



Results (and future prospects) of the CMS experiment in photon-induced collisions in pp collisions

PhotonLHC2014, CERN

L. Forthomme (CMS collaboration)

CP3, UCLouvain

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Motivations

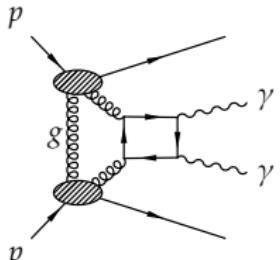
Study of the reactions

$$pp \rightarrow p^{(*)} X p^{(*)}$$

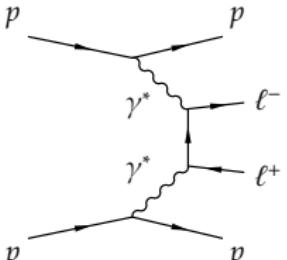
where many production mechanisms ($\gamma\gamma$, γp , $p\bar{p}$, ...) can produce the central system.

Very **rare**, but very **clean events** to study the QED at high energies :

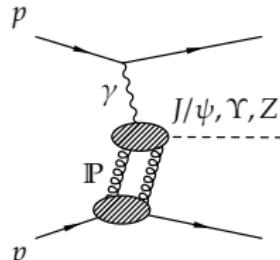
- Large **rapidity gaps** between the central system and the outgoing remnants or scattered protons (forward regions)
- Few tracks from the considered vertex, very **low activity** in the central detector



$g\bar{g}$ exchanges



$\gamma\gamma$ interactions



γp fusions

The CMS experiment



CMS DETECTOR

Total weight : 14,000 tonnes
Overall diameter : 15.0 m
Overall length : 28.7 m
Magnetic field : 3.8 T

STEEL RETURN YOKE
12,500 tonnes

SILICON TRACKERS
Pixel ($100 \times 150 \mu\text{m}$) $\sim 16\text{m}^2$ $\sim 66\text{M}$ channels
Microstrips ($80 \times 180 \mu\text{m}$) $\sim 200\text{m}^2$ $\sim 9.6\text{M}$ channels

SUPERCONDUCTING SOLENOID
Niobium titanium coil carrying $\sim 18,000\text{A}$

MUON CHAMBERS
Barrel: 250 Drift Tube, 480 Resistive Plate Chambers
Endcaps: 468 Cathode Strip, 432 Resistive Plate Chambers

PRESHOWER
Silicon strips $\sim 16\text{m}^2$ $\sim 137,000$ channels

FORWARD CALORIMETER
Steel + Quartz fibres $\sim 2,000$ Channels

CRYSTAL
ELECTROMAGNETIC
CALORIMETER (ECAL)
 $\sim 76,000$ scintillating PbWO₄ crystals

HADRON CALORIMETER (HCAL)
Brass + Plastic scintillator $\sim 7,000$ channels

① Exclusive 2-photon production of lepton pairs

$$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$$

$$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$$

② Search for AQGCs in $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$

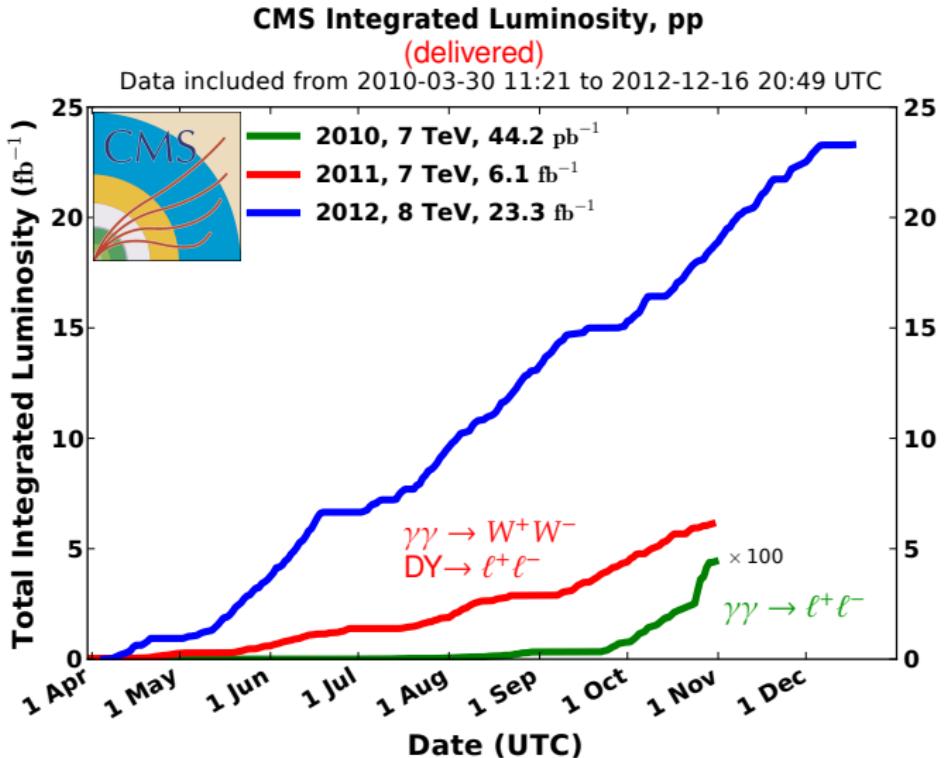
Inelastic yield

Search for $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$

Limits on anomalous quartic gauge couplings

③ Differential DY cross-section in pp collisions

④ The CMS-TOTEM Precision Proton Spectrometer



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Exclusive $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ production

