



# ISOLDE Technical Report

INTC Meeting 31<sup>st</sup> October 2012

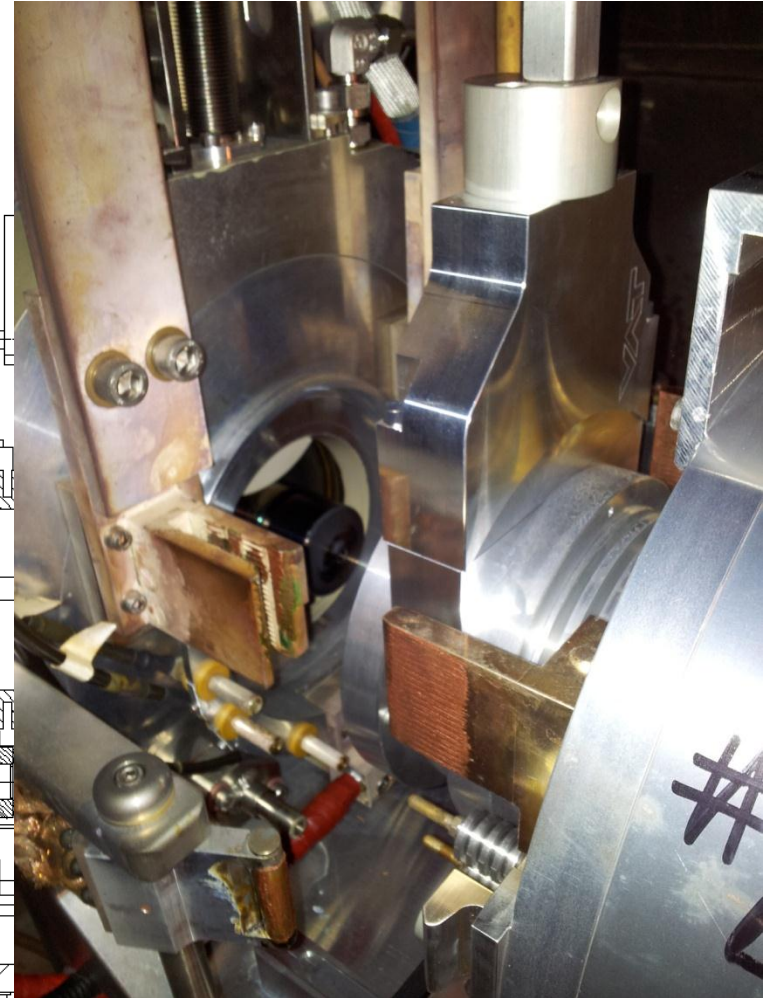
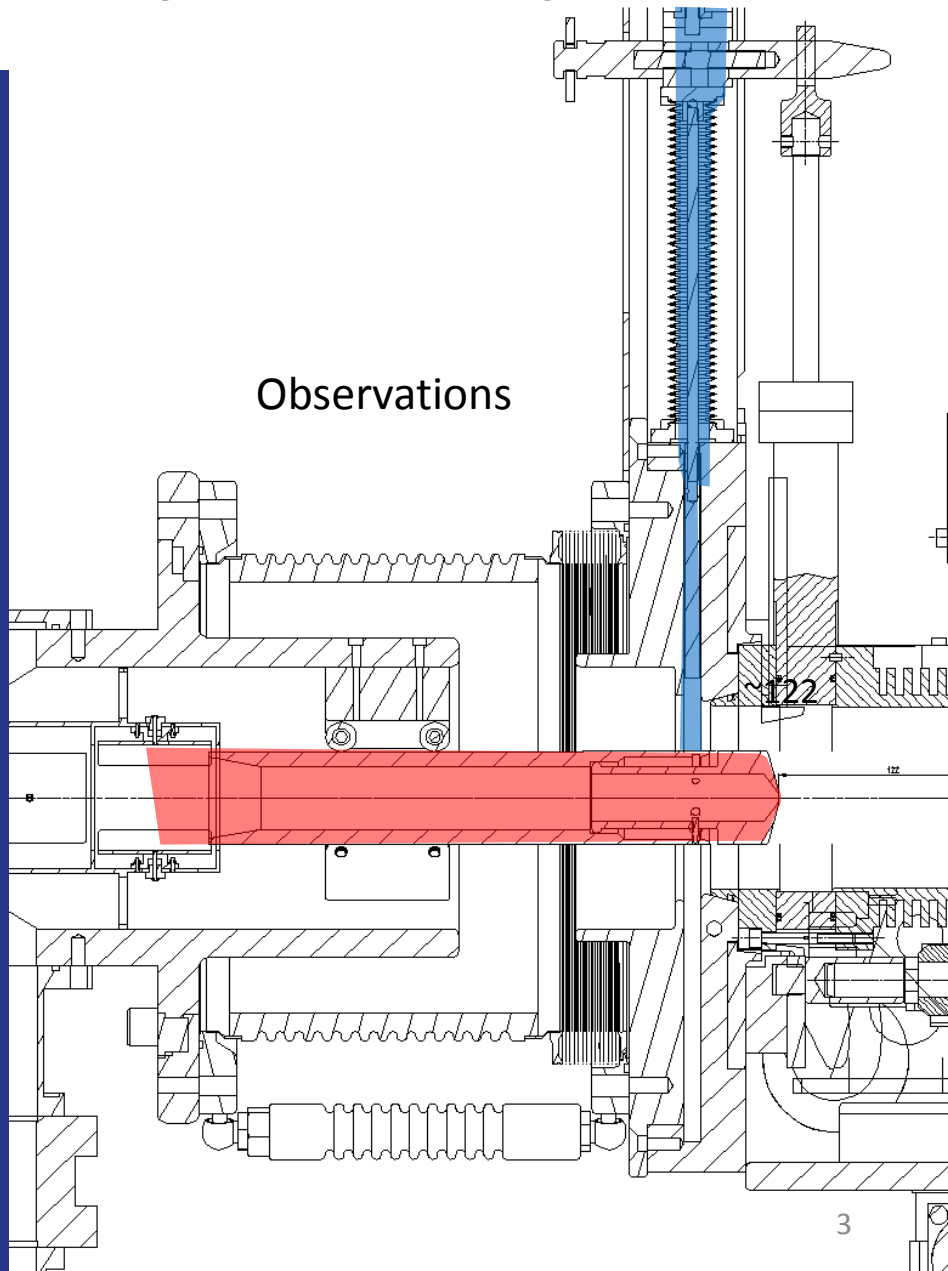
Richard Catherall EN-STI



