



# Future of Composite Dynamics

Francesco Sannino

CP<sup>3</sup> - Origins

Particle Physics & Cosmology

Portoroz 2013

# Fermi Scale

$$v = 1/\sqrt{\sqrt{2}G_F} \approx 246 \text{ GeV}$$

# Fermi Scale

$$v = 1/\sqrt{\sqrt{2}G_F} \approx 246 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_H^2=2\lambda\, v^2$$

# Natural SM mass spectrum

$$v = 1/\sqrt{\sqrt{2}G_F} \approx 246 \text{ GeV}$$

# Natural SM mass spectrum

$$v = 1/\sqrt{\sqrt{2}G_F} \approx 246 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_W = g \frac{v}{2} \approx g \text{ 123 GeV}$$

# Natural SM mass spectrum

$$v = 1/\sqrt{\sqrt{2}G_F} \approx 246 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_W = g \frac{v}{2} \approx g \text{ 123 GeV}$$

$$M_H = \sqrt{\lambda/2} v \approx \sqrt{\lambda} 345 \text{ GeV}$$

# Natural SM mass spectrum

$$v = 1/\sqrt{\sqrt{2}G_F} \approx 246 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_W = g \frac{v}{2} \approx g \text{ 123 GeV}$$

$$M_H = \sqrt{\lambda/2} v \approx \sqrt{\lambda} \text{ 345 GeV}$$

$$m_f = \lambda_f \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \approx \lambda_f \text{ 174 GeV}$$

# Natural SM mass spectrum

$$v = 1/\sqrt{\sqrt{2}G_F} \approx 246 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_W = g \frac{v}{2} \approx g 123 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_H = \sqrt{\lambda/2} v \approx \sqrt{\lambda} 345 \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_f = \lambda_f \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \approx \lambda_f 174 \text{ GeV}$$

Top has the right energy scale!

# Natural SM mass spectrum

$$v = 1/\sqrt{\sqrt{2}G_F} \approx 246 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_W = g \frac{v}{2} \approx g 123 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_H = \sqrt{\lambda/2} v \approx \sqrt{\lambda} 345 \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_f = \lambda_f \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \approx \lambda_f 174 \text{ GeV} \quad \text{or zero}$$

Top has the right energy scale!

# Natural SM mass spectrum

$$v = 1/\sqrt{\sqrt{2}G_F} \approx 246 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_W = g \frac{v}{2} \approx g 123 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_H = \sqrt{\lambda/2} v \approx \sqrt{\lambda} 345 \text{ GeV}$$

