



$t\bar{t}$ resonances (l+jets) search in ATLAS

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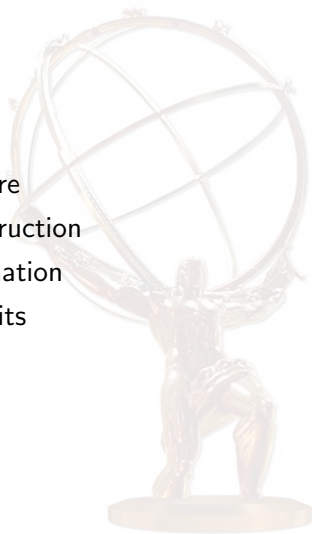
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Overview

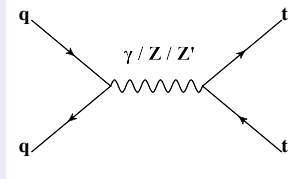
- Introduction
- Selection procedure
- $t\bar{t}$ system reconstruction
- Background estimation
- Summary and limits



Introduction

- Benchmark models: a leptophobic Z' and Kaluza-Klein gluons from Randall-Sundrum models with an extra dimension.
 - ▶ Top colour-assisted technicolor (TC2) $Z'_{TC2} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$.
 - ★ Spin 1, color singlet, narrow width (1.2%) modelled with SSM Z' (3%) width, Pythia 8 samples.
 - ▶ Randall-Sundrum Kaluza-Klein gluon $g_{KK} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$.
 - ★ Spin 1, color octet, larger width (10%-15%) Madgraph+Pythia 8 samples.
- Models generate $t\bar{t}$ pairs \rightarrow we analyse the semi-leptonic final state (lepton + neutrino + 4 jets).

$t\bar{t}$ generation for signals

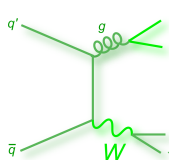


References

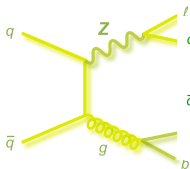
- C. T. Hill, Phys. Lett. B345 (1995) 483489.
- B. Lillie, L. Randall, and L.-T. Wang, JHEP 0709 (2007) 074.
- R. M. Godbole and D. Choudhury, arXiv:0810.3635 [hep-ph].

Backgrounds

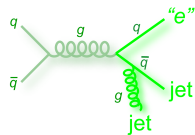
- Largest uncertainties come from Jet Energy Scale, b-tagging and PDF variations.
 - ▶ **SM $t\bar{t}$** → largest background estimated using MC@NLO.
 - ▶ **W+jets** → use data-driven techniques.
 - ▶ **Multi-jets** → small background, estimated from data-driven methods.
 - ▶ **Single top, Z+jets, Diboson** (small).
- See example background production diagrams below:



W+jets

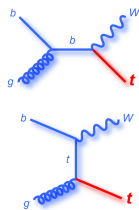
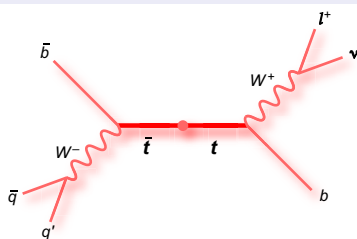


Z+jets



Multi-jets

Final state for $t\bar{t}$ semi-leptonic decay



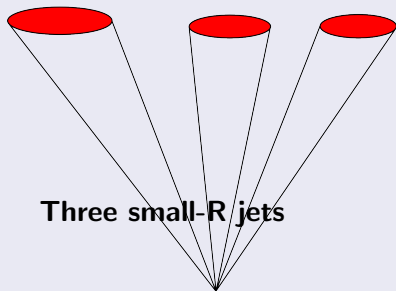
Single top production (Wt-channel)

Final topologies for $t\bar{t}$ decay

- The top pairs may decay in two main topologies: well separated jets and leptons, or boosted jet topologies \rightarrow combined for limit setting.

