

BABAR's Angular Analysis of

$$B \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^-$$

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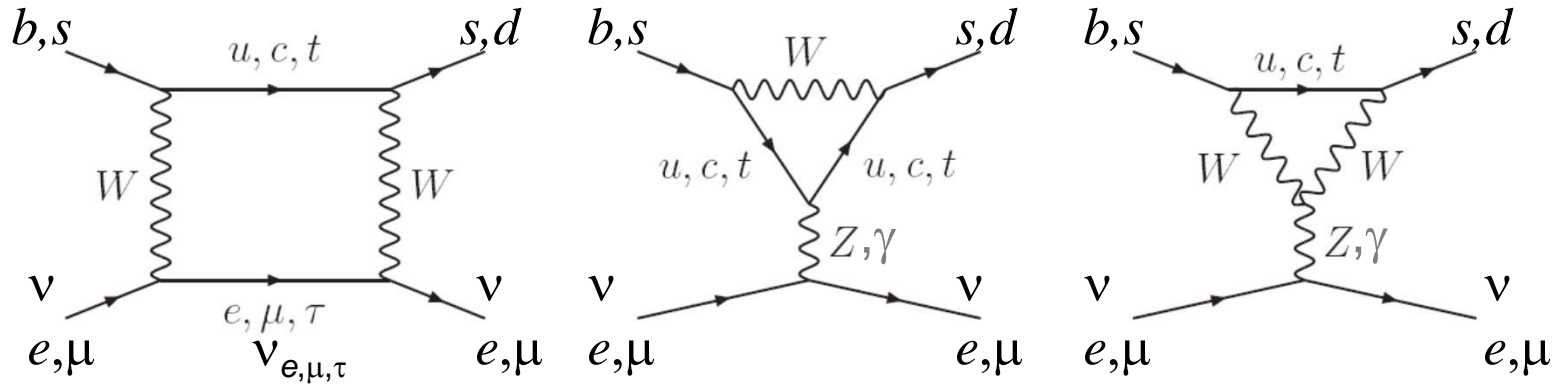
(representing the *BABAR* collaboration)



Outline

- I. Rare FCNC Decays
- II. $B \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^-$ ($l = e, \mu$)
 - i. Analysis Issues
 - ii. Branching Fraction
 - iii. Angular Analysis (preliminary results)
- III. Summary/Conclusions

Flavor Changing Neutral Currents



Responsible for rare decays in Standard Model



$$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$$

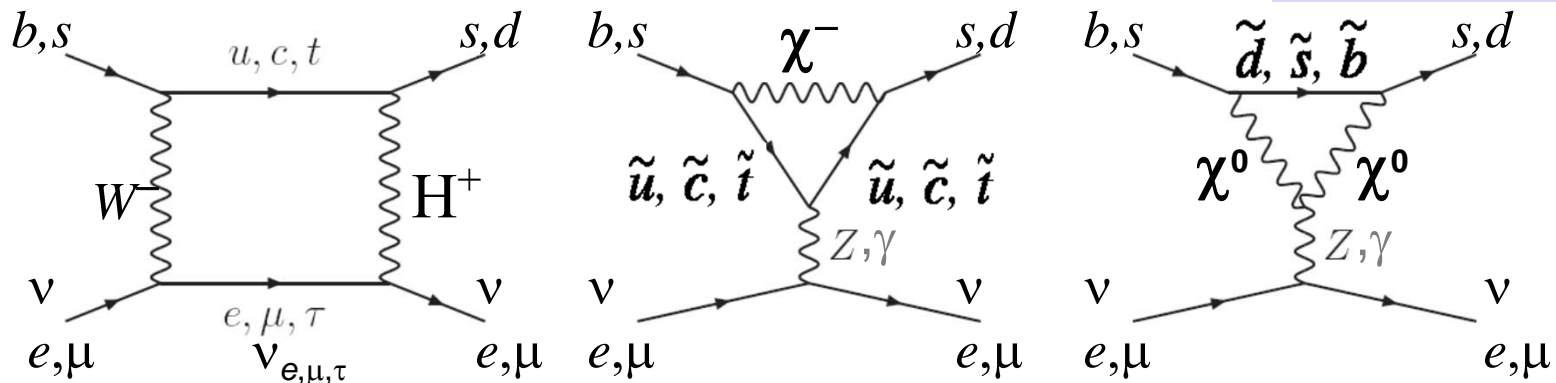
$$B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^- \quad (\ell = e \text{ or } \mu)$$