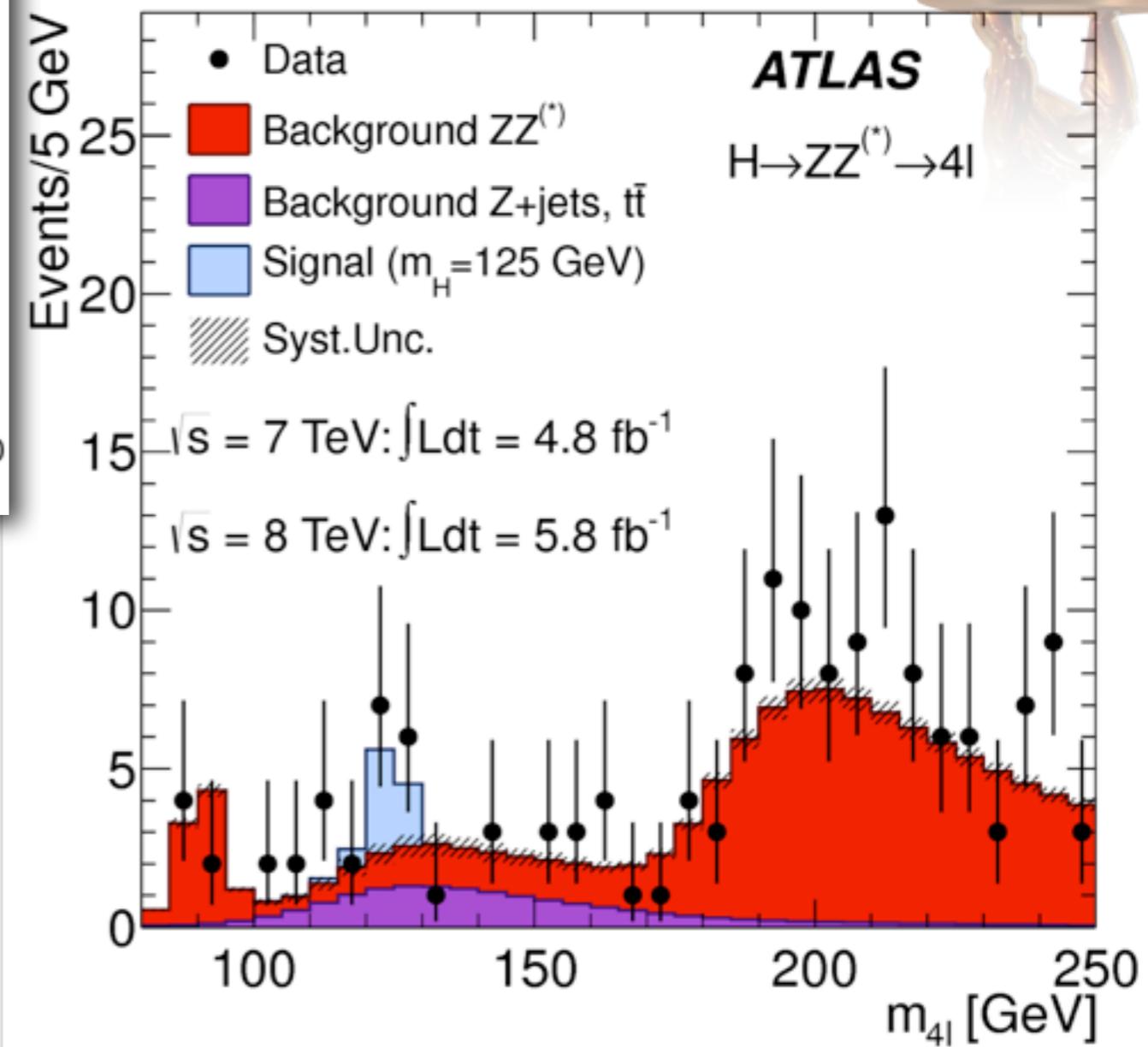
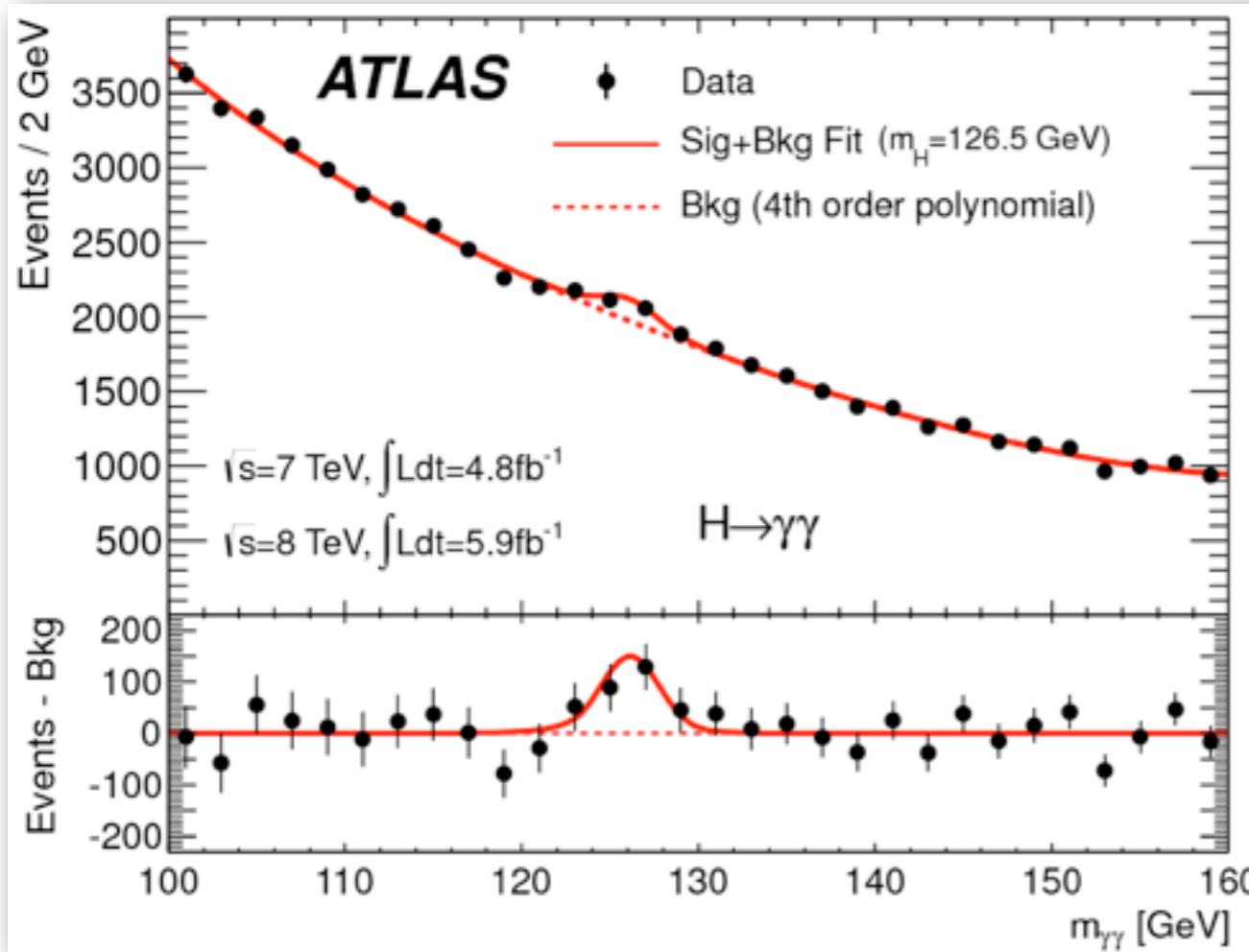
$$m_f = \lambda_f \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \approx \lambda_f 174 \text{ GeV} \quad \text{or zero}$$

