

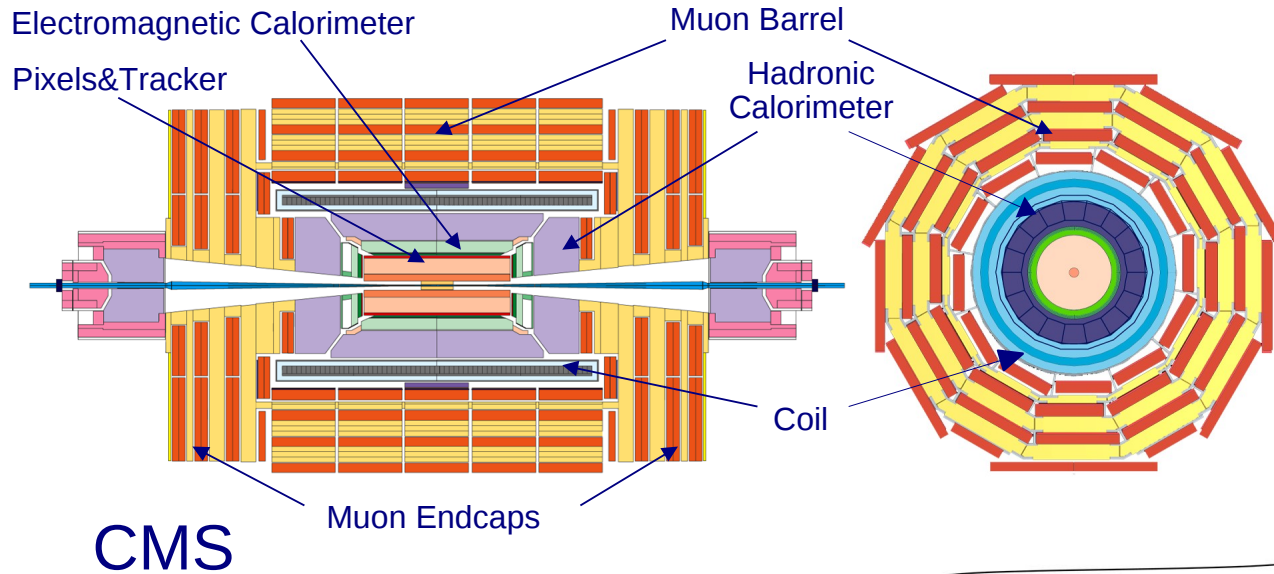
Searches of Exotic Physics at LHC

Khristian Kotov

on behalf of CMS and ATLAS collaborations

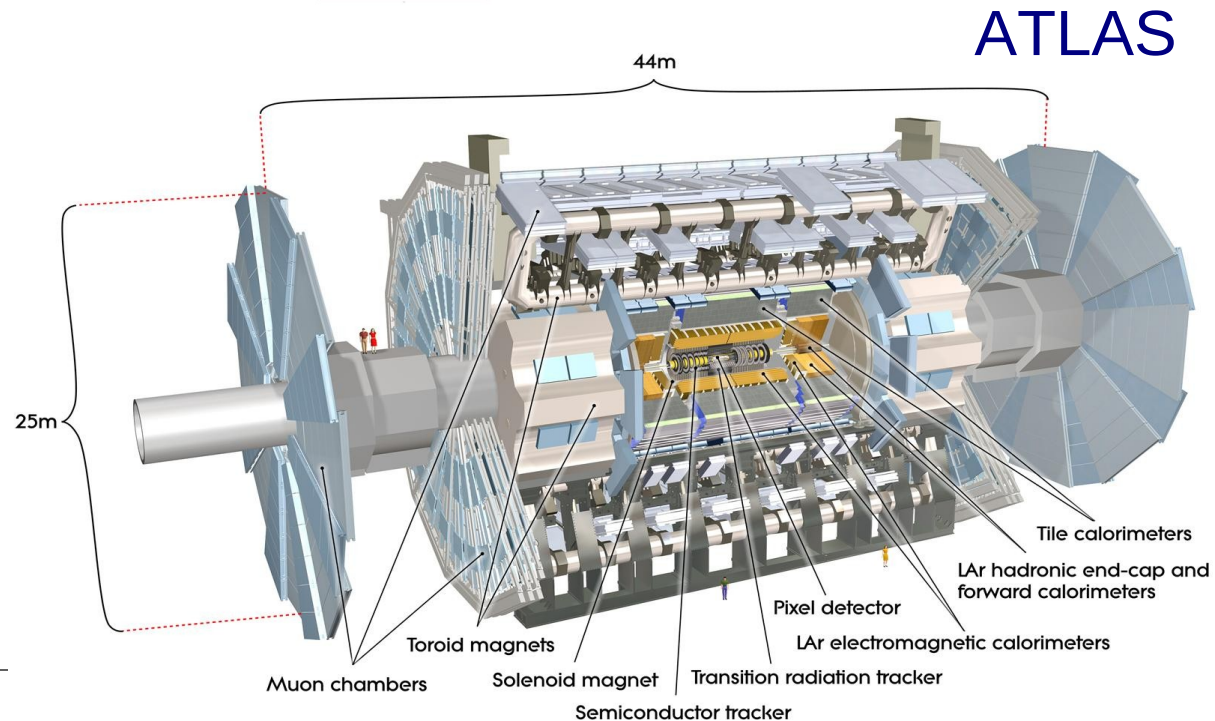


CMS and ATLAS detectors at LHC



- ▣ tracker: $\sigma(p_T)/p_T \sim 1.5 \cdot 10^{-4} p_T + 0.005$
- ▣ ECal: $\sigma_E/E \sim 3\%/\sqrt{E[\text{GeV}]} \oplus 0.5\%$
- ▣ HCal: $\sigma_E/E \sim 100\%/\sqrt{E[\text{GeV}]} \oplus 5\%$
- ▣ trk+Mu: 1% @ 50 GeV – 10% @ 1 TeV

- ▣ tracker: $\sigma(p_T)/p_T \sim 5 \cdot 10^{-4} p_T + 0.01$
- ▣ ECal: $\sigma_E/E \sim 10\%/\sqrt{E[\text{GeV}]} \oplus 0.7\%$
- ▣ HCal: $\sigma_E/E \sim 50\%/\sqrt{E[\text{GeV}]} \oplus 3\%$
- ▣ trk+Mu: 2% @ 50 GeV – 10% @ 1 TeV

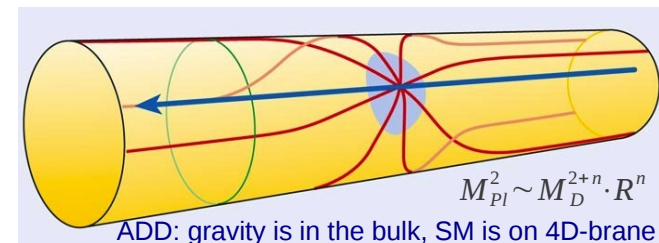
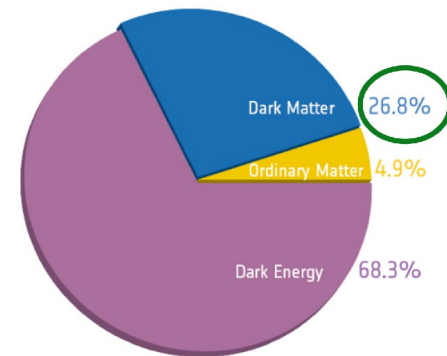




Exotic searches

Addressing some of the open questions beyond the Standard Model:

- Dark Matter (e.g. new species of particles):
 - cosmological evidences (galaxy rotations, lensing, CMB, ...)
 - hints from direct (CDMS) and indirect (AMS) searches (more in backup)
 - prominent high E_T signature for collider searches
- Hierarchies (e.g. addressed by theories of extra dimensions):
 - large gap between M_{PL} (gravity) and M_{EWK} (electroweak) scales requires fine tuning of the Higgs boson mass
 - smallness of neutrino masses vs. masses of other SM particles
 - can be searched for in E_T signatures (e.g. escaping graviton)
- Grand Unification Theories (e.g. superstring-inspired E6)
 - predict new heavy gauge bosons
 - search for SM-like Z' and W' resonances in di-lepton and di-jet events



No SUSY in this talk, see Fedor's talk for that



Two worlds

theories

Z', W'
LRSM, heavy neutrino
compositeness
colorons
leptoquarks
technicolor
unparticles
RS graviton
4th generation
extra dimensions (ADD, universal, ...)
black holes
hidden valey
SUSY (MSSM, split, GMSB, RPV, ...)

(and more ...)

experiment

Multijets:

- di-jets
- paired di-jets
- paired 3-jets

Slow moving new particles:

- displaced di-lepton vertices
- displaced photons and jets
- delayed jets

Leptons and jets:

- EWK vector (di-)boson candidates
- single top and tbar candidates

Photons:

- Di-photons, photon + lepton

Missing E_T

- with jets
- with a photon

Some others:

- high S_T/H_T in unspecified event signature



Outline

Searches for exotic physics in 2012 data (up to $\sim 20 \text{ fb}^{-1}$) by ATLAS & CMS:

Searches for new resonances (and enhancements in spectra):

- leptonic searches:
 - di-lepton invariant mass
 - hunt for W' candidate
- di-jet searches:
 - narrow di-jets resonances
 - narrow bb - and bg - resonances
- new physics with enhanced coupling with 3rd generation quarks:
 - resonant and non resonant $t\bar{t}$ production
 - narrow $t+b$ resonances
 - pair produced resonances decaying to a top quark and jet

Searches for Extra Dimensions and Dark Matter:

- Monojet search

Searches for long-lived particles



Leptonic searches

New heavy gauge bosons (Z' and W'):

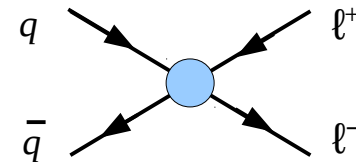
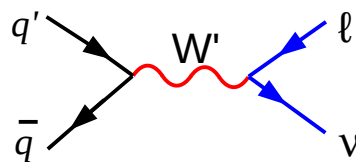
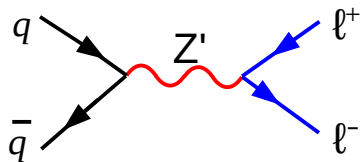
- Split Universal Extra Dimensions: Kaluza-Klein towers of the Standard Model bosons
- Grand Unification Models: superstring-inspired E_6 Z'_ψ

Large Extra Dimensions:

- ADD graviton exchange boosting the high mass tail of the di-lepton production

Compositeness:

- Four-fermion interaction $qq \rightarrow \ell\ell$ and $qq' \rightarrow \ell\nu$

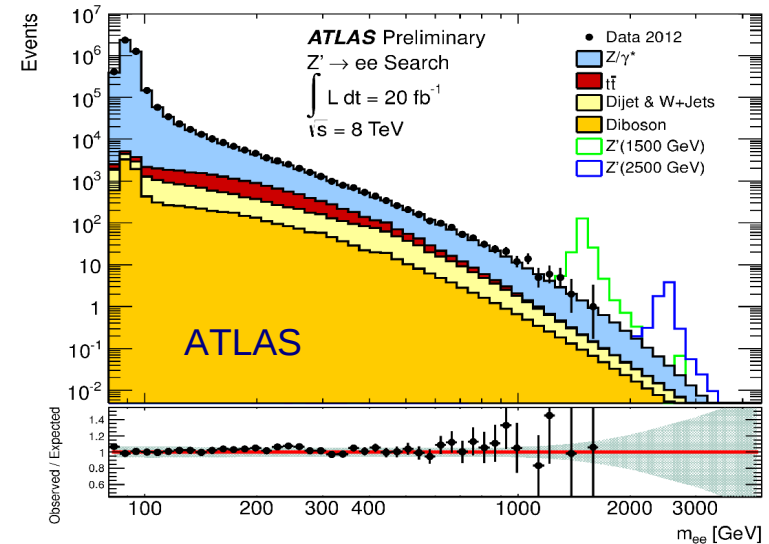
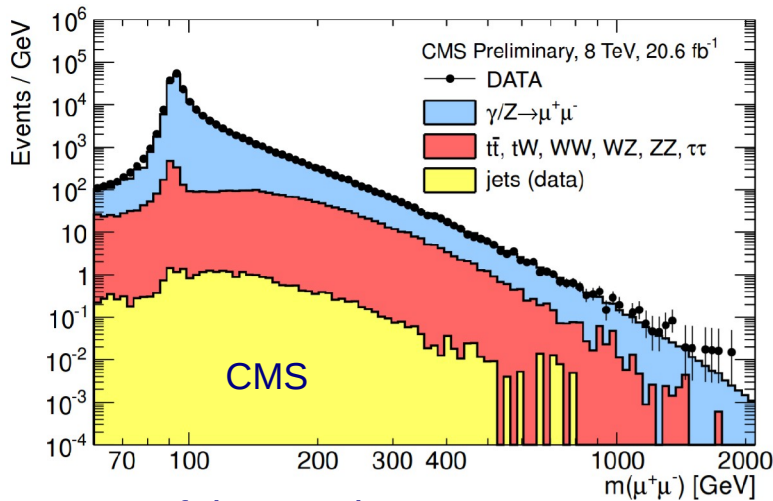




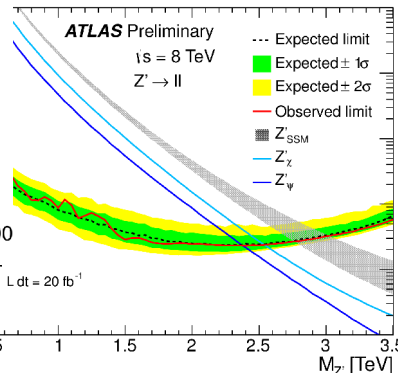
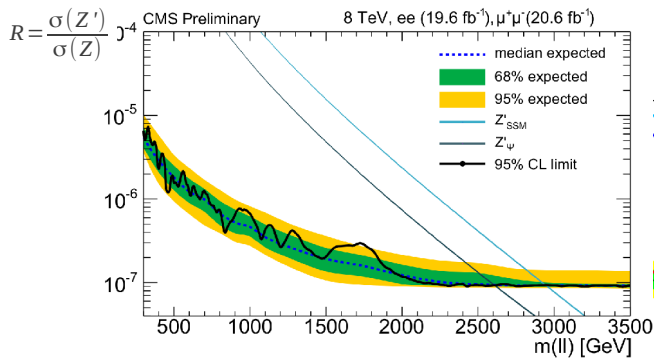
Di-lepton resonances

[CMS-EXO-12-061](#) and [ATLAS-CONF-2013-017](#): bump hunt for a $Z' \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$

- simple clean signature of 2 high p_T isolated leptons
- data-driven backgrounds using $e^\pm\mu^\mp$ (tt , VV , ...), $e^\pm\mu^\pm$ (W +jets, multi-jets), inverse isolation (di-jets), ...



Some of the results:



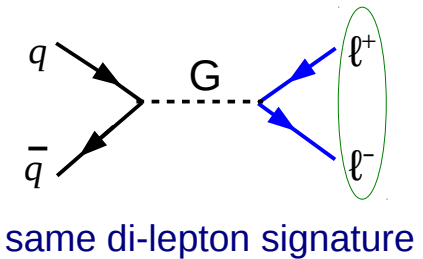
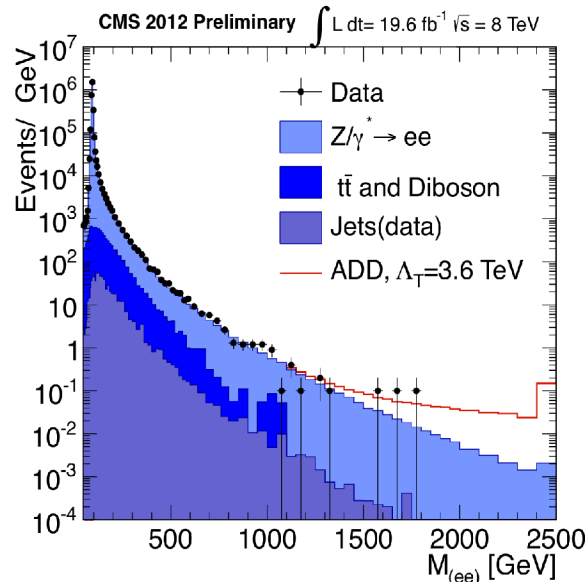
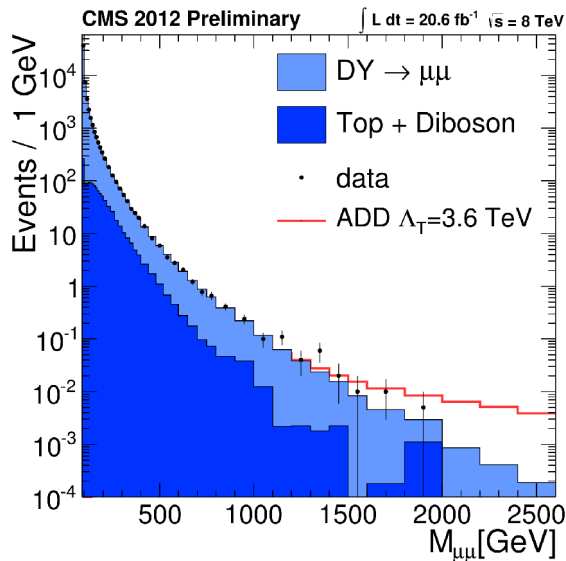
model	CMS	ATLAS
$m(Z'_{SSM})$	2.96	2.86
$m(Z'_{\psi})$	2.60	2.38



Search for excess in $\ell\ell$ mass spectrum

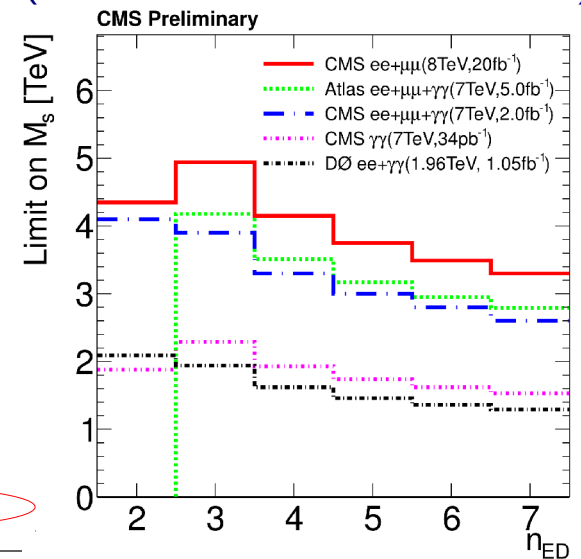
[CMS-EXO-12-027](#) And [CMS-EXO-12-031](#):

- selection and data-driven backgrounds as in previous [CMS-EXO-12-061](#)
- look for broad excess and interpret it within ADD extra dimensions



Results

(limits on ADD fundamental scale):



$\mu\mu, \mathcal{L} = 20.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$			
Mass region [TeV]	N_{obs}	Background expectation	Signal exp. $\Lambda_T = 3.6 \text{ TeV}$
Control regions			
0.12–0.20	$8.20 \cdot 10^4$	$(7.96 \pm 0.64) \cdot 10^4$	
0.20–0.40	$1.92 \cdot 10^4$	$(1.87 \pm 0.15) \cdot 10^4$	
0.40–0.60	$1.42 \cdot 10^3$	$(1.45 \pm 0.14) \cdot 10^3$	
0.60–0.90	287	282±32	
0.90–1.30	49	44.5±6.6	
1.30–1.80	11	5.74±1.16	3.38
Signal region			
> 1.80	1	0.73±0.21	6.04

