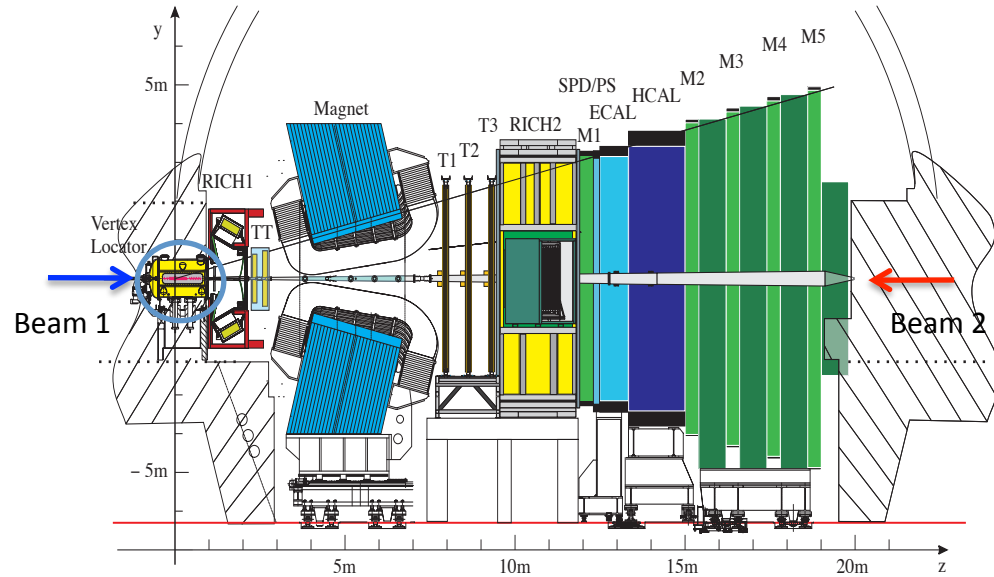
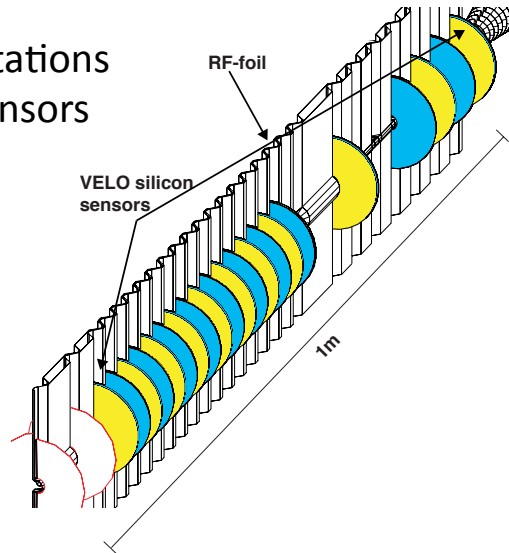


Beam gas imaging at LHCb

Colin Barschel

LHCb beam gas imaging

VELO:
2x21 stations
R- Φ sensors



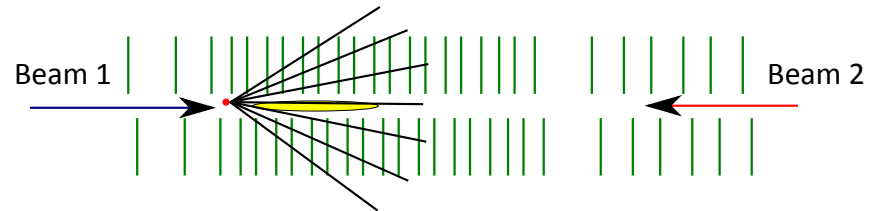
Individual beams “visible” with residual gas interactions

- Measure single beam shape, position, angle
- Measure single bunch relative intensity
- Measure charges outside filled bunches (so-called ghost charge)

Accuracy is limited by:

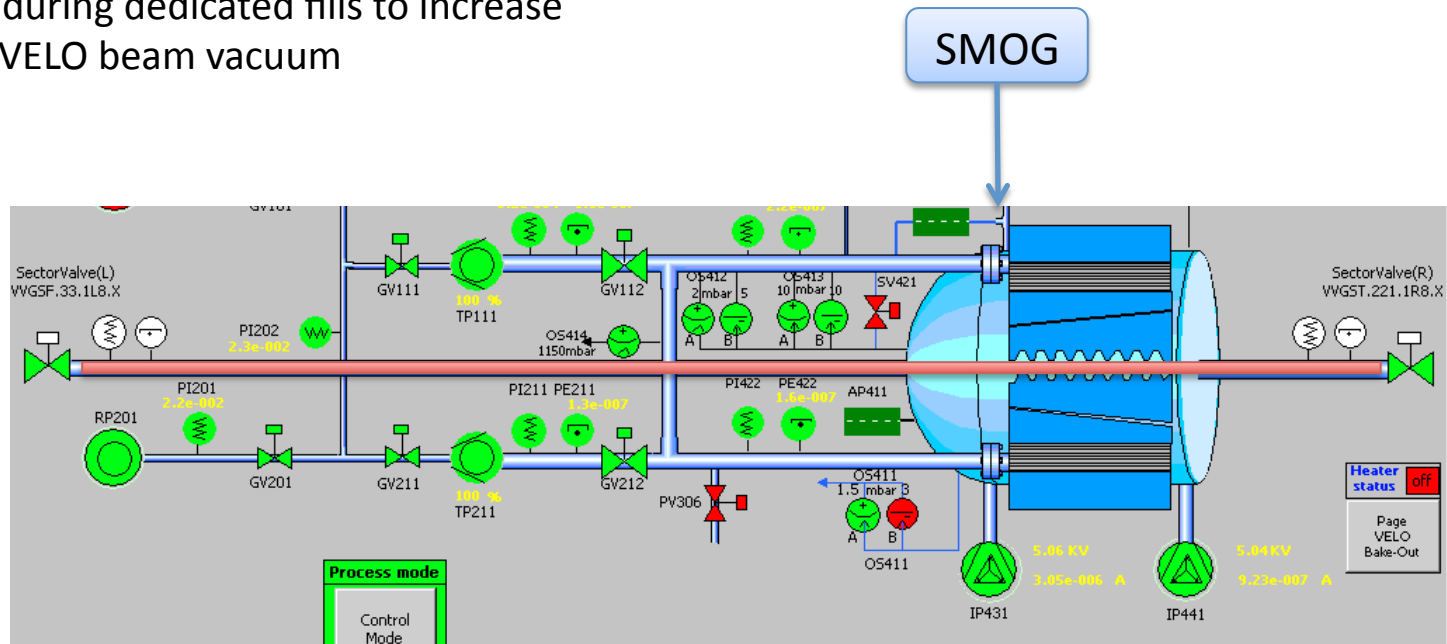
- Statistics
- Resolution wrt beam width

