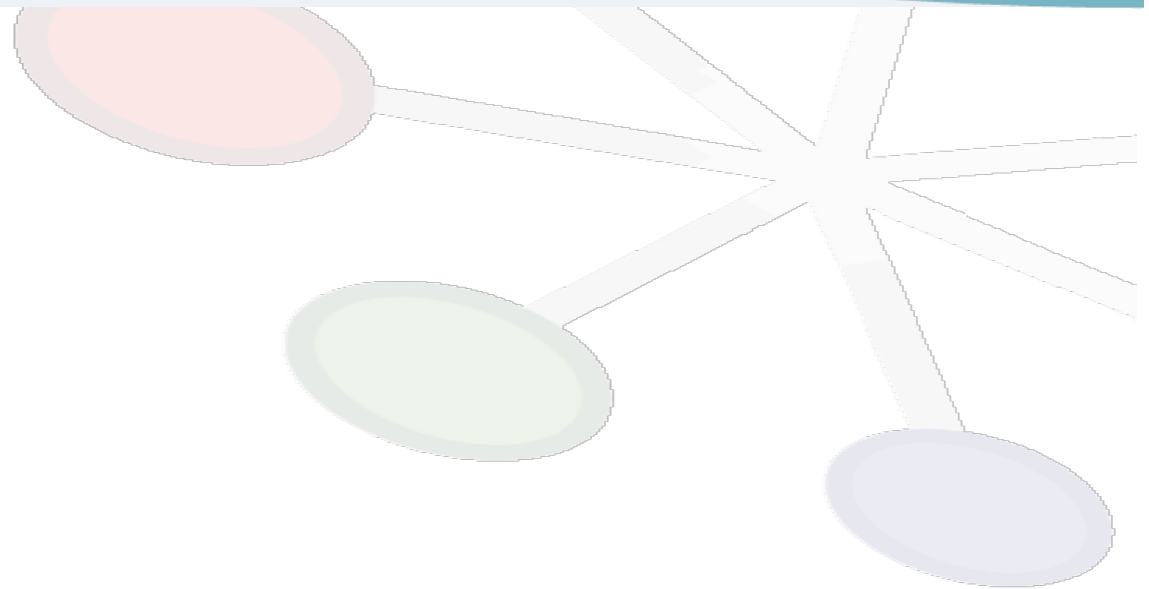


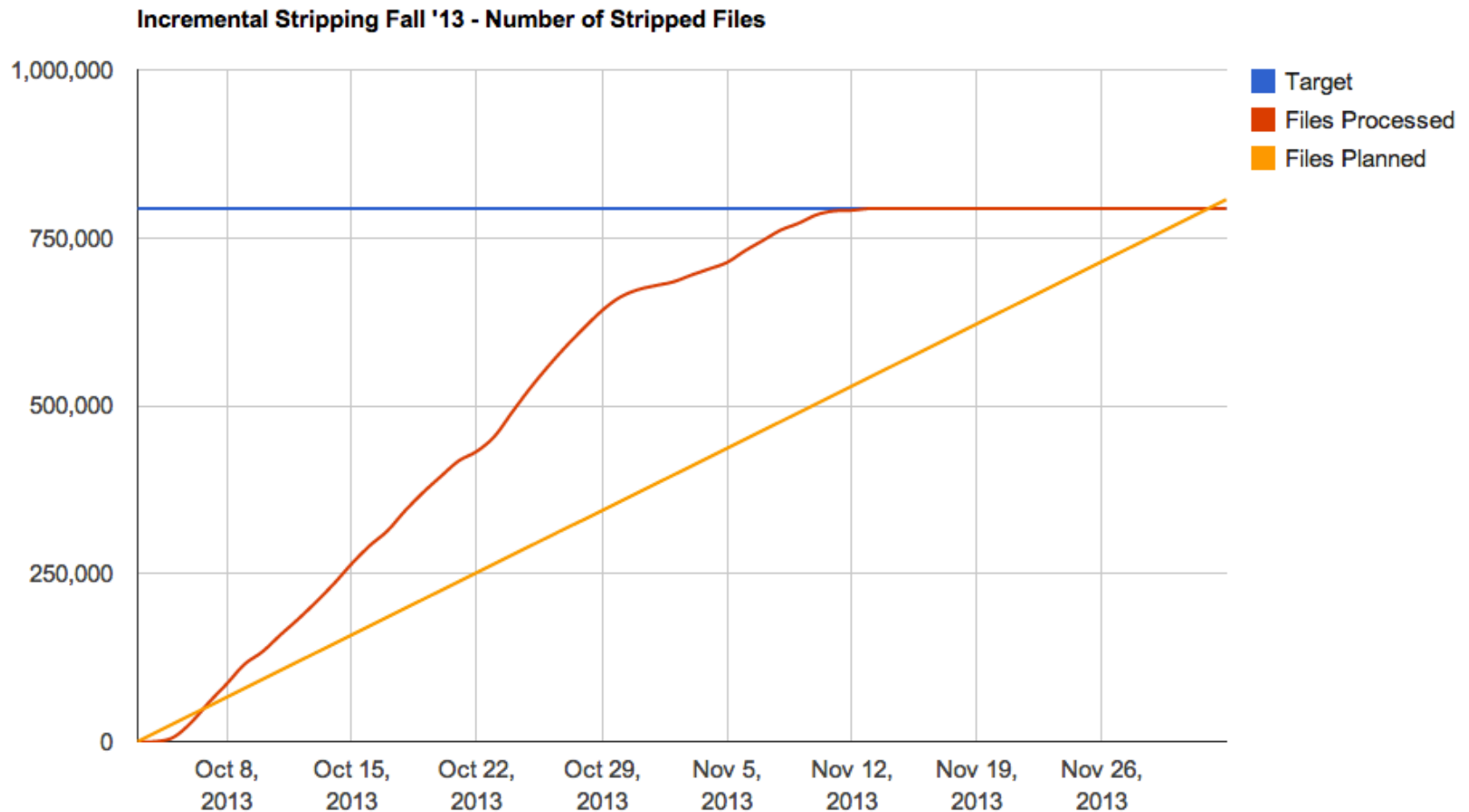
# LHCb Computing status and plans





## Production activities since last LHCC

- Completed 2<sup>nd</sup> incremental restripping of 2011 and 2012 data
  - 6 weeks (8 weeks expected)



