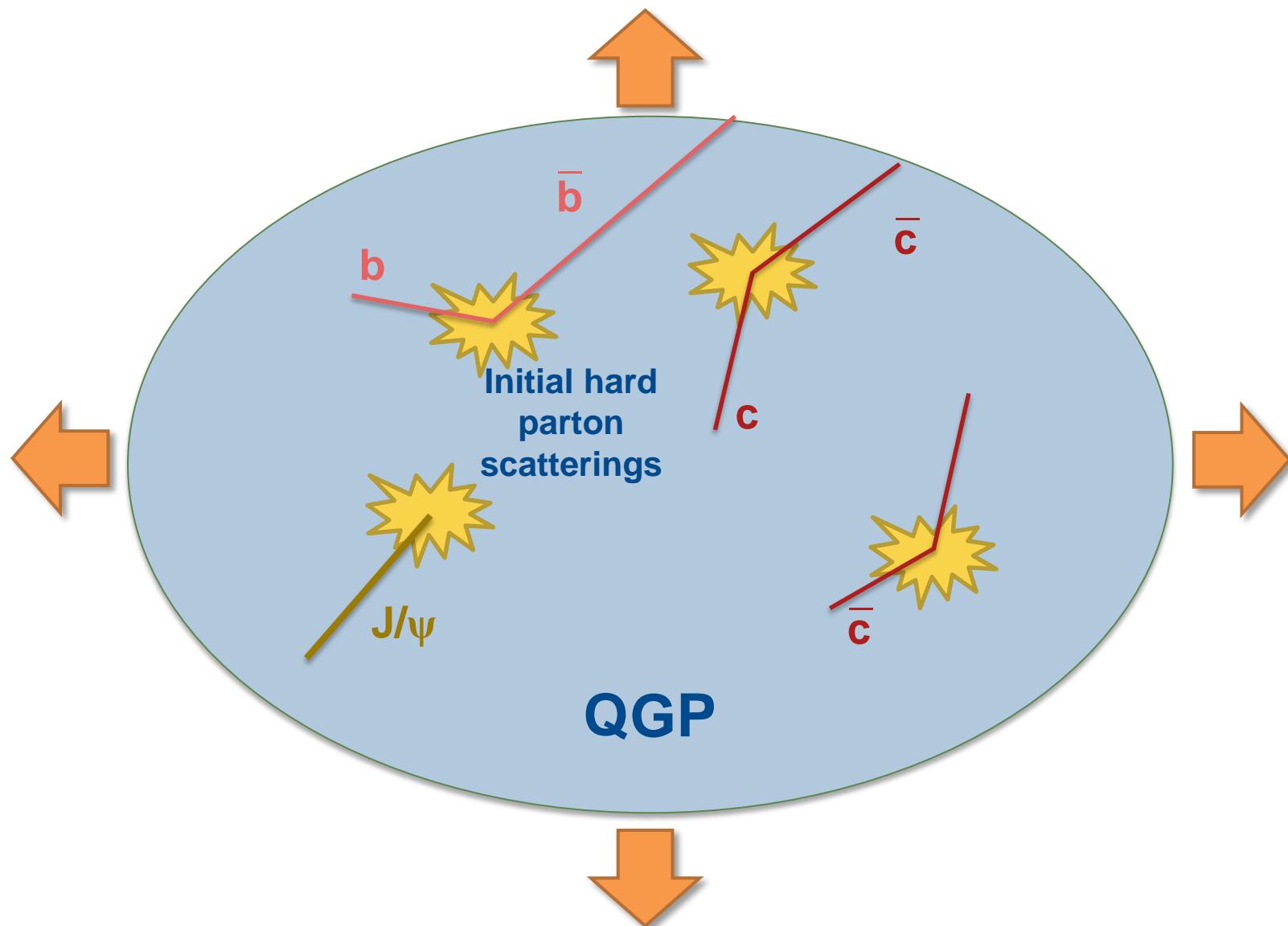
Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC



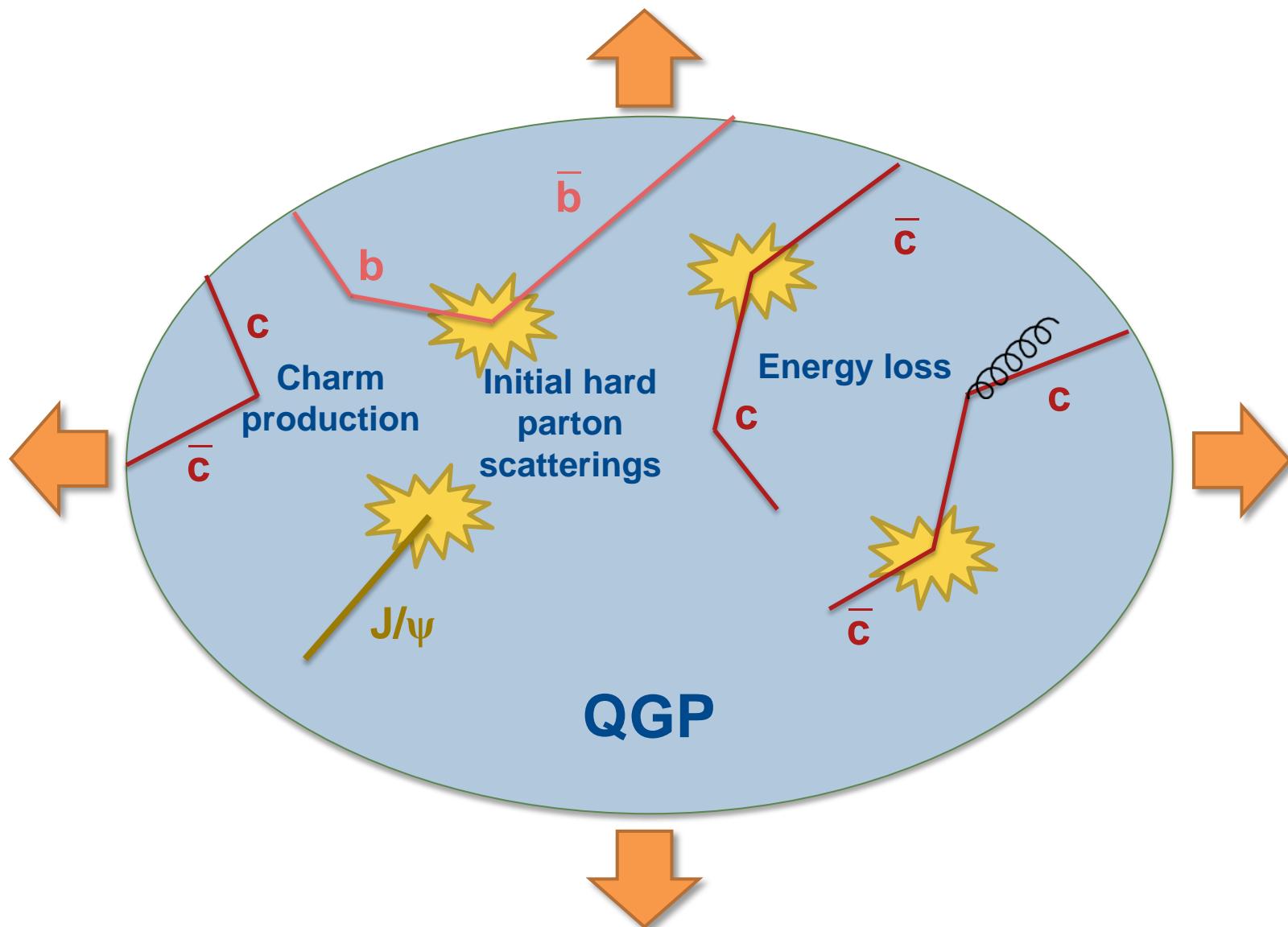
Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC



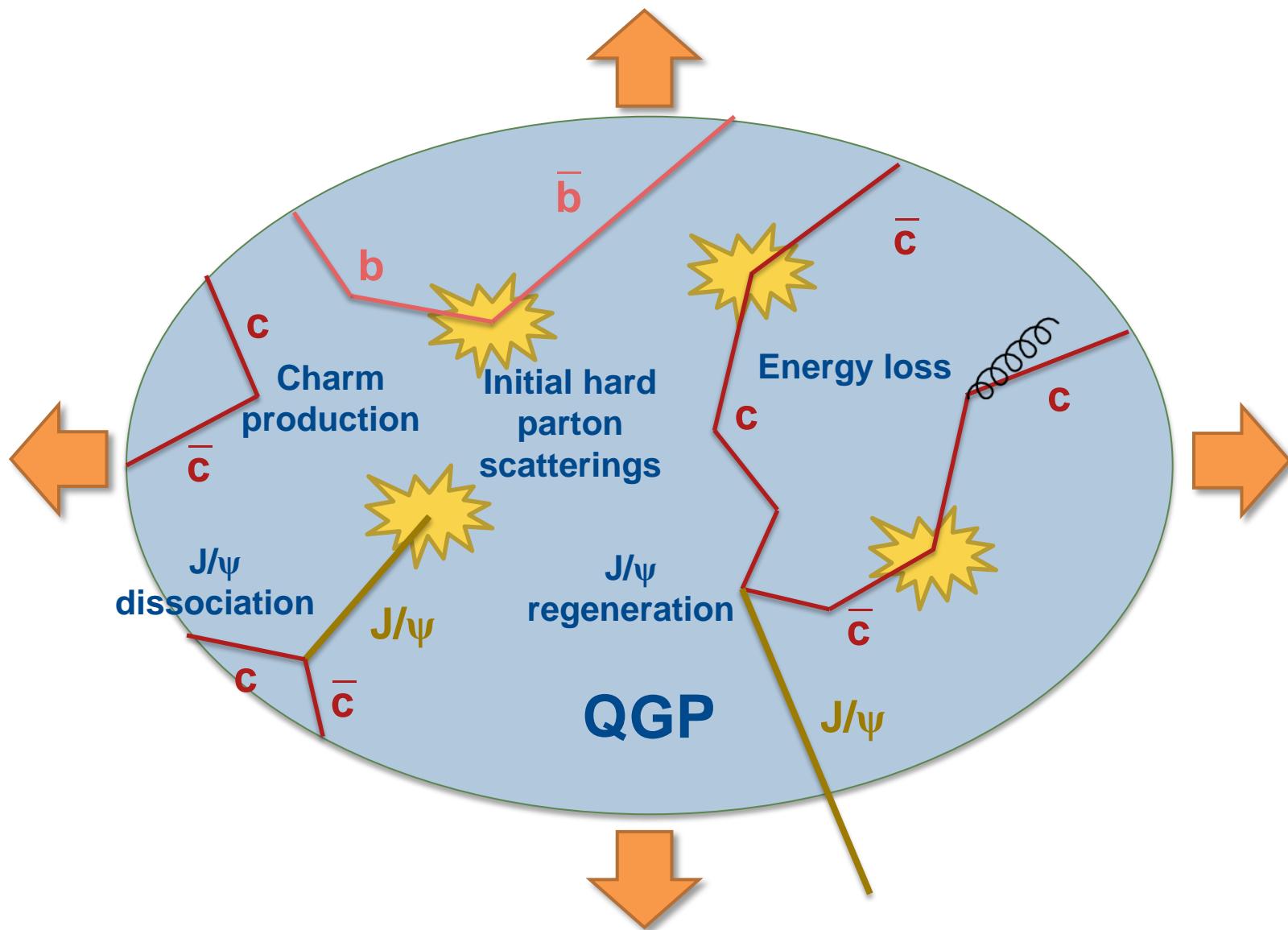
Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC



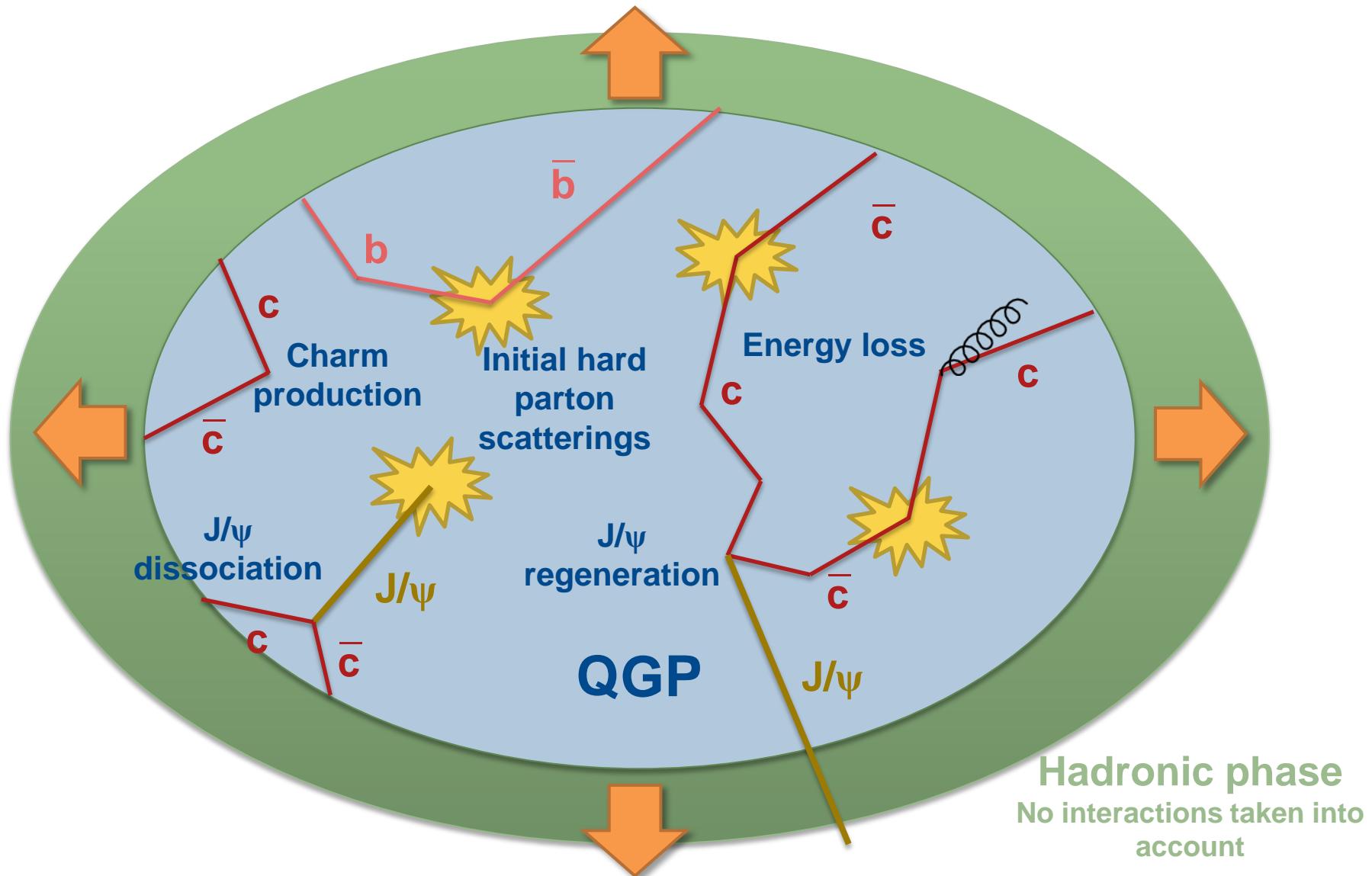
Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC



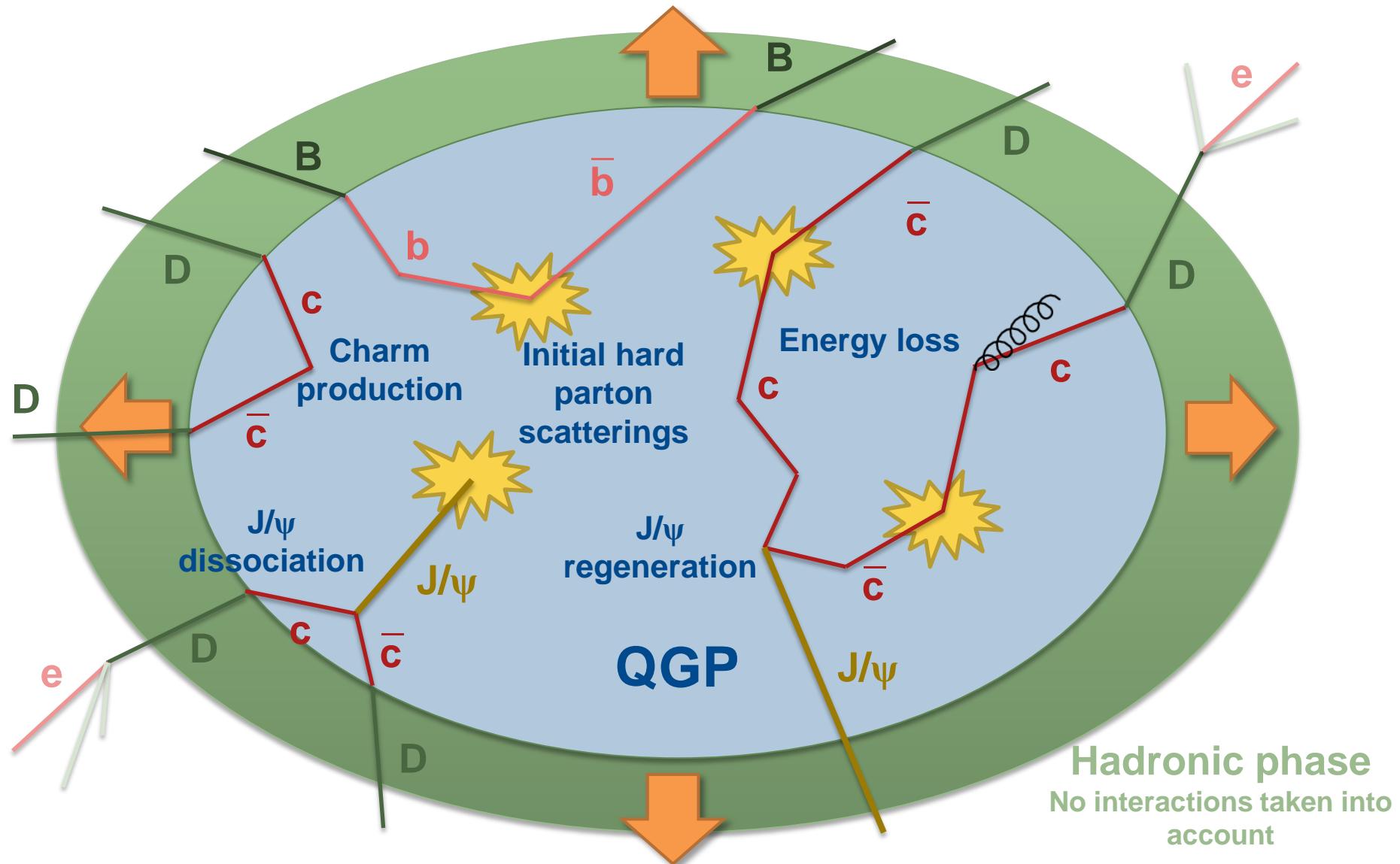
Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC



Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC



Sketch of heavy flavor in HIC

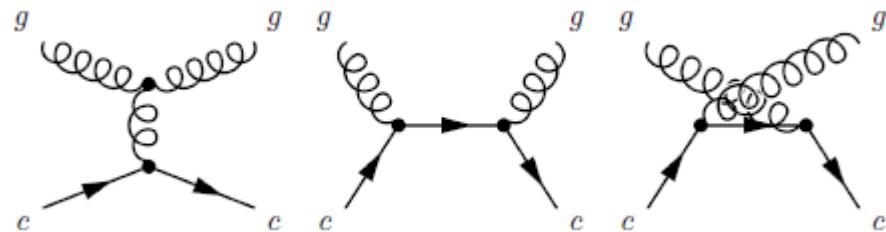


Heavy quark scattering

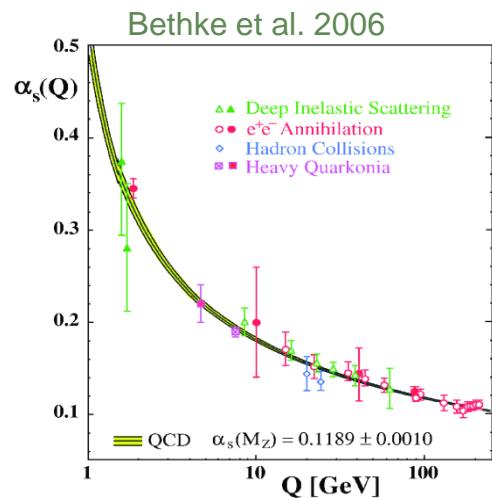
Leading order perturbative QCD:

$$g + Q \rightarrow g + Q$$

$$q + Q \rightarrow q + Q$$



Improved Debye screening
by comparing to HTL



$$\frac{1}{t} \rightarrow \frac{1}{t - \kappa m_D^2}$$

$$\kappa = \frac{1}{2e} \approx 0.2$$

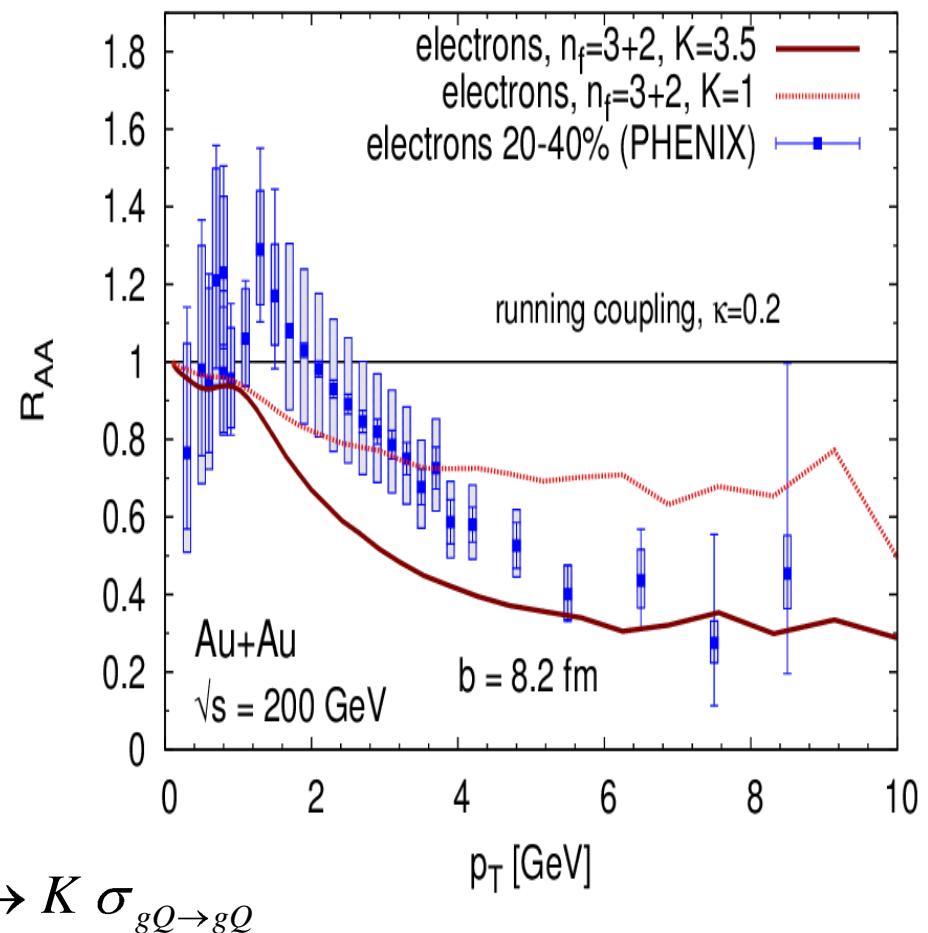
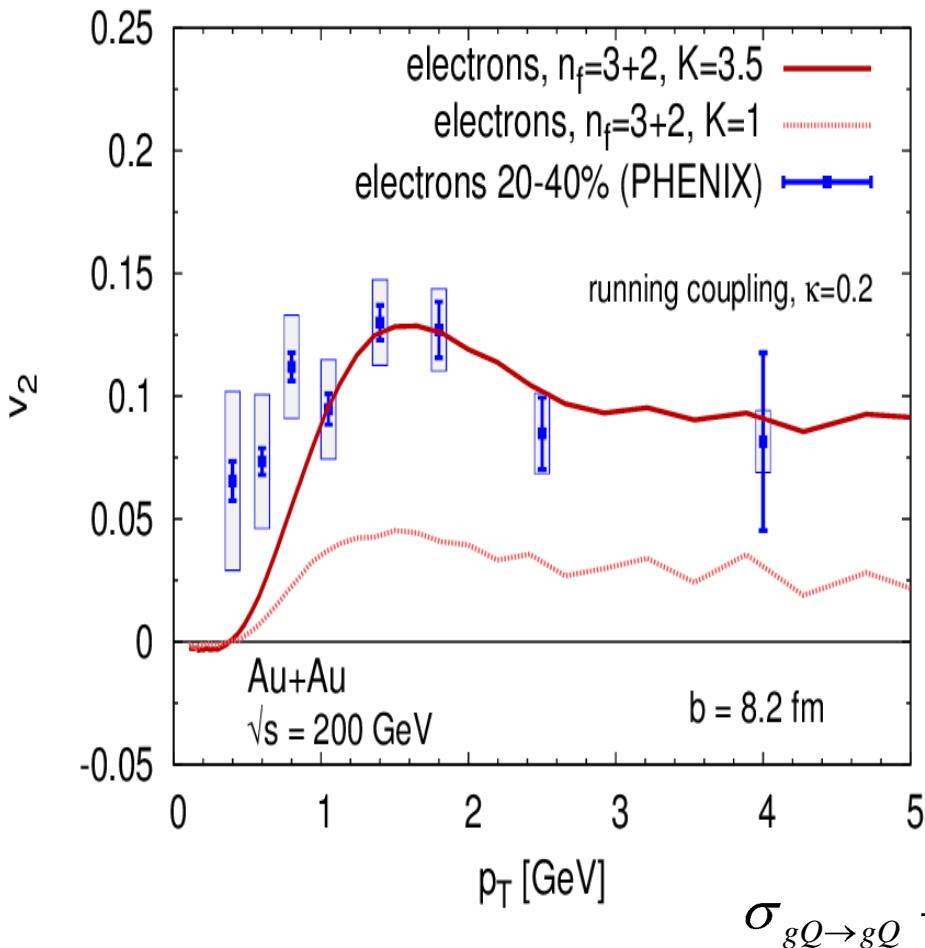
Running coupling

A. Peshier,
Nucl.Phys. A888 (2012)

P.B. Gossiaux,
J. Aichelin,
Phys.Rev.C78 (2008)

Details: JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner
Phys. Rev. C 84 (2011)

Heavy quark v_2 and R_{AA} at RHIC

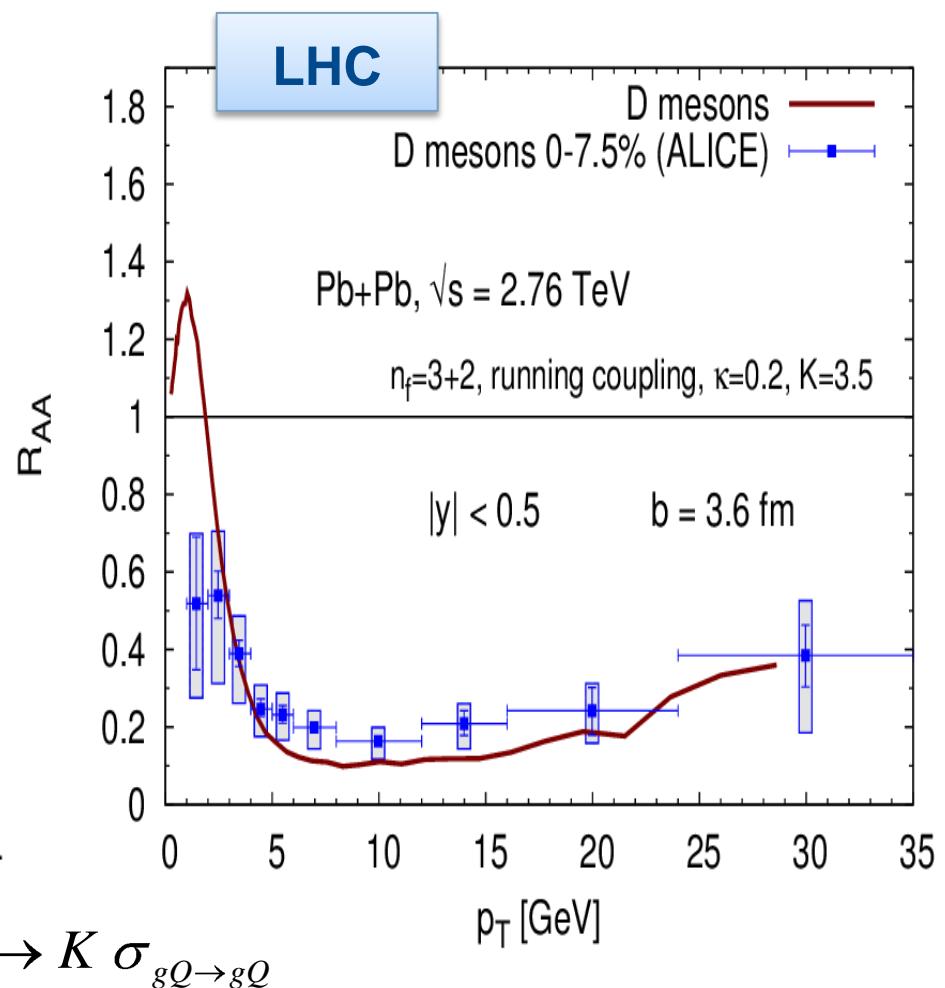
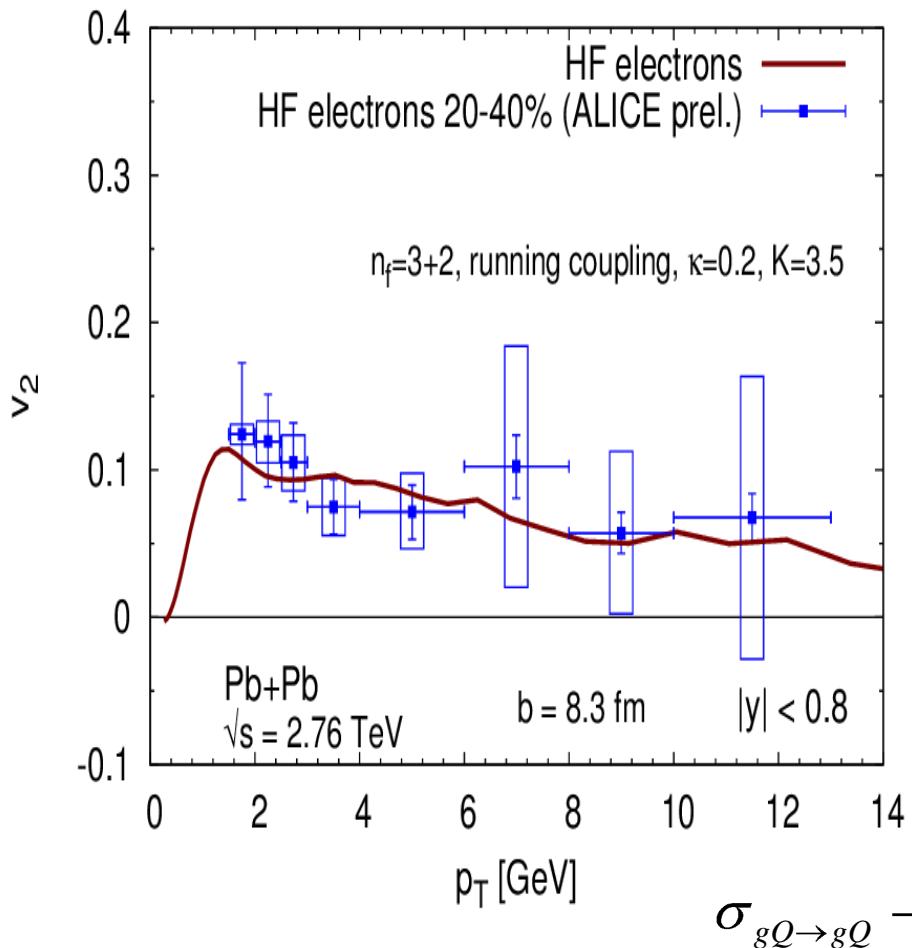


only elastic heavy quark processes

JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner
Phys. Lett. B 717 (2012)

PHENIX data,
Phys. Rev. C 84 (2011)