Top has the right energy scale!

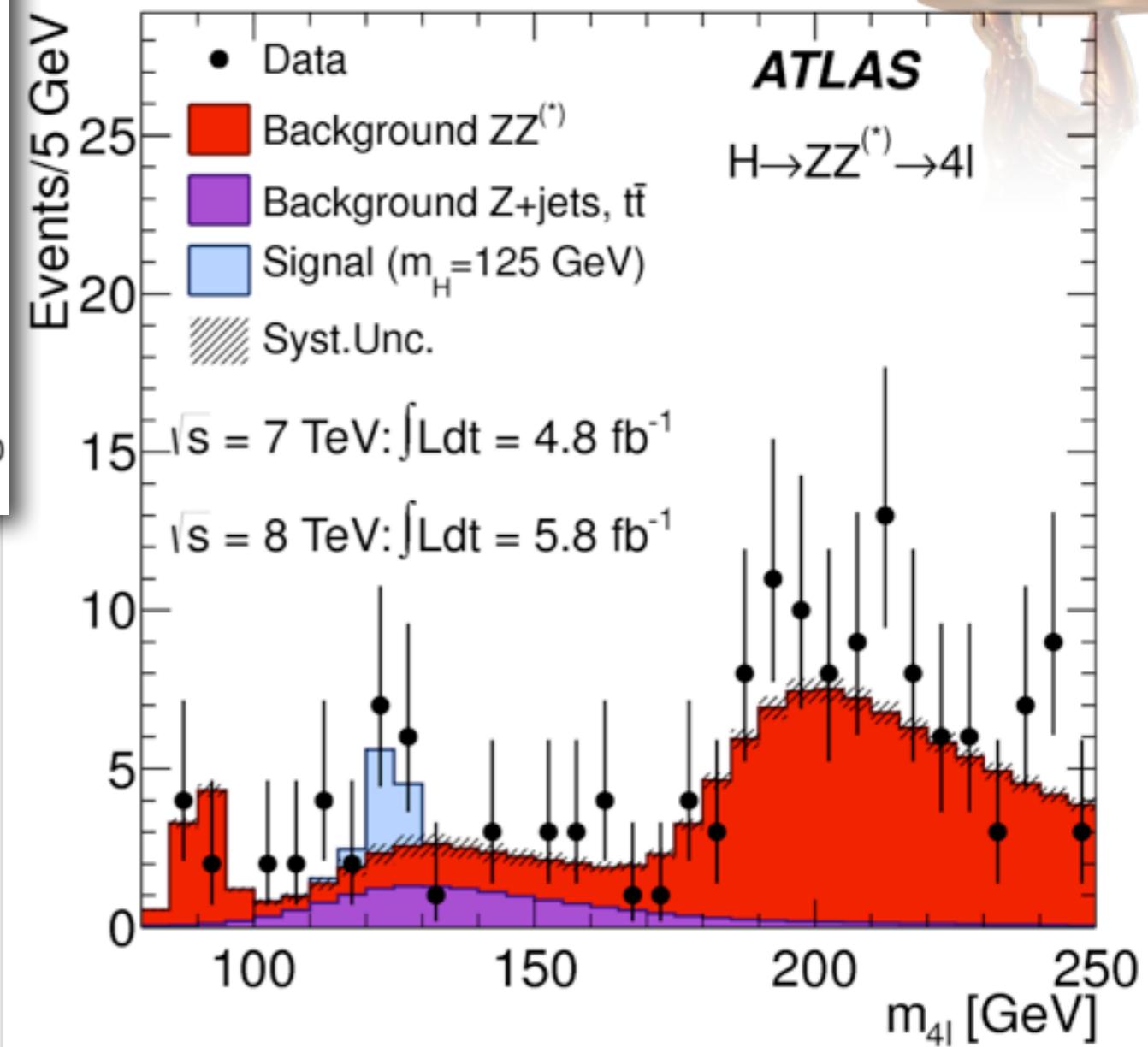