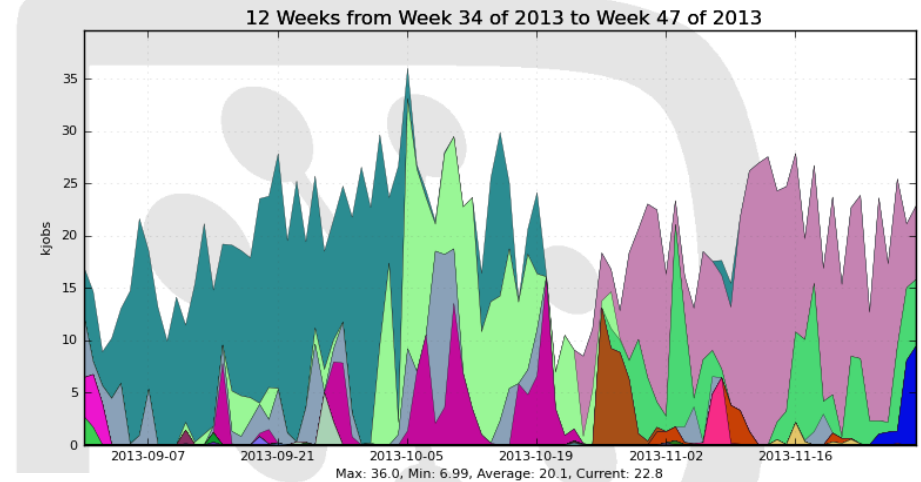


# Production activities since last LHCC

## Simulation activities

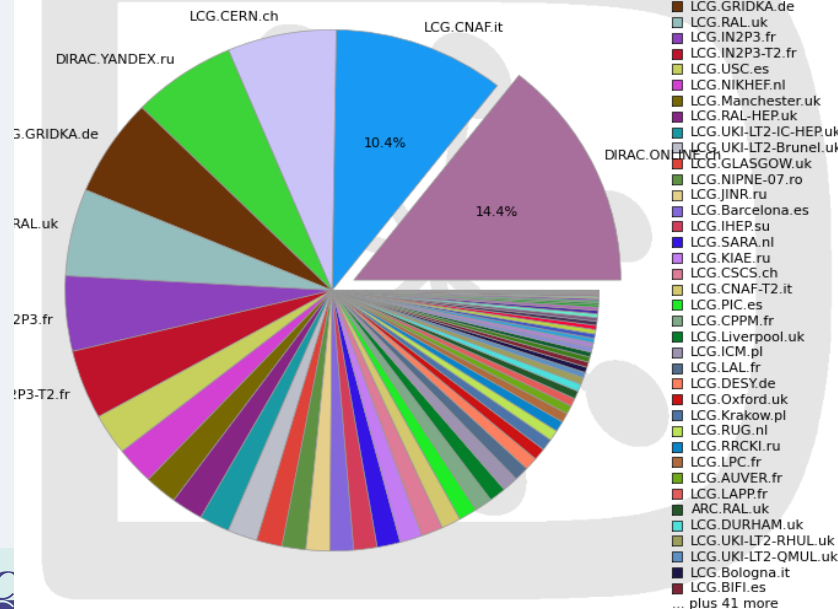
- ★ 2012 simulation
- ★ Preparation of upgrade TDRs
- ★ 2015 HLT tuning

Running simulation jobs by processing type



CPU usage for simulation, by site

12 Weeks from Week 35 of 2013 to Week 47 of 2013



Sim08a/Digi13/Trig0x409f0045/Rec	31.1%	Digi13/Trig0x409f0045/Reco14a/St	0.7%
Sim08c/Digi13/Trig0x409f0045/Rec	26.0%	Sim08c-P8Frag/Digi13/Trig0x409f0	0.6%
Sim08b/Digi13/Trig0x409f0045/Rec	14.6%	Sim08a-FT5/Digi13/Reco14U3	0.4%
Sim08c/Digi13/Trig0x40760037/Rec	8.2%	Digi13/Trig0x40760037/Reco14a/St	0.2%
Sim08a/Digi13/Trig0x40760037/Rec	7.3%	Sim08c/Digi13/Reco14a/Reconstruc	0.2%
Sim08b/Digi13/Trig0x40760037/Rec	6.2%	Sim05d/Trig0x40760037/Flagged/Rec	0.1%
Sim08c/Digi13/Reco14a	2.2%	Sim08a/Digi13/Reco14U2	0.1%
Sim08c/Digi13/Reco15DEV/Reconstr	1.1%	Gen08a	0.1%
Sim08c/Digi13/Reco14U4	0.7%	... plus 6 more	

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HLT farm continues to be top simulation site



- 2013 pledge: 11PB, installed ~12PB
  - Current usage: 9.5 PB
    - ☆ Slope 80 TB/week
      - ✱ Dominated by MC 2012 production
    - ☆ Expect 11 PB by start of 2014 WLCG year (1-Apr-2014)
- Tier2-D status
  - 3 (dcache) sites in production, accepting analysis jobs
    - ☆ Further 2 (DPM) sites commissioned, SRM issue being addressed
  - 500 TB online, funding for further 600 TB by April
    - ☆ Several more sites have expressed interest
- 2014 pledges:
  - Introduction of T2-D has allowed additional pledges
    - ☆ Not clear if this is just once-off boost
  - No increase at CERN
    - ☆ May impact plans to move users to EOS from \$CASTORHOME