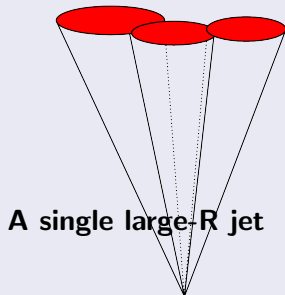
A resolved top $\rightarrow Wb$ decay

b-jet Light Jets



A boosted top $\rightarrow Wb$ decay

Top Monojet

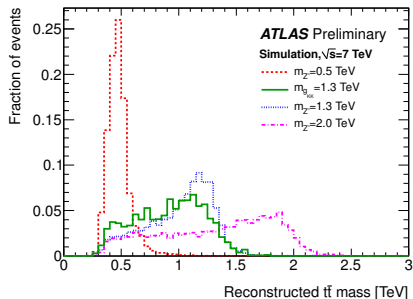


- Search done at 7 TeV (ATLAS-CONF-2012-136 and paper on the way) and 8 TeV (the latter is not public yet).

Strategy

- Separate merged and unmerged top decays, orthogonalising the selection:
 - ▶ Try to select events in the boosted topology with one large-R jet.
 - ▶ Only if those events fail the selection, check if they pass a set of criteria for the resolved topology.
- Attempt to reconstruct the mass of the $t\bar{t}$ system.
- Estimate backgrounds.
- Search for peaks in the $m_{t\bar{t}}$ spectra.

- **Contribution:** background and systematics estimate for the final result, the data-driven multi-jet background estimate was also done at 8 TeV.



$m_{t\bar{t}}$ distribution for many Z'_{TC2} masses

(ATLAS-CONF-2012-136)

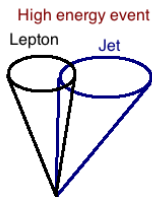
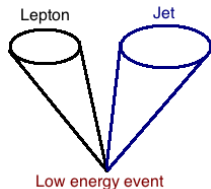
Selection criteria (I)

- When the angular distance between the b-jet and the lepton decreases, as the top is boosted, a better measure of the isolation is used.
- Leptons to satisfy a mini-isolation criteria, $I_{\text{mini}}^{\ell}/p_T^{\ell} < 0.05$, with:

$$I_{\text{mini}}^{\ell} = \sum_{\text{tracks}} p_T^{\text{track}},$$

where $\Delta R(\ell, \text{track}) < 10 \text{ GeV}/p_T^{\ell}$ for the lepton $\ell \rightarrow$ variable ΔR is useful in boosted events.

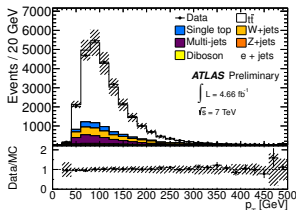
- Events must satisfy:
 - ▶ Lepton (electron/muon) trigger passed.
 - ▶ Exactly one electron/muon; and no lepton of the other type.
 - ▶ E_T^{miss} is $> 30 \text{ GeV}$ (e channel) or $> 20 \text{ GeV}$ (μ channel).
 - ▶ Transverse mass of the W boson (using selected lepton and E_T^{miss}), m_T satisfies $m_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$ (e channel) or $m_T + E_T^{\text{miss}} > 60 \text{ GeV}$ (μ channel).



Selection criteria (II)

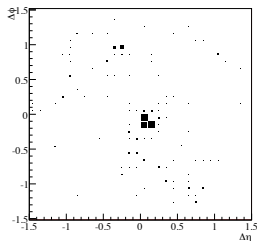
- The boosted and resolved selections diverge. For the boosted selection:
 - ▶ at least one small-R jet close to the lepton (referred to as the *selected small-R jet*, j_{sel});
 - ▶ at least one large-R jet away from the *selected small-R jet*.
- For the resolved selection:
 - ▶ at least three small-R jets among which one has mass > 60 GeV or four small-R jets.
- One jet is required to be b-tagged.

(ATLAS-CONF-2012-136)

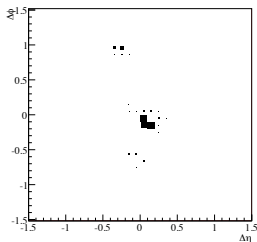


Electron p_T , resolved

- In the 8 TeV analysis, *trimming* of large-R jets is used \rightarrow improves pile up resistance.
- *Trimming* reclusters subjects in each jet and removes soft interaction.



Untrimmed jet example
(arXiv 0912.1342)

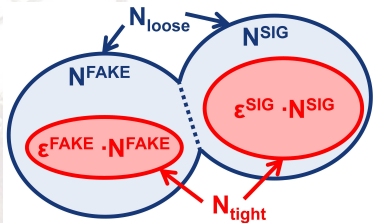


Trimmed jet example

Background estimate - QCD using the Matrix Method (I)

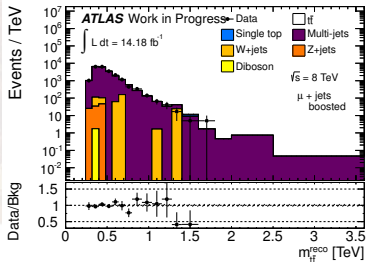
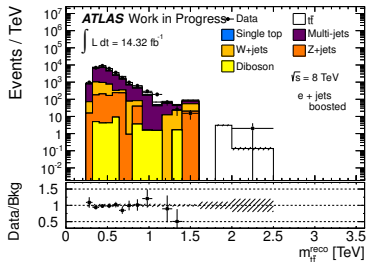
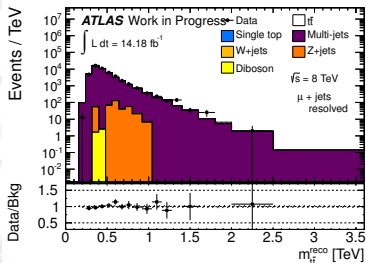
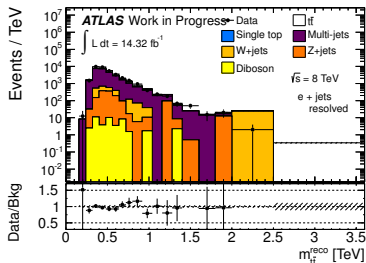
- “loose” definition \rightarrow no isolation.
- “tight” definition \rightarrow same as analysis.
- A Control Region is defined for the false-identification rate:

- ▶ resolved \rightarrow event fails the E_T^{miss} and m_T cuts and $|d_0/\sigma(d_0)| > 2.5$ (4.0) for electrons (muons).
- ▶ boosted \rightarrow event fails E_T^{miss} and m_T cuts, which are loosened to 60 GeV; inverts the large-R mass cut; loosens the large-R p_T cut to 150 GeV; (Credits to F. Kohn for the picture) and imposes $|d_0/\sigma(d_0)| > 2.5$ (4.0) for electrons (muons).



Background estimate - QCD using the Matrix Method (II)

- Data/MC comparison in the Control Region for $m_{t\bar{t}}$.



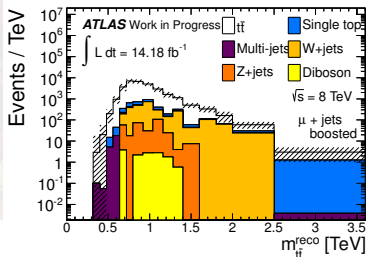
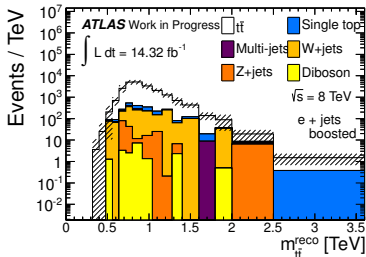
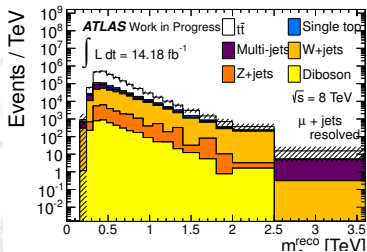
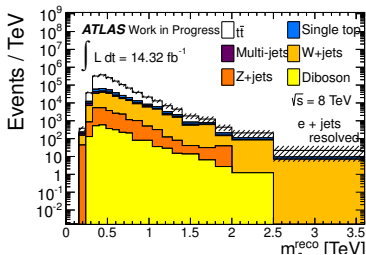
$m_{t\bar{t}}$ reconstruction

- Boosted scenario, $m_{t\bar{t}}$ is built from the large-R jet, j_{sel} , lepton and neutrino.
- Resolved scenario, the χ^2 method is used to choose the small-R jets contributing to the $m_{t\bar{t}}$: select the combination which minimizes the cost function.

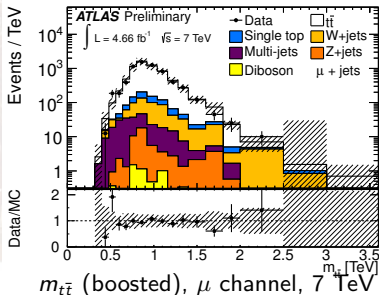
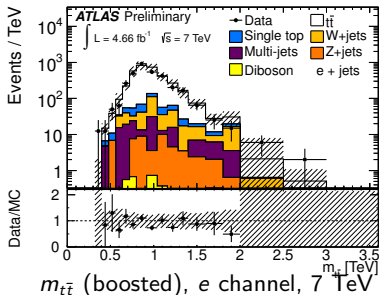
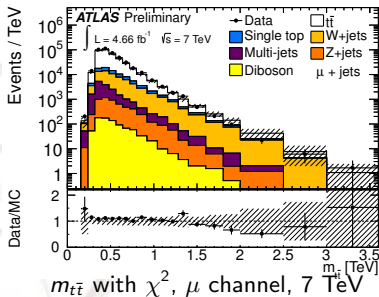
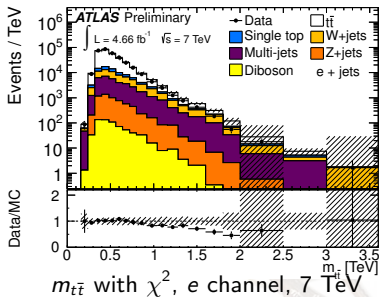
$$\chi^2 = \left[\frac{m_{jj} - m_W}{\sigma_W} \right]^2 + \left[\frac{m_{jjb} - m_{jj} - m_{th-W}}{\sigma_{th-W}} \right]^2 + \left[\frac{m_{jl\nu} - m_{tl}}{\sigma_{tl}} \right]^2 + \left[\frac{(p_{T,jjb} - p_{T,jl\nu}) - (p_{T,th} - p_{T,tl})}{\sigma_{diffpT}} \right]^2$$

$m_{t\bar{t}}$ spectra at 8 TeV

- Top row: resolved events reconstructed with χ^2 . Bottom row: boosted events.
- Data results are not public yet at 8 TeV.

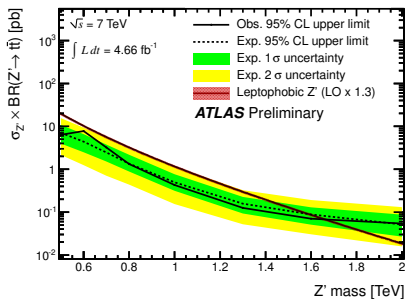


$m_{t\bar{t}}$ spectra at 7 TeV



(ATLAS-CONF-2012-136)

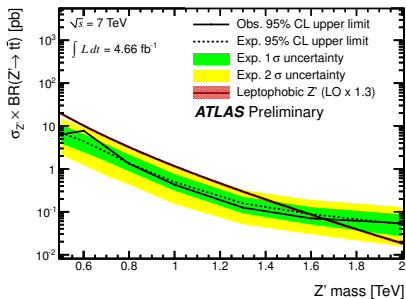
Summary (I)



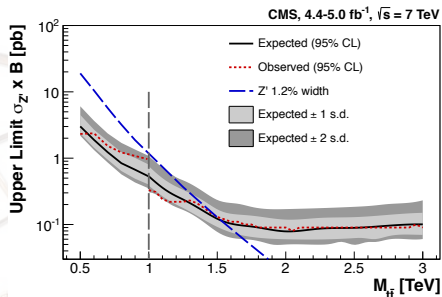
Stat. + Syst. uncertainties with χ^2 combined with boosted events for the Z'_{TC2} model at 7 TeV
(ATLAS-CONF-2012-136)

- Good Data/MC agreement, within systematic uncertainties and statistical errors.
- Conference note published at 7 TeV and paper is undergoing scrutiny of the ATLAS Collaboration.
- Limits set using 7 TeV data, combining the boosted and resolved topologies of the final states (CMS did not manage this yet!).

Summary (I)



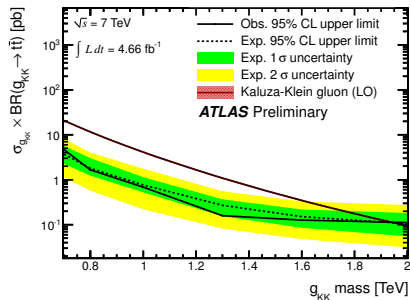
Stat. + Syst. uncertainties with χ^2
combined with boosted events for
the Z'_{TC2} model at 7 TeV
(ATLAS-CONF-2012-136)



For comparison: CMS limits for the
 Z'_{TC2} model at 7 TeV
(Vertical bar indicates a transition
between two analysis
methodologies, see paper for more
information)

(arXiv 1209.4397)

Summary (II)

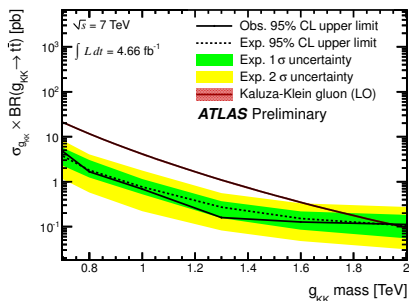


Stat. + Syst. uncertainties with χ^2 combined with boosted events for Kaluza-Klein gluons at 7 TeV

(ATLAS-CONF-2012-136)

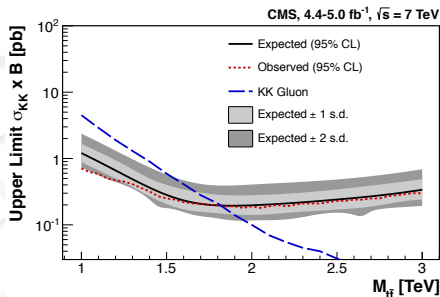
- Major systematic uncertainties included.
- Backgrounds estimated and checked with control plots at 8 TeV.
- Similar analysis at 8 TeV being prepared for publication soon!

Summary (II)



Stat. + Syst. uncertainties with χ^2
combined with boosted events for
Kaluza-Klein gluons at 7 TeV

(ATLAS-CONF-2012-136)



For comparison: CMS limits for
Kaluza-Klein gluons at 7 TeV
(Vertical bar indicates a transition
between two analysis
methodologies, see paper for more
information)

(arXiv 1209.4397)

A faded background image of a person holding an armillary sphere. The person is standing on a circular base, holding the sphere with both arms. The sphere is composed of several intersecting rings representing celestial objects.

Backup slides

Object definition

- Electrons satisfy tight++, $|\eta| < 1.37$ or $1.52 < |\eta| < 2.47$, $E_T > 25$ GeV, $\frac{l_{\text{mini}}}{E_T} < 0.05$.
- Muons satisfy muid, combined, $|\eta| < 2.5$, $p_T > 25$ GeV, $\frac{l_{\text{mini}}}{p_T} < 0.05$.
- Isolation cut used:
 - ▶ l_{mini} = sum of tracks' p_T in a cone size which is the smallest between k_T/p_T^{lep} and ΔR_{max} . $k_T = 10$ GeV and $\Delta R_{\text{max}} = 0.3$.
- Jets satisfy:
 - ▶ *small-R jets* → locally calibrated topological clusters, anti-kt $R = 0.4$, $p_T > 25$ GeV, $|JVF| > 0.5$
 - ▶ *large-R jets* → locally calibrated topological clusters, anti-kt $R = 1.0$, trimmed $f_{\text{cut}} = 0.05$, $R_{\text{sub}} = 0.3$, $p_T > 300$ GeV, $m_{\text{jet}} > 100$ GeV, $\sqrt{d_{12}} > 40$ GeV.
- E_T^{miss} : MET_RefFinal_AntiKt4LCTopoJets_tightpp recalculated to consider smearing and rescaling of the objects.
- Closest jet within $\Delta R(e, j) < 0.2$ is removed.
- Leptons with $\Delta R(e, j) < 0.4$ and $\Delta R(\mu, j) < 0.1$ are removed afterwards.

Systematic uncertainties

- $t\bar{t}$ cross section uncertainty \rightarrow 11% uncertainty (calculated at NNLO in QCD with Hathor 1.2).
- $t\bar{t}$ generator uncertainties \rightarrow compares MC@NLO and Powheg used as generators.
- Electroweak virtual correction uncertainties \rightarrow Sudakov corrections for the true $t\bar{t}$ mass are estimated and 1σ variations are implemented.
- Top mass uncertainty \rightarrow comparing shapes for $m_t = 170$ GeV and $m_t = 175$ GeV with MC@NLO and dividing the difference by 4.
- ISR/FSR, Parton shower and fragmentation.
- W+jets normalisation, W+jets scale and MLM matching parameter variation (for the W+jets shape).
- Z+jets, single top and diboson normalisations.
- Lepton reconstruction, identification and resolution.
- Jet energy resolution, reconstruction efficiency and jet energy scale.
- b-tagging efficiency \rightarrow with additional uncertainties added for high p_T jets.
- QCD normalisation \rightarrow 50%.
- Luminosity \rightarrow 3.6%.

Resolved Selection

Using dRmin