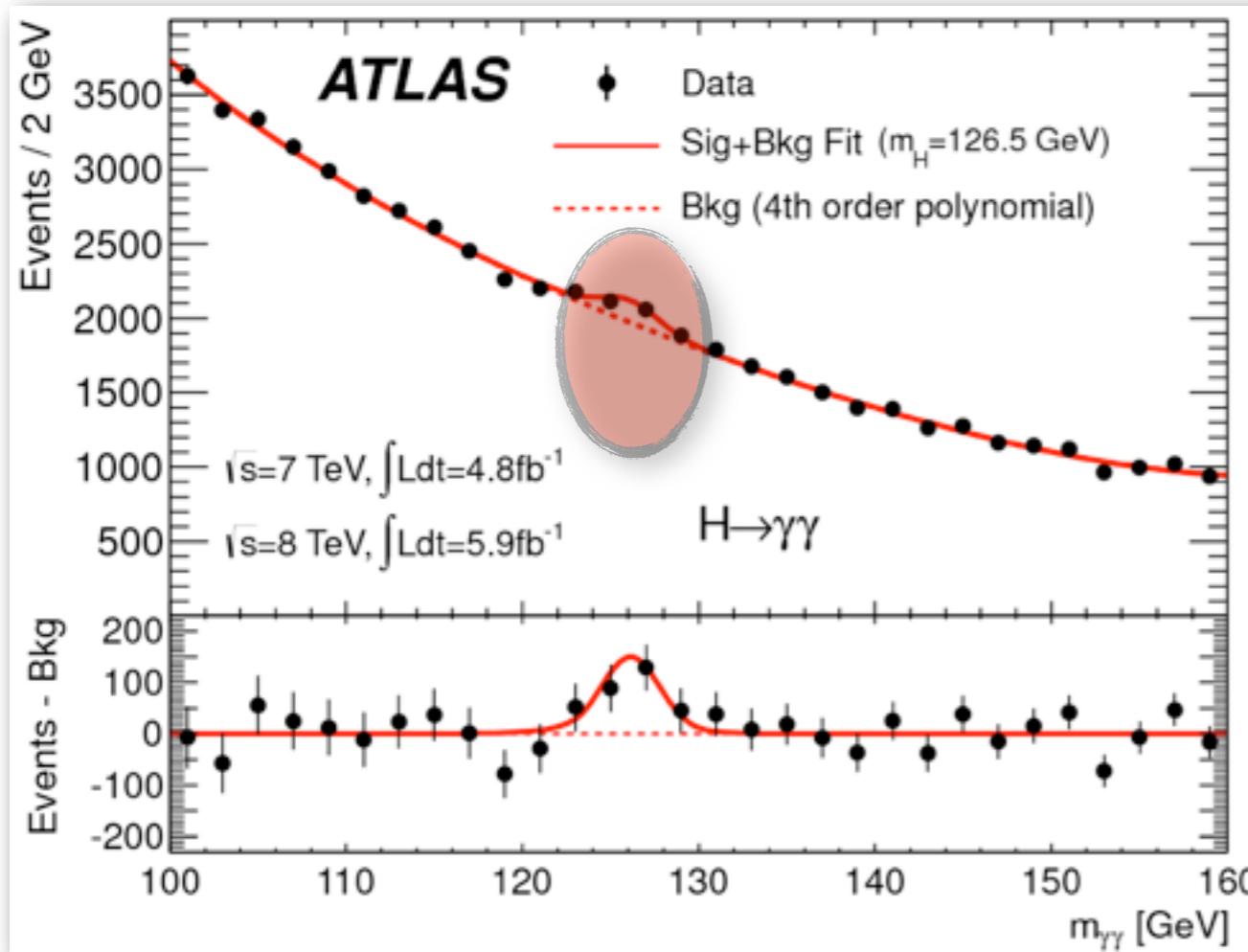
Light quarks and leptons are also natural!