D meson R_{AA} and electron v_2 at LHC

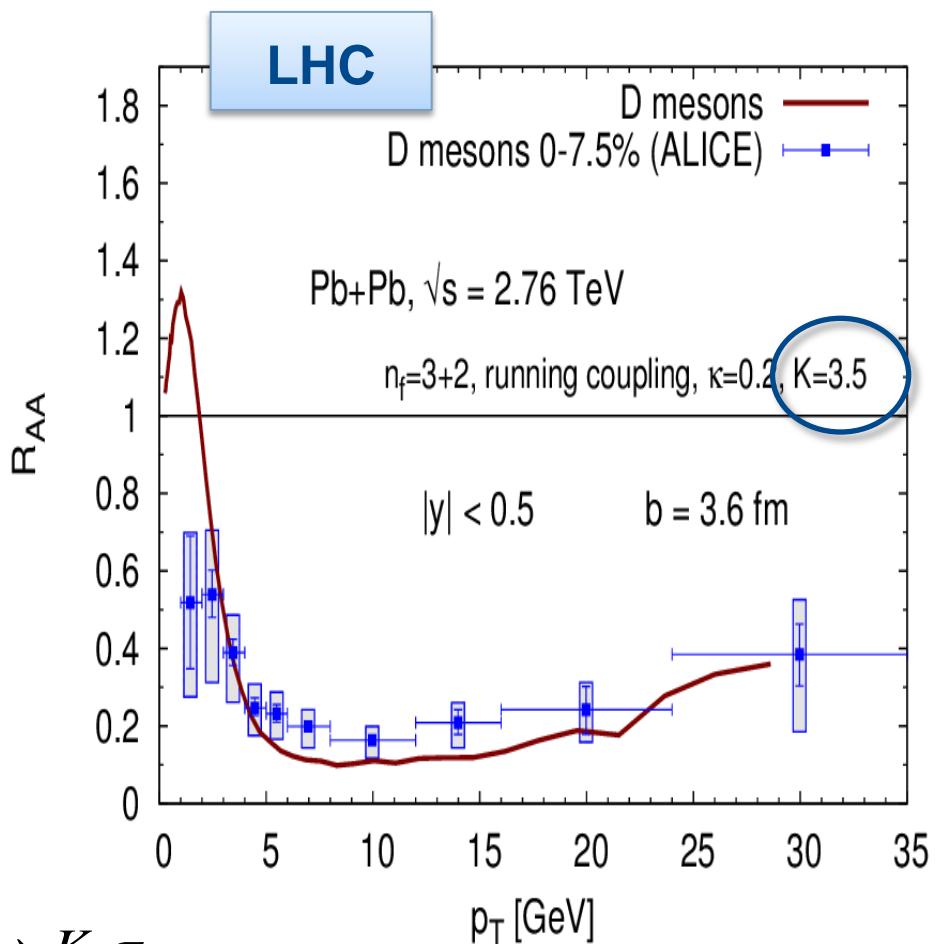
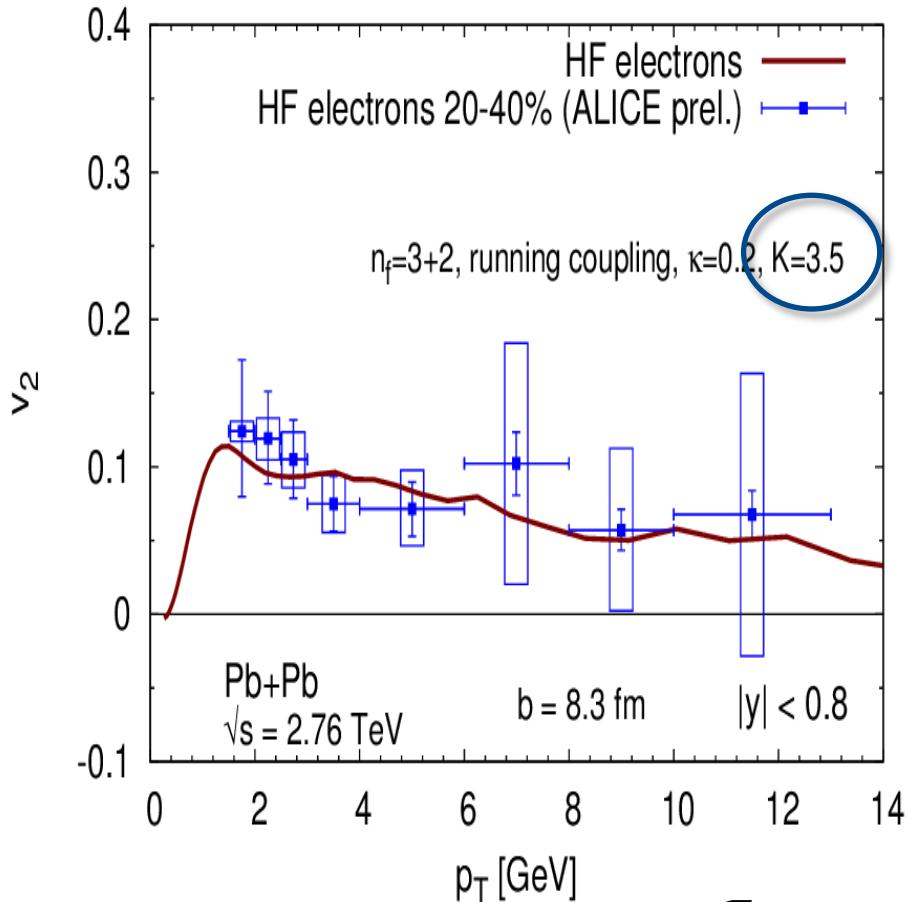


only elastic heavy quark processes

JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner
Phys. Lett. B 717 (2012)

ALICE data, QM12

D meson R_{AA} and electron v_2 at LHC



only elastic heavy quark processes

$$\sigma_{gQ \rightarrow gQ} \rightarrow K \sigma_{gQ \rightarrow gQ}$$

JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner
Phys. Lett. B 717 (2012)

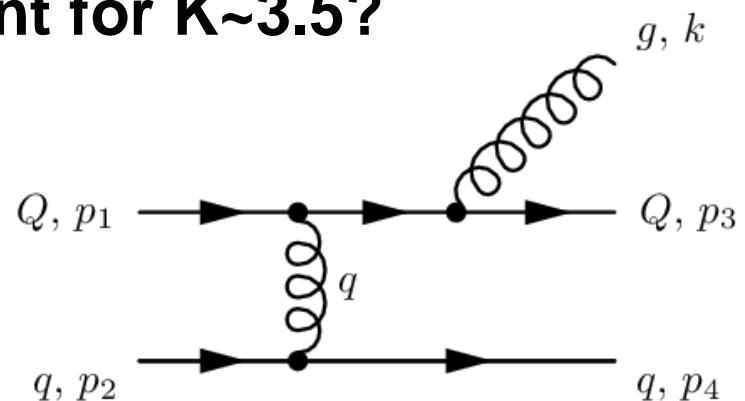
ALICE data, QM12

Radiative processes: Improved Gunion-Bertsch matrix element

Can radiative processes account for $K \sim 3.5$?

$$g + Q \rightarrow g + Q + g$$

$$q + Q \rightarrow q + Q + g$$



Improved Gunion-Bertsch matrix element generalized to heavy quarks:

$$|\overline{\mathcal{M}}_{qQ \rightarrow qQg}|^2 = 12g^2(1 - \bar{x})^2 \left| \overline{\mathcal{M}}_0^{qQ} \right|^2 \left[\frac{\mathbf{k}_\perp}{k_\perp^2 + x^2 M^2} + \frac{\mathbf{q}_\perp - \mathbf{k}_\perp}{(\mathbf{q}_\perp - \mathbf{k}_\perp)^2 + x^2 M^2} \right]^2$$

Fochler, JU, Xu, Greiner, arXiv:1302.5250, to appear in PRD

In accordance to scalar QCD result at mid- and forward rapidity from
Gossiaux, Aichelin, Gousset, Guiho, J.Phys.G37 (2010)

Radiative pQCD processes

Exact matrix element

Kunszt, Pietarinen, Reya, Phys.Rev. D21 (1980)

$$|\bar{\mathcal{M}}|^2 = -16 \sum_{i,j=1}^5 C_{ij} \frac{N_{ij}}{D_{ij}}$$

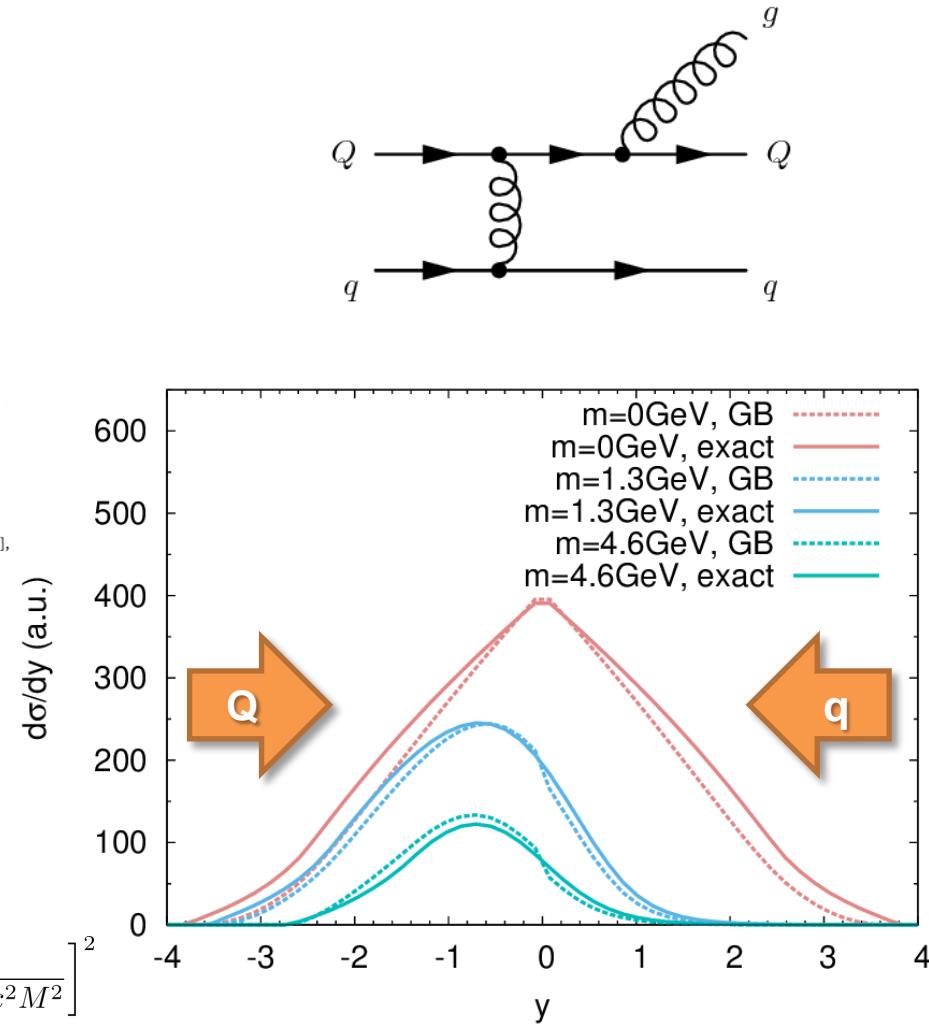
$$C = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 9 & -2 & -7 \\ 8 & 0 & 9 & -7 & -2 \\ 18 & -9 & 0 & -9 & \\ 8 & 1 & & & \\ 8 & & & & \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{pmatrix} x_{31}^2 x_{54}^2, & 2x_{23} x_{31} x_{54}^2, & 4s_{12} x_{31} x_{54}^2, & 2s_{12} x_{31} x_{53} x_{54}, & 2s_{12} x_{31} x_{53} x_{54} \\ x_{23}^2 x_{54}^2, & 4s_{12} x_{23} x_{54}^2, & 2s_{12} x_{23} x_{43} x_{54}, & 2s_{12} x_{23} x_{53} x_{54}, & \\ 4s_{12}^2 x_{54}^2, & 4s_{12} x_{31}^2 x_{54}, & 4s_{12} x_{31}^2 x_{53}, & s_{12}^2 x_{43}^2, & 2s_{12} x_{43}^2 x_{53} \\ & & & s_{12}^2 x_{53}^2, & & \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} N_{11} &= x_{31}(-x_{42}x_{53} - x_{43}x_{52} + 2m_Q^2x_{54}) + 2m_Q^2(x_{41}x_{52} + x_{42}x_{51} + x_{43}x_{53} + x_{45}x_{52} + 2m_Q^2x_{54}), \\ N_{12} &= x_{31}[x_{41}(2x_{52} + x_{53}) + x_{42}(2x_{51} + x_{53}) + x_4(x_{51} + x_{52}) + 4m_Q^2x_{54}] \\ &\quad + x_{23}[x_{41}(-2x_{51} + x_{52}) + x_{42}x_{51} + 2m_Q^2x_{54}] \\ &\quad + x_{31}[x_{41}x_{53} + x_4(x_{51} - 2x_{52}) + 2m_Q^2x_{54}] - 4m_Q^2x_{45}x_{53}, \\ N_{13} &= x_{12}[-2x_{15}x_{54} + x_{41}(4x_{51} + 3x_{53}) + x_{42}(4x_{51} + 3x_{53}) + x_{43}(3x_{51} + 3x_{52} + 2x_{53}) + 8m_Q^2x_{54}] \\ &\quad + x_{23}[x_{41}(-8x_{51} + x_{52} - x_{53}) + (x_{42} - x_{43})x_{51} + 4m_Q^2x_{54}] \\ &\quad + x_{31}[x_{41}x_{52} + x_{42}(x_{51} - 2x_{52} - 3x_{53}) - 3x_{45}x_{52}], \\ N_{14} &= x_{31}(-x_{12}x_{43} + x_{23}x_{41} + x_{42}x_{43}) + x_3[2x_{41}x_{52} + x_{42}(x_{51} - x_{53}) + 2x_{43}x_{52} + 2m_Q^2x_{54}] \\ &\quad + x_{41}[2(x_{41} + x_{43})x_{52} + x_{42}(2x_{51} + x_{53}) + 2m_Q^2(x_{52} + 2x_{53}) + 2m_Q^2x_{45}(x_{53} + x_{54} - x_{51} - x_{52})], \\ N_{15} &= N_{14}(4 \leftarrow 5), \quad N_{21} = N_{14}(1 \leftarrow 2), \quad N_{22} = N_{14}(1 \leftarrow 2), \quad N_{23} = N_{14}(1 \leftarrow 2), \quad N_{24} = N_{14}(4 \leftarrow 5), \\ N_{33} &= x_{12}(2x_{54}(x_{51} - x_{52} - x_{53}) + x_4(-2x_{51} + 6x_{52} + 5x_{53}) + x_{45}(-2x_{52} + 6x_{51} + 5x_{53}) \\ &\quad + x_{43}(5x_{51} + 5x_{52} + 4x_{53}) + 28m_Q^2x_{54}) \\ &\quad + x_{23}(-2x_{31}x_{54} + x_{41}(-8x_{51} + x_{52} - 3x_{53}) + (x_{42} - 3x_{43})x_{51}) \\ &\quad + x_{31}[x_{41}x_{52} + x_{42}(x_{51} - 8x_{52} - 3x_{53}) - 3x_{45}x_{52}] \\ &\quad + 2m_Q^2[x_{41}(-4x_{51} + 4x_{52} + 7x_{53}) + x_{42}(4x_{51} - 4x_{52} + 7x_{53}) + x_{43}(7x_{51} + 7x_{52} + 2x_{53}) + 24m_Q^2x_{54}], \\ N_{34} &= x_{12}(x_{54}(x_{52} + x_{53} + x_{45} + x_{46}) - 2x_{31}(x_{51} + x_{52})] \\ &\quad + x_{23}(2x_{31}x_{54} + x_{41}(x_{52} - x_{53} - x_{54}) + 3x_{51}(x_{42} + x_{43}) + 8m_Q^2x_{54}) \\ &\quad + x_{31}[x_{41}(x_{51} - x_{53} - x_{54}) + 3x_{52}(x_{41} + x_{45}) + 8m_Q^2x_{54}] \\ &\quad + x_{41}[3(x_{41} + x_{43})x_{52} + x_{42}(x_{51} + x_{53} + 2x_{54}) + 2m_Q^2(x_{52} + 5x_{54})] \\ &\quad + x_{42}[3(x_{42} + x_{44})x_{53} + 2m_Q^2(x_{53} + 5x_{54})] + 2m_Q^2x_{45}(2x_{53} + 2x_{54} - 5x_{51} - 5x_{52}), \\ N_{44} &= x_{45}(-x_{35}x_{51} - x_{35}x_{52} - 2m_Q^2x_{53}), \\ N_{45} &= x_{34}[x_{23}(x_{41} + x_{51}) + x_{31}(x_{42} + x_{51}) + 4m_Q^2(x_{53} + x_{54} + x_{45})] \\ &\quad + x_{41}[x_{45}(x_{43} + 2x_{54}) + x_{53}(x_{52} - 2x_{54})] + x_{51}[-2x_{45}x_{52} + x_{42}(x_{52} + 2x_{54} + x_{45})], \\ N_{35} &= N_{34}(4 \leftarrow 5), \quad N_{35} = N_{44}(4 \leftarrow 5). \end{aligned}$$

Gunion Bertsch (GB) approximation

$$|\bar{\mathcal{M}}_{qQ \rightarrow qQg}|^2 = 12g^2(1 - \bar{x})^2 \left| \bar{\mathcal{M}}_0^{qQ} \right|^2 \left[\frac{k_\perp}{k_\perp^2 + x^2 M^2} + \frac{q_\perp - k_\perp}{(q_\perp - k_\perp)^2 + x^2 M^2} \right]^2$$