JHEP 11 (2012) 080 ($\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$) & JHEP 11 (2012) 052 ($\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$)

Search for two-photon production of dileptons (electrons and muons)

Key features

Pure QED process (perfectly described by theory)

Dielectron channel :

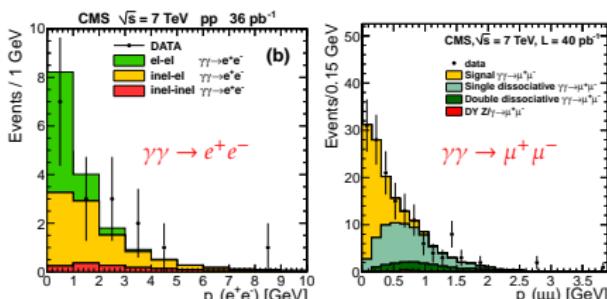
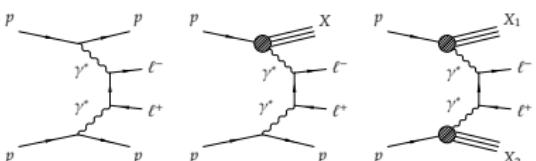
$$E_T(e^\pm) > 5.5 \text{ GeV}, |\eta(e^\pm)| < 2.1$$

Dimuon channel :

$$\begin{aligned} p_T(\mu^\pm) &> 4 \text{ GeV}, |\eta(\mu^\pm)| < 2.5, \\ m(\mu^+\mu^-) &> 11.5 \text{ GeV}, \Delta\phi(\mu^+\mu^-)/\pi > 0.9, \\ \Delta p_T(\mu^+\mu^-) &< 1 \text{ GeV} \end{aligned}$$

One vertex with two leptons and **no additional tracks**

Signal generated using LPAIR



- **17 observed candidates** for the $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ process, SM expectations : 16.3 ± 1.3 (syst.) signal and 0.85 ± 0.28 (syst.) background events
- Production cross-section for the $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ signal with 40 pb^{-1} at 7 TeV :

$$\sigma^{\text{prod}} = 3.38^{+0.58}_{-0.55} \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.16 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 0.14 \text{ (lumi.) pb}$$

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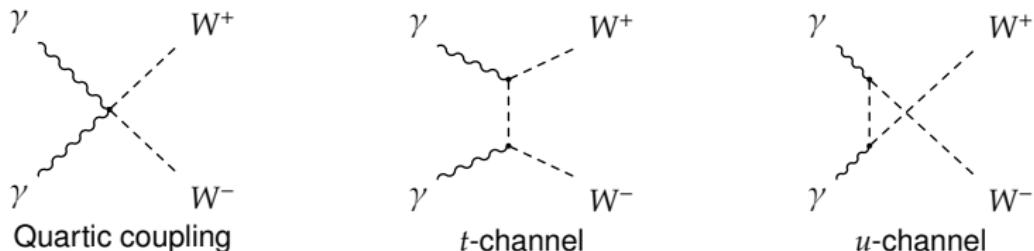
Inelastic yield

Search for $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$

Limits on anomalous quartic gauge couplings

③ Differential DY cross-section in pp collisions

④ The CMS-TOTEM Precision Proton Spectrometer



Motivations

- observe (or set limits on the production rate...)
- search for anomalous behaviours : *Anomalous Quartic Gauge Couplings* (AQGCs)

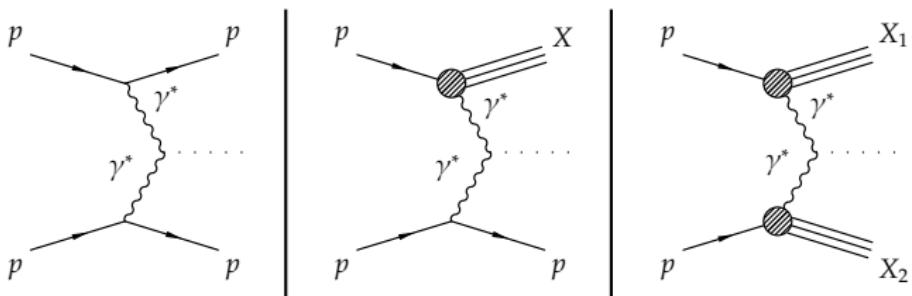
AQGC model

Effective Lagrangian (dimension-6 operators) : G. Belanger *et al.*, Eur.Phys.J. **C13** (2000) 283293

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{AQGC}} \ni \begin{cases} \mathcal{L}_6^c = -\frac{e^2}{16} \frac{a_c^W}{\Lambda^2} F_{\mu\alpha} F^{\mu\beta} (W^{+\alpha} W^{-\beta} - W^{-\alpha} W^{+\beta}) - \frac{e^2}{16 \cos^2 \theta_W} \frac{a_c^Z}{\Lambda^2} F_{\mu\alpha} F^{\mu\beta} Z^\alpha Z_\beta \\ \mathcal{L}_6^0 = -\frac{e^2}{8} \frac{a_0^W}{\Lambda^2} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} W^{+\alpha} W^{-\alpha} - \frac{e^2}{16 \cos^2 \theta_W} \frac{a_0^Z}{\Lambda^2} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} Z^\alpha Z_\alpha \end{cases}$$

Problematic

Currently, no kinematic information for the outgoing protons (or remnants)
→ How to quote a prediction for the single- and double-dissociative **inelastic contributions**, given the **pure elastic** scenario ?