$$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$

$$K_L^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$

$$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$$

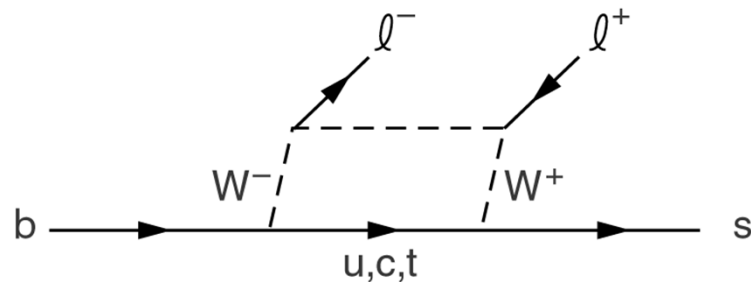
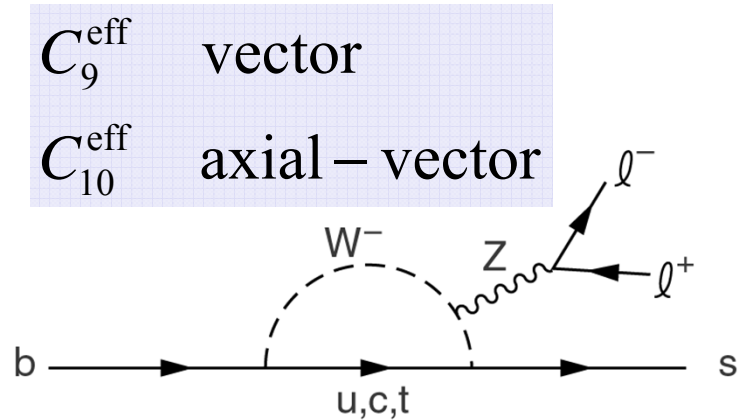
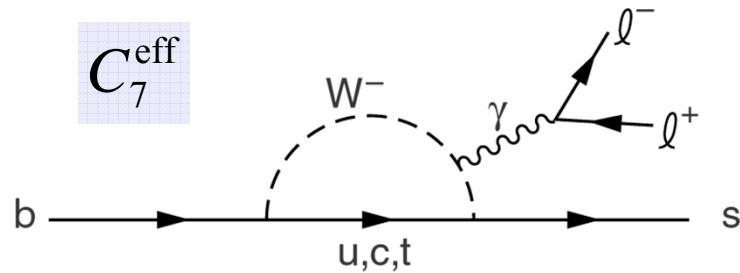
$$K_L^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$$



Sensitive to new (high-mass) particles in loops.

$b \rightarrow s l^+ l^-$

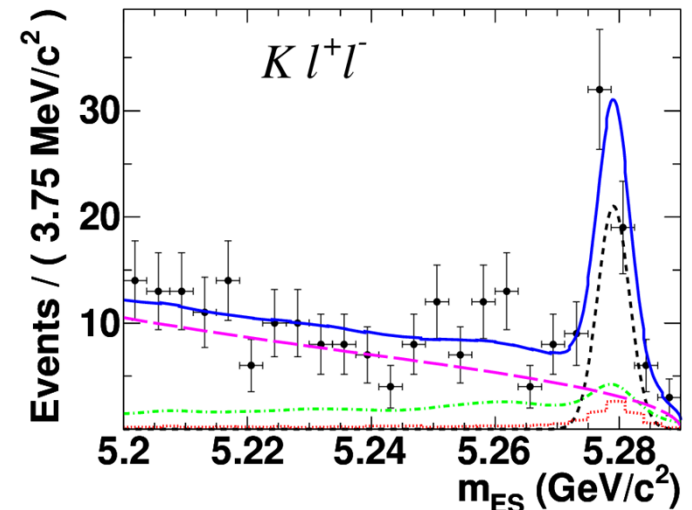
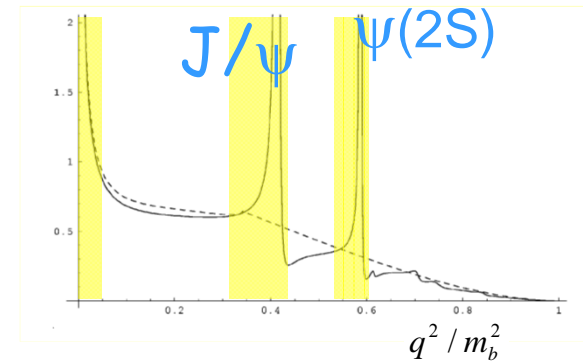
$$l = e, \mu$$



- More complex than $b \rightarrow s \gamma$
 - W-box and Z-penguin amplitudes important
 - $c\bar{c}$ resonances in dilepton spectrum (removed by cuts on M_{ll})
- More observables
 - partial BFs vs q^2 ($q^2 = m_{ll}^2$)
 - forward-backward asymmetry (A_{FB})
 - New Physics may induce effects in these observables
- Experimental considerations
 - Semi-inclusive (sum of exclusive modes) approach for $B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$
 - Observables cleaner for $B \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^-$

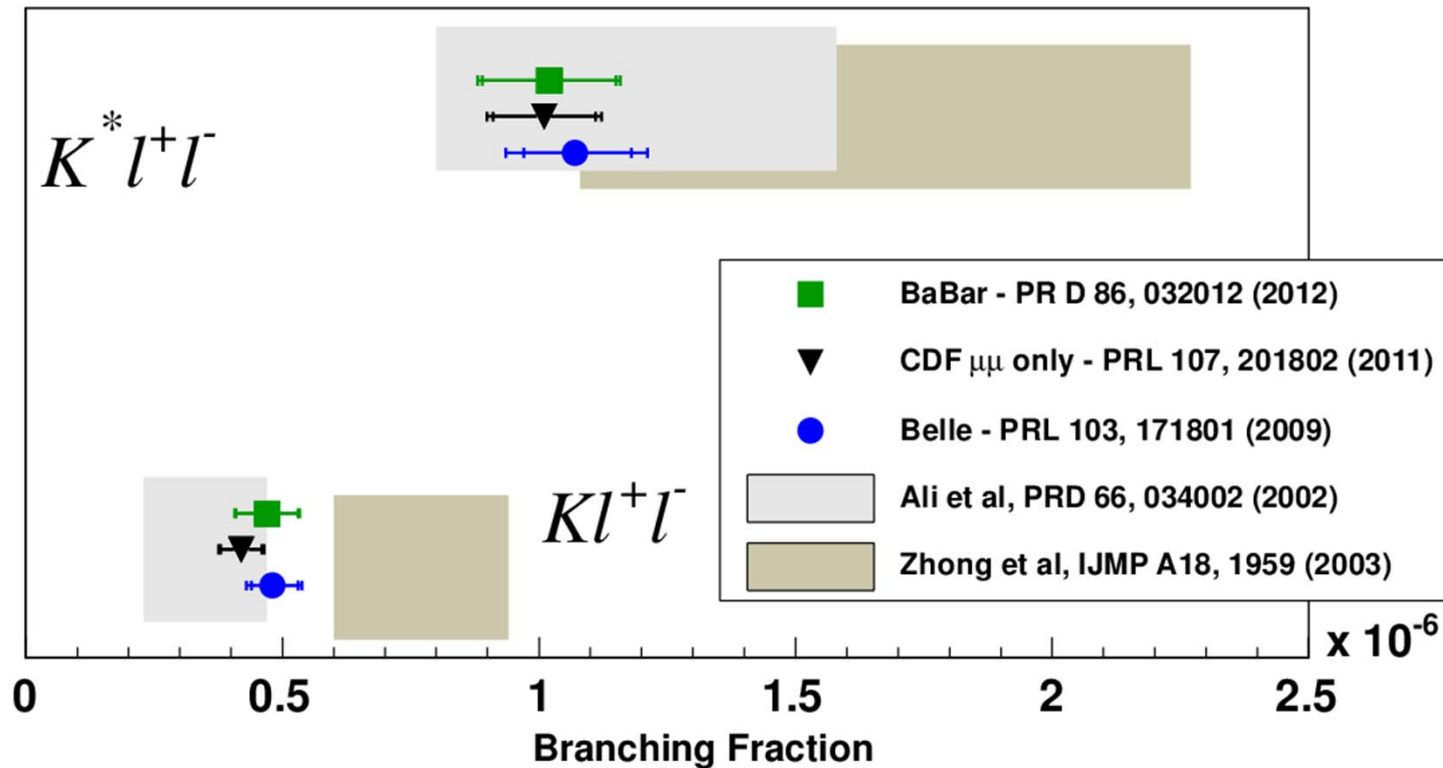
$b \rightarrow s l^+ l^-$ Experimental Issues

- Exclusive $B \rightarrow K l^+ l^-$ and $B \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^-$ K, K^* submodes
 $(K^\pm, K_S^0, K^\pm \pi^\mp, K^\pm \pi^0, K_S^0 \pi^\pm) e^+ e^-$ and $(K^\pm, K_S^0, K^\pm \pi^\mp, K_S^0 \pi^\pm) \mu^+ \mu^-$ with $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$
- Interference from $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} J/\psi$
 and $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \psi(2S)$
 - Remove with cuts on $l^+ l^-$ mass
- Main backgrounds from B and D semi-leptonic decays
 - Suppress using event shape, vertex info, missing energy, ..., in bagged DTs
- Background from $B \rightarrow D \pi (D \rightarrow K^{(*)} \pi) + \pi \rightarrow \mu$ mis-ID
 - Veto $K^{(*)} \pi$ mass close to D
- Extract signal with maximum likelihood fits
 - Using M_{ES} and likelihood ratio (LR from $B\bar{B}$ BDT), and $M_{K\pi}$ for K^* modes



$$M_{ES} = \sqrt{E_{\text{beam}}^{*2} - p_B^{*2}}$$

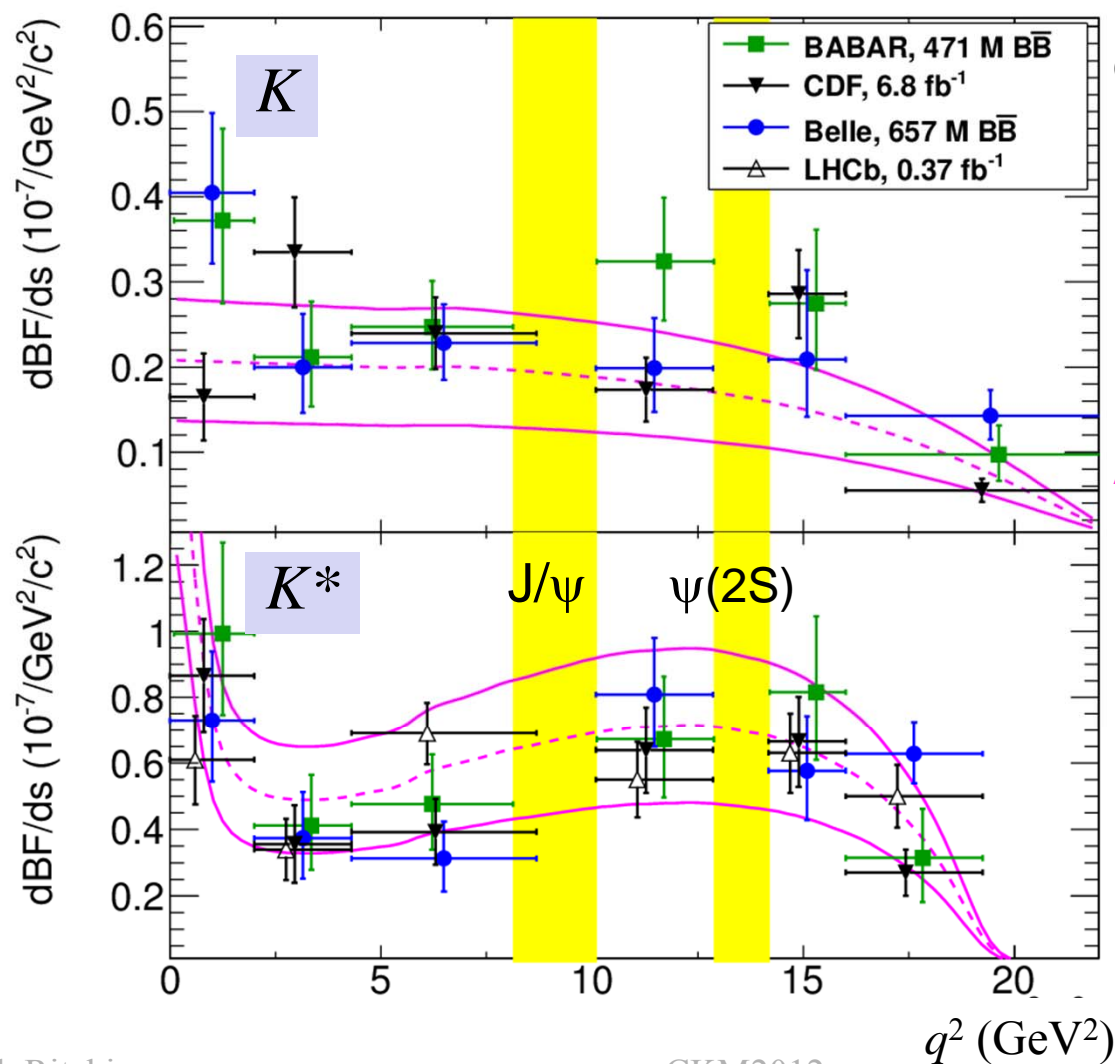
$B \rightarrow K^{(*)} l^+ l^-$ Branching Fraction



Measured BF's consistent with SM theory.

Next level of NP tests from partial BF's vs q^2 , rate asymmetries, and angular information.