Collision proton \leftrightarrow residual gas molecule



Improve statistics: SMOG

Inject neon during dedicated fills to increase pressure in VELO beam vacuum



Nominal:
VELO pressure $\approx 1-2 \times 10^{-9}$ mbar
 ≈ 0.1 Hz/ 10^{11} protons

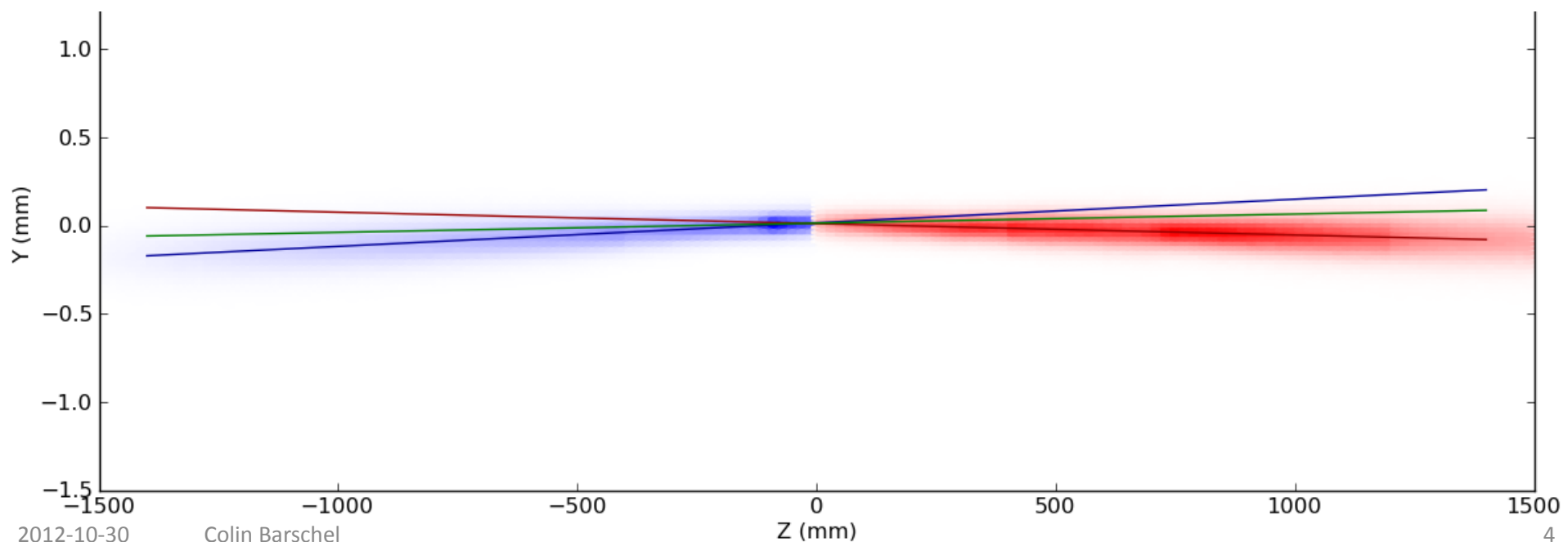
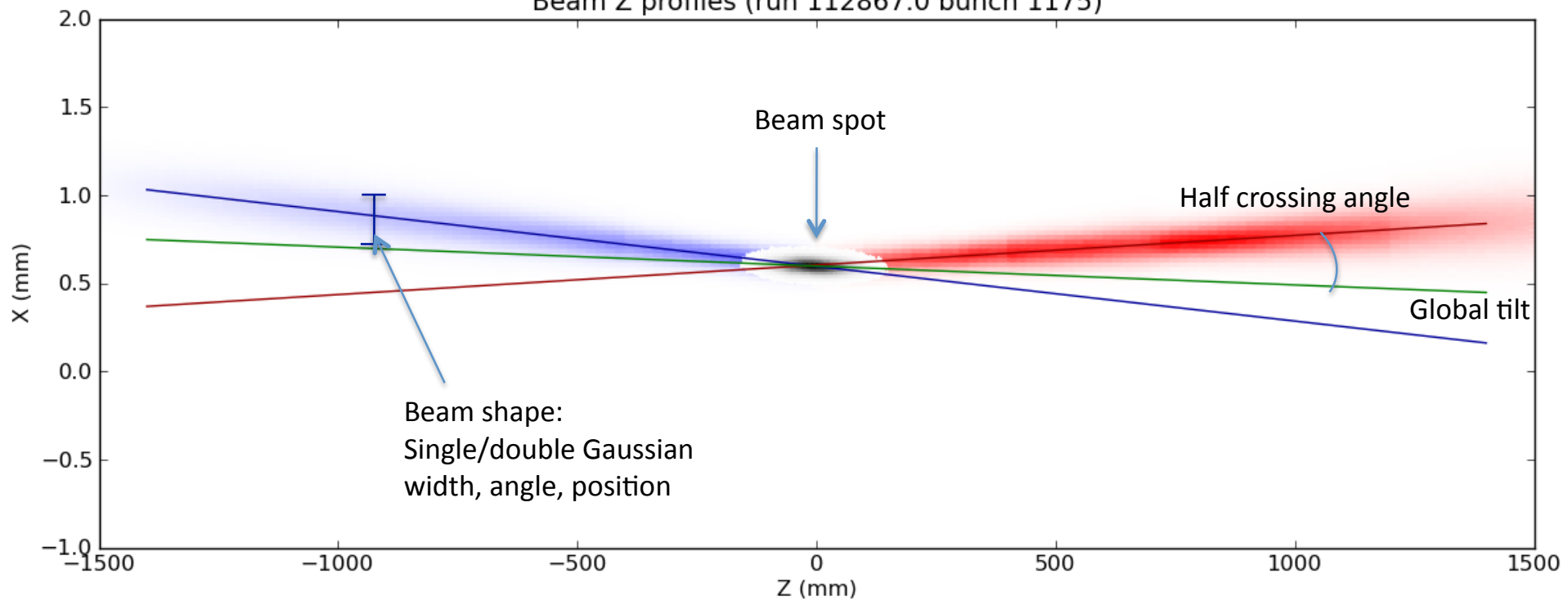