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 → How to quote a prediction for the single- and double-dissociative **inelastic contributions**, given the **pure elastic** scenario ?

Inelastic contributions

Given the high statistics of the **dilepton channel**, inelastic part of the signal can be extracted from data for **any given phase space region** :

$$F = \frac{\text{sum of diagrams} + \text{diagram}}{\text{signal kinematic region}}$$

The equation shows the fraction F as a ratio. The numerator consists of two parts: a sum of three diagrams and a single diagram below it. The first diagram in the sum shows a proton-proton collision producing two photons (γ^*) which decay into a lepton-antilepton pair ($\ell^-\ell^+$). The second diagram shows a proton-proton collision producing a photon (γ^*), a lepton-antilepton pair ($\ell^-\ell^+$), and a final state particle X . The third diagram shows a proton-proton collision producing a photon (γ^*), a lepton-antilepton pair ($\ell^-\ell^+$), and two final state particles X_1 and X_2 . The denominator is a single diagram showing a proton-proton collision producing two photons (γ^*) which decay into a lepton-antilepton pair ($\ell^-\ell^+$).

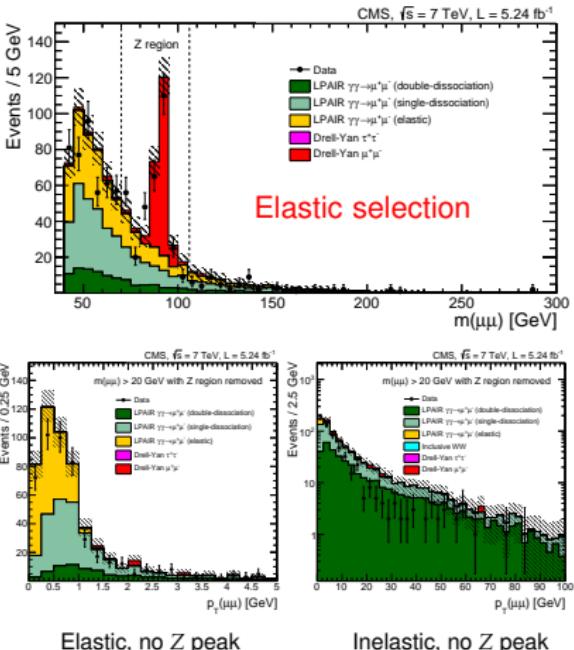
A look (back) at $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

JHEP 07 (2013) 116



Key features

- **"High-statistics"**, well-theoretically described channel
- Single lepton selection :
 $p_T(\mu) > 20 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta(\mu)| < 2.4$
- Two kinematic regions
 - **Elastic**-enhanced :
 $\Delta p_T < 1 \text{ GeV}$ and $\Delta\phi/\pi > 0.9$
 - **Dissociation**-enhanced : "anti-elastic"
- Dilepton primary vertex with no additional tracking activity



Region	Data	Data/MC
Elastic	820 ± 28.6	0.905 ± 0.044
Dissociative	1312 ± 36.2	0.717 ± 0.026

Overall agreement in the elastic region, **deficit** of data observed in the **dissociative region** (mainly at high $p_T(\mu\mu)$ values)
 → phenomenology of the rescattering effects not implemented in LPAIR so far...

Search strategy

Look for events with :

- **Two high-energy** well-reconstructed leptons associated to **one single vertex**
- **No extra tracks** on the primary vertex (exclusivity condition)

Extract prediction for the **observation cross-section** for the $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$ process

Inelastic yield

Data-driven “inelastic scaling factor” F defined using the region :

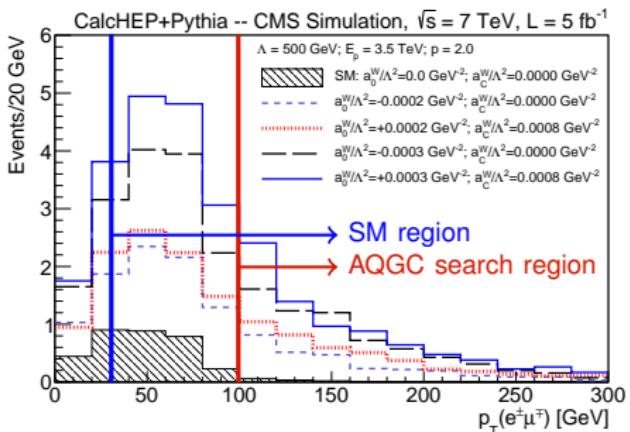
$$m(\ell^\pm \ell^\mp) > 160 \text{ GeV} \simeq 2 \times M_W$$

Overall **signal scaling** to take into account **inelastic contributions** for $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$:

$$F = 3.23 \pm 0.53 \text{ (stat. + syst.)}$$

Preselection

- $e - \mu$ triggers with **asymmetric p_T thresholds** ($H \rightarrow W^+W^-$ searches)
- $m(e\mu) > 20$ GeV
- Single lepton** identification :
 - $p_T(\mu), E_T(e) > 20$ GeV
 - $|\eta(\mu)|, |\eta(e)| < 2.4$
- No additional tracks** on dilepton vertex



Cut	Visible cross-section	Rem. data events
Trigger	1.1 fb	9086
$m(e\mu) > 20$ GeV	1.1 fb	8200
μ, e identification	0.9 fb	724
Exclusivity condition	0.6 fb	6
$p_T(e\mu) > 30$ GeV	0.4 fb	2

Signal generated using CalcHEP 2.5.4, W decay with Pythia 6.422

Region	SM	AQGCs
Background Signal	0.84 ± 0.15 2.2 ± 0.4	0.14 ± 0.02
Observed	2	0

- **SM region** ($p_T(e\mu) > 30$ GeV)

Observed production cross-section

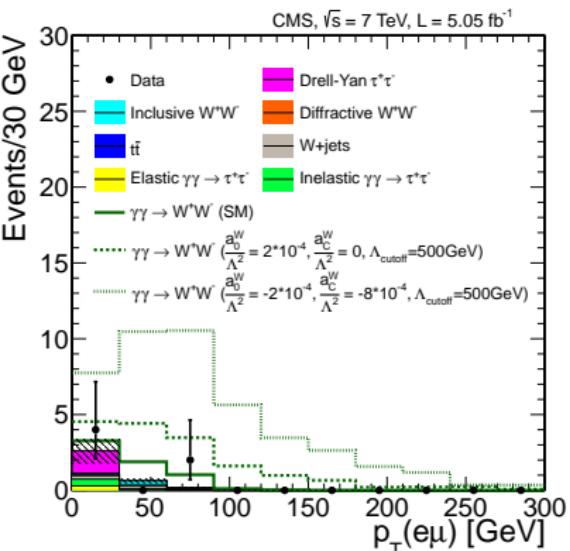
$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\text{obs}}(pp \rightarrow p^{(*)}(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-)p^{(*)}) \\ \times BR(W^\pm \rightarrow \mu^\pm\nu, e^\pm\nu) = 2.2^{+3.3}_{-2.0} \text{ fb} \\ (\text{SM prediction} = 4.0 \pm 0.7 \text{ fb}) \end{aligned}$$

- **AQGC region** ($p_T(e\mu) > 100$ GeV)

Upper limit on production cross-section at 95% C.L. :

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow p^{(*)}(\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-)p^{(*)}) \times BR(W^\pm \rightarrow \mu^\pm\nu, e^\pm\nu) < 1.9 \text{ fb}$$

which can be translated into limits on AQGCs...

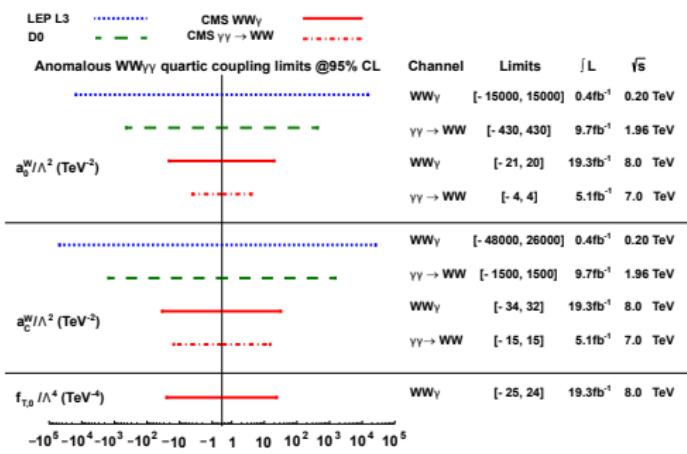


... limits on anomalous quartic gauge couplings

JHEP 07 (2013) 116

1-D limits at 95% C.L. on the anomalous parameters (in GeV^{-2}) :

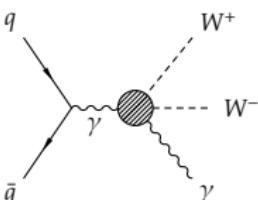
		OPAL (2004)	DØ (2013)	CMS $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow WW$ (2013)
a_0^W / Λ^2 [GeV $^{-2}$]	no form factor $\Lambda_{\text{cutoff}} = 500$ GeV	$\pm 2 \times 10^{-2}$	$\pm 4.3 \times 10^{-4}$ $\pm 2.5 \times 10^{-3}$	$\pm 4.0 \times 10^{-6}$ $\pm 1.5 \times 10^{-4}$
a_c^W / Λ^2 [GeV $^{-2}$]	no form factor $\Lambda_{\text{cutoff}} = 500$ GeV	$+3.7 \times 10^{-2}$ -5.2	$\pm 1.5 \times 10^{-3}$ $\pm 9.2 \times 10^{-3}$	$\pm 1.5 \times 10^{-5}$ $\pm 5.0 \times 10^{-4}$



Up to **two orders of magnitude** improvements to previously fixed limits

- OPAL (LEP2, $e^+ e^-$) [arXiv:0402021]
- DØ (Tevatron, $p\bar{p}$) [arXiv:1305.1258]

Still tighter than the **fully inclusive** CMS $WW\gamma$ study [arXiv:1404.4619] :



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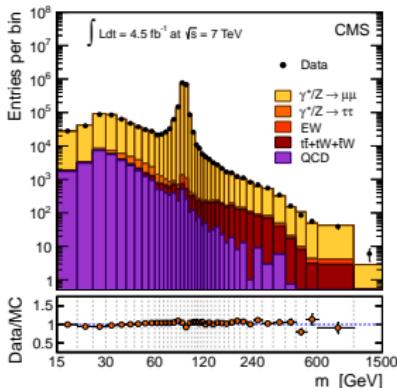
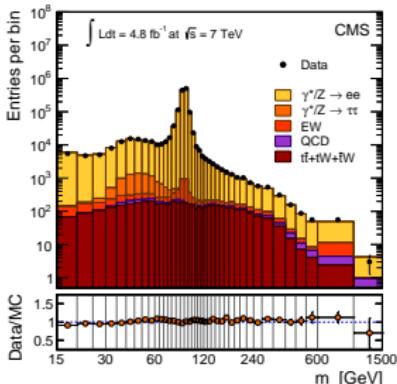
④ The CMS-TOTEM Precision Proton Spectrometer

Study of the **differential** ($m_{\ell\ell}$) and
double-differential ($m_{\ell\ell}, |y|$) Drell-Yan
 cross-sections :

$$\frac{d\sigma_{\text{DY}}}{dm_{ee}}, \quad \frac{d\sigma_{\text{DY}}}{dm_{\mu\mu}}, \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{d^2\sigma_{\text{DY}}}{dm_{\mu\mu} d|y|}$$

Key features

- Di-muons, di-electron, and combined mass ranges :
 - $15 \text{ GeV} < m_{\ell\ell} < 1500 \text{ GeV}$ (sing.-differ. $ee, \mu\mu$)
 - $20 \text{ GeV} < m_{\mu\mu} < 1500 \text{ GeV}$ (doub.-differ. $\mu\mu$)
- Single lepton acceptance :
 - $|\eta(e)| < 2.5, E_T(e) > 10, 20 \text{ GeV}$
 - $|\eta(\mu)| < 2.4, p_T(\mu) > 9, 14 \text{ GeV}$
- Normalisation to the Z -peak region
 $(60 \text{ GeV} < m_{\ell\ell} < 120 \text{ GeV})$

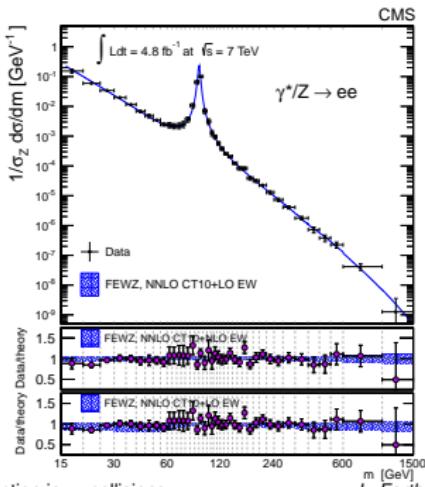


- Comparison to NLO (Powheg-Pythia), NNLO (Fewz) predictions for **various PDF sets** : CT10, NNPDF2.1, MSTW2008, HERAPDF15, JR09, ABKM09, and CT10W
- Unfolding** to extract the differential (and double-differential) cross-sections
- Total cross-section** (combined channels) :

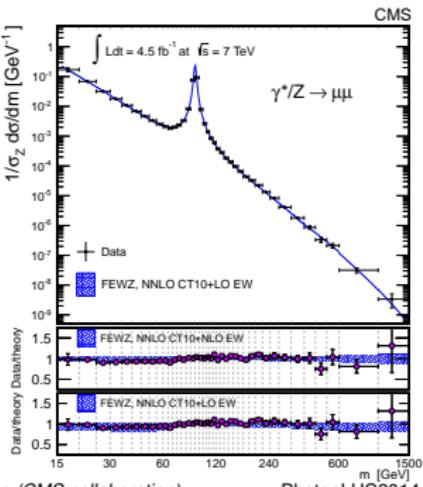
$$\sigma_{\text{obs}}^{\text{total}} = 986.4 \pm 0.6 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 5.9 \text{ (exp. syst.)} \pm 21.7 \text{ (th. syst.)} \pm 21.7 \text{ (lum.) pb}$$

- Cross-section in Z region** (combined, $60 < m_{\ell\ell} < 120 \text{ GeV}$, $|y| < 2.4$)

$$\sigma_{\text{obs}}^{\text{Z region}} = 524.7 \pm 0.4 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 5.1 \text{ (exp. syst.)} \pm 1.2 \text{ (th. syst.)} \pm 11.5 \text{ (lum.) pb}$$



Differential DY cross-section in pp collisions



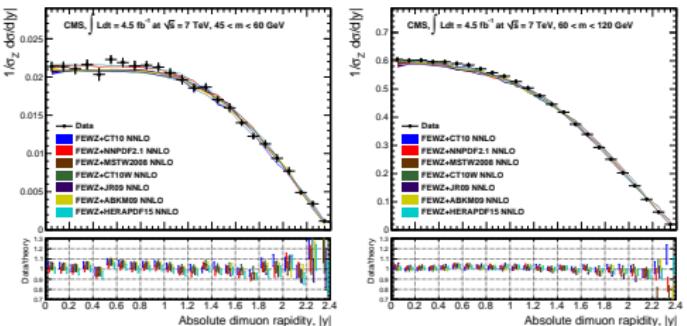
L. Forthomme (CMS collaboration)

Differential and double-differential DY cross-sections

JHEP 12 (2013) 030

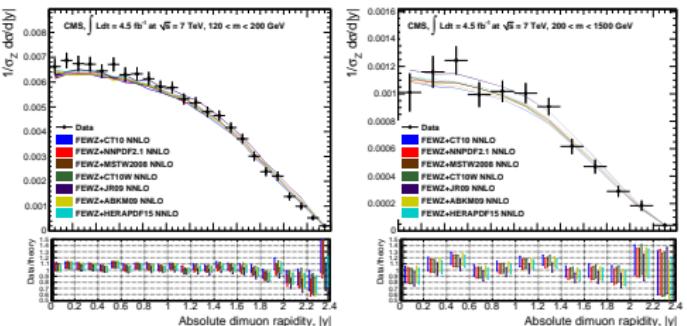


- Double-differential** cross-section knowledge enables the probe of $|y|$ for each mass bin
- NNPDF2.1 describes well for low $m_{\mu\mu}$, and JR09 overshoots data for high masses



What about the $\gamma\gamma$ processes ?

- $pp \rightarrow p^{(*)}\gamma\gamma p^{(*)} \rightarrow p^{(*)}\ell^+\ell^- p^{(*)}$ treated as a background
- Taken into account in the LO-NLO differences of the EW corrections
- Yield : up to **10% differences in high-mass regions**
- Generator : Fewz v3.1.b2



Double-diff. cross-sections ranges (μ channel) probing :
 $(|y| < 2.4 \text{ and } 20 < m_{\ell\ell} < 1500 \text{ GeV})$

$$3 \times 10^{-4} < x < 0.5, \\ 500 \text{ GeV}^2 < Q^2 < 9 \times 10^4 \text{ GeV}^2$$

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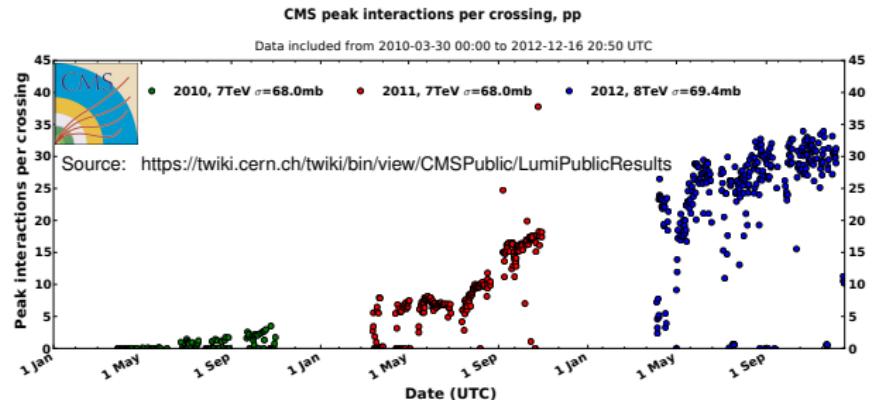
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General motivations

With **increasing number of primary vertices** in each event, (track-based) selection efficiency drops for exclusive $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$, $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$, $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \dots$ searches

2 solutions

- loosen the exclusivity condition (no extra tracks)
- add information on the primary vertex location

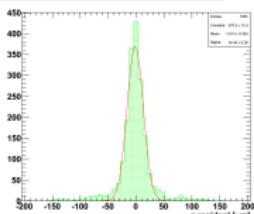
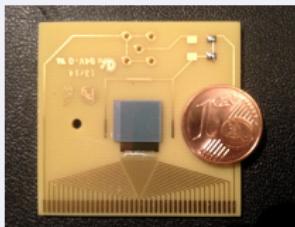
Key points

Set of detectors to be installed in the (very-)forward region of CMS (220-240 m) to :

- Tag the unfragmented protons at high luminosity / low β^*

- Reconstruct their kinematics
(embedded **tracking** system)

- 3D silicon sensors
(+ CMS PSI46Dig readout)
- Preliminary tests :
 $\sigma_{x,y} \sim 11\text{-}13 \mu\text{m}$



- Match the interaction with the central system (**timing** detectors)

- $\sigma_t \sim 10 \text{ ps}$ for a 2 mm vertex-z resolution
- Fine granularity (high hit occupancy)
- Radiation hardness
- Several designs under study : Čerenkov (QUARTIC, GasToF), diamond sensor (R&D)

2 designs under investigation :

- Roman Pots (in collaboration with TOTEM)
- Moveable beam pipe

Prototype to be installed and tested in 2015,
TDR to be released soon

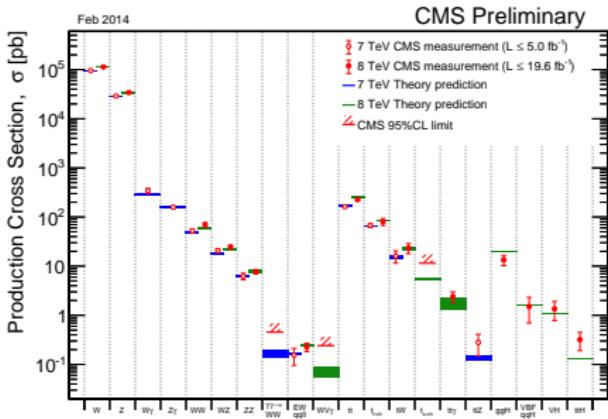
Precision physics

- **Searches for** $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$
 - Search for $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$
 - Differential DY cross-section
-
- Observation of **17** exclusive $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ events
 - Exclusive $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ production cross-section (40 pb⁻¹ at 7 TeV) :

$$\sigma^{\text{prod}} = 3.38^{+0.58}_{-0.55} \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.16 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 0.14 \text{ (lumi.) pb}$$

Precision physics

- Searches for $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-$
 - **Search for** $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+ W^-$
 - Differential DY cross-section
-
- Still one of the lowest production cross-section probed at the LHC (~ 100 fb)
 - LEP constraints on AQGCs overshot by two order of magnitude
 - Competitiveness of exclusive searches wrt fully inclusive ones



Precision physics

- Searches for $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$
- Search for $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^-$
- **Differential DY cross-section**

- Accurate measurement of differential $\sigma(Z, \gamma^* \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-)$ with respect to $m_{\ell\ell}$ (and $|y|$ for $\mu\mu$)
- Most precise inclusive Z cross-section observations ($60 < m_{\ell\ell} < 120$ GeV) at a hadron collider
- $d^2\sigma/dm_{\mu\mu}dy$ comparison with actual PDF sets provides an efficient probe to update them, first observation at a hadron collider

Backup

$\text{PP} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ analysis

Cut	Remaining events
Trigger	3023496
Photon reconstruction	1683526
Photon identification	40692
Cosmic rays rejection	34234
Exclusivity condition	0

 $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ analysis

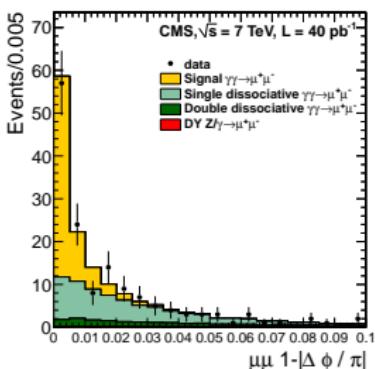
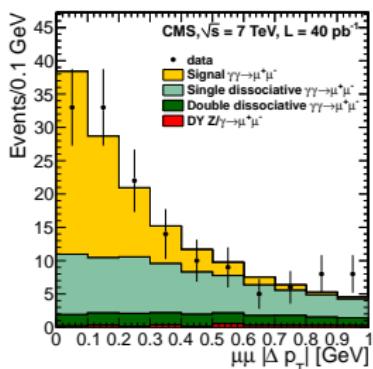
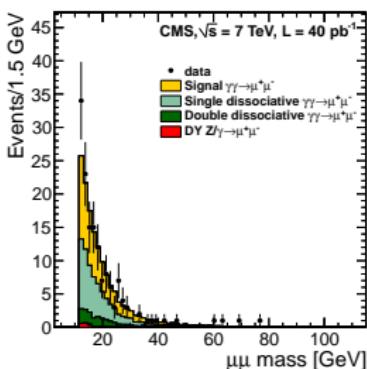
Cut	Remaining events
Trigger	3023496
Electron reconstruction	132271
Electron identification	1668
Cosmic rays rejection	1321
Exclusivity condition	17

Rapidity gap survival probability

Process	State	S^2
Elastic		1
Single-dissociation	low mass	0.86 ± 0.03
	high mass	0.81 ± 0.03
Double-dissociation	low mass & low mass	0.3–0.45
	low mass & high mass	0.2–0.28
	high mass & high mass	0.08–0.16