$B \rightarrow K^{(*)} l^+ l^-$ versus q^2



BABAR – PR D **86**, 032012 (2012)

CDF – PRL **107**, 201802 (2011)

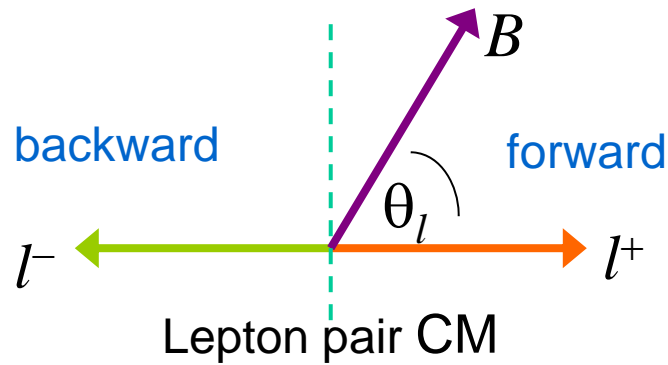
Belle – PRL **103**, 171801 (2009)

LHCb – PRL **108**, 181806 (2012)

Ali et al., PR D **66**, 034002 (2002)

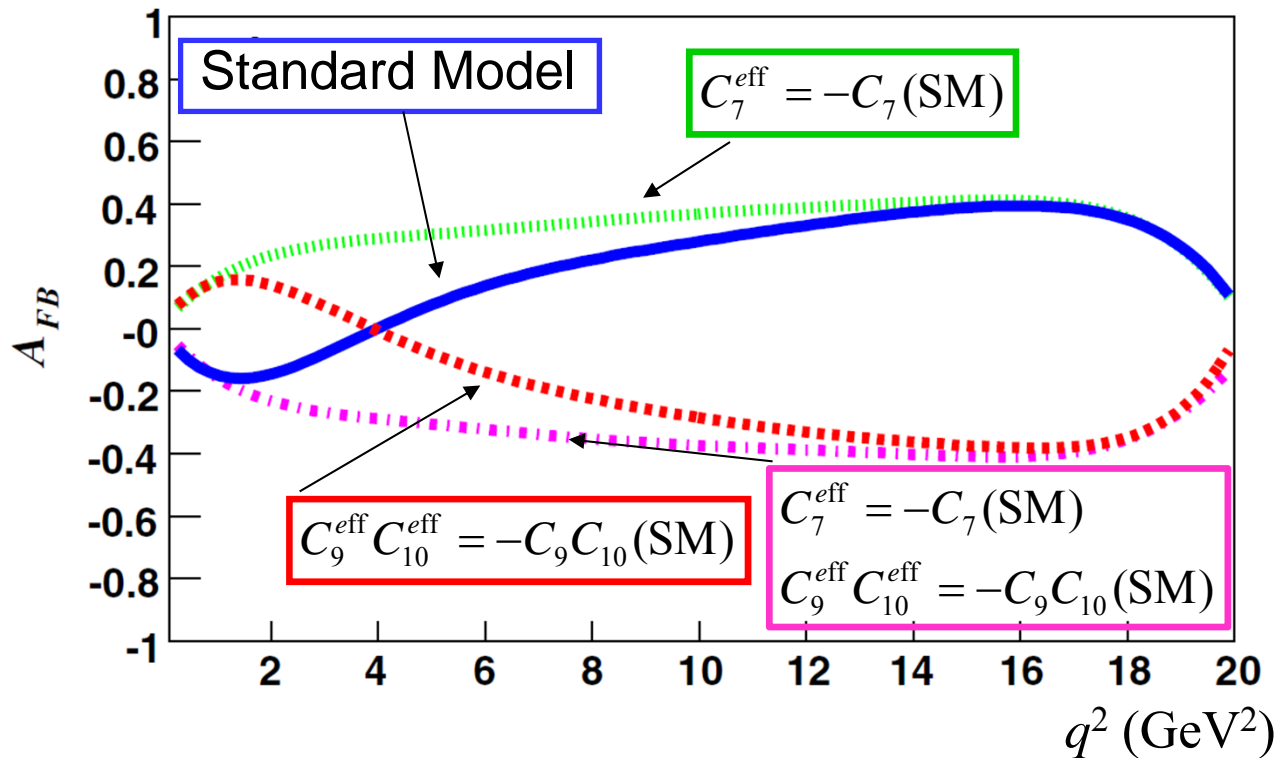
$$(q^2 = m_{ll}^2)$$

A_{FB} in $B \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^-$



Lepton forward–backward asymmetry (A_{FB})

- Measures forward-backward asymmetry in decay distribution in θ_l
- Sensitive to values (and relative signs) of effective Wilson coefficients C_7^{eff} , C_9^{eff} , C_{10}^{eff}



$B \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^-$ Angular Analysis

K^* longitudinal polarization F_L

From distribution of the angle θ_K between the K and B in the K^* rest frame

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma} \frac{d\Gamma}{d \cos \theta_K} = \frac{3}{2} F_L \cos^2 \theta_K + \frac{3}{4} (1 - F_L) (1 - \cos^2 \theta_K)$$

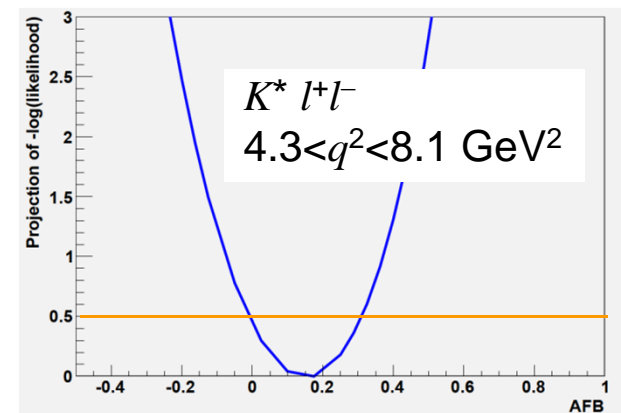
Lepton forward-backward asymmetry A_{FB}

From distribution of the angle θ_l between the l^+ and B in the $l^+ l^-$ rest frame

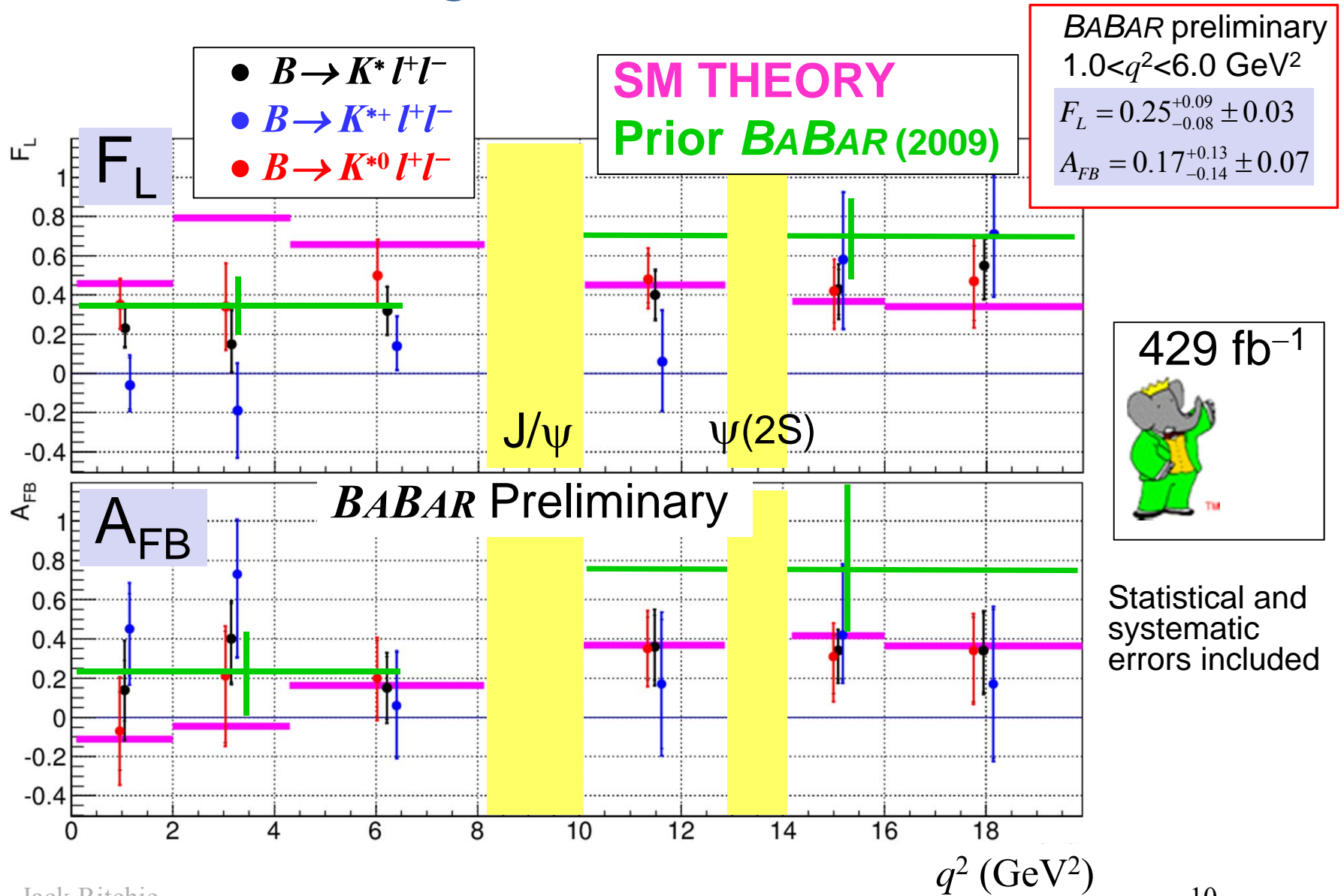
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\Gamma} \frac{d\Gamma}{d \cos \theta_l} &= \frac{3}{4} F_L (1 - \cos^2 \theta_l) \\ &+ \frac{3}{8} (1 - F_L) (1 + \cos^2 \theta_l) + A_{FB} \cos \theta_l \end{aligned}$$

