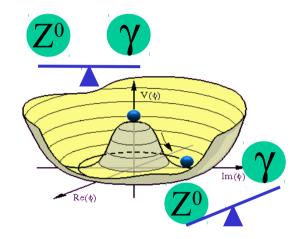
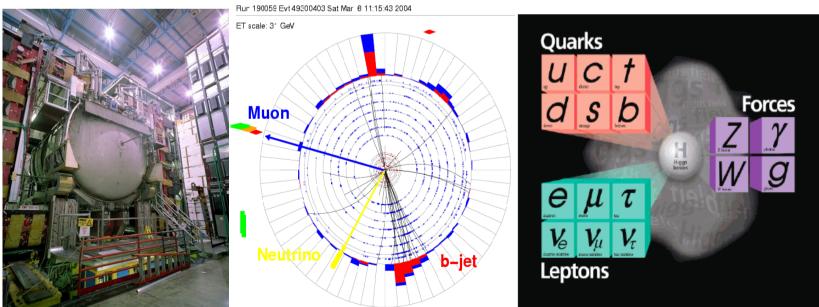


Spin/parity of Higgs-like particle at D0

Boris Tuchming – Irfu/Spp CEA Saclay on behalf of the DØ collaboration



Special thanks to Ken Herner for the preparation of this talk





Motivation for spin-parity studies in bb



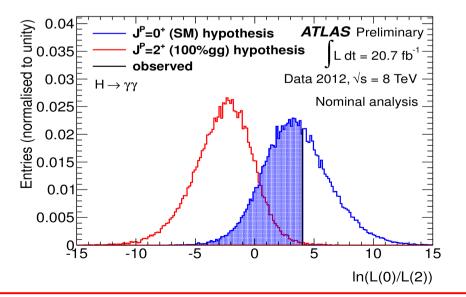
- With the discovery of a new boson of mass 125—126 GeV comes detailed studies of its properties
 - What is its mass?
 - What are its spin (J) and parity (P)?
 - What are the coupling strengths?

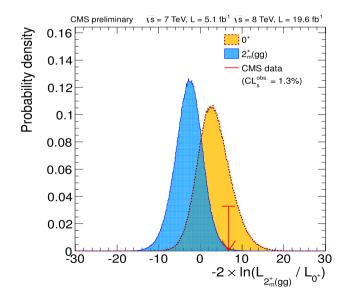
Extensive spin-parity studies performed at LHC

- The di-photon decay excludes J=1 by the Landau-Yang theorem
- Results favor $J^P=0^+$ over $2^+,0^-,...$ in $H\to ZZ, H\to WW, H\to \gamma\gamma$
 - under various hypotheses for production
- No results yet for the bb decay mode

Important to build a consistent picture in all expected Higgs boson decay

modes





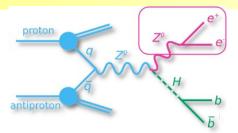


VH → Vbb channels at the Tevatron



$$p\overline{p} \to ZH \to \ \ell \ell b \overline{b}$$

• 2 leptons + 2 bjets

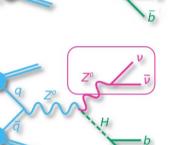


$p\overline{p}{\longrightarrow} WH \longrightarrow \ell \nu b\overline{b}$

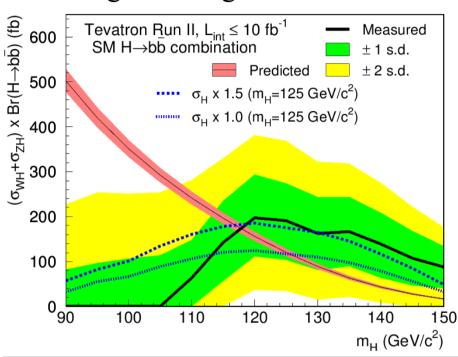
• 1 lepton + E_T + 2 bjets



• 0 leptons+ \mathbb{E}_{T} + 2 bjets



Signal strength measurement



$m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$	CDF	DØ	CDF+DØ
$R_{ m fit}(VH o Vbar b)$	$1.72^{+0.92}_{-0.87}$	$1.23^{+1.24}_{-1.17}$	$1.59^{+0.69}_{-0.72}$

$VH \rightarrow Vb\overline{b}$ modes with full data set

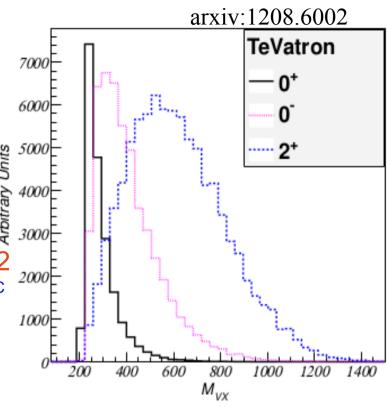
- The most sensitive channels at Tevatron for M=125 GeV
- Tevatron has indication of H → bb decay