With SMOG:
 $\approx 2 \times 10^{-7}$ mbar
 $\approx 20-40$ Hz/ 10^{11} protons

Commissioning Nov 2011 and 1st test with p-Pb beam in 2011

- SMOG operational - has been used during 8 fills including 1 MD and 1 p-Pb
- SMOG usage is fully transparent from LHC point of view (no effect on beam)

Beam Z profiles (run 112867.0 bunch 1175)

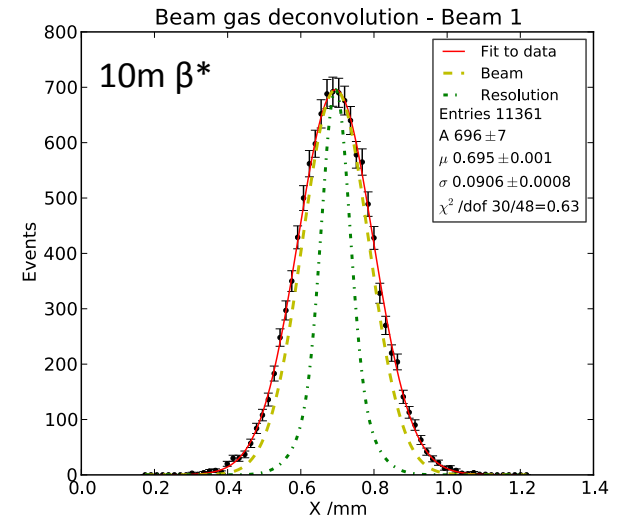
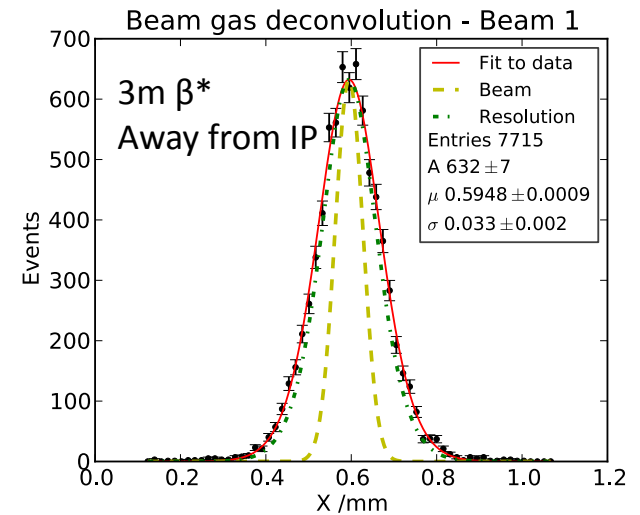
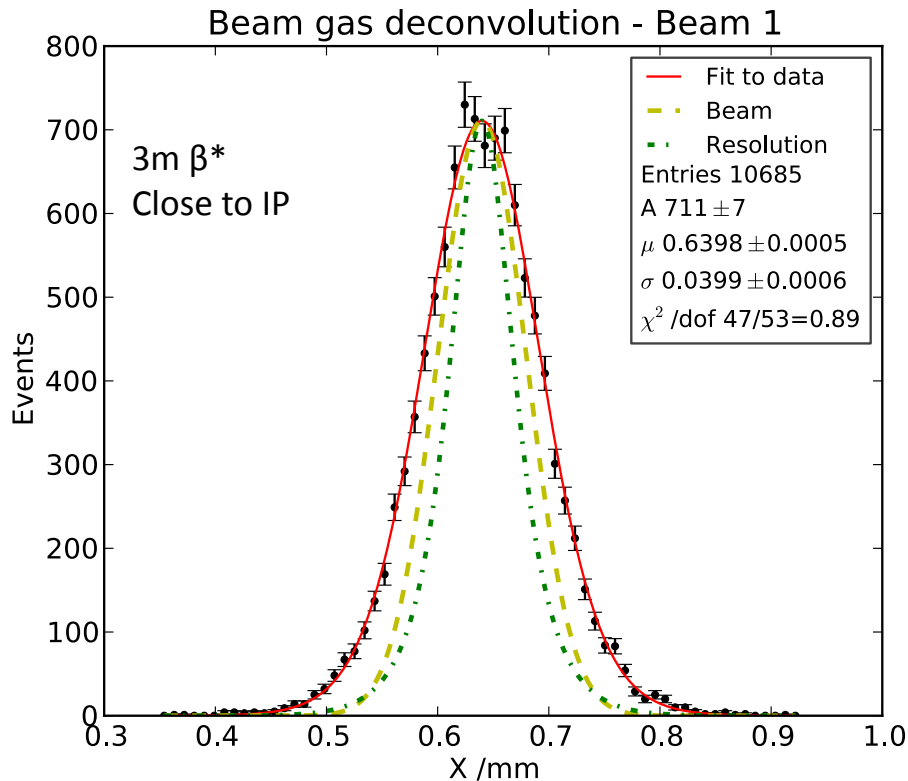