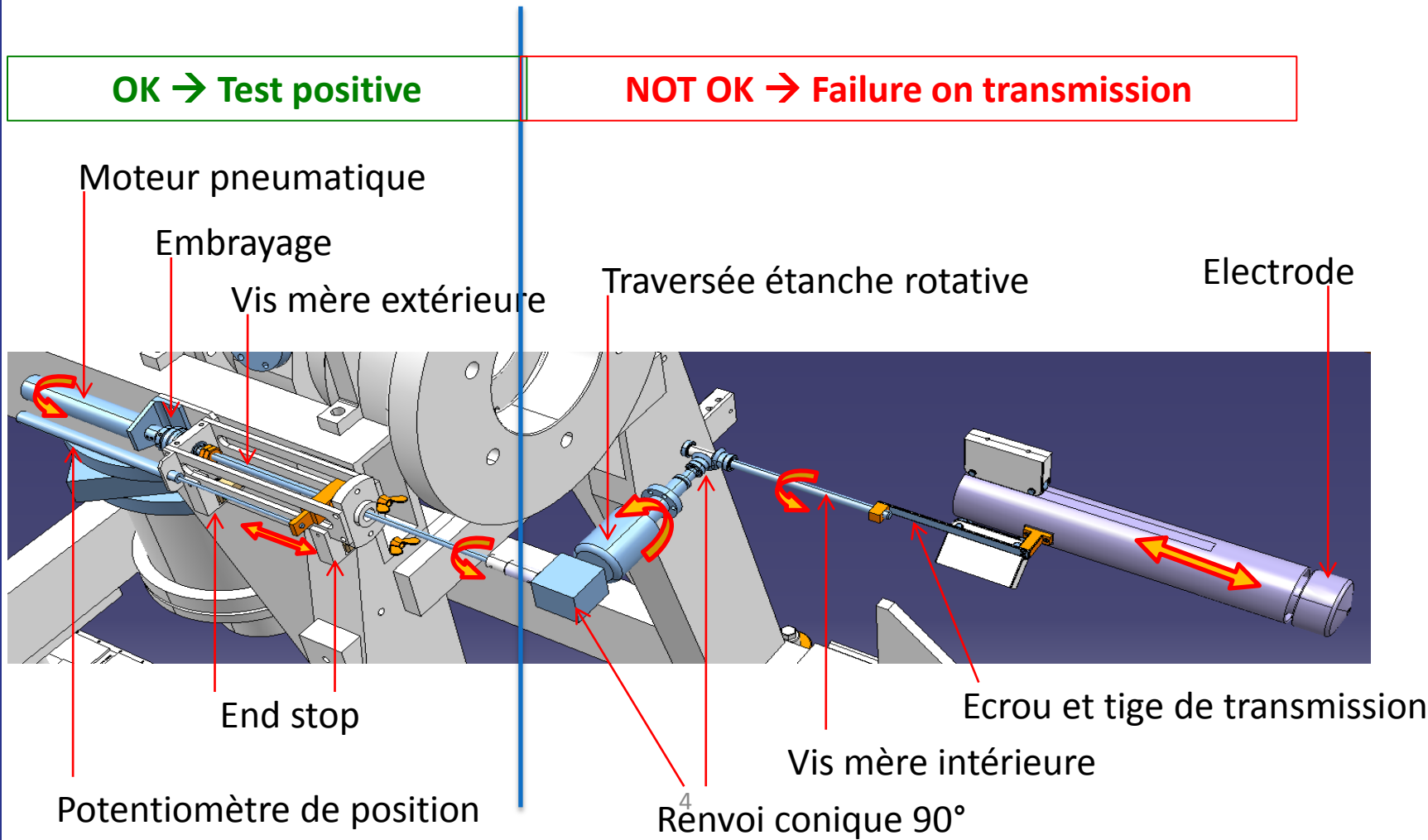
# Outline

- Separator Operations
  - GPS extraction electrode failure
  - Interventions
  - Controls
- Targets
- REX
- RILIS
- Radiation protection monitoring

# Separator Operations: GPS Frontend



# Separator Operations: GPS Frontend



# GPS FE Status

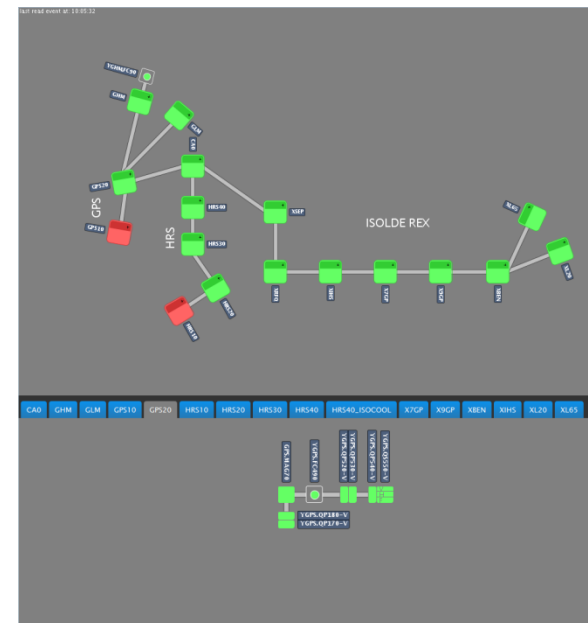
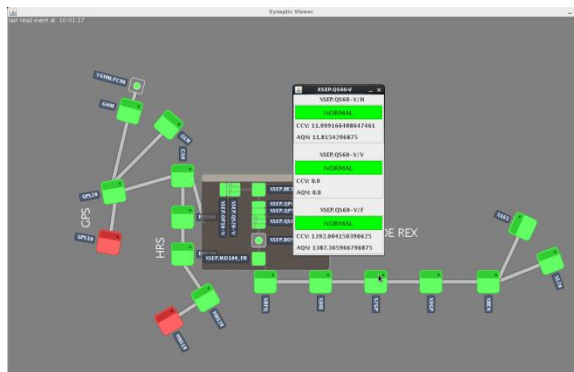
- Intervention to confirm/remove target was successful.
- Plug target has been installed by the robot
- The Helicon target can be accommodated on the GPS FE with little modifications required.
  - Extraction electrode ideally positioned with respect to ion source.
  - Decision approved by ALARA level 3 committee
- Possibility to save ~ 2 weeks of physics
  - $^{9}\text{C}$ ,  $^{31,35}\text{Ar}$  -> CaO target
- A plug target to be put back on after Helicon target.
- Full repair to be carried out during LS1
  - Not a trivial matter. Cause unknown

# Separator Operations: Interventions

- GPS.FC490
  - Greasing of faraday cup piston
  - Replacement of faraday cup with spare
    - ✓ Vacuum leak on lower flange of FC
  - Greasing of spare faraday cup.
- HRS.FC490...2 weeks later
  - Replacement of faraday cup with HRS.FC300
    - ✓ Vacuum leak on bellows
- Laser windows
  - Replacement of oring on laser window
    - ✓ Oring “seen” by laser light causing it to burn
- BTY line
  - Leak found at penning gauge near primary pumps