Testing spin/parity at the Tevatron



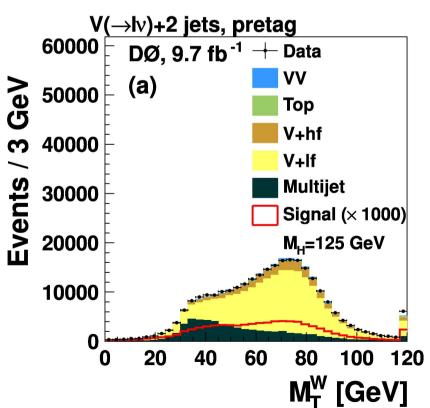
- · Generally: spin/parity of particle can affect
 - Angles of decay products
 - Cross-section behavior at threshold
 - s-wave for 0^+ : $\sigma \sim \beta$;
 - p-wave for 0^- : $\sigma \sim \beta^3$
 - d-wave for $2^+: \sigma \sim \beta^5$
 - pp → VH quite sensitive to "threshold" effects
 - Paper by Ellis et al. http://arxiv.org/abs/1208.6002
 - Differential cross-sections depend strongly on J^{PC} of new particle
- Strategy
 - Re-use VH → Vbb (published) search analyses
 - Perform the same selection as for the searches
 - Main discriminating variables at the end
 - Overall mass
 - Or overall transverse mass
 - Can use M_{bb} as a constraint to enhance S/B
- · Assume σ x Br of SM Higgs boson in a first step
 - 2⁺: Standard RS graviton in Madgraph
 - 0-: Model by Ellis et al. implemented in Madgraph

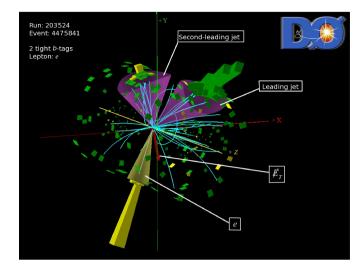


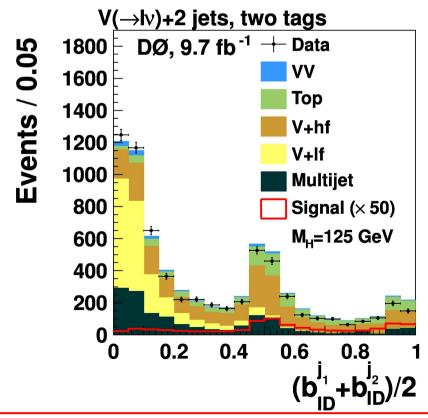
WH→ℓybb channel



- Selects isolated electron or muon, at least 2 jets, large MET
- Increase lepton acceptance with inclusive triggering
- Form 4 distinct sub-channels per lepton channel based on b-tagger outputs:
 - 1 tight, 2 loose, 2 medium, 2 tight





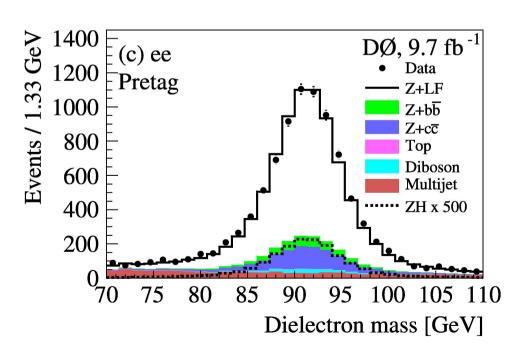


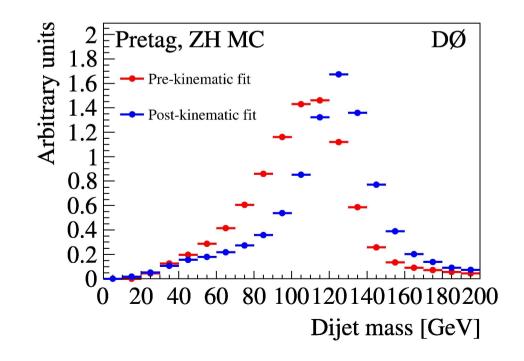


ZH→ℓℓbb channel



- Selects two oppositely-charged leptons, at least 2 jets
- Fully reconstructed final state allows kinematic fitting of jets
 - Shifts dijet masses closer to true value
- · Recover lepton acceptance through secondary channels
 - muon+ isolated track, e+ ICR electron
- Reject top background with dedicated decision trees
- · 2 orthogonal b-tag categories
 - 1 tag, 2 tag