How to extract true beam width

Measured beam width is a convolution of true beam with the resolution

With Gaussian beam we get:

$$\sigma_{raw}^2 = \sigma_{beam}^2 + \sigma_{resolution}^2$$



Resolution

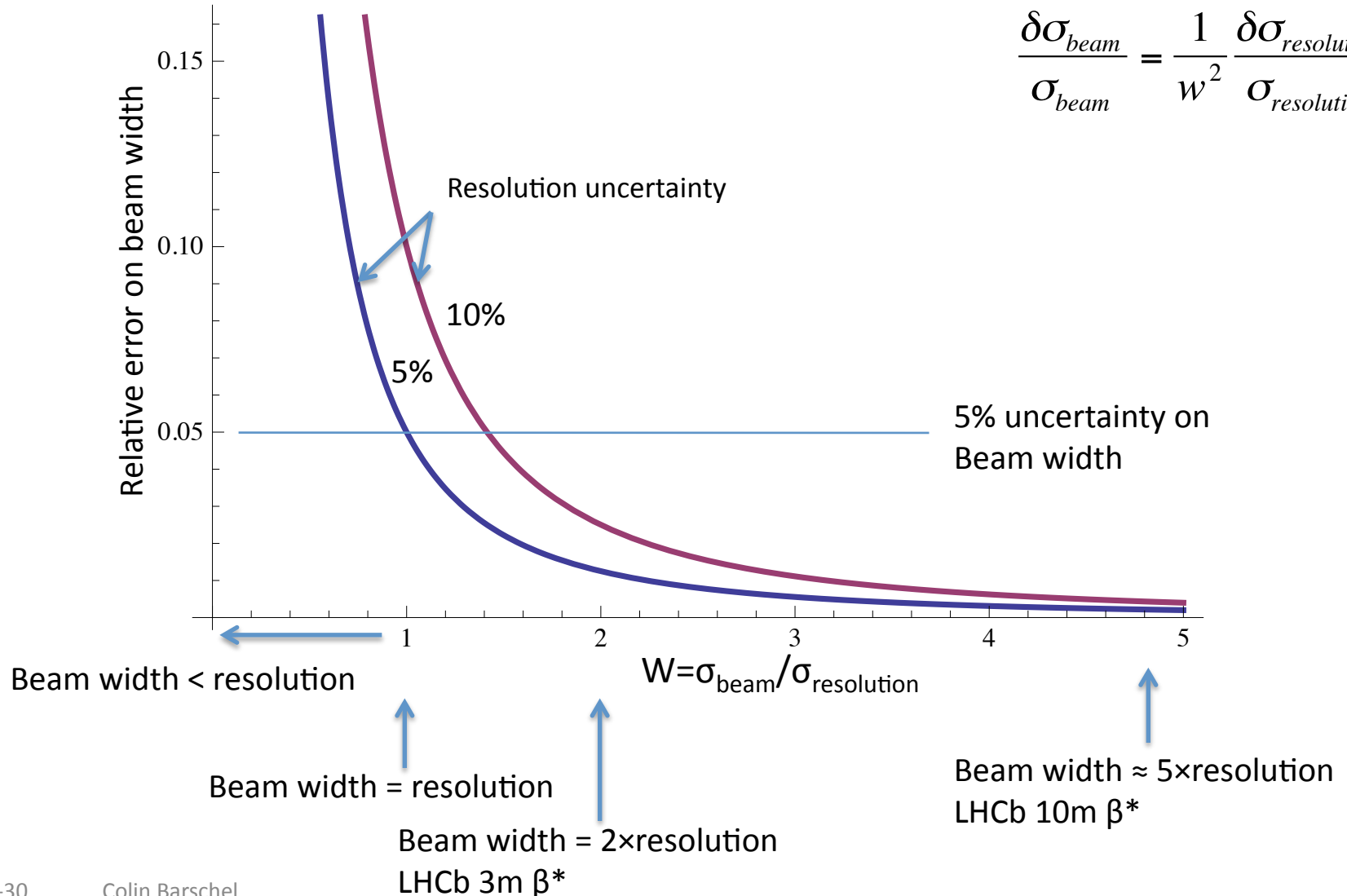
What is important (and why):

- Know resolution to better than 10%
- True beam width > resolution

$$\sigma_{raw}^2 = \sigma_{beam}^2 + \sigma_{resolution}^2$$

$$W = \sigma_{beam} / \sigma_{resolution}$$

$$\frac{\delta\sigma_{beam}}{\sigma_{beam}} = \frac{1}{W^2} \frac{\delta\sigma_{resolution}}{\sigma_{resolution}}$$



Vertex resolution

Measure vertex resolution **from data**:

- Every event reconstructed with 2 track containers with random pair of tracks

$N_{tr1}, N_{tr2} \rightarrow 2$ vertices $v1, v2$

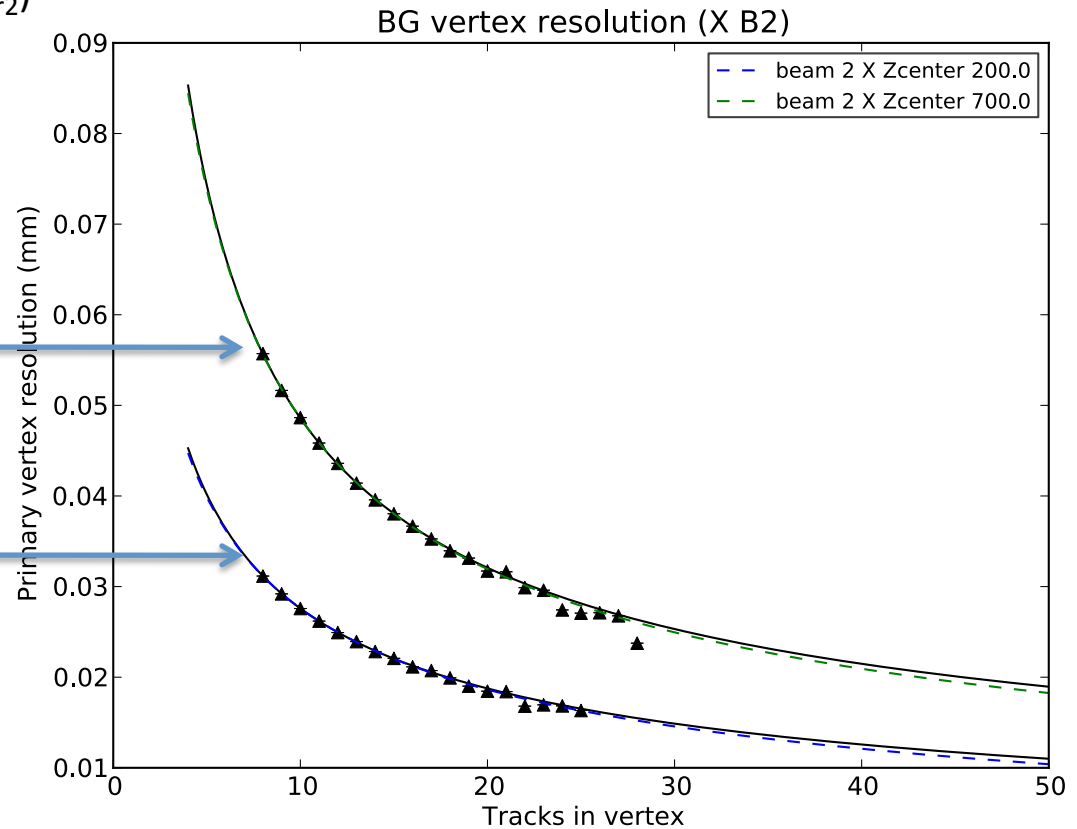
- Separation of two vertices is convolution of both resolutions:

$$dX = v1 - v2 = \sqrt{\sigma_{Ntr1}^2 + \sigma_{Ntr2}^2} = f(N_{tr1}, N_{tr2})$$

- Uncertainty of 5% is realistic
- Depends on N tracks and Z position

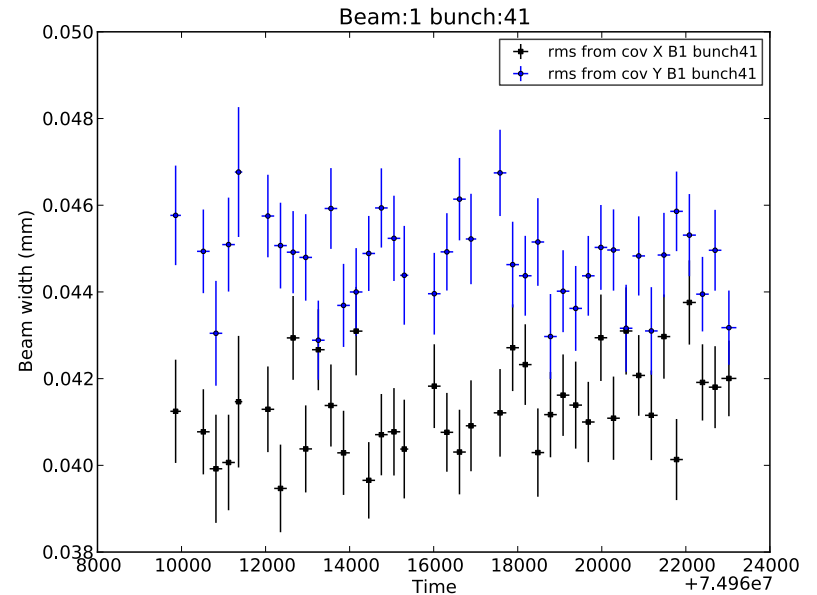
Away from interaction point

Close to interaction point

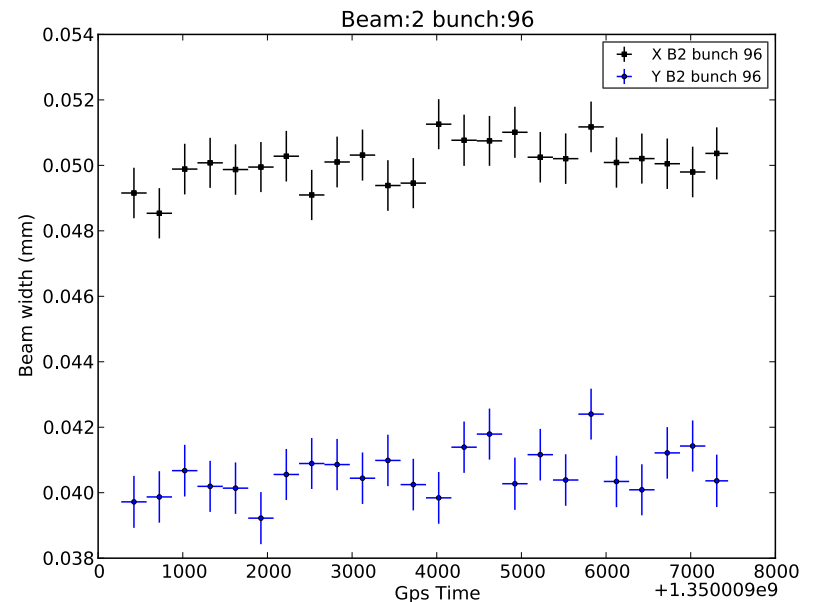
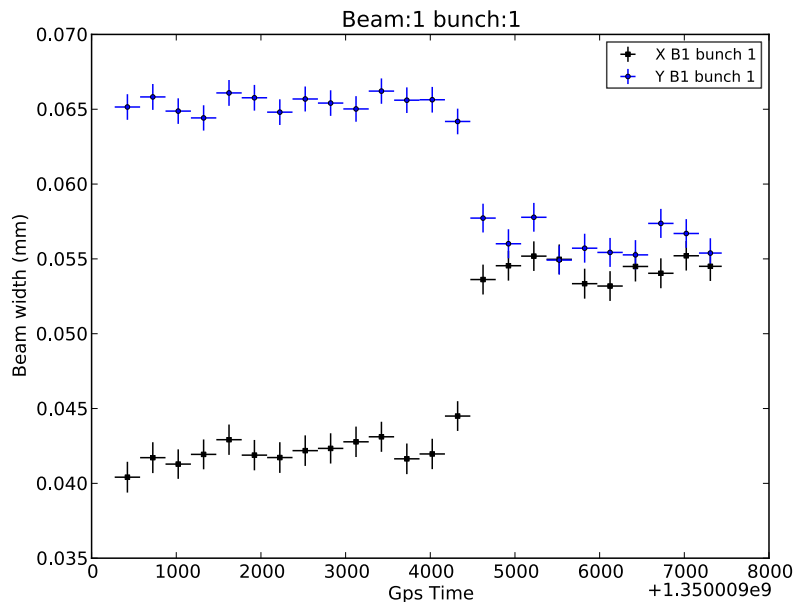


Examples (3m β^*)

Beam width evolution for ATLAS/CMS
April fill 2520 (3m β^*) 48 bunches/beam
(5 min time bins, ca. 3% uncertainty)



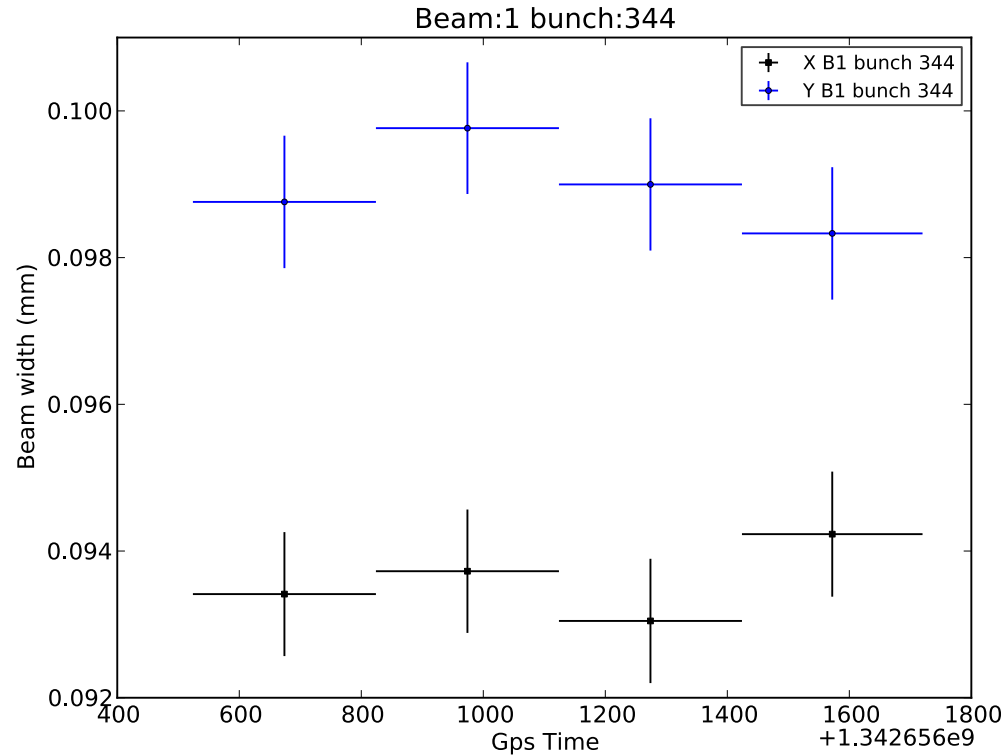
Beam width evolution for LHC MD
Sep fill 3060 (3m β^*) 24 bunches/beam
(5 min time bins, ca. 2% uncertainty)



Examples (10m β^*)

Beam width evolution LHCb vdM fill
April fill 2853 (10m β^*)
(5 min time bins)

Ideal conditions:
Raw width $\approx 100 \mu\text{m}$
Resolution $\approx 20 \mu\text{m}$
Beam width $\approx 94 \mu\text{m}$



High precision possible under ideal conditions:

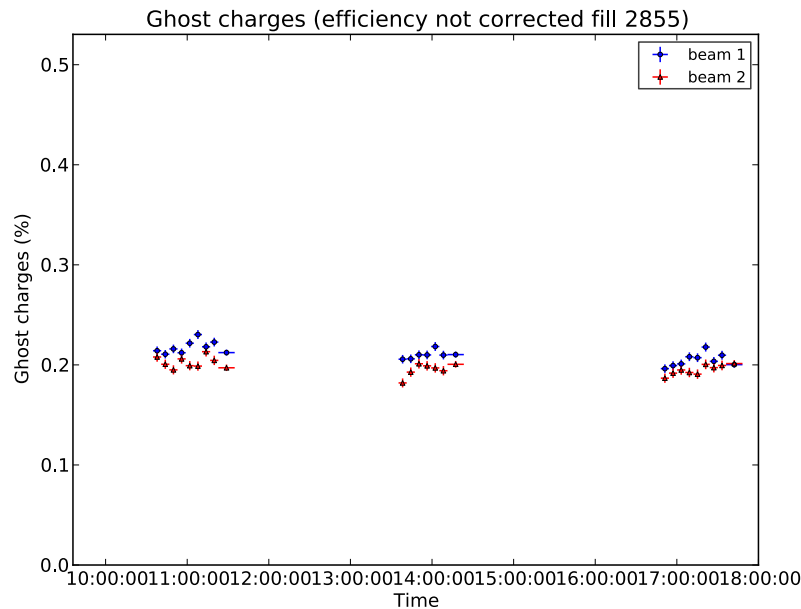
Uncertainties in 5 minutes ($\approx 10\text{k}$ vertices):
Statistical: $\pm 0.7 \mu\text{m}$ ($\pm 0.8\%$)
Systematic: $\pm 0.5 \mu\text{m}$ ($\pm 0.5\%$)

Ghost charges

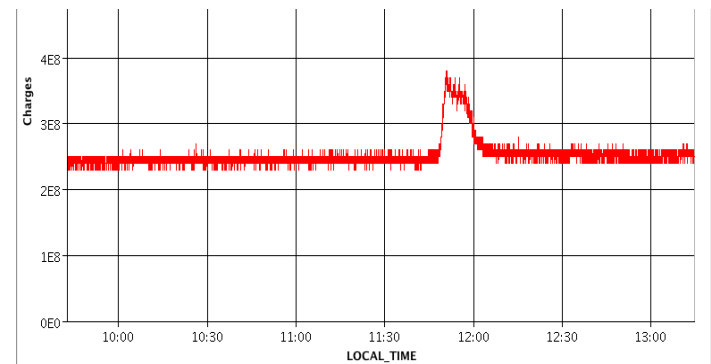
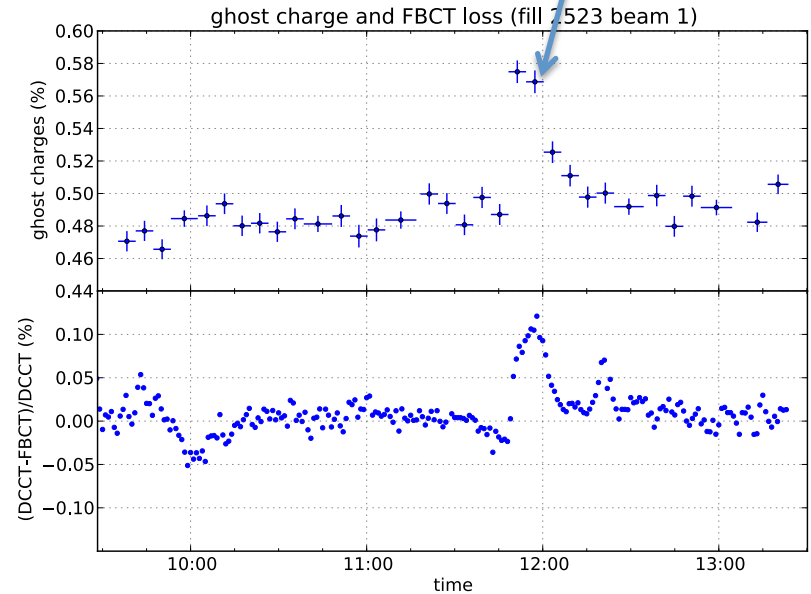
i.e. charges outside nominal bunches

- With SMOG we can measure charges in empty bunches
- Important and non negligible correction for experiments
- Even sensitive to debunching

Example for July: clean fill
Ghost charges $\approx 0.2\%$



Strange behavior identified
as beam debunching



FBCT uncertainties

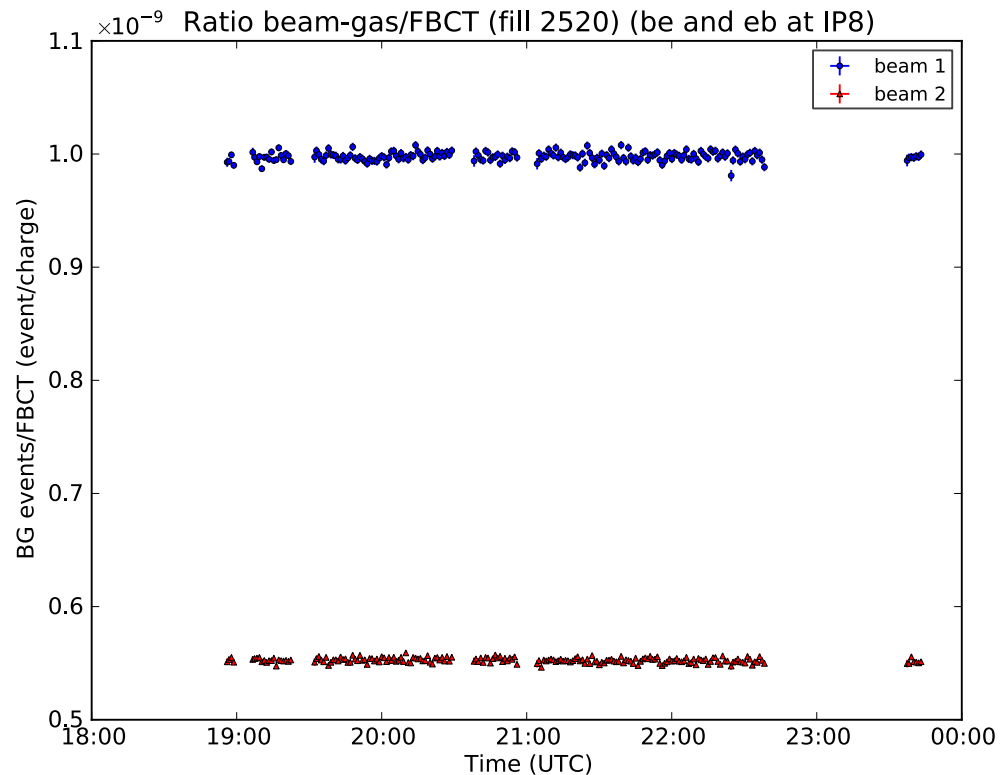
Relative bunch intensity: FBCT and BPTX (from ATLAS). High accuracy $O(0.1\%)$

However:

- Non linearity observed
- Signal affected by bunch length, position
- Uncertain integration time within 25 ns (problem for satellite charges)

With the SMOG we can simply count vertices per bunch and get direct relative intensity measurement.

- Error is purely statistic
- Accuracy $\approx 0.5\%$ per bunch in 20 minutes



Summary

We use the BGI method for luminosity measurements at LHCb:

- Measure all relevant beam parameters (shape, position, angle) better than 1%
- Ghost charge
- Bunch intensity

But also:

- Single/Double Gaussian shape: not identical in X and Y
- Transverse distribution of ghost charges
- Emittance evolution with time
- Ghost charge evolution with time

References

1. "LHC Bunch Current Normalisation for the April-May 2010 Luminosity Calibration Measurements" G. Anders et al. (BCNWG note1), [CERN-ATS-Note-2011-004 PERF](#)
2. "LHC Bunch Current Normalisation for the October 2010 Luminosity Calibration Measurements" A. Alici et al. (BCNWG note2), [CERN-ATS-Note-2011-016 PERF](#)
3. "Study of the Relative LHC Bunch Populations for Luminosity Calibration", G. Anders et al. (BCNWG note3), [CERN-ATS-Note-2012-028 PERF](#).
4. "Study of the LHC Ghost Charge and Satellite Bunches for Luminosity Calibration", A. Alici et al. (BCNWG note4), [CERN-ATS-Note-2012-029 PERF](#)
5. "Absolute luminosity measurements with the LHCb detector at the LHC", LHCb Collaboration, 2012 JINST 7 [P01010 doi:10.1088/1748-0221/7/01/P01010](#)