# Separator Operations: Controls

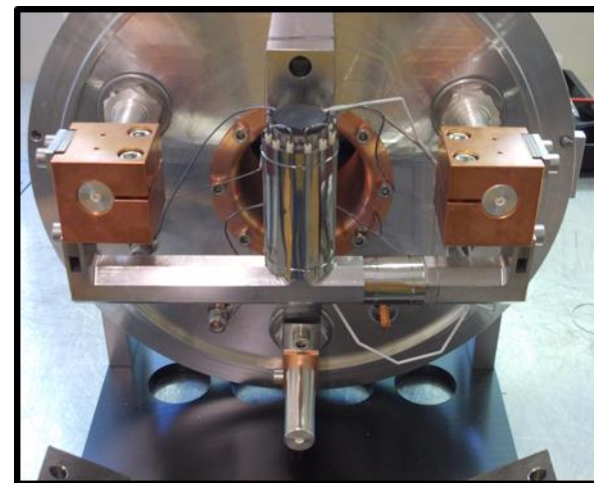
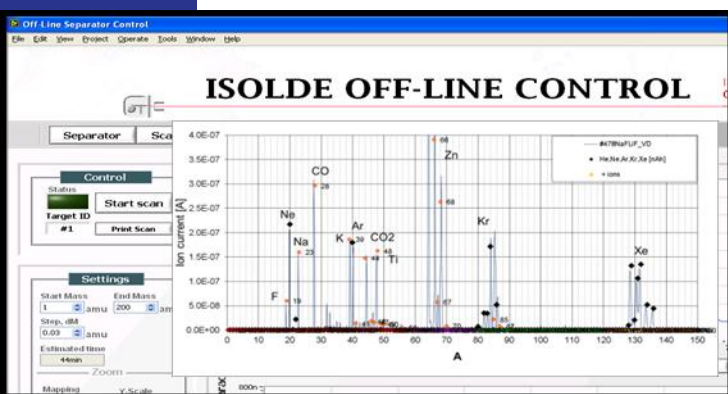
- ACCOR > Accelerator controls renovation project
  - More than 600 devices moved from GM to FESA (CERN standard)
- InCA > Injector Control Architecture
  - After 2 test days, implemented on the 8<sup>th</sup> October
- ISOLDE Synoptic Editor and player
  - Easy configuration
  - Global or detailed view
  - Visible on the web



# Static molten salt target for $^{18}\text{Ne}^*$ for $\beta$ -beams

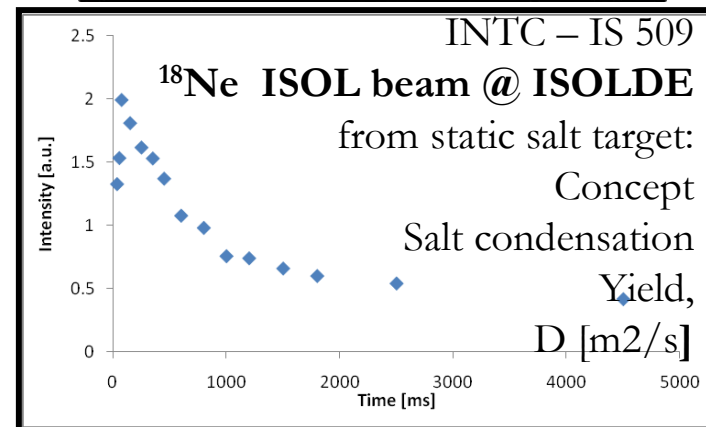
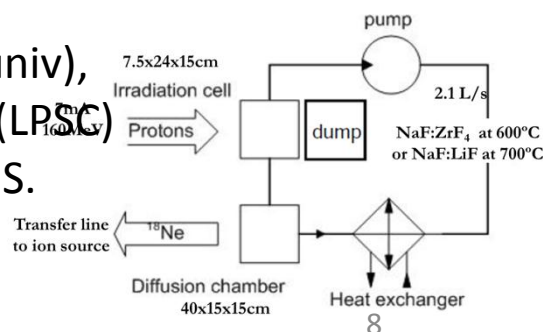


Featured (with  $^6\text{He}$  beams) in CERN activity report and EPN (43/5)



\* And record yields of  $^{11}\text{C}$  as  $\text{CO}^+$

T. Mendonca (CERN),  
E. Noah (UNIGE),  
R. Hodak (Comenius univ),  
M. Allibert, V. Ghetta (LPSC)  
TISD team (S. Cimino, S. Marzari),  
EN-MME, TE-VSC





# New n converter – phase I

Tests of simulations with geometry I:  
Predicted n-rich Zn/Rb improvement of  $\sim x20$