Fochler, JU, Xu, Greiner, arXiv:1302.5250

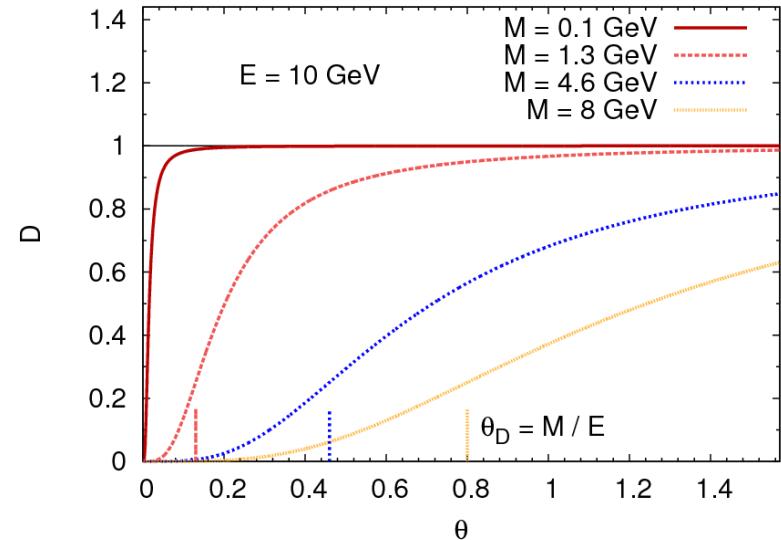
Dead cone effect

$$|\overline{\mathcal{M}}_{qQ \rightarrow qQg}|^2 = |\overline{\mathcal{M}}_{qq \rightarrow qqg}|^2 \mathcal{D}$$

Heavy quark suppression factor

$$\mathcal{D} = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{M^2}{\theta^2 E^2}\right)^2} = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{\theta_D^2}{\theta^2}\right)^2}$$

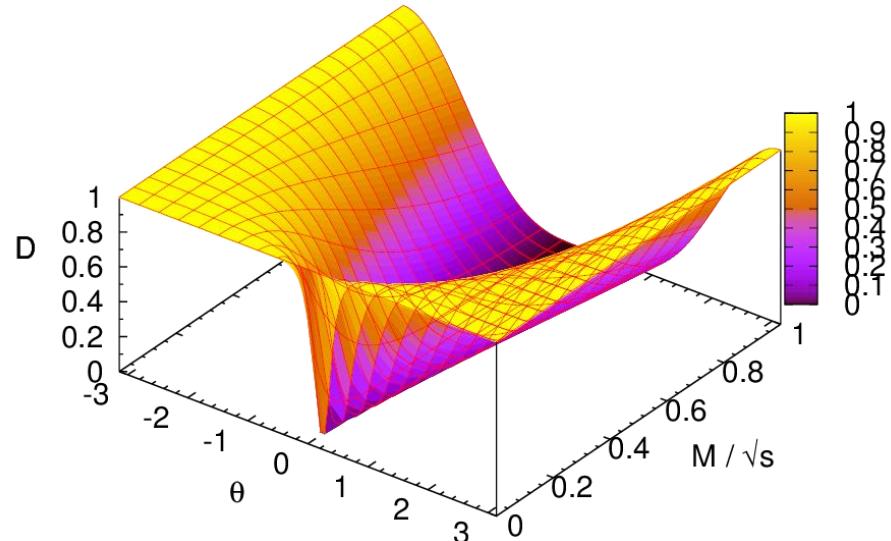
Y.L. Dokshitzer and D.E. Kharzeev, $\theta_D = \frac{M}{E}$
 Phys.Lett. B519 (2001)



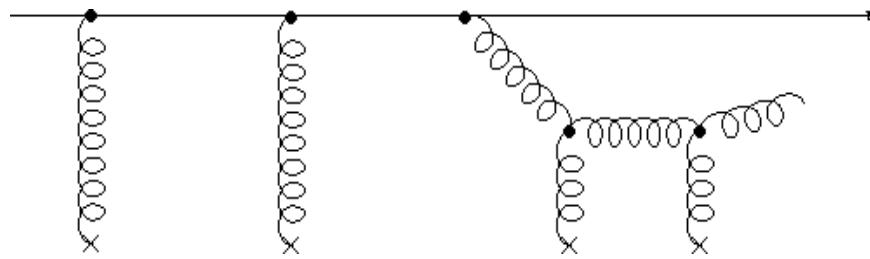
More accurate: valid for all order of mass M and also for large angles

$$\mathcal{D} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{M^2}{s \tan^2(\frac{\theta}{2})}}$$

R. Abir, C. Greiner, M. Martinez, M.G. Mustafa, JU, Phys.Rev. D85 (2012)



LPM effect



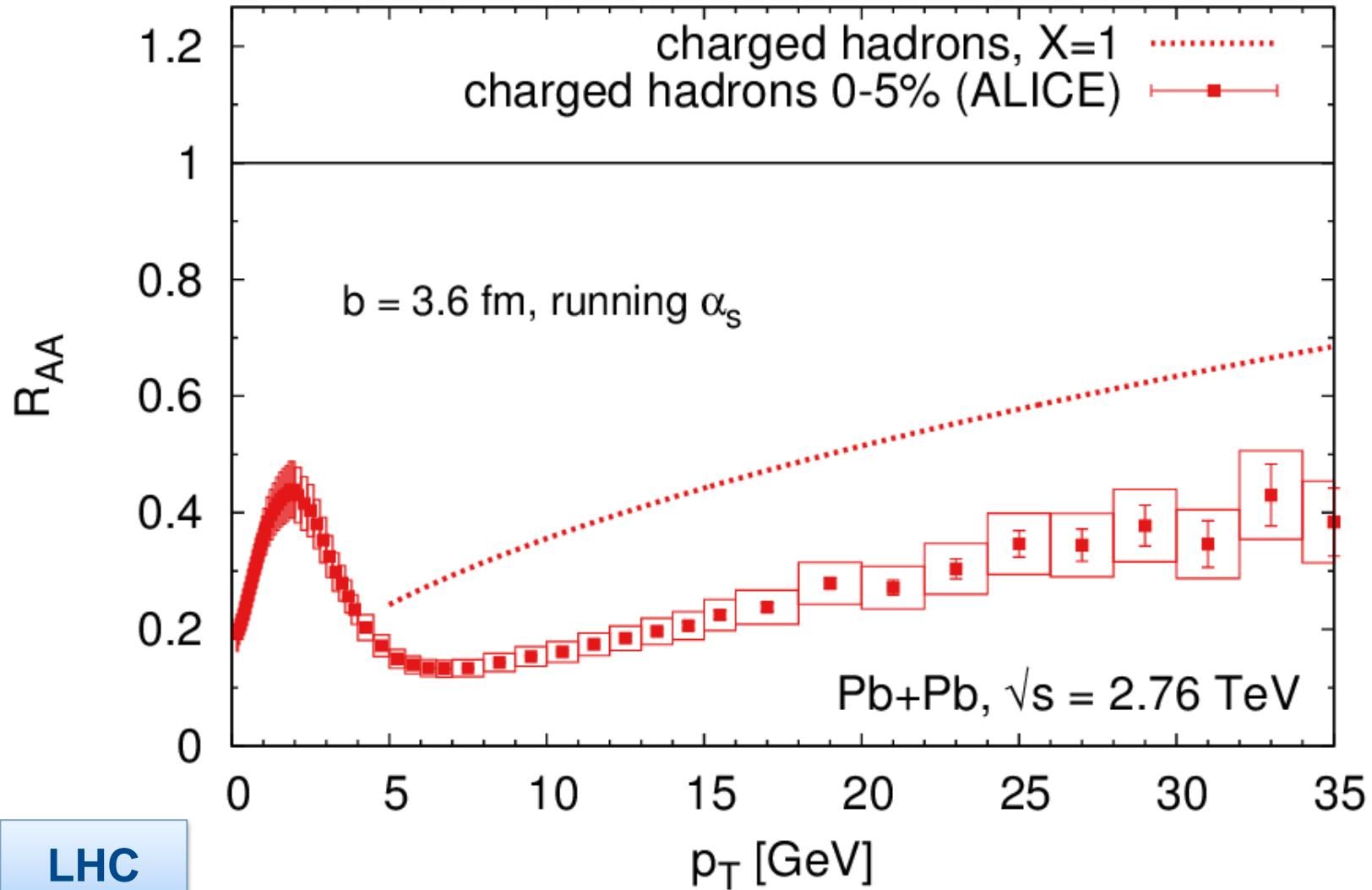
$$\lambda > \tau$$

$2 \rightarrow 3$ process only allowed if mean free path of jet larger than formation time of radiated gluon