Fit Strategy

- After event selection, perform 3-d fits (m_{ES} , $M_{K\pi}$, LR) to determine signal and background yields for each submode in each q^2 bin.
- For $m_{ES} > 5.27$ GeV, with submode yields fixed, perform a simultaneous fit (including $\cos \theta_K$) over all submodes to determine F_L .
- With F_L fixed, perform a simultaneous fit (including $\cos \theta_l$) over all submodes to determine A_{FB} .
- Validate the method using charmonium modes $B \rightarrow K^* J/\psi$ and $B \rightarrow K^* \psi(2S)$



BABAR Angular Results (Preliminary)

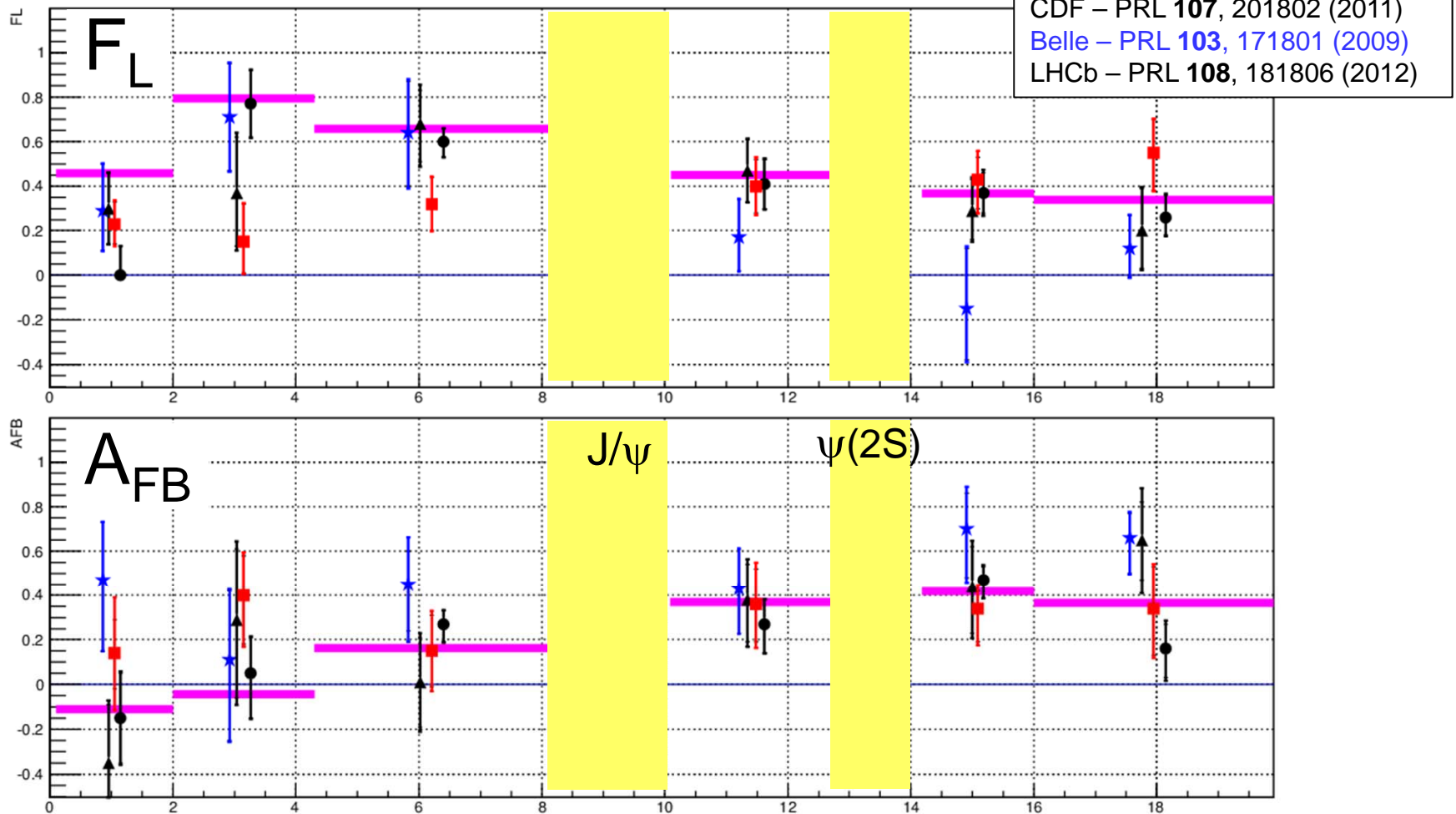


$B \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^-$ Angular Results Compared