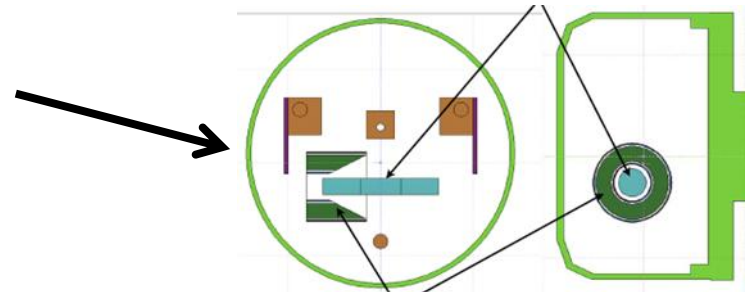
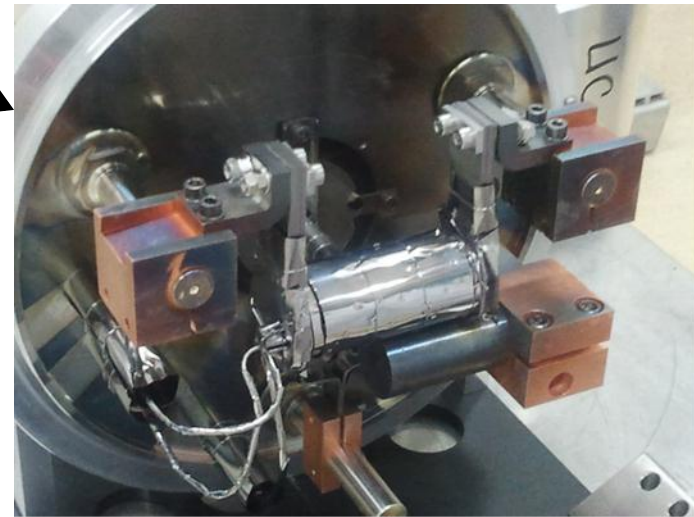
New converter geometry I :  
 $5^{\circ}3$  80Zn,  $5^{\circ}1$  80Rb / $\mu$ C  
600 81Zn,  $\sim 5^{\circ}2$  81Rb/ $\mu$ C

➔ Measured improvement ca x200 ( instead of x20)

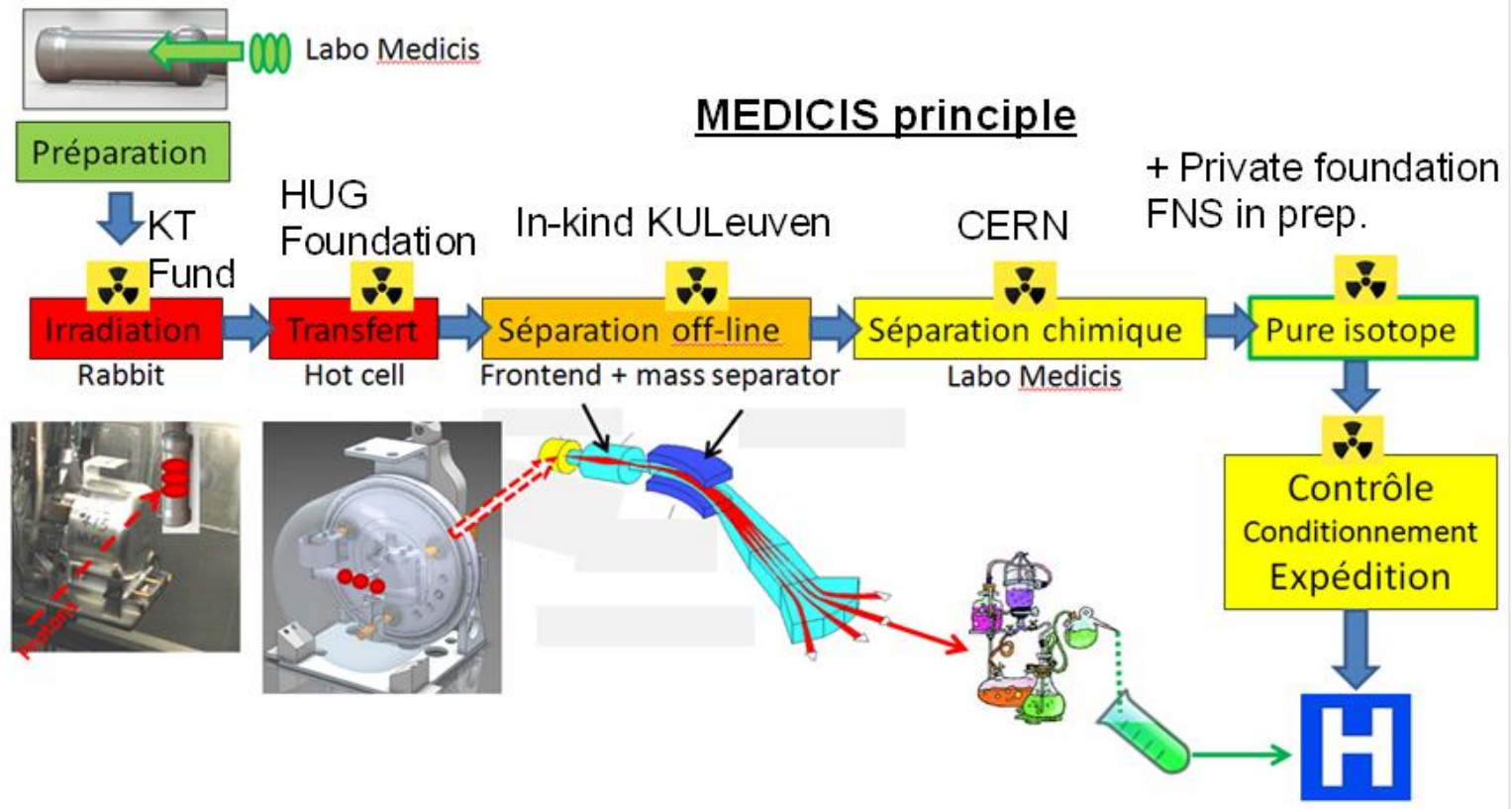
Yet some teething problems:  
clear thermal and mechanical weaknesses