# The scent of the Higgs

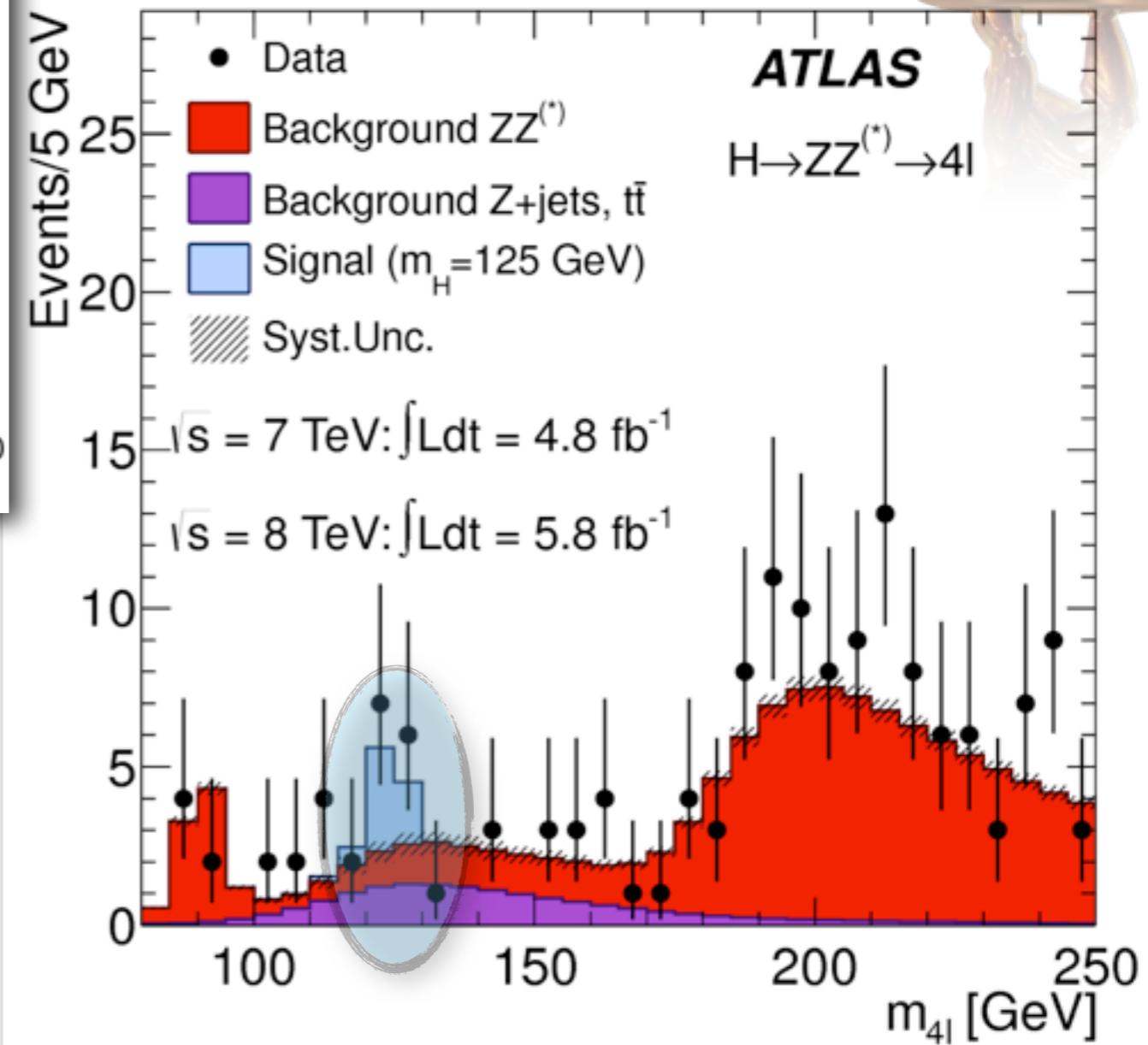
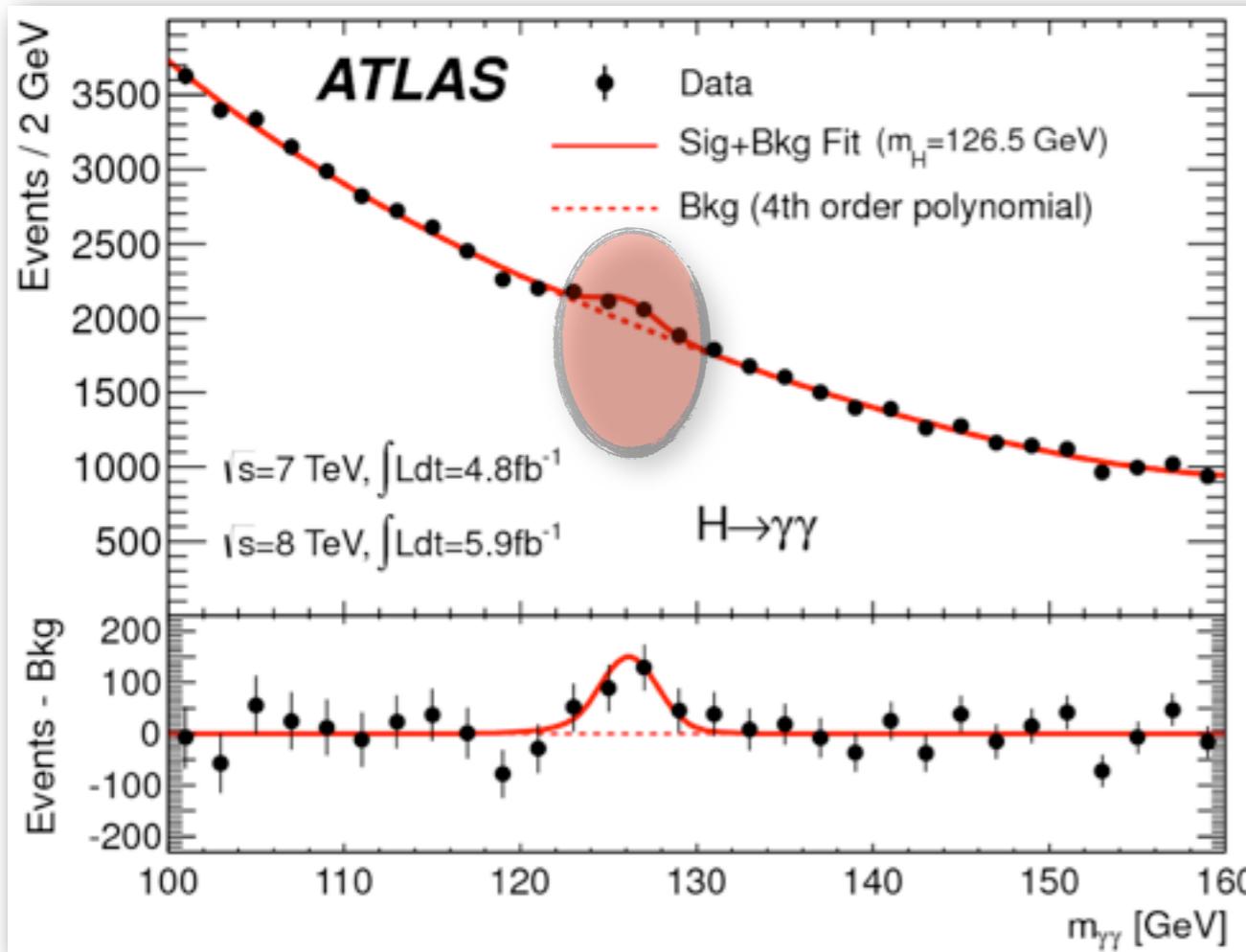
# 2 bumps