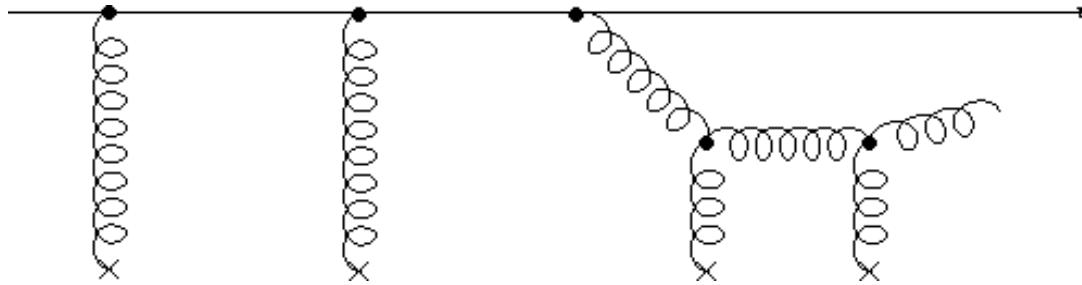
Independent scatterings

Charged hadron R_{AA} at LHC



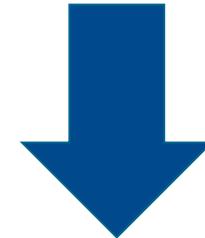
LHC

LPM effect



Only completely independent scatterings

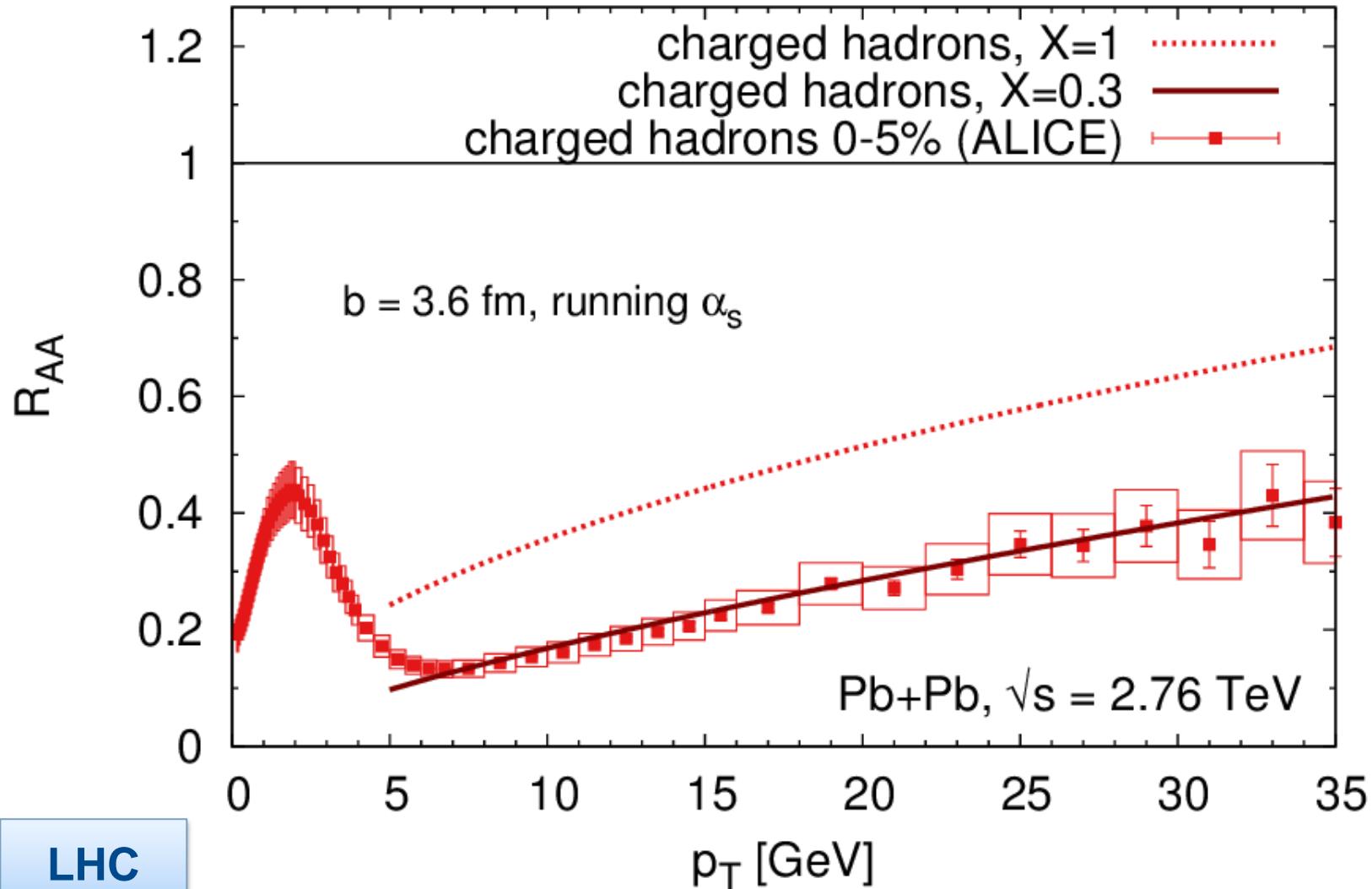
$$\lambda > \tau$$



Interference effects: $X < 1$ expected

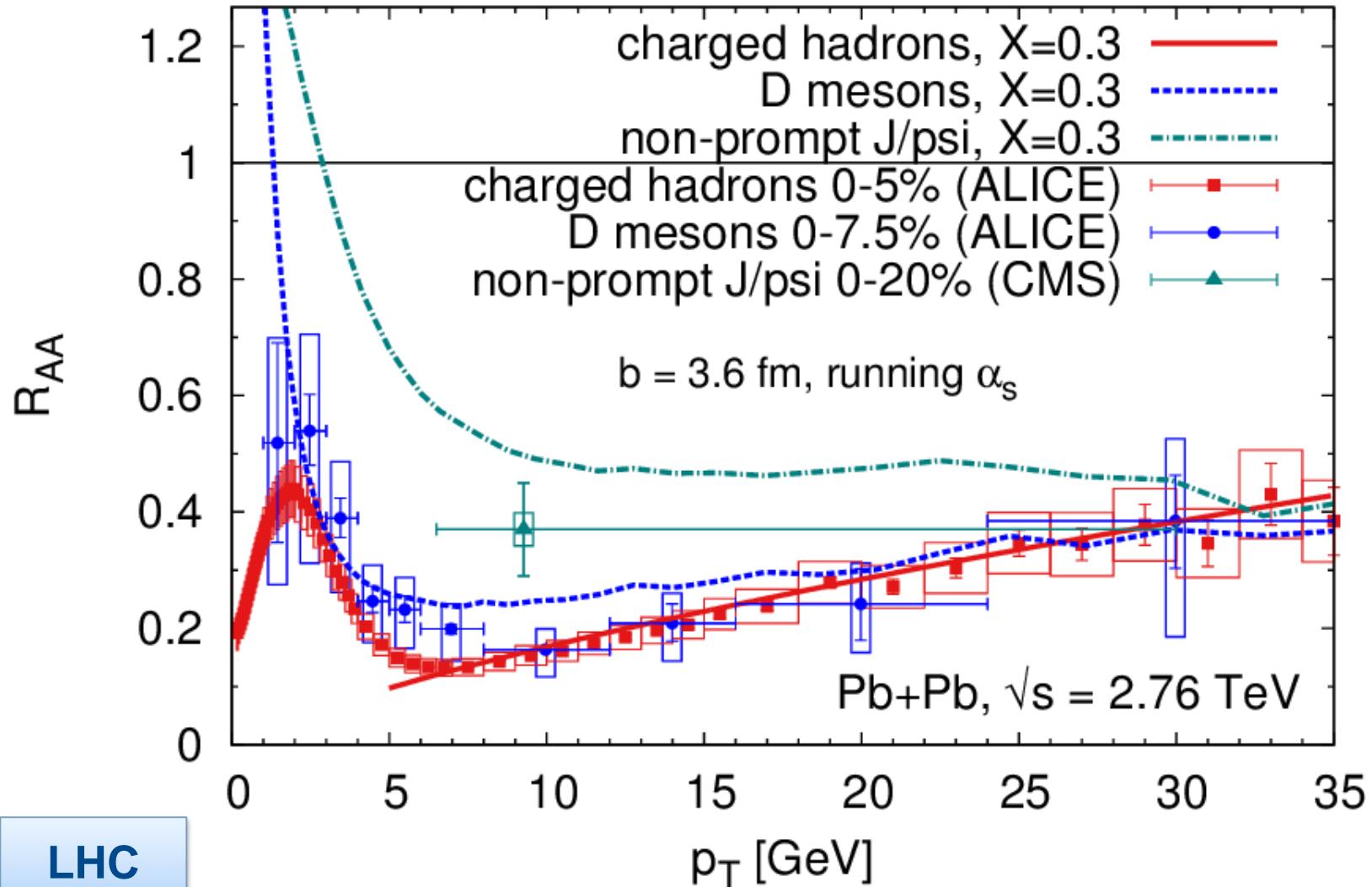
$$\lambda > X \tau$$

Charged hadron R_{AA} at LHC

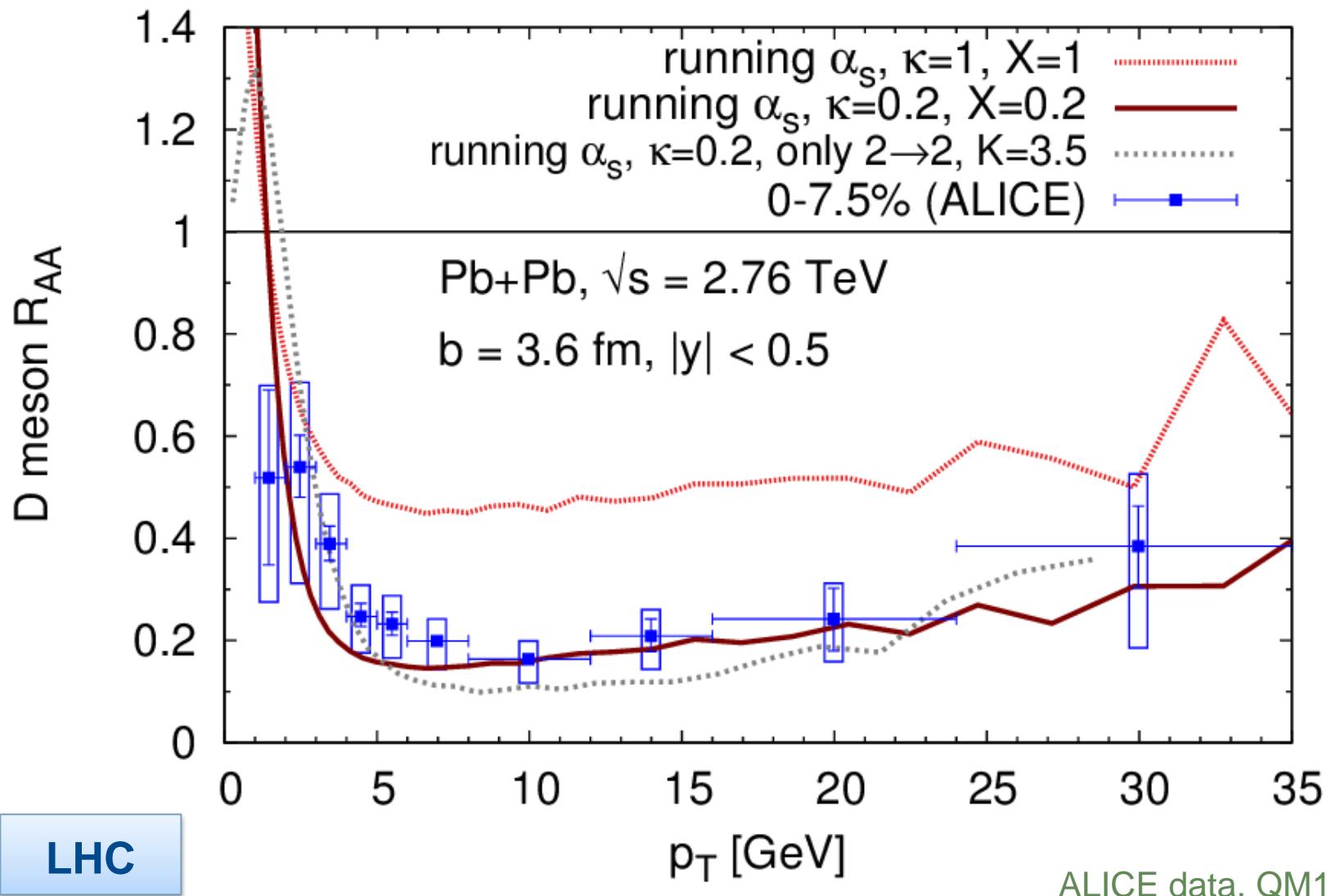


LHC

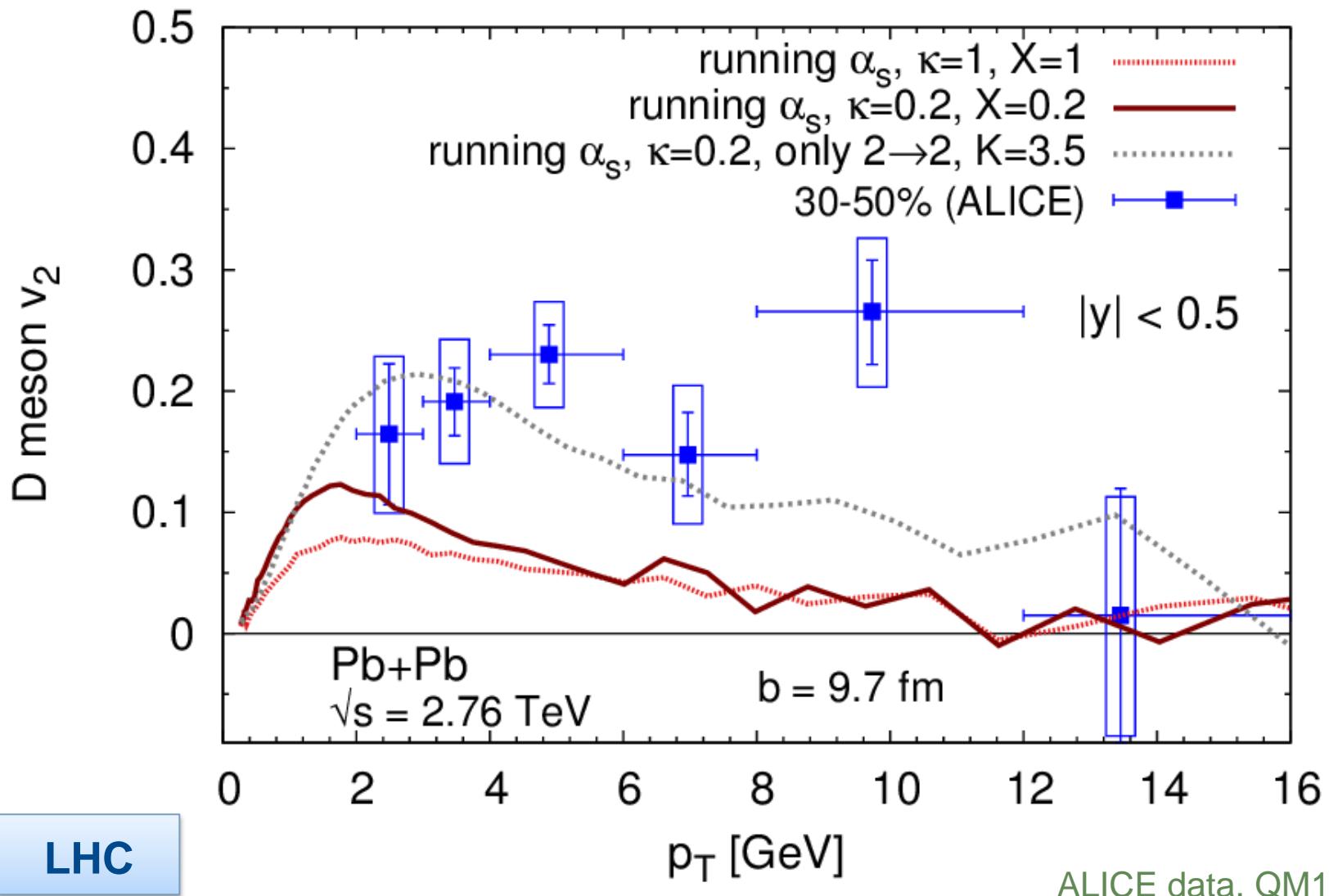
Heavy flavor and charged hadron R_{AA} at LHC



With improved screening: D meson R_{AA} at LHC



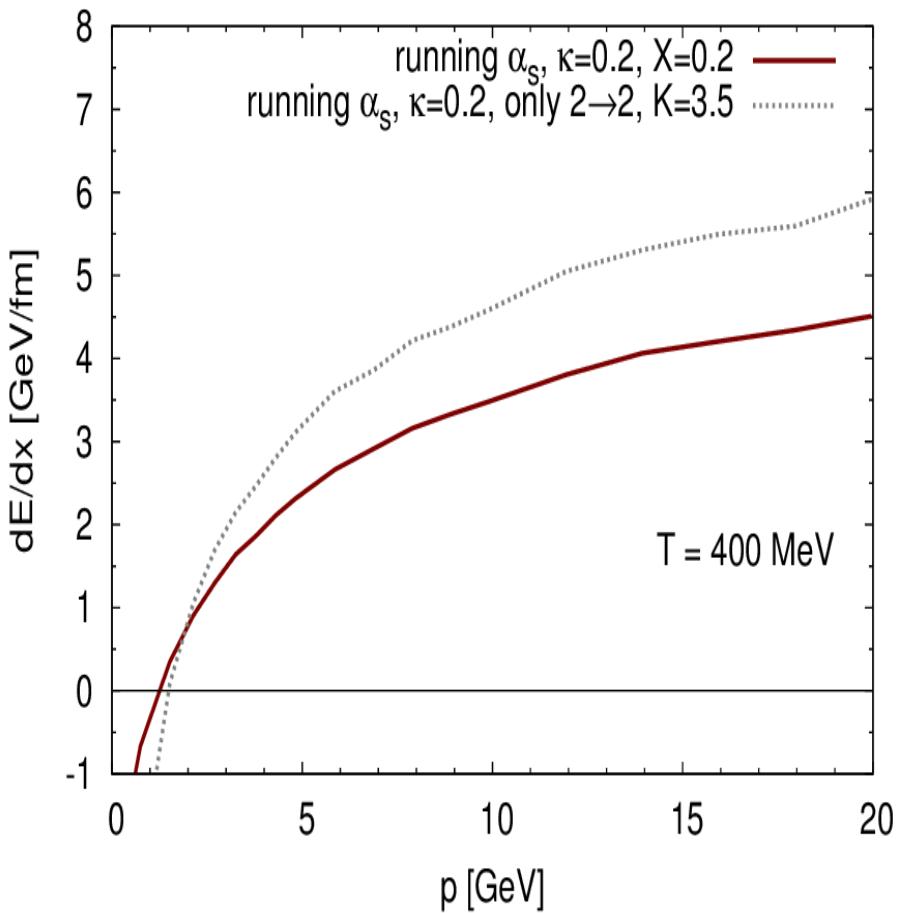
D meson v_2 at LHC



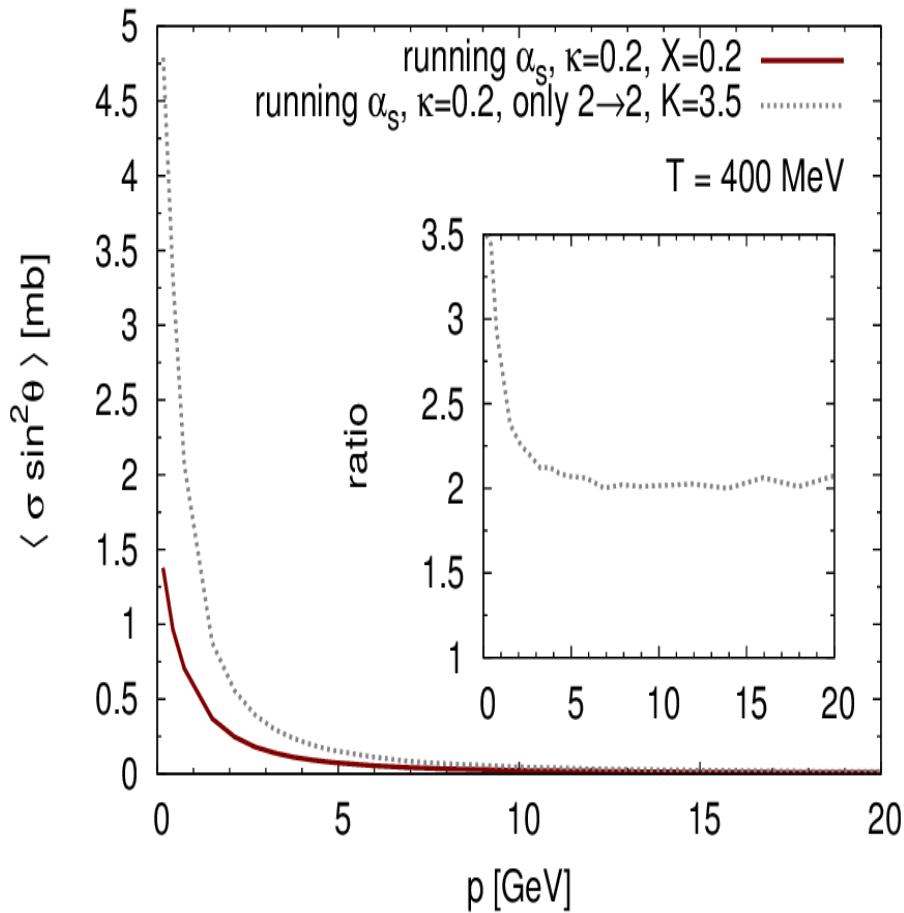
LHC

Energy loss and transport cross section

Energy loss in static medium



Transport cross section in static medium



What can the models explain?

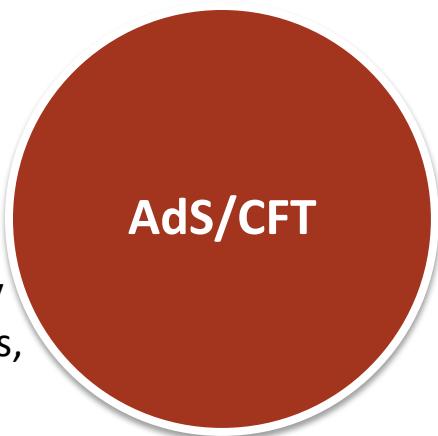
- Djordjevic, Gyulassy
- Buzatti, Gyulassy
- Sharma, Vitev
- Armesto, Cacciari, Dainese, Salgado, Wiedemann
- Gossiaux, Aichelin
- Cao, Bass
- Mazumder, Bhattacharyya, Alam, Das
- JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner
- ...



- Moore, Teaney
- Gossiaux, Aichelin
- Alberico, Beraudo, et al.
- JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner
- Meistrenko, JU, Greiner, Peshier
- Young, Schenke, Gale
- ...
- Abir, Jamil, Mustafa, Srivastava
- ...



- v.Hees, Greco, Rapp
- He, Fries, Rapp
- Lang, v.Hees, Bleicher
- ...



- Horowitz, Gyulassy
- Chesler, Lekaveckas, Rajagopal
- ...

Can explain R_{AA}

- Djordjevic, Gyulassy
- Buzatti, Gyulassy
- Sharma, Vitev
- Armesto, Cacciari, Dainese, Salgado, Wiedemann
- Gossiaux, Aichelin
- Cao, Bass
- Mazumder, Bhattacharyya, Alam, Das
- JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner
- ...



- Moore, Teaney
- Gossiaux, Aichelin
- Alberico, Beraudo, et al.
- JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner
- Meistrenko, JU, Greiner, Peshier
- Young, Schenke, Gale
- ...
- Abir, Jamil, Mustafa, Srivastava
- ...



- v.Hees, Greco, Rapp
- He, Fries, Rapp
- Lang, v.Hees, Bleicher
- ...



- Horowitz, Gyulassy
- Chesler, Lekaveckas, Rajagopal
- ...

Can explain R_{AA} and v_2

With scaled cross sections

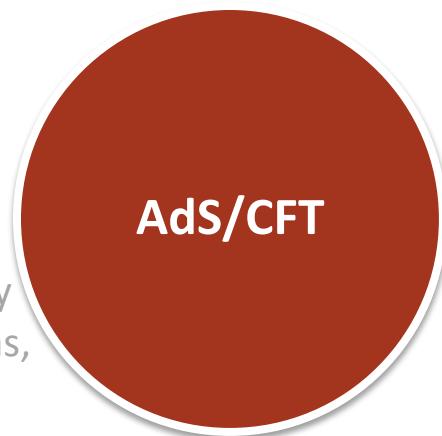
- Djordjevic, Gyulassy
- Buzatti, Gyulassy
- Sharma, Vitev
- Armesto, Cacciari,
Dainese, Salgado,
Wiedemann
- Gossiaux, Aichelin**
- Cao, Bass
- Mazumder,
Bhattacharyya, Alam, Das
- JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner
- ...