Onboard for phase II (2014): Keeping the same  
Impurity/beam improvement, and increase of  
yield

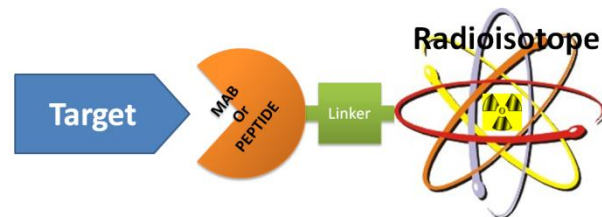
R. Luis et al, EPJ A 2012  
TISD team, S. Marzari, B. Crepieux



# 152Tb MEDICIS test batch shipped in August to Lausanne



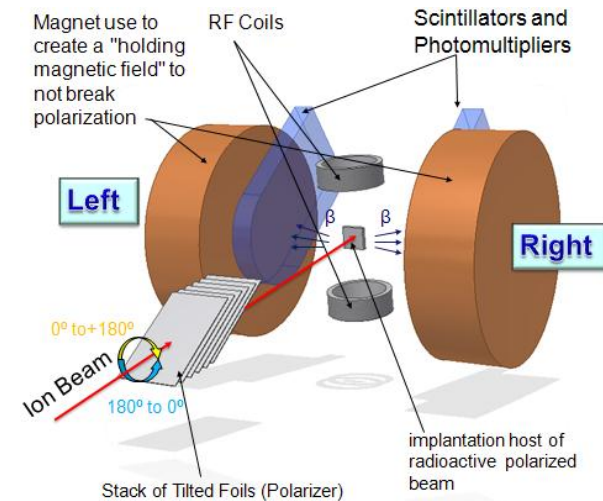
Prostate  
Cancer  
cells



152Tb  
From  
ISOLDE

# REX-ISOLDE

- First spin-polarized beam ( $^8\text{Li}$ ) produced with the tilted foils method after the REX linac.
- Difficult  $^6\text{He}$  through REX to Optical Time Projection Chamber (OTPC).
- TwinEBIS cryostat repaired; B-field being aligned.
- REX separator and linac successfully tested with  $A/q=2 \Rightarrow$  important for TSR.
- Positive preliminary tests of pulse shortening from REXEBIS  $\Rightarrow$  important for TSR.