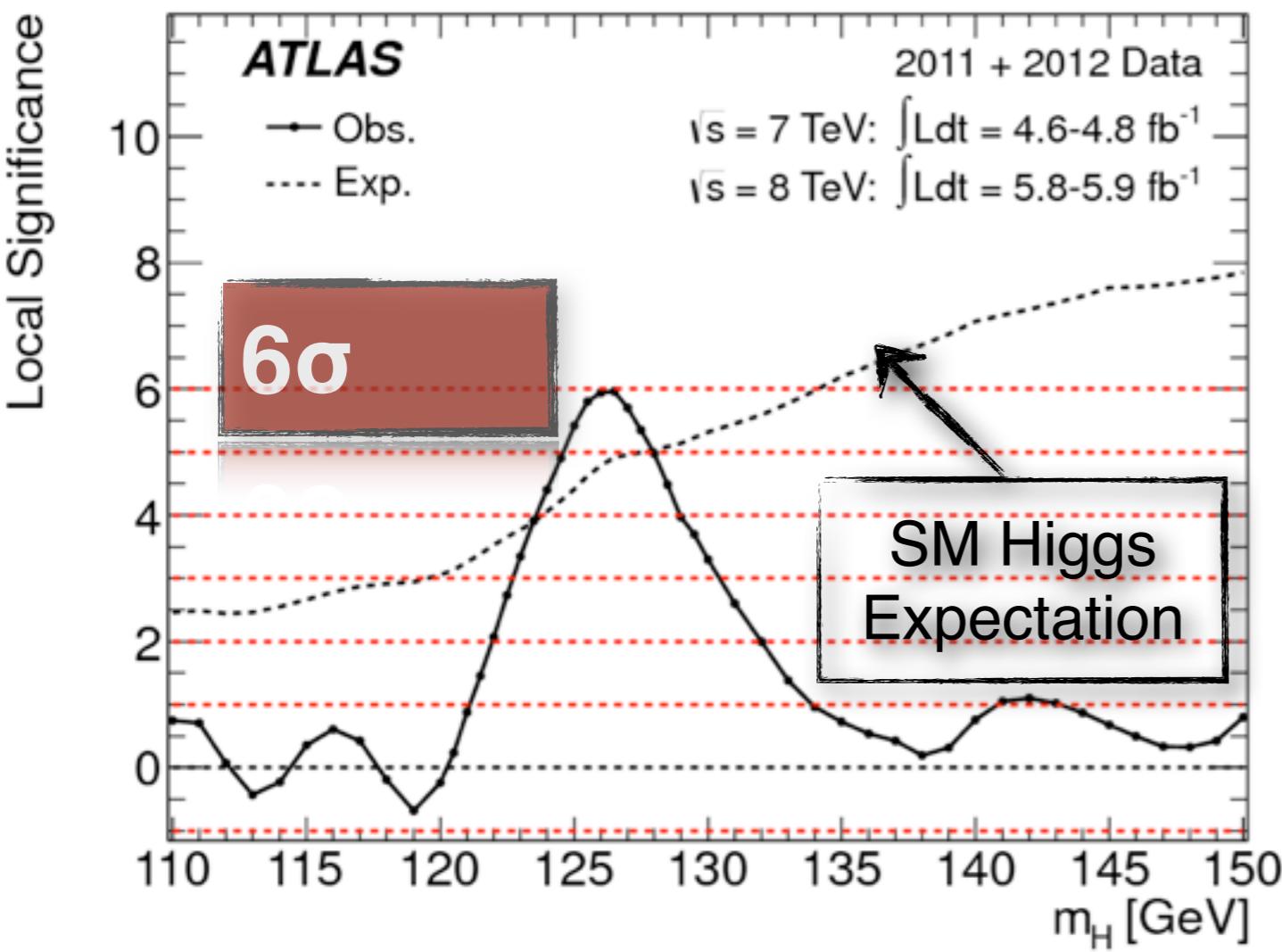
# 2 bumps



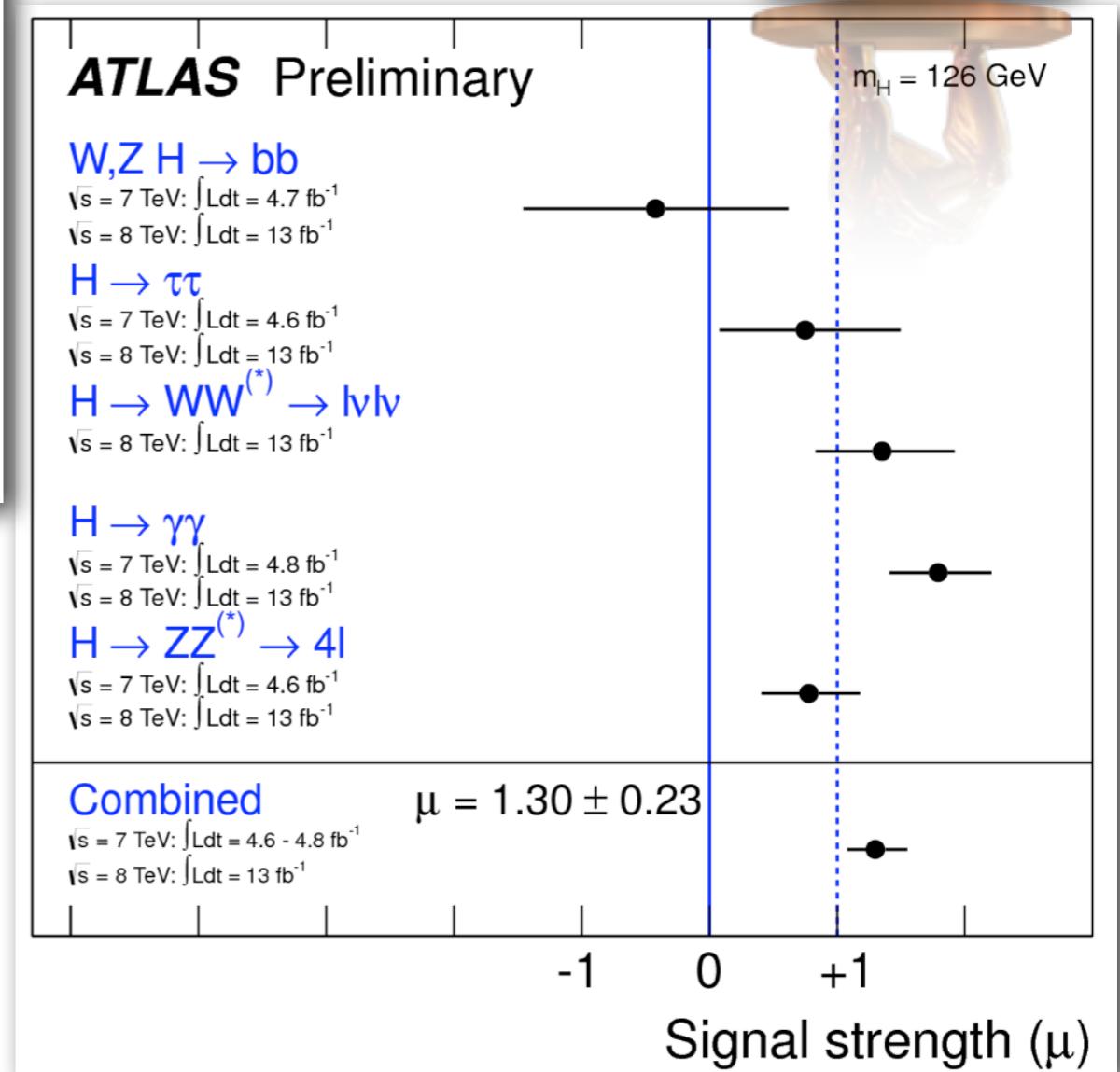