- Moore, Teaney
- Gossiaux, Aichelin
- Alberico, Beraudo, et al.
- JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner**
- Meistrenko, JU, Greiner, Peshier**
- Young, Schenke, Gale
- ...
- Abir, Jamil, Mustafa,
Srivastava
- ...



- v.Hees, Greco, Rapp
- He, Fries, Rapp**
- Lang, v.Hees, Bleicher**
- ...



- Horowitz, Gyulassy
- Chesler, Lekaveckas,
Rajagopal
- ...

Conclusions & outlook

Full space-time evolution of QGP with charm and bottom quarks

- **Only binary collisions:**

With running coupling and improved Debye screening, v_2 and R_{AA} agreement only with $K=3.5$

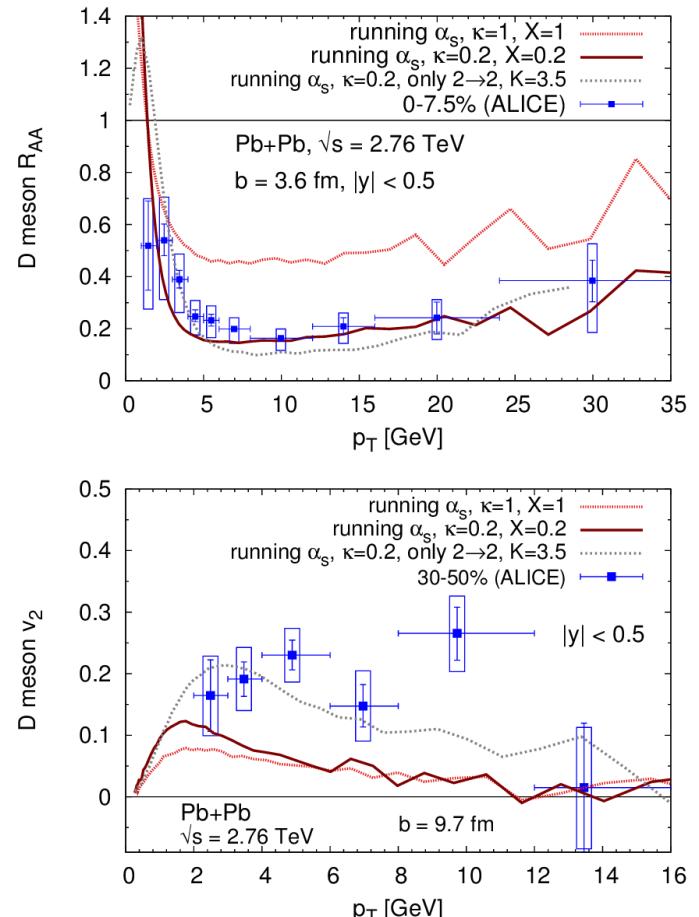
- **Radiative and binary collisions:**

- Not enough energy loss
→ improvement of LPM
- R_{AA} and v_2 simultaneously seems difficult

Further details in Phys. Lett. B 717, 430 (2012)
and arXiv:1302.5250

Future tasks:

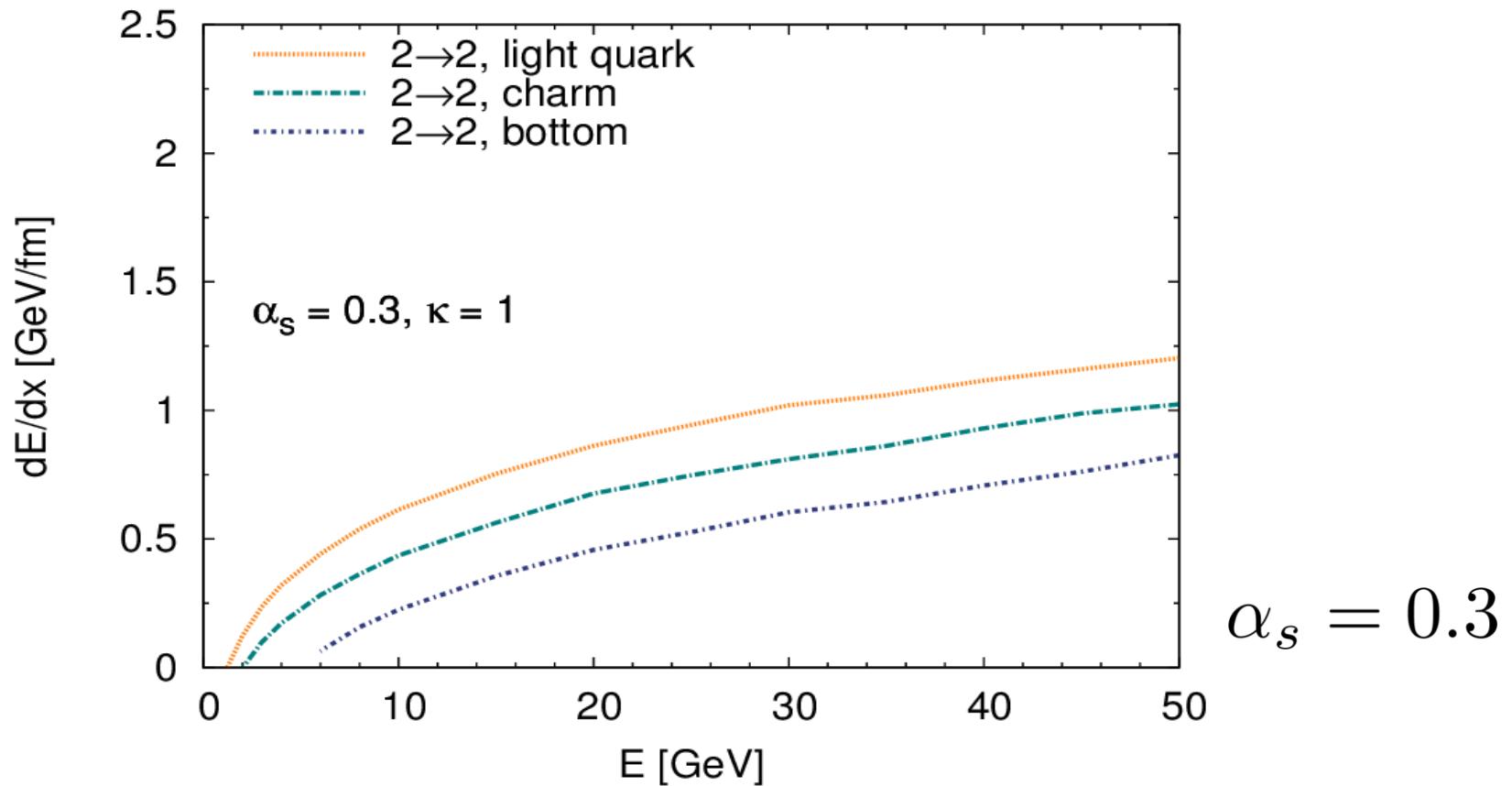
- Improvement of LPM effect



Thank you for your attention.

Radiative energy loss

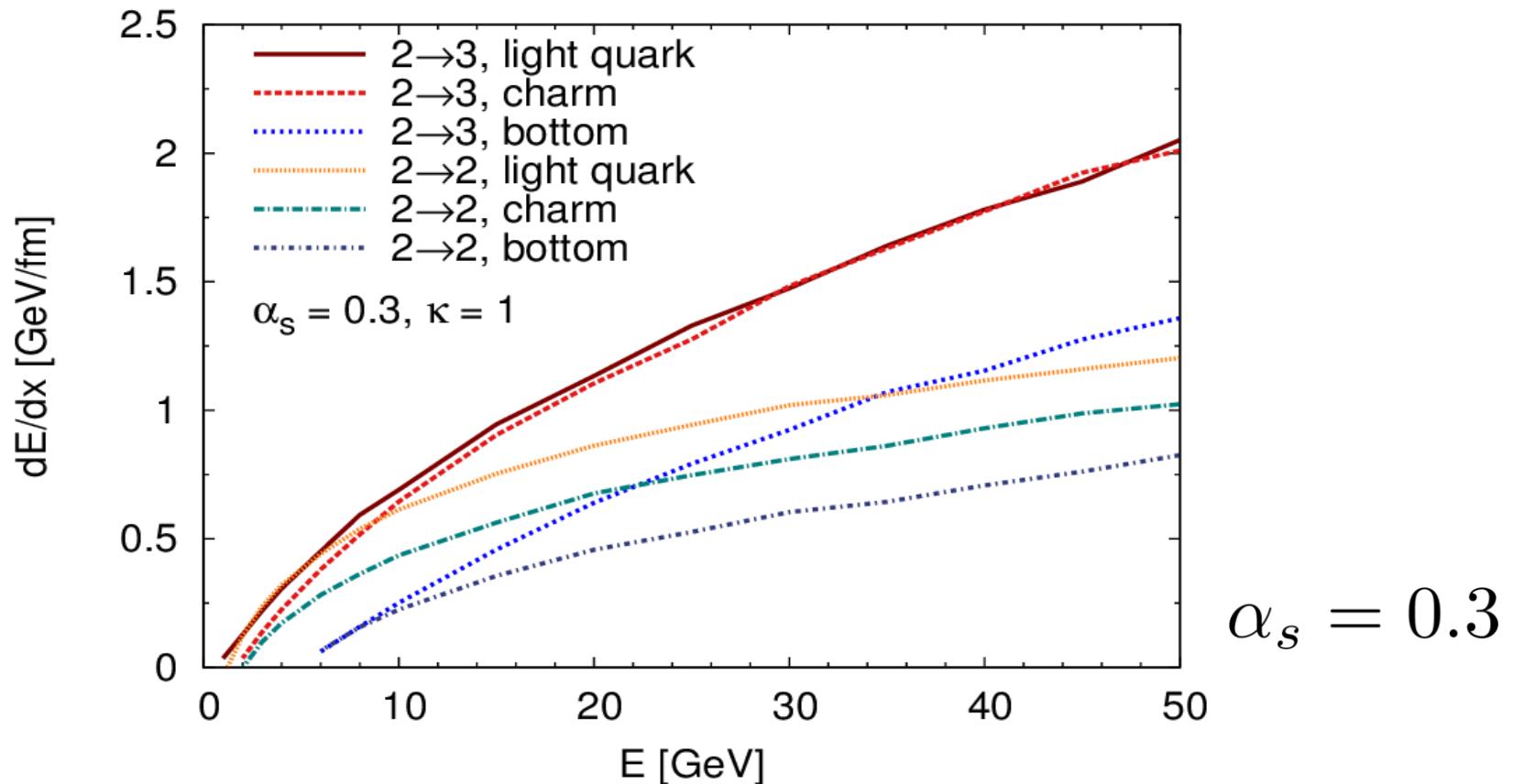
$$\left. \frac{dE}{dx} \right|_{\text{light quark}} > \left. \frac{dE}{dx} \right|_{\text{charm}} > \left. \frac{dE}{dx} \right|_{\text{bottom}}$$



However, does not have to hold for RAA → pp spectrum shape also important

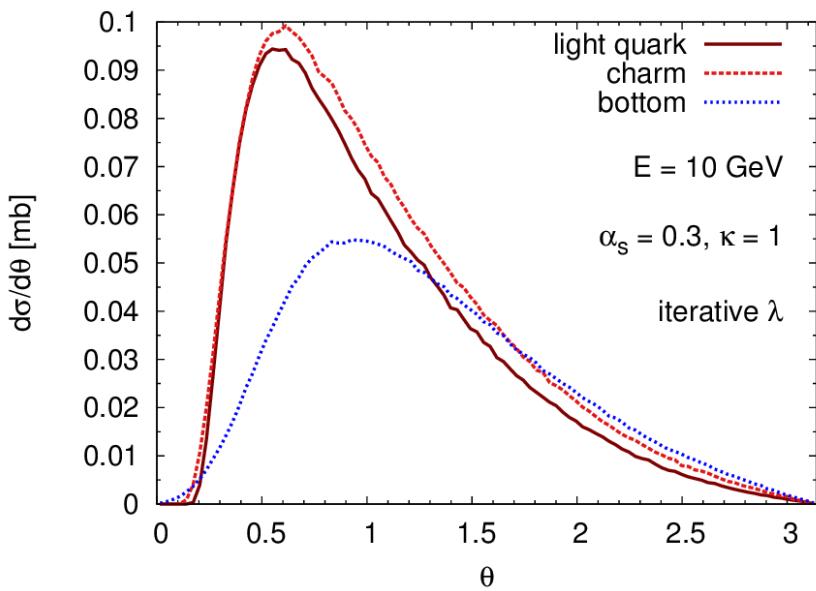
Radiative energy loss

$$\left. \frac{dE}{dx} \right|_{\text{light quark}} > \left. \frac{dE}{dx} \right|_{\text{charm}} > \left. \frac{dE}{dx} \right|_{\text{bottom}}$$