## Status of changes for 2015

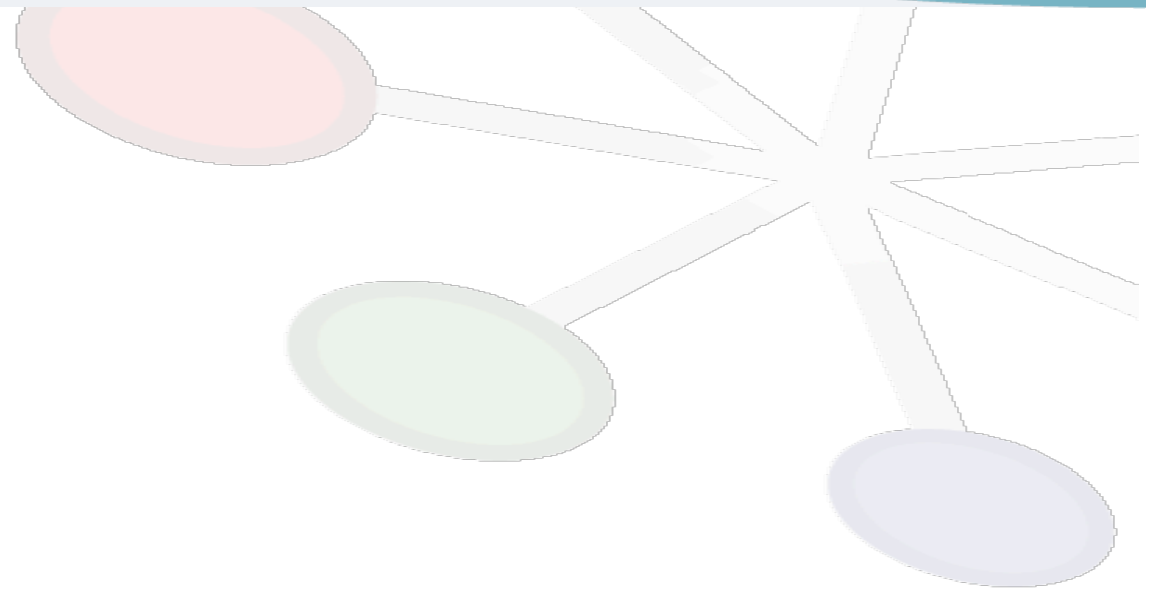
- Migration to slc6, gcc48, c++11 support
  - Software migration complete (last slc5 release next week)
    - ☆ Validation complete except for simulation, ongoing
- ROOT6
  - Beta release imminent, LHCb software stack validated against it (compiles, tests run)
    - ☆ On track for official release in spring 2014
- Geant 4.10
  - Release imminent
    - ☆ 10% reduction in CPU time through use of VDT library
      - \* Validation and adoption by summer 2014
- Automated calibration, suppression of reprocessing
  - Offline workflows unchanged from 2012
  - Calibration procedures closely related to HLT splitting
    - ☆ Work in progress
  - Calibration challenges planned as part of commissioning weeks, starting spring 2014
    - ☆ Exercising the full online-offline workflow



## Computing manpower

- Current manpower insufficient to cover core activities
  - Estimate 29 FTE needed, 22.6 FTE available
    - ☆ Some activities not covered
- Very little manpower available for non-core activities
  - ~4 FTE at CERN in principle working on Gaudi and Dirac software development
    - ☆ In practice making up some of above missing manpower
  - Small pockets of effort in various countries, for example:
    - ☆ Spain (DIRAC development)
    - ☆ Italy, UK, CERN (Data Preservation and Outreach)
    - ☆ Italy, Netherlands (Multicore R&D)
  - Barely sufficient to keep our software and computing abreast with evolving technology
- Discussion in CB next week to address this
  - More on this next time

# Backup





# Changes to computing model, 2015-2017

- Executive summary:

- 12.5 kHz HLT rate

- ☆ 10 (decreasing to 5) kHz Prompt
    - ☆ 0 (increasing to 5) kHz Parked
    - ☆ 2.5 kHz Turbo

- Only prompt reconstruction, no reprocessing

- ☆ Automatic calibration shared with HLT2

- Gradual reduction in CPU time for MC

- ☆ Major developments required

- ❄ 10% gain already possible by adopting VDT in Geant 4.10

- Adjust parking rate and MC production to fit in (~constant budget) envelope of

- ☆ 20%/year CPU growth
    - ☆ 15%/year disk growth
    - ☆ (25%/year tape growth not possible)

- Moore's law still applies, but requires specialised manpower

- ☆ Adapt software for more efficient vectorisation and multicore CPUs
    - ☆ Adopt more flexible data placement strategies