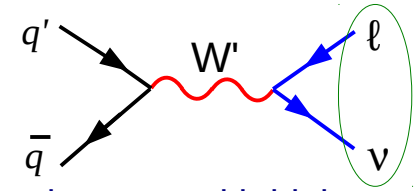
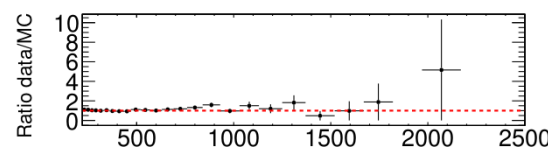
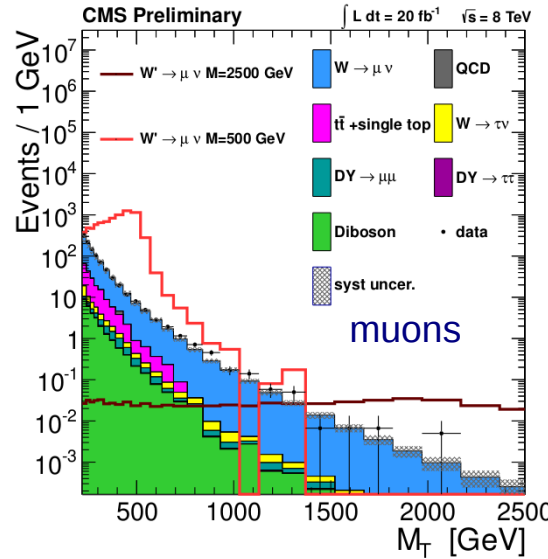
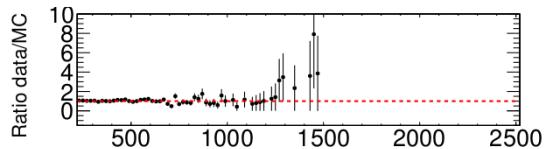
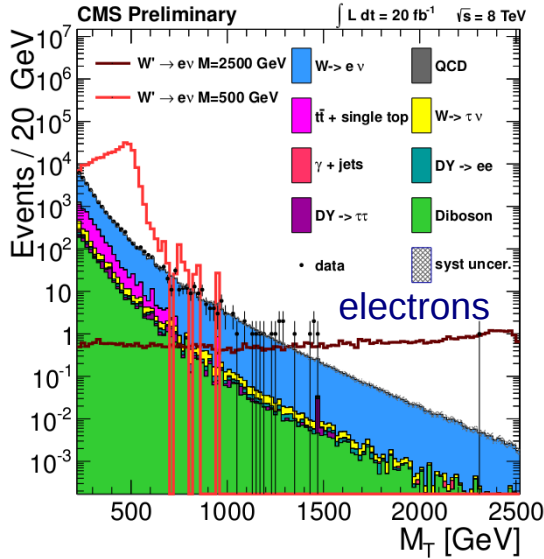
$ee, \mathcal{L} = 19.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$			
Mass region [TeV]	N_{obs}	Background expectation	Signal exp. $\Lambda_T = 3.6 \text{ TeV}$
Control regions			
0.12–0.40	85851	82497 ± 12374	
0.40–0.60	1251	1131 ± 169	
0.60–0.90	249	232 ± 35	
0.90–1.30	41	36 ± 6	
1.30–1.80	4	4.75 ± 0.70	3.70
Signal region			
> 1.80	0	0.64±0.10	6.90



Search for $W' \rightarrow \ell \bar{\nu}$

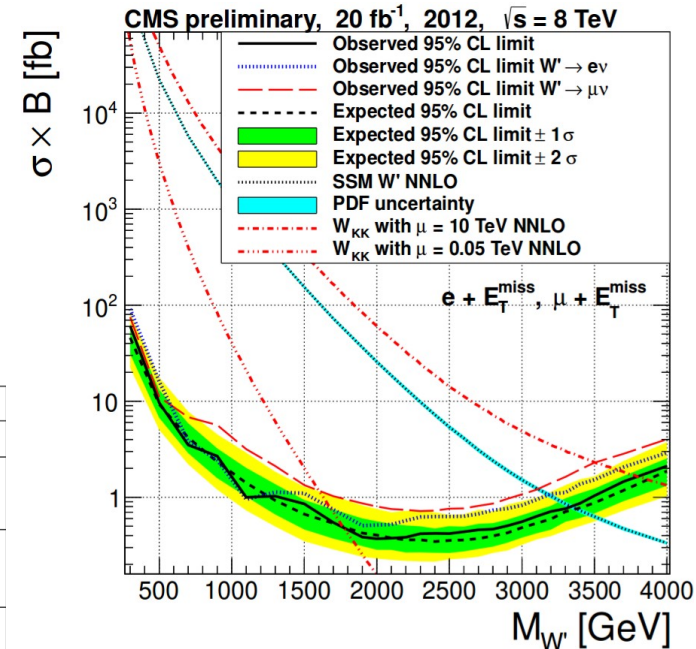
CMS-EXO-12-060: search for excess over extrapolated SM bg. in

$$M_T = \sqrt{2 p_T^l E_T^{\text{miss}} (1 - \cos \Delta \phi_{l,\nu})}$$



signature with high p_T lepton and missing energy

Results:



Limits:

Destructive interf.
Constructive interf.

Split-UED

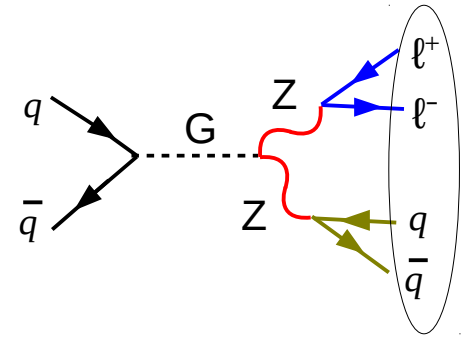
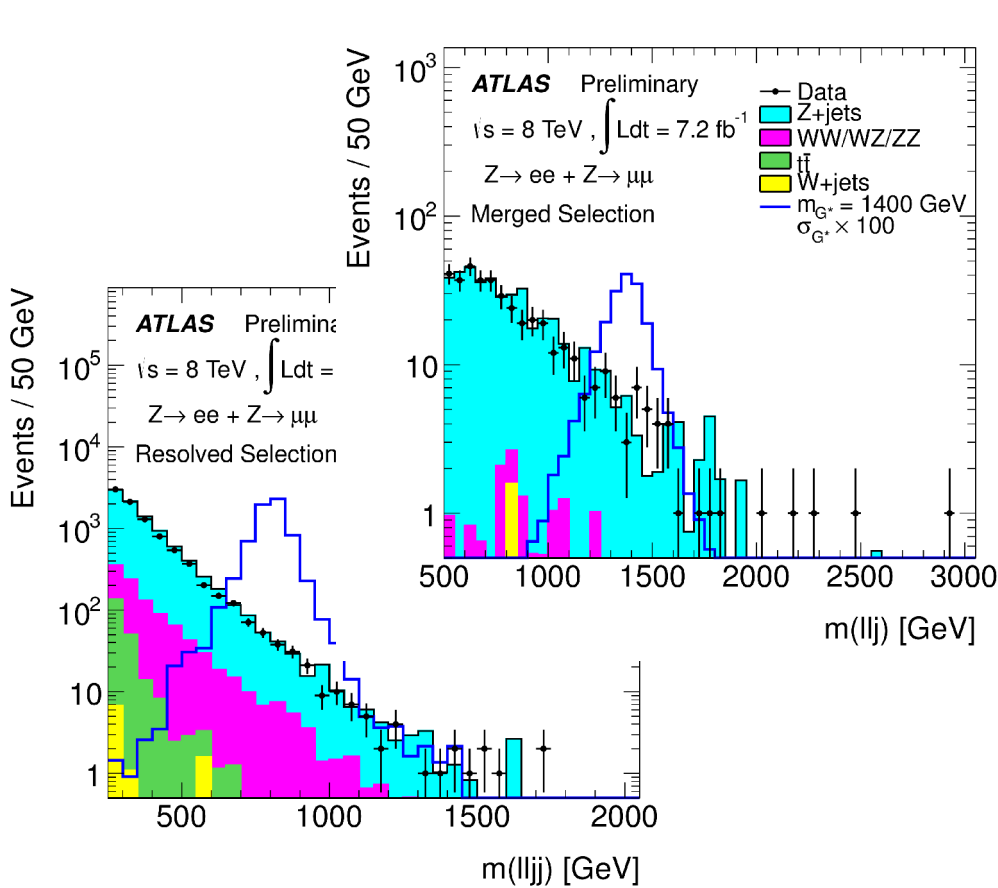
Contact interaction

Model	Channel	Observed limit	Expected limit
SSM	combined	$m_{W'} < 3.35 \text{ TeV}$	$m_{W'} < 3.40 \text{ TeV}$
SSMO	combined	$m_{W'} < 3.60 \text{ TeV}$	$m_{W'} < 3.60 \text{ TeV}$
SSMS	combined	$m_{W'} < 3.10 \text{ TeV}$	$m_{W'} < 3.20 \text{ TeV}$
W_{KK}^2	$\mu=0.05 \text{ TeV, combined}$	$m_{W_{KK}^2} < 1.7 \text{ TeV}$	$m_{W_{KK}^2} < 1.7 \text{ TeV}$
W_{KK}^2	$\mu=10.0 \text{ TeV, combined}$	$m_{W_{KK}^2} < 3.7 \text{ TeV}$	$m_{W_{KK}^2} < 3.6 \text{ TeV}$
HNC CI	e	$\Lambda < 13.0 \text{ TeV}$	$\Lambda < 13.3 \text{ TeV}$
HNC CI	μ	$\Lambda < 10.9 \text{ TeV}$	$\Lambda < 12.2 \text{ TeV}$



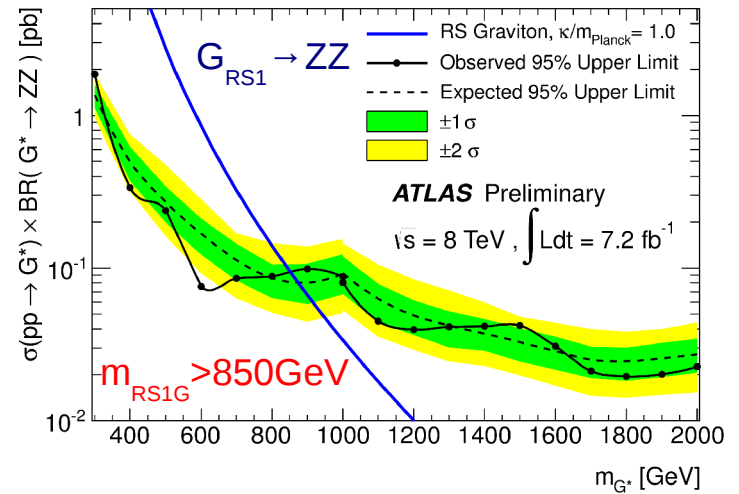
Search for VV resonances (1)

[ATLAS-CONF-2012-150](#): search for ZZ resonances



event signature of 2 ℓ + 2 jets / 1 fat jet

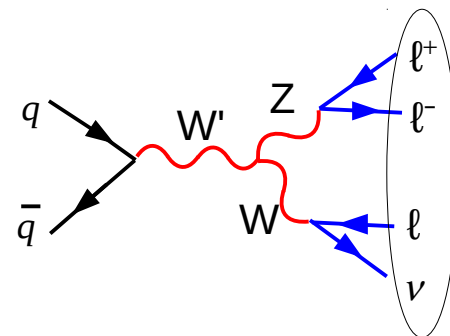
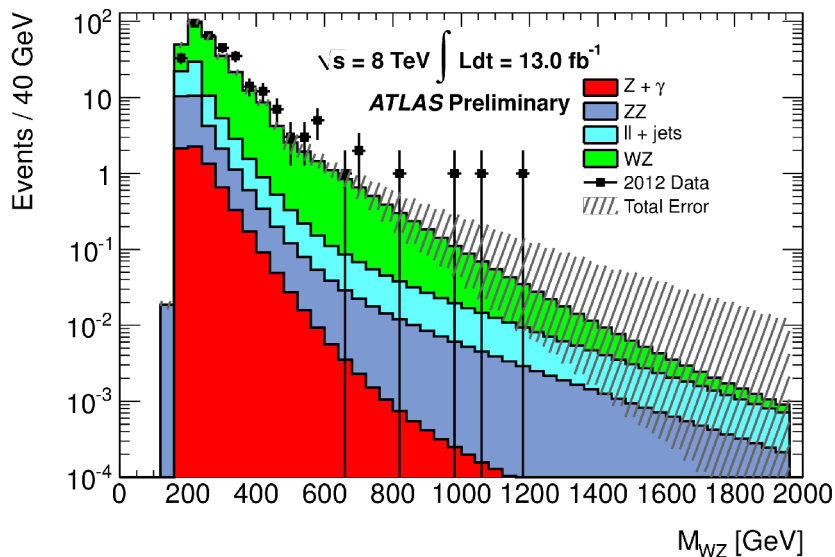
Some of the limits:



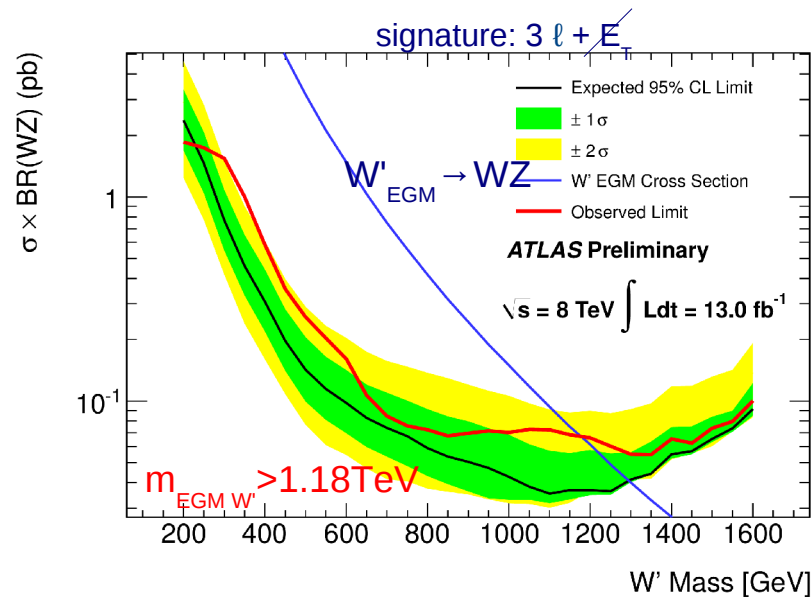


Search for VV resonances (2)

[ATLAS-CONF-2013-015](#): search for WZ resonances:



event signature of 3 ℓ + missing energy





di-jet searches

New heavy gauge bosons:

- Z' and W' decaying hadronically

Randall-Sandrum extra dimensions:

- RS graviton decaying to qq and gg

Compositeness:

- Four-fermion interaction $qq \rightarrow qq$

Excited quarks:

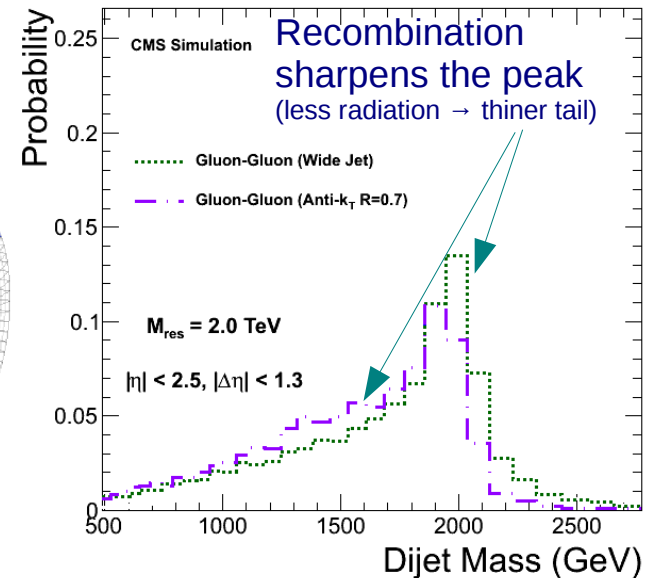
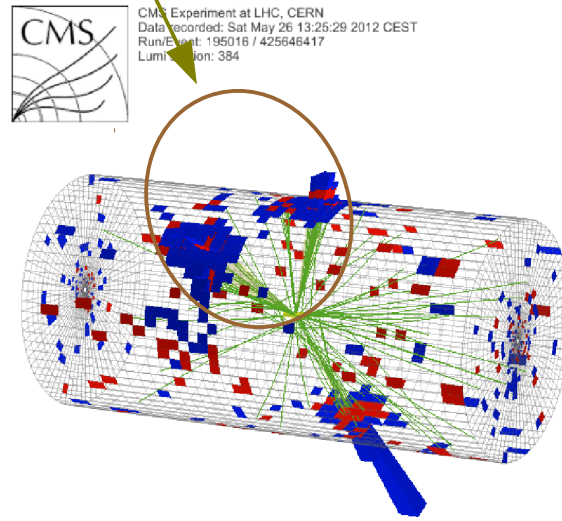
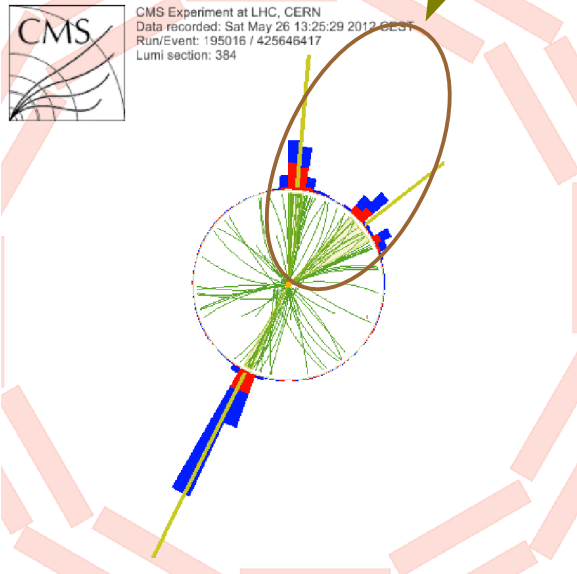
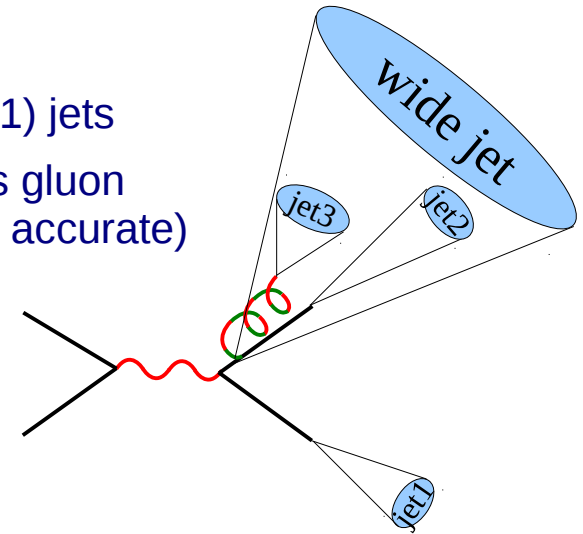
- $q^* \rightarrow qg$



Recombination of radiation

- Use standard calibrated jets ($p_T > 30$ GeV, anti- k_T in $\Delta R = 0.5$)
- Take leading jets and sum with lorentz vector of nearby ($\Delta R < 1.1$) jets
- This technique helps to recover some resolution for gluon jet as gluon tend to radiate more often than quark (still, quark jets are more accurate)

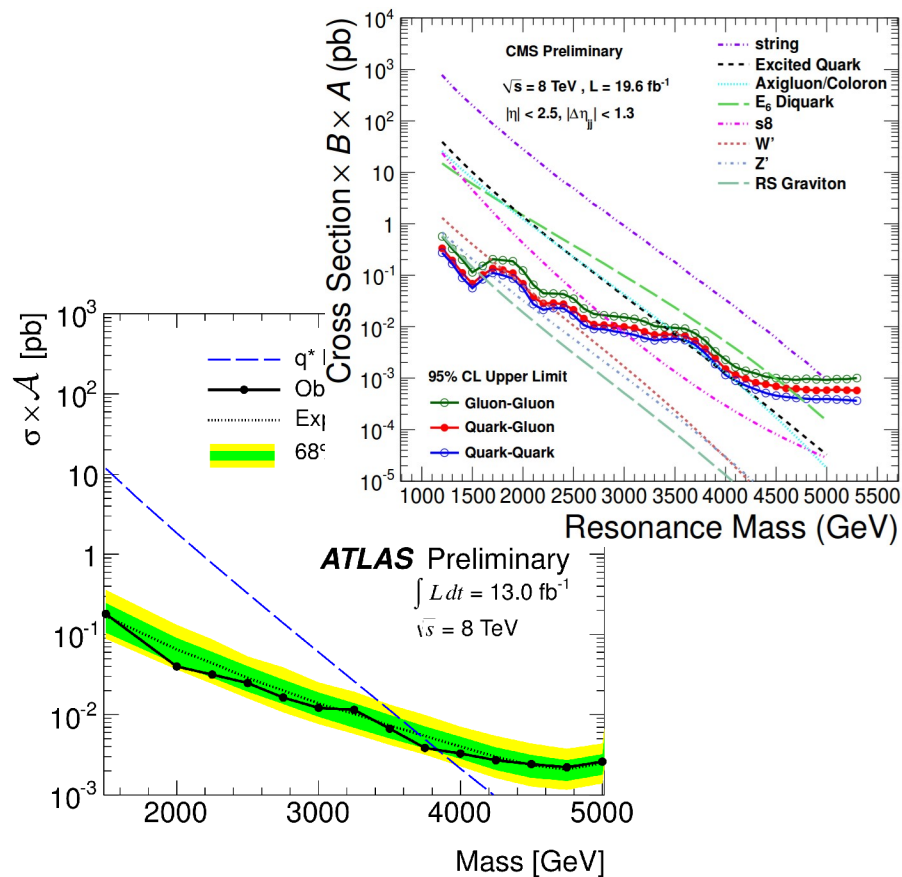
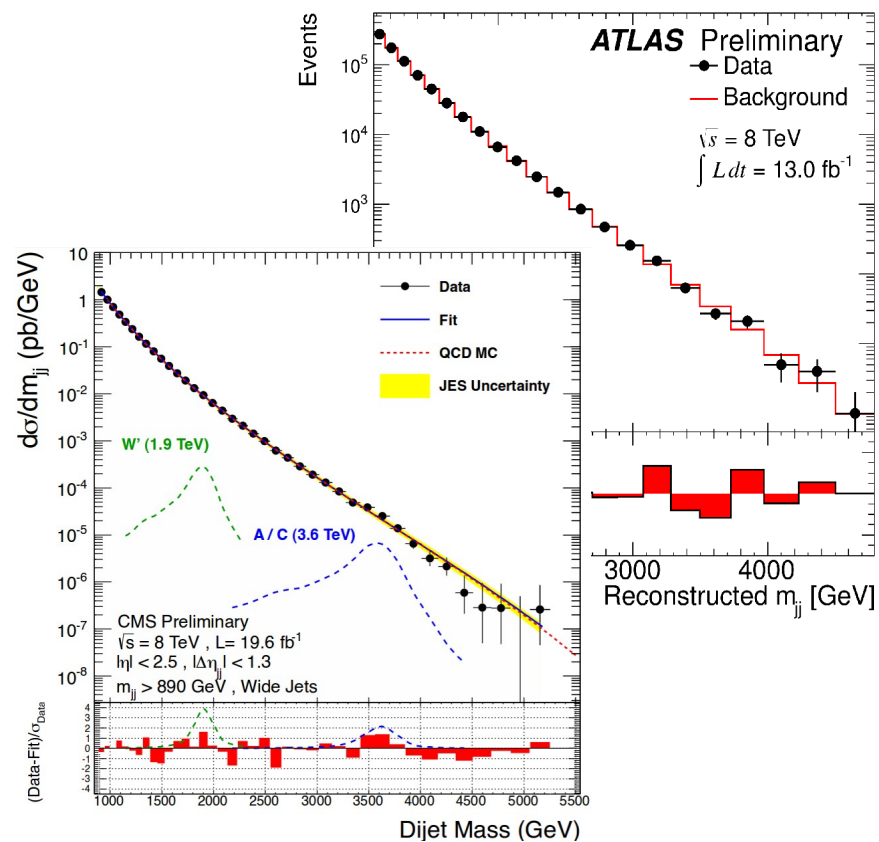
example event with close jets merged to a wide jet





Narrow di-jet resonances

CMS-EXO-12-059, ATLAS-CONF-2012-148: hunt for a bump in smooth di-jet mass spectrum



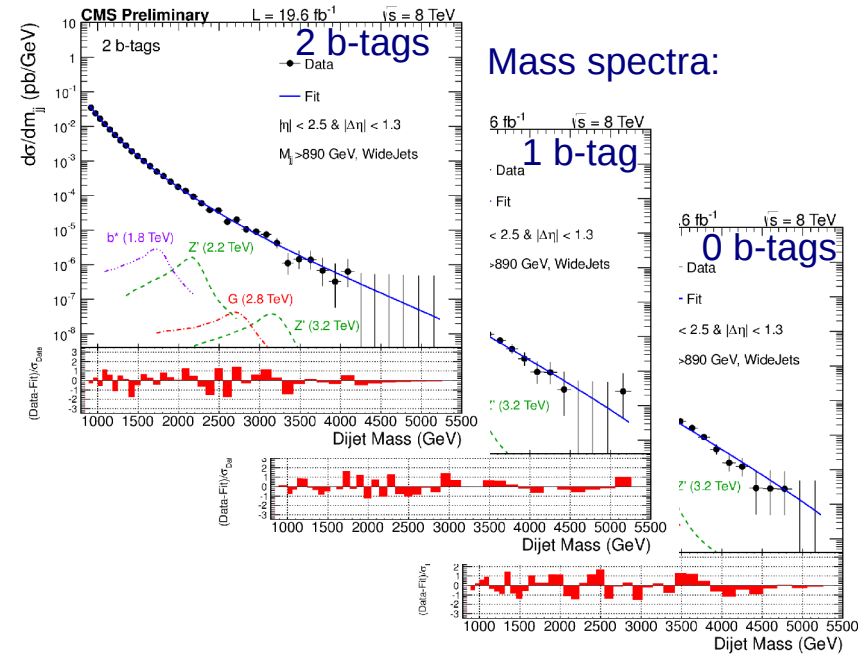
Some limits:

model	excited quarks	RS graviton	SSM W'/Z'	color octet s8
observed limit (TeV)	$m_{q^*} > 3.5_{\text{CMS}} / 3.84_{\text{ATLAS}}$	$m_{\text{RSg}} > 1.58$	$m_{V'} > 2.29 / 1.68$	$m_{s8} > 2.79$



Narrow $b\bar{b}$ and bg resonances

[CMS-EXO-12-023](#): hunt for a bump in di-jet mass spectrum with b-tags (helps to mitigate QCD)

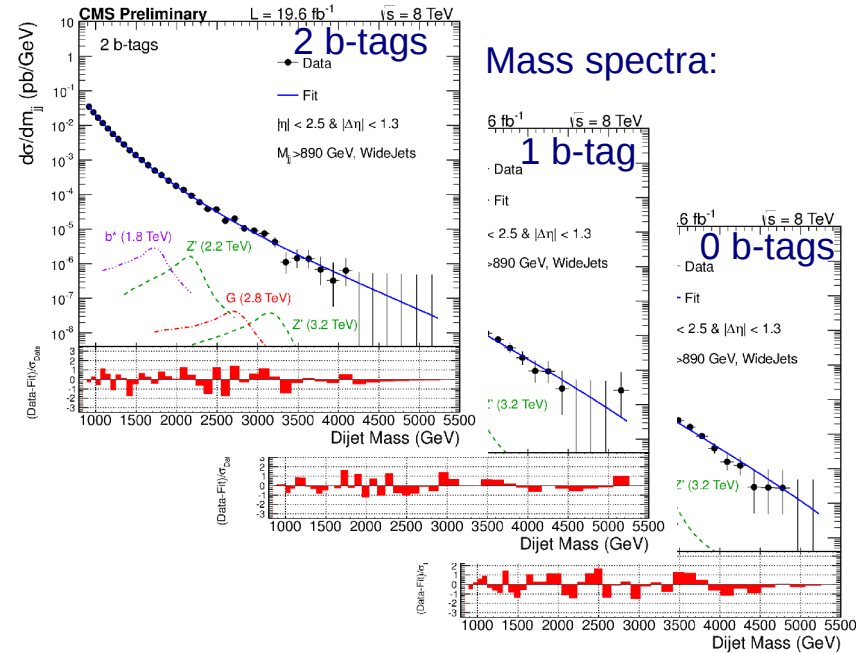
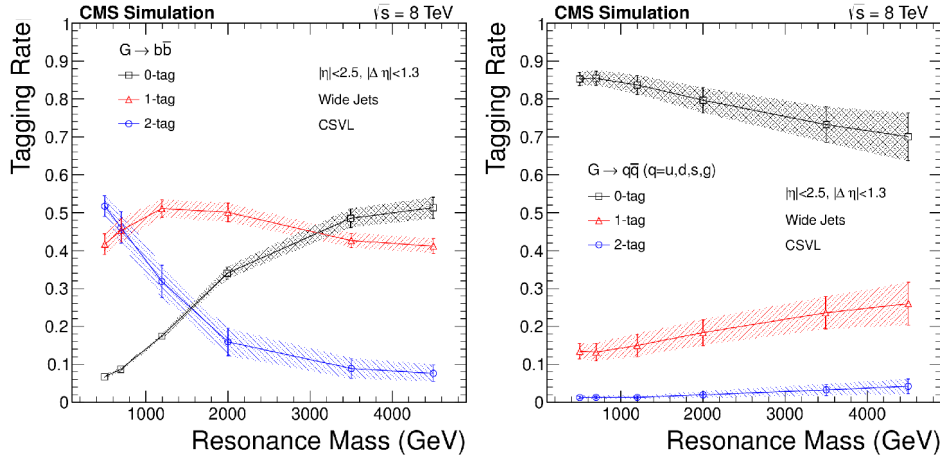




Narrow $b\bar{b}$ and bg resonances

[CMS-EXO-12-023](#): hunt for a bump in di-jet mass spectrum with b-tags (helps to mitigate QCD)

b-tagging efficiencies and mistag rates:

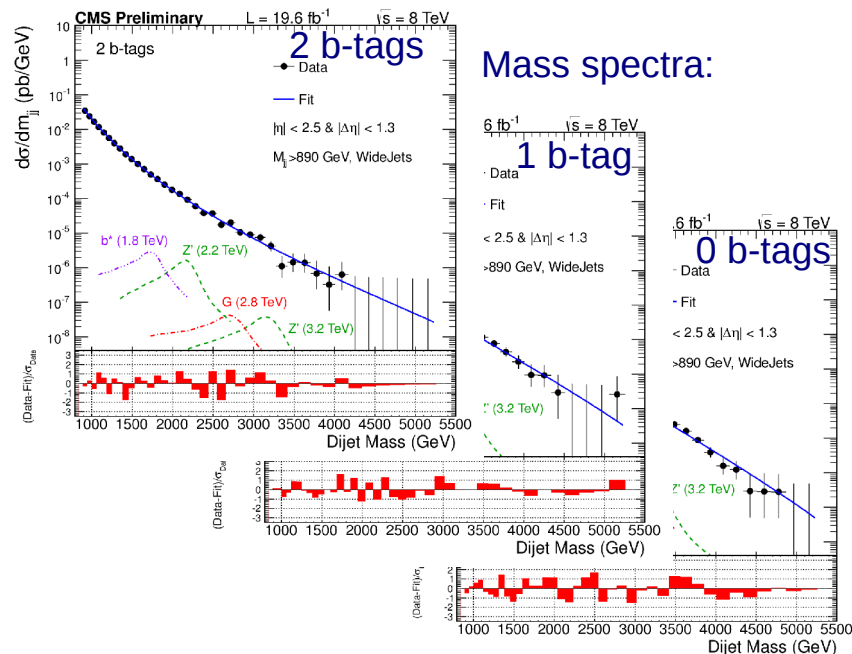
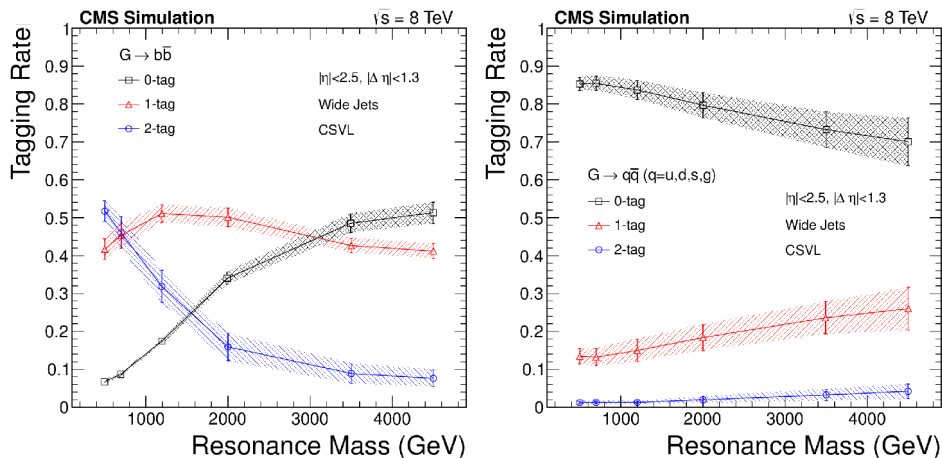




Narrow $b\bar{b}$ and bg resonances

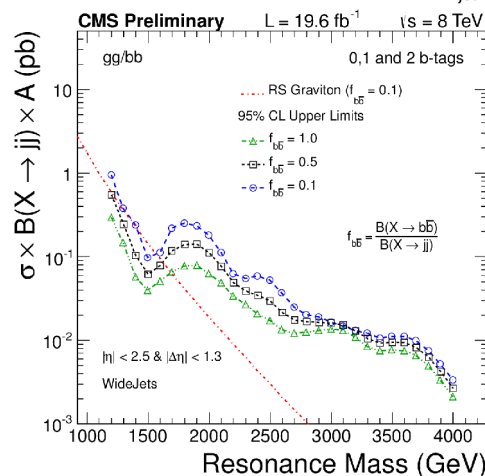
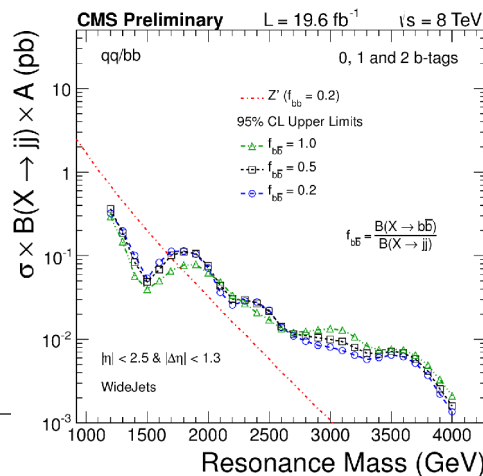
[CMS-EXO-12-023](#): hunt for a bump in di-jet mass spectrum with b-tags (helps to mitigate QCD)

b-tagging efficiencies and mistag rates:



Results (quark jets have better resolution than gluon jets):

- $Z' \rightarrow q\bar{q}$: $m_{Z'} > 1.68$ TeV for branching $f_{bb} = 0.2$
- graviton $_{RS} \rightarrow gg/bb$: $m_{RS} > 1.57$ TeV at $f_{bb} = 0.1$
- compositeness: $b^* \rightarrow bg$, $m_{b^*} > 1.54$ TeV





Physics with top quark

The $Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ and $W' \rightarrow t\bar{b}$ searches are well-motivated by many models of new physics, predicting new particles with enhanced couplings to the 3rd generation quarks:

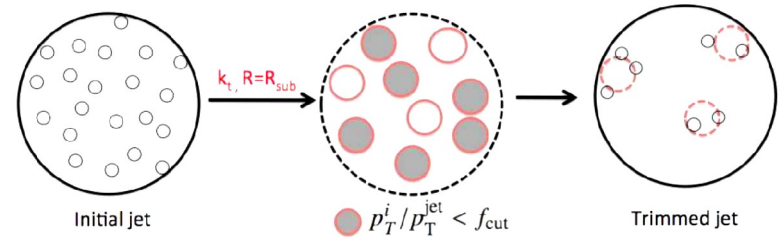
- SUSY and little Higgs theories, addressing fine tuning of Higgs boson mass
- colorons and axigluons models in which a pseudoscalar Higgs boson couples to top quark
- models with extra dimensions such as Kaluza-Klein excitations of SM gluons and gravitons

The $t^* \rightarrow t\bar{g}$ search is motivated by the compositeness theories

Top jet substructure

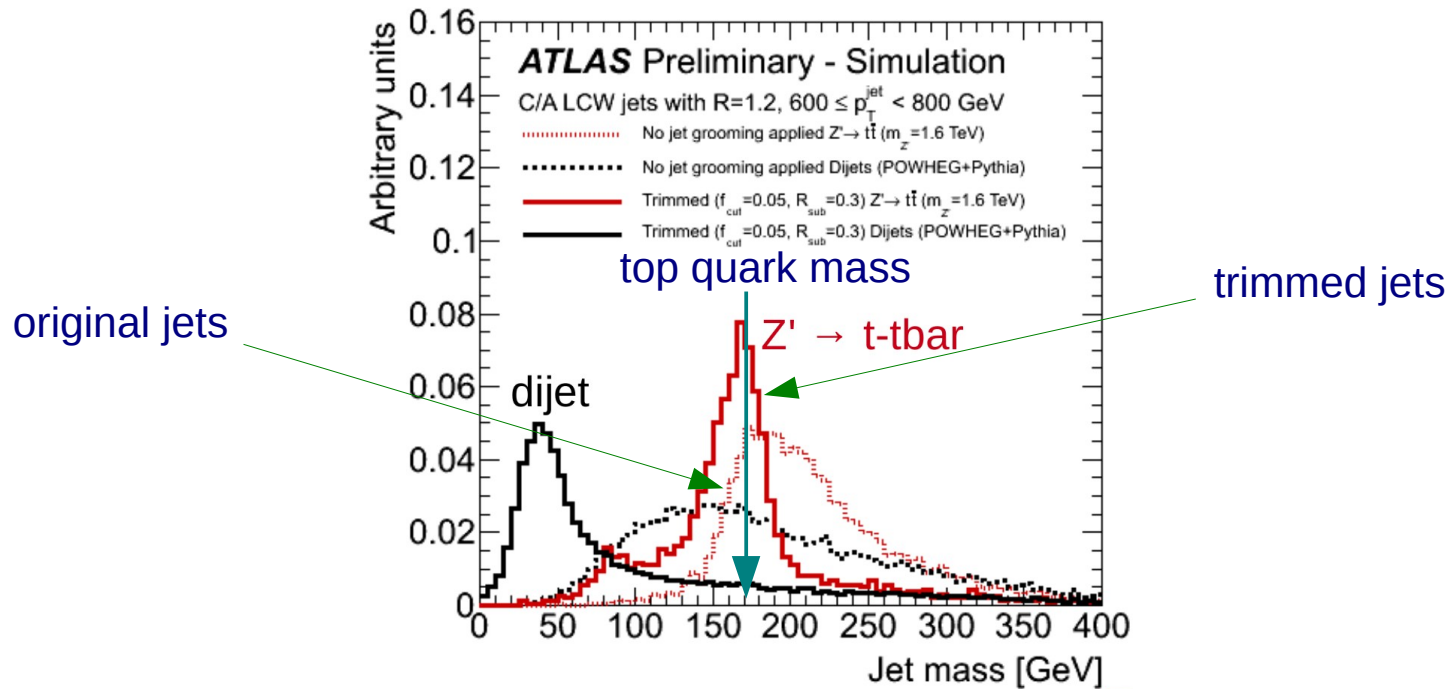
- Reconstruct “fat” jet with large cone (e.g. use Cambridge-Aachen clustering with $R \geq 0.8$ cone)
- Run jet pruning/trimming: remove low p_T & large angle particles (i.e. pile-up, underlying event, ...)

$$\frac{\min(p_T^i, p_T^j)}{p_T^{i+j}} < z_{cut}, \quad \Delta R_{ij} > \alpha \times \frac{m^J}{p_T^J}, \quad z_{cut} \sim 0.1, \quad \alpha \sim 0.5$$



- Reconstruct mass of the resulting jet:

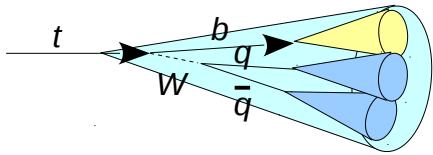
$$m_{jet}^2 = \left(\sum_i E_i \right)^2 - \left(\sum_i p_i \right)^2$$





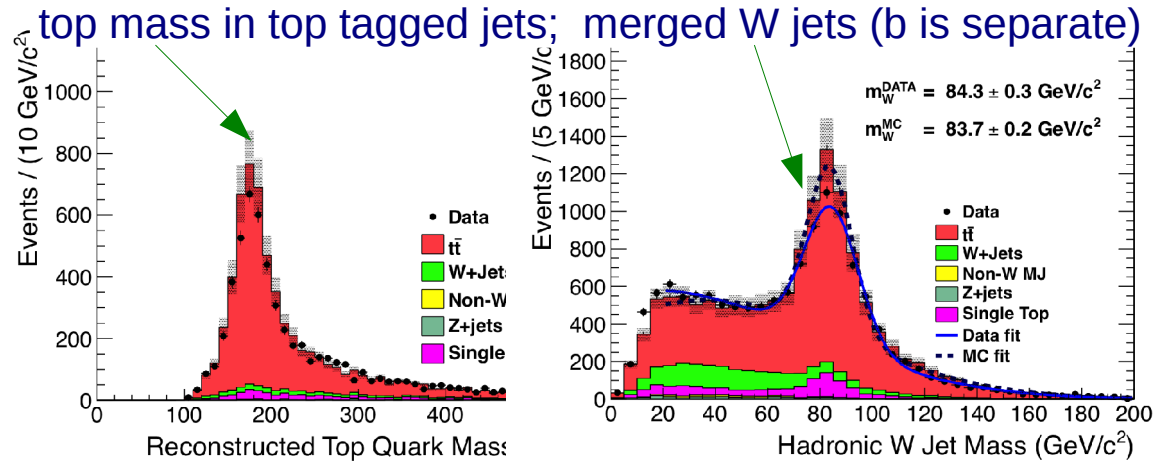
$t\bar{t}$ resonances (1)

[CMS-B2G-12-005](#), a search for $t\bar{t}$ resonances in events with ≥ 2 top-tagged jets:

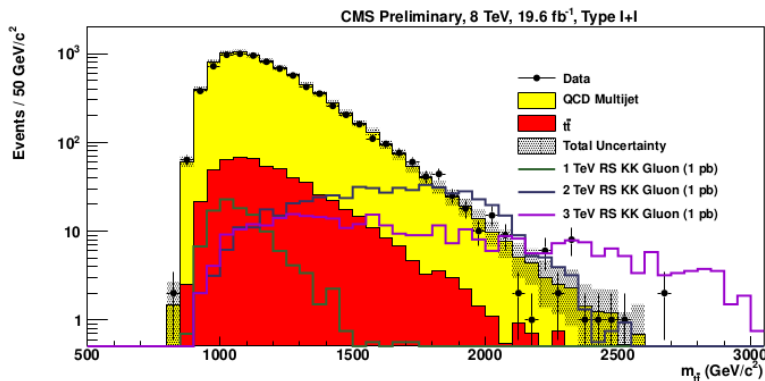


top-tagged jet ($p_T > 400$ GeV/c):

- find ≥ 3 subjets (reverse CA)
- $140 < m_{\text{jet}} \text{ (GeV}/c^2) < 250$
- $m_{2 \text{ subjets}}^{\text{min}} > 50 \text{ GeV}/c^2$



Invariant mass of 2 top-tagged jets:



Results (exclusions):

- Topcolor Z': $M_{Z'} > 2.35 \text{ TeV}$ ($\Gamma_{Z'}/M_{Z'} = 10\%$)
- Randall-Sandrum KK gluon: $M_{\text{RS KK}} > 1.8 \text{ TeV}$
- limit on generic enhancement in $M_{t\bar{t}}$ spectrum excludes everything that predicts more than $1.79 \times \text{SM}$ expectation for $M_{t\bar{t}} > 1 \text{ TeV}/c^2$



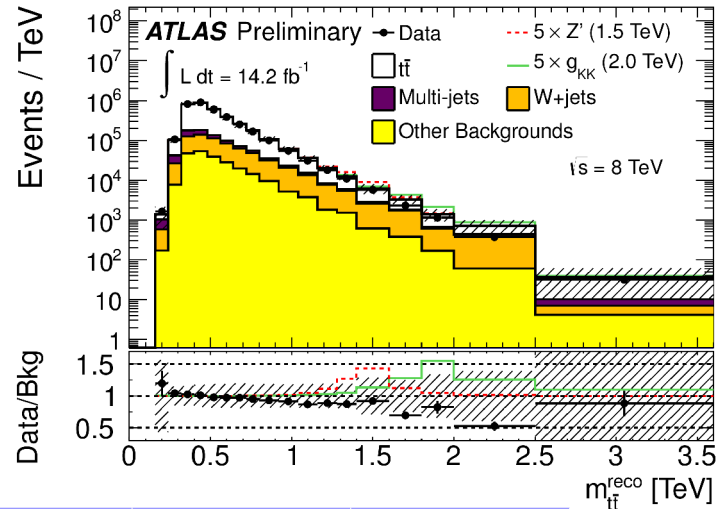
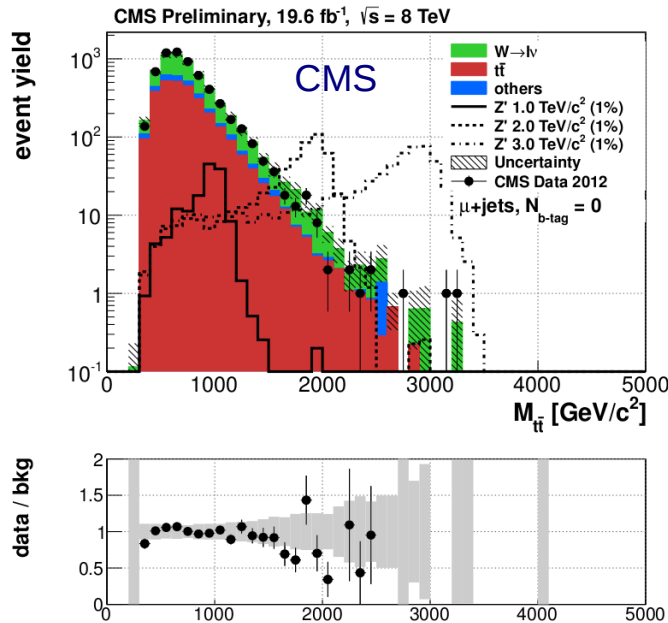
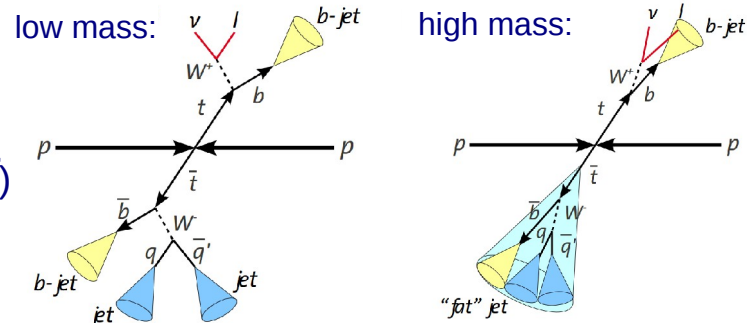
$t\bar{t}$ resonances (2)

[CMS-B2G-12-006](#), [ATLAS-CONF-2013-052](#): searches for $t\bar{t}$ resonances in $\ell + \text{jets}$ channel:

- light resonances: $1 e/\mu + \geq 4 \text{ jets} + \cancel{E}_T$
- heavy resonances: $1 e/\mu + \geq 2 \text{ (merged) jets} + \cancel{E}_T$

Fully and partially data-driven backgrounds (e.g. $W + \text{jets}$ and $t\bar{t}$)

ATLAS is also using top-tagging for the hadronic “fat” jet



Results (exclusions on mass in TeV):

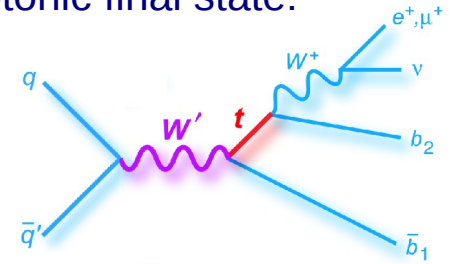
model	CMS	ATLAS
$m(Z'_{\text{topcolor}})$	$>2.10_{\Gamma=1.2\%}$	$>1.8_{\Gamma=3\%}$
$m(\text{gluon}_{\text{RS}})$	>2.54	>2.0



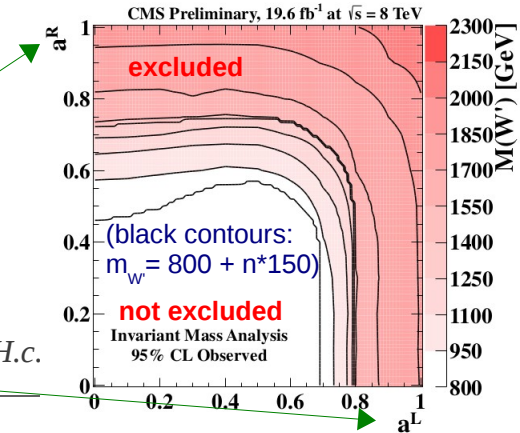
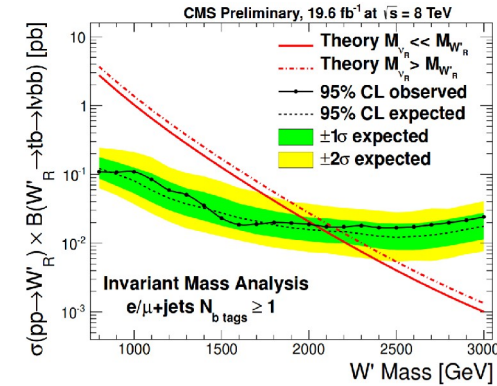
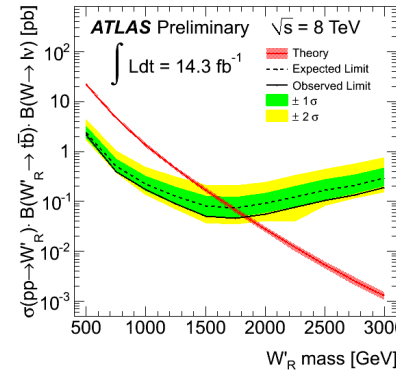
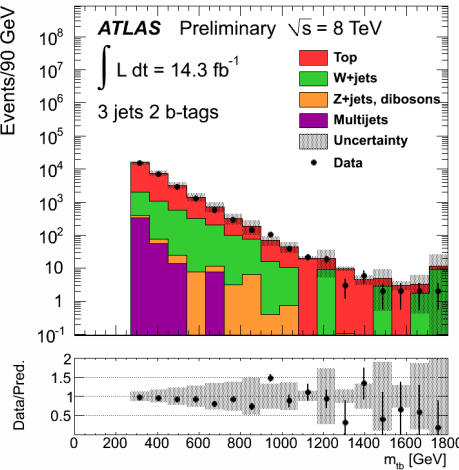
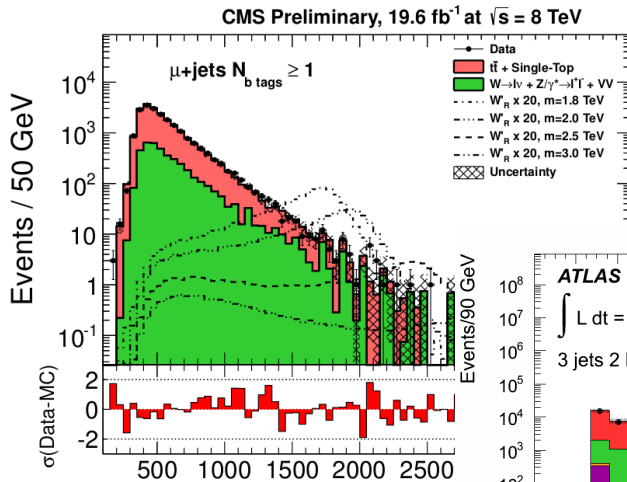
t+b resonances

CMS-B2G-12-010, ATLAS-CONF-2013-050: search for a $W' \rightarrow tb$ in leptonic final state:

- look for events with: 1 isolated e or μ + ≥ 2 jets + ≥ 1 b-tag + \cancel{E}_T (+ M_T)
- reconstruct top quark using $m(\text{jet}+\ell+\nu) = m_{\text{top}}$ (first find p_z^ν from $m(\ell+\nu) = m_W$)
- check spectrum of $m(\text{top} + \text{another jet})$ for deviations from SM predictions:



Results: $M(W'_R) > 2.03_{\text{CMS}} / 1.84_{\text{ATLAS}} \text{ TeV}$:



$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{V_{ij}^{CKM}}{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{e}{\sin\theta_W} \bar{f}_i (a^R(1+\gamma^5) + a^L(1-\gamma^5)) W'^{\mu} f_j + H.c.$$



t+j resonances (1)

[CMS-B2G-12-014](#), search for a pair produced excited top quark (t^*) in leptonic final state

□ signal signature: $pp \rightarrow t^* \bar{t}^* \rightarrow tg \bar{t}g \rightarrow$ isolated e or μ + ≥ 6 jets + ≥ 1 b-tag

□ construct $t^* \bar{t}^* \rightarrow (\ell\nu bg)(q\bar{q}bg)$ event using kinematic reconstruction:

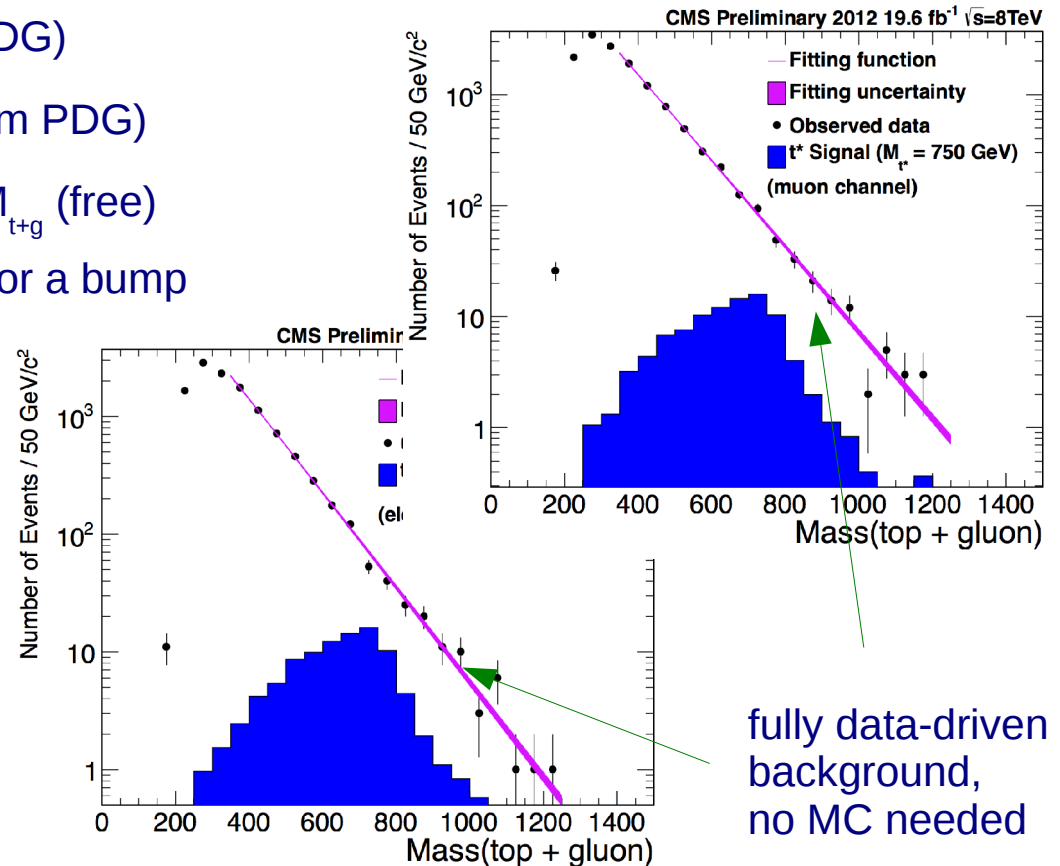
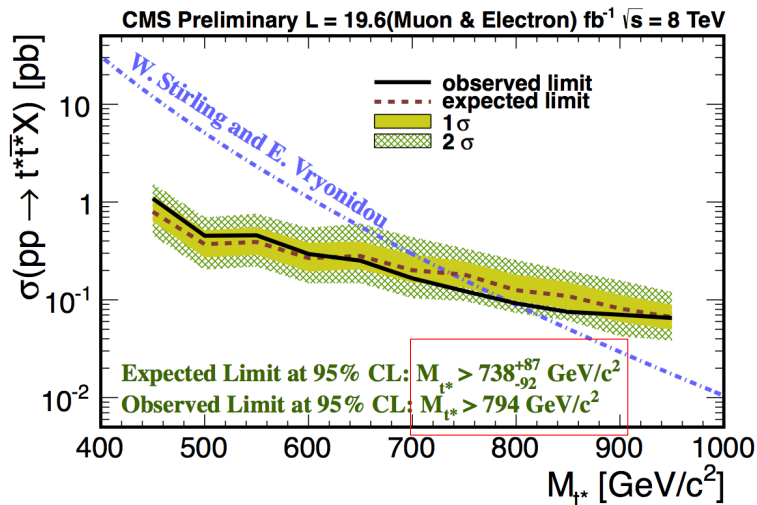
□ $m(\ell+\nu) = m(q+\bar{q}) = M_W$ (from PDG)

□ $m(\ell+\nu+b) = m(q+\bar{q}+b) = M_t$ (from PDG)

□ $m(\ell+\nu+b+g) = m(q+\bar{q}+b+g) = M_{t+g}$ (free)

□ fit the M_{t+g} spectra in data and look for a bump

Results:





Searches for Extra Dimensions and Dark Matter (large \cancel{E}_T signatures)

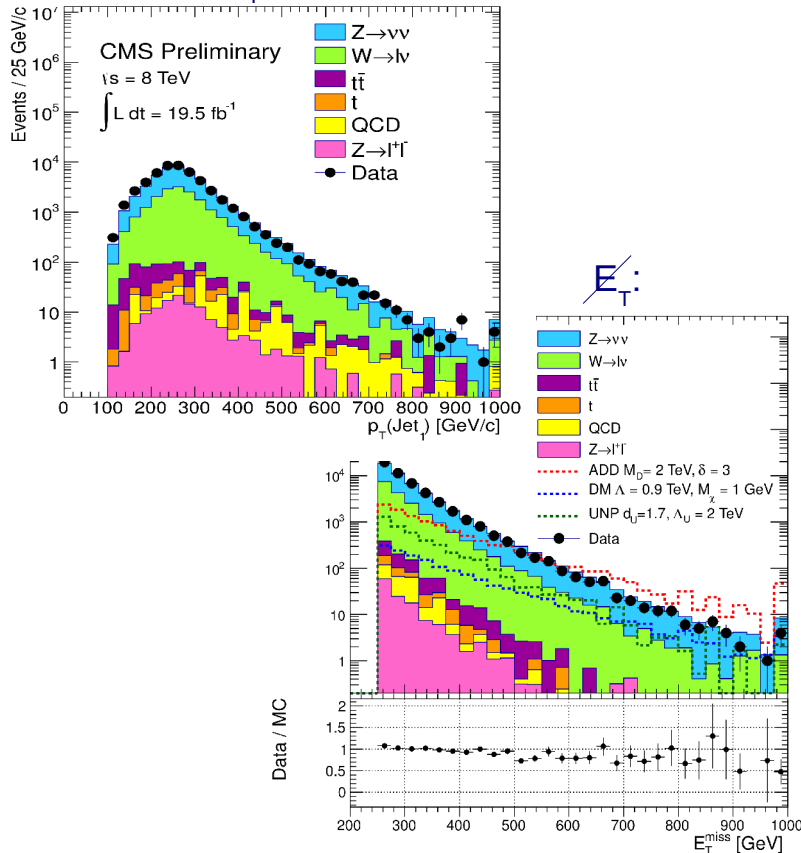


Monojets

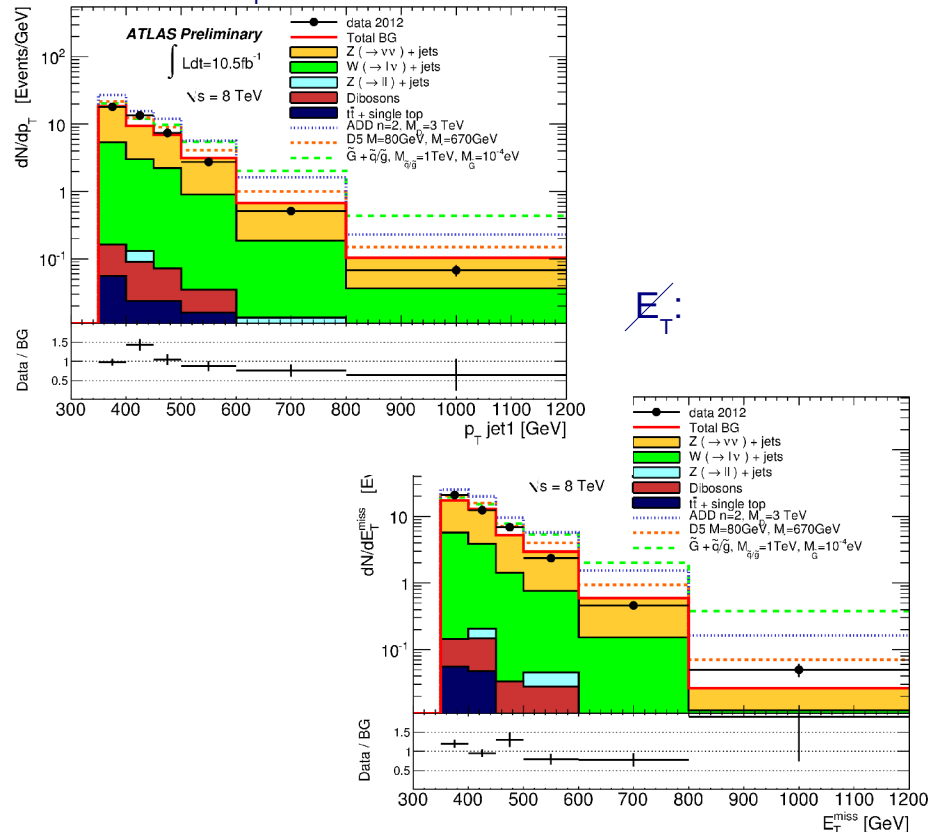
[CMS-EXO-12-048](#), [ATLAS-CONF-2012-147](#): excess of high E_T events with 1 or 2 high p_T jets

- Non-collision bg. (noise, beam halo, ...) is cut based on balance of jet's deposits in tracker and calorimeters
- Leading SM backgrounds, $Z(\rightarrow \nu\nu)+\text{jets}$ and $W(\rightarrow \ell\nu)+\text{jets}$, are derived from data requiring muon

leading jet p_T :



leading jet p_T :





Interpretations for the monojet search

Large Extra Dimensions (ADD framework):

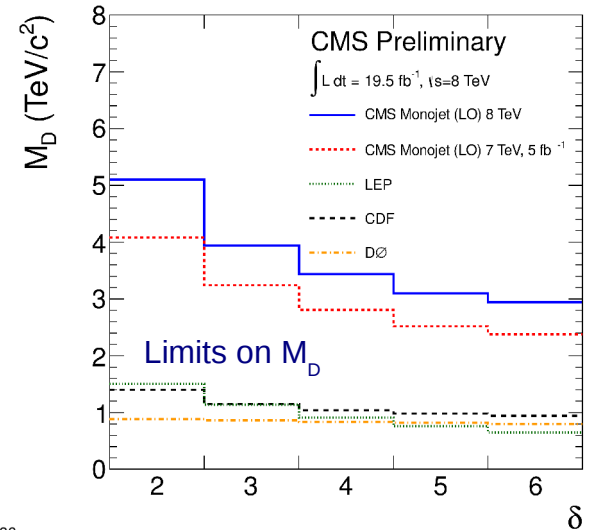
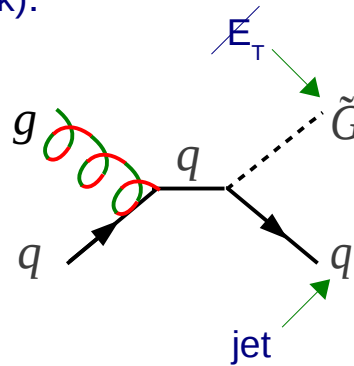
$$M_{Pl}^2 \sim M_D^{2+n} \cdot R^n, \text{ where}$$

M_{Pl} – 4D Plank mass,

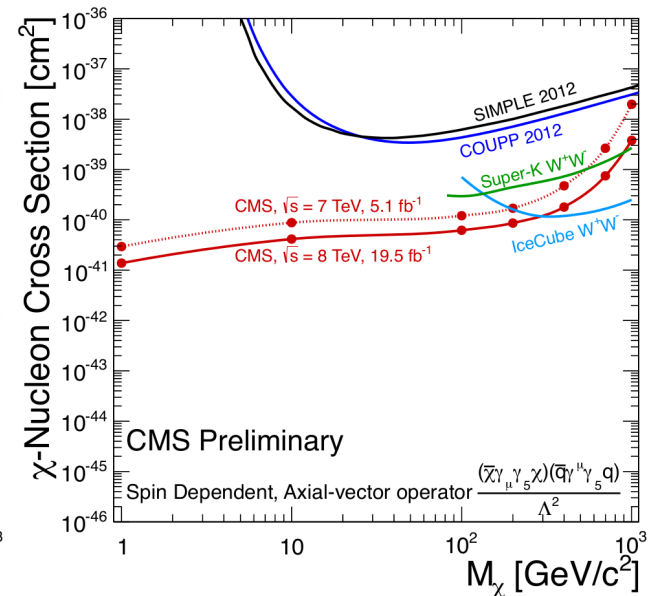
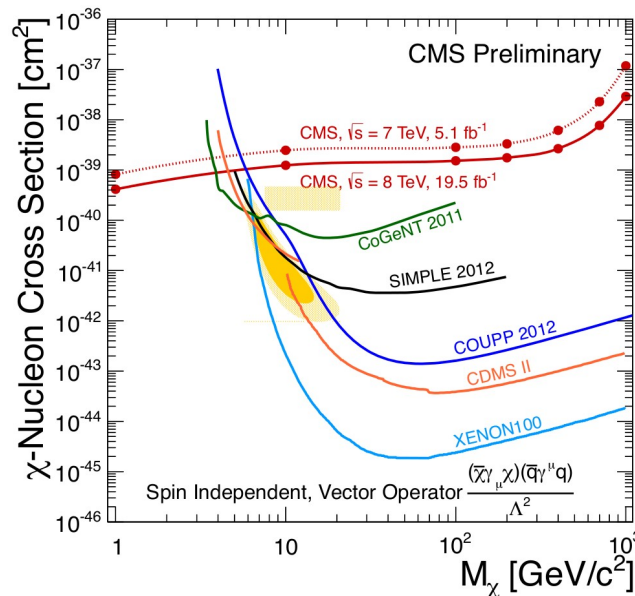
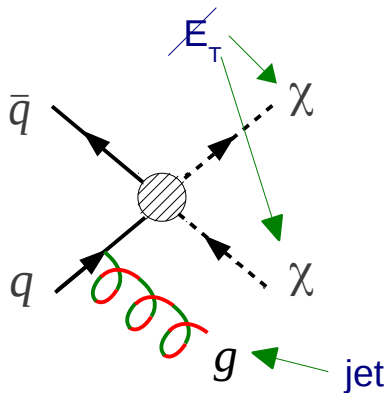
n – # of extra dimensions,

R – size of extra dimensions,

M_D – fundamental Plank scale



Weakly Interacting Massive Particles:





Search for long-lived particles

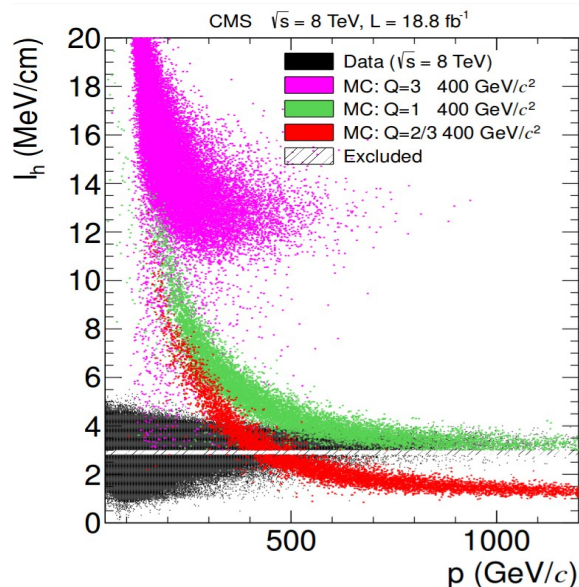
- Predicted by SUSY and Hidden Valley models
- Many search signatures (some CMS searches are progressing, but not all are yet public):
 - highly displaced vertices
 - highly ionizing (dE/dx)
 - slow (time-of-flight)
 - kinked tracks
 - disappearing tracks
 - highly out-of-time



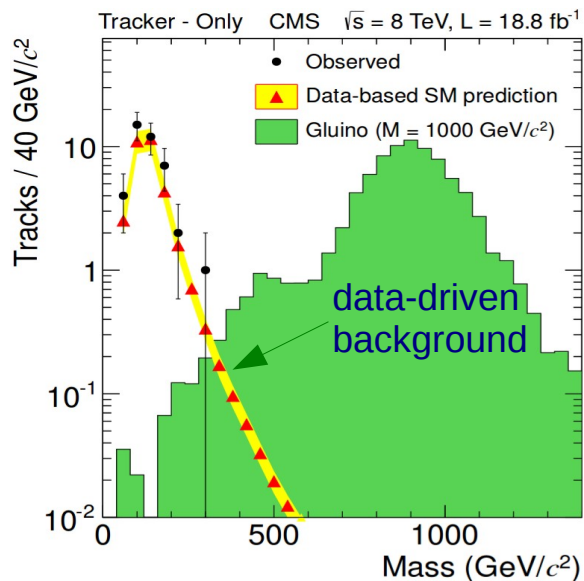
Long-lived charged particles

CMS-EXO-12-026: search for high dE/dx (tracker) and long time-of-flight (mu syst.) signatures:

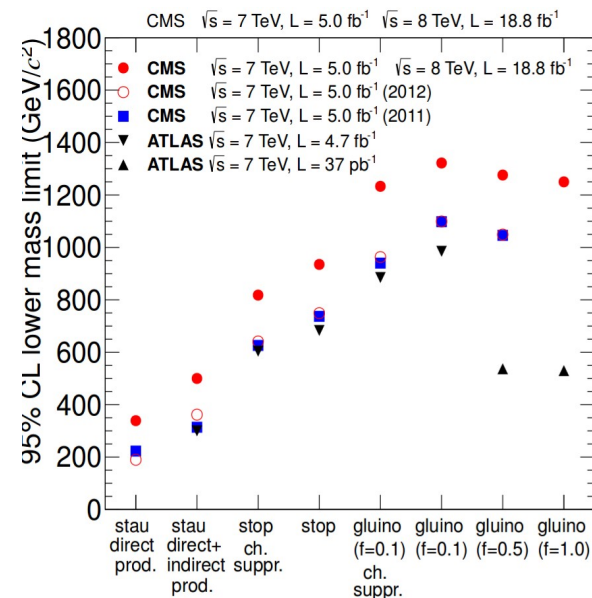
- slow heavy particles or high-charge-multiplicity particles



mass in plots calculated from p and dE/dx and assuming $|Q| = 1e$:



Some of the results:





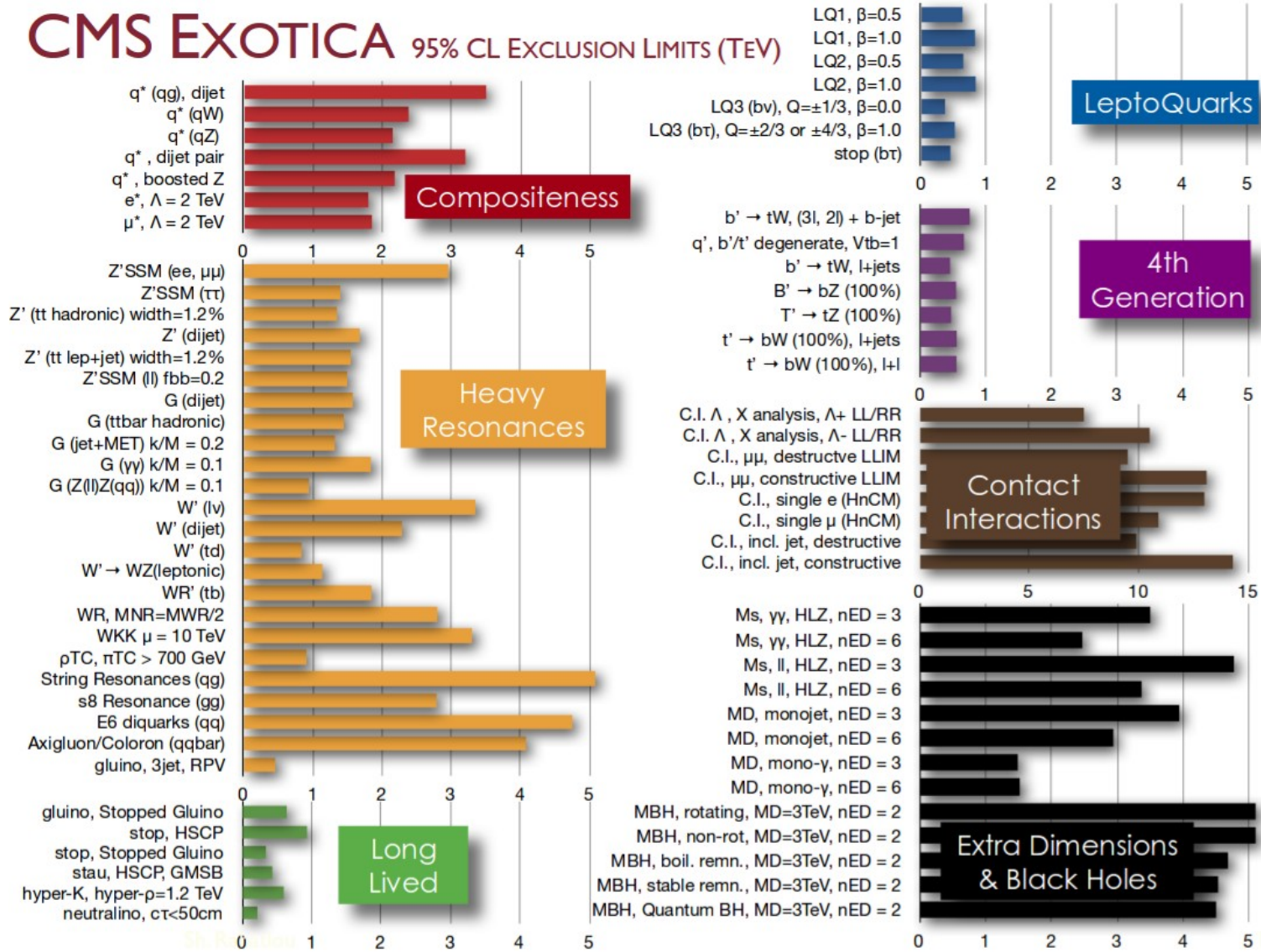
Summary

- Presented are several recent ATLAS & CMS searches for exotic physics with 2012 data
- No deviations from the Standard Model were found
- Some of the limits set on the new physics models:
 - RS KK gluon: $M > \sim 2.5 \text{ TeV}$
 - SSM Z' / W' : $M > \sim 3 \text{ TeV}$
 - excited quarks: $M > \sim 4 \text{ TeV}$
 - ADD extra dimensions: $M_D > \sim 5 \text{ TeV} (n_{ED} \leq 3)$



Summary CMS

CMS EXOTICA 95% CL EXCLUSION LIMITS (TeV)





Summary ATLAS

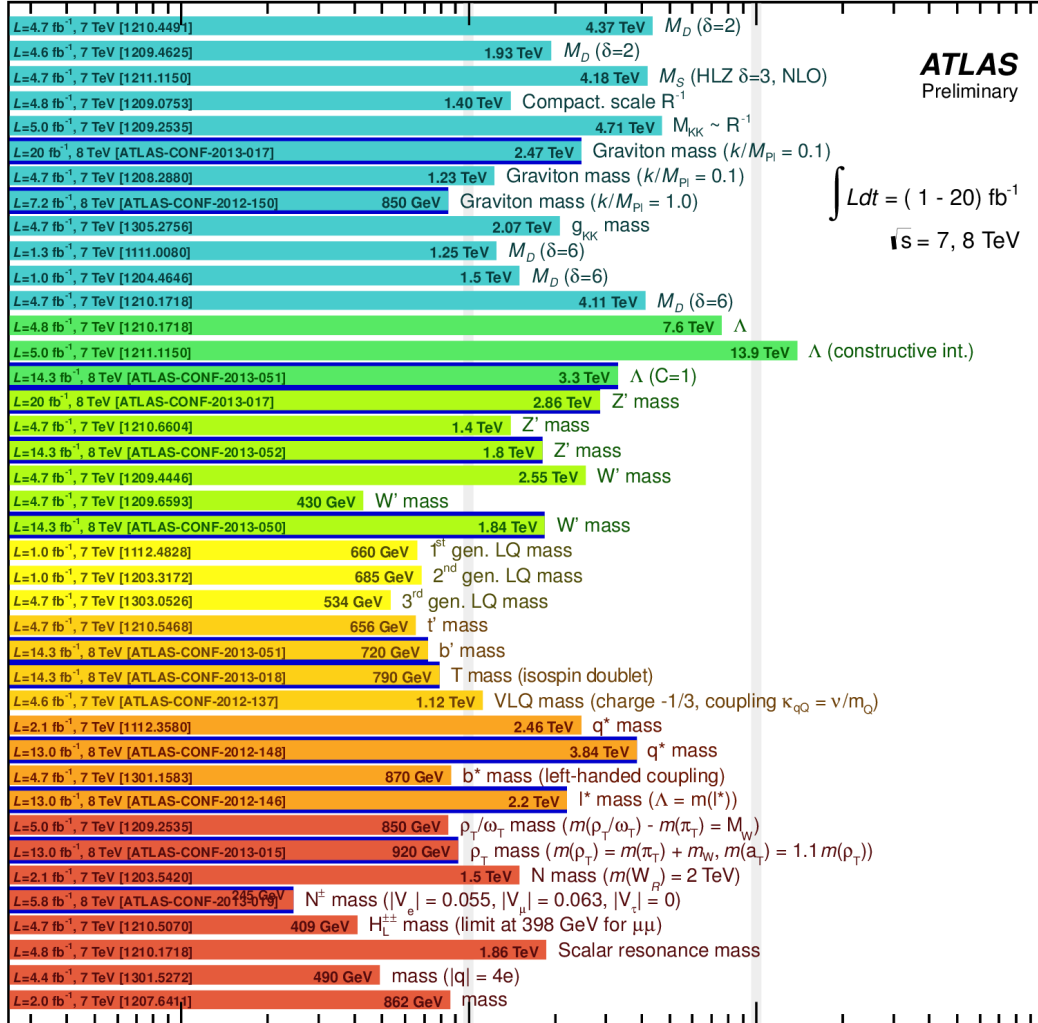
ATLAS Exotics Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits (Status: May 2013)

ATLAS
Preliminary

$\int L dt = (1 - 20) \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 $\sqrt{s} = 7, 8 \text{ TeV}$

Extra dimensions
CI
V
LQ
New quarks
Excit. ferm.
Other

Large ED (ADD) : monojet + $E_{T,miss}$
 Large ED (ADD) : monophoton + $E_{T,miss}$
 Large ED (ADD) : diphoton & dilepton, $m_{\gamma\gamma}/ll$
 UED : diphoton + $E_{T,miss}$
 S^1/Z_2 ED : dilepton, m_{ll}
 RS1 : dilepton, m_{ll}
 RS1 : WW resonance, $m_{T,lv}$
 Bulk RS : ZZ resonance, m_{llij}
 RS $g_{KK} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ (BR=0.925) : $t\bar{t} \rightarrow l+jets$, m_{tt}
 ADD BH ($M_{TH}/M_D=3$) : SS dimuon, $N_{ch,part.}$
 ADD BH ($M_{TH}/M_D=3$) : leptons + jets, Σp
 Quantum black hole : dijet, $F(m_{ij})$
 qq qq contact interaction : $\chi(m_{ij})$
 qqll CI : ee & $\mu\mu$, m_{ll}
 uutt CI : SS dilepton + jets + $E_{T,miss}$
 Z' (SSM) : $m_{ee/\mu\mu}$
 Z' (SSM) : $m_{\tau\tau}$
 Z' (leptophobic topcolor) : $t\bar{t} \rightarrow l+jets$, m_{tt}
 W' (SSM) : $m_{Te/\mu}$
 W' ($\rightarrow tq, g=1$) : m_{tq}
 W'_R ($\rightarrow tb, LRSM$) : m_{tb}
 Scalar LQ pair ($\beta=1$) : kin. vars. in $eelj, evjj$
 Scalar LQ pair ($\beta=1$) : kin. vars. in $\mu\mu ij, \mu\nu ij$
 Scalar LQ pair ($\beta=1$) : kin. vars. in $\tau\tau ij, \tau\nu ij$
 4th generation : $b'b' \rightarrow SS$ dilepton + jets + $E_{T,miss}$
 Vector-like quark : $TT \rightarrow Ht+X$
 Vector-like quark : CC, m_{lvq}
 Excited quarks : γ -jet resonance, $m_{\gamma j}$
 Excited quarks : dijet resonance, m_{ij}^{dijet}
 Excited b quark : W-t resonance, m_{Wt}
 Excited leptons : l- γ resonance, $m_{l\gamma}$
 Techni-hadrons (LSTC) : dilepton, $m_{ee/\mu\mu}$
 Techni-hadrons (LSTC) : WZ resonance (νll), m_{WZ}
 Major neutr. (LRSM, no mixing) : 2-lep + jets
 Heavy lepton N^\pm (type III seesaw) : Z-l resonance, m_{Zl}
 H_{\pm}^\pm (DY prod., BR($H_{\pm}^\pm \rightarrow ll$)=1) : SS ee ($\mu\mu$), m_{ee}
 Color octet scalar : dijet resonance, m_{ij}
 Multi-charged particles (DY prod.) : highly ionizing tracks
 Magnetic monopoles (DY prod.) : highly ionizing tracks



10⁻¹ 1 10 10²

Mass scale [TeV]



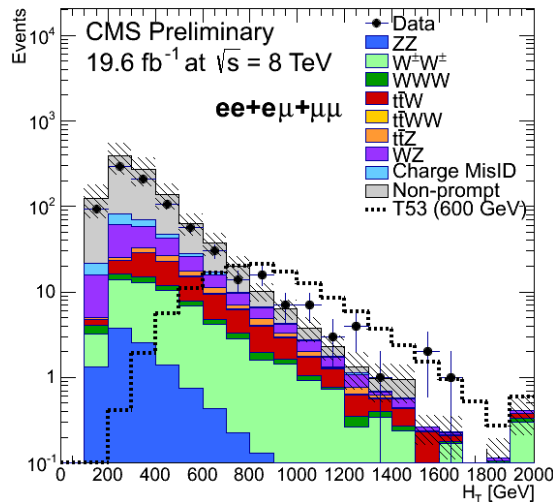
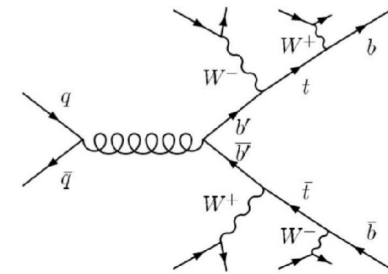
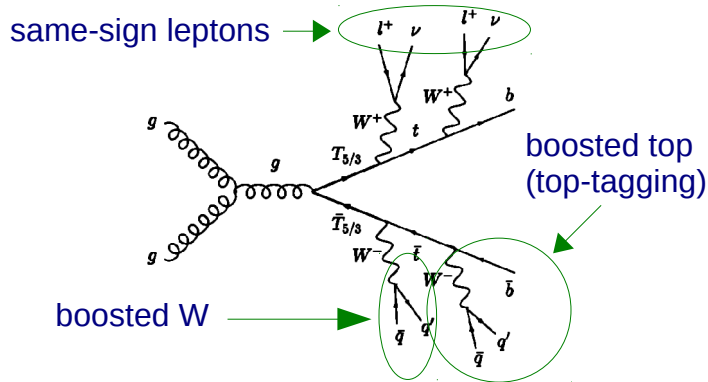
Backup



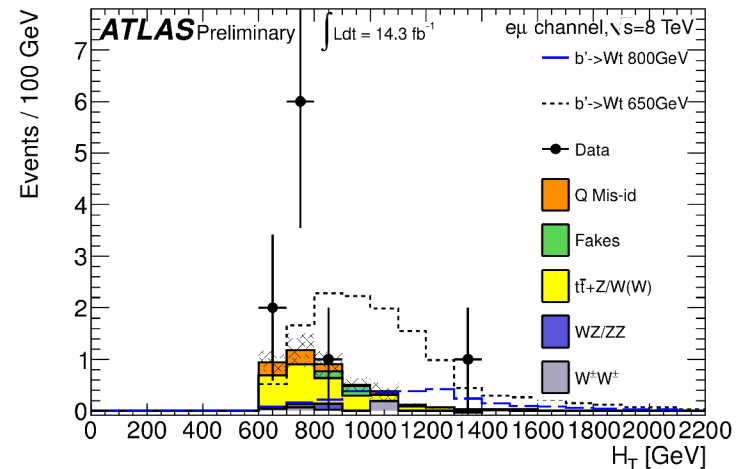
Analyses with same-sign leptons

[CMS-B2G-12-012](#): $T_{5/3} T_{5/3} \rightarrow tWtW \rightarrow 4W+2b$

[ATLAS-CONF-2013-051](#): $b'b' \rightarrow tWtW \rightarrow 4W+2b$



$m(T_{5/3}) > 770$ GeV



Assuming BR(b' → Wt) = 100%: $m(b') > 720$ GeV



Bibliography

- Search for resonant $t\bar{t}$ production in lepton+jets events in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV, [CMS PAS B2G-12-006](#)
- Search for resonant $t\bar{t}$ production in all hadronic events in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV, [CMS PAS B2G-12-005](#)
- Search for narrow $t+b$ resonances in the leptonic final state at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, [CMS PAS B2G-12-010](#)
- Search for pair production of new physics resonances decaying to a top quark and jet in the lepton+jets decay channel, [CMS PAS B2G-12-014](#)
- Search for anomalous $t\bar{t}$ production in the highly-boosted all-hadronic final state, 7 TeV, [CMS PAS EXO-11-006](#) (superseded by [CMS B2G-12-005](#))
- Search for Z' resonances decaying to $t\bar{t}$ in dilepton+jets final states in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, [CMS PAS TOP-11-010](#)
- Search for resonant $t\bar{t}$ production in lepton+jets events in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV, [CMS PAS TOP-12-017](#) (superseded by [CMS B2G-12-006](#))
- Search for resonant $WZ \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\ell$ production using $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV pp collisions with ATLAS, [ATLAS-CONF-2013-015](#)
- Search for resonant ZZ production in the $ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell q\bar{q}$ channel with the ATLAS detector using 7.2 fb⁻¹ of $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV pp collision data, [ATLAS-CONF-2012-150](#)

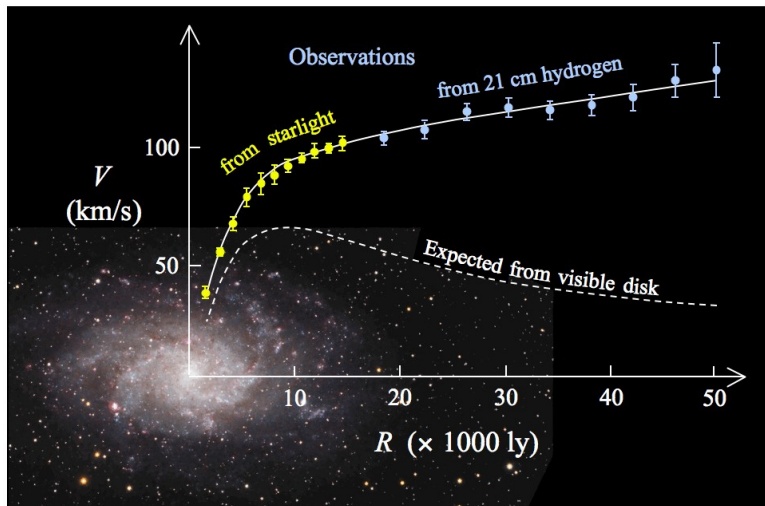


Bibliography (2)

- Search for Narrow Resonances in Dilepton Mass Spectra in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV
[CMS PAS EXO-12-061](#)
- Search for Large Extra Dimensions in Dimuon Events in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV
[CMS PAS EXO-12-027](#)
- Search for Large Extra Spatial Dimensions in Dielectron Production with the CMS Detector
[CMS PAS EXO-12-031](#)
- Search for new physics in the final states with a lepton and missing transverse energy at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, [CMS PAS B2G-12-060](#)
- Search for Narrow Resonances using the Dijet Mass Spectrum with 19.6 fb^{-1} of pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, [CMS PAS EXO-12-059](#)
- Search for Heavy Resonances Decaying into bb and bg Final States in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, [CMS PAS EXO-12-023](#)
- Search for new physics in monojet events in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV,
[CMS PAS EXO-12-048](#)
- Searches for Long-lived Charged Particles in pp Collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and 8 TeV,
[CMS PAS EXO-12-026](#)

Dark Matter: indirect evidence

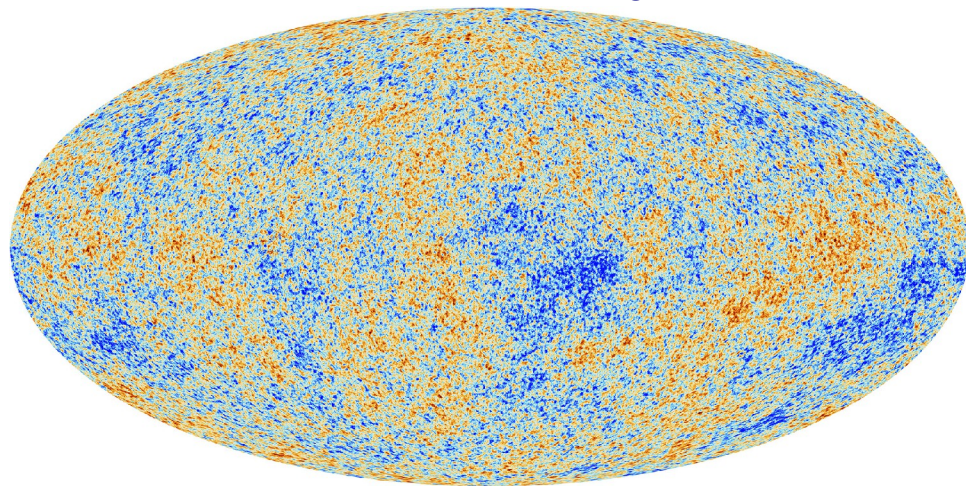
Galaxy rotation curves:



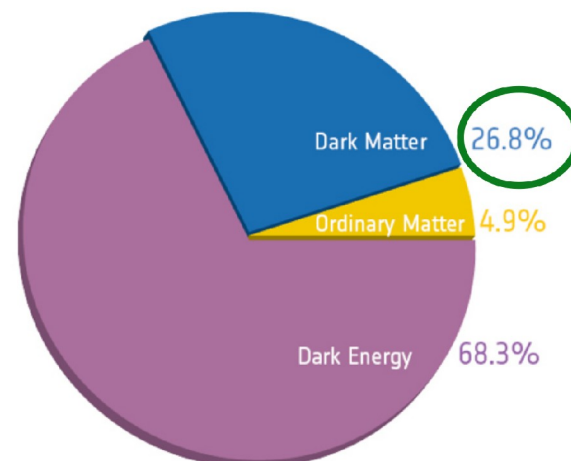
Gravitational lensing:



Cosmic microwave background:



fitting Λ CDM



After Planck



Dark Matter: candidates

- Weakly Interacting Massive Particles (WIMPs, in this talk)
 - **Weakly Interacting**: right relict abundance without fine-tuning
 - **Massive**: cold dark matter ($v \ll c \rightarrow$ won't smear large-scale structure of universe)
 - Side product of R-parity conserving SUSY

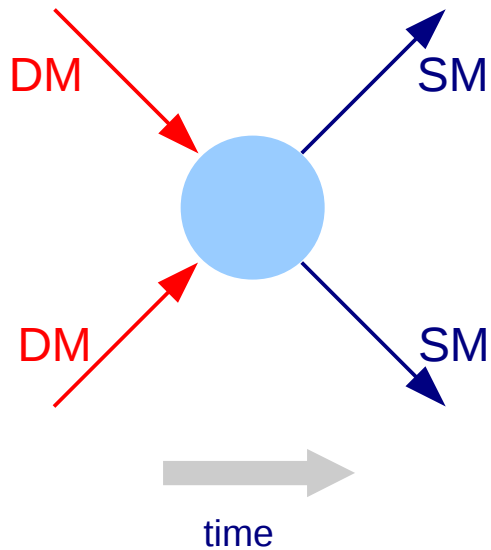
- Sterile neutrinos (not in this talk)
 - Neutrinos in Standard Model are left-handed; right-handed analog would be invisible

- Axions (not in this talk)
 - hypothetical $U_{PQ}(1)$ field solving strong CP problem (making QCD Lagrangian CP-invariant)



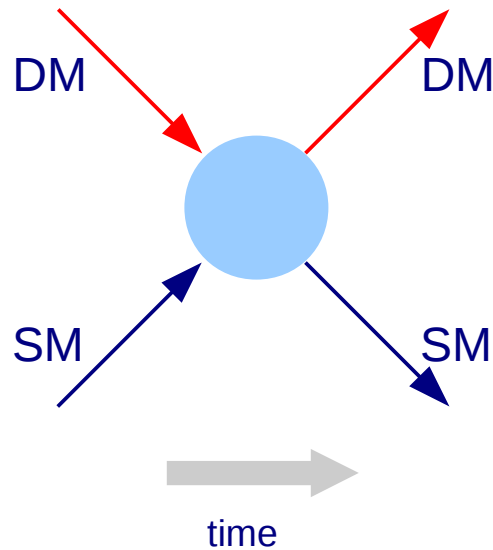
Dark Matter: searches

indirect detection:



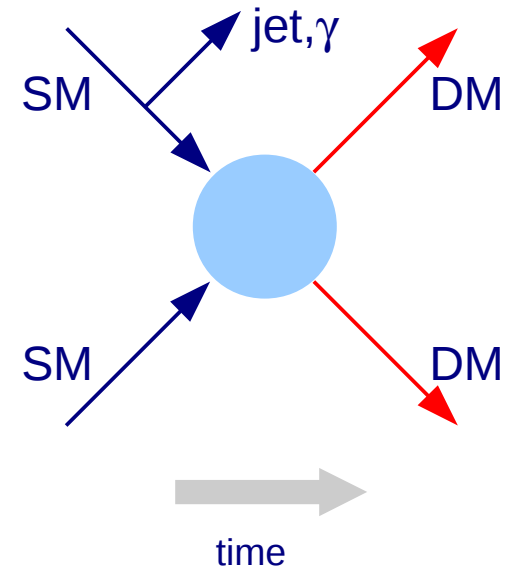
searches in space

direct detection:



solid-state searches

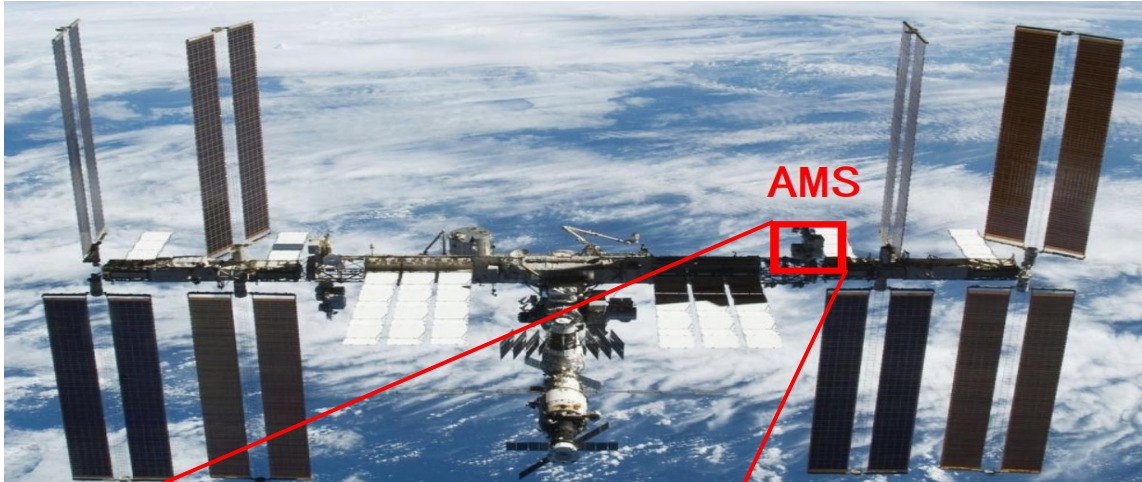
colliders:



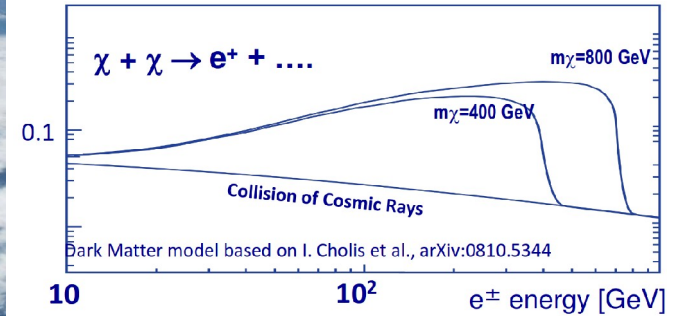
Mono-jet/-photon searches



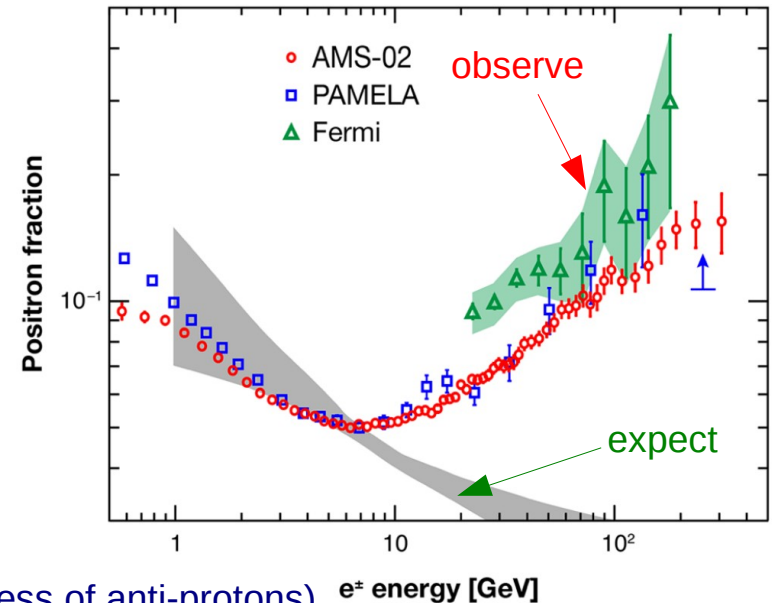
Indirect searches: new AMS results



Model example:

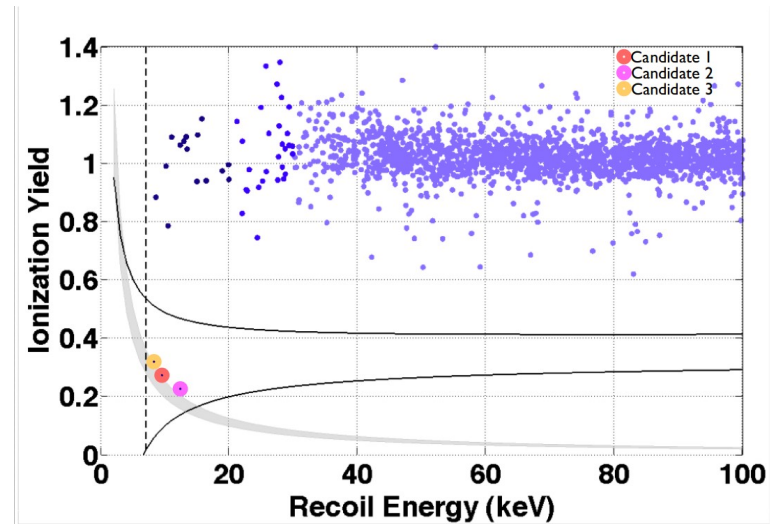
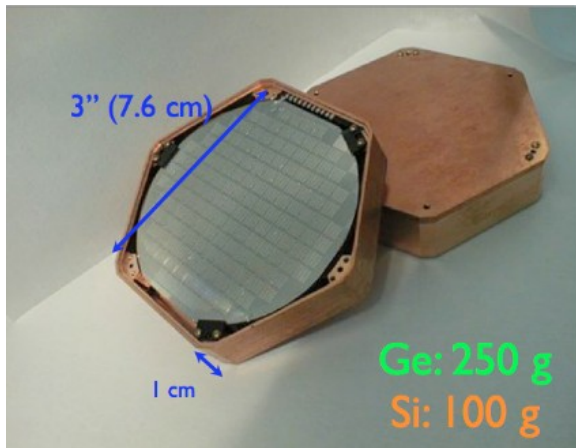


AMS confirms PAMELA and Fermi:

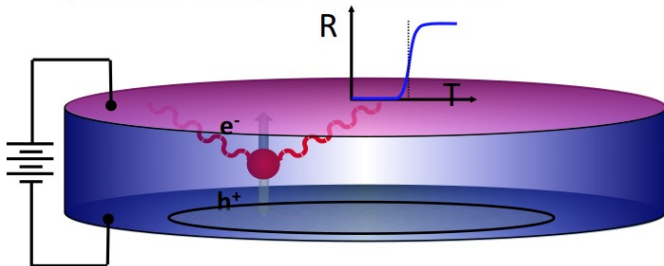


Very interesting results, but many puzzles remain (e.g. no excess of anti-protons)

Direct searches: hints from SuperCDMS



phonons & ionizations measured



- 3 events in signal region at 140 kg-day exposure.
- Likelihood test favors WIMP+background at $\sim 3\sigma$
- The maximum likelihood occurs at $m_{\text{WIMP}} = 8.6 \text{ GeV}$ and $\sigma_{\text{SI}} = 1.9 \times 10^{-41} \text{ cm}^2$



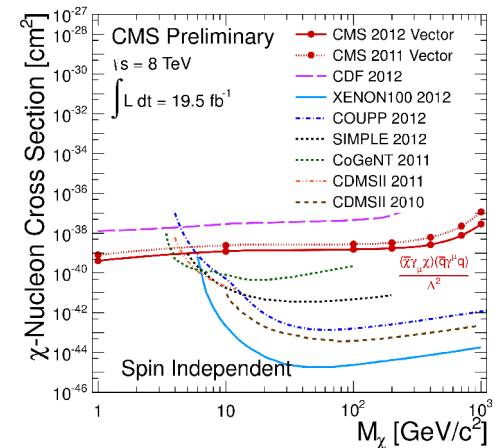
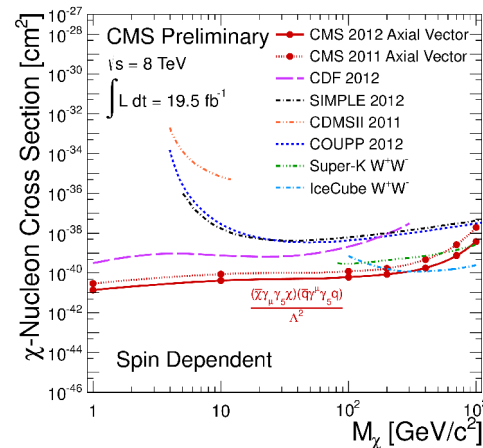
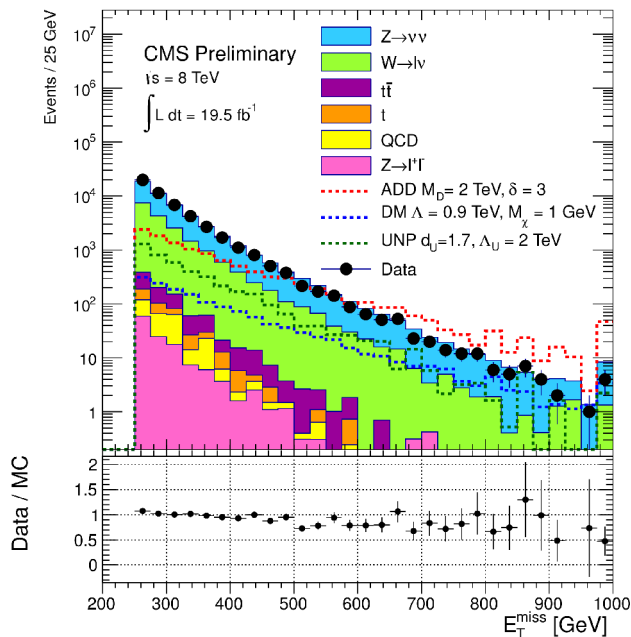
Monojets

[CMS-EXO-12-048](#), [ATLAS-CONF-2012-147](#): excess of high E_T events with 1 or 2 high p_T jets

- Non-collision bg. (noise, beam halo, ...) is cut based on balance of jet's deposits in tracker and calorimeter
- Leading SM backgrounds, $Z(\rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu})$ +jets and $W(\rightarrow \ell\nu)$ +jets, are derived from data requiring extra muon:

$$N(Z \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}) = \frac{N(Z \rightarrow \mu\mu) - N(bg)}{A \times \epsilon} \cdot \frac{Br(Z \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu})}{Br(Z \rightarrow \mu\mu)} \quad \text{and} \quad N(W \rightarrow \text{lost } l\bar{\nu}) = (1 - A \times \epsilon) \cdot N_{total}, \quad N_{total} = \frac{N(W \rightarrow l\bar{\nu}) - N(bg)}{A' \times \epsilon'}$$

Limits on WIMP pair production:

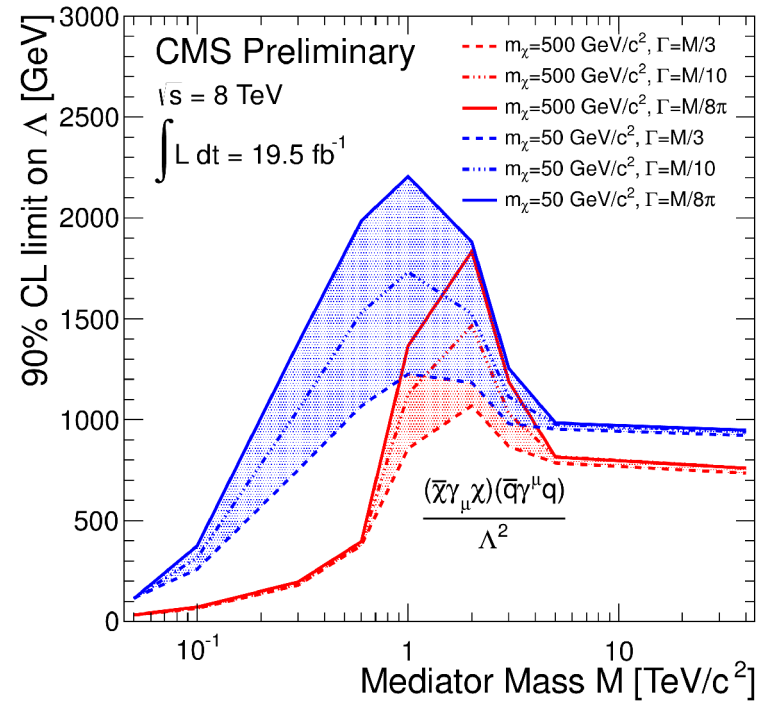
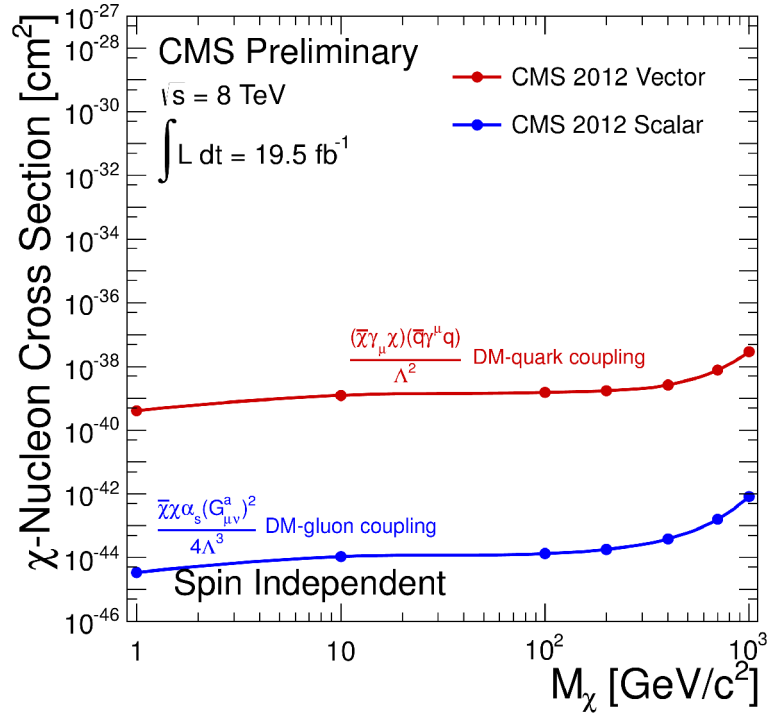


Limits on ADD fundamental scale M_D (TeV):

N^{dim}	2	3	4	5	6
LO	5.1	3.9	3.4	3.1	2.9
NLO	5.7	4.3	3.7	3.3	3.1



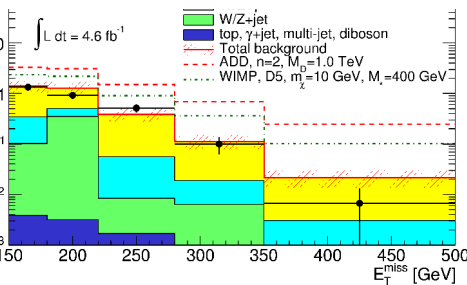
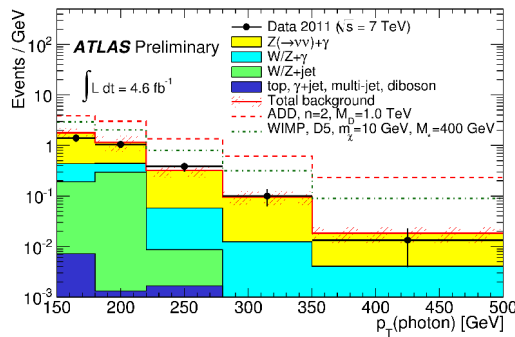
Dark matter in the monojet search



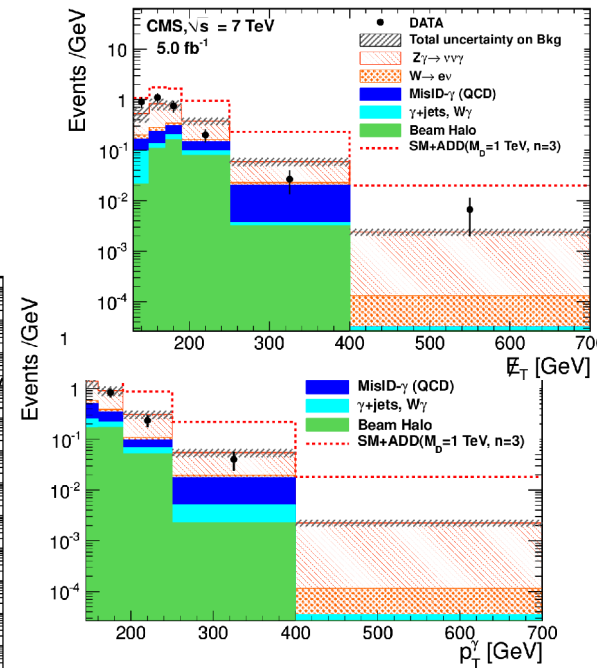
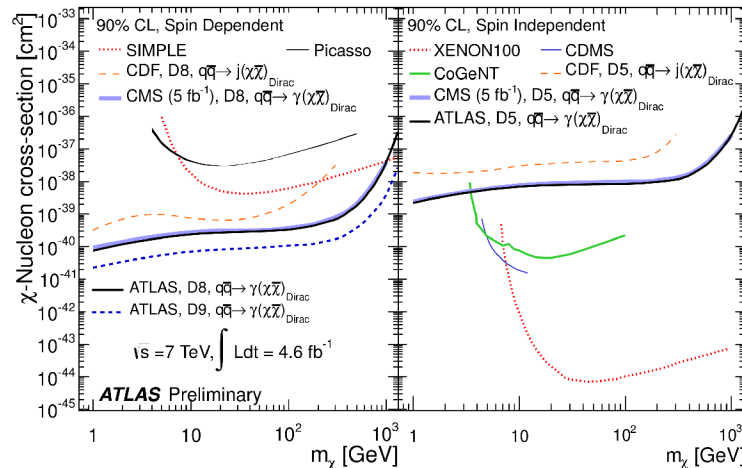


Monophoton search

- ATLAS-EXOT-2012-05 and CMS-EXO-11-096 analyses probe excess of high (>150 - 130 GeV) E_T events in association with a high ($>\sim 150$ GeV) p_T isolated photon, vetoing events with leptons
- Non-collision bg.: halo, cosmics, spikes, ... (cut using shower shape, timing, veto on non-IP muons)
- Leading SM backgrounds: QCD (jet faking photons), $Z(\rightarrow \nu\nu)+\gamma$, $W(\rightarrow \ell\nu)/Z(\rightarrow \ell\ell)+\gamma$, all data driven (e.g. key distributions in control regions of enriched QCD by limiting MET, W/Z by selecting events with ℓ, \dots)



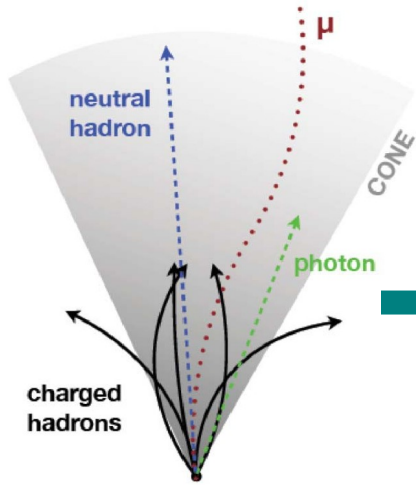
Results on paired WIMP production:



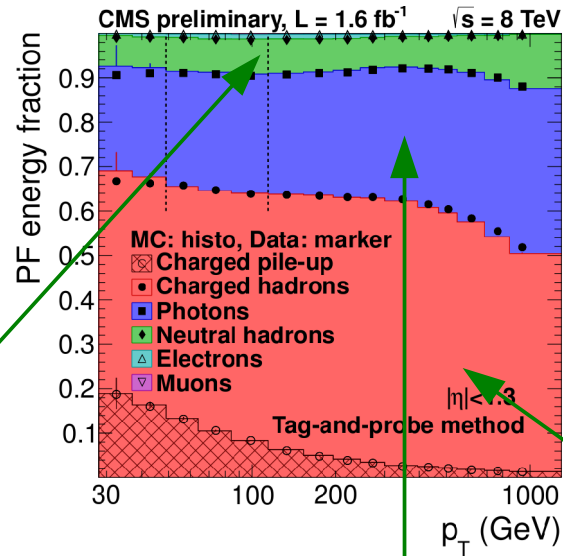


Physics objects: jets

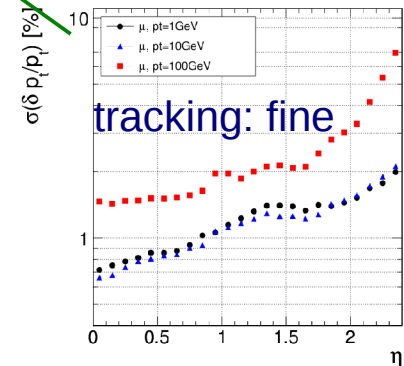
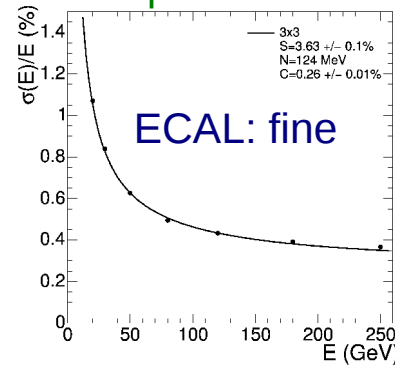
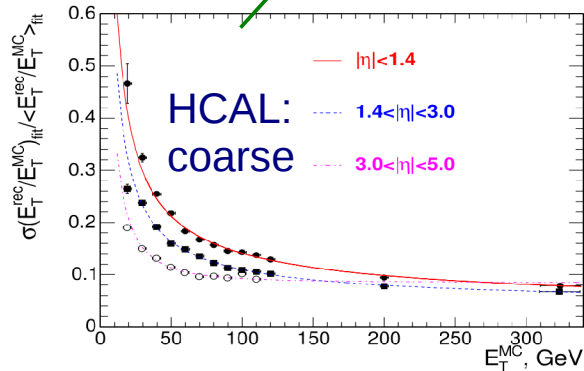
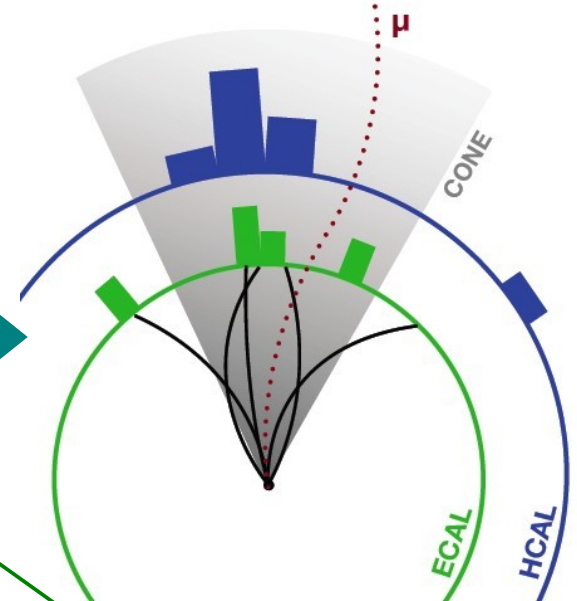
Jet:



Jet composition:



Deposits in subdetectors:



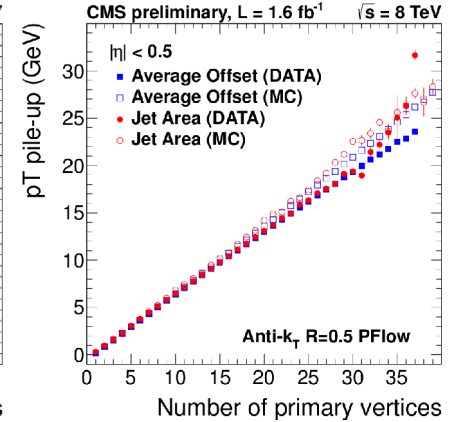
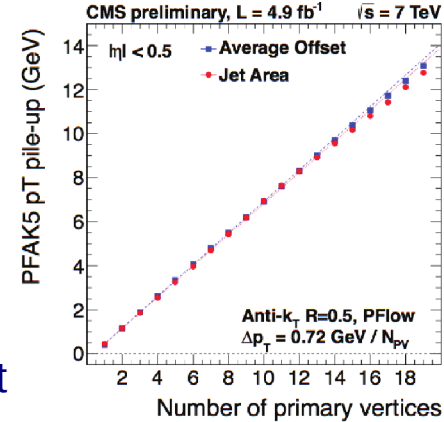
Particle Flow reconstruction takes advantage of best information available to construct a jet



Jet resolution

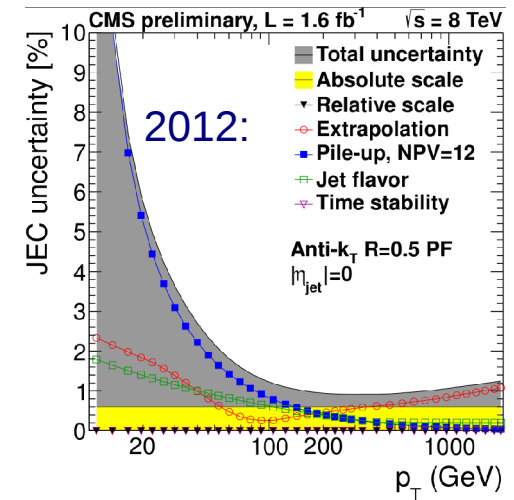
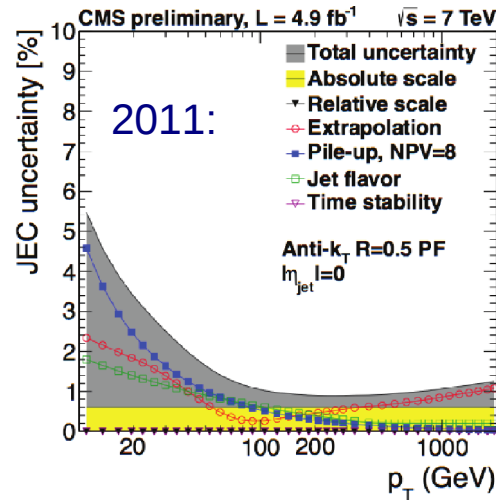
Offline jet energy calibration (same is used in ATLAS):

- offset expected pile-up deposits within jet area:
- relative (spatial- η) calibration:
 - using di-jet balance correct jet response for arbitrary η wrt. jet response in the central region
- absolute (energy scale) calibration:
 - using Z/γ + jet event balance set the absolute jet response scale using $Z \rightarrow ee/\mu\mu$ p_T measurement



Resulting jet energy uncertainty:

- jet energy scale is known at $\sim 2\%$





Physics objects: electrons and muons

Electron:

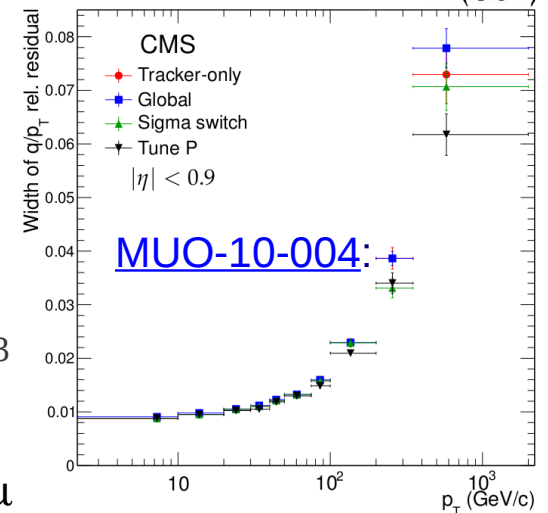
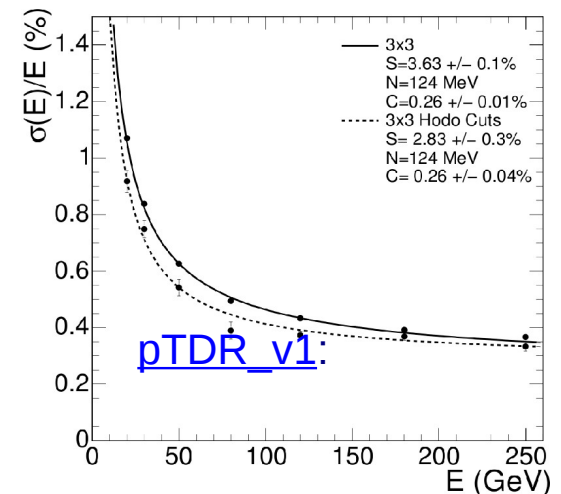
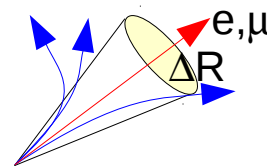
- essentially it is a track matched to an EM cluster with $E_{\text{cal}}/p_{\text{trk}} \sim 1$
(current MVA ID scheme uses ~20 handles controlling matching, cluster shape, track quality, ...)
- p_{T} assignment: relies on ECAL energy resolution:
(2012: $\delta p_{\text{T}}^e/p_{\text{T}}^e = \delta m_z/m_z = \underline{1-2.6 \text{ GeV} / 91\text{GeV}} \sim 1-3\%$ tr1%)

Muon:

- essentially this is a track matched to hit(s) in the muon system
- p_{T} assignment: tracker + muon hits for a really stiff tracks:
(for electrons resolution flattens; for muons it degrades with p_{T})

Lepton isolation (discriminating jets with leptons and prompt leptons):

- tracker: $\text{Iso}_{\text{TRK}} = \Sigma p_{\text{T}}^{\text{trk}}$, tracks of same vertex in cone $\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta \eta^2 + \Delta \phi^2} < 0.3$
- calorimeter: $\text{Iso}_{\text{ECAL,HCAL}} = \Sigma e_i$ corrected for the track's p_{T} and pile-up
- combined: $\text{Iso}_{\text{comb}} = \Sigma (\alpha \text{Iso}_{\text{TRK}} + \beta \text{Iso}_{\text{ECAL}} + \gamma \text{Iso}_{\text{HCAL}})$
(often the choice of α , β , and γ is analysis dependent)





Physics object: photon

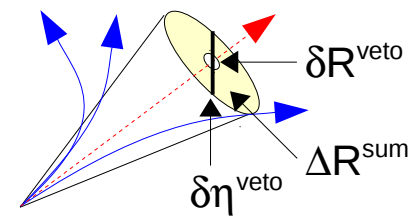
Prompt photon's signature:

- no tracks in tracker
- clustered deposits in ECAL
- little (or no) deposits in HCAL



Basics of photon identification:

- $Iso_{TRK} = \Sigma p_{T}^{trk}$ in cone $0.04 < \Delta R < 0.4$
- $Iso_{ECAL} = \Sigma e_i$ in a similar size cone
- $Iso_{HCAL} = \Sigma e_i$ in cone $0.15 < \Delta R < 0.4$
- $H/E = E^{ECAL}/E^{HCAL}$ in cone $\Delta R < 0.15$
- $\sigma_{\eta\eta}$ – cluster shape in η -projection (highly localized for e/γ)

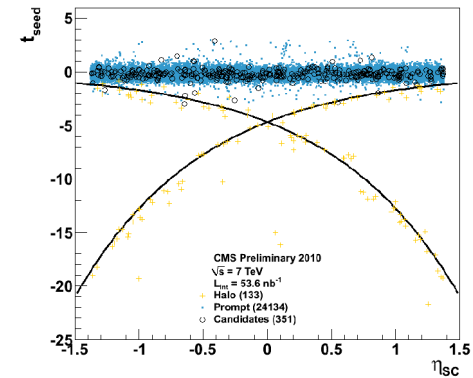
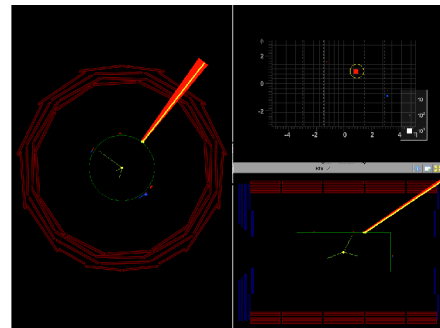
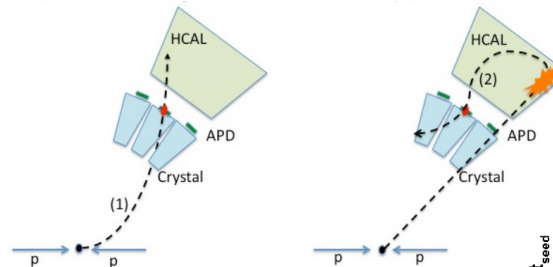


CMS features:

- very fast ECAL: 80% of light within 25ns (<1ns time resolution for impact time!)
- relatively high material budget: $\sim 1X_0$ before ECAL (brem and conversion: $e \rightarrow e\gamma$ and $\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$)

Instrumental backgrounds:

- spikes – vetoed by shower shape and timing:
- cosmics – primary vertex requirement
- beam halo – vetoed by endcap muon chambers and time of impact (negative time)

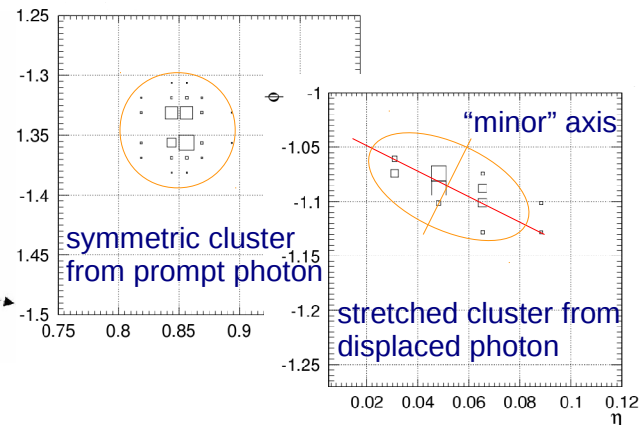
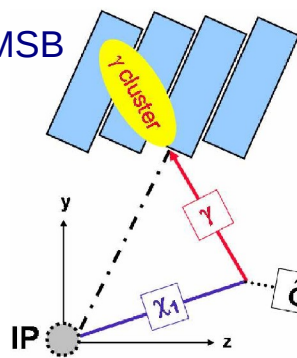




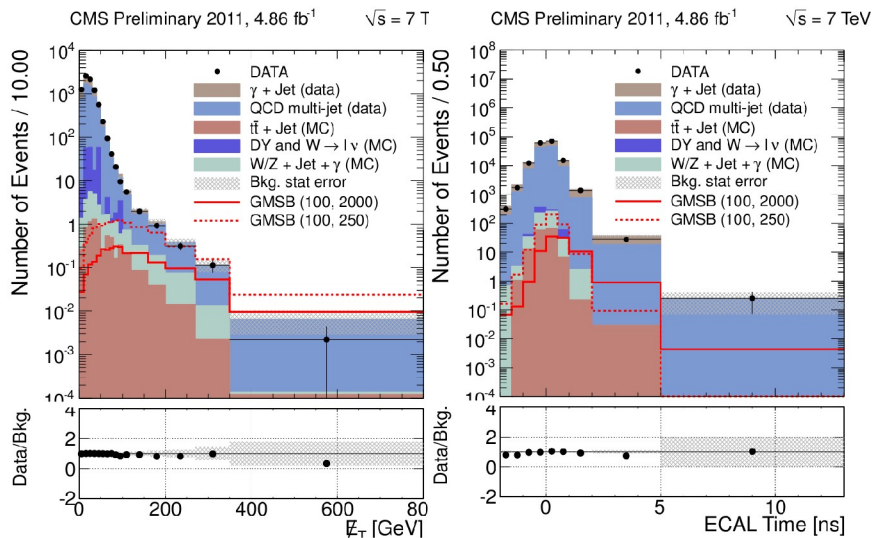
Displaced and delayed photon

Selection: $\gamma + 3$ jets ($p_T^{jet} > 35$ GeV) aimed at same GMSB

- single photon trigger (sharp turn-on, $\epsilon \sim 100\%$)
- energetic photon in barrel ($p_T^\gamma > 100$ GeV, $|\eta^\gamma| < 1.4$)
- $Iso_{ECAL}, Iso_{HCAL}, Iso_{Trk}$ ($< 5\%, 5\%, 10\% E_T^\gamma$; 2.4 GeV)
- e/ γ -like cluster shape projected on “minor” axis
- no $\pm 3ns$ window, EMu halo veto, spikes cleaning, ...

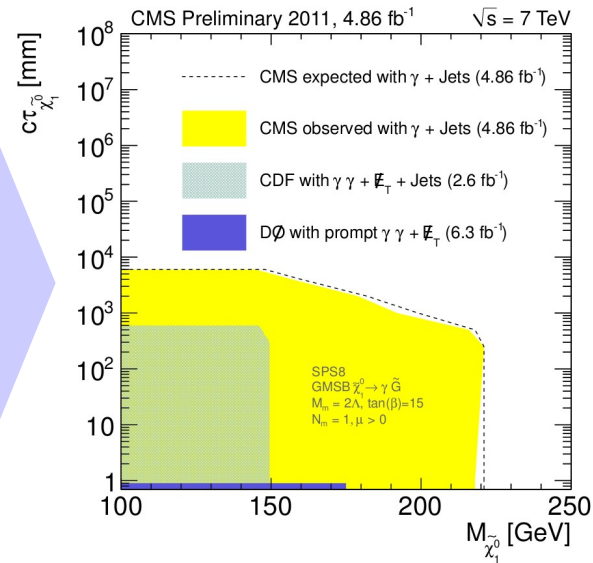


Main backgrounds: QCD and γ +jets; their shapes are taken from background enriched control data regions (made by relaxing isolation cuts for QCD or relaxing/inverting γ +jets specific cut: $\Delta R_{\gamma, jet} > 2/3$, $0.6 < p_T^{jet} / p_T^\gamma < 1.4$)



[CMS-EXO-11-035:](#)

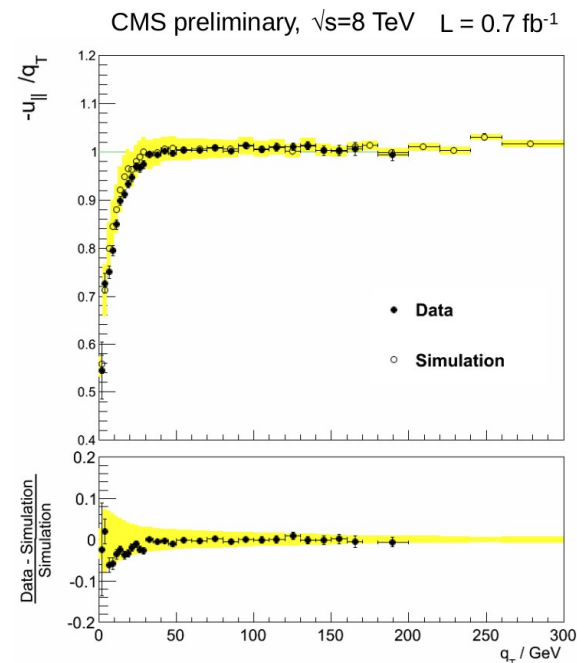
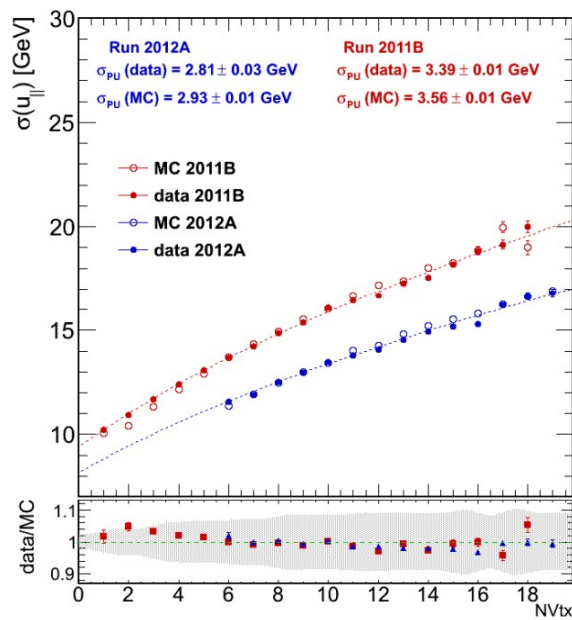
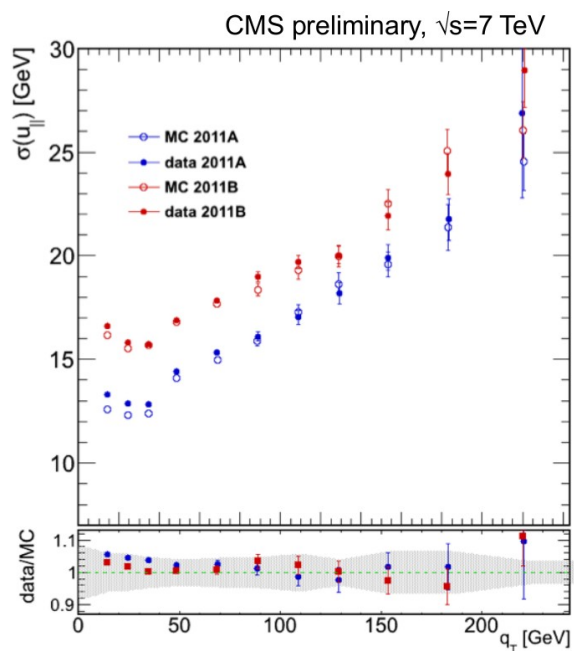
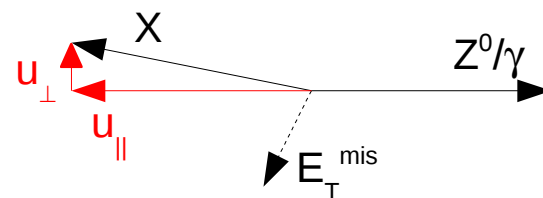
Simultaneous fit of $A \cdot PDF_{sig} + \sum C_i \cdot PDF_{bg,i}$ in the two views to the data





Physics object: missing E_T

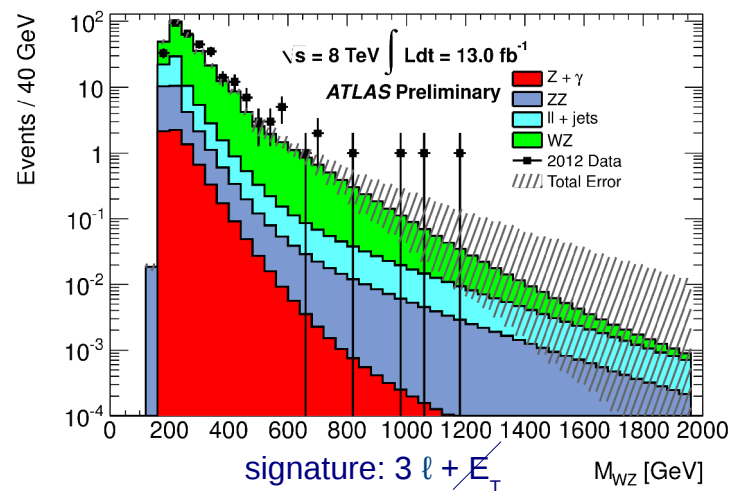
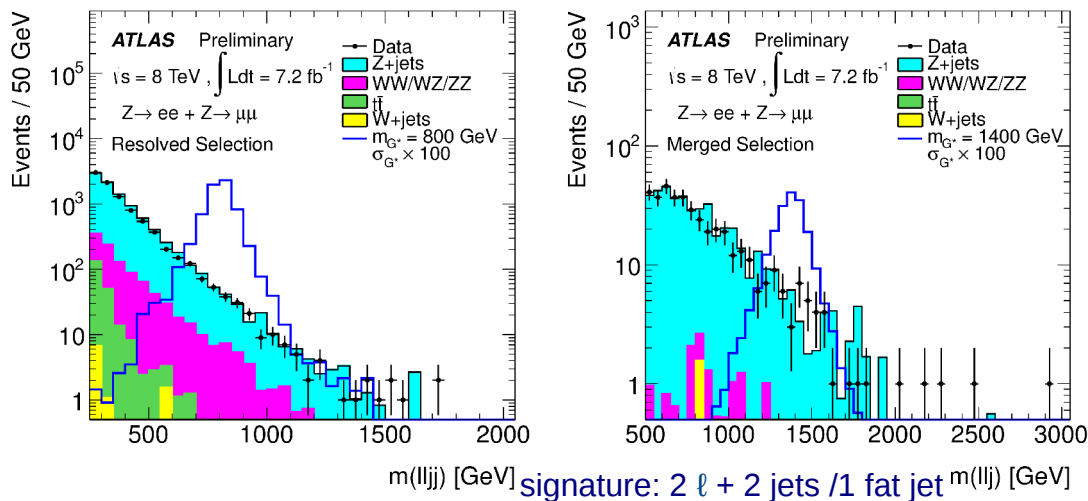
- In CMS we use PF MET which is a negative of a vector sum of all momenta of PF particles
- Calibrated with standard SM candle: boosted $Z/\gamma \rightarrow \mu\mu$
 - MET scale is the average: (u_{\parallel}/q_T)
 - MET resolution is RMS width: $\sigma(u_{\perp}), \sigma(-u_{\parallel} - q_T)$
- Various types of offline MET corrections, e.g.:
 - Type1: propagates jet energy correction: $E_T^{\vec{corr}} = E_T^{\vec{raw}} + \Sigma(p_T^{\vec{calib}} - p_T^{\vec{raw}})$
 - MET ϕ : correction for the shift in x-y plane, induced by calorimeter noise (strongly pile-up dependent)





Search for VV resonances

[ATLAS-CONF-2012-150](#), [ATLAS-CONF-2013-015](#): searches for ZZ and WZ resonances:



Some of the limits:

