



**High
Luminosity
LHC**

Task2.2 HL-LHC Optics and Lattice Configurations

Bernhard Holzer

for the WP2, Task2.2 Team

**B. Dalena, A. Bogomyagkov, R. Appleby, A. Fauss-Golfe, J. Payet, A. Chance', K.
Hock, M. Korostelev, R. deMaria, J. Resta, C. Milardi, L. Thompson, M.
Thomas, A. Wolski**



The HiLumi LHC Design Study is included in the High Luminosity LHC project and is partly funded by the European Commission within the Framework Programme 7 Capacities Specific Programme, Grant Agreement 284404.



*“ ... and do not show too many of this strange
zig zag plots “*

Luminosity & Beam Optics

The HL-LHC Lattice & Optics has to establish β^ at IP1 & 5 to reach a “virtual luminosity”*

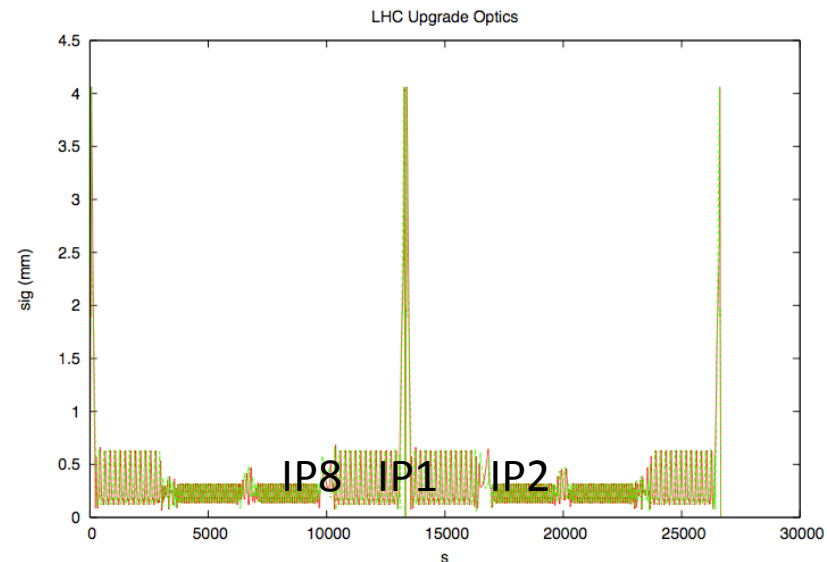
$$\hat{L}(25ns) = 24 * 10^{34} cm^{-2} s^{-1}$$

$$\hat{L}(50ns) = 26 * 10^{34} cm^{-2} s^{-1}$$

→ *to small for the IR1 / 5
matching section*

→ *squeeze starts at neighboring
sectors (“ATS”).*

$$\beta_x^* = \beta_y^* \approx 15cm$$



-> *gentle premonition:*

*the lattice modifications used to optimise for smallest β^**

might not be adequate for $\beta = 500...1000m$



HL-LHC Parameter List

Parameter	nominal	25ns	50ns
N_b	1.15E+11	2.20E+11	3.50E+11
n_b	2808	2808	1404
N_{tot}	3.2E+14	6.2E+14	4.9E+14
beam current [A]	0.58	1.12	0.89
x-ing angle [mrad]	300	590	590
beam separation [σ]	9.9	12.5	11.4
β^* [m]	0.55	0.15	0.15
ϵ_n [μm]	3.75	2.50	3
ϵ_L [eVs]	2.51	2.51	2.51
energy spread	1.20E-04	1.20E-04	1.20E-04
bunch length [m]	7.50E-02	7.50E-02	7.50E-02
IBS horizontal [h]	80 -> 106	18.5	17.2
IBS longitudinal [h]	61 -> 60	20.4	16.1
Piwiniski parameter	0.68	3.12	2.85
geom. Reduction factor 'R'	0.83	0.305	0.331
beam-beam / IP without Crab Cavity	3.10E-03	3.28E-03	4.72E-03
beam-beam / IP with Crab cavity	3.75E-03	1.08E-02	1.43E-02
Peak Luminosity without leveling [$\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$]	1.0E+34	7.4E+34	8.5E+34
Virtual Luminosity: L_{peak}/R [$\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$]	1.2E+34	24E+34	26E+34
Events / crossing without leveling	19 -> 28	210	475
Levelled Luminosity [$\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$]	-	5E+34	2.50E+34
Events / crossing with leveling	* 19 -> 28	140	140

← $x\text{-angle}$

← β^*
← ϵ

← L_0

Lattice Modifications:

The Lattice has to be optimised to establish smallest β^* values at IP1 & 5.

present design goal: $\beta^* = 15$ cm

larger triplet apertures (and D1, Q4, TAS / TAN etc)

$$g = \frac{2\mu_0 nI}{r^2}$$



re-optimize the position of matching quadrupoles

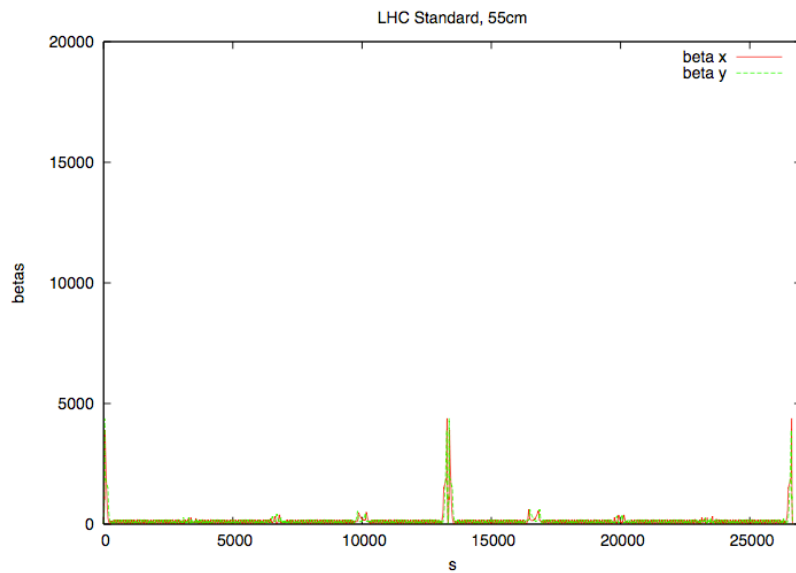
find space for orbit correctors / spool piece correctors

find space for crab cavities

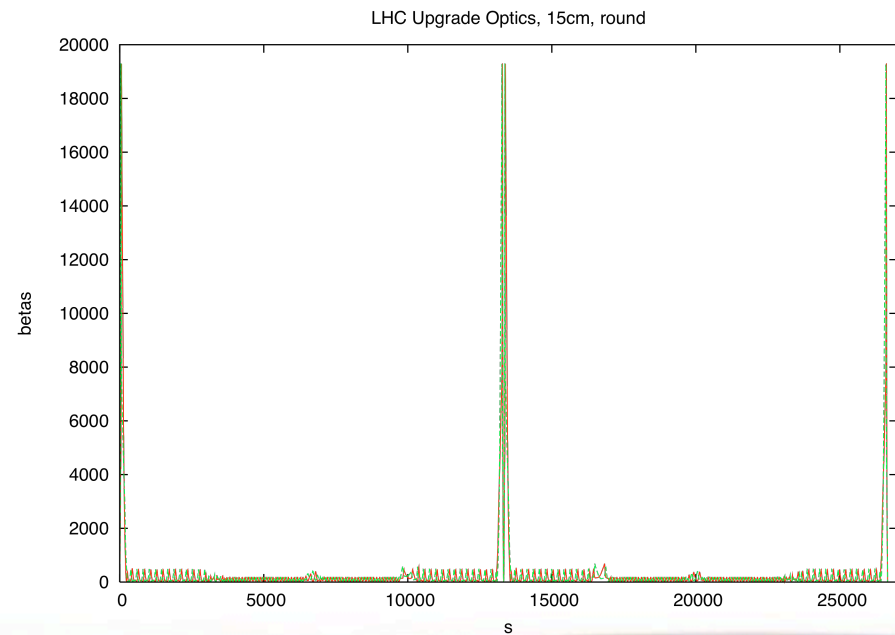
establish a crossing scenario without changing the crab orbit

It is a long way to go:

LHC standard Optics, 55cm



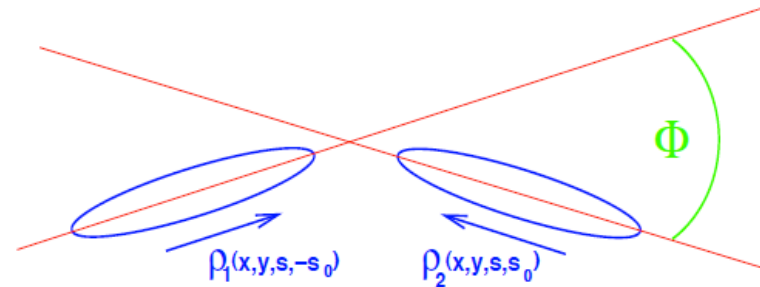
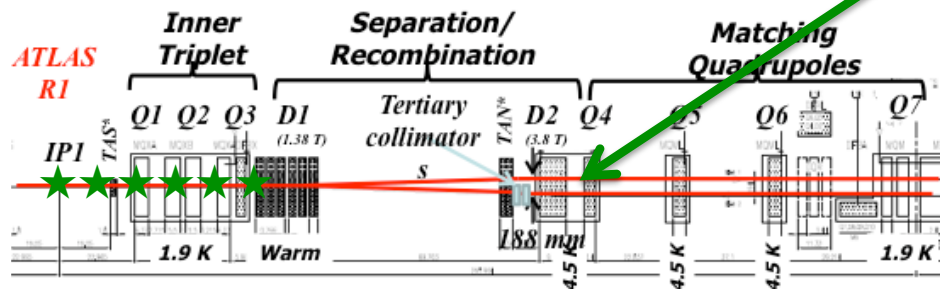
HL-LHC Optics, 15cm



... my apologies for the zig-zags !

Luminosity, Loss Factor & Crab Cavities

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{N_1 N_2 f n_b}{2\pi \sqrt{\sigma_{1x}^2 + \sigma_{2x}^2} \sqrt{\sigma_{1y}^2 + \sigma_{2y}^2}} * R \quad \text{ideal luminosity formula}$$

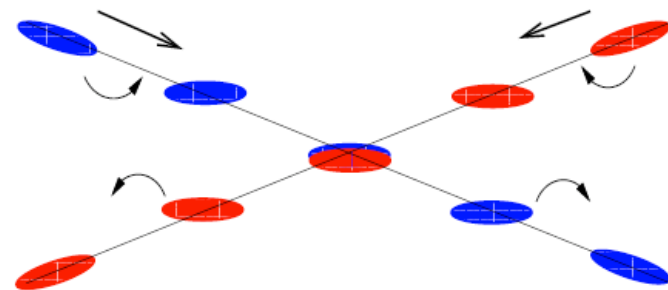


loss factor due to crossing with an angle
(pure geometric effect ... but large)

$$R = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\sigma_s}{\sigma_x} \tan \frac{\phi}{2}\right)^2}} \approx \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\sigma_s}{\sigma_x} \frac{\phi}{2}\right)^2}} * H$$

≈ 0.33

"crab" crossing scheme



what we are talking about:

four baseline optics
based on assumptions on
aperture & magnet technique

ap. ⁹ [mm]	grad ¹⁰ [T/m]	lengths ¹¹ [m]	β^* [cm]	N1 ¹² [ppb]	N2 ¹³ [ppb]	t ¹⁴ [h]
150	144(83%Sn)	8.2 , 7.0	13.0	1.99E11	1.21E11	6.06
150	96(83%Ti)	10.8 , 9.0	17.0	2.03E11	1.36E11	5.24
→ 140	150(80%Sn)	8.00, 6.8	15.0	2.01E11	1.29E11	5.64
→ 140	100(80%Ti)	10.5, 8.8	19.0	2.05E11	1.42E11	4.89
→ 120	170 33%Sn)	7.1 , 6.1	18.6	2.05E11	1.42E11	4.96
→ 120	120(83%Ti)	9.3, 7.8	24.0	2.11E11	1.58E11	4.14
85	160(78%Ti)	7.7, 6.6	44.0	2.41E11	2.11E11	2.33
80	257(80%Sn)	4.8, 5.5	39.0	2.33E11	1.99E11	2.65

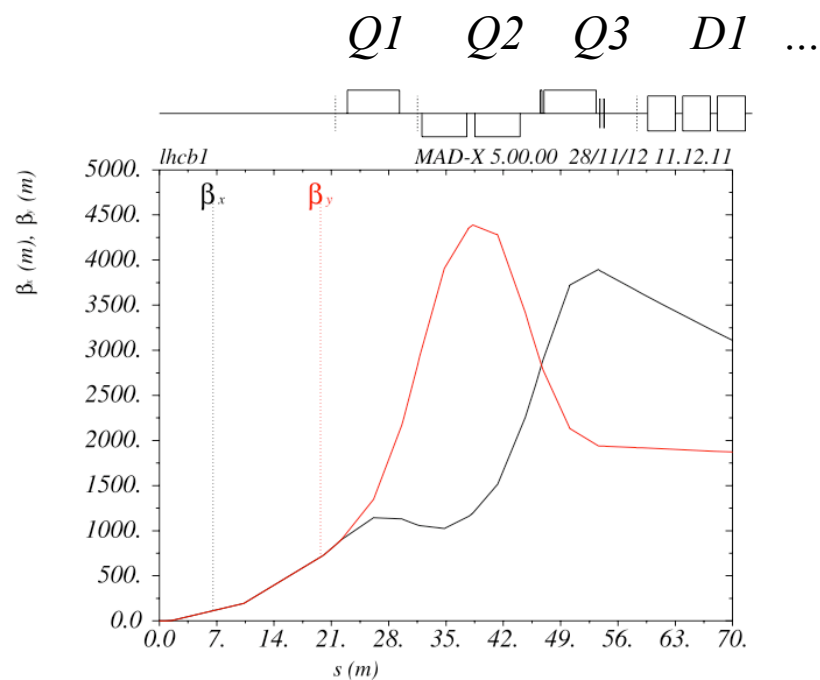
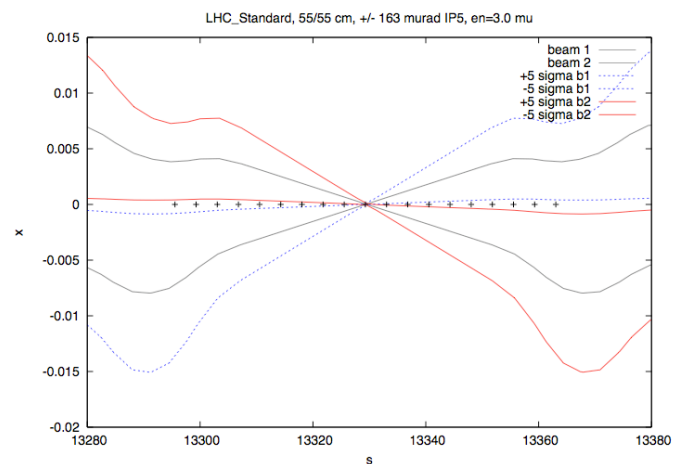
and the latest version, based on 150mm aperture - 140T/m gradient ...
... being finalised at the moment

Standard LHC

Beam Envelopes:

Standard LHC, $\beta^* = 55\text{cm}$, $\varepsilon = 3.0$

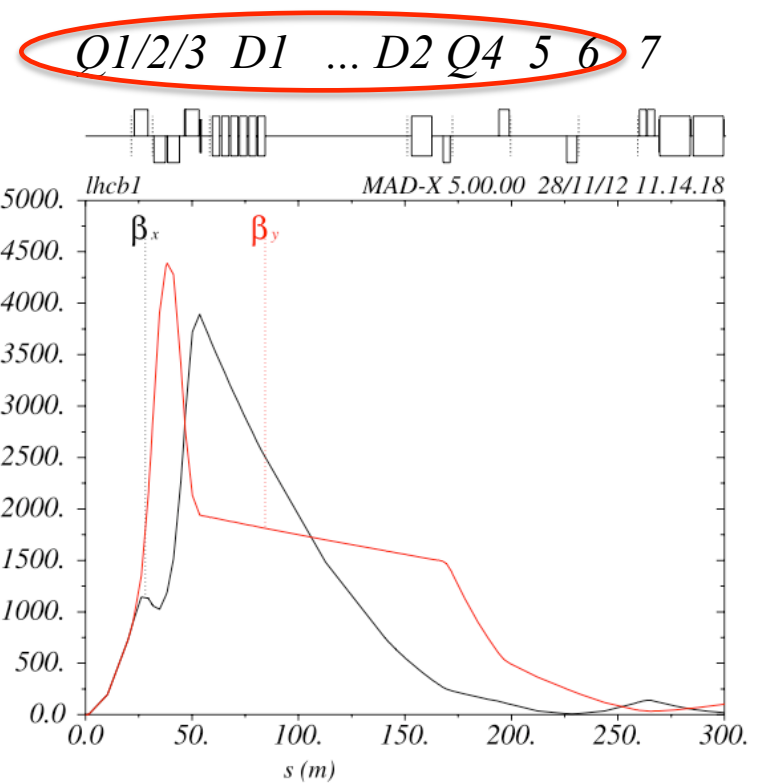
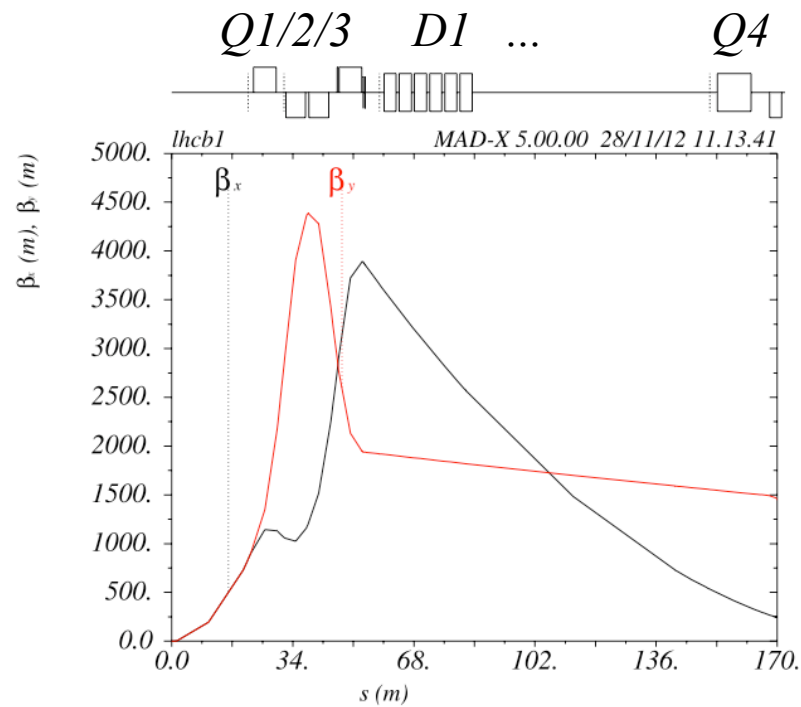
crossing angle = $\pm 145\ \mu\text{rad}$



Lattice & Optics for LHC Standard

Standard LHC

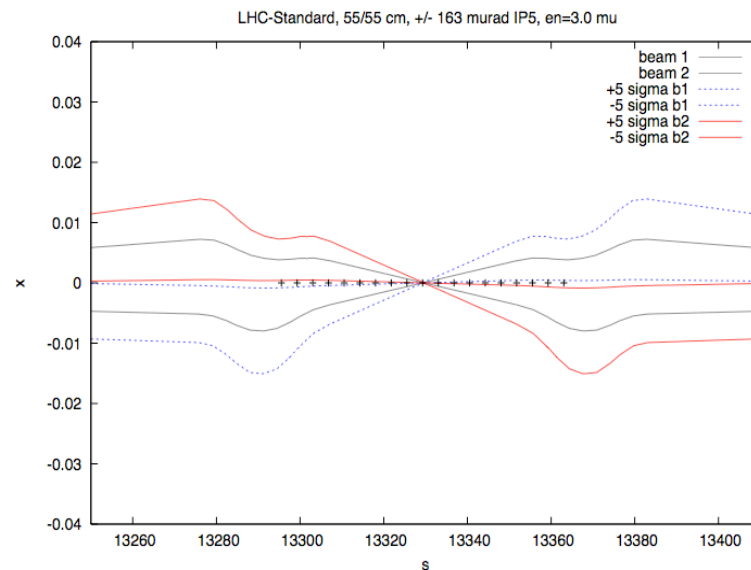
Lattice:



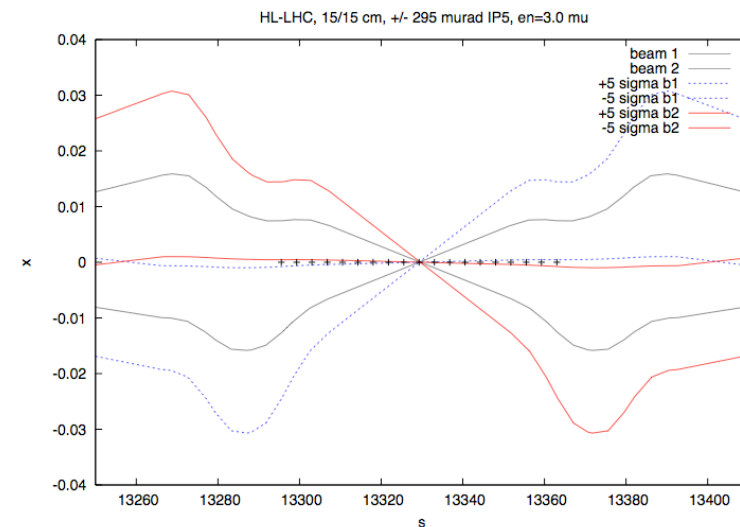
Upgrade Lattice: SLHC_V3.1b

150 T/m, 140mm

Beam Envelopes: HL-LHC, $\beta^* = 15\text{cm}$, $\varepsilon = 3.0$
crossing angle = $\pm 295 \mu\text{rad}$



Standard LHC, 55cm

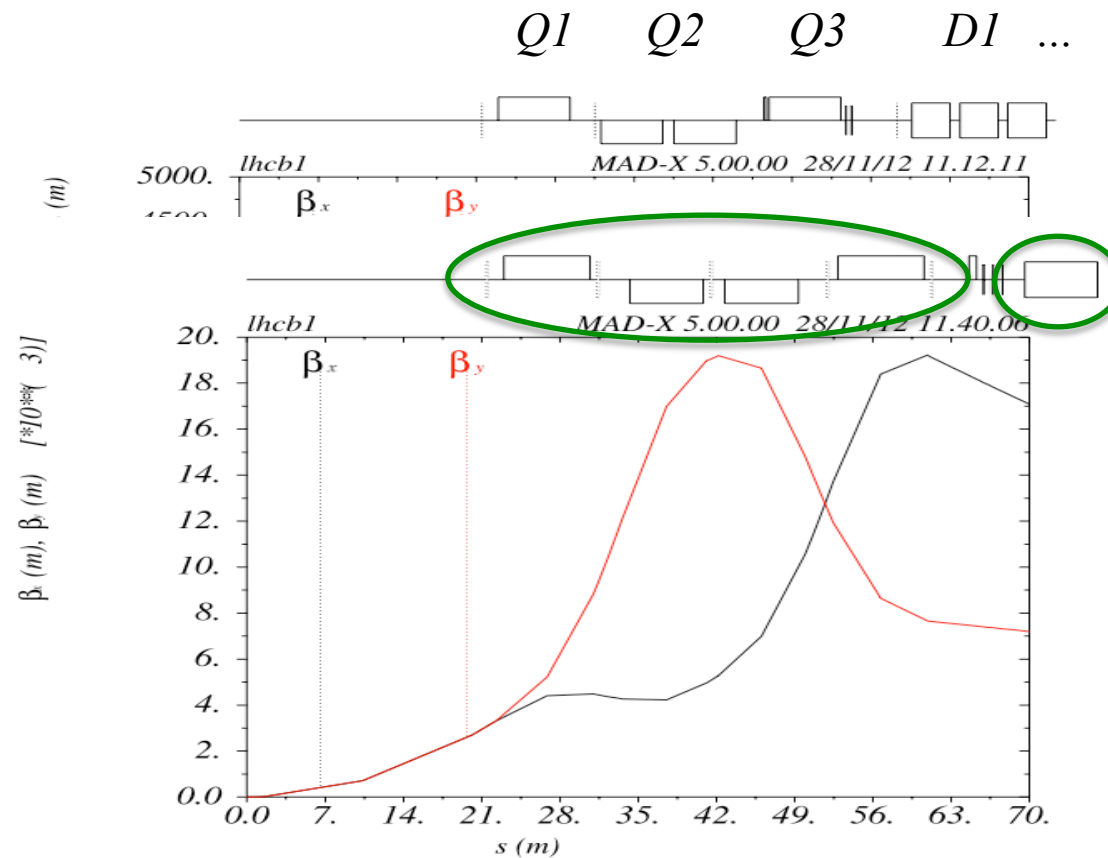


HL-LHC, 15cm

Upgrade Lattice: SLHC_V3.1b

150 T/m, 140mm

Lattice:



LHC Standard Lattice

SLHC Lattice V3.1b

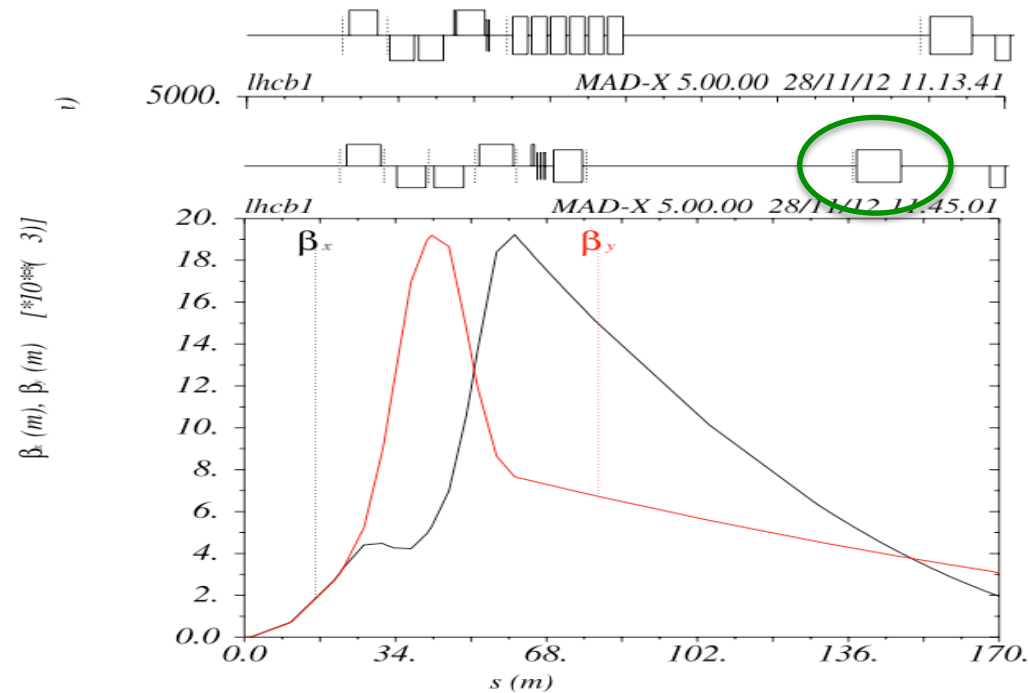
longer triplet quadrupoles
D1 shifted away from IP
D1 sc and only 1 magnet

Upgrade Lattice: SLHC_V3.1b

150 T/m, 140mm

Lattice:

$Q1/2/3$ $D1$... $D2$ $Q4$



LHC Standard Lattice

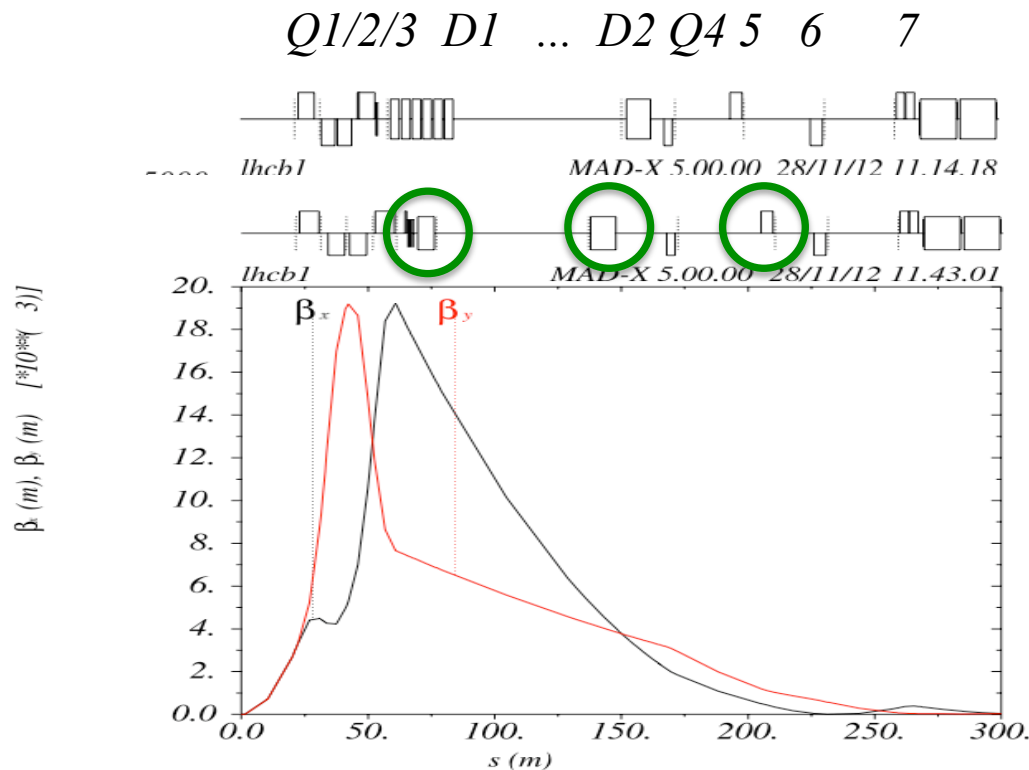
SLHC Lattice V3.1b

longer triplet quadrupoles
D1 shifted away from IP
D1 sc and only 1 magnet
D2 shifted towards IP for
crab cavities $\Delta s = -15\text{m}$

Upgrade Lattice: SLHC_V3.1b

150 T/m, 140mm

Lattice:



LHC Standard Lattice

HL-LHC Lattice V3.1b

longer triplet quadrupoles

D1 shifted away from IP

D1 sc and only 1 magnet

D2 shifted towards IP for

crab cavities $\Delta s = -15m$

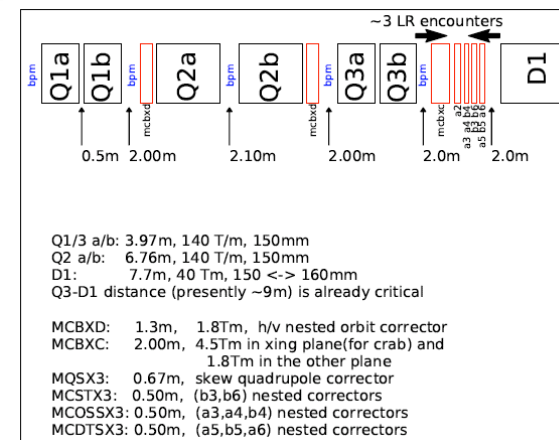
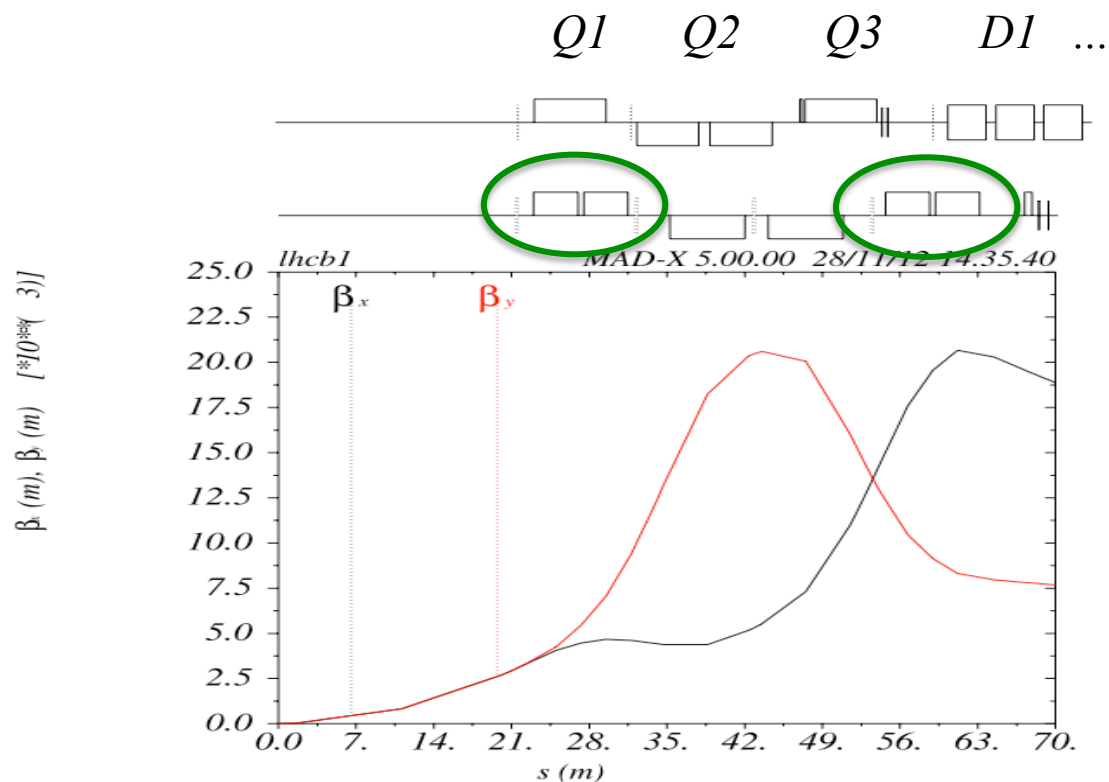
Q5 shifted away from IP

$\Delta s = +11m$

Upgrade Lattice: HL-LHC_V1.0

140 T/m, 150mm

Lattice:



LHC Standard Lattice

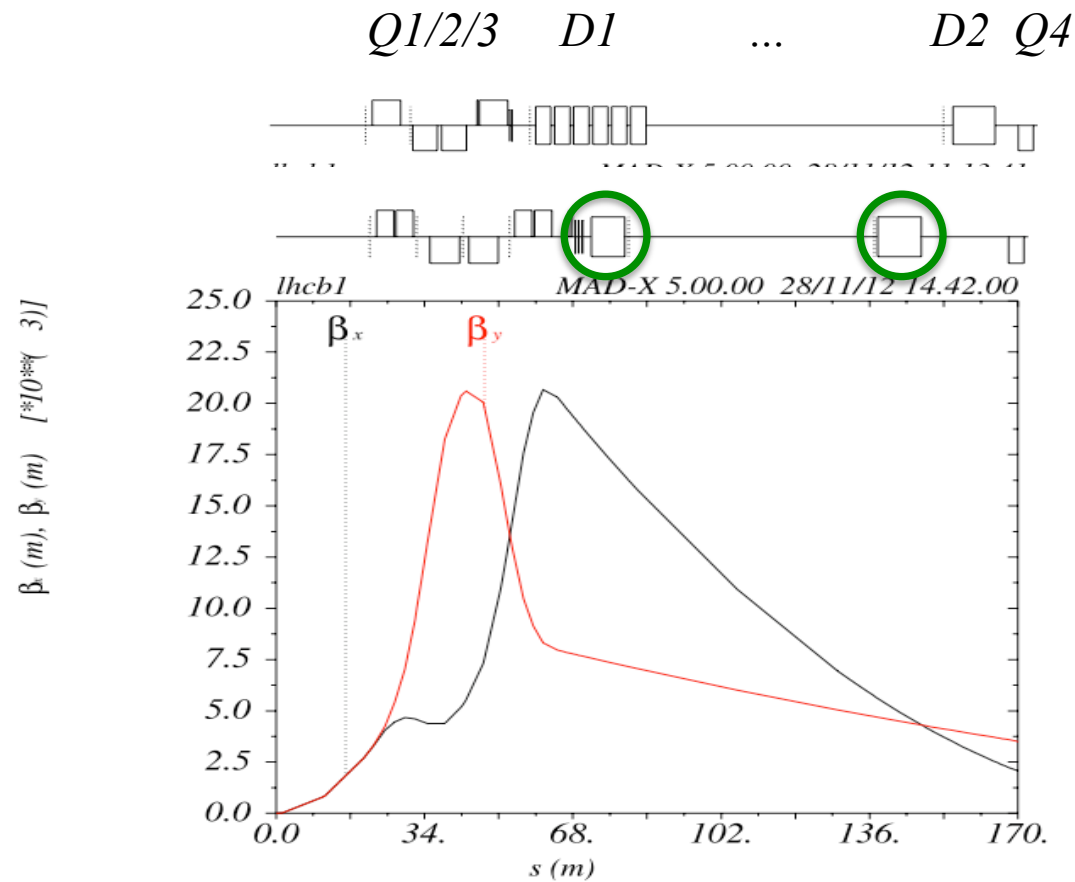
HL-LHC Lattice V1.0

even longer triplet quadrupoles
 Q1 and Q3 split in two magnets

Upgrade Lattice: HL-LHC_V1.0

140 T/m, 150mm

Lattice:



LHC Standard Lattice

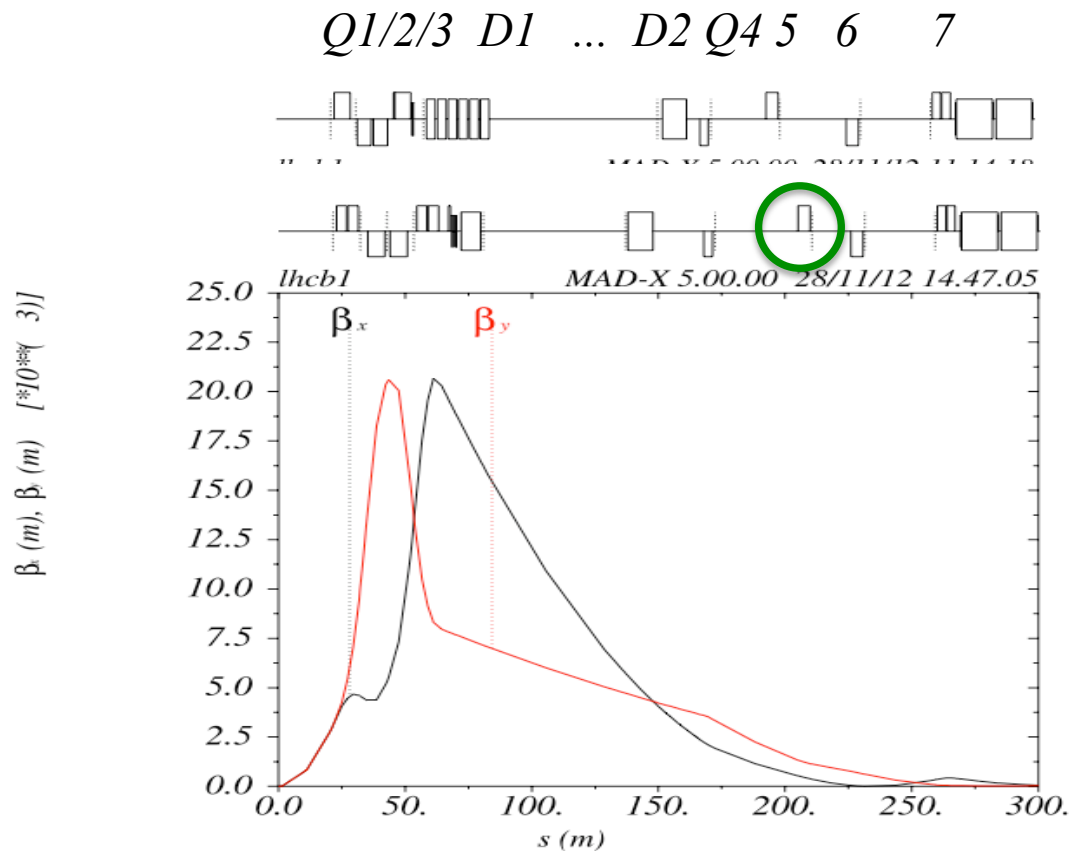
LHC Lattice V1.0

- longer triplet quadrupoles
- Q1 and Q3 split in two magnets
- D1 shifted away from IP
- D1 sc and only 1 magnet
- D2 shifted towards IP for crab cavities $\Delta s = -15\text{m}$

Upgrade Lattice: HL-LHC_V1.0

140 T/m, 150mm

Lattice:

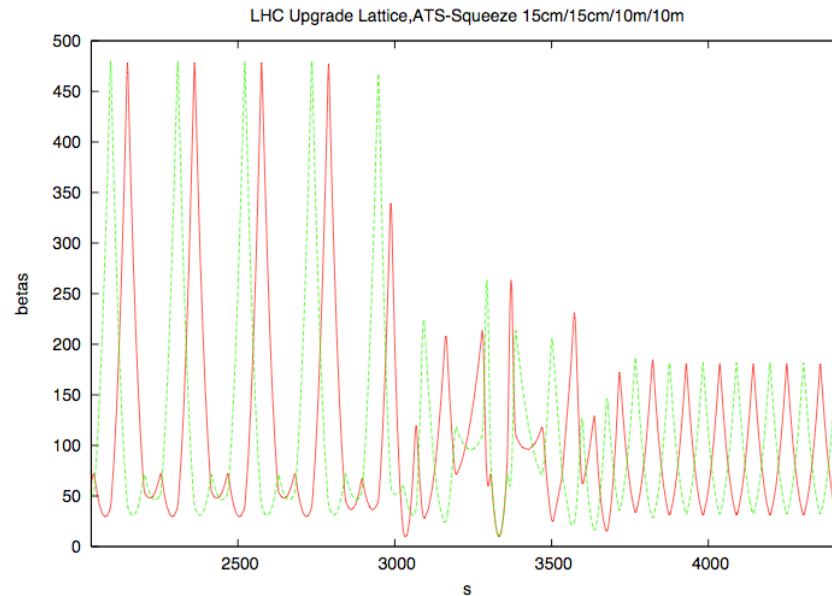


LHC Standard Lattice

HL-LHC Lattice V1.0

- longer triplet quadrupoles
- Q1 and Q3 split in two magnets
- D1 shifted away from IP
- D1 sc and only 1 magnet
- D2 shifted towards IP for crab cavities $\Delta s = -15m$
- Q5 shifted away from IP
- $\Delta s = +11m$

HL-LHC Optics in IR2 / IR8



the “ATS Squeeze Optics
(15cm/15cm/10m/10m)

court. A. Bogomyagkov

IP1, ATS Optics



IP2

IP3, Standard FoDo Optics

Serious Optics changes in the matching section ...

But no Lattice Changes foreseen so far.