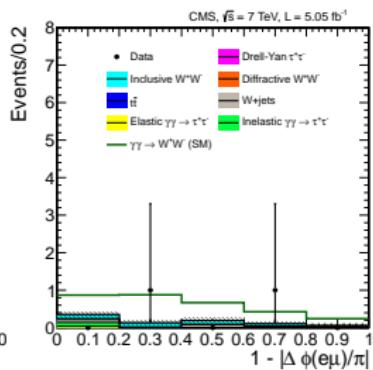
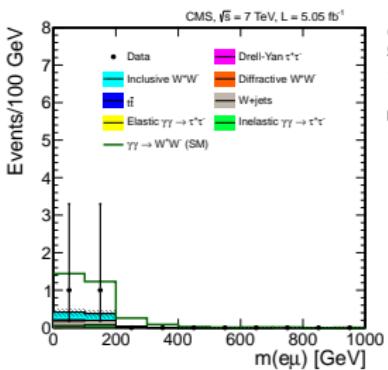
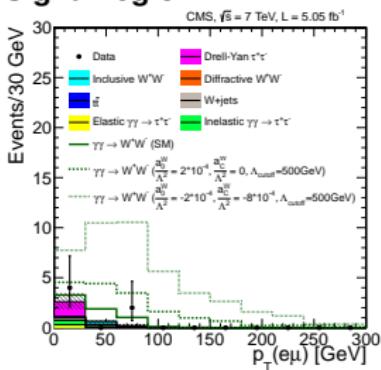
Low mass : $M_X < 2.0\text{--}2.5 \text{ GeV}$

Cut	Remaining events
Trigger	7.87×10^6
Exclusivity condition	921
Muon identification	724
$p_T(\mu) > 4 \text{ GeV}, \eta(\mu) < 2.1$	438
$m(\mu\mu) > 11.5 \text{ GeV}$	270
3D angle $< 0.95\pi$	257
$1 - \Delta\phi(\mu\mu) /\pi < 0.1$	203
$\Delta p_T(\mu\mu) < 1 \text{ GeV}$	148



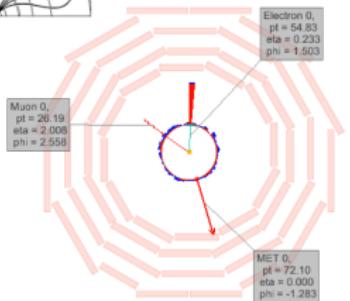
Cut	Remaining events
Trigger	9086
$m(\mu\mu) > 20$ GeV	8200
Muon, electron identification	724
Exclusivity condition	6
$p_T(\mu\mu) > 30$ GeV	2

Signal region

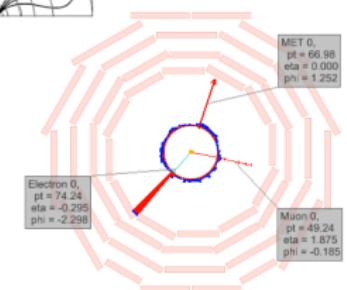




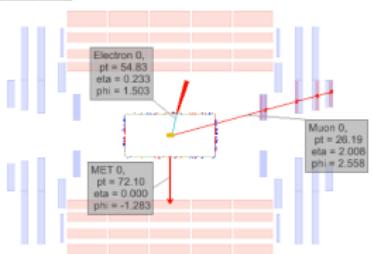
CMS Experiment at LHC, CERN
Data recorded: Tue Apr 26 02:04:57 2011 CEST
Run/Event: 163402 / 256774116
Lumi section: 391
Orbit/Crossing: 102356584 / 1972



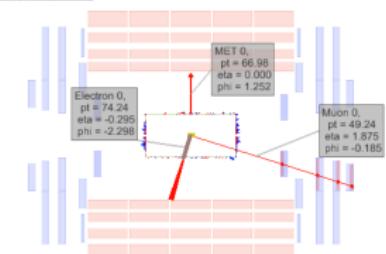
CMS Experiment at LHC, CERN
Data recorded: Mon Sep 26 19:02:09 2011 CEST
Run/Event: 177201 / 318972926
Lumi section: 254
Orbit/Crossing: 66499838 / 3254



CMS Experiment at LHC, CERN
Data recorded: Tue Apr 26 02:04:57 2011 CEST
Run/Event: 163402 / 256774116
Lumi section: 391
Orbit/Crossing: 102356584 / 1972



CMS Experiment at LHC, CERN
Data recorded: Mon Sep 26 19:02:09 2011 CEST
Run/Event: 177201 / 318972926
Lumi section: 254
Orbit/Crossing: 66499838 / 3254



First candidate events
Only tracks from the $e\mu$ primary vertex, pileup events hidden

σ_{obs} in the Z-peak region in det. acceptance
($60 < m < 120$ GeV, $|y| < 2.4$)

Data	524.7 ± 0.4 (stat.) ± 5.1 (exp. syst.) ± 1.2 (th. syst.) ± 11.5 (lum.) pb
CT10 NNLO	534.29 ± 0.36 (stat) ± 16.60 (PDF) pb
NNPDF2.1 NNLO	524.76 ± 0.68 (stat) ± 6.38 (PDF) pb
MSTW2008 NNLO	524.02 ± 0.38 (stat.) ± 17.46 (PDF) pb
JR09 NNLO	485.97 ± 0.36 (stat.) ± 11.78 (PDF) pb
ABKM09 NNLO	534.69 ± 0.43 (stat.) ± 9.30 (PDF) pb
HERAPDF15 NNLO	531.92 ± 0.23 (stat.) ± 6.25 (PDF) pb