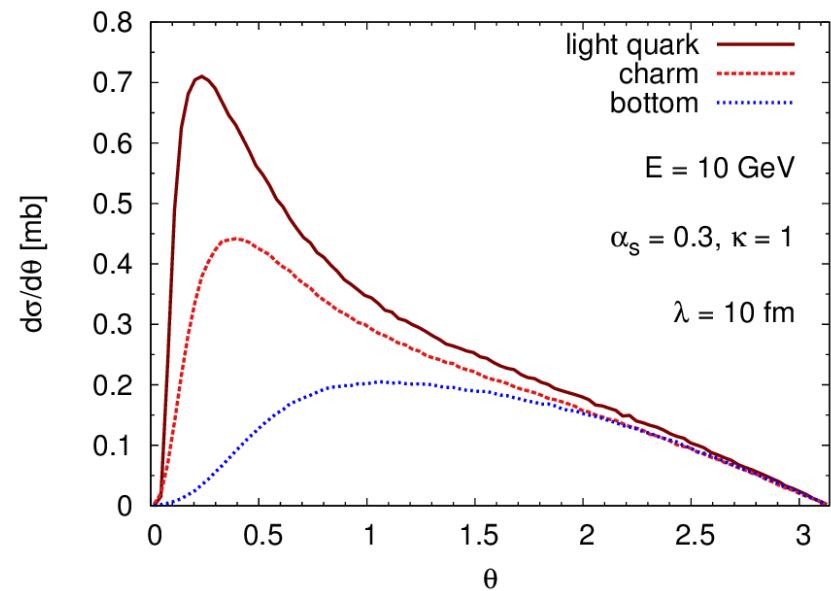


However, does not have to hold for RAA → pp spectrum shape also important

Angle distribution in lab frame



With LPM



Without LPM

Interactions in BAMPS with $N_{\text{flavor}} = 3+2$

Light flavors

$$g g \rightarrow g g$$

$$g g \rightarrow q \bar{q}$$

$$q \bar{q} \rightarrow g g$$

$$q g \rightarrow q g$$

$$q \bar{q} \rightarrow q \bar{q}$$

$$q q \rightarrow q q$$

$$q q' \rightarrow q q'$$

and

$$q \bar{q} \rightarrow q' \bar{q}'$$

and

$$\bar{q} g \rightarrow \bar{q} g$$

and

$$\bar{q} \bar{q} \rightarrow \bar{q} \bar{q}$$

and

$$q \bar{q}' \rightarrow q \bar{q}'$$

binary

$$g g \leftrightarrow g g g$$

$$q g \leftrightarrow q g g$$

$$q \bar{q} \leftrightarrow q \bar{q} g$$

$$q q \leftrightarrow q q g$$

$$q q' \leftrightarrow q q' g$$

and

$$\bar{q} g \leftrightarrow \bar{q} g g$$

and

$$\bar{q} \bar{q} \leftrightarrow \bar{q} \bar{q} g$$

and

$$q \bar{q}' \leftrightarrow q \bar{q}' g$$

inelastic

Heavy flavors

$$g + g \rightarrow Q + \bar{Q}$$

$$Q + \bar{Q} \rightarrow g + g$$

$$q + \bar{q} \rightarrow Q + \bar{Q}$$

$$Q + \bar{Q} \rightarrow q + \bar{q}$$

$$g + Q \rightarrow g + Q$$

$$q + Q \rightarrow q + Q$$

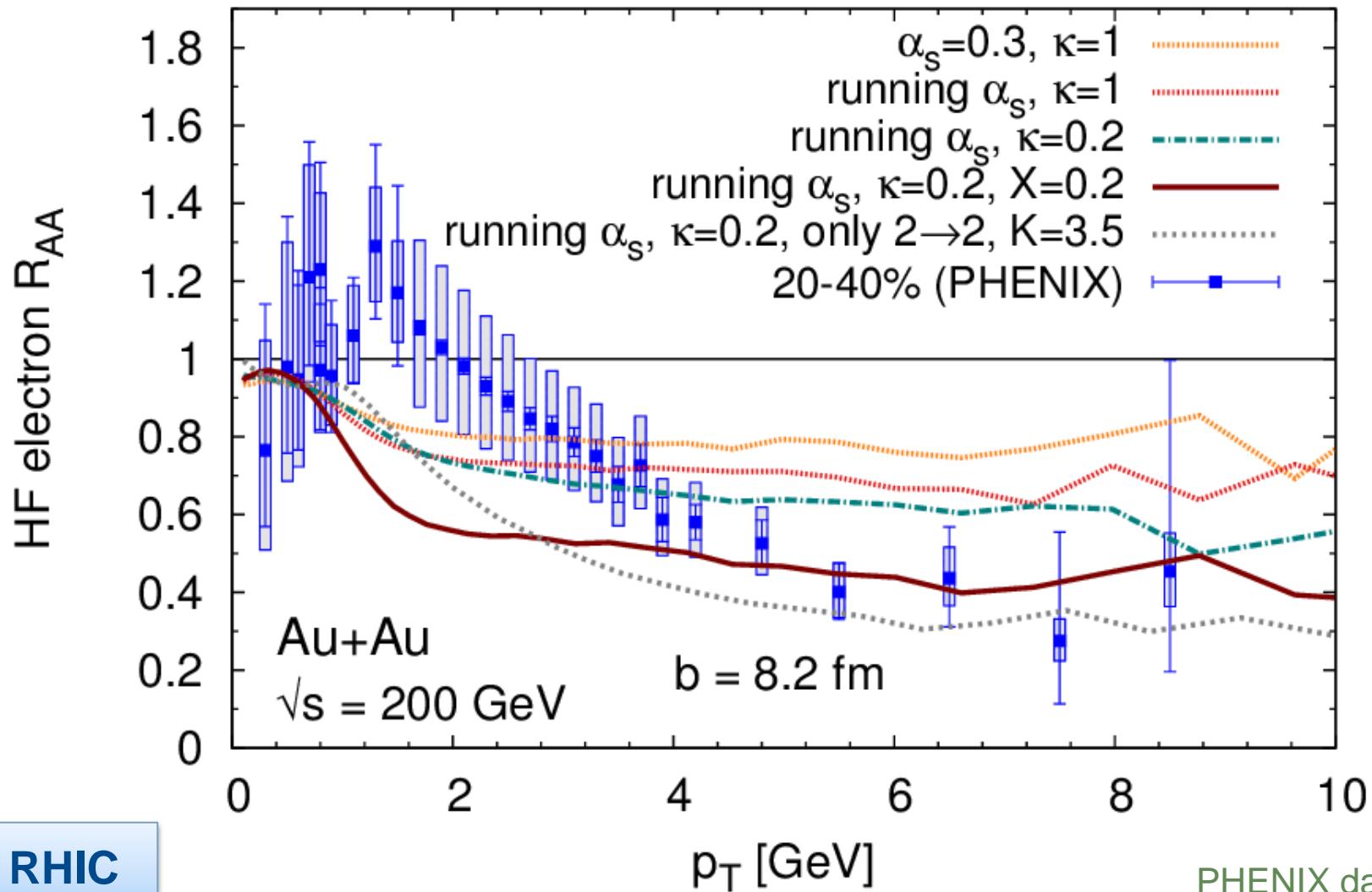
$$g + J/\psi \rightarrow c + \bar{c}$$

$$c + \bar{c} \rightarrow g + J/\psi$$

$$g + Q \rightarrow g + Q + g$$

$$q + Q \rightarrow q + Q + g$$

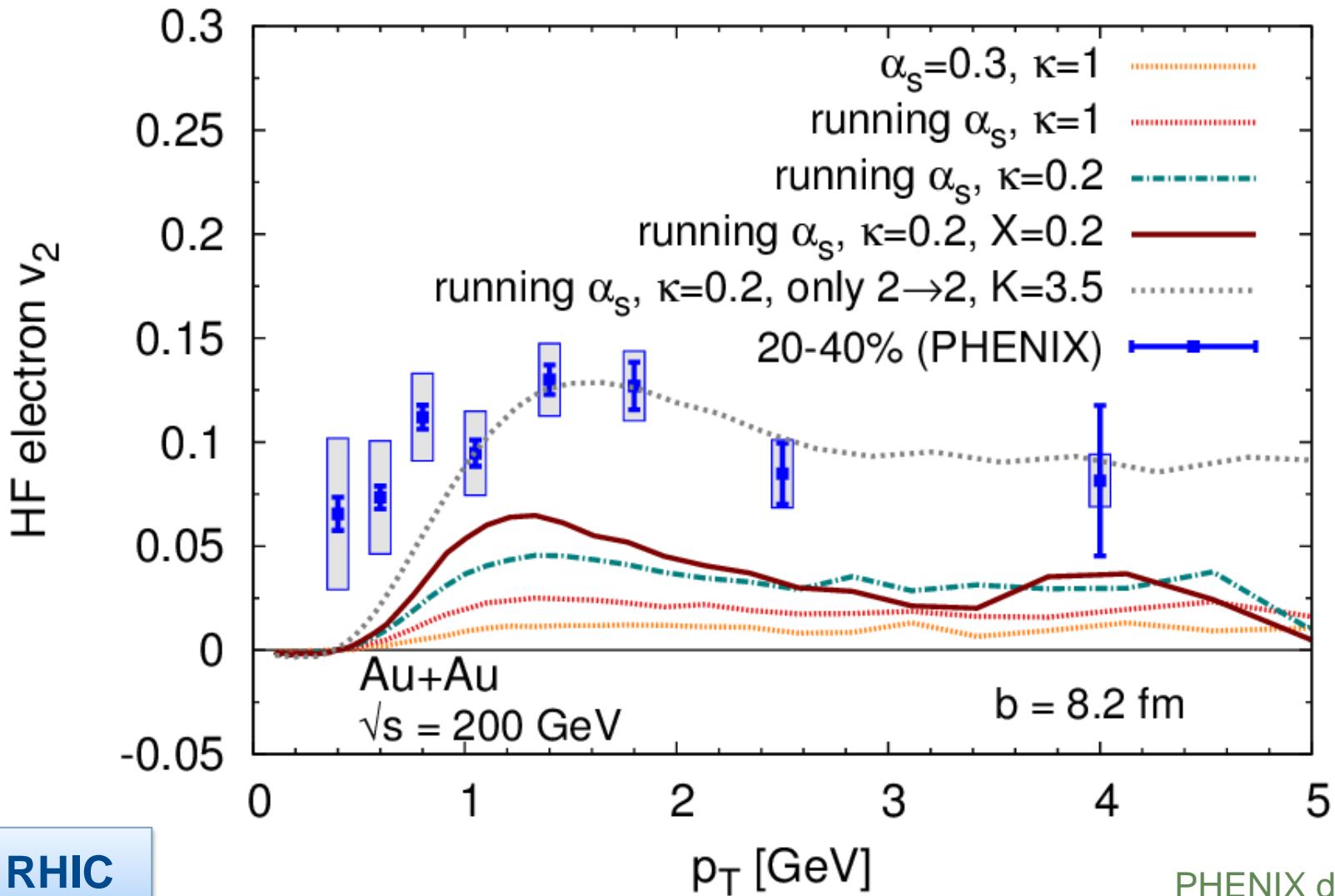
Heavy quark R_{AA} at RHIC



RHIC

PHENIX data,
Phys. Rev. C84 (2011)

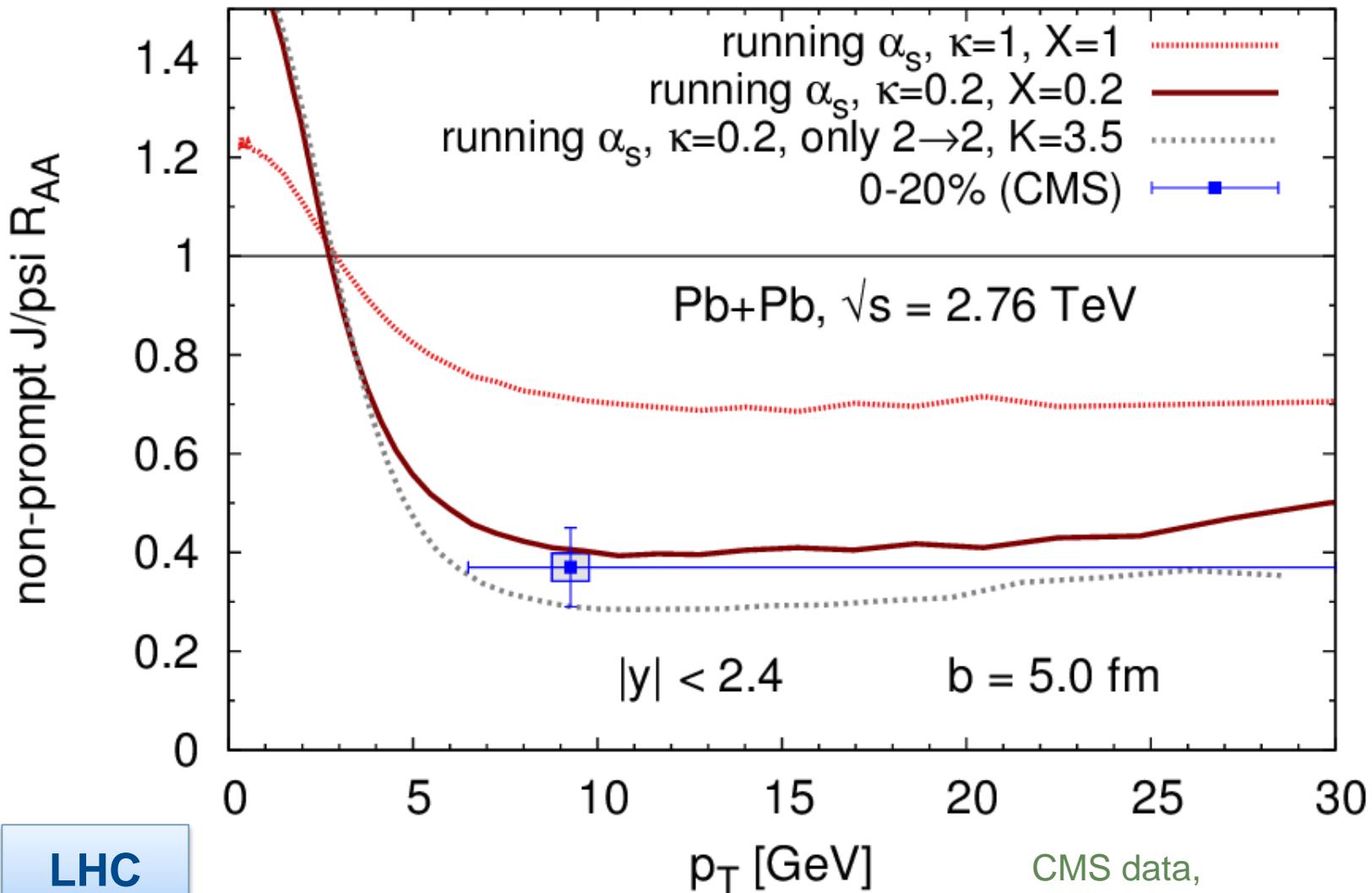
Heavy quark v_2 at RHIC



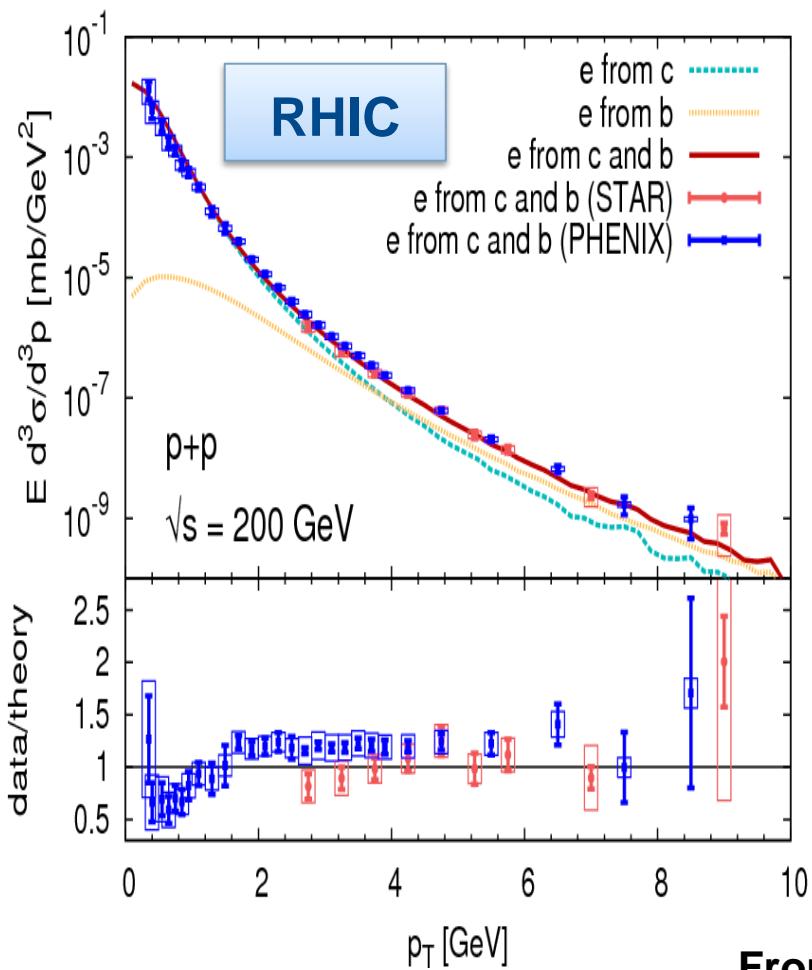
RHIC

PHENIX data,
Phys. Rev. C84 (2011)

Non-prompt J/psi R_{AA} at LHC

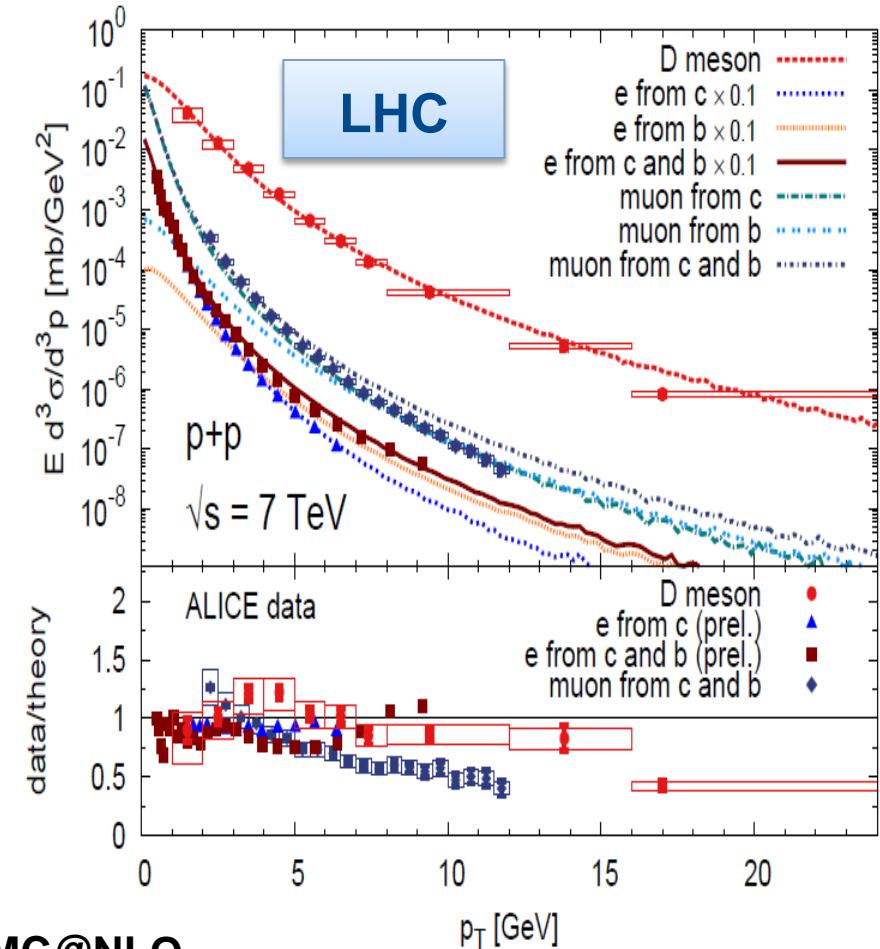


Initial heavy flavor spectrum



From MC@NLO

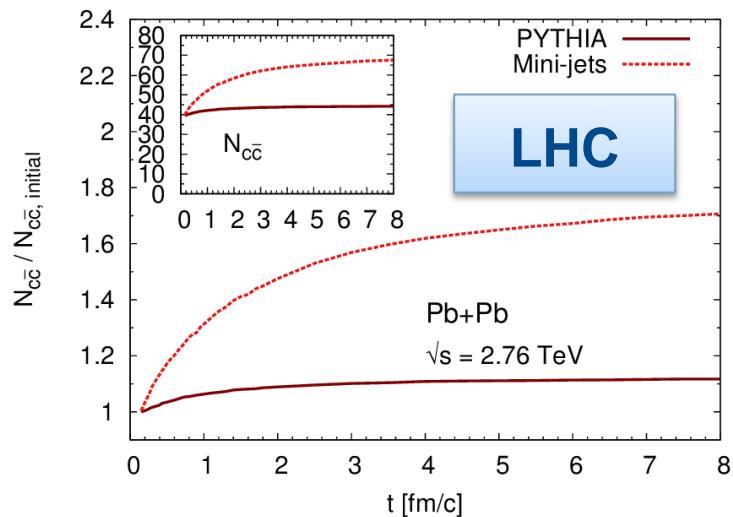
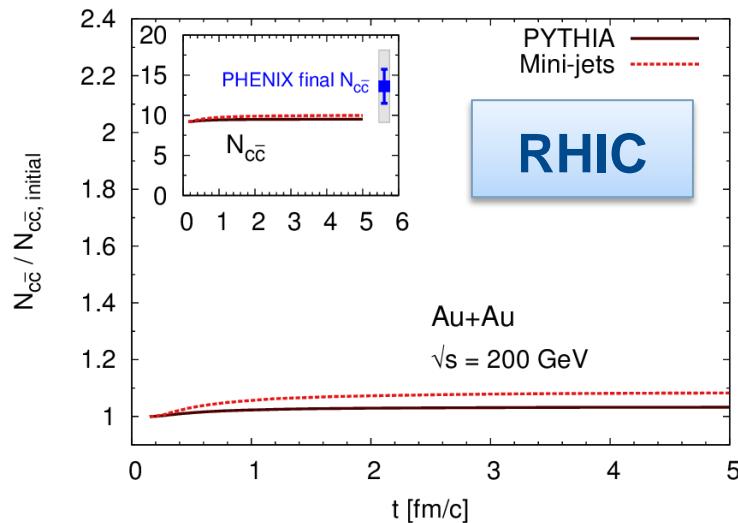
JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner
Phys. Rev. C84 (2011)



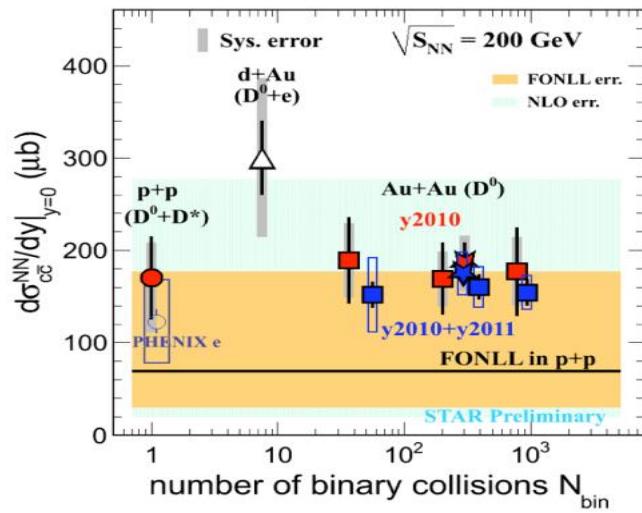
JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner
Phys. Lett. B 717 (2012)

Total charm production

JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner, Phys. Rev. C 82 (2010)



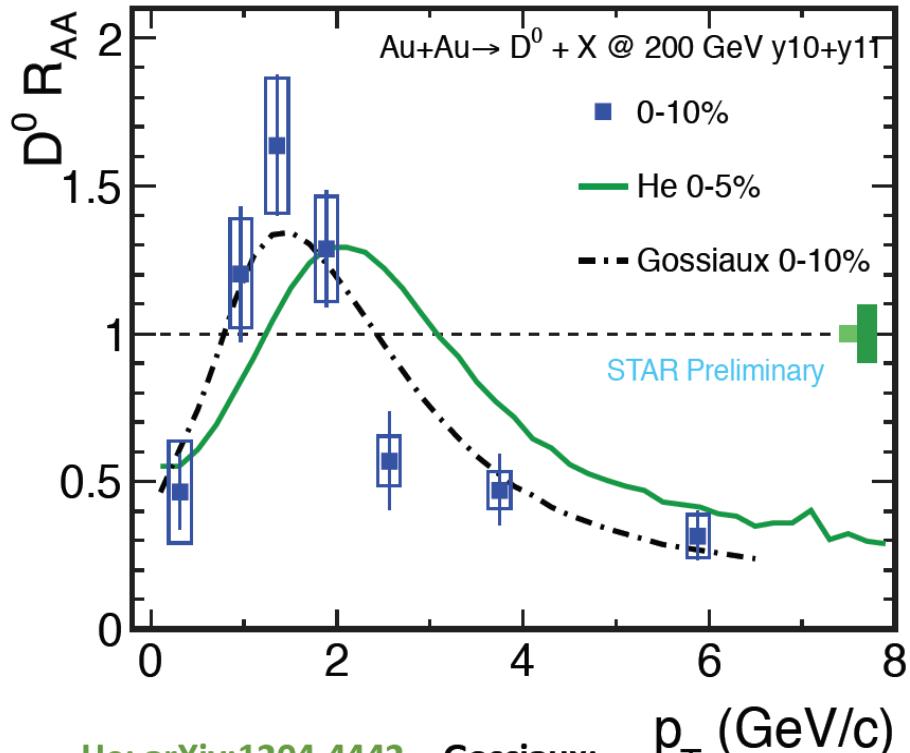
Sizeable charm production in QGP at LHC



STAR, QM12

Experiment ?

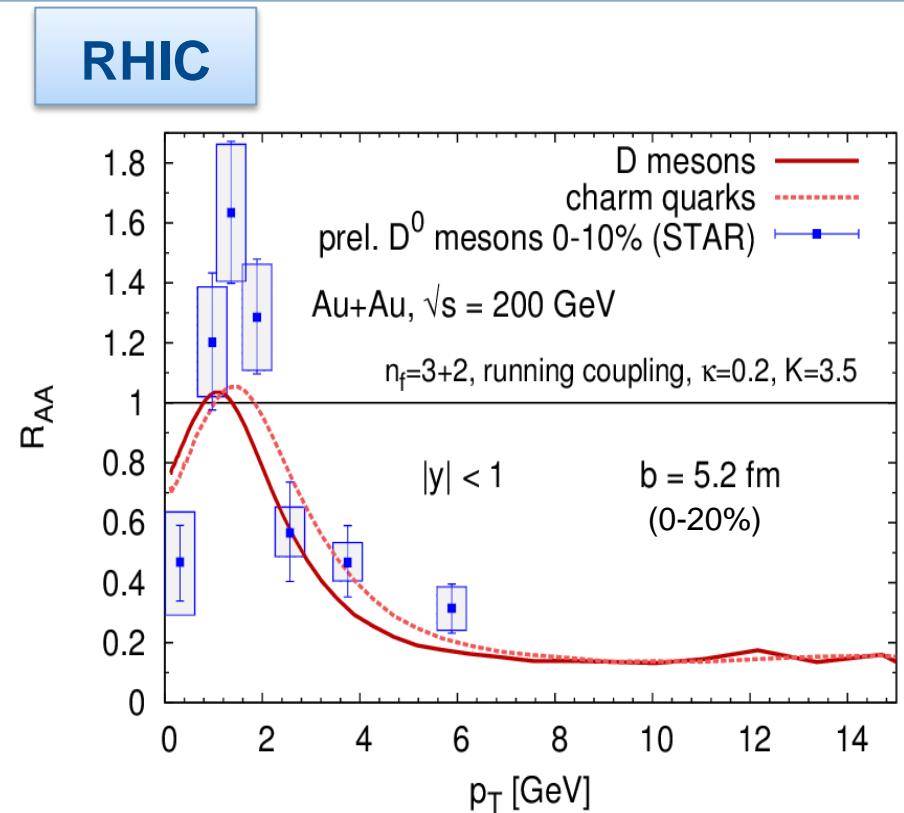
D meson R_{AA} from STAR



He: arXiv:1204.4442
 Focker-Planck
 Resonance
 recombination

Gossiaux: arXiv:1207.5445
 Boltzmann
 pQCD with running coupling

STAR data, QM 2012



JU, Fochler, Xu, Greiner

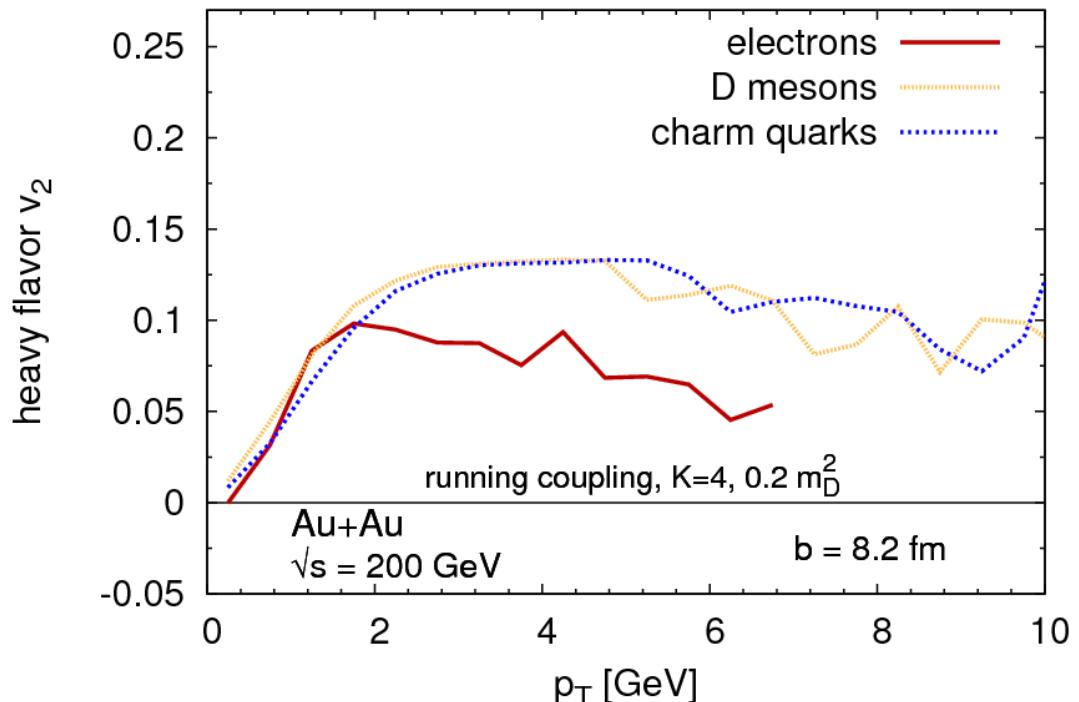
Fragmentation and Decay

- Peterson fragmentation

Peterson et al., Phys. Rev. D27 (1983)

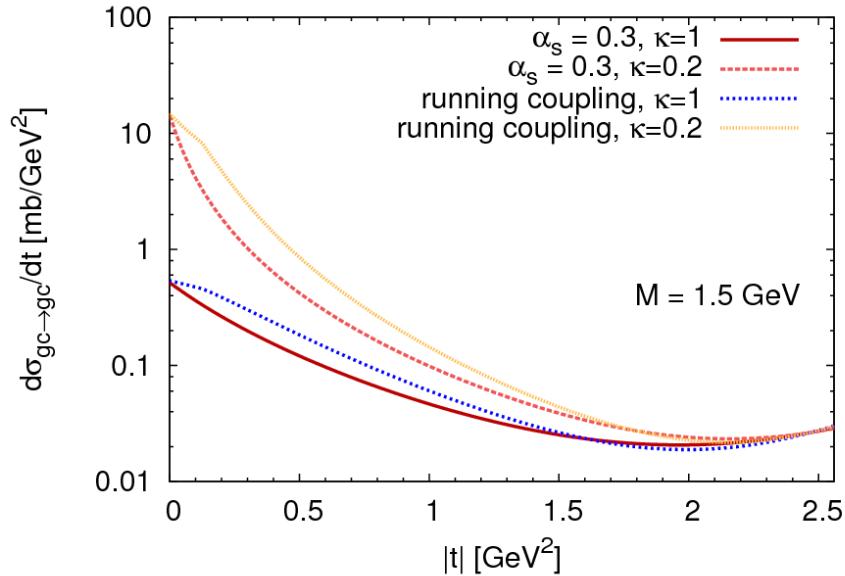
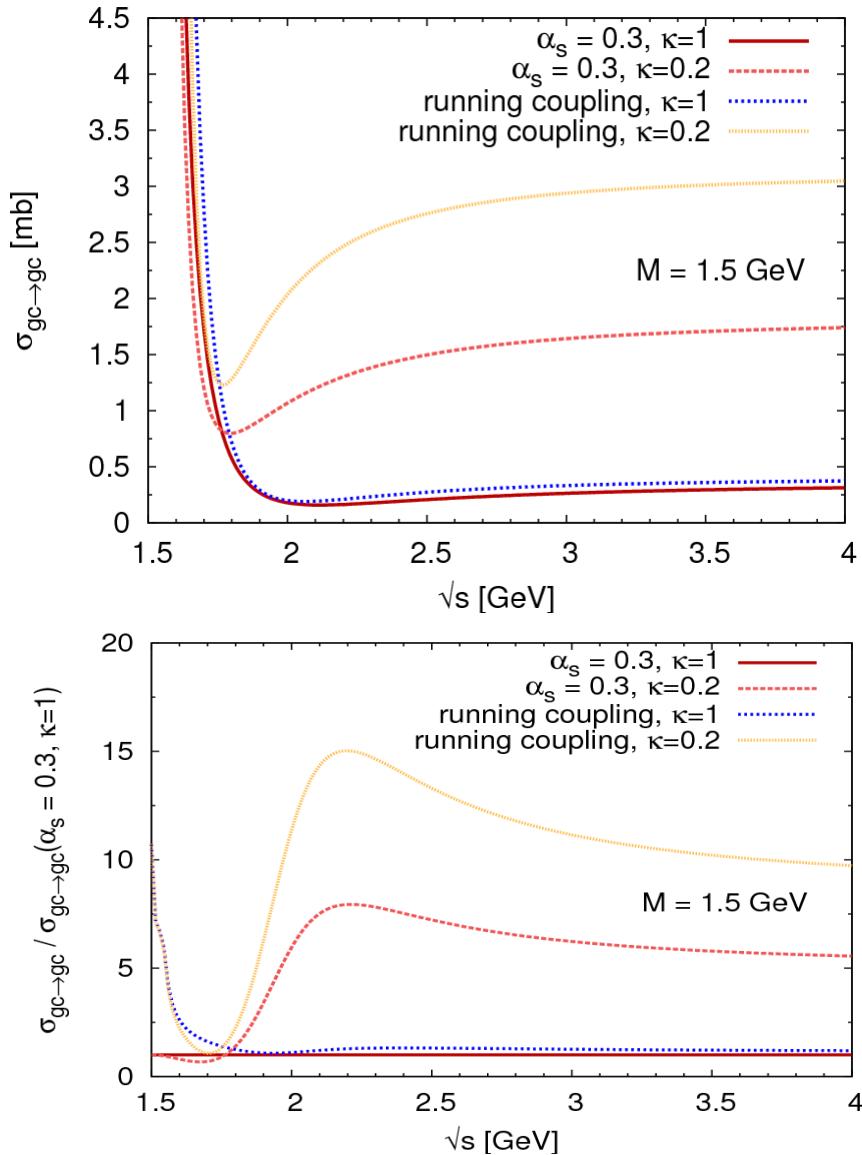
$$D_{H/Q}(z) = \frac{N}{z \left(1 - \frac{1}{z} - \frac{\epsilon_Q}{1-z}\right)^2} \quad z = \frac{|\vec{p}_H|}{|\vec{p}_Q|} \quad \begin{aligned} \epsilon_c &= 0.05 \\ \epsilon_b &= 0.005 \end{aligned}$$

- Decay to electrons with PYTHIA

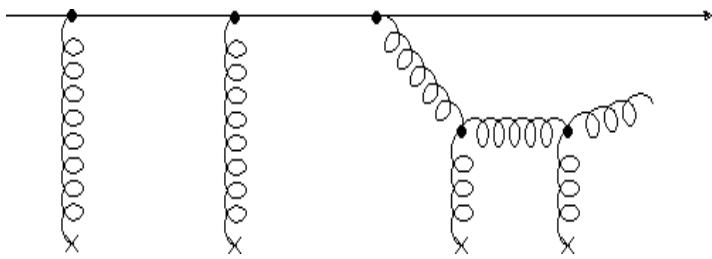


Impact of hadronization and decay small

Heavy quark scattering cross section



LPM effect vs. dead cone effect



$$\lambda > \tau$$

$2 \rightarrow 3$ process only allowed if mean free path of jet larger than formation time of radiated gluon

→ Independent scatterings