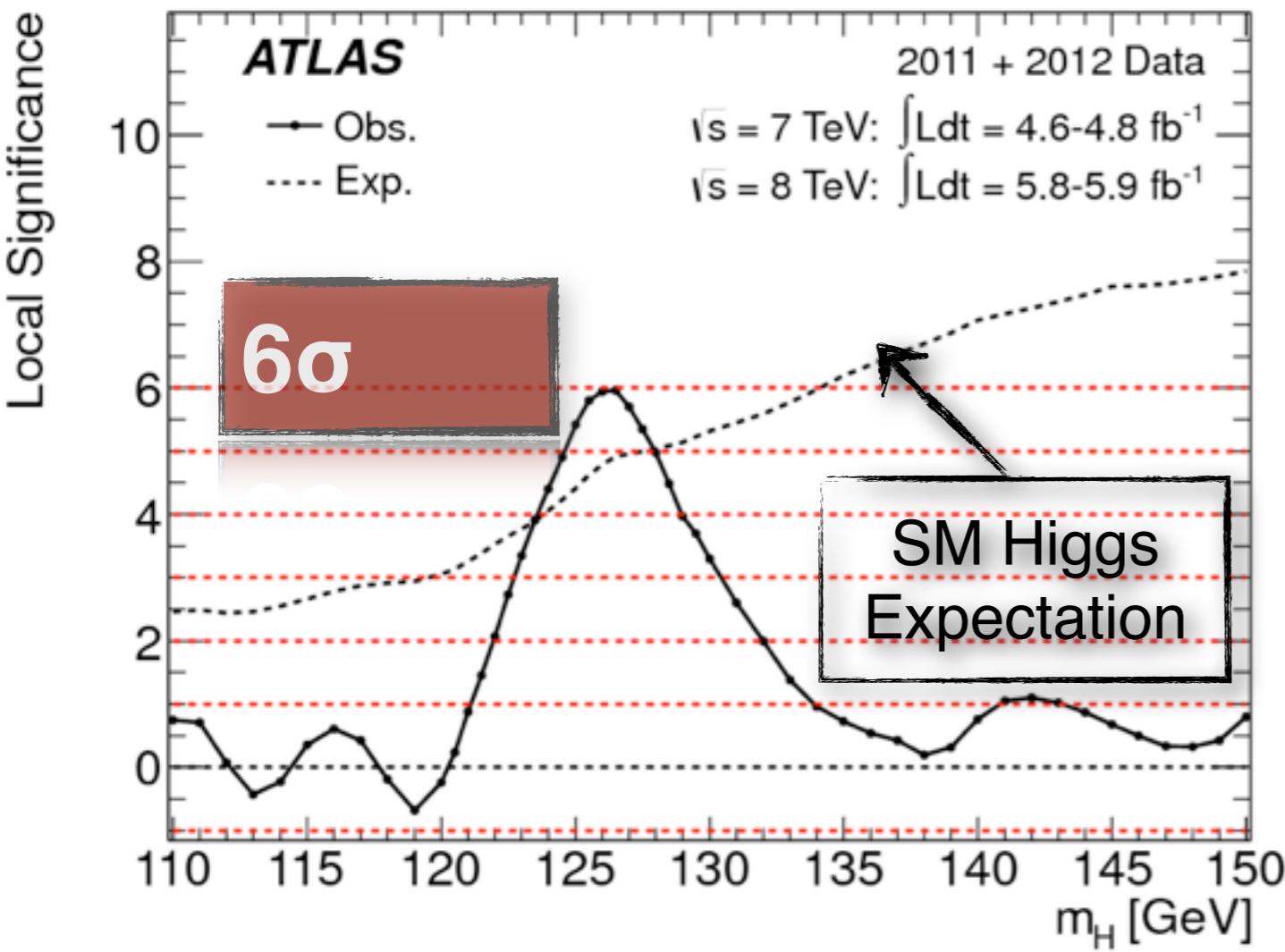
# 2 bumps



# Higgs discovery



# Higgs discovery