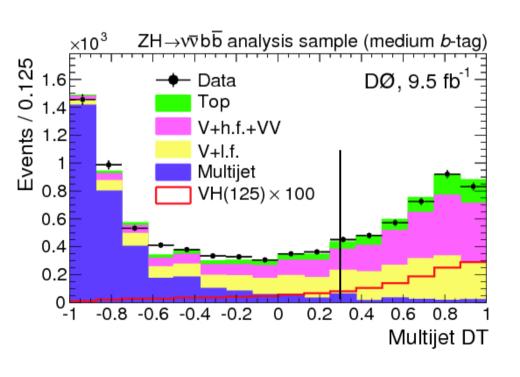


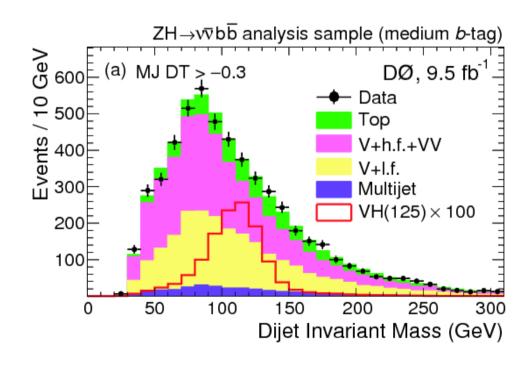


ZH→yybb channel



- Veto on lepton selections, select large MET, exactly 2 jets
- Sensitive to WH signal when lepton is missed
- · Controlling multijet background challenging
 - dedicated multivariate discriminants employed
- Split in two b-tag categories







Background rejection



- Split samples into higher- and lower-purity regions according to dijet invariant mass (the mass is known now), or MVA output
 - Lower-purity regions provide additional constraints on systematics

ZH→vvbb, 2 tag

DØ Preliminary, ≤ 9.5 fb⁻¹

• Data

V+If

V+hf

■ Multijet

□0⁺ Signal

0 Signal

(Signals ×10)

2⁺ Signal

Events/20 GeV

Include all regions in limit setting

220

200

180

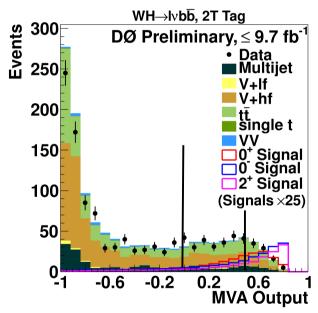
160

140

120

100

80



60 40 20 50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 Dijet Mass (GeV)

llbb Double Tag DØ Preliminary, 9.7 fb 100 80 60 40 ----- ZH x 100 20 150 200 250 300 350 400 Corrected dijet mass [GeV]

Low Purity: $-1 \le MVA \le 0$ Med Purity: 0 < MVA < 0.5High Purity: MVA > 0.5

Low Purity: M_{jj} <70, M_{jj} >150 GeV High Purity: $70 \le M_{ii} \le 150 \text{ GeV}$

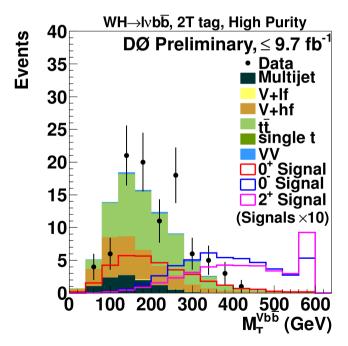
Low Purity: $M_{ij} < 100, M_{ij} > 160 \text{ GeV}$ High Purity: $100 \le M_{ii} \le 160 \text{ GeV}$

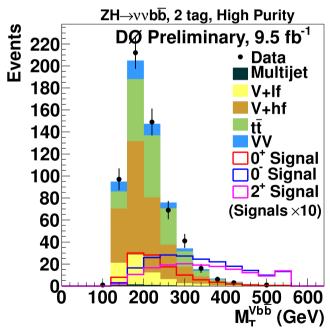


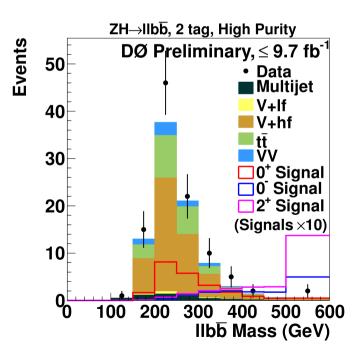
Final Variables



- Use total dilepton+dijet mass in llbb analysis
- Use total transverse mass for \(\frac{1}{2} \) b and \(\frac{1}{2} \) b \(\frac{1}{2} \)
- See good separation
 - 2⁺ vs background
 - 0- vs background
 - 2+, 0- vs 0+





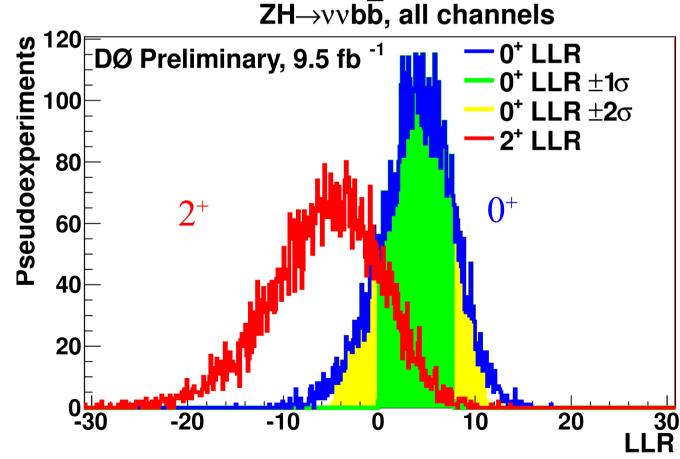




Expected Sensitivity



- Build log-likelihood ratio test: LLR= -2 log(H1/H0)
 - H0 is the SM Higgs (0⁺) + Bkg
 - H1 is either 2⁺ + Bkg or 0⁻ + Bkg
- · Assume σ x Br of SM Higgs boson in a first step
- Good separation between hypotheses for one single channel
- Combination will be even better

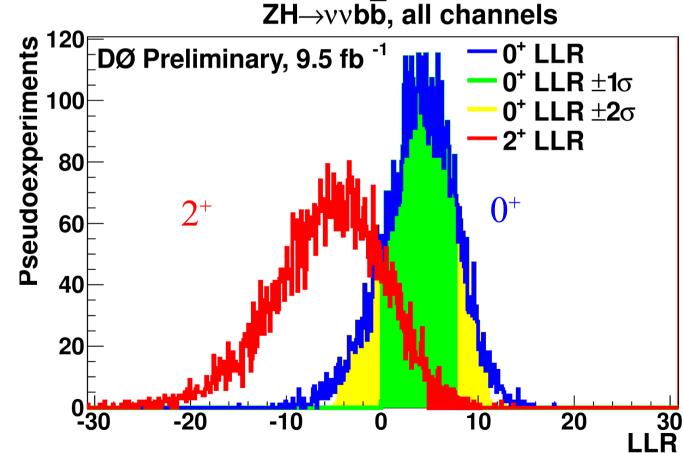




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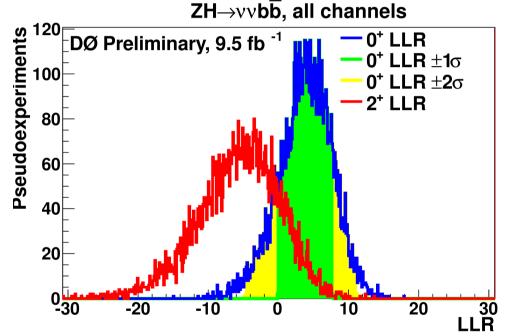


Expected if SM: $CL_{2+} = 3.5 \%$

Summary



- Tevatron experiments are sensitive to kinematic differences between different spin-parity hypotheses for the new boson
- Initial tests show good separating power in the D0 VH→Vbb
 analyses
- Should have finalized results very soon
- Plan to combine with similar analyses developed at CDF.





Backup





Models

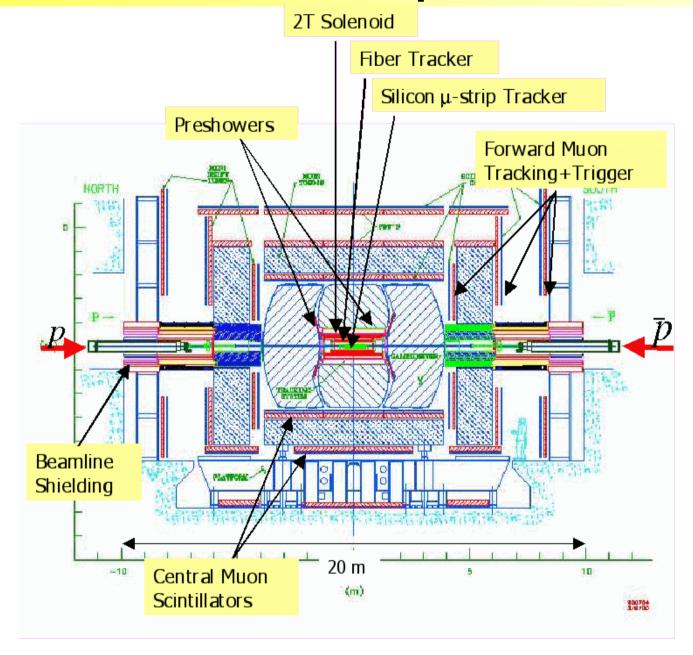


- Differences between our models and LHC JP models
- D0 Signals
 - 2+ follows Ellis et al., uses default Madgraph RS graviton
 - 0- follows Ellis et al.; model calculated by the authors, use Feynrules, and incorporate into Madrgraph
- LHC Signals
 - 2+ model has graviton-like couplings, chosen to be the "minimal couplings" scenario (Y. Gao et al., PRD 81, 075022; S. Bolognesi et al., PRD 86, 095031)
 - 0- model follows from similar Lagrangian as SM, but couplings are different
 - Test different mixture of production mode gg vs qq
- It is also interesting to test admixtures of different spin and parity states (LHC already doing this; Tevatron will follow suit)



The D0 Experiments at Runll



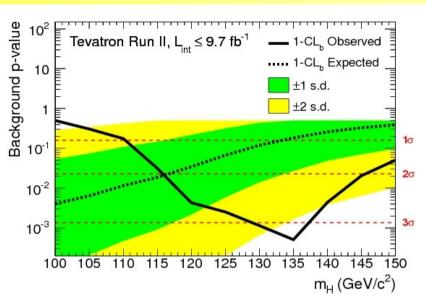


- New in RunII
 - Tracking in B-field
 - Silicon detector
 - fiber tracker
- Upgraded for Run II
 - Calorimeter,
 - muon system
 - DAQ/trigger
- Runllb (2006):
 - Silicon layer 0
 - Cal Trigger
- Typical coverage
 - Muons η < 2
 - Electrons
 - η<1.1
 - 1.5<η<2.5
 - Jets η< 2.5



Tevatron H → bb results







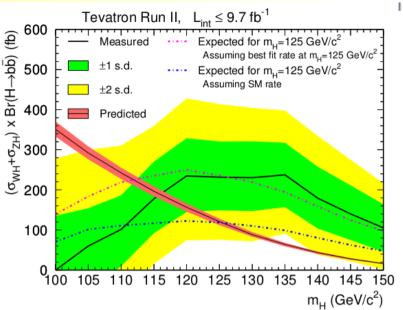
- 3.3 sigma @135 GeV
- 3.1 sigma accounting for LEE
- Measure VH → Vbb yield:
 - σ =0.23±0.09 pb for M_H=125 GeV

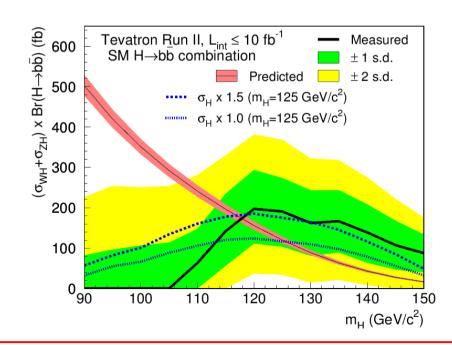
SM prediction for $VH \rightarrow Vb\overline{b}$

• σ =0.12±0.01 pb for M_H=125 GeV

Final Tevatron combination (arxiv:1303.6346)

• $\sigma = 0.19 \pm 0.09 \text{ pb for M}_{H} = 125 \text{ GeV}$



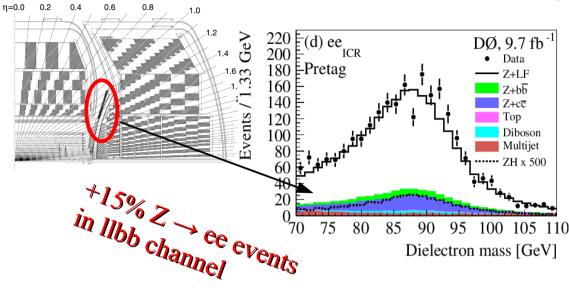




Maximize acceptance and efficiency

Irfu saclay

- Lower kinematic requirements
- Use different lepton reconstruction categories
- Inclusive triggering: accept events from all possible triggers



Employ MVA for b-jet

