



# CMS Higgs Searches

## Measurements in the $b\bar{b}$ and $\tau\tau$ channels

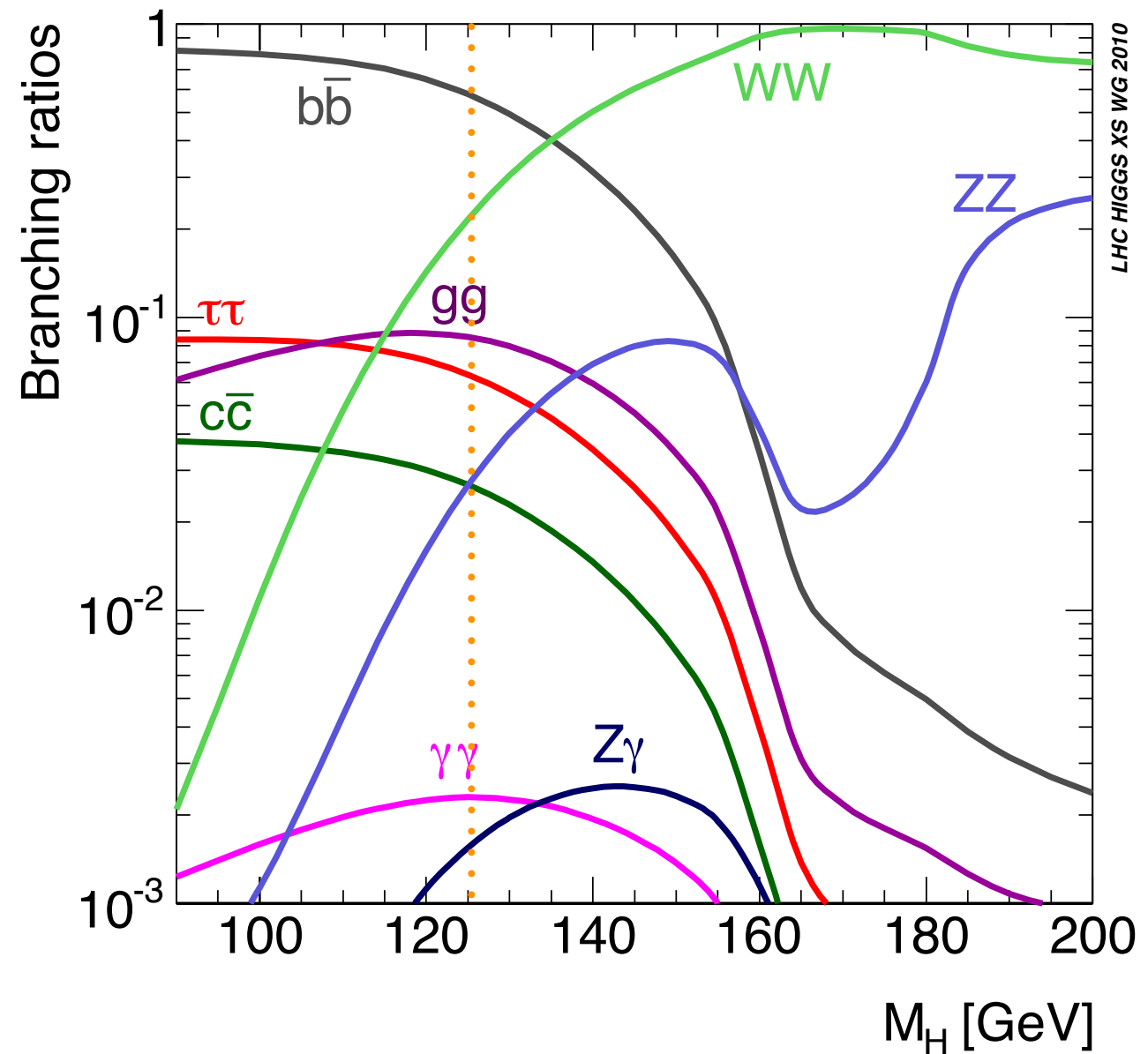
Roberval Walsh  
DESY  
*for the CMS Collaboration*



XI LISHEP - Workshop on High Energy Physics

Rio de Janeiro, 17<sup>th</sup> to 24<sup>th</sup> March, 2013

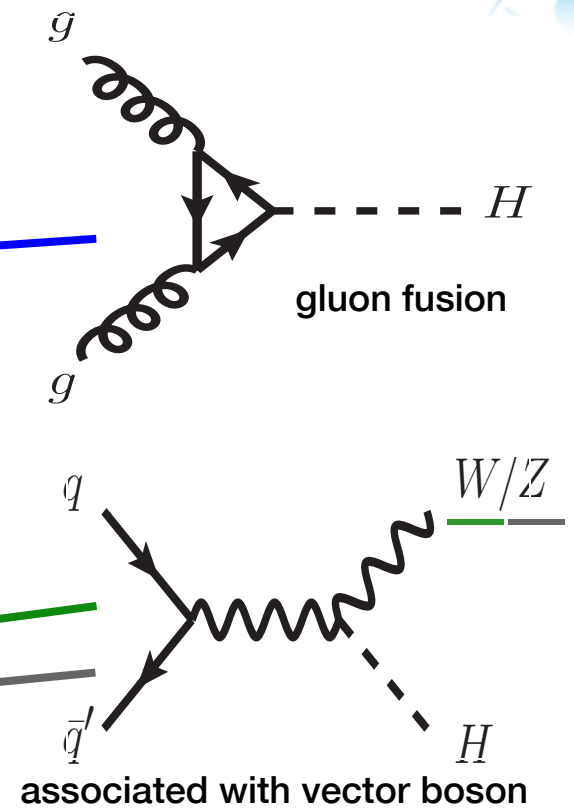
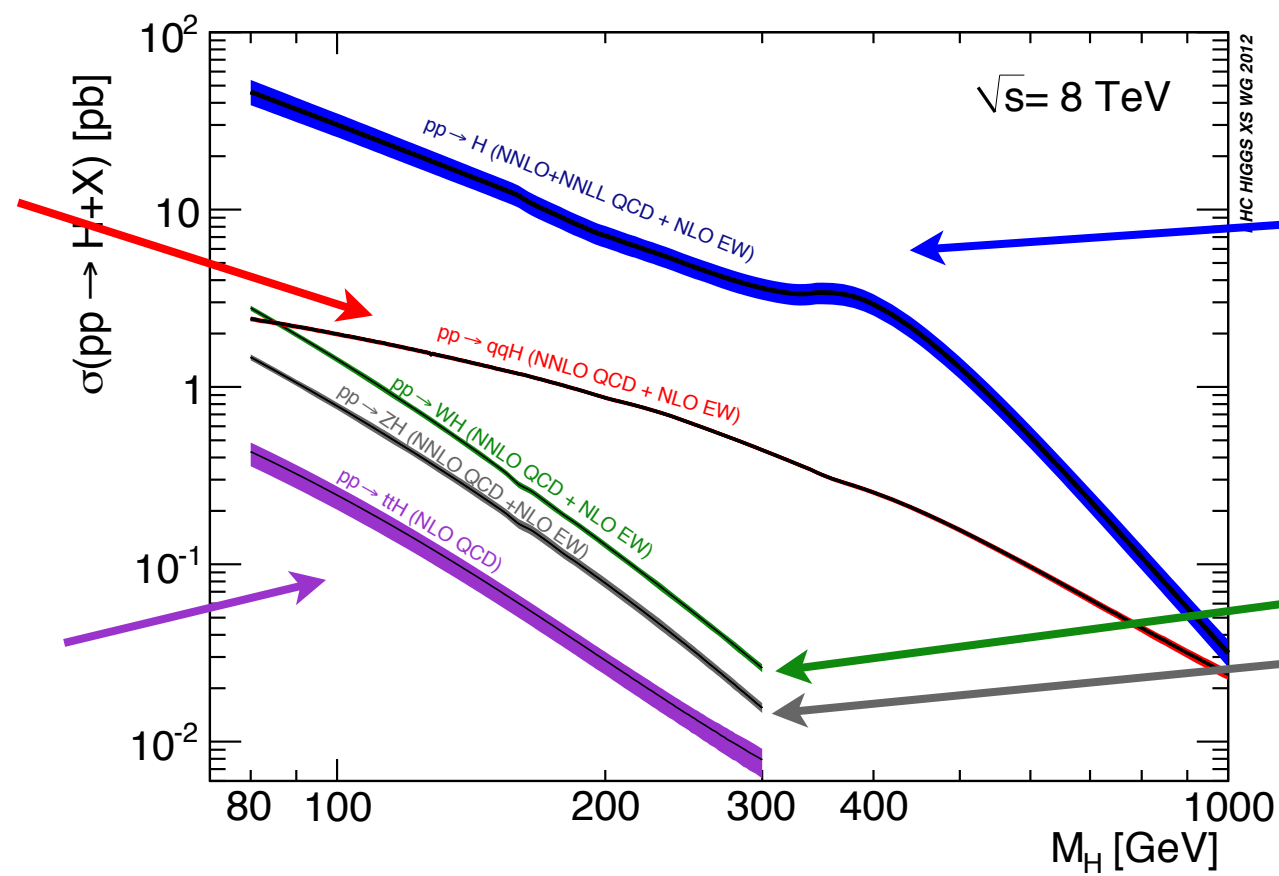
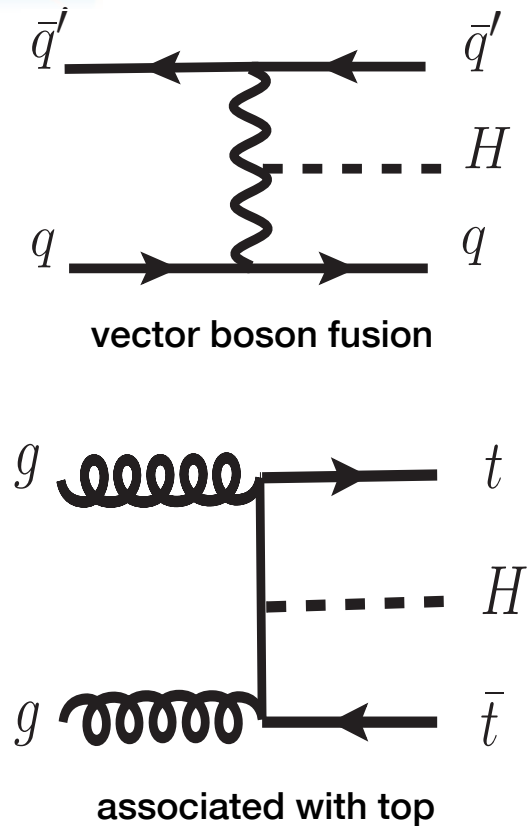
- H(125) discovery summer 2012: 5 fb<sup>-1</sup> (7 TeV) + 5 fb<sup>-1</sup> (8 TeV).
- Confirmation with full 7+8 TeV datasets: 5 fb<sup>-1</sup> (7 TeV) + 19.4 fb<sup>-1</sup> (8 TeV).
- Observation driven by the high-resolution channels  $\gamma\gamma$  and ZZ.
- Does it couple to fermions directly\*? How?



\*  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  gives indirect evidence that  $H$  couples to quarks, but not to leptons.



# CMS searches for SM Higgs into fermions



Decay mode	Production	Channels	Luminosity		Documents
			7 TeV	8 TeV	
bb	VH	13	5 fb <sup>-1</sup>	12.1 fb <sup>-1</sup>	CMS PAS HIG-12-044
	ttH	20	5 fb <sup>-1</sup>	5.1 fb <sup>-1</sup>	arXiv:1303.0763
ττ	gluon fusion	9 (+8)	4.9 fb <sup>-1</sup>	19.4 fb <sup>-1</sup>	CMS PAS HIG-13-004
	VBF	5			
	VH	12	5 fb <sup>-1</sup>	19.5 fb <sup>-1</sup>	CMS PAS HIG-12-053

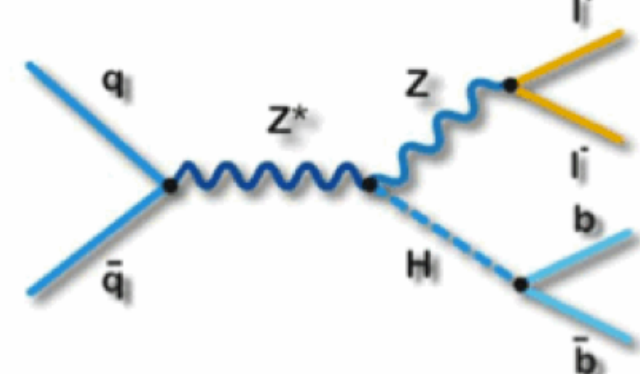
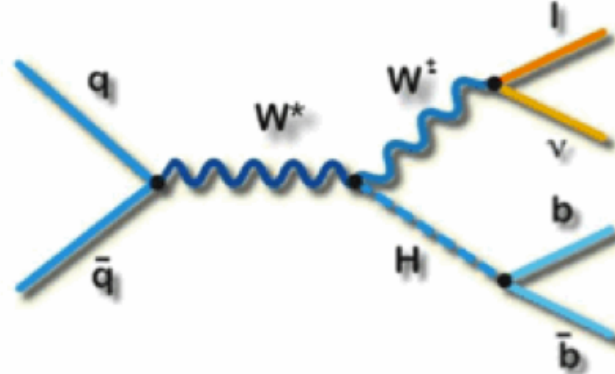
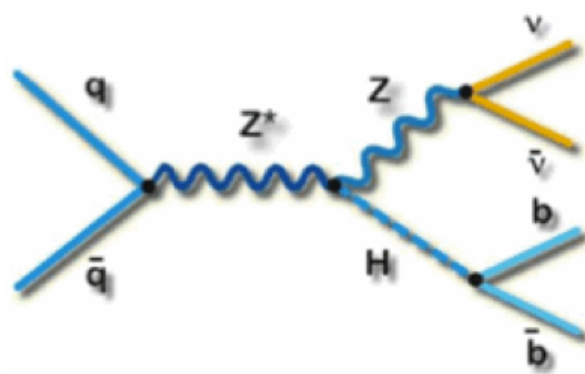


# SM $H \rightarrow bb$ searches



# VH, $H \rightarrow bb$ : Analysis strategy

CMS PAS HIG-12-044



- Search in associated production with W or Z: final states with leptons, MET and b-jets.

- Topologies:  $Z(\nu\nu)H(bb)$ ,  $W(\ell\nu)H(bb)$ ,  $Z(\ell\ell)H(bb)$   
 $\ell = e, \mu$

- General strategy:

- Boosted vector boson (V) and di-jet (H)
- b-jet energy regression
- Boosted decision tree (BDT) shape analysis

- Main backgrounds: V+jets, tt, VV, single top

- V+jets, tt normalisation estimated from data in control regions

(last updated for HCP 2012)

7 TeV (2011)	8 TeV (2012)
5 fb <sup>-1</sup>	12 fb <sup>-1</sup>



# VH, H → bb : Event pre-selection and MVA

## Event pre-selection

Variable	W( $l\nu$ )H	Z( $l\ell$ )H	Z( $\nu\nu$ )H
$m_{\ell\ell}$	–	[75 – 105]	–
$p_T(j_1)$	> 30	> 20	> 60
$p_T(j_2)$	> 30	> 20	> 30
$p_T(jj)$	> 120	–	> 130
$m(jj)$	< 250	[80 – 150] (< 250)	< 250
$p_T(V)$	[120 – 170] (> 170)	[50 – 100] (> 100)	–
CSV <sub>max</sub>	> 0.40	> 0.50 (> 0.244)	> 0.679
CSV <sub>min</sub>	> 0.40	> 0.244	> 0.244
CSV <sub>min</sub> <sup>loose</sup>	– (< 0.40)	–	– (< 0.244)
$N_{aj}$	= 0	–	= 0
$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	> 45 (elec)	–	[130 – 170] (> 170)
$\Delta\phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \text{jet})$	–	–	> 0.5
$\Delta\phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, E_T^{\text{miss}(\text{trks})})$	–	–	< 0.5
$\Delta\phi(V, H)$	–	–	> 2.0

- Pre-selection for the BDT training.
- Categorisation: [low-pT] (high-pT) and (high-pT) with loose b-tag

- **BDT inputs** →
- Results obtained from fits of the shape of the BDT output.
  - ~20% improvement wrt to cut & count

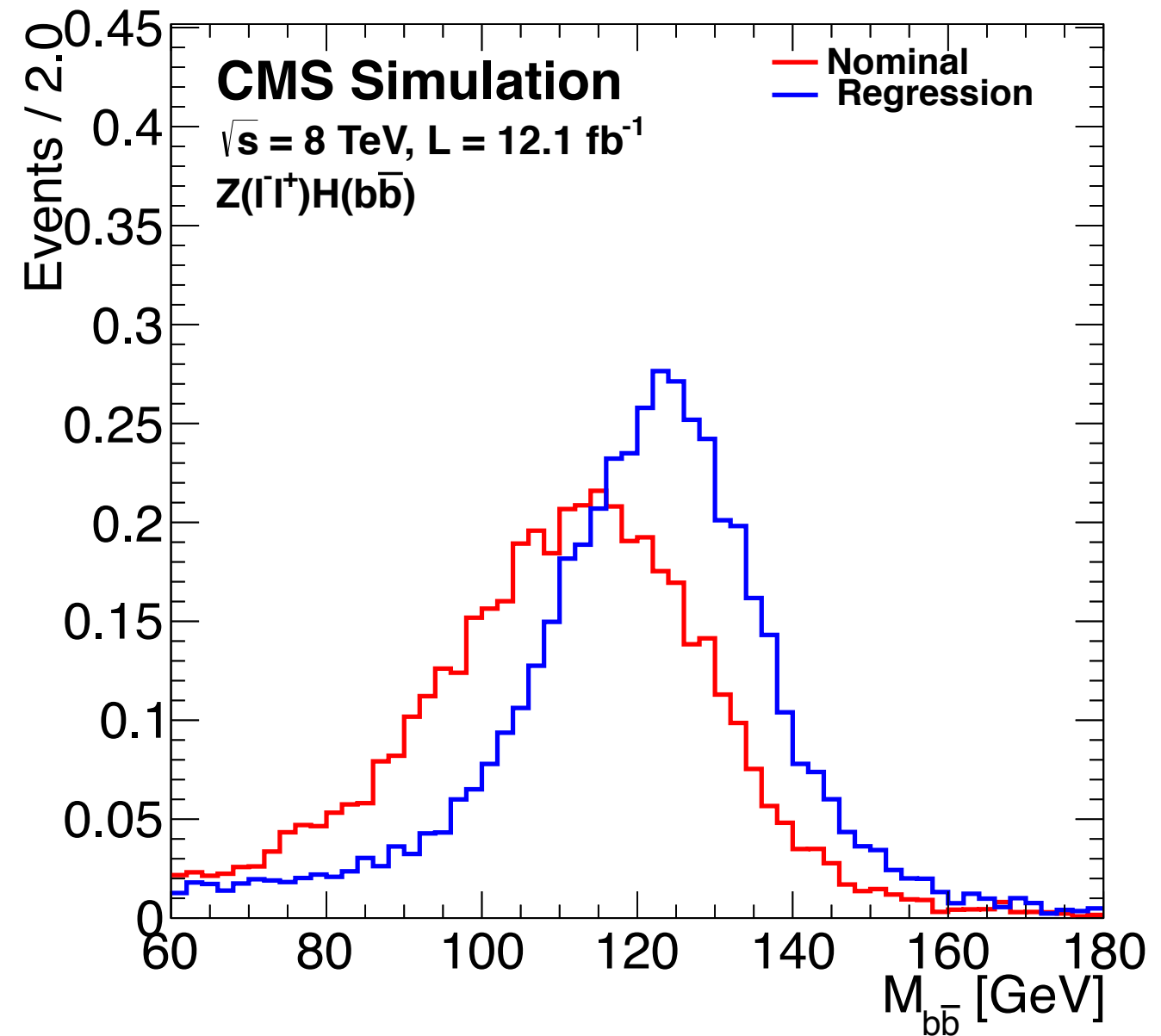
### Variable

- $p_{Tj}$ : transverse momentum of each Higgs daughter
- $m(jj)$ : dijet invariant mass
- $p_T(jj)$ : dijet transverse momentum
- $p_T(V)$ : vector boson transverse momentum (or  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ )
- CSV<sub>max</sub>: value of CSV for the Higgs daughter with largest CSV value
- CSV<sub>min</sub>: value of CSV for the Higgs daughter with second largest CSV value
- $\Delta\phi(V, H)$ : azimuthal angle between V (or  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ ) and dijet
- $|\Delta\eta(jj)|$ : difference in  $\eta$  between Higgs daughters
- $\Delta R(jj)$ : distance in  $\eta$ - $\phi$  between Higgs daughters
- $N_{aj}$ : number of additional jets
- $\Delta\phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \text{jet})$ : azimuthal angle between  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  and the closest jet (only for Z( $\nu\nu$ )H)
- $\Delta\theta_{\text{pull}}$ : color pull angle [35]



# VH, $H \rightarrow bb$ : b-jet energy regression

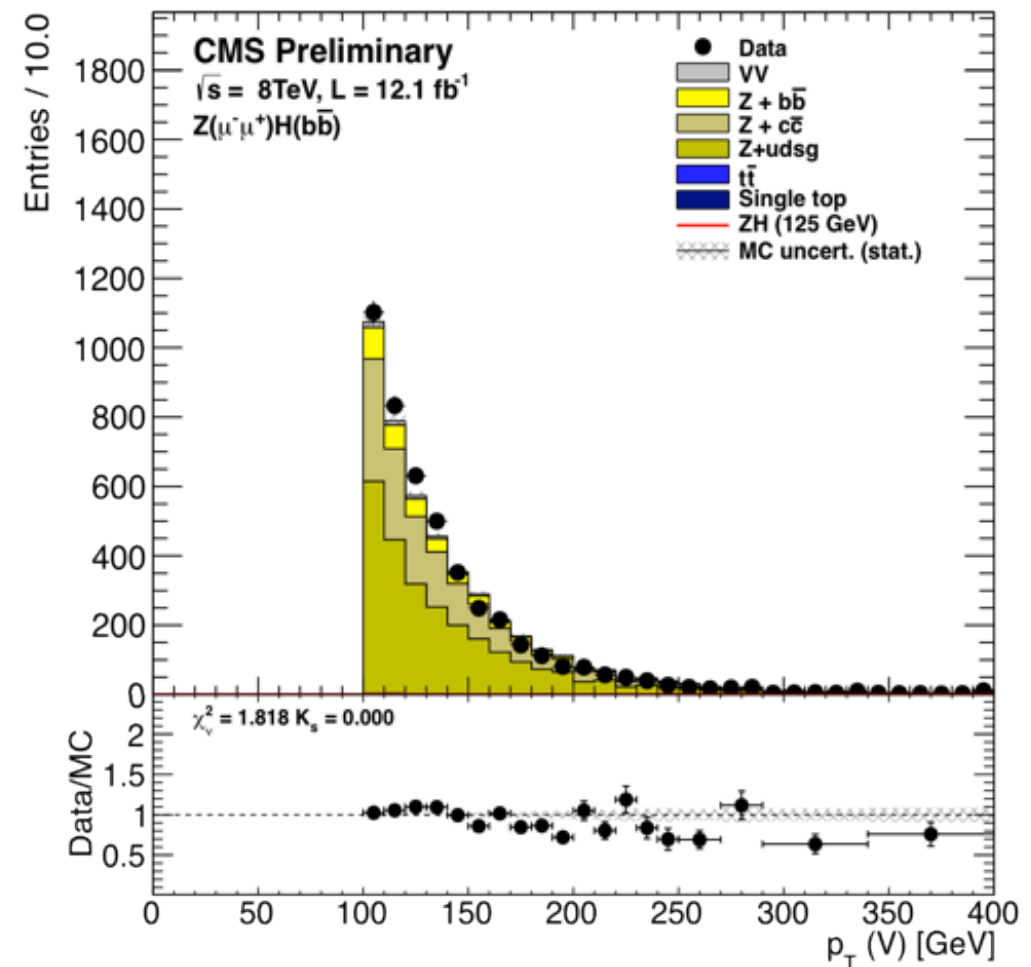
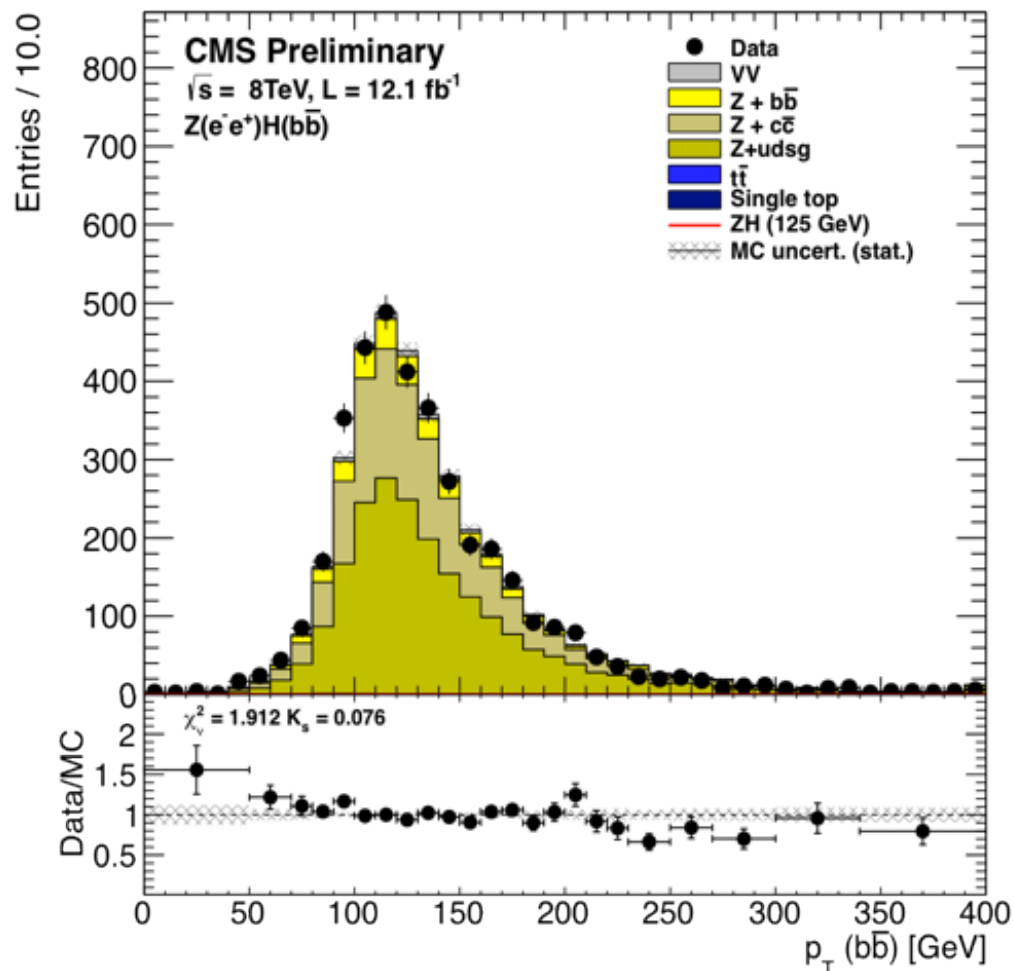
- BDT regression trained on VH signal events using various jet + soft lepton variables.
- Better mass resolution ( $\sim 15\%$ )  
→ 10-20% improvement in sensitivity.
- Extensive validation on data and MC, e.g.,  $p_T$  balance in  $Z(\ell\ell)+bb$  and reconstructed top quark mass



# VH, $H \rightarrow bb$ : Background estimates

- V+jets and tt Monte Carlo yields corrected by scale factors (SF) from data control regions.
- SF obtained from simultaneous fits to the distributions of discriminating variables.
- Good agreement observed in calibration regions.

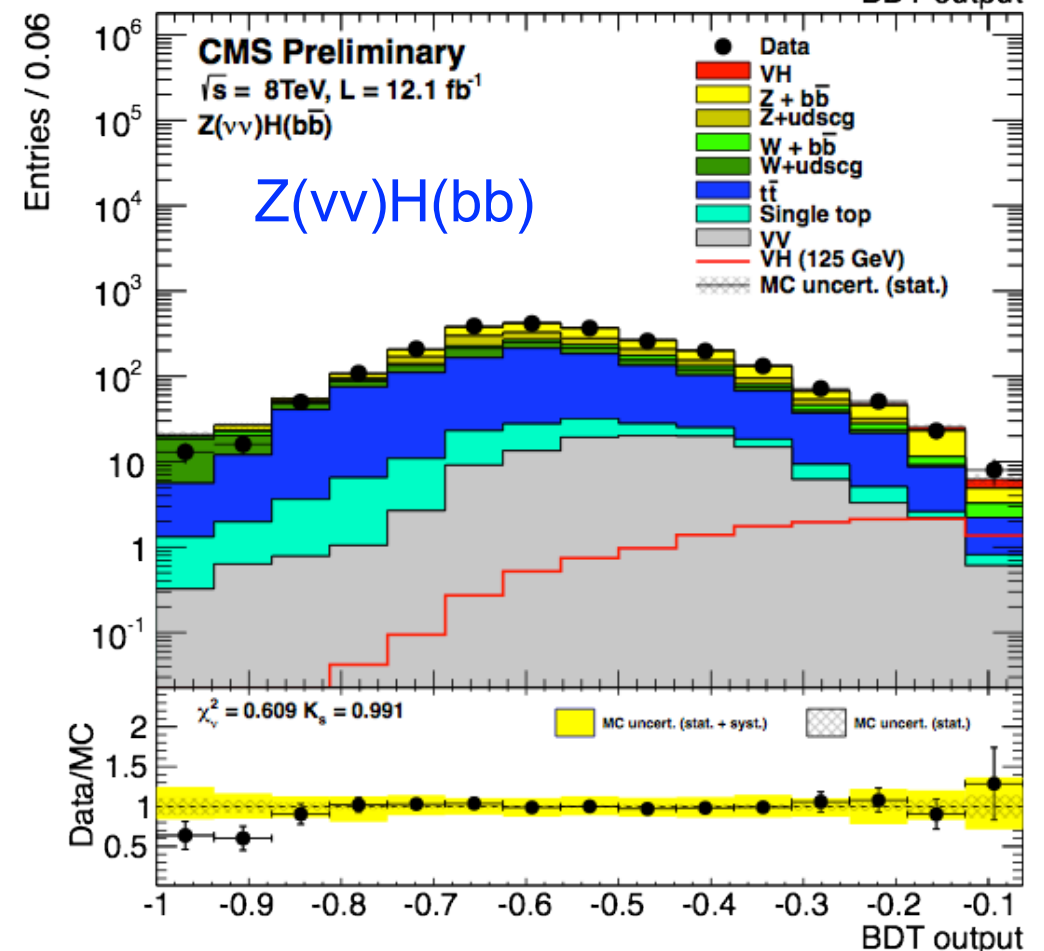
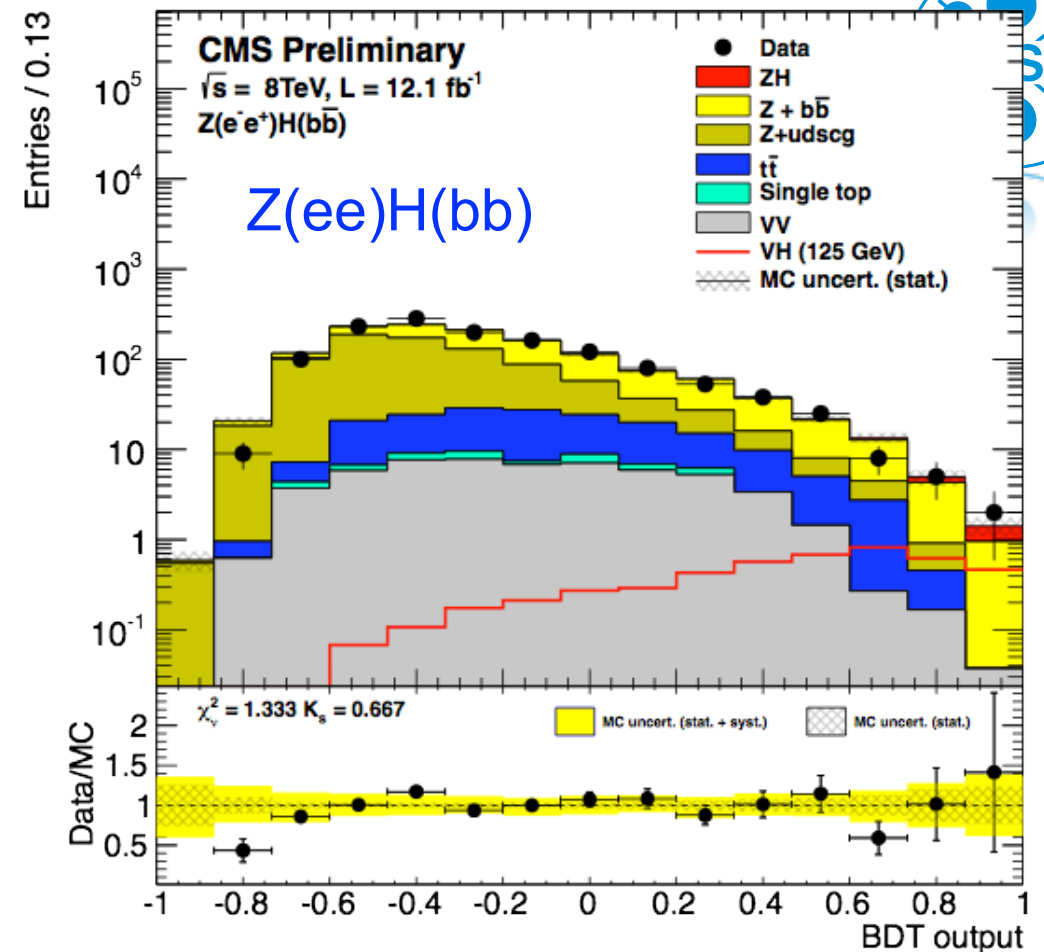
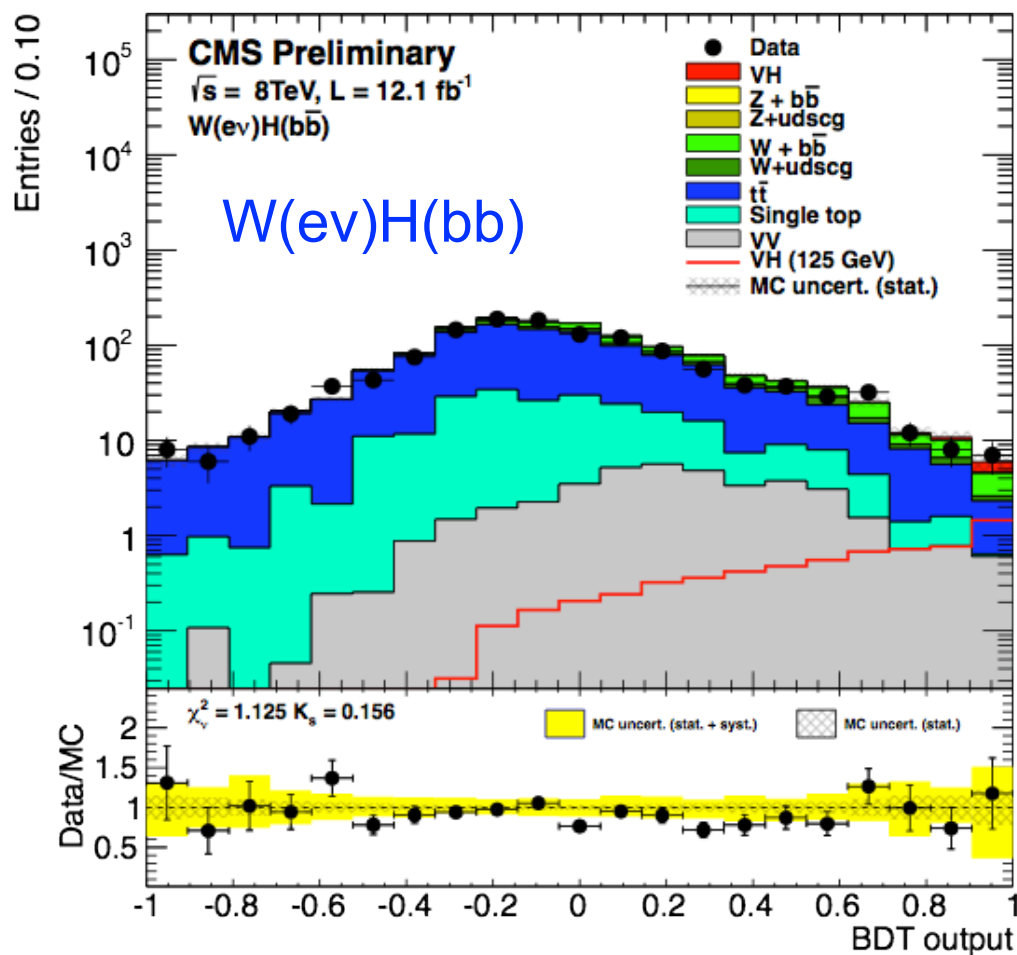
Z+ light jets enriched control region





# VH, $H \rightarrow bb$ : BDT analysis

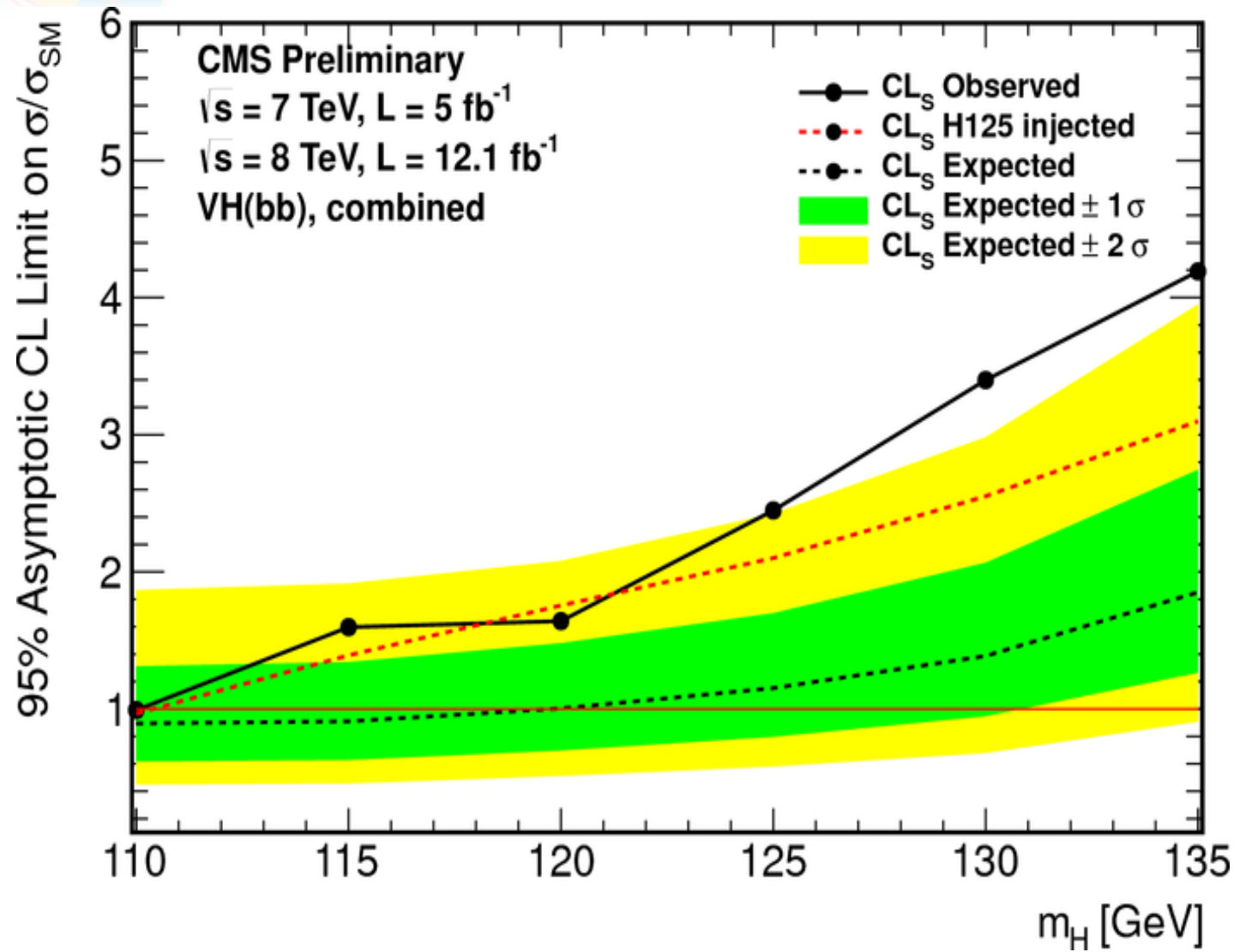
- Examples of final BDT distributions at high  $p_{T(M)}$ , 8 TeV
- Excess of events observed for all channels in the BDT fit.





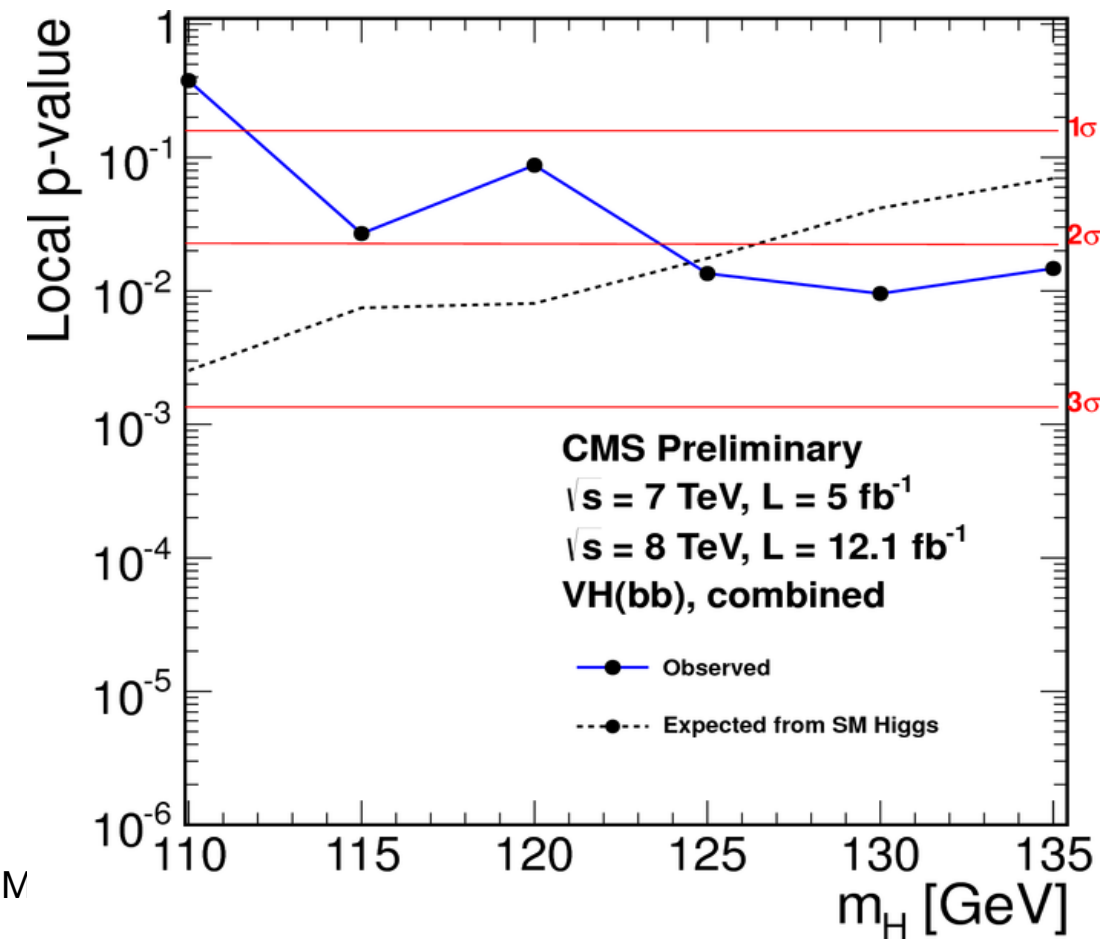
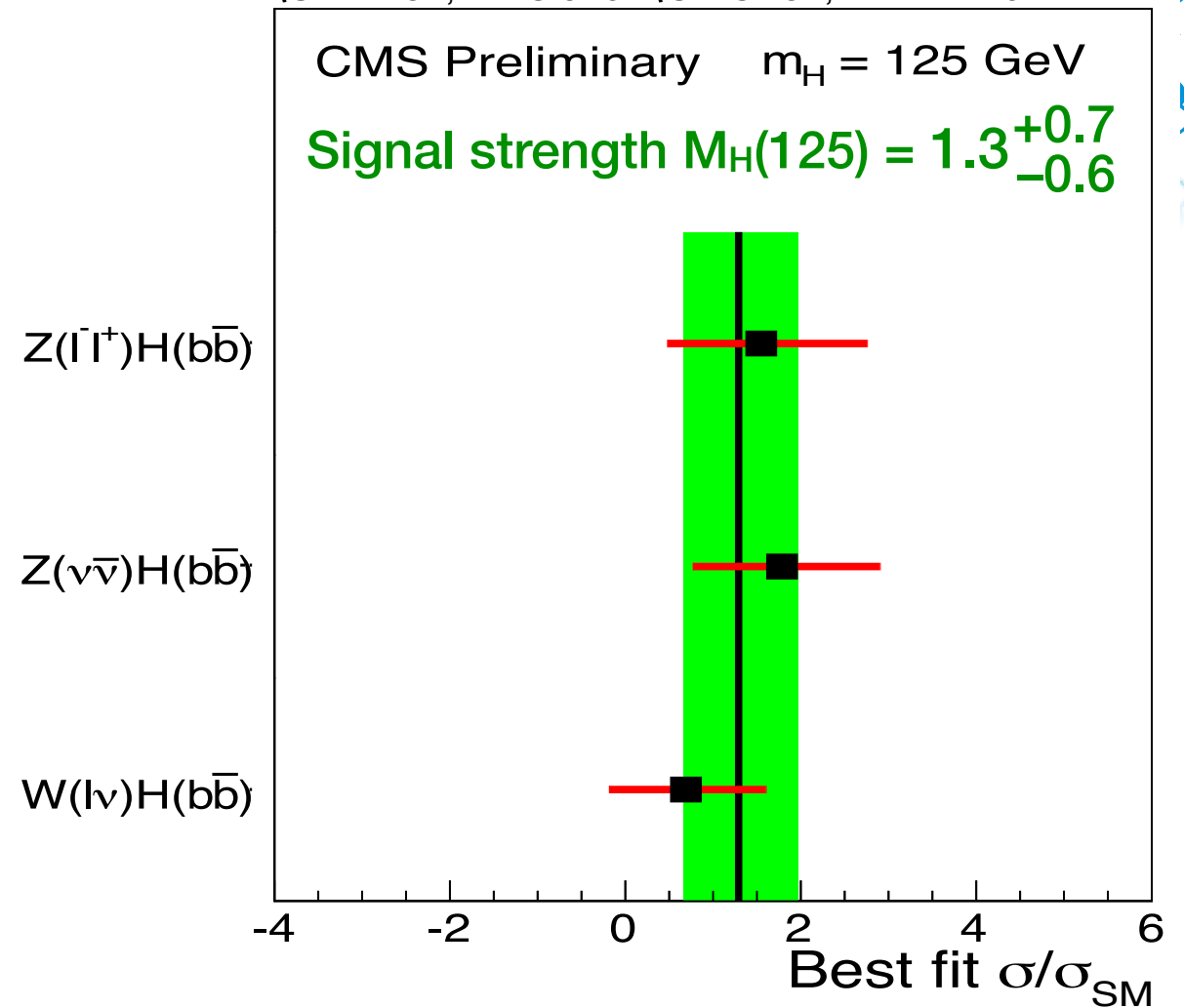


# VH, H → bb : Results

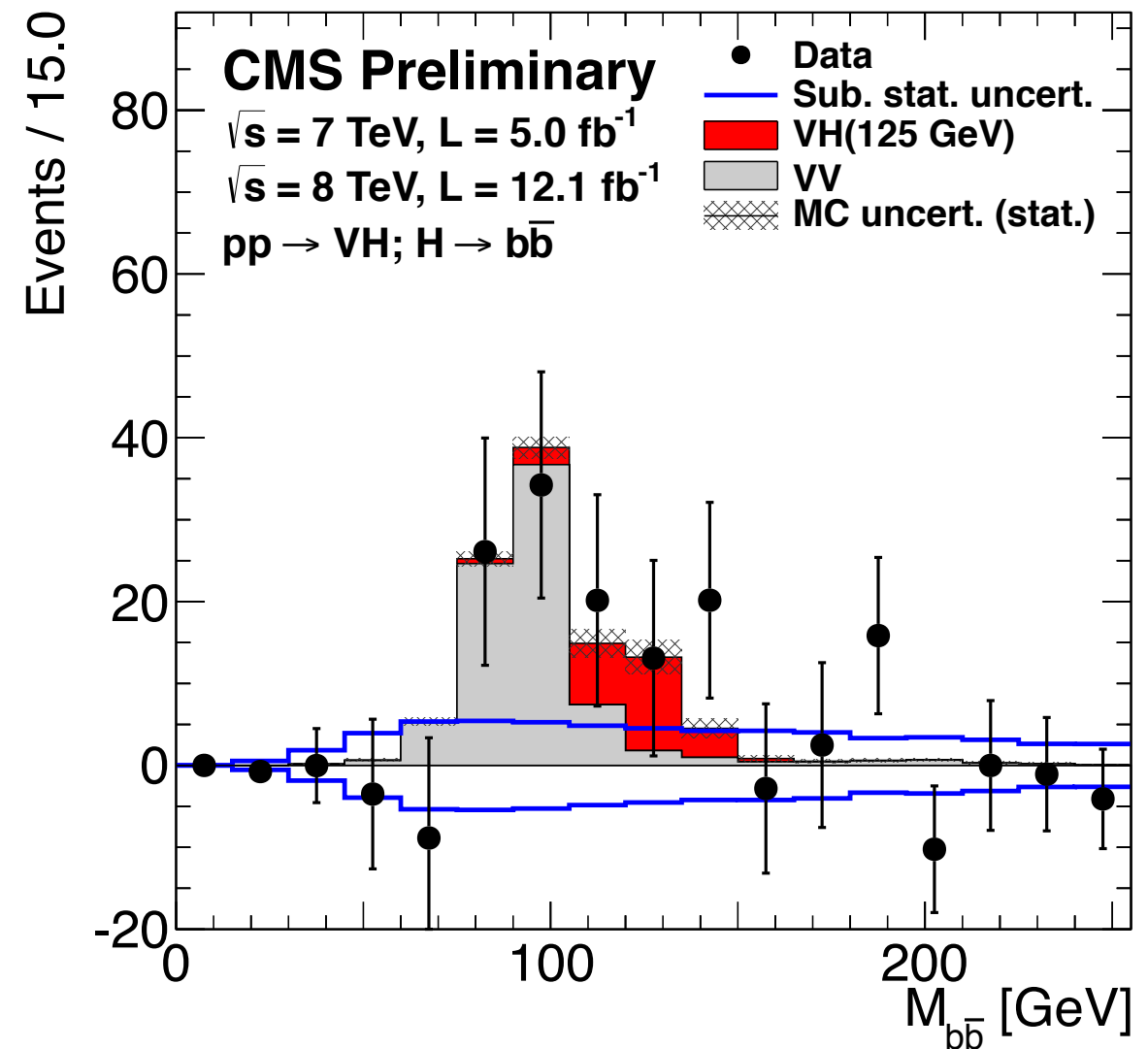
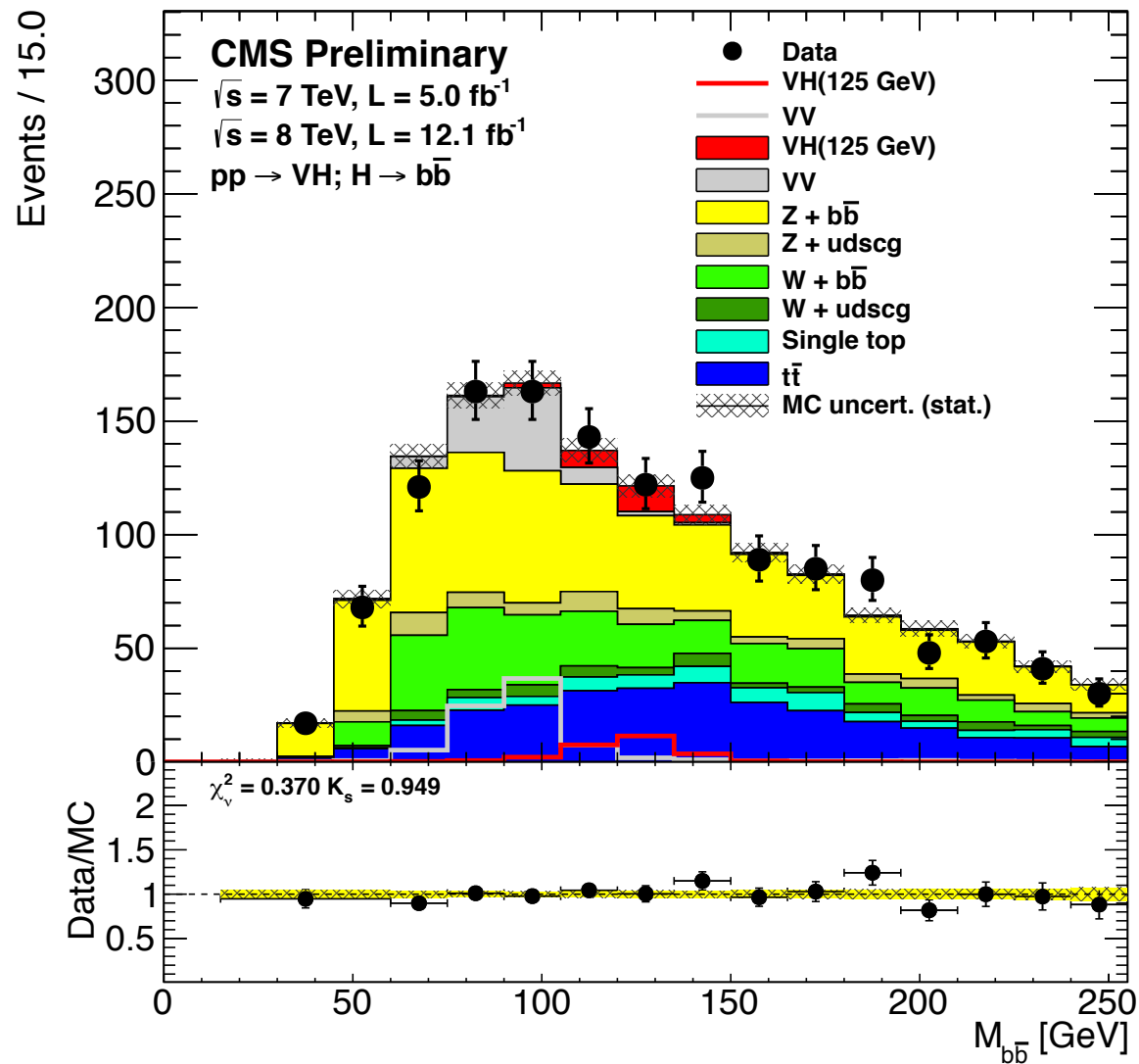


- Reached SM sensitivity < 120 GeV.
- Significance of the excess at  $m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$ 
  - Observed = 2.2σ, Expected = 2.1σ
  - [Tevatron 2.8σ and 1.5σ, respectively]

$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}, L = 5.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$   $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}, L = 12.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



# VH, $H \rightarrow bb$ : $M_{bb}$ distribution



- Tighter cut-based selection for  $M_{bb}$ .
- Small excess in the signal region observed in the  $M_{bb}$  distribution
- Vector boson pair (VV) is showing up and is well described!



# ttH, H → bb analysis



CMS PAS HIG-12-035  
arXiv:1303.0763

- Main opportunity to directly probe the ttH vertex.
  - Challenging!

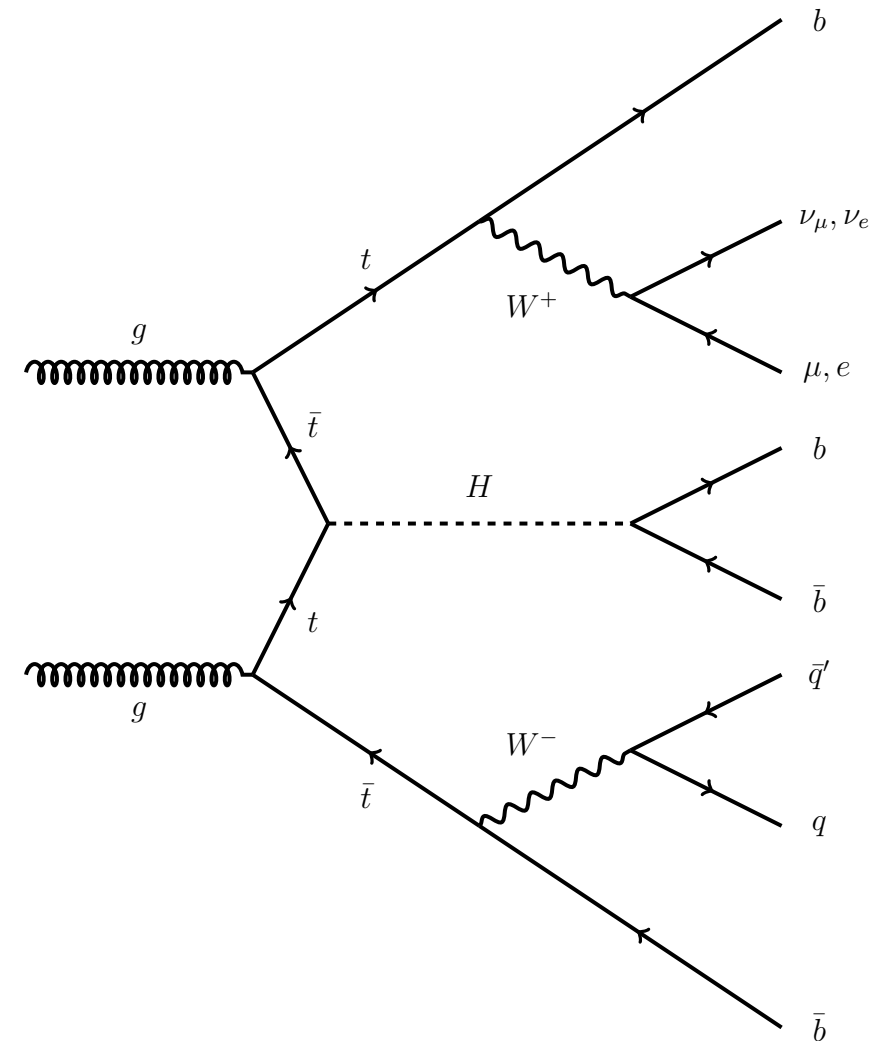
## • Categorisation

- di-lepton ( $\ell\ell$ ) and lepton+jet ( $\ell$ +jets),  $\ell = e, \mu$
- number of jets ( $\geq 2$ ) and b-tags ( $\geq 2$ )

## • Data

7 TeV (2011)	8 TeV (2012)
5 fb <sup>-1</sup>	5.1 fb <sup>-1</sup>

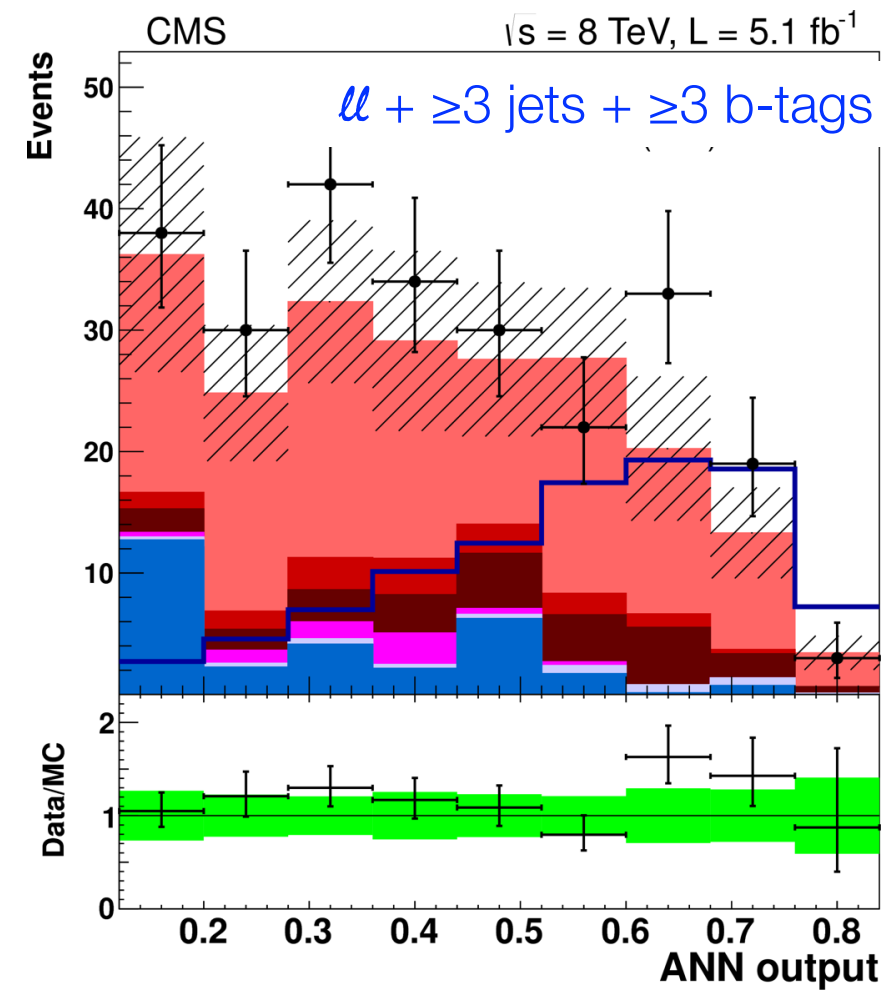
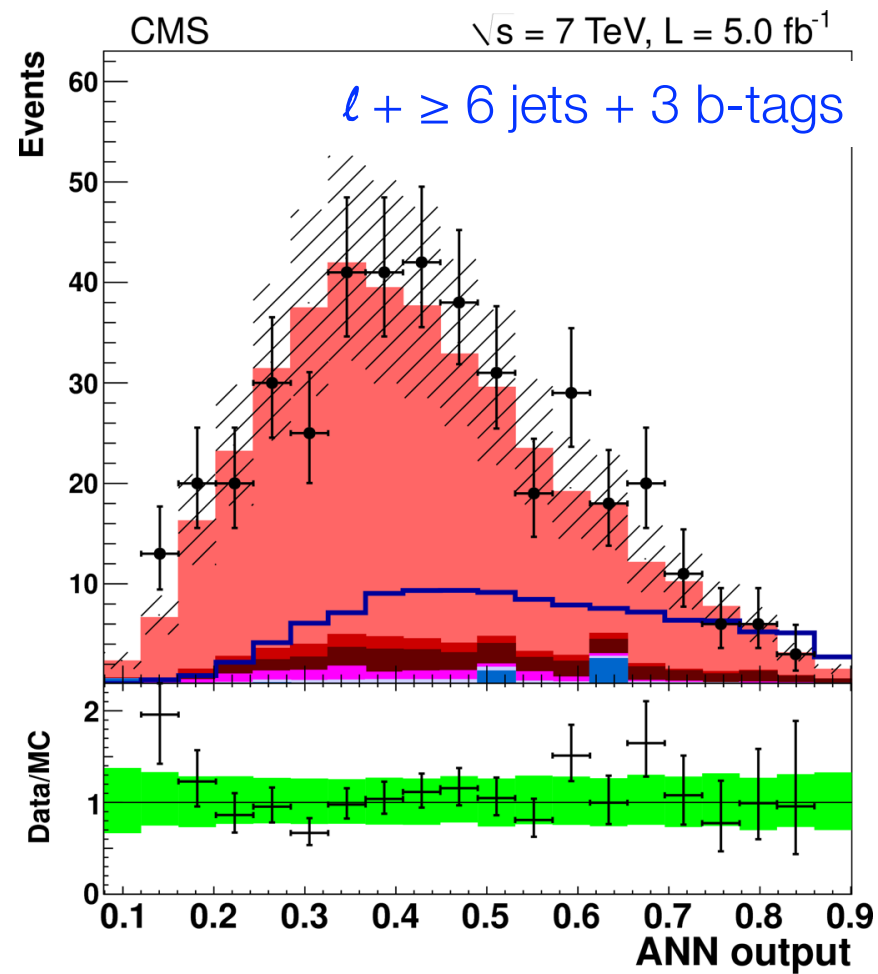
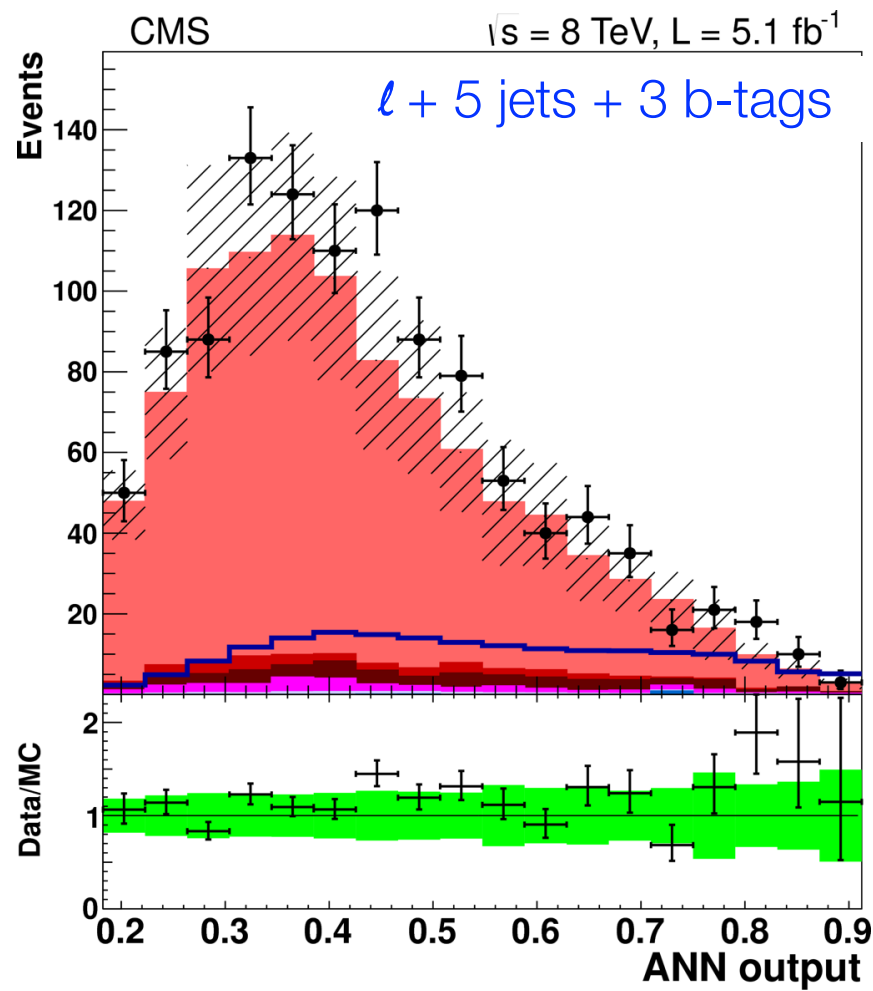
- Main backgrounds from tt+light jets/cc/bb.
- Signal extraction
  - Simultaneous fit of neural network (ANN) shape.
  - Main inputs to ANN: b-tag, kinematic and angular correlations.







# $t\bar{t}H$ , $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ : ANN analysis

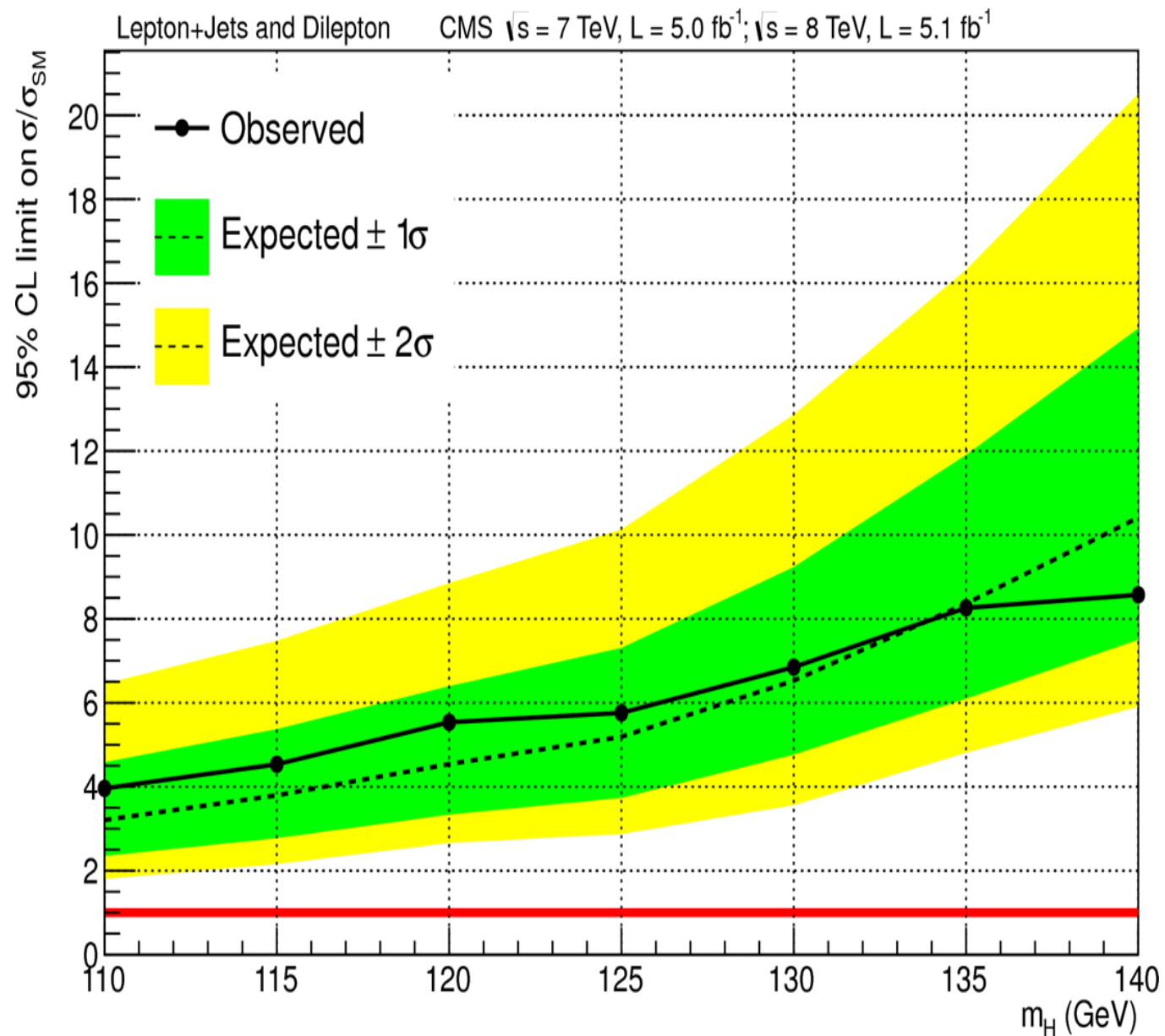


- Good agreement between data and background.





# $ttH, H \rightarrow bb$ : Results



- Lepton+jet channel is the most sensitive, di-lepton improves by 5-10%.
- No evidence of an excess.
- 95% CL upper limits on cross section at  $m_H(125)$ :
  - Expected =  $5.2 \times \sigma_{SM}$
  - Observed =  $5.8 \times \sigma_{SM}$

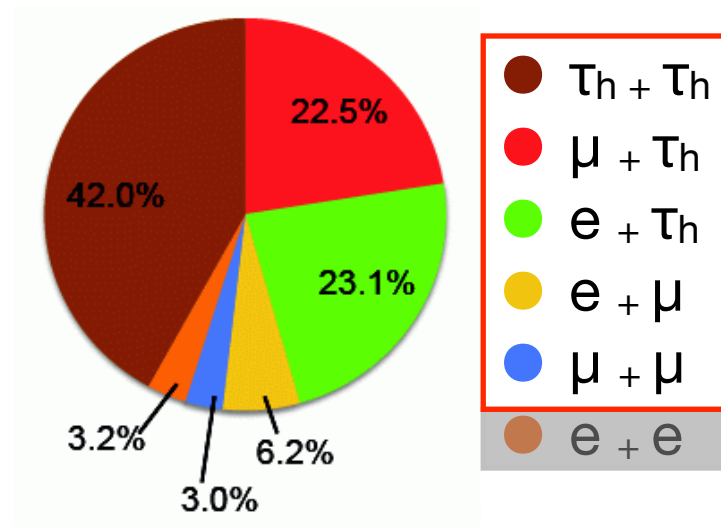


# SM $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ searches



# H → ττ : Analysis strategy

- Inclusive H → ττ decay patterns  
**CMS PAS HIG-13-004**



*included in  
CMS analysis*  
( $\tau_h$  : hadronic decay)

- Associated production with vector bosons, VH  
**CMS PAS HIG-12-053**

- WH:  $ll\tau_h, \tau_h\tau_h\ell$
  - ZH:  $ll\tau\tau$
- $\ell = e, \mu$

- Data

7 TeV (2011)	8 TeV (2012)
5 fb <sup>-1</sup>	19 fb <sup>-1</sup>

- Selection (inclusive search)

- Isolated and well-identified e, μ and τ<sub>h</sub>
- Topological cuts (MVA in μμ channel) to suppress backgrounds
- Categorisation based on number of jets and p<sub>T</sub>(τ)
- Template fit to m<sub>ττ</sub> shape ( m<sub>ττ</sub> × m<sub>μμ</sub> in the μμ channel )



# $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : Event categories

- Event classification according to the number of jets and the  $p_T$  of ...
  - the visible  $\tau_h$  ( $\mu\tau_h, e\tau_h$ ) or
  - the hardest lepton ( $\mu\mu, e\mu$ )

	0 jets	1 jet	2 jets (VBF)
$e\mu$ $\mu\mu$	Low $p_T$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• background calibration</li> <li>• no signal extracted</li> </ul>	Low $p_T$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Large statistics</li> </ul>	$e\mu, \mu\tau_h, e\tau_h$ : minimum $m_{jj}$ and $ \Delta\eta_{jj} $ requirements, central jet veto
$\mu\tau_h$ $e\tau_h$	High $p_T$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• background calibration</li> <li>• no signal extracted</li> </ul>	High $p_T$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Better <math>m_{\tau\tau}</math> resolution</li> <li>• Suppressed <math>Z \rightarrow \tau\tau</math> background</li> </ul>	$\mu\mu$ : MVA selection
$\tau_h\tau_h$	×	Minimum Higgs candidate $p_T$	Minimum $m_{jj}$ and $ \Delta\eta_{jj} $ requirements.  Minimum Higgs candidate $p_T$

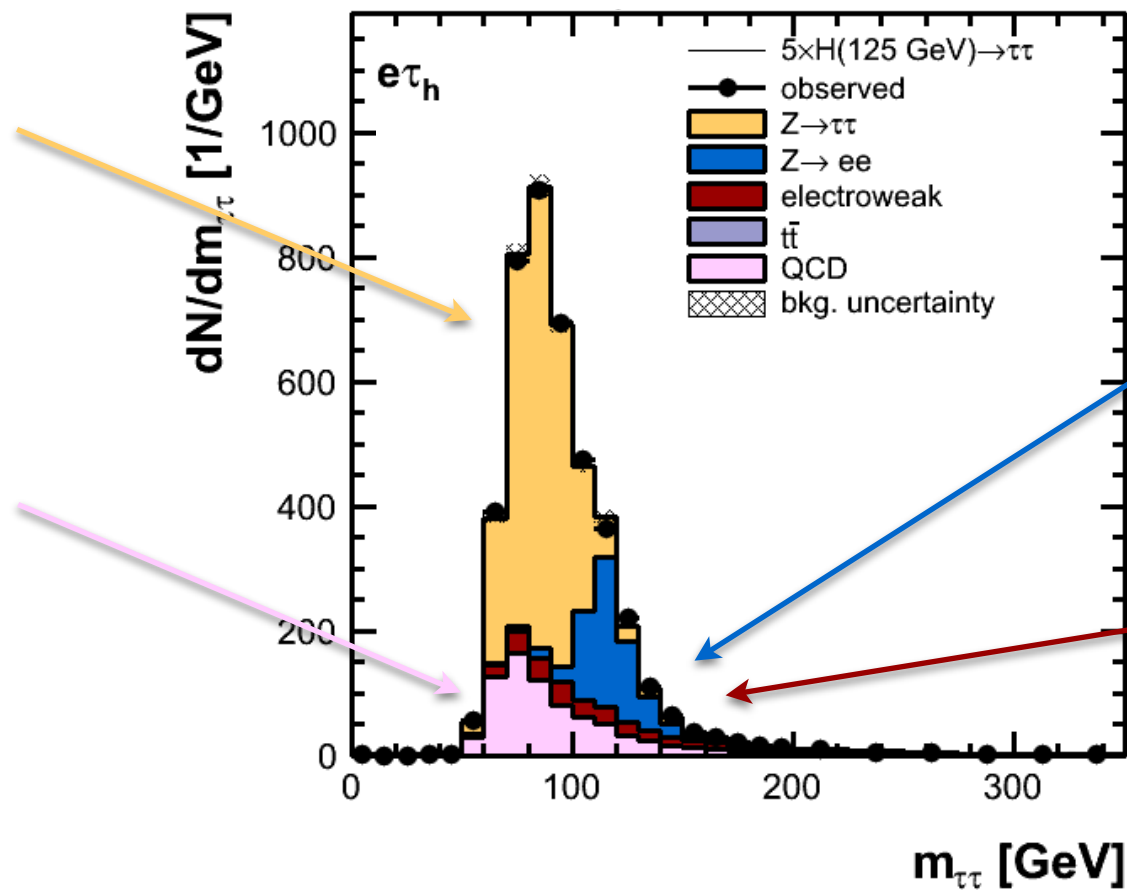
# $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : Background estimation

$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : Embedding, replace  $\mu$  in  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  events by simulated  $\tau$  decays; normalised by  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  events.

QCD: Normalisation and shape from SS/OS

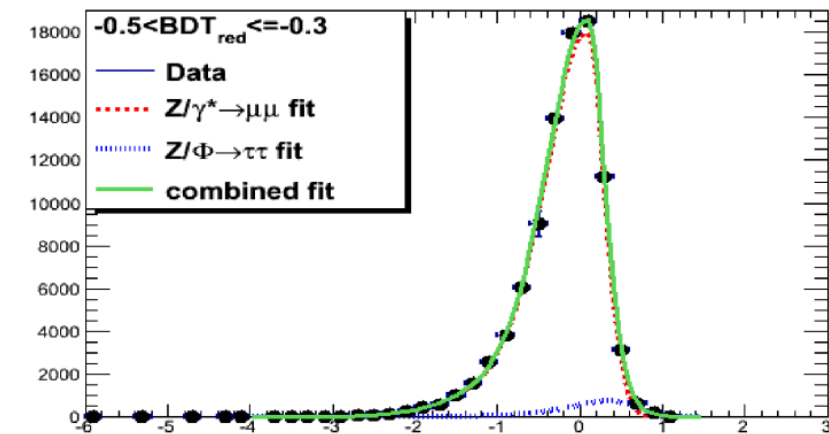
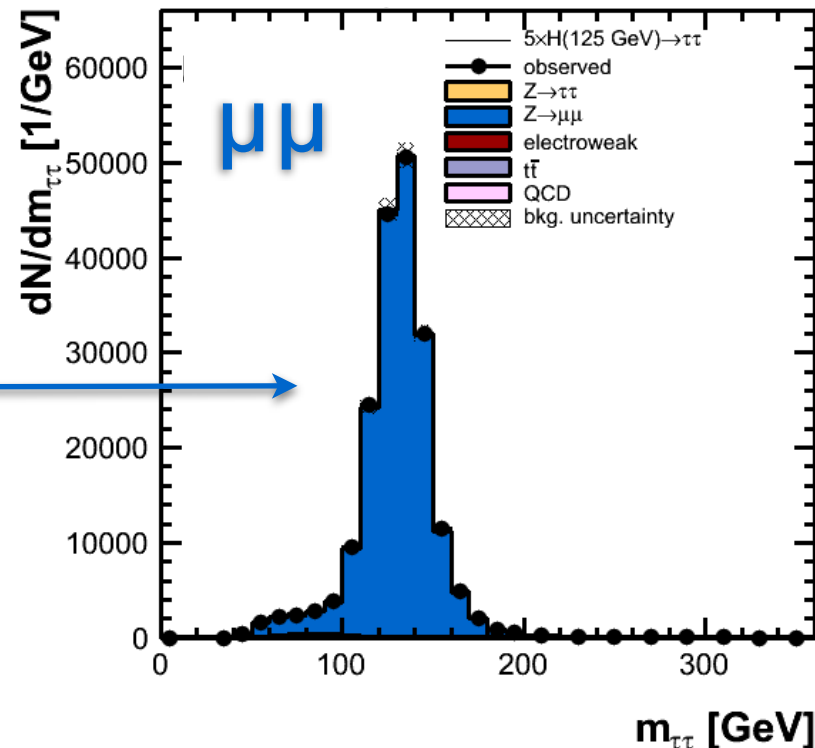
$t\bar{t}$ : shape from simulation; normalisation from sideband

$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  for the  $\mu\mu$  channel: shape from MC; normalisation from template fits to DCA significance

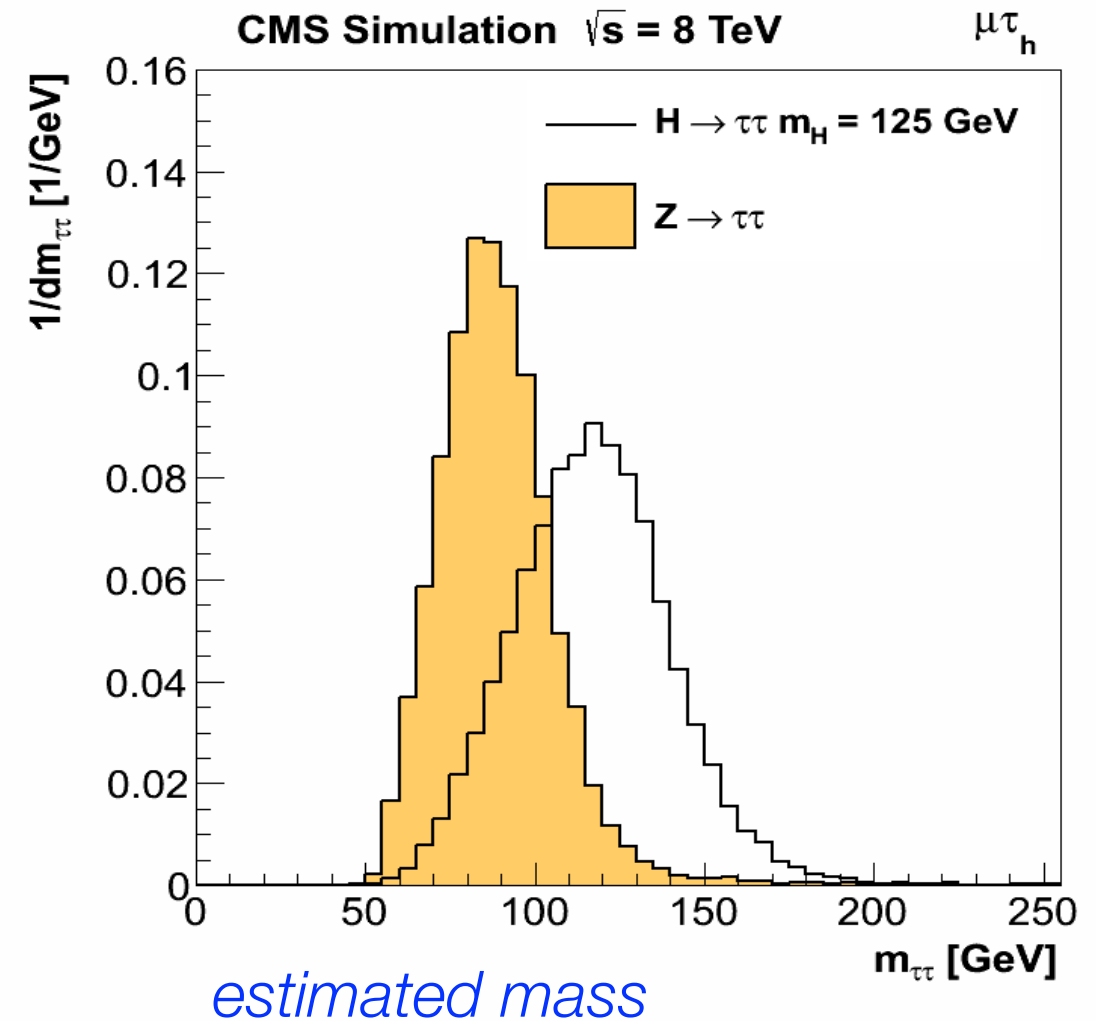
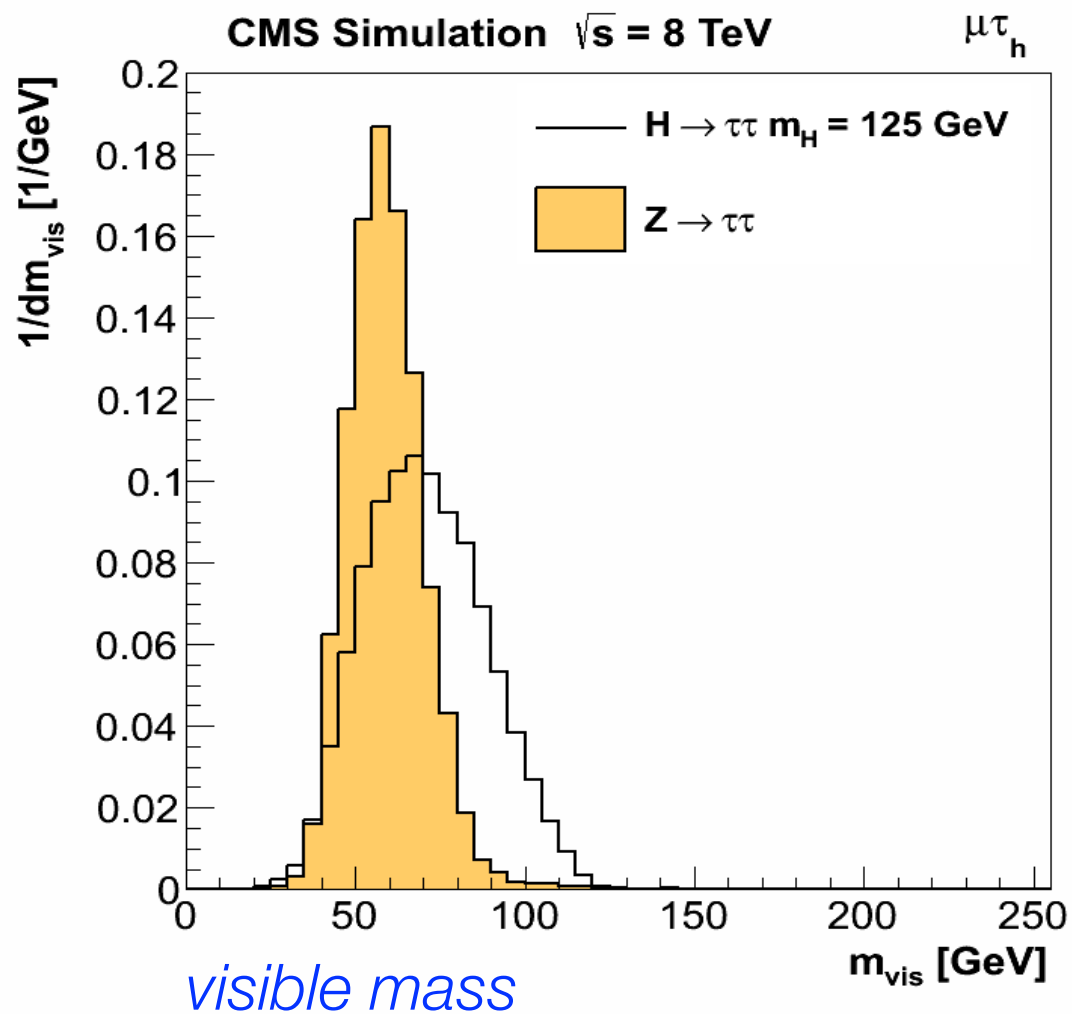


$Z \rightarrow ee/\mu\mu$ : from simulation, corrected for jet  $\rightarrow \tau$ ,  $e/\mu \rightarrow \tau$  fake rate

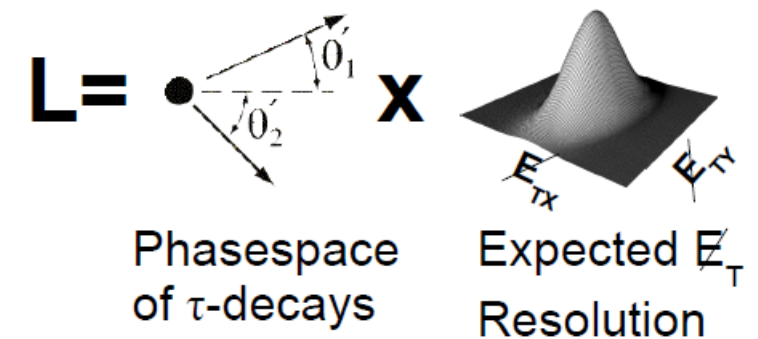
Di-boson/W+jets: shape from simulation; normalisation from sideband



# $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : Reconstruction of $\tau$ -pair mass



- Invariant mass of  $\tau\tau$  determined using a maximum likelihood fit.
- Estimated on event-by-event basis using four-momenta of visible decay products,  $E_x^{miss}$ ,  $E_y^{miss}$ , expected  $E_T^{miss}$  resolution

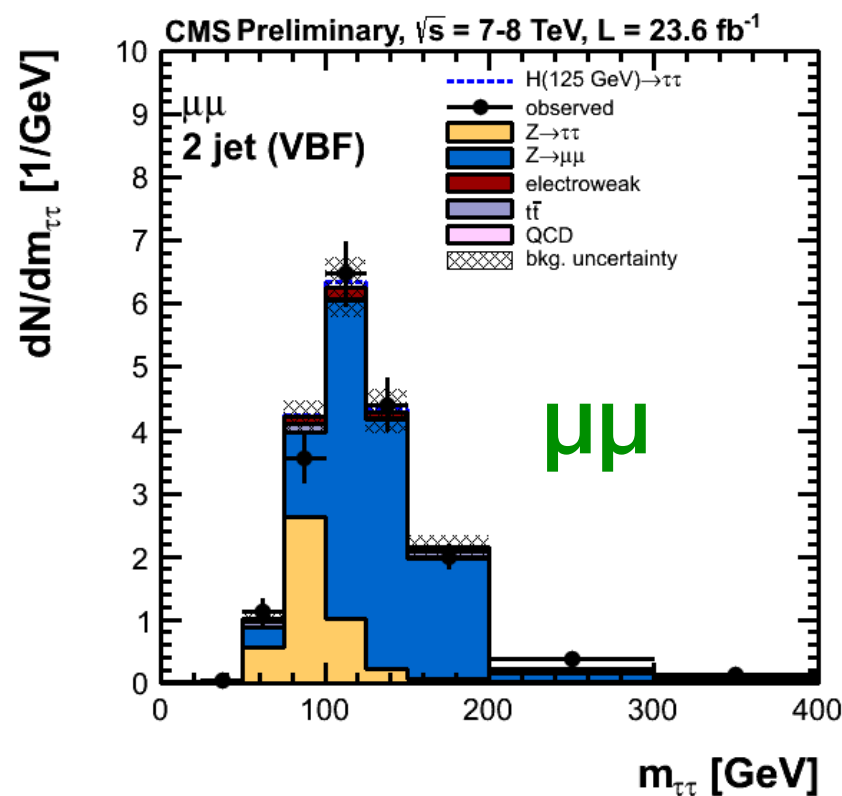
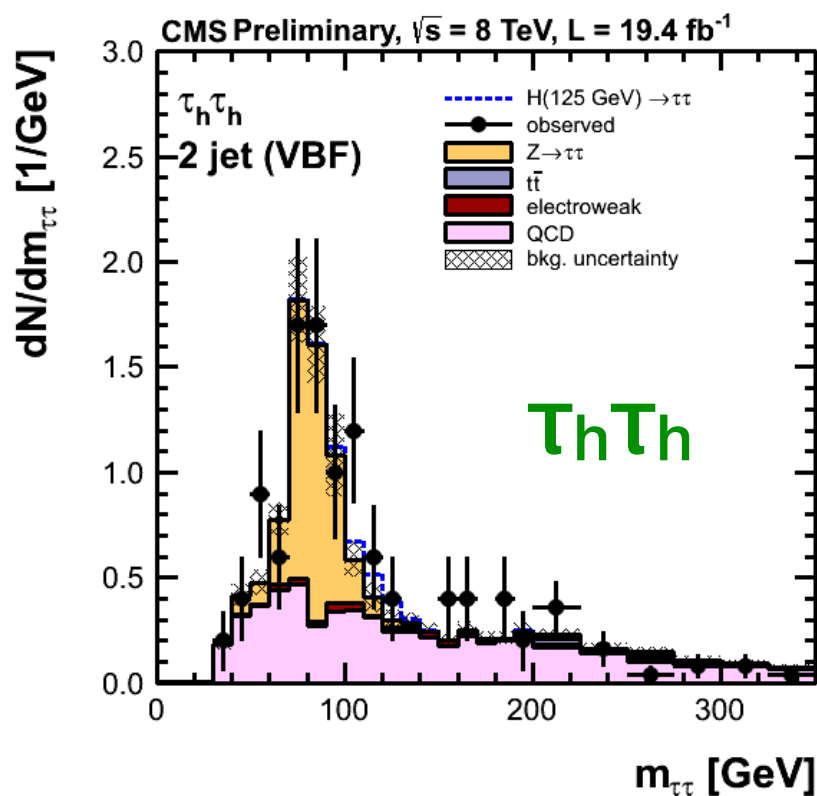
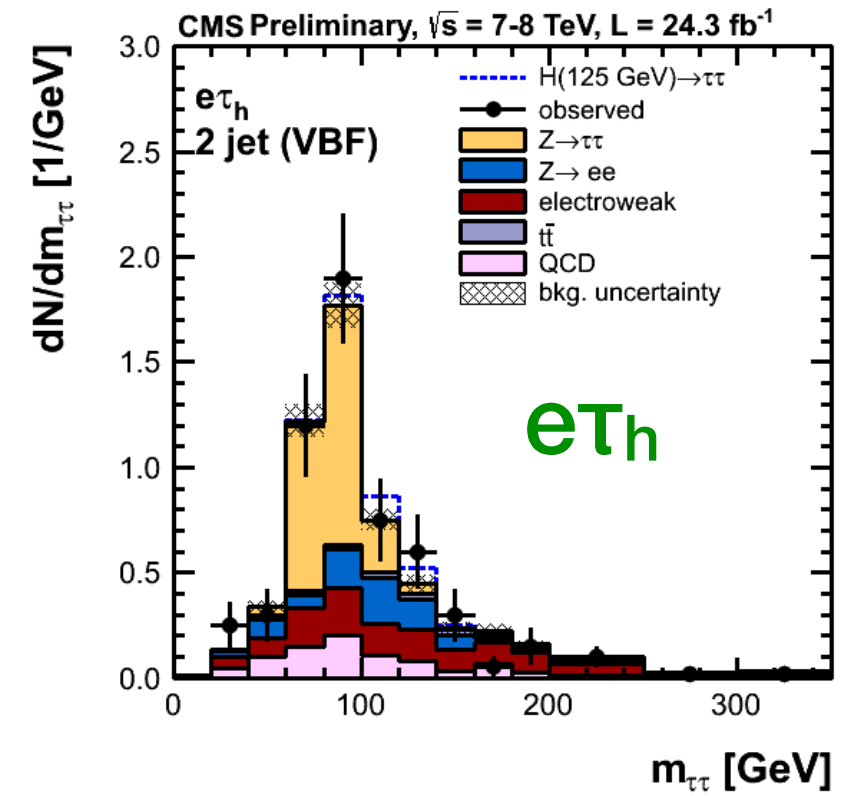
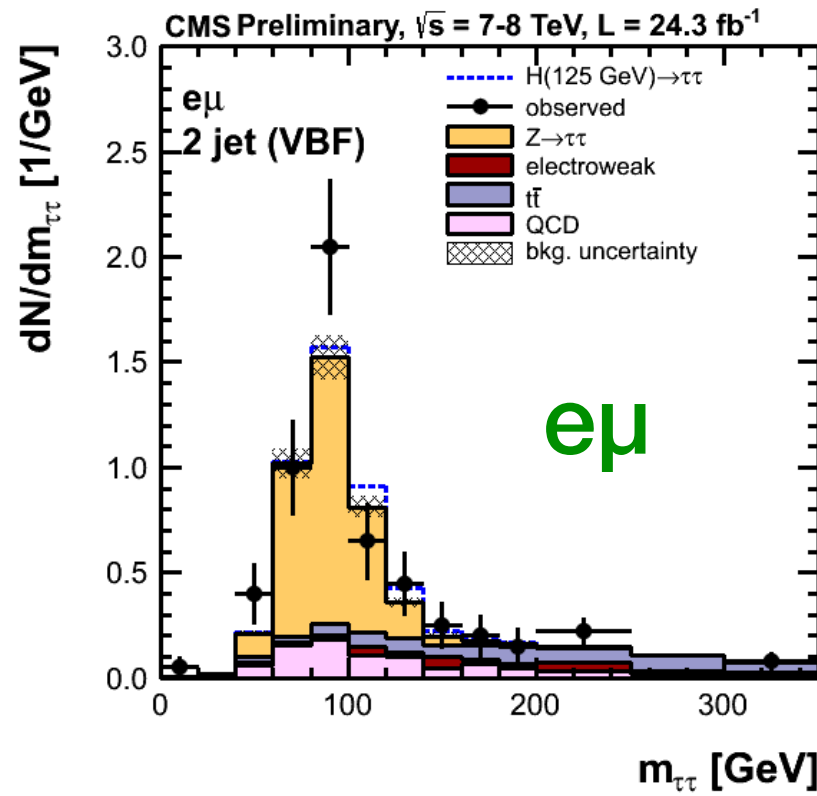
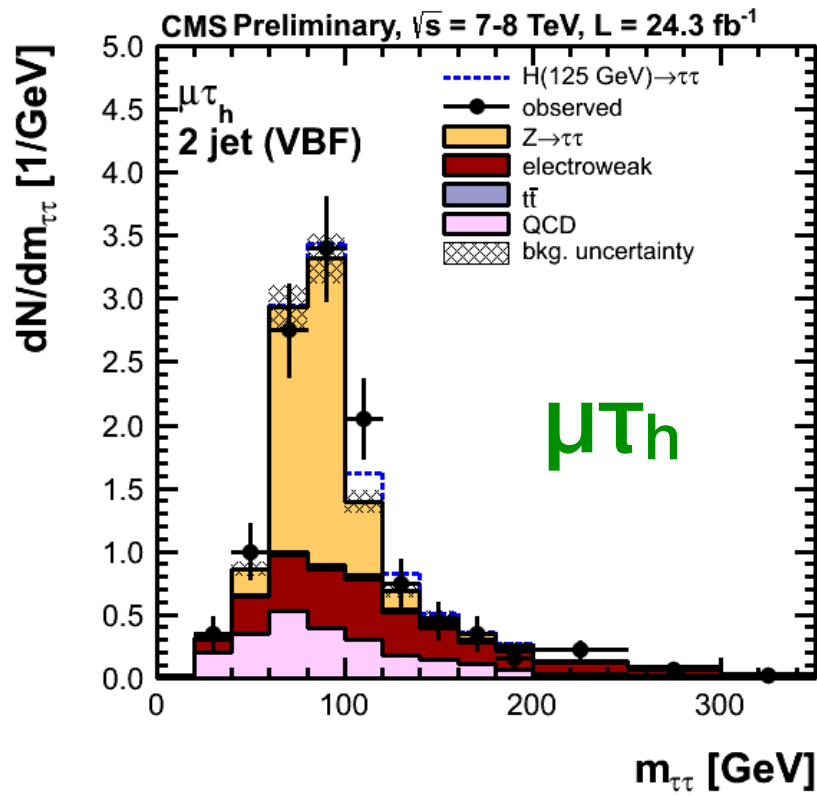