Ceterum Censeo: β -leveling will be difficult

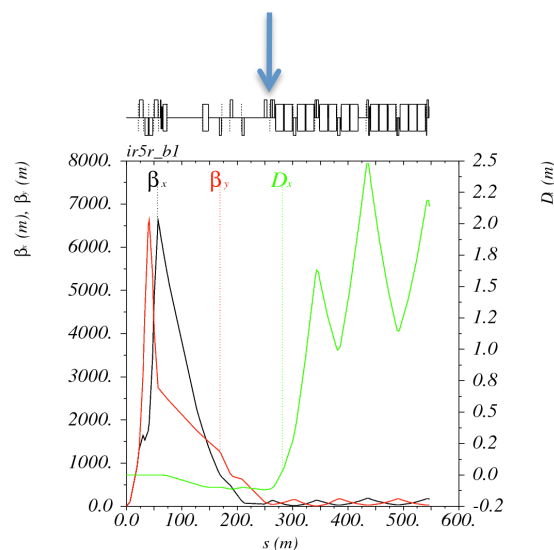
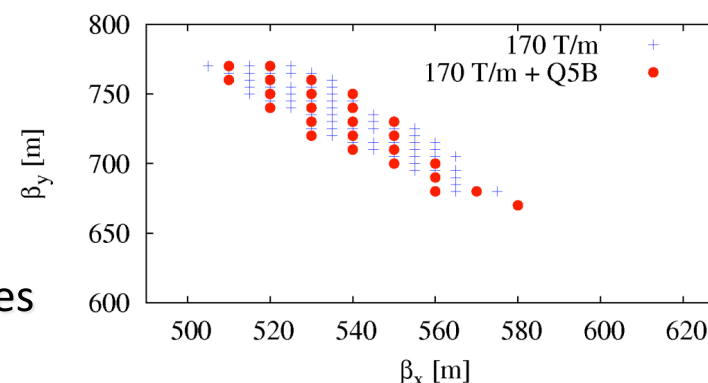
Lattice Optimisation for Crab Cavities

court. B. Dalena

Study of additional quadrupoles at Q5 / Q6 / Q7 ...

add. Quad at Q5: no big change

Q4 / Q5 / Q6 in triplet configuration & add. Q7
... allows for much larger β s at the Crab Cavities

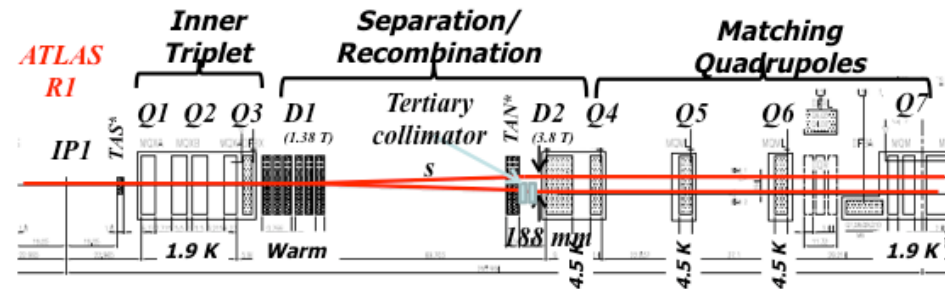


CRAB side and beam	HL-LHC baseline [MV]	Best optimization [MV]
Horizontal L5 Beam 1	11.8	8.0
Horizontal R5 Beam 1	13.4	8.2
Horizontal L5 Beam 2	13.4	8.2
Horizontal R5 Beam 2	11.8	8.0

HL-LHC Lattice, Loss Factor & Crab Cavities

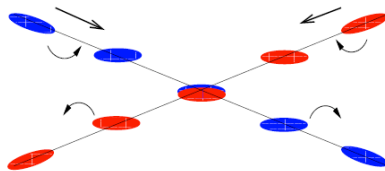
$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{N_1 N_2 f n_b}{2\pi \sqrt{\sigma_{1x}^2 + \sigma_{2x}^2} \sqrt{\sigma_{1y}^2 + \sigma_{2y}^2}} * F$$

$$F = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\sigma_s}{\sigma_x} \tan \frac{\phi}{2}\right)^2}} \approx \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\sigma_s}{\sigma_x} \frac{\phi}{2}\right)^2}}$$



LHC Standard Lattice

"crab" crossing scheme



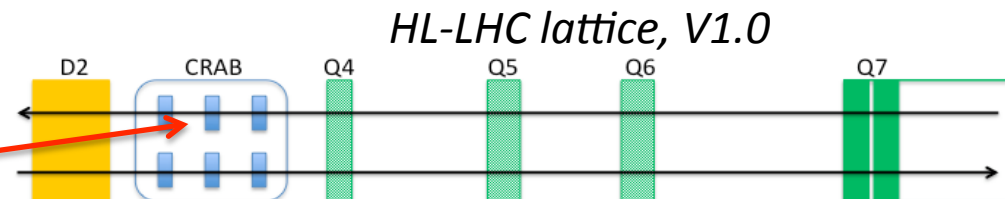
Provide Space for Crab Installation

-> **D2 shift**

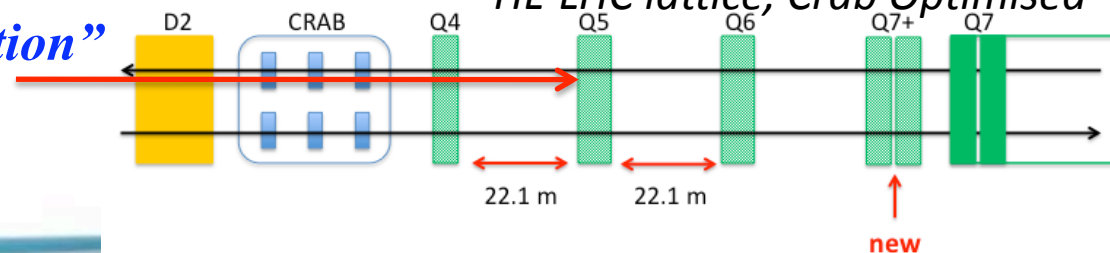
-> **optimise lattice**

Q4,5,6 in "triplet configuration"

-> **optimise optics**

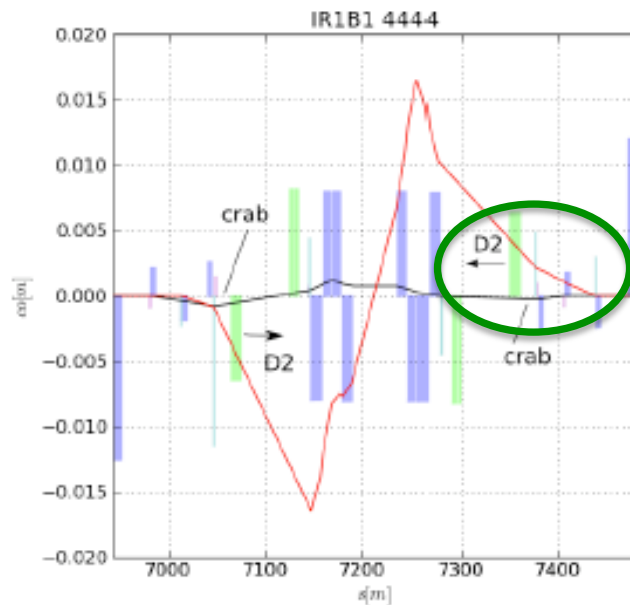


HL-LHC lattice, Crab Optimised



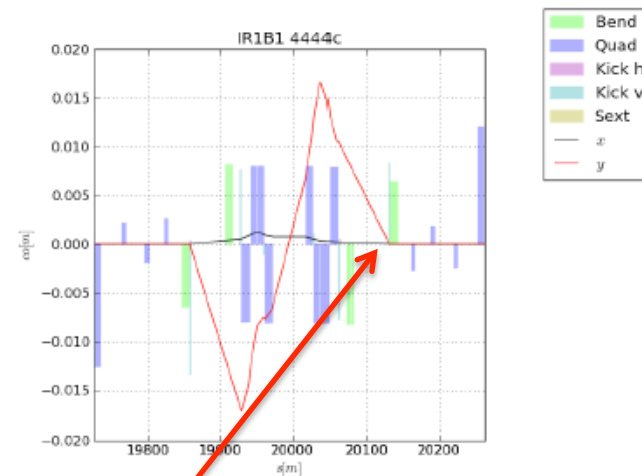
Lattice & Crab Cavities: Beam Orbit

court. R. DeMaria



Implication for layout

The best compromise between large beta function and beam separation is between D2 and Q4:



with new crossing scheme to avoid orbit excursions

Standard Bump for Crossing angle & beam separation closes at Q5 ... and leads to (varying) orbit offsets at the crab cavity location.

-> bump closure by strong dipole magnet at D2.

-> Alternative: transverse cavity positioning feedback following the beam orbits

Lattice & Crab Cavities: Beam Orbit

- ULANC developed time-domain model so study LLRF behaviour including noise propagation
- Power requirement/position alignment:
Assuming $\Delta y = 0.2 \sigma_y$ results in 250 μm . RF power to compensate for this: 16 kW.
- Simulation result: assuming instantaneous amplitude reduces to small level. Phase change significant.

A. Dexter/ E. Jensen Frascati Workshop 2012

strong orbit corrector needed in front of D2

for crossing angle bump & separation bump

first estimates: $\int Bdl = 6\text{Tm} \quad / \quad 1\text{Tm}$


Lattice Modifications: Summary

<i>Magnet</i>	<i>LHC</i>	<i>SLHC V3.1b</i>	<i>HL-LHC V1.0</i>
<i>triplet layout</i>	<i>standard machine</i>	<i>150T/m, 140mm</i>	<i>140T/m, 150mm</i>
<i>MQXA</i>	<i>22.2...26.2m</i>		
<i>MQXB</i>	<i>31.8...34.8m</i>		
<i>MQXB</i>	<i>38.3...41.3m</i>		
<i>MQXA</i>	<i>46.8...50.2m</i>		
<i>MBXW D1</i>	<i>59...83m, 6 magnets</i>		
<i>MBRC D2</i>	<i>152.1...157.9m</i>		
<i>MQY Q4</i>	<i>167.7...169.6m</i>		
<i>MQML Q5</i>	<i>194.0...196.5m</i>		
<i>MQML Q6</i>	<i>225.9...228.4m</i>		
<i>MQM Q7A</i>	<i>259.6...261.7</i>		
<i>MQM Q7B</i>	<i>263.6...265.5</i>		

Lattice Modifications: Summary

<i>Magnet</i>	<i>LHC</i>	<i>SLHC V3.1b</i>	<i>HL-LHC V1.0</i>
<i>triplet layout</i>	<i>standard machine</i>	<i>150T/m, 140mm</i>	<i>140T/m, 150mm</i>
<i>MQXA</i>	<i>22.2...26.2m</i>	<i>MQXC 22.2...26.8m</i>	
<i>MQXB</i>	<i>31.8...34.8m</i>	<i>MQXD 33.6...37.5m</i>	
<i>MQXB</i>	<i>38.3...41.3m</i>	<i>MQXD 42.2...46.0m</i>	
<i>MQXA</i>	<i>46.8...50.2m</i>	<i>MQXC 52.5...56.7m</i>	
<i>MBXW D1</i>	<i>59...83m, 6 magnets</i>	<i>MBXA 68.6...72.8m, 1 magnet</i>	
<i>MBRC D2</i>	<i>152.1...157.9m</i>	<i>MBRD 137.1...142.9m</i>	
<i>MQY Q4</i>	<i>167.7...169.6m</i>	<i>MQYY 167.7...169.6m</i>	
<i>MQML Q5</i>	<i>194.0...196.5m</i>	<i>MQYL 205.0...207.5m</i>	
<i>MQML Q6</i>	<i>225.9...228.4m</i>	<i>MQML 225.9...228.4m</i>	
<i>MQM Q7A</i>	<i>259.6...261.7</i>	<i>MQM 259.6...261.7</i>	
<i>MQM Q7B</i>	<i>263.6...265.5</i>	<i>MQM 263.6...265.5</i>	

Lattice Modifications: Summary

<i>Magnet</i>	<i>LHC</i>	<i>SLHC V3.1b</i>	<i>HL-LHC V1.0</i>
<i>triplet layout</i>	<i>standard machine</i>	<i>150T/m, 140mm</i>	<i>140T/m, 150mm</i>
<i>MQXA</i>	<i>22.2...26.2m</i>	<i>MQXC 22.2...26.8m</i>	<i>MQXC 1 22.2...25m</i> <i>MQXC 2 27.2...29.5m</i>
<i>MQXB</i>	<i>31.8...34.8m</i>	<i>MQXD 33.6...37.5m</i>	<i>MQXD 34.7...38.7m</i>
<i>MQXB</i>	<i>38.3...41.3m</i>	<i>MQXD 42.2...46.0m</i>	<i>MQXD 43.5...47.5m</i>
<i>MQXA</i>	<i>46.8...50.2m</i>	<i>MQXC 52.5...56.7m</i>	<i>MQXC 1 54.1...56.7m</i> <i>MQXC 2 58.9...61.2m</i>
<i>MBXW D1</i>	<i>59...83m, 6 magnets</i>	<i>MBXA 68.6...72.8m, 1 magnet</i>	<i>MBXA 71.2...76.0m, 1 magnet</i>
<i>MBRC D2</i>	<i>152.1...157.9m</i>	<i>MBRD 137.5...142.9m</i>	<i>MBRD 137.5...142.9m</i>
<i>MQY Q4</i>	<i>167.7...169.6m</i>	<i>MQYY 167.7...169.6m</i>	<i>MQYY 167.7...169.6m</i>
<i>MQML Q5</i>	<i>194.0...196.5m</i>	<i>MQYL 205.0...207.5m</i>	<i>MQYL 205.0...207.5m</i>
<i>MQML Q6</i>	<i>225.9...228.4m</i>	<i>MQML 225.9...228.4m</i>	<i>MQML 225.9...228.4m</i>
<i>MQM Q7A</i>	<i>259.6...261.7</i>	<i>MQM 259.6...261.7</i>	<i>MQM 259.6...261.7</i>
 <i>MQM Q7B</i>	<i>263.6...265.5</i>	<i>MQM 263.6...265.5</i>	<i>MQM 263.6...265.5</i>

Lattice Modifications: Summary

*And finally B. Dalena et al:
additional Quadrupole to
support Q7*

... crab cavity conditions

<i>Magnet</i>	<i>LHC</i>	<i>Crab Cavity Story</i>
<i>triplet layout</i>	<i>standard machine</i>	<i>170T/m, 120mm</i>
<i>MQXA</i>	<i>22.2...26.2m</i>	
<i>MQXB</i>	<i>31.8...34.8m</i>	
<i>MQXB</i>	<i>38.3...41.3m</i>	
<i>MQXA</i>	<i>46.8...50.2m</i>	
<i>MBXW D1</i>	<i>59...83m, 6 magnets</i>	
<i>MBRC D2</i>	<i>152.1...157.9m</i>	
<i>MQY Q4</i>	<i>167.7...169.6m</i>	<i>MQYY \approx 167.9</i>
<i>MQML Q5</i>	<i>194.0...196.5m</i>	<i>MQYL \approx 193.4m</i>
<i>MQML Q6</i>	<i>225.9...228.4m</i>	<i>MQML \approx 220.3m</i>
		<i>MQML7 \approx 248.9...253.7m</i>
<i>MQM Q7A</i>	<i>259.6...261.7</i>	<i>MQM \approx 260</i>
<i>MQM Q7B</i>	<i>263.6...265.5</i>	<i>MQM \approx 263.7</i>

Reminder:

*... all this is **WORK IN PROGRESS***

*depending on the hardware available we will have to decide for one version
and do the fine tuning / hardware follow up*