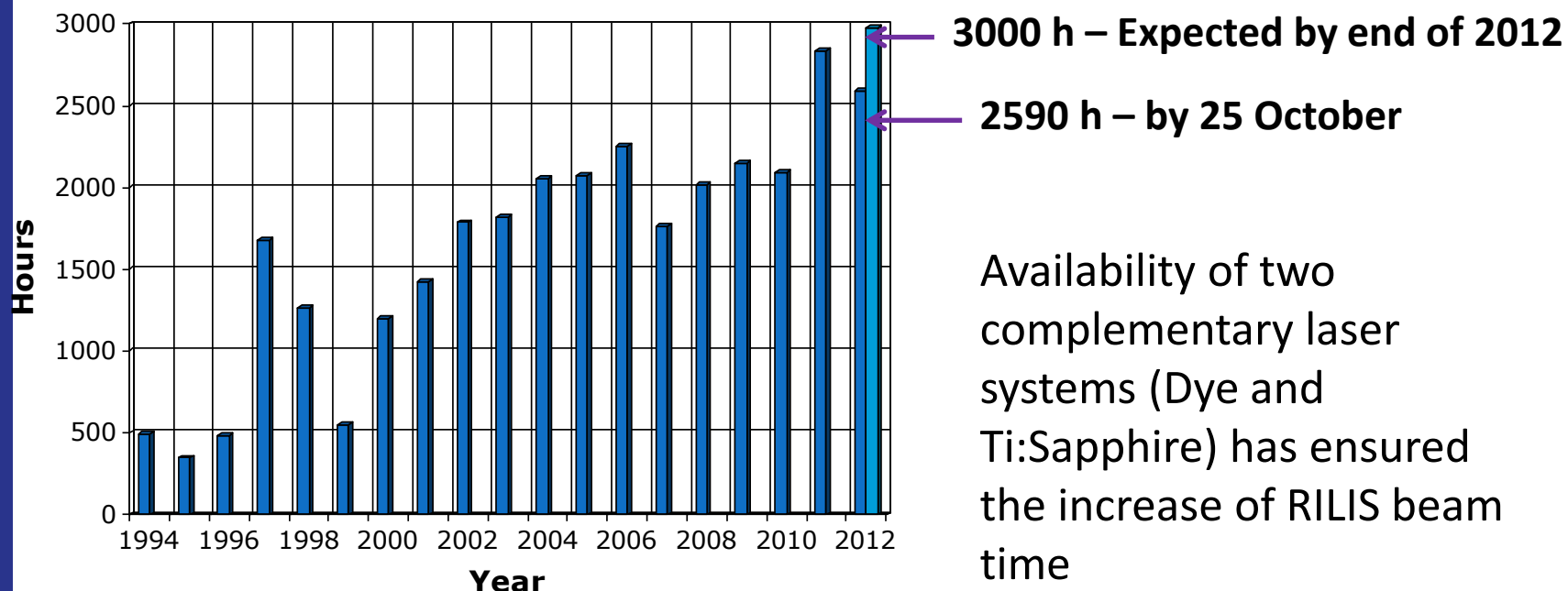




# RILIS operation

By now ion beams of 10 elements were produced  
with RILIS in 2012

Laser ON time in 2012:



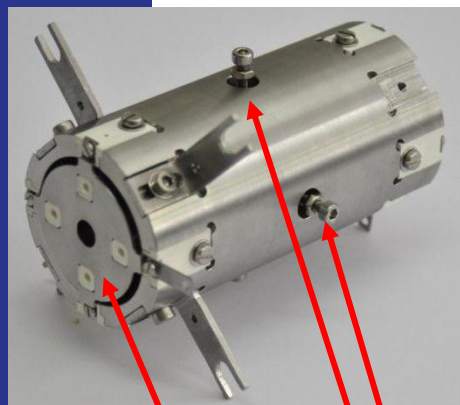
Availability of two  
complementary laser  
systems (Dye and  
Ti:Sapphire) has ensured  
the increase of RILIS beam  
time

Beam	Sm 2 runs	Ca 2 runs	Cd	At 2 runs	Au 2 runs	Be 3 runs	Dy	Mg 4 runs	Po 2 runs	Ag 2 runs	Zn	Cu	Mn
Planned	208	272	192	300	172	446	88	296	206	96	198	112	148
Real	212	359	253	345	262	278 <sup>12</sup>	111	378	206	65	124		



# Laser Ion Source and Trap (LIST) On-Line at ISOLDE

LIST device:



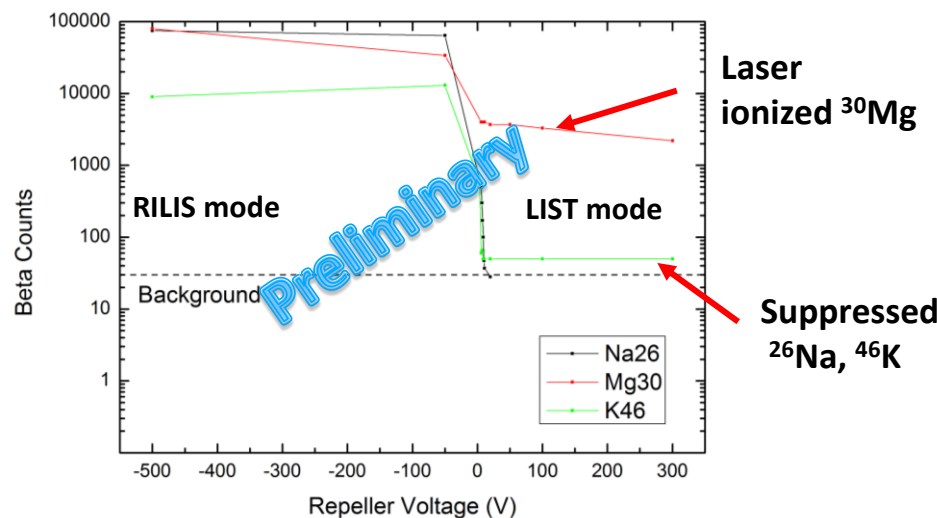
Ion  
repeller

RF  
terminals

LIST assembly:



Ionization and suppression of contaminants  
by LIST:



- LIST was successfully tested with UCx-target -> No loss of performance over 5 days
- Suppression of Na-, Al-, K-, Fr-, U-isotopes studied -> Suppression factors varied from 100 to 1000
- Laser ionization of radioactive Mg and Po in LIST

**Fr suppression and laser ionization of  
Po in LIST**



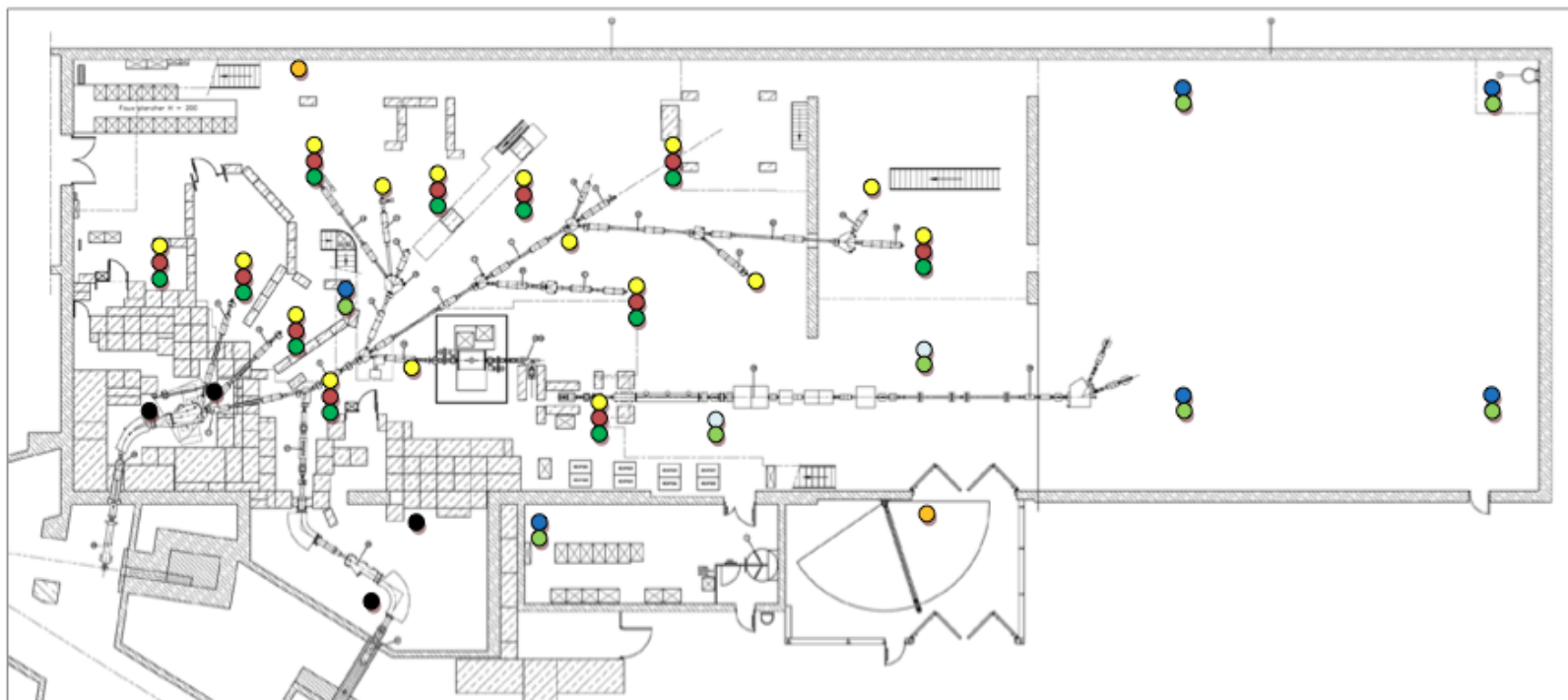
**First ever LIST on-line physics result:  
hyperfine structure of  $^{217}\text{Po}$**



# Radioprotection

**New radioprotection monitoring** to be installed during LS1

→ Additional stations to allow more accurate survey of dose rates around beam line



## Instrumentation GRAMS

- Sonde gamma (16)
- Unité centrale (11)
- Unité d'alarmes (11)

## Instrumentation RAMSES

- Chambre d'ionisation XRM (2)
- Chambre d'ionisation AMF (6)
- Chambre d'ionisation IAM (4)
- Unité d'alarmes (8)
- Moniteur mains-pieds HFM (2)

# Acknowledgements

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- V. Fedosseev EN-STI
- D. Fink EN-STI
- A. P. Bernardes EN-STI
- A. Stadler EN-STI
- S. Marzari EN-STI
- T. Giles EN-STI
- Martino Giordano Ferrari BE-OP
- ...and the ISOLDE team.