# $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : $m_{\tau\tau}$ distributions

## 2-Jet (VBF) category



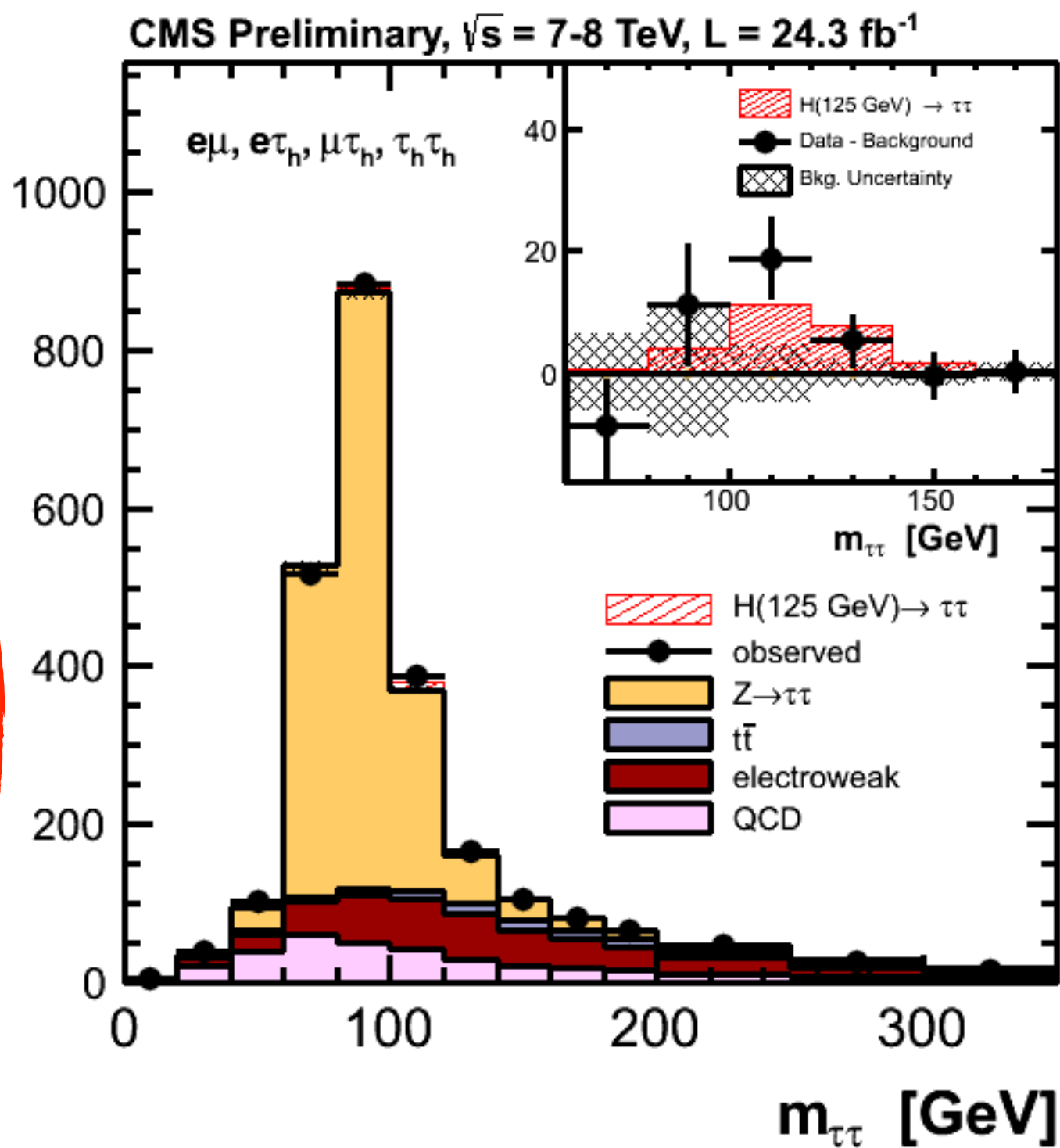
- In the  $\mu\mu$  final state, results from statistical inference on the 2D distribution of the  $m_{\tau\tau}$  and  $m_{\text{vis}}$ .



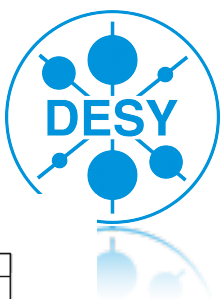


# $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : combined $m_{\tau\tau}$ distribution

S/B Weighted  $dN/dm_{\tau\tau}$  [1/GeV]

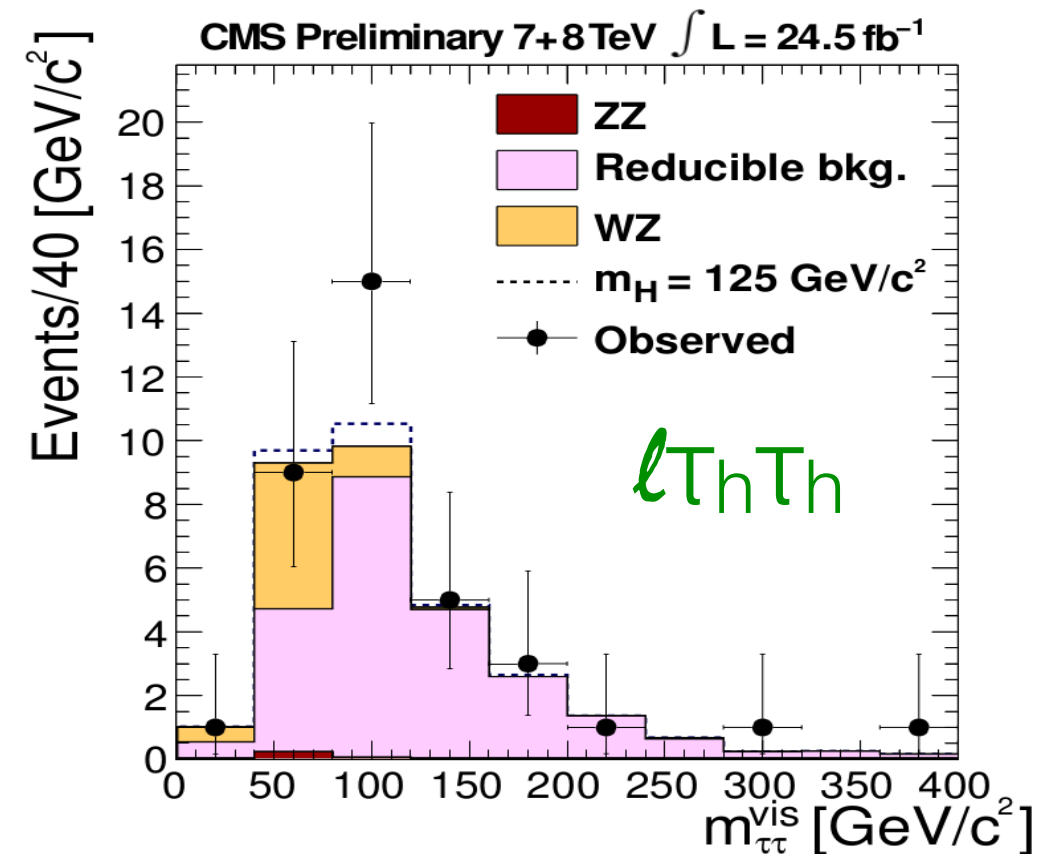
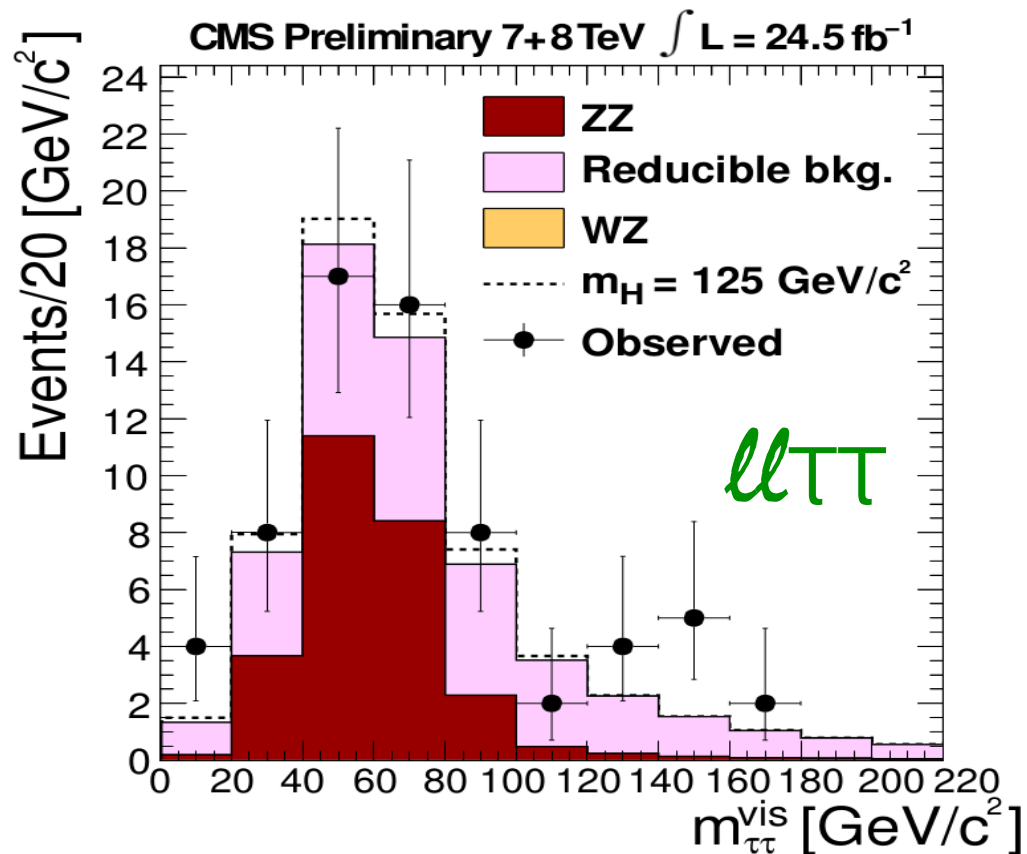
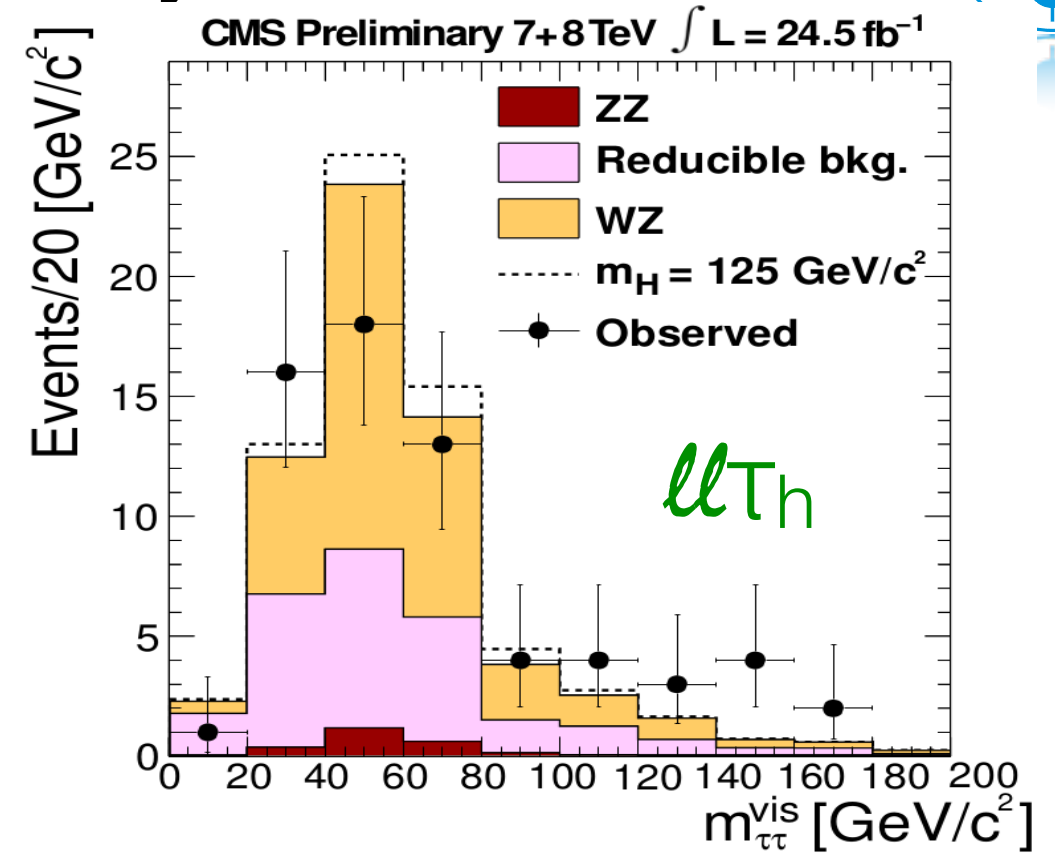


- Signal-like excess seen!
- Compatible with  $H(125)$ !
- Inset: background subtracted.



# H → ττ : VH analysis

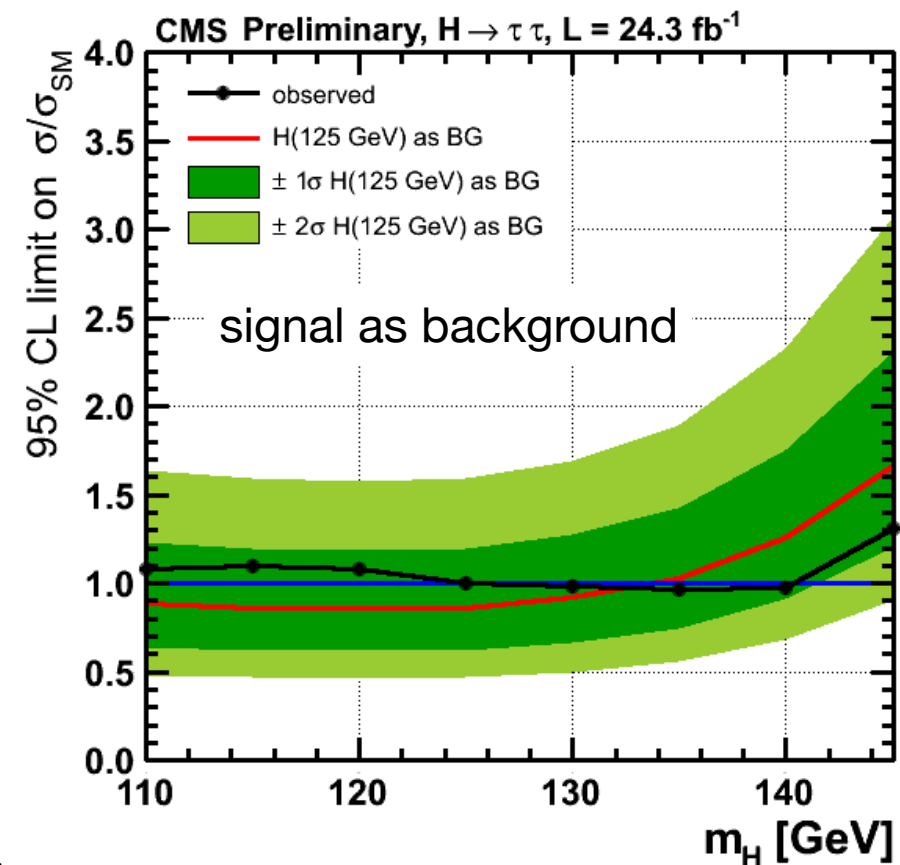
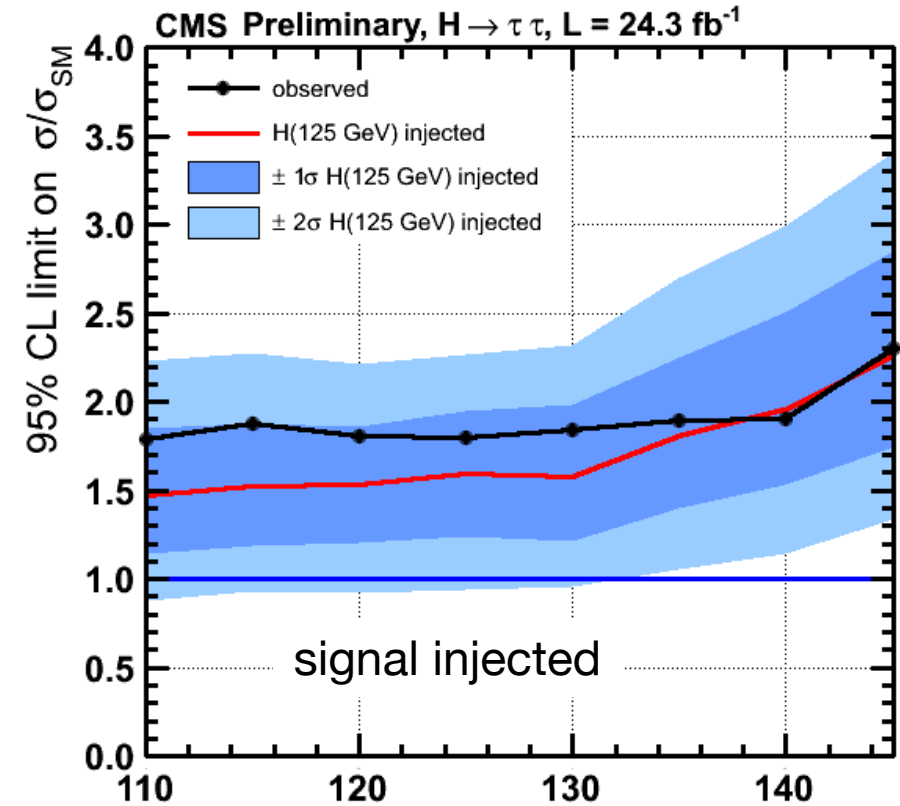
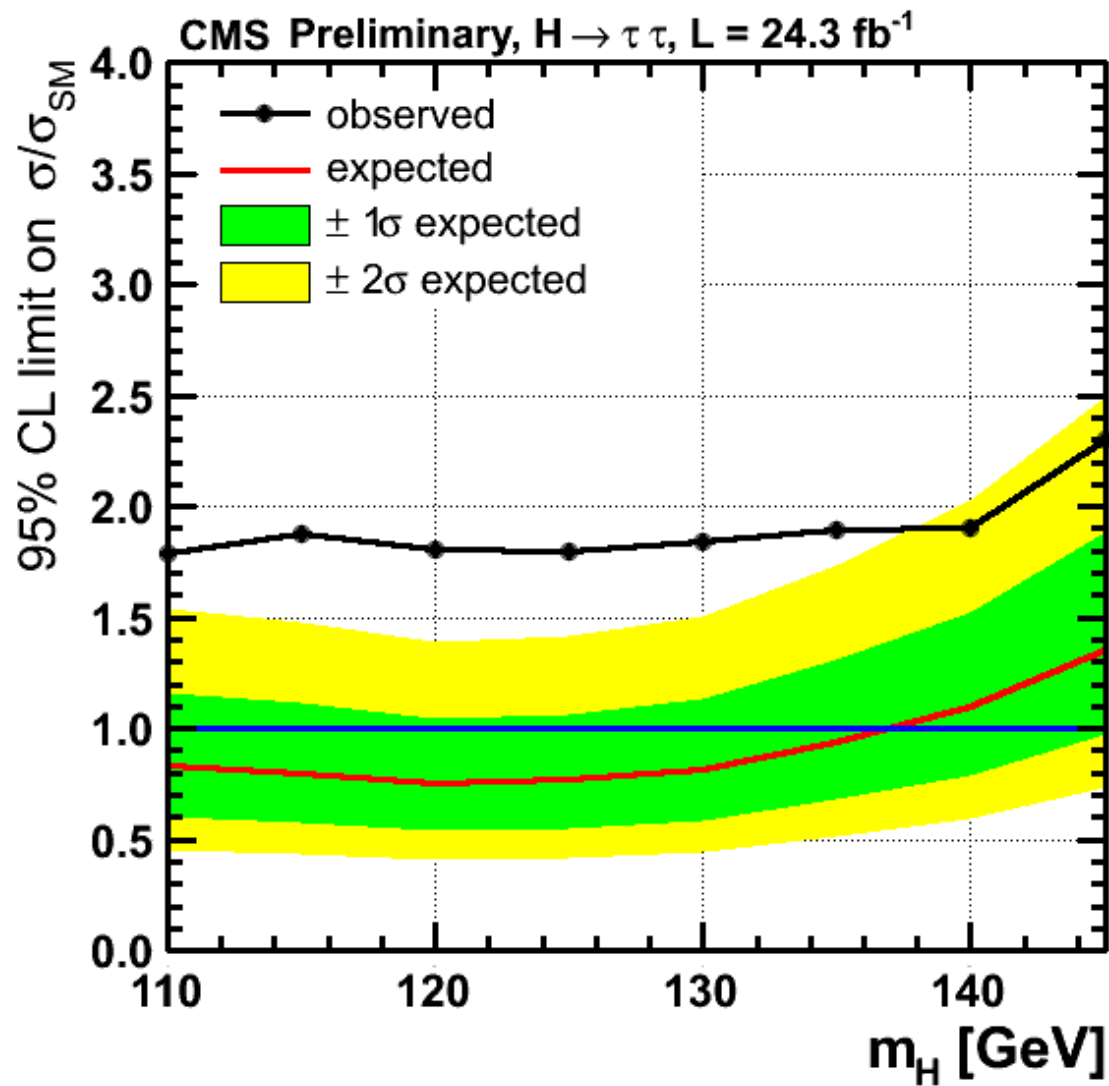
- Small background compared to inclusive H → ττ.
- Channels:  $ll\tau_h$ ,  $\tau_h\tau_h l$ ,  $ll\tau\tau$  (l=e,μ; τ → e,μ,τ<sub>h</sub>)
- Signal extracted from mass of visible decay products.





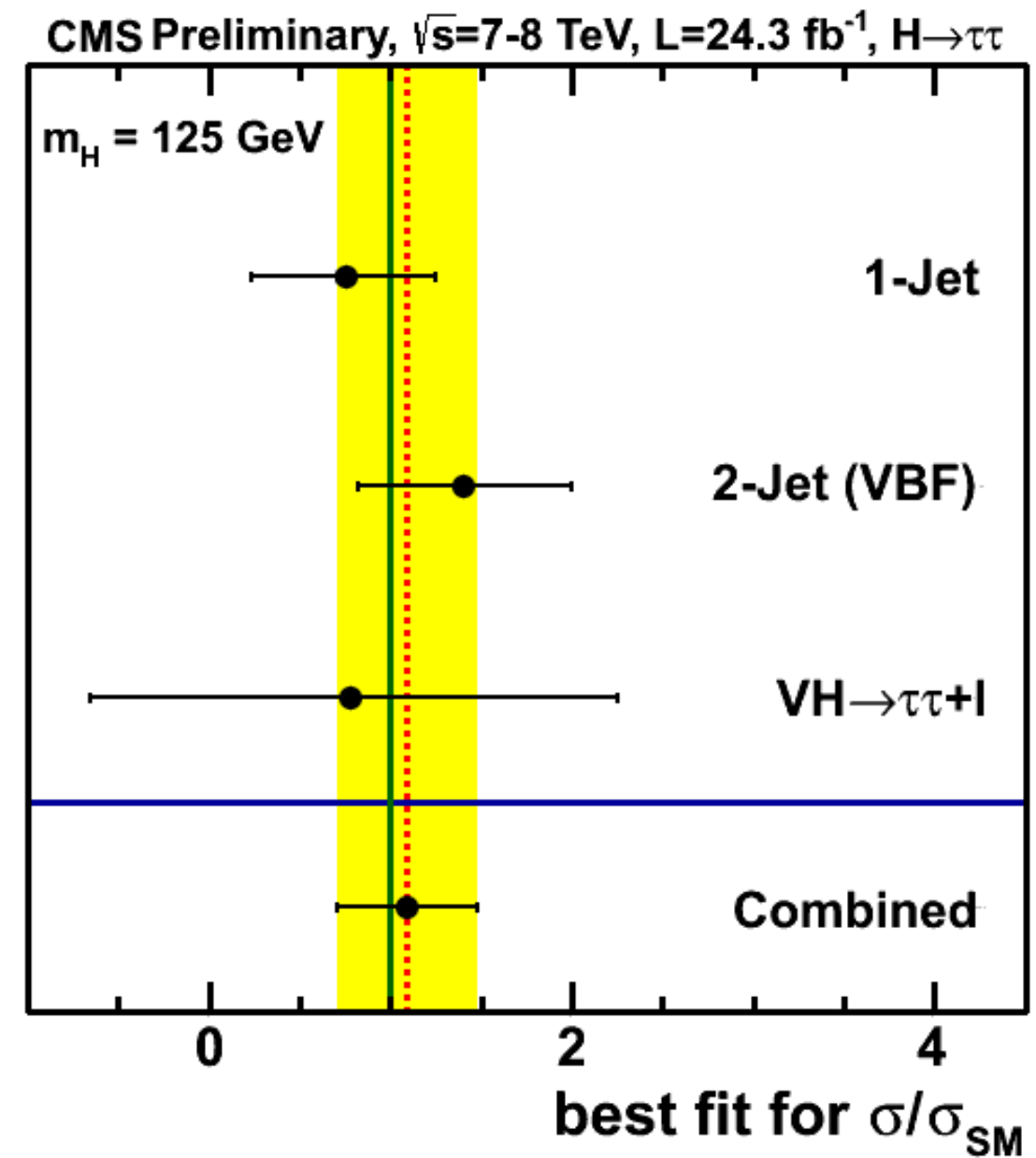
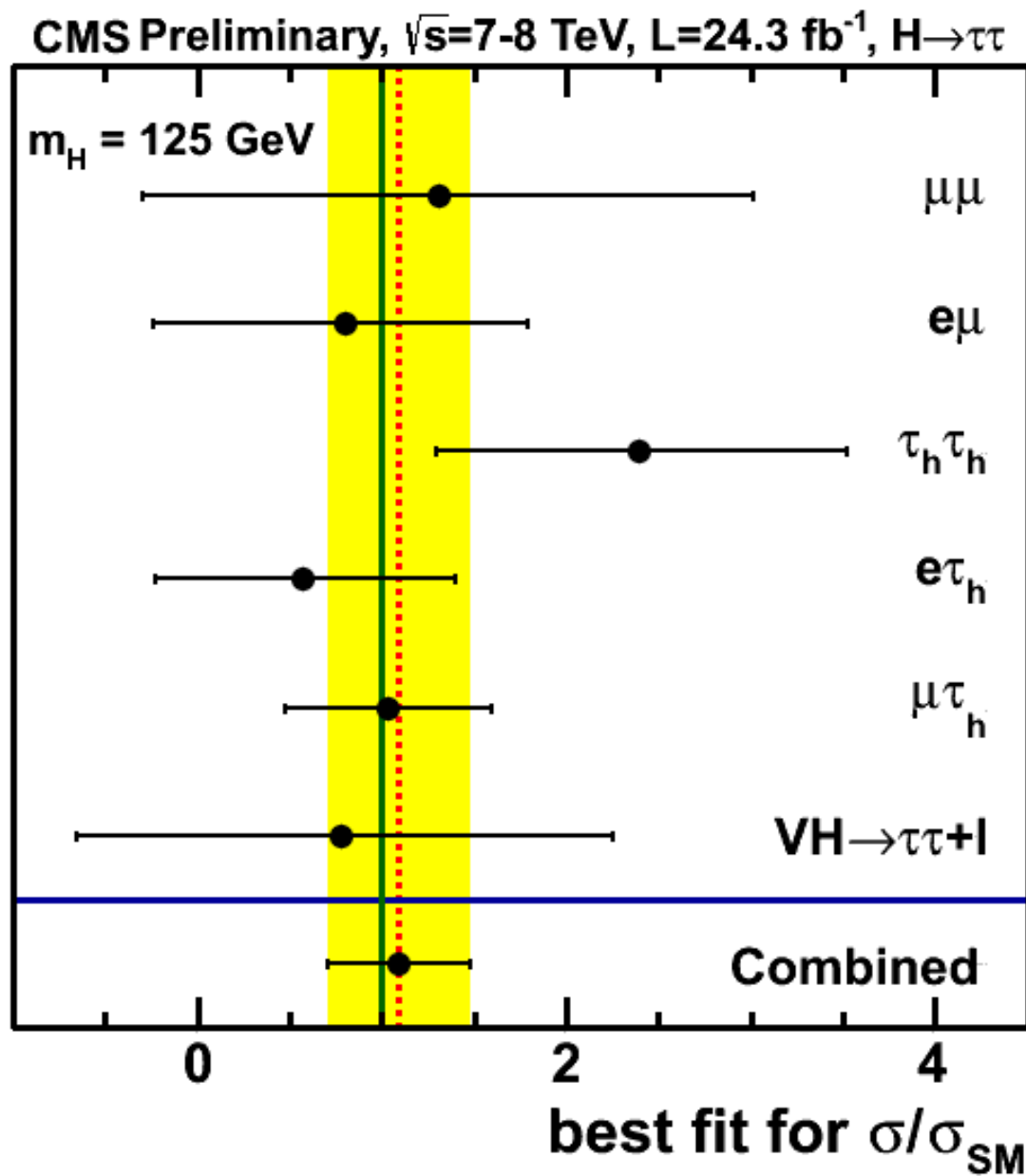
# $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : 95% CL upper limits on $\sigma/\sigma_{SM}$

Include  $VH, H \rightarrow \tau\tau$



- Broad excess observed compatible with SM Higgs with  $m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$ .
- 95% CL upper limits on cross section at  $m_H(125)$ 
  - Expected =  $0.77 \times \sigma_{SM}$
  - Observed =  $1.80 \times \sigma_{SM}$

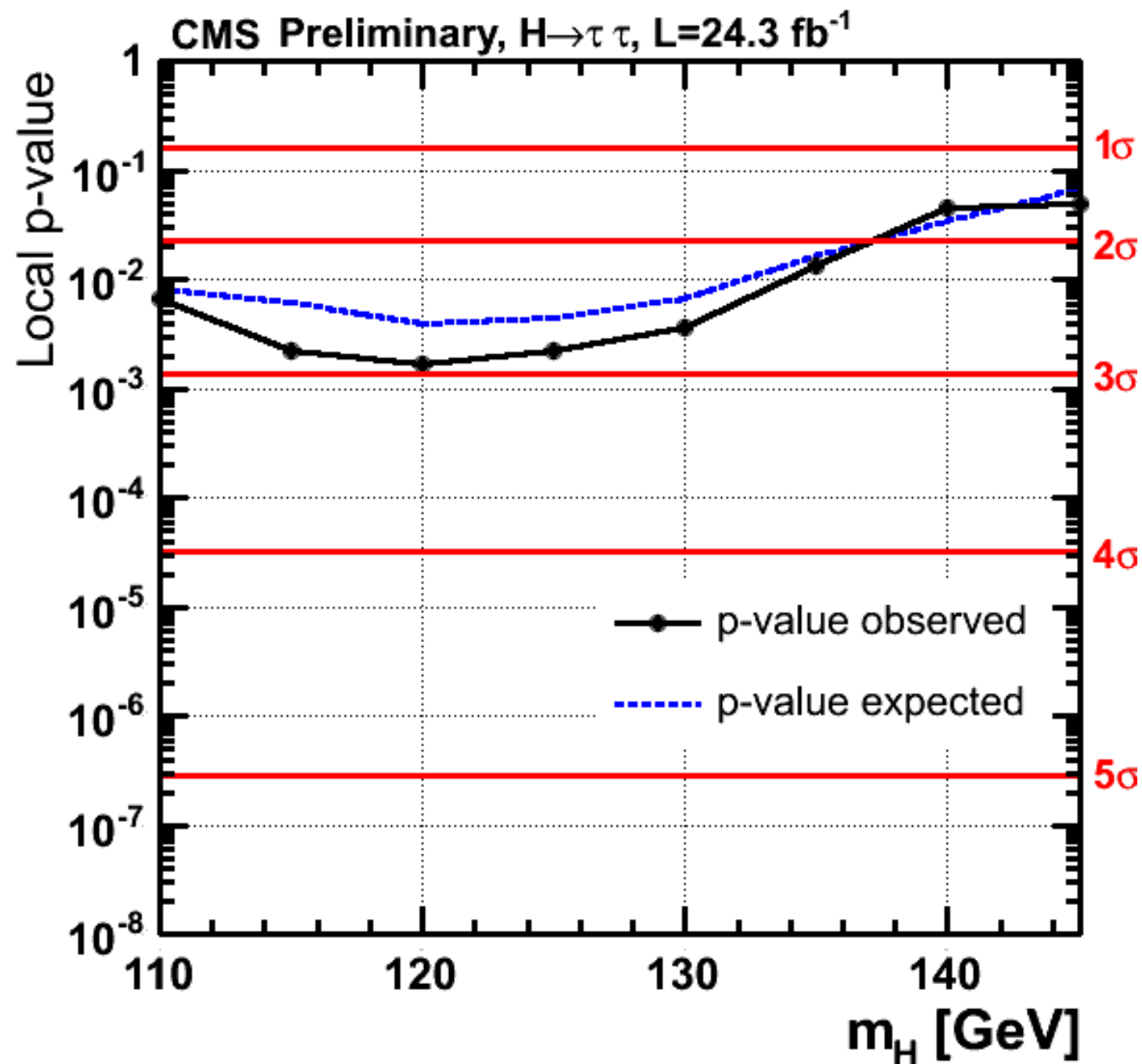
# $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : Signal strength



- All channels combined:  $\hat{\mu} = 1.1 \pm 0.4$  at  $m_H = 125$  GeV.
- Compatible with the SM expectations.
- Consistent across channels and categories.



# $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : Significance



- Expected (observed) significance at  $m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$ :  $2.62 \sigma$  ( $2.85 \sigma$ )
- Minimum p-value ( $2.93 \sigma$ ) at  $m_H=120 \text{ GeV}$

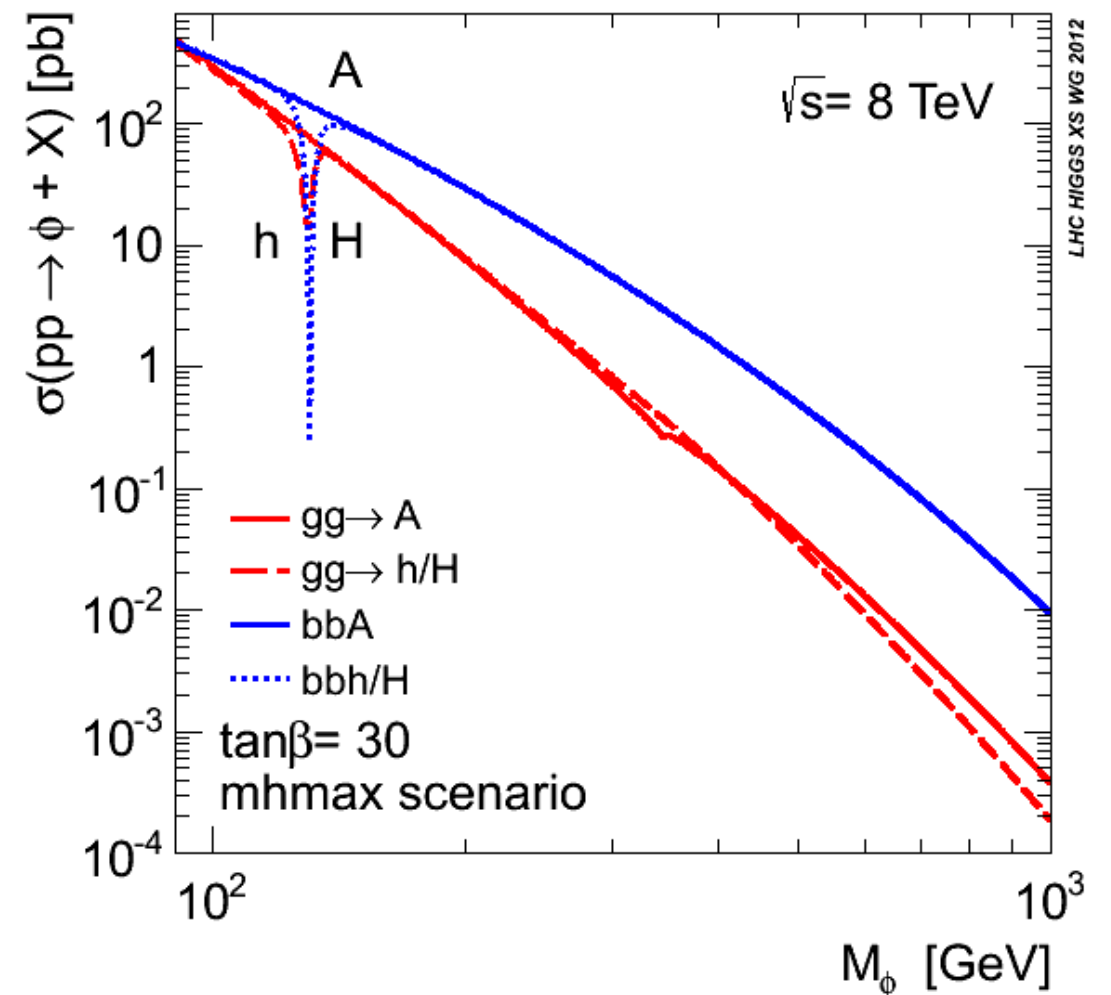
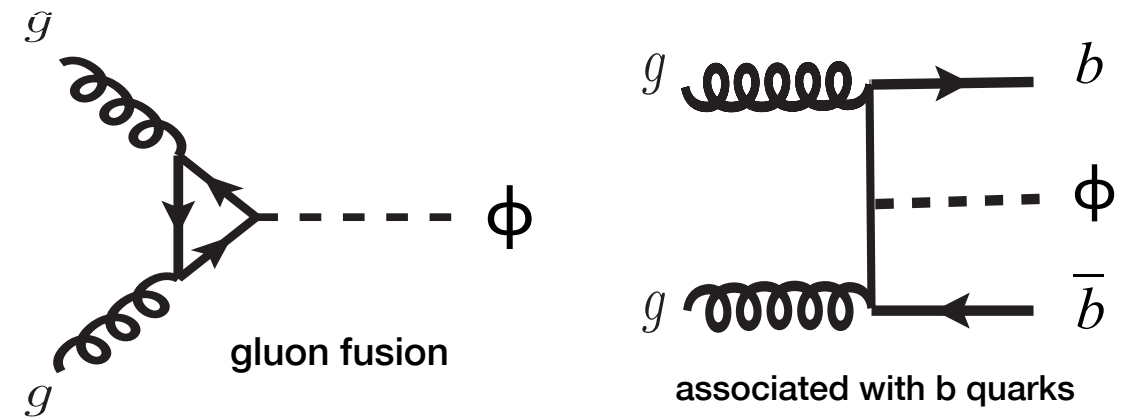
***Evidence of direct coupling of Higgs to taus!***



# Higgs searches in the context of the Minimal Supersymmetric Model

- The MSSM features two Higgs doublets.
- Symmetry spontaneously broken twice
- Higgs sector: Five Higgs particles
  - Three neutral:  $\phi = h, H, A$
  - Two charged:  $H^\pm$
  - Observed 126 GeV state often identified as the lightest Higgs ( $h$ )
- At tree level, two independent parameters:
  - $m_A$
  - $\tan \beta$  (ratio of v.e.v. of the two Higgs doublets)
- The mass of the CP-odd Higgs boson  $A$  is usually  $\sim$ degenerate with one of the CP-even bosons

## Neutral Higgs bosons production







# MSSM Higgs searches in CMS



Mode	Production	Channels	Luminosity		Documents
			7 TeV	8 TeV	
$\phi \rightarrow bb$	$bb\phi$	2	$4.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	–	CMS PAS HIG-12-033
$\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$	$gg \rightarrow \phi$	4	$4.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	$12.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	CMS PAS HIG-12-050
	$bb\phi$	4			
* $\phi \rightarrow \mu\mu$	$gg \rightarrow \phi$	1	$4.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	–	CMS PAS HIG-12-011
	$bb\phi$	2			
* $H^\pm \rightarrow \tau^\pm \nu$	$t \rightarrow H^\pm b$	1	$4.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	–	CMS PAS HIG-12-052

\* Not discussed in this presentation





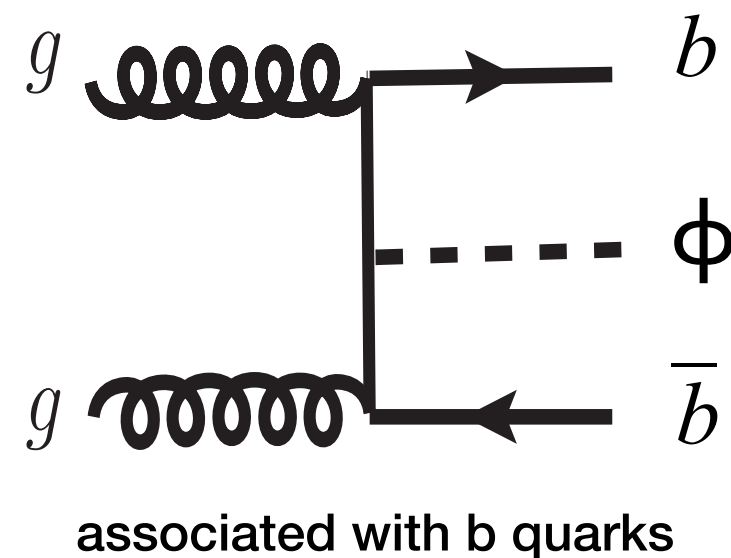
# MSSM $\phi \rightarrow bb$ searches



# MSSM $\phi \rightarrow bb$ searches



- MSSM neutral Higgs boson decaying to b quarks and produced in association with b quark(s)
  - Enhancement wrt SM for  $\tan \beta > 1$
  - Large  $\text{BR}(\phi \rightarrow bb)$  even at large masses
- Only b-jets (and radiation) in the final state:
  - Challenging triggers at the LHC
- Two complementary approaches:
  - “All-hadronic” trigger: requiring up to 3 jets;  $\geq 2$  b-tags (3 offline b-tags)
  - “Semileptonic” trigger: requiring 2 jets;  $\geq 1$  or 2 b-tags (3 offline b-tags);  $\geq 1$  muon from B-hadron decay
  - Almost independent samples (2–3% overlap)
- Data:  $2.7 \text{ fb}^{-1} - 4.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at 7 TeV (2011)
- Background: heavy flavour multi-jet, derived from the data.
- Signal would appear as a peak in the di-jet mass distribution in triple-btag sample.



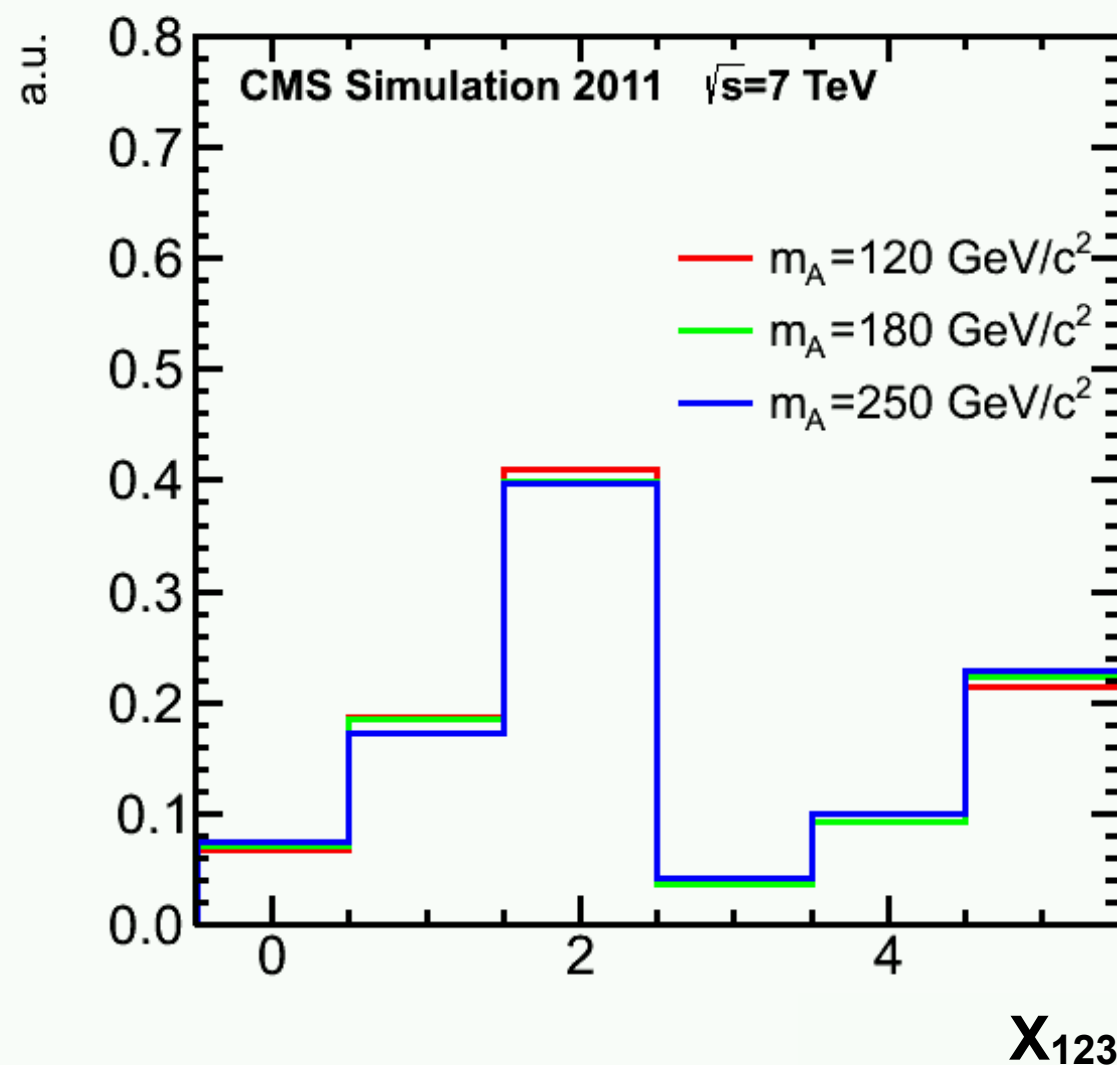
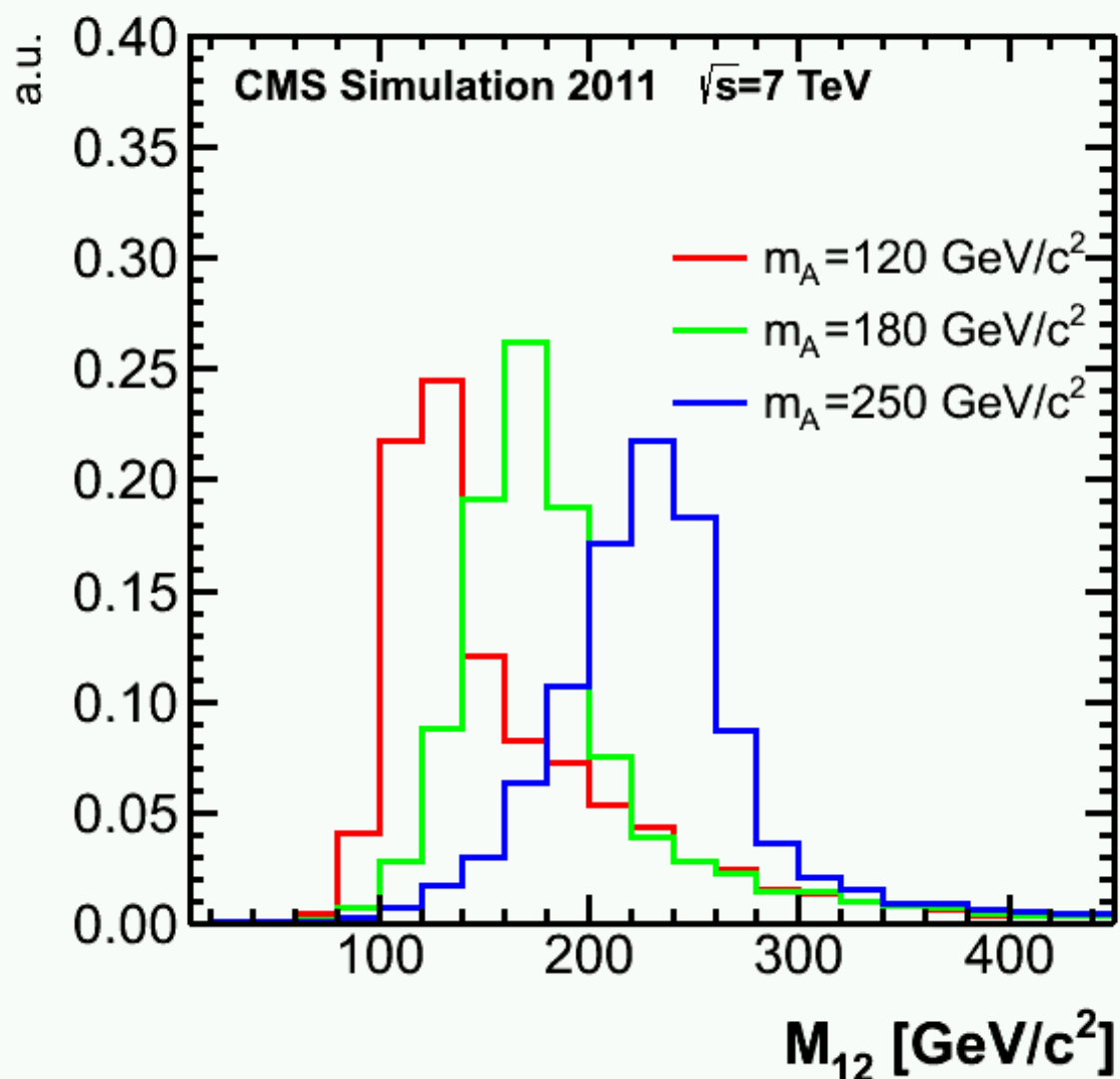


# MSSM $\phi \rightarrow bb$ : Signal templates



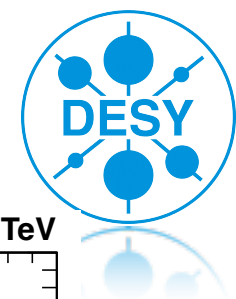
(all-hadronic)

- Pythia in the 4-flavour scheme.
- Invariant mass  $M_{12}$  of the two leading jets.
- Variable  $X_{123}$  computed from the secondary vertex mass of the three leading jets, reflects the b-tag content of the event  $\rightarrow$  further signal / background separation.



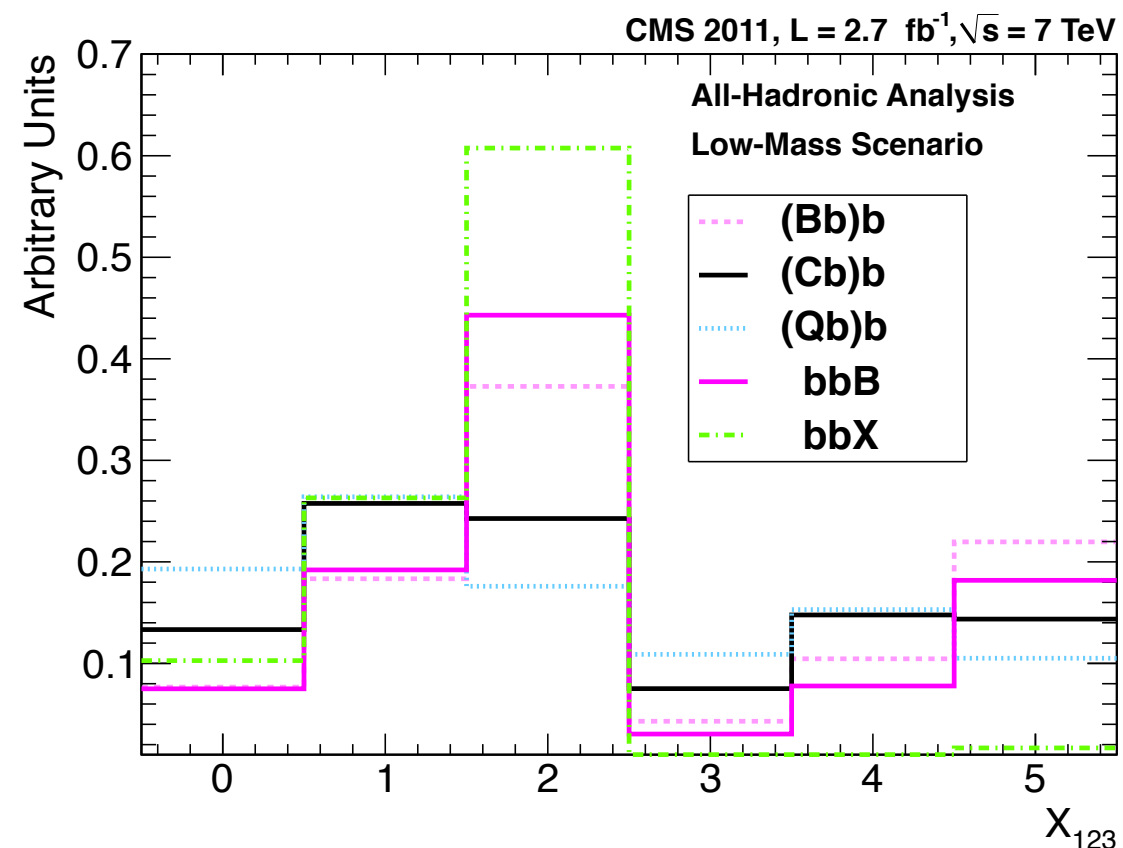
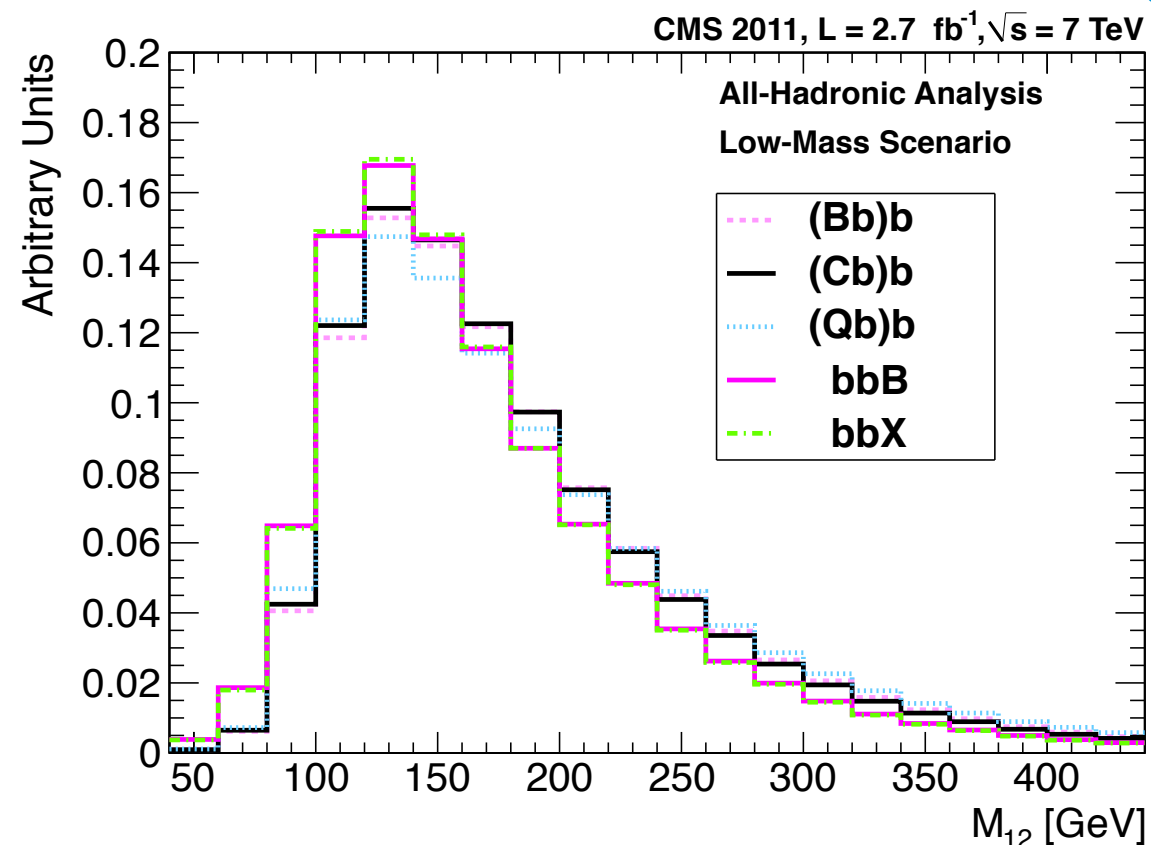


# MSSM $\phi \rightarrow bb$ : Background model



(all-hadronic)

- Data-driven background modelling from double b-tag sample.
- Untagged jet is weighted according to the b-tag probability and the corresponding SV mass index probability of assumed flavour.
- Almost identical templates merged
  - $bbX = bbC + bbQ$
  - $(Fb)b = Fbb + bFb$ , where  $F=B,C,Q$
- $X_{123}$  gives further distinction between different flavour compositions.
- Five 2D templates:  $M_{12}$  vs.  $X_{123}$
- Normalisation from fit to data spectrum.



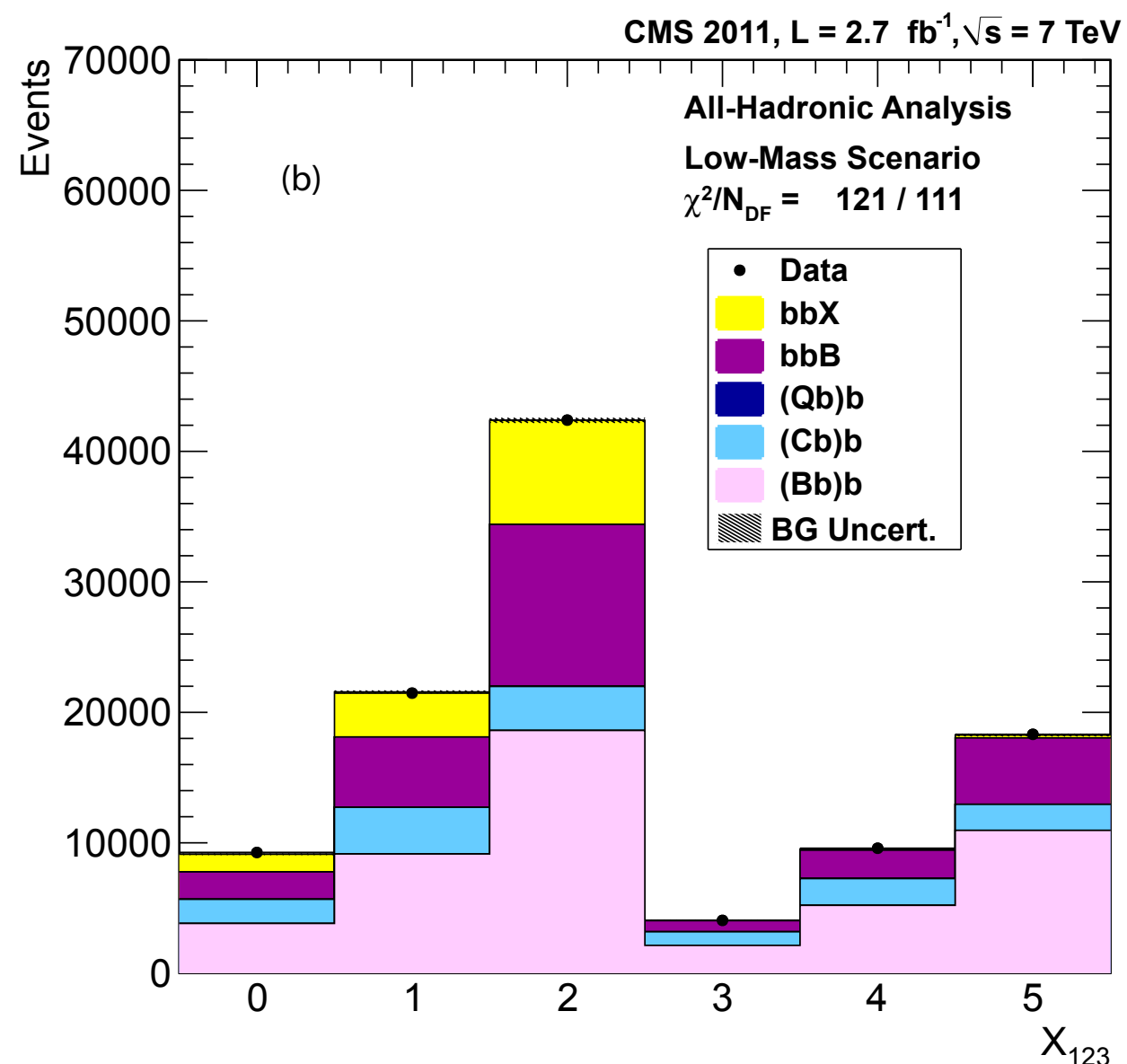
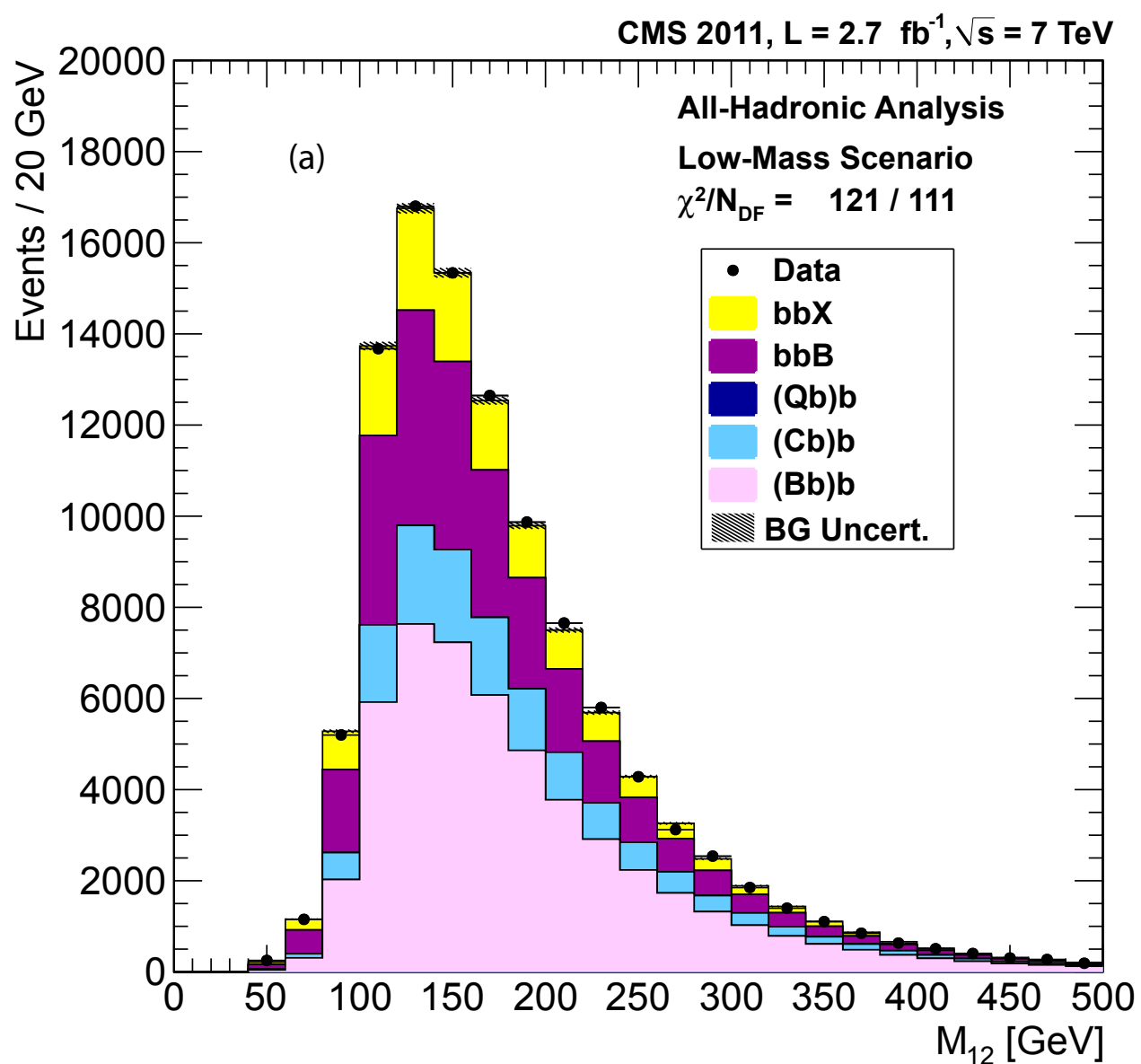


# MSSM $\Phi \rightarrow bb$ : Fit to data



(all-hadronic)

- Fit with background only templates with shapes obtained with double b-tag sample.
- About 73% contribution of real triple b jets.
- Excellent agreement with triple b-tag data



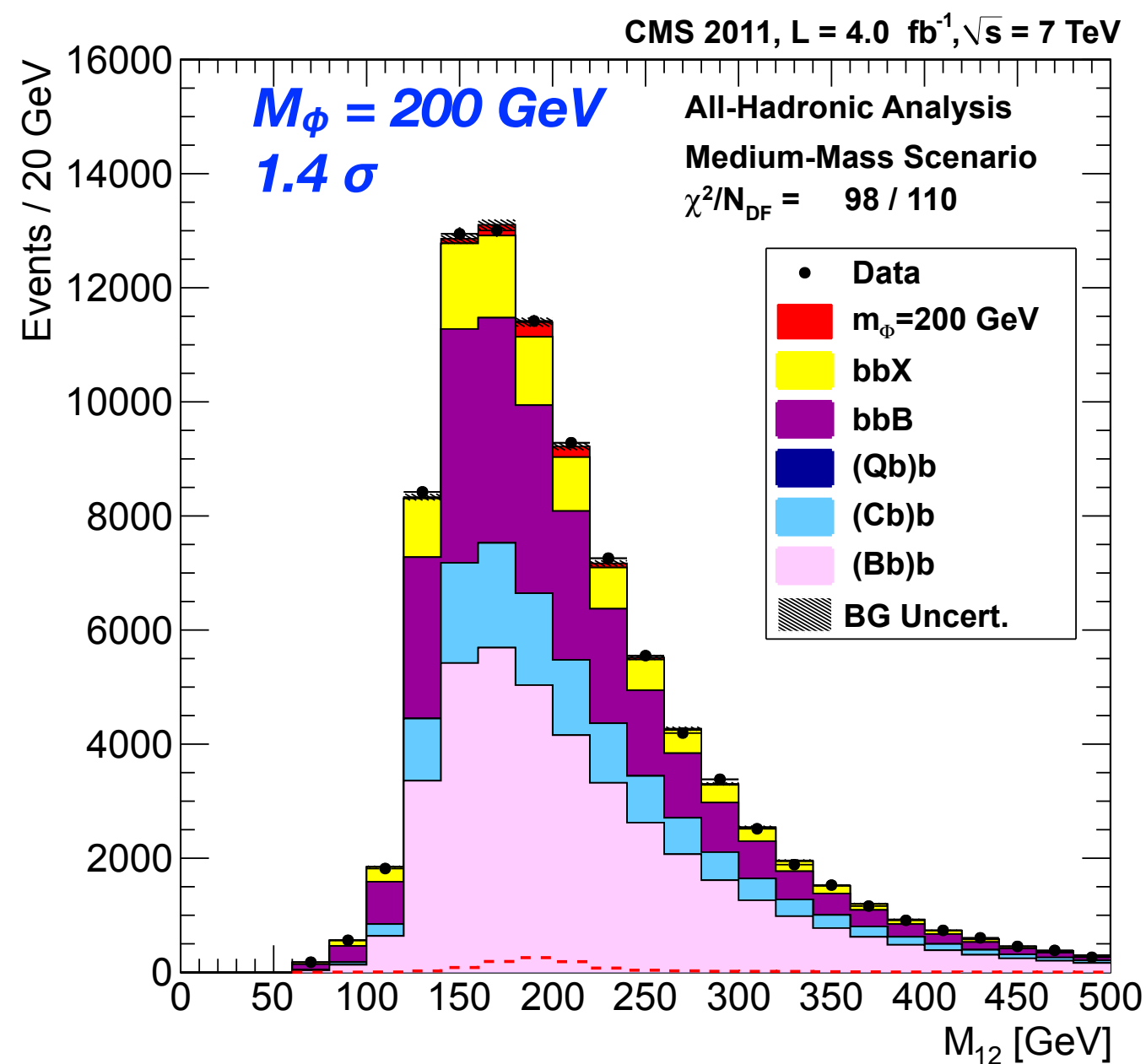


# MSSM $\Phi \rightarrow bb$ : Fit to data



(all-hadronic)

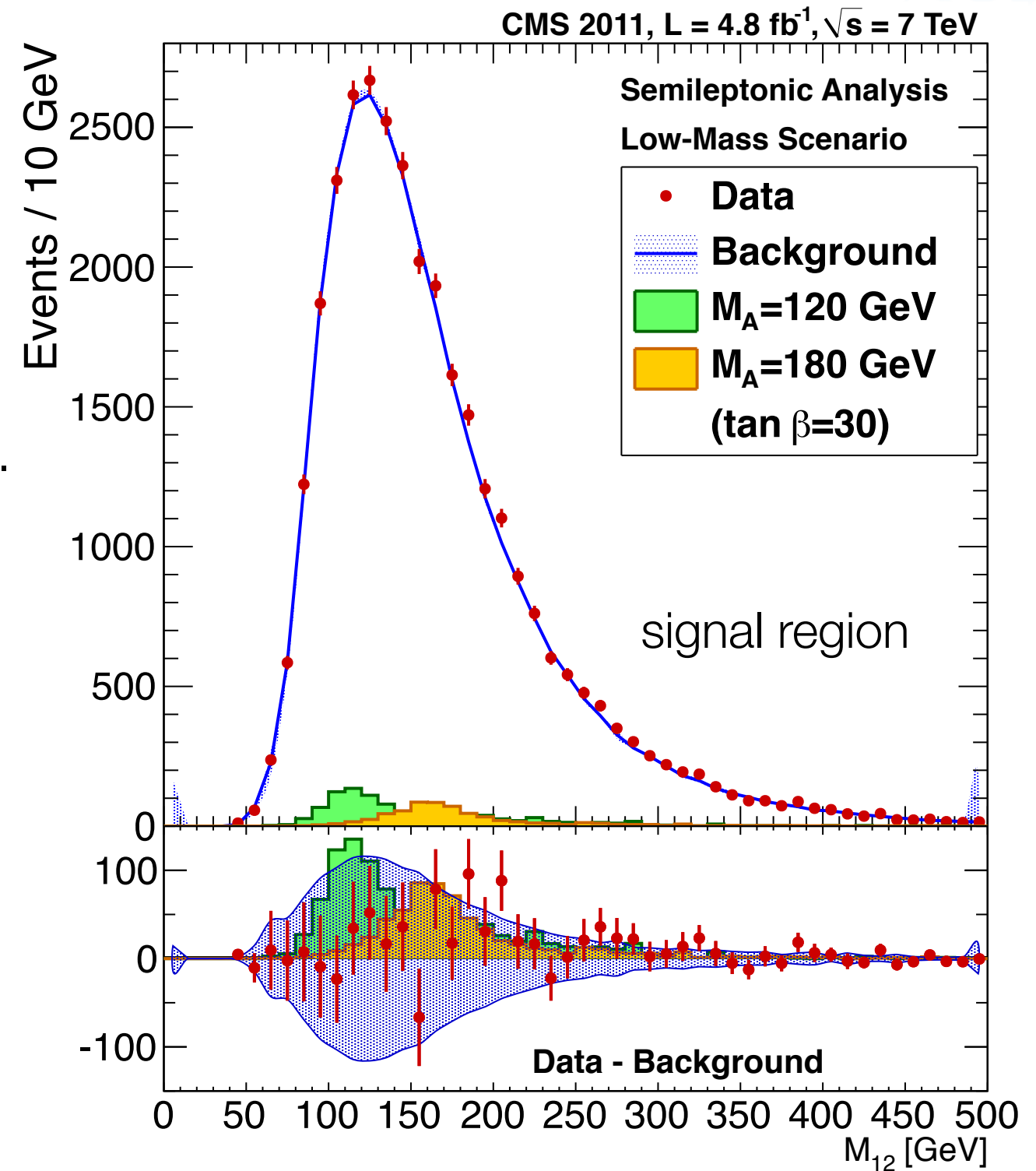
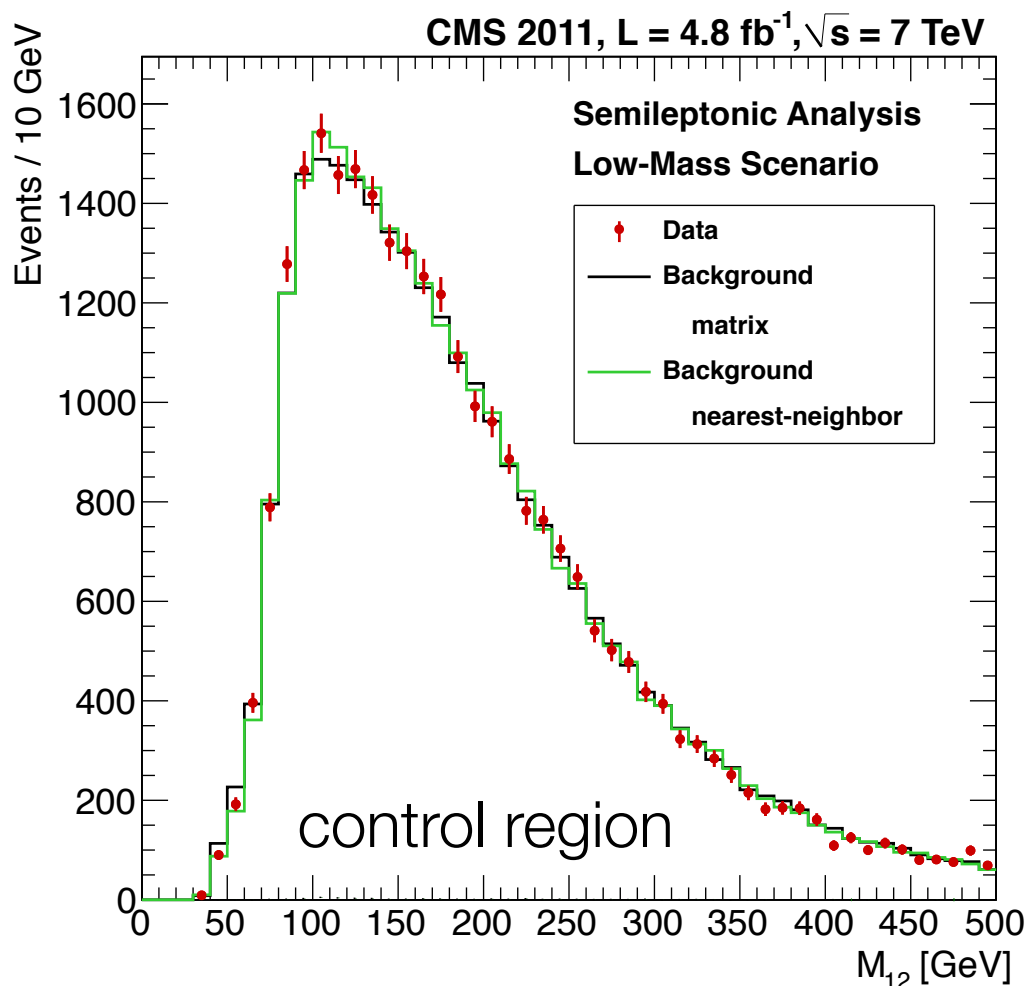
- Signal + background templates fits
  - Mass range 90 – 350 GeV
  - No significant excess observed at any mass





# MSSM $\Phi \rightarrow bb$ : Semileptonic analysis

- Background normalisation and shape obtained from data in control regions.
  - Two independent methods using single and double b-tag data samples.
- Mass range 90 – 350 GeV.
- No significant excess observed at any mass.

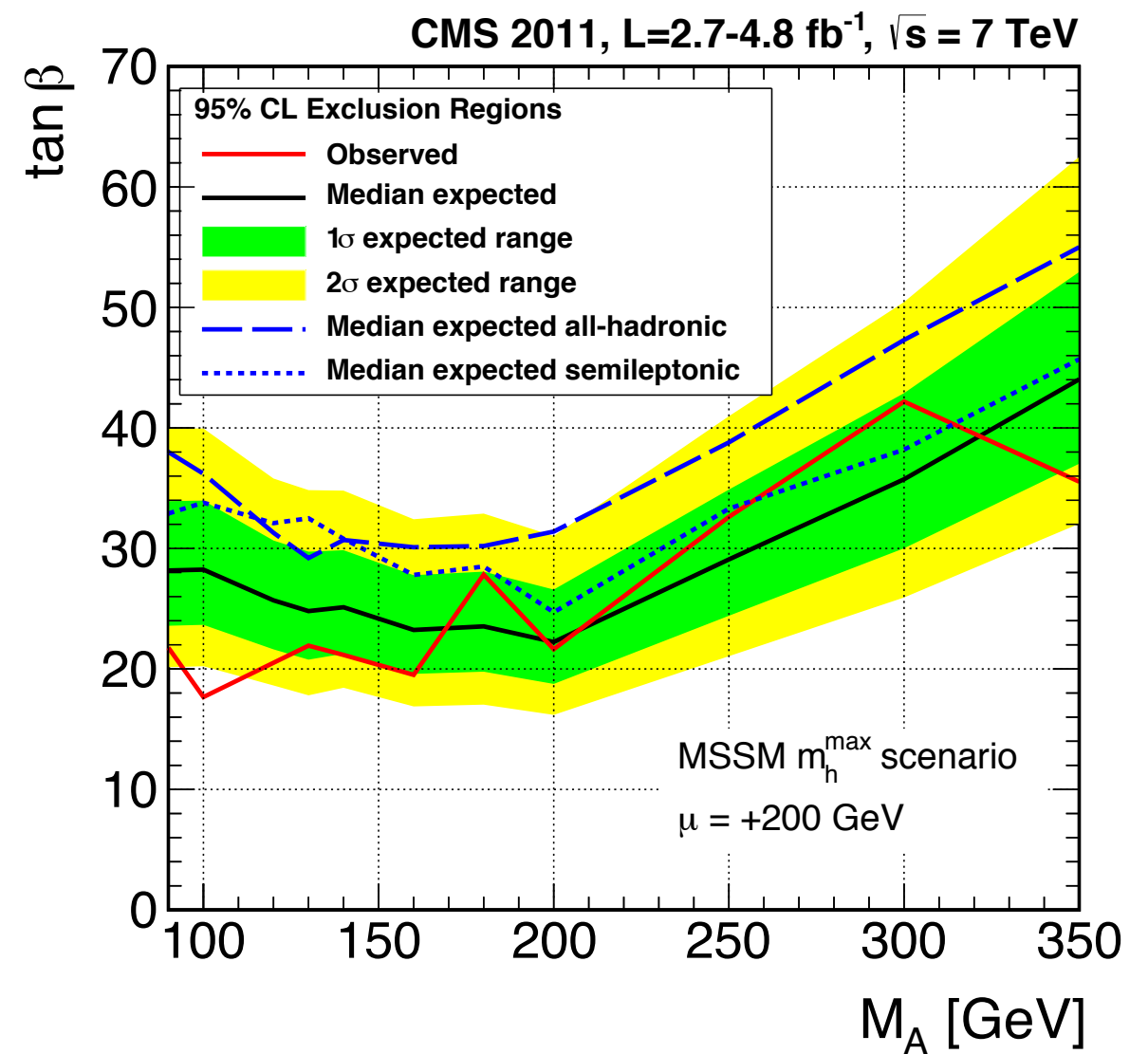
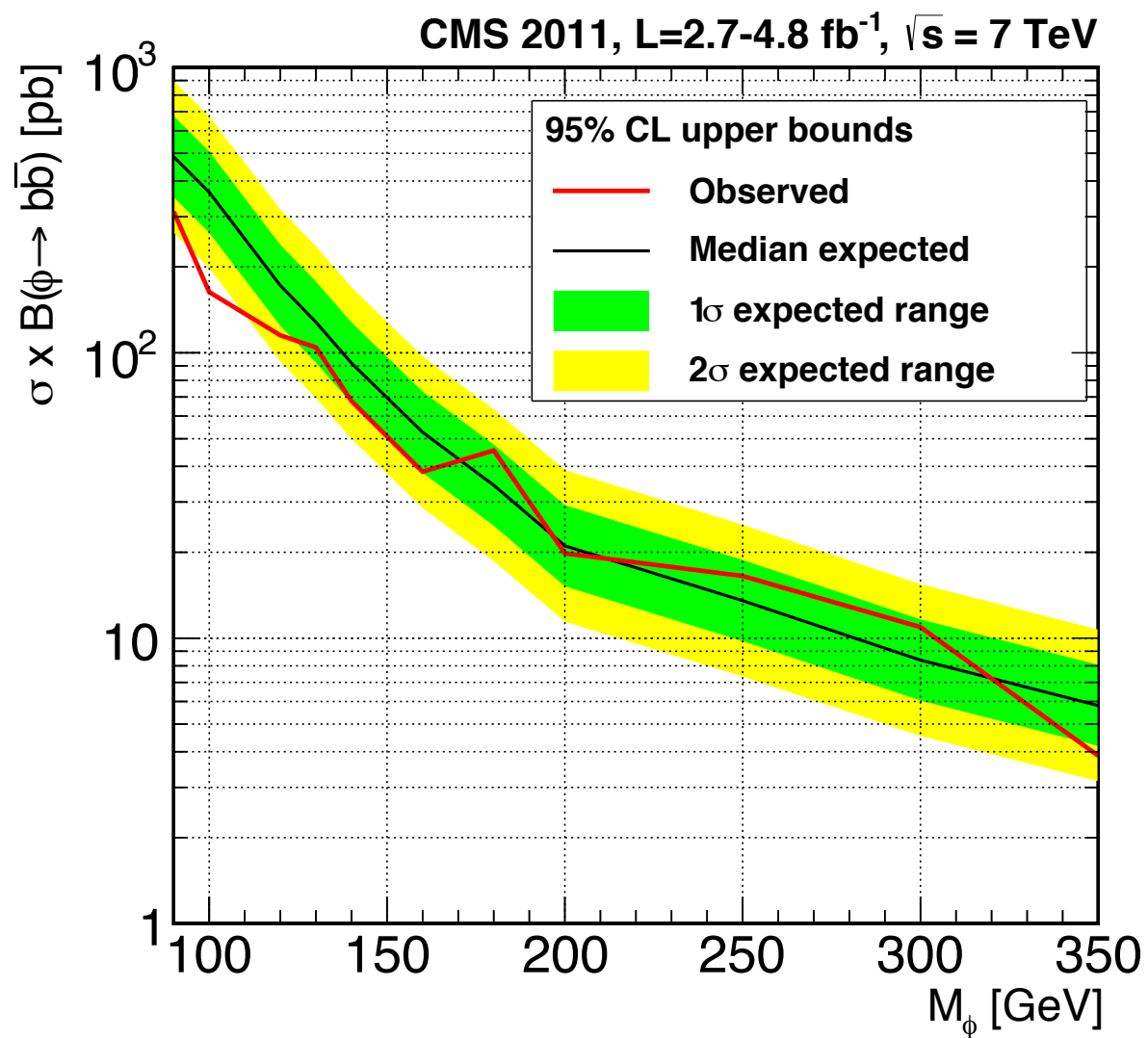






# MSSM $\Phi \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ : Limits

- All-hadronic and semileptonic analysis are almost orthogonal, 2-3% overlap (removed from all-hadronic dataset)
- Upper limits for  $\sigma \times \text{BR}$  and  $\tan\beta$  vs  $m_A$  (NNLO 5-flavour scheme cross sections - Higgs XS WG)
- CMS convention: SUSY parameter  $\mu = +200$  GeV

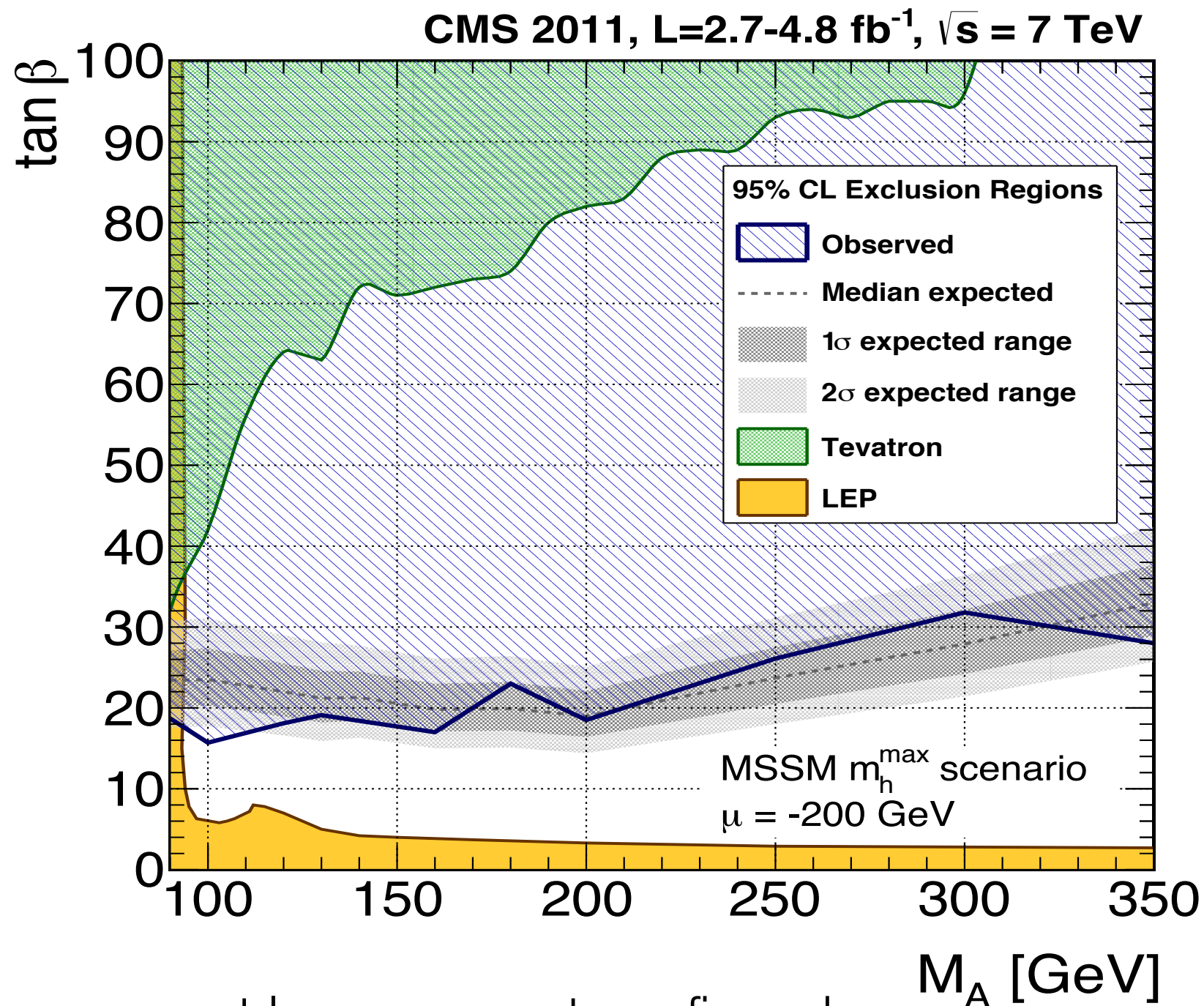


- For comparison with Tevatron, we also give results for  $\mu = -200$  GeV (next slide)





# MSSM $\phi \rightarrow bb$ : Comparison with Tevatron



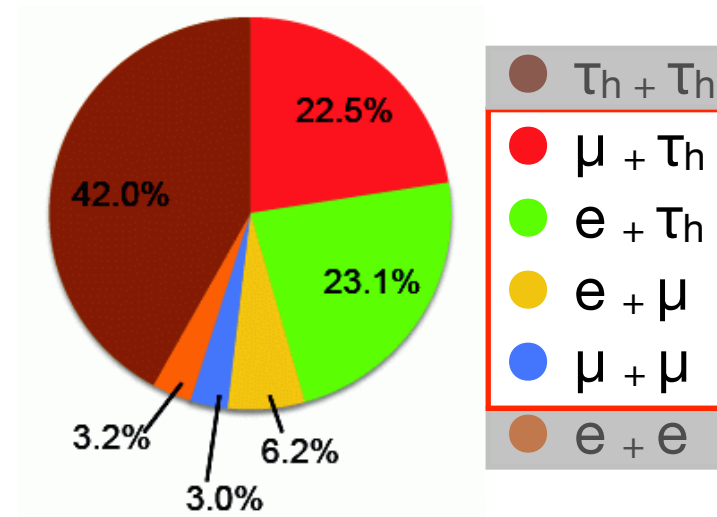
- CDF–D0 +2 $\sigma$  excess at low mass not confirmed.
- First time done at the LHC!
- World’s best sensitivity in the  $bb$  channel, with 2011 data alone.



# MSSM $\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ searches

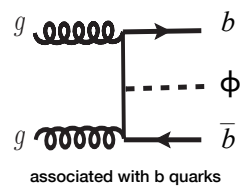
# $\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : Analysis strategy

- Good compromise between relatively large BR also at high masses and manageable backgrounds.



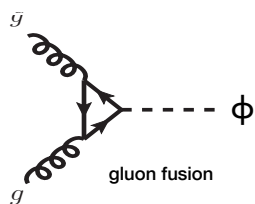
→ *included in CMS MSSM analysis*

## Production mechanisms & event categories



b-tag category

$\geq 1$  b-tagged jet with  $p_T > 20$  GeV  
 $\leq 1$  jet with  $p_T < 30$  GeV



no b-tag category

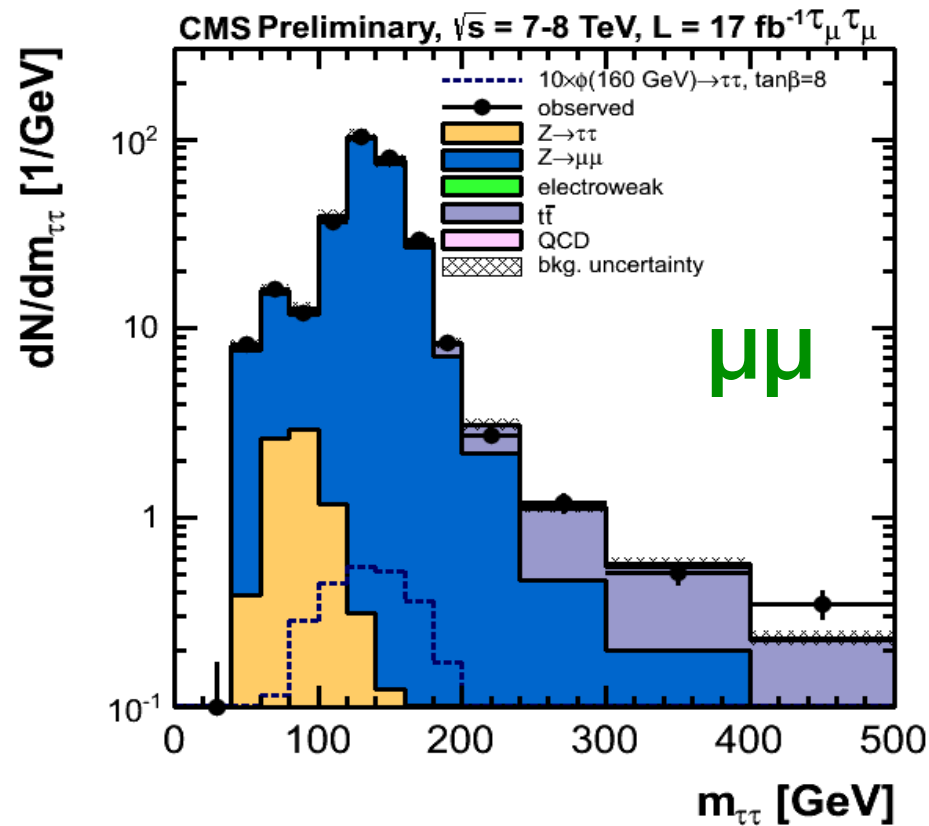
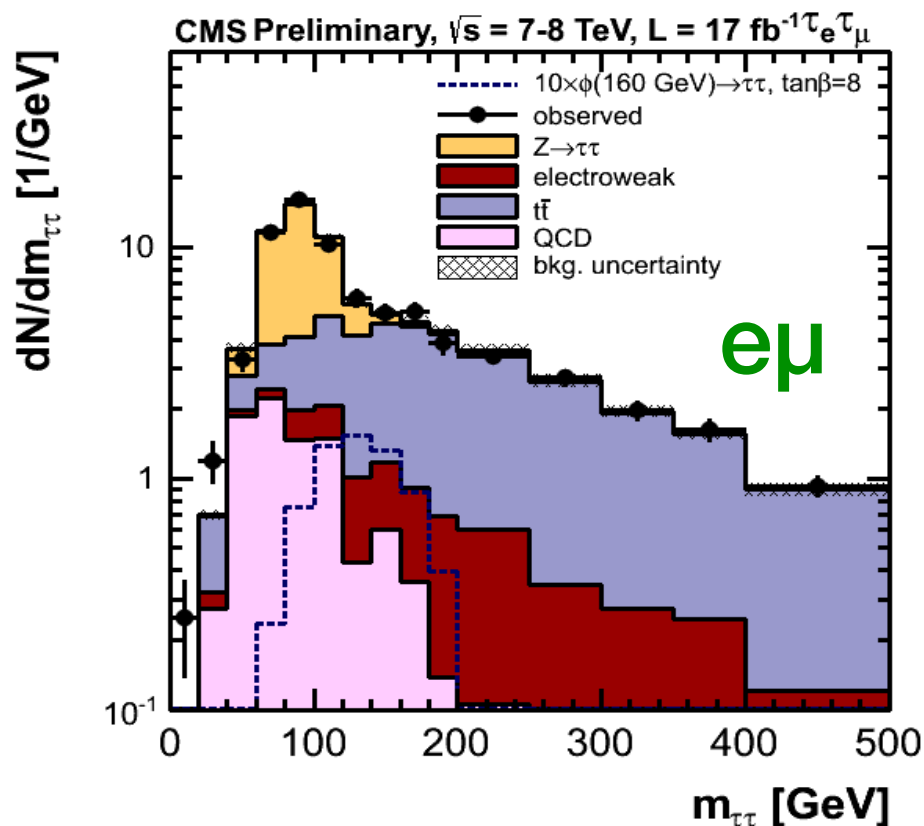
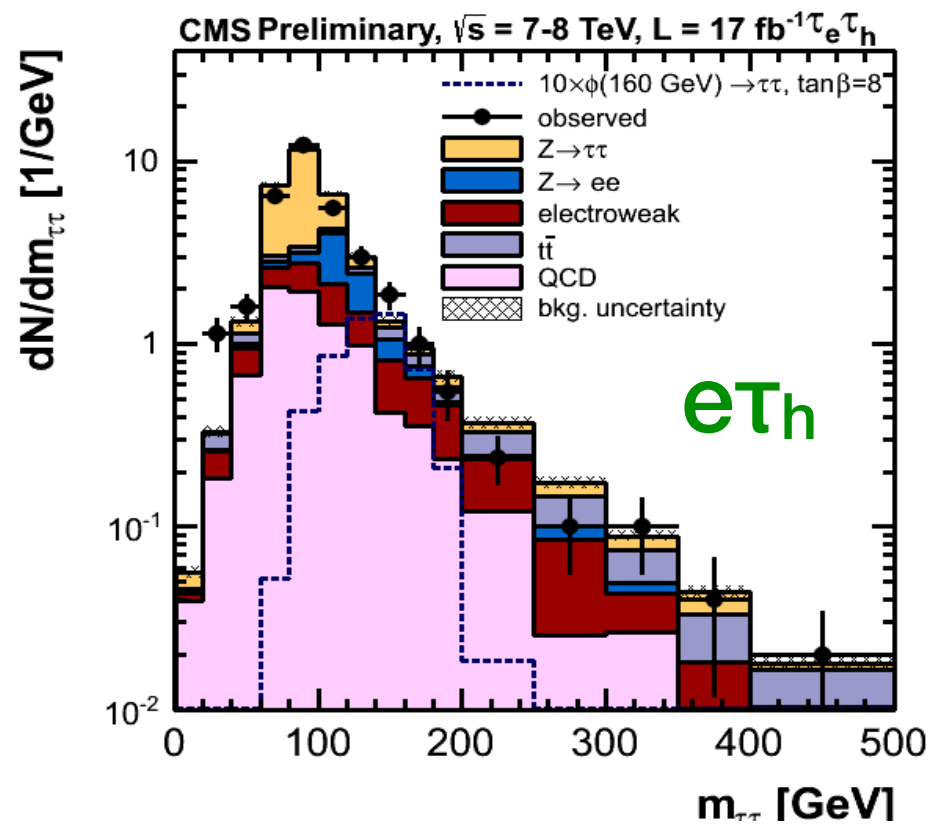
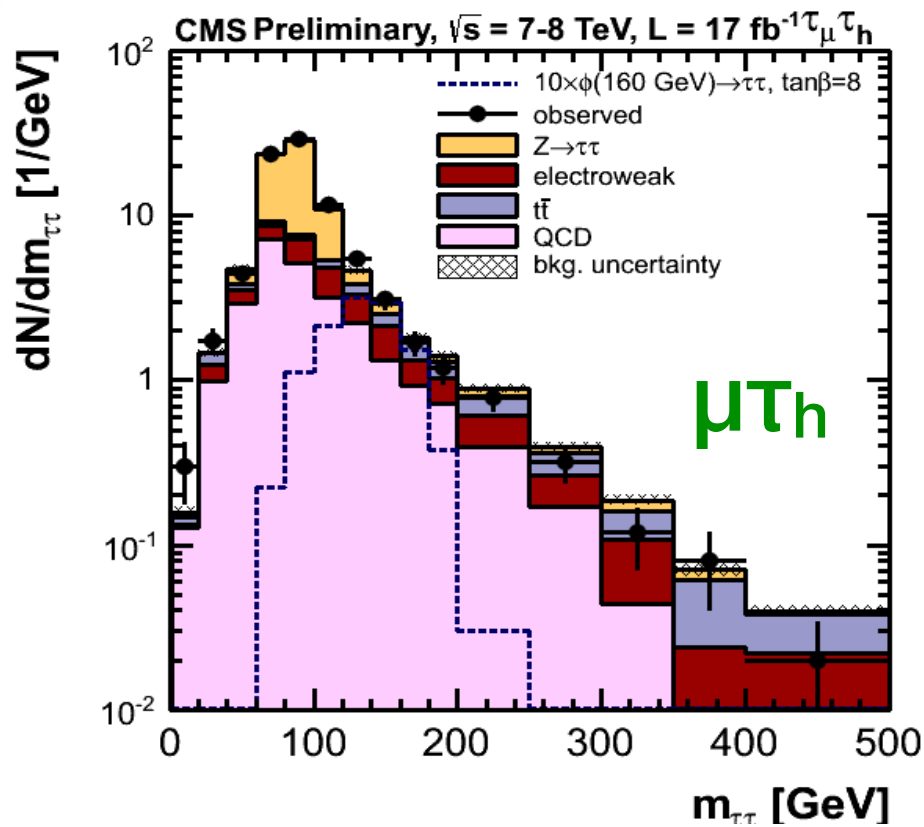
NO b-tagged jet with  $p_T > 20$  GeV

- Triggers, lepton selection,  $\tau$  mass reconstruction, background treatment: same as in the SM  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  searches



# $\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : $m_{\tau\tau}$ distributions

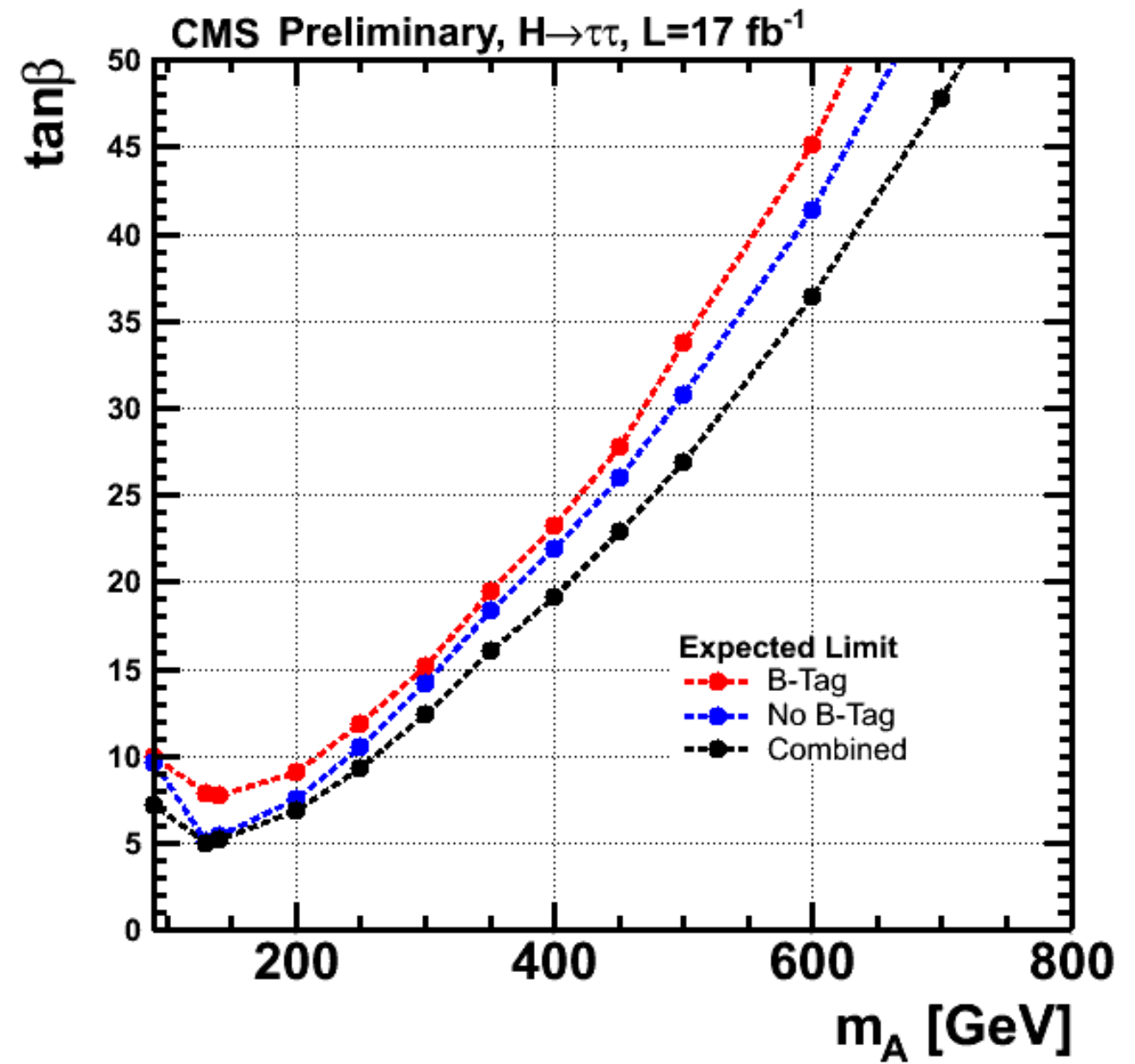
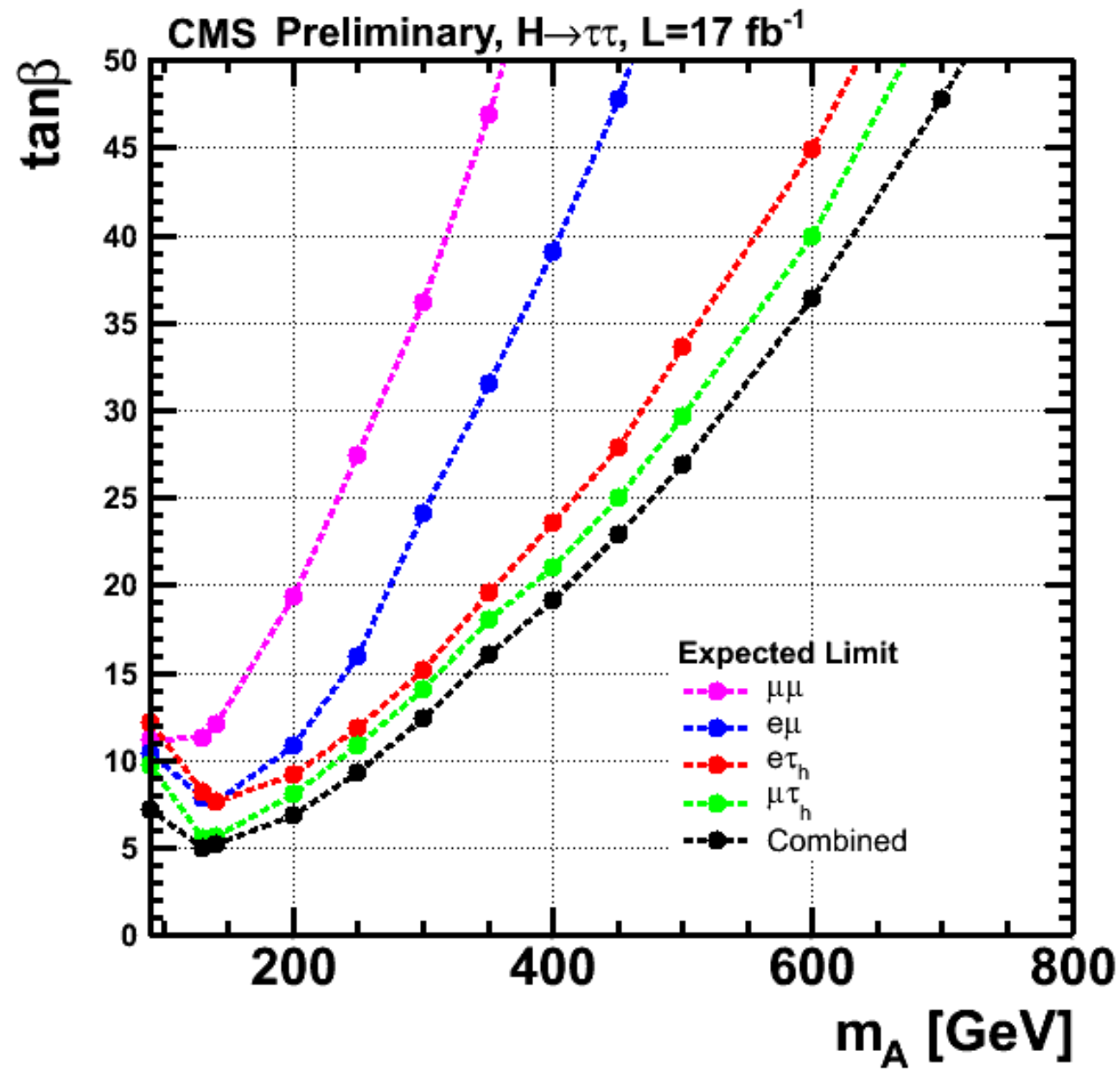
*b-tag category*



- No excess observed.
- All distributions well described by background-only hypothesis.



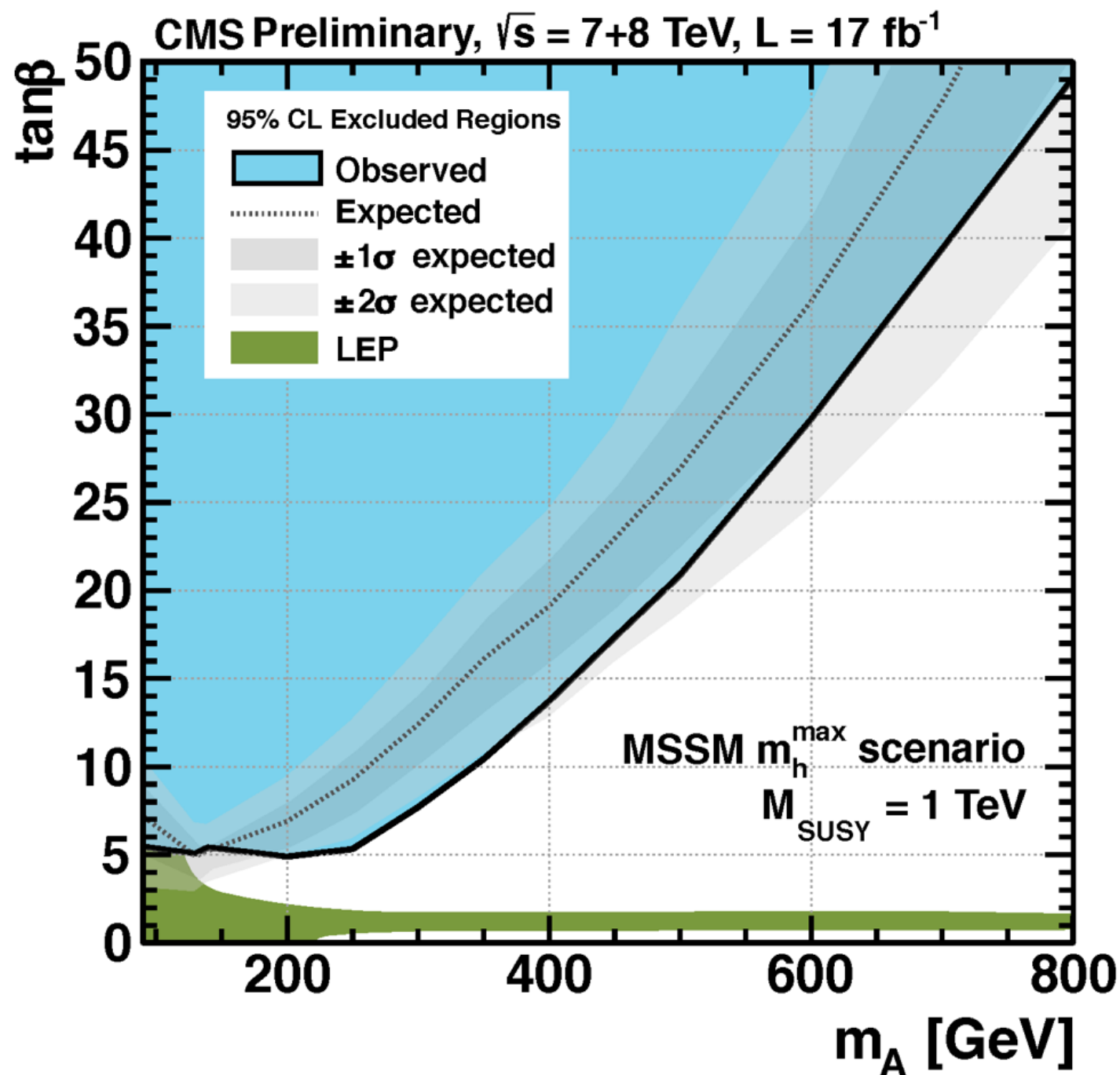
# MSSM $\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ channels sensitivity



- Sensitivity driven by
  - single lepton channel
  - No b-tag category



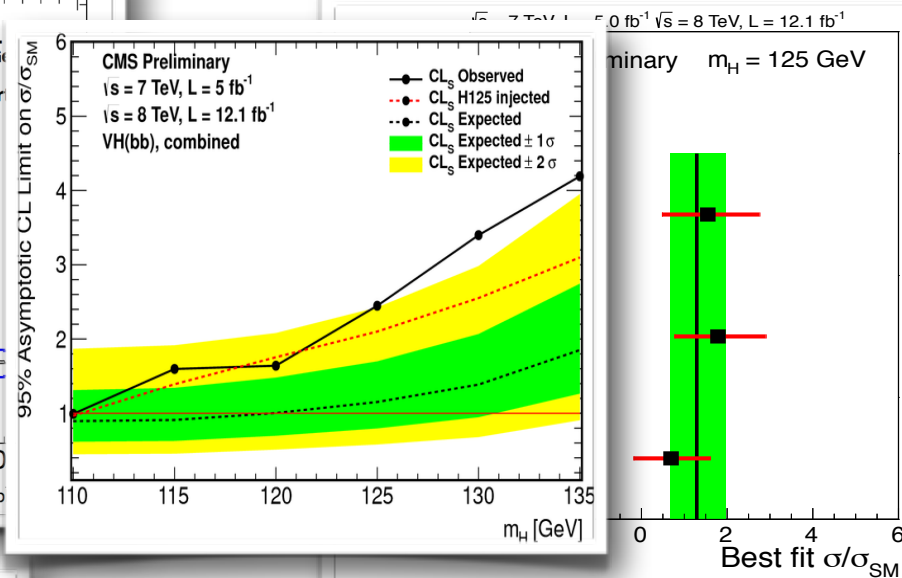
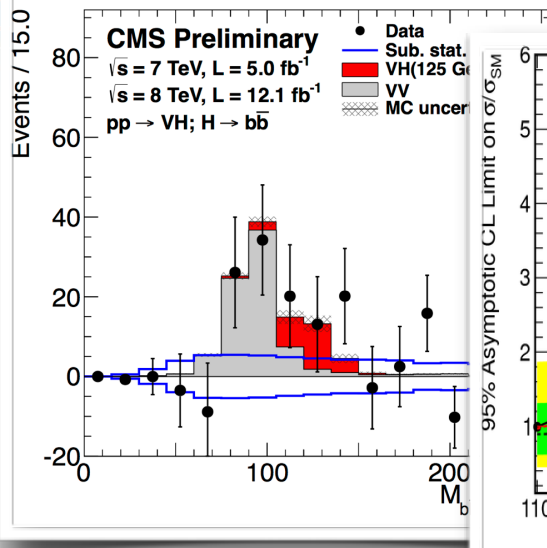
# $\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : MSSM limits



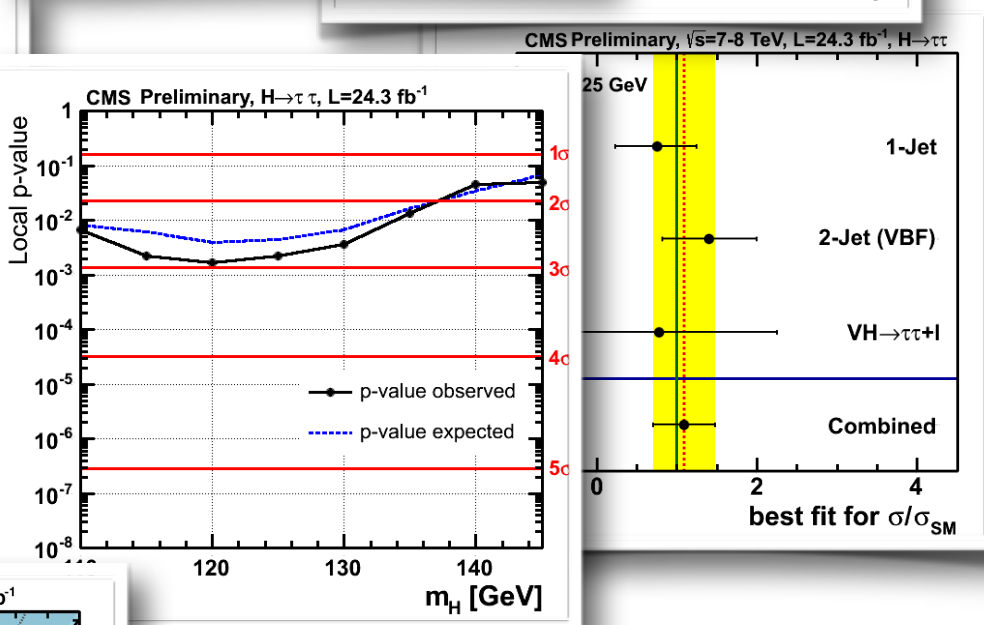
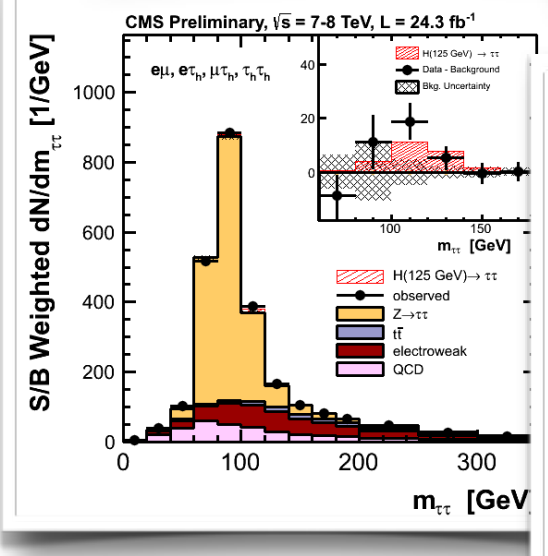
- Interpretation in the  $m_h^{\max}$  scenario
- 95% CL exclusion limit in  $m_A$ – $\tan\beta$  parameter space
  - $\tan\beta < 5$  for  $m_A \leq 250$  GeV
  - Touching LEP constraint at low  $m_A$



# Summary

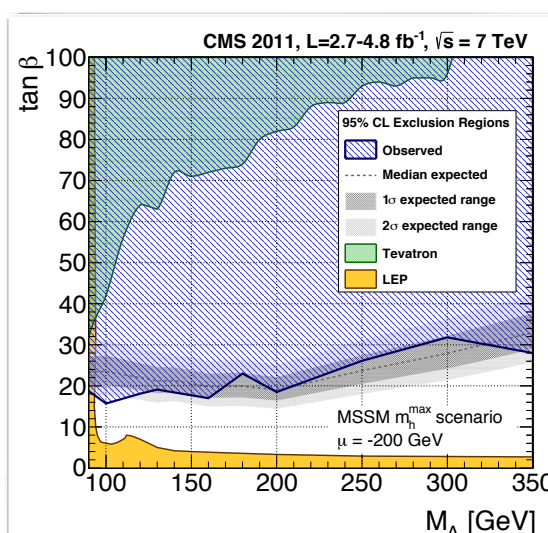
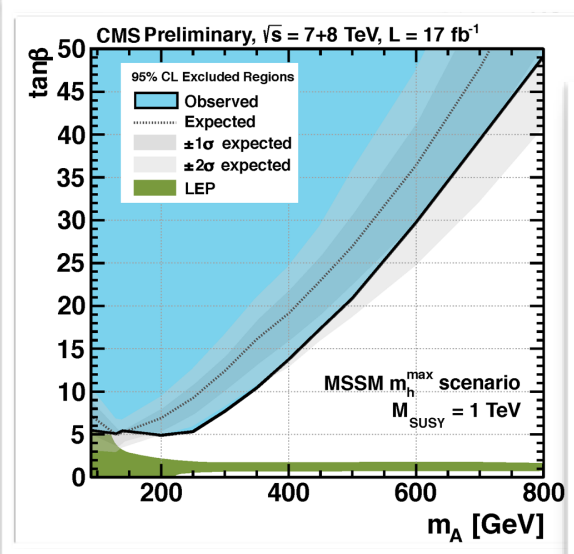


- Evidence of new 125 GeV particle direct coupling to fermions:  $\tau$  leptons and  $b$  quarks.



- No excess observed in MSSM Higgs searches.

- Most analyses still to add the full 2012 dataset.



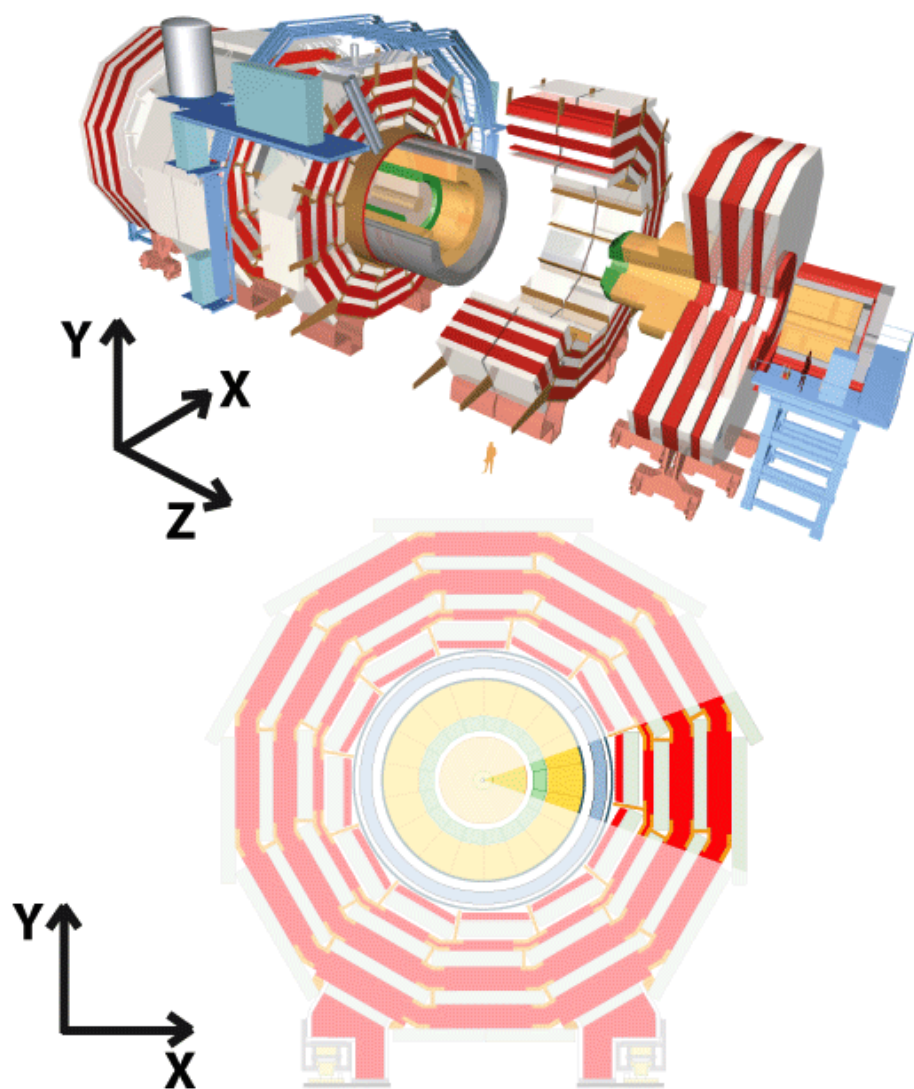
- Further improvements in the analyses are possible.

- Stay tuned!

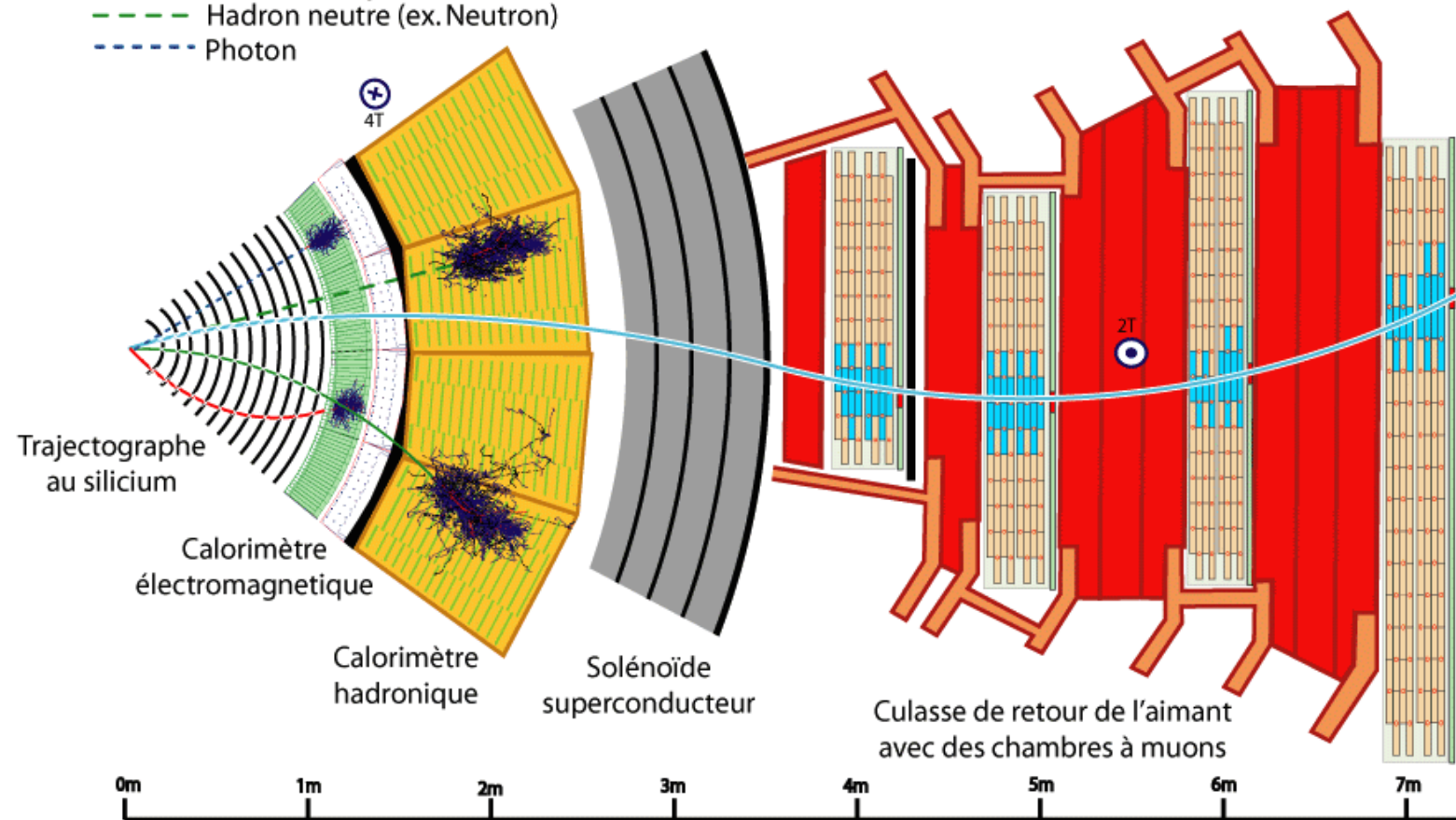


additional material

# How CMS detects particles



- Légende:
- Muon
  - Électron
  - Hadron chargé (ex. Pion)
  - - - Hadron neutre (ex. Neutron)
  - - - Photon





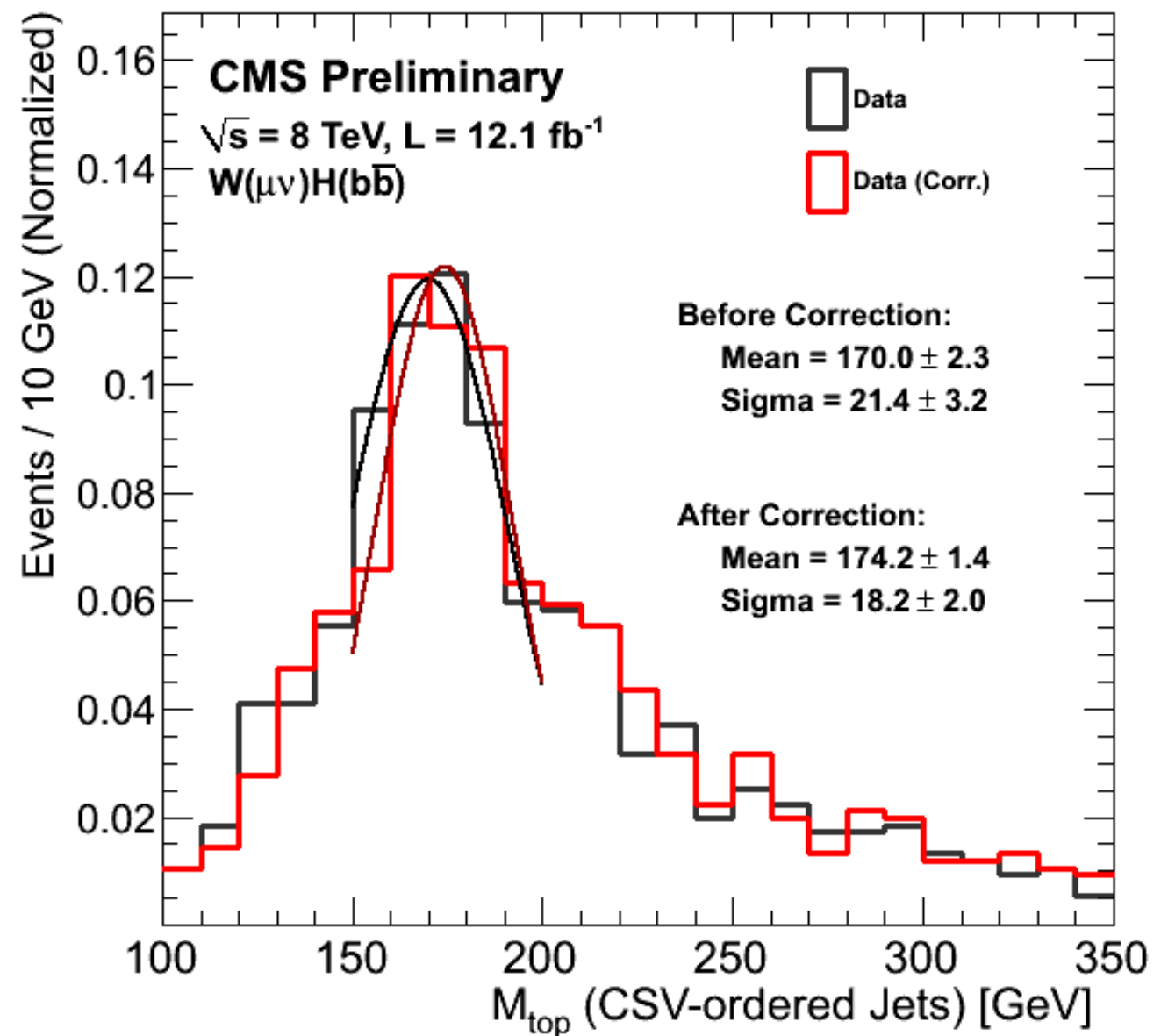
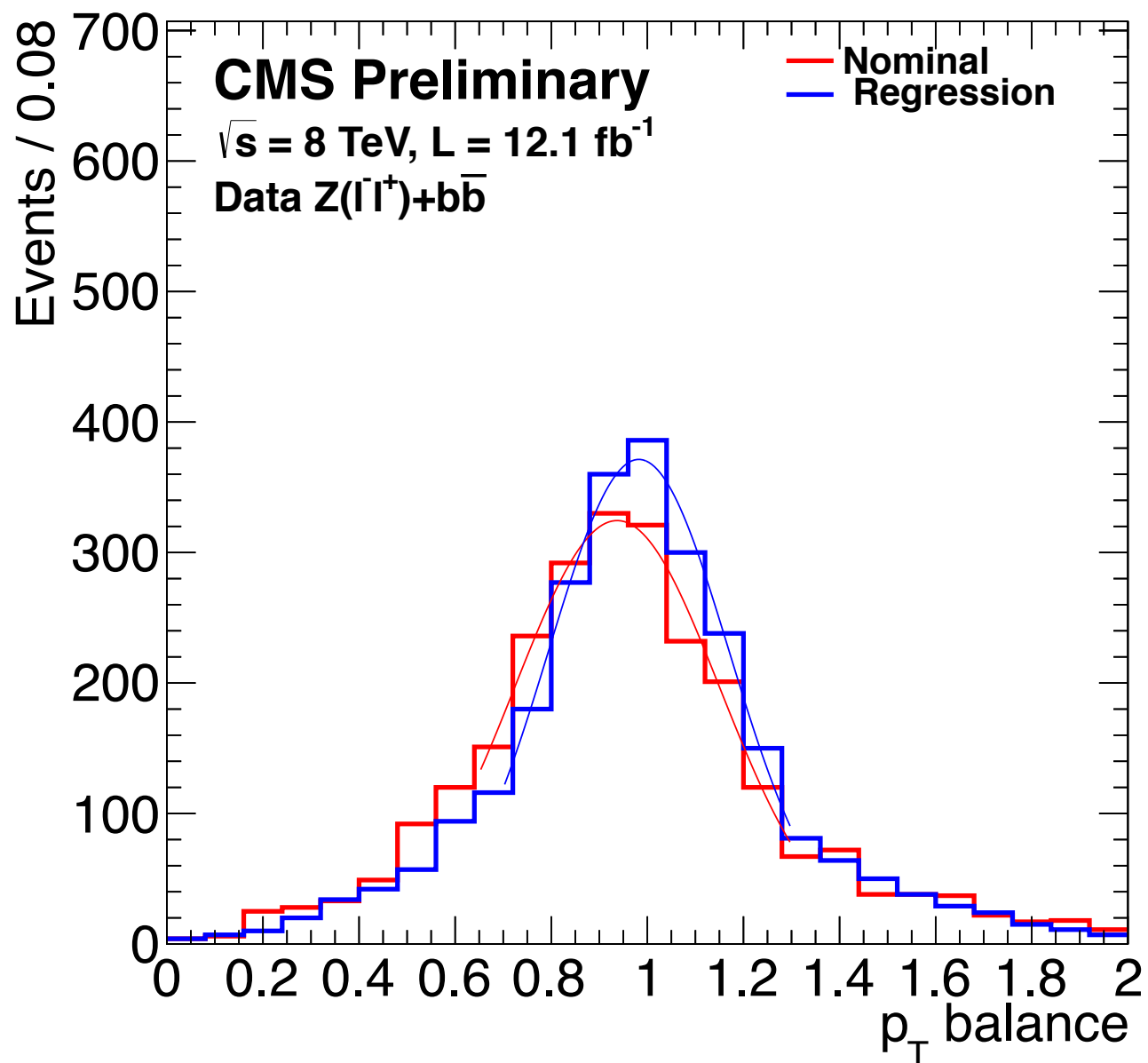
# VH, $H \rightarrow bb$ trigger

Triggers	7 TeV (2011)	8 TeV (2012)
$W(\mu\nu)H$ $Z(\mu\mu)H$	$\geq 1$ (isolated) muon $p_T^\mu > 17\text{--}40$ GeV/c	$\geq 1$ (isolated) muon $p_T^\mu > 24\text{--}40$ GeV/c
$W(e\nu)H$	$\geq 1$ isolated electron $p_T^e > 17\text{--}30$ GeV/c ( $\geq 2$ jets for lower threshold)	$\geq 1$ isolated electron $p_T^e > 27$ GeV/c
$Z(ee)H$	$\geq 2$ isolated electrons $p_T^{e,1st} > 17$ GeV/c $p_T^{e,2nd} > 8$ GeV/c	$\geq 2$ isolated electrons $p_T^{e,1st} > 17$ GeV/c $p_T^{e,2nd} > 8$ GeV/c
$Z(\nu\nu)H$	$MET > 150$ GeV OR $\geq 2$ central jets $p_T > 20$ GeV $MET > 80\text{--}100$ GeV	$MET > 150$ GeV OR $\geq 2$ central jets $p_T > 30$ GeV, $MET > 80$ GeV



# VH, $H \rightarrow bb$ regression validation

- Extensive validation on data and MC
- E.g.,  $p_T$  balance in  $Z(\ell\ell)+bb$  and reconstructed top quark mass







# VH, $H \rightarrow bb$ Systematics

Source	Range
Luminosity	2.2-4.4%
Lepton efficiency and trigger (per lepton)	3%
Z( $\nu\nu$ )H triggers	3%
Jet energy scale	2-3%
Jet energy resolution	3-6%
Missing transverse energy	3%
b-tagging	3-15%
Signal cross section (scale and PDF)	4%
Signal cross section ( $p_T$ boost, EWK/QCD)	5-10% / 10%
Signal Monte Carlo statistics	1-5%
Backgrounds (data estimate)	$\approx 10\%$
Single-top (simulation estimate)	15-30%
Dibosons (simulation estimate)	30%



# $t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ Systematics

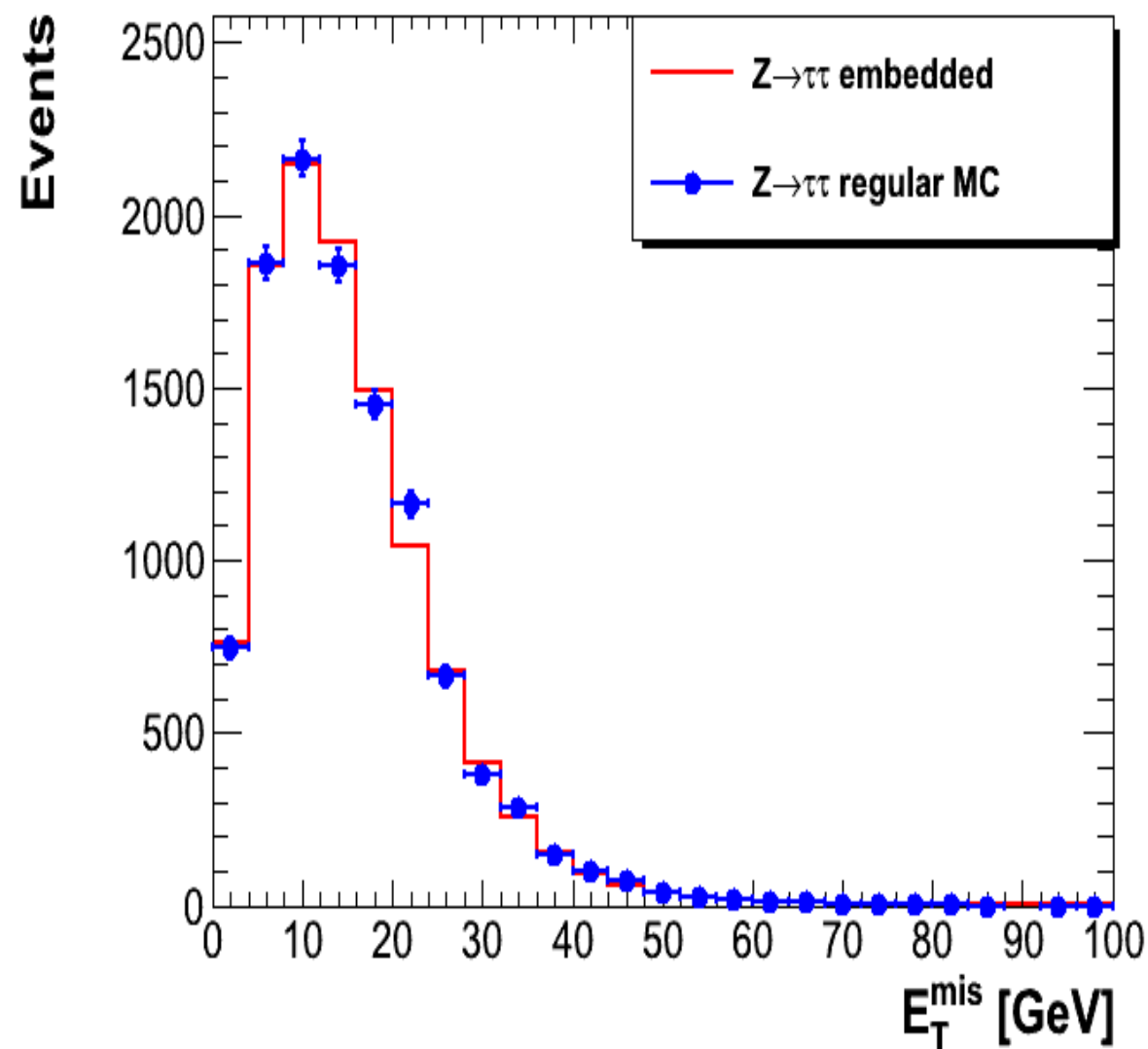
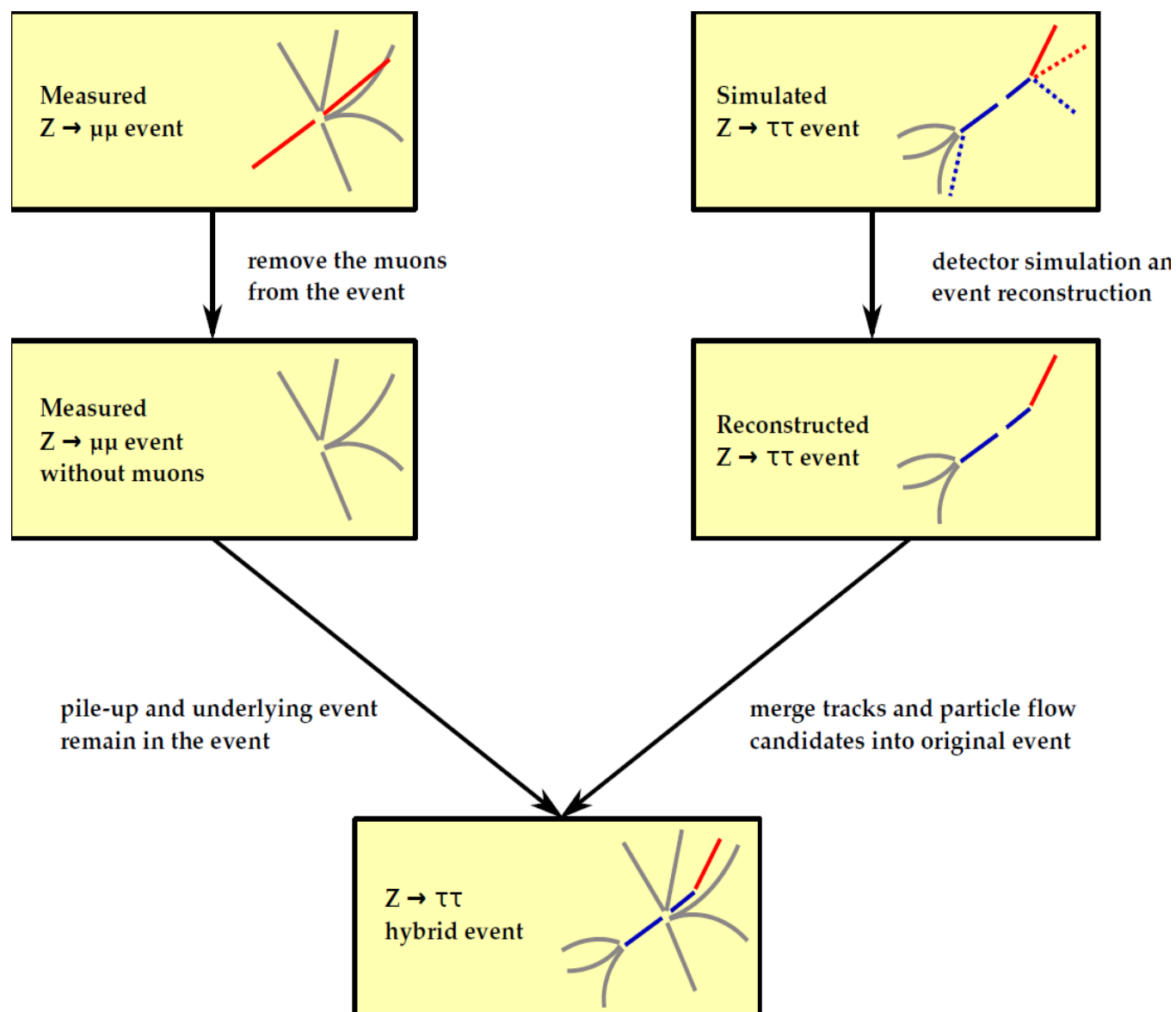


Source	Rate Uncertainty	Shape	Remarks
Luminosity (7 TeV)	2.2%	No	All signal and backgrounds
Luminosity (8 TeV)	4.4%	No	All signal and backgrounds
Lepton ID/Trig	4%	No	All signal and backgrounds
Pileup	1%	No	All signal and backgrounds
Additional Pileup Corr.	–	Yes	All signal and backgrounds
Jet Energy Resolution	1.5%	No	All signal and backgrounds
Jet Energy Scale	0–60%	Yes	All signal and backgrounds
b-Tag SF (b/c)	0–33.6%	Yes	All signal and backgrounds
b-Tag SF (mistag)	0–23.5%	Yes	All signal and backgrounds
MC Statistics	–	Yes	All backgrounds
PDF (gg)	9%	No	For gg initiated processes ( $t\bar{t}$ , $t\bar{t}Z$ , $t\bar{t}H$ )
PDF (q $\bar{q}$ )	4.2–7%	No	For q $\bar{q}$ initiated processes ( $t\bar{t}W$ , $W$ , $Z$ ).
PDF (qg)	4.6%	No	For qg initiated processes (single top)
QCD Scale ( $t\bar{t}H$ )	15%	No	For NLO $t\bar{t}H$ prediction
QCD Scale ( $t\bar{t}$ )	2–12%	No	For NLO $t\bar{t}$ and single top predictions
QCD Scale (V)	1.2–1.3%	No	For NNLO W and Z prediction
QCD Scale (VV)	3.5%	No	For NLO diboson prediction
Madgraph Scale ( $t\bar{t}$ )	0–20%	Yes	$t\bar{t}$ + jets/ $b\bar{b}$ / $c\bar{c}$ uncorrelated. Varies by jet bin.
Madgraph Scale (V)	20–60%	No	Varies by jet bin.
$t\bar{t}$ + $b\bar{b}$	50%	No	Only $t\bar{t}$ + $b\bar{b}$ .



# $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : Embedding

- $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$  is the main irreducible background.
- Estimated from embedded sample:  $\mu$  in  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  events replaced by simulated  $\tau$ .
- Normalised from  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  events.





# MSSM $\Phi \rightarrow bb$

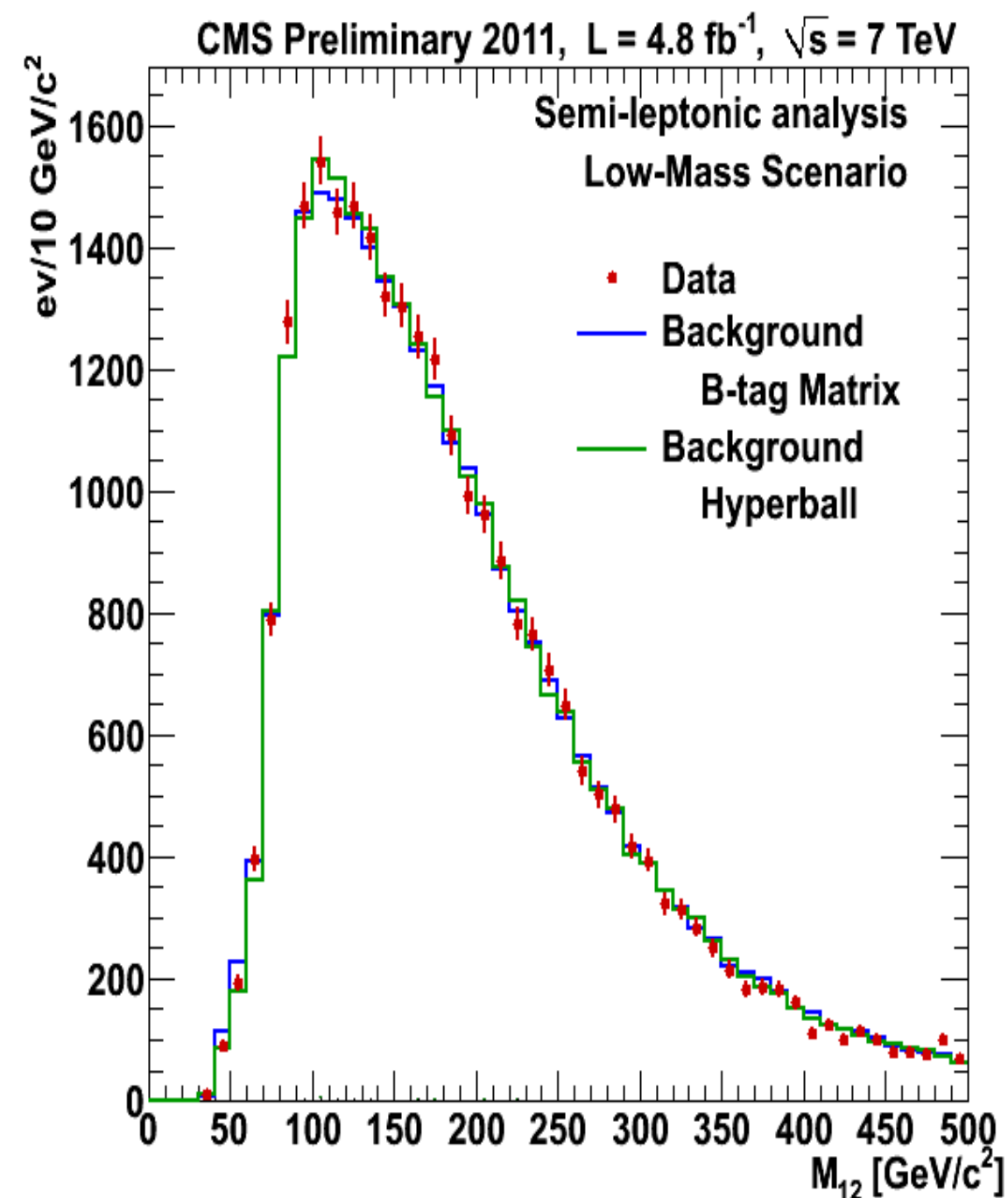
Event selection	All-hadronic	Semi-leptonic
Triggers	$\geq 2$ or $3$ Jets $\geq 2$ b-tagged Jets	$\geq 1$ Muon $\geq 1$ or $2$ Jets $\geq 1$ or $2$ b-tagged Jets
Jets	$\geq 3$ Jets $p_T^{1st} > 46$ (60) GeV $p_T^{2nd} > 38$ (53) GeV $p_T^{3rd} > 20$ GeV 3 leading Jets b-tagged	$\geq 3$ Jets $p_T^{1st,2nd} > 30$ GeV $p_T^{3rd} > 20$ GeV 3 leading Jets b-tagged
Muon	–	$\geq 1$ Muon, $p_T > 15$ GeV



# MSSM $\Phi \rightarrow bb$ (semileptonic)



- Background estimation – semi-leptonic
- BTagMatrix
  - B-tag probability matrices (*bbj* sample).
  - B-tag eff from MC, flavour fractions from data
  - $F(x; bbb) = F(x; bbj) \otimes P_{b\text{-tag}}^{3^{\text{rd}} \text{ jet}}(\dots)$
- Hyperball (nearest neighbour)
  - Sample *bjj* (excl *bbj* sample)
  - Compute the fraction *f* of similar events passing full selection.
  - $F(x; bbb) = F(x; bjj) \otimes f$
- The two methods are combined
  - Use bin-per-bin weighted average of B-tag Matrix and Hyperball prediction to get background shape.





# MSSM $\phi \rightarrow bb$ Systematics



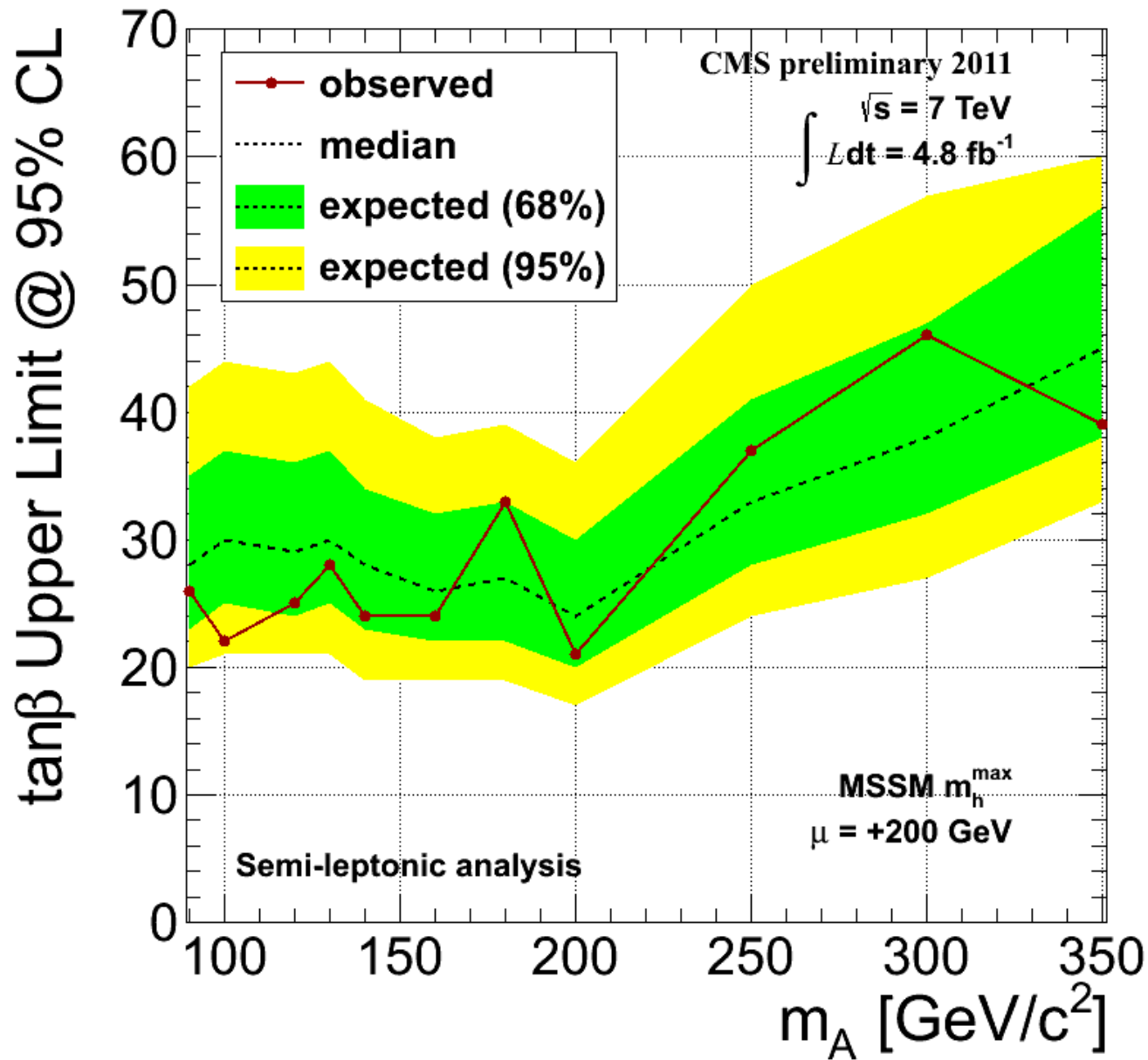
- Systematic uncertainties on the signal yield

Source	All-hadronic	Semileptonic	Type
Trigger efficiency	10%	3 – 5%	rate
Online b-tagging efficiency	32%	–	rate
Offline b-tagging efficiency	10–13% <sup>†</sup>	12%	shape/rate
b-tagging efficiency dependence on topology	6%	–	rate
Jet energy scale	1.4–6.8%	3.1%	shape/rate
Jet energy resolution	0.6–1.3%	1.9%	shape/rate
Muon momentum scale and resolution	–	1%	rate
Signal Monte Carlo statistics		1.1–2.6%	rate
Integrated luminosity		2.2%	rate
PDF and $\alpha_s$ uncertainties	3–6%*	2.7–4.7%*	rate
Factorization and renormalization QCD scale		6–28%*	rate
Underlying event and parton showering		4%*	rate

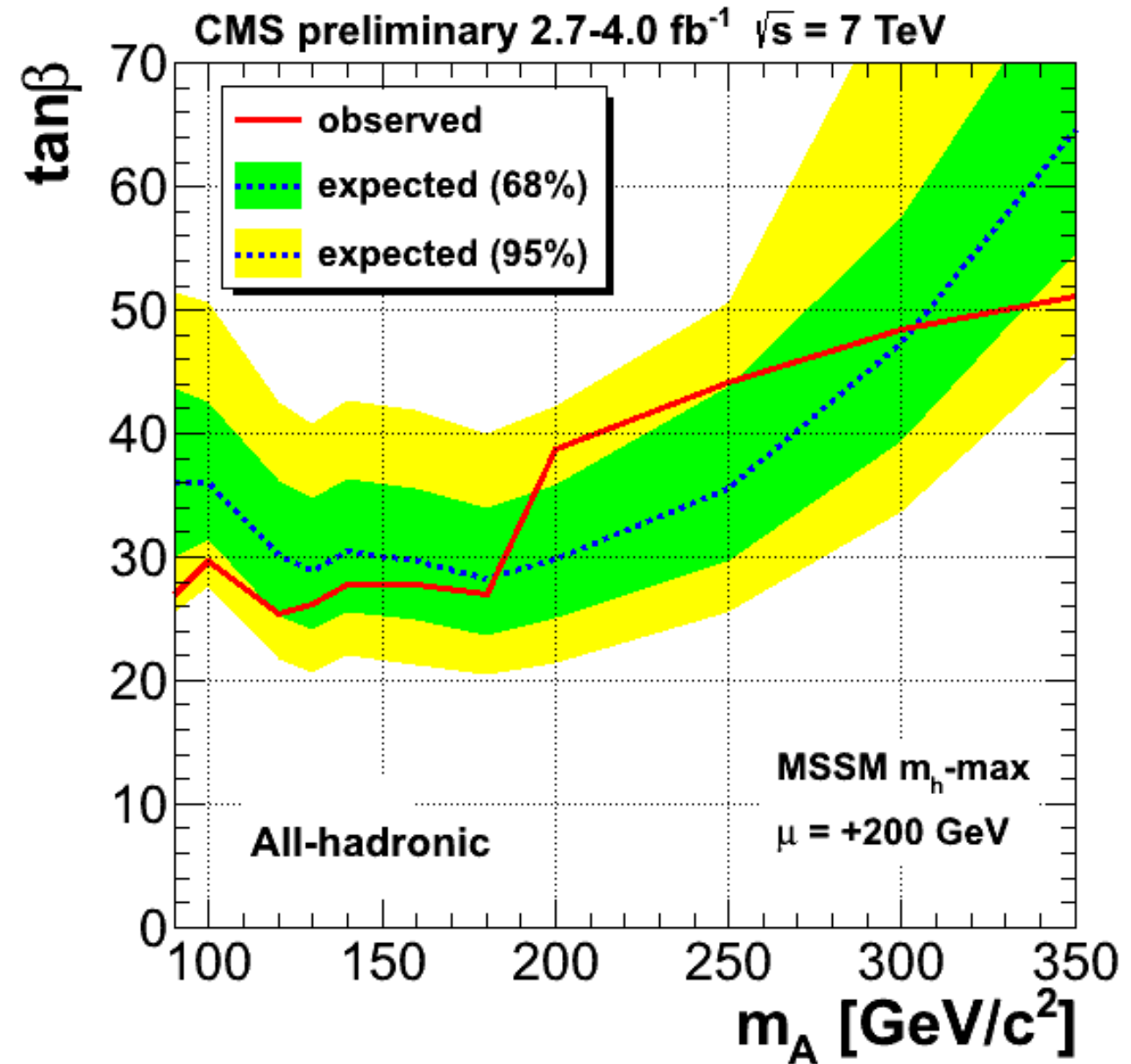


# MSSM $\phi \rightarrow bb$ Limits

## Semileptonic



## All-hadronic



# $\phi \rightarrow bb$ Tevatron