■ BABAR prelim ● LHCb
★ Belle ▲ CDF

— SM Theory

$B \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-$



Summary/Conclusions

- There has been enormous progress in the study of rare FCNC B decays, including angular variables in the $B \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^-$ decay.
 - Both e^+e^- and hadron collider experiments
- *BABAR* has reported preliminary F_L and A_{FB} versus q^2 for $B \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^-$ with the binning used by Belle, CDF, and LHCb.
- Current experimental results are generally consistent with each other and with the SM.
- Complete study of these processes will require much larger data samples.

Backup/Extra Slides

Preliminary F_L results with systematics.

$s(\text{GeV}^2/c^4)$	$B \rightarrow K^* \ell^+ \ell^-$	$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \ell^+ \ell^-$	$B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \ell^+ \ell^-$
0.1 – 2.00	$0.23^{+0.10}_{-0.09} \pm 0.04$	$0.35^{+0.13}_{-0.12} \pm 0.04$	$-0.06^{+0.14}_{-0.12} \pm 0.06$
2.00 – 4.30	$0.15^{+0.17}_{-0.14} \pm 0.04$	$0.34^{+0.22}_{-0.22} \pm 0.08$	$-0.19^{+0.24}_{-0.24} \pm 0.04$
4.30 – 8.68	$0.32^{+0.12}_{-0.12} \pm 0.06$	$0.50^{+0.18}_{-0.15} \pm 0.05$	$0.14^{+0.15}_{-0.12} \pm 0.05$
10.09 – 12.86	$0.40^{+0.12}_{-0.12} \pm 0.06$	$0.48^{+0.13}_{-0.12} \pm 0.10$	$0.06^{+0.26}_{-0.25} \pm 0.05$
14.18 – 16.00	$0.43^{+0.10}_{-0.13} \pm 0.09$	$0.42^{+0.12}_{-0.16} \pm 0.11$	$0.58^{+0.34}_{-0.35} \pm 0.06$
> 16.00	$0.55^{+0.15}_{-0.17} \pm 0.03$	$0.47^{+0.18}_{-0.20} \pm 0.13$	$0.71^{+0.30}_{-0.32} \pm 0.03$
1.00 – 6.00	$0.25^{+0.09}_{-0.08} \pm 0.03$	$0.47^{+0.13}_{-0.13} \pm 0.04$	$0.03^{+0.11}_{-0.10} \pm 0.03$

BABAR Preliminary : Preliminary \mathcal{A}_{FB} results with systematics.

$s(\text{GeV}^2/c^4)$	$B \rightarrow K^* \ell^+ \ell^-$	$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \ell^+ \ell^-$	$B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \ell^+ \ell^-$
0.1 – 2.00	$0.14^{+0.15}_{-0.16} \pm 0.20$	$-0.07^{+0.20}_{-0.20} \pm 0.19$	$0.45^{+0.18}_{-0.24} \pm 0.15$
2.00 – 4.30	$0.40^{+0.18}_{-0.22} \pm 0.07$	$0.21^{+0.23}_{-0.34} \pm 0.11$	$0.73^{+0.27}_{-0.42} \pm 0.07$
4.30 – 8.68	$0.15^{+0.16}_{-0.16} \pm 0.08$	$0.20^{+0.19}_{-0.20} \pm 0.08$	$0.06^{+0.27}_{-0.26} \pm 0.07$
10.09 – 12.86	$0.36^{+0.16}_{-0.17} \pm 0.10$	$0.35^{+0.16}_{-0.16} \pm 0.11$	$0.17^{+0.33}_{-0.33} \pm 0.16$
14.18 – 16.00	$0.34^{+0.08}_{-0.15} \pm 0.07$	$0.31^{+0.11}_{-0.19} \pm 0.13$	$0.42^{+0.35}_{-0.23} \pm 0.09$
> 16.00	$0.34^{+0.19}_{-0.21} \pm 0.07$	$0.34^{+0.17}_{-0.26} \pm 0.08$	$0.17^{+0.38}_{-0.38} \pm 0.11$
1.00 – 6.00	$0.17^{+0.12}_{-0.14} \pm 0.07$	$0.02^{+0.16}_{-0.18} \pm 0.07$	$0.31^{+0.12}_{-0.14} \pm 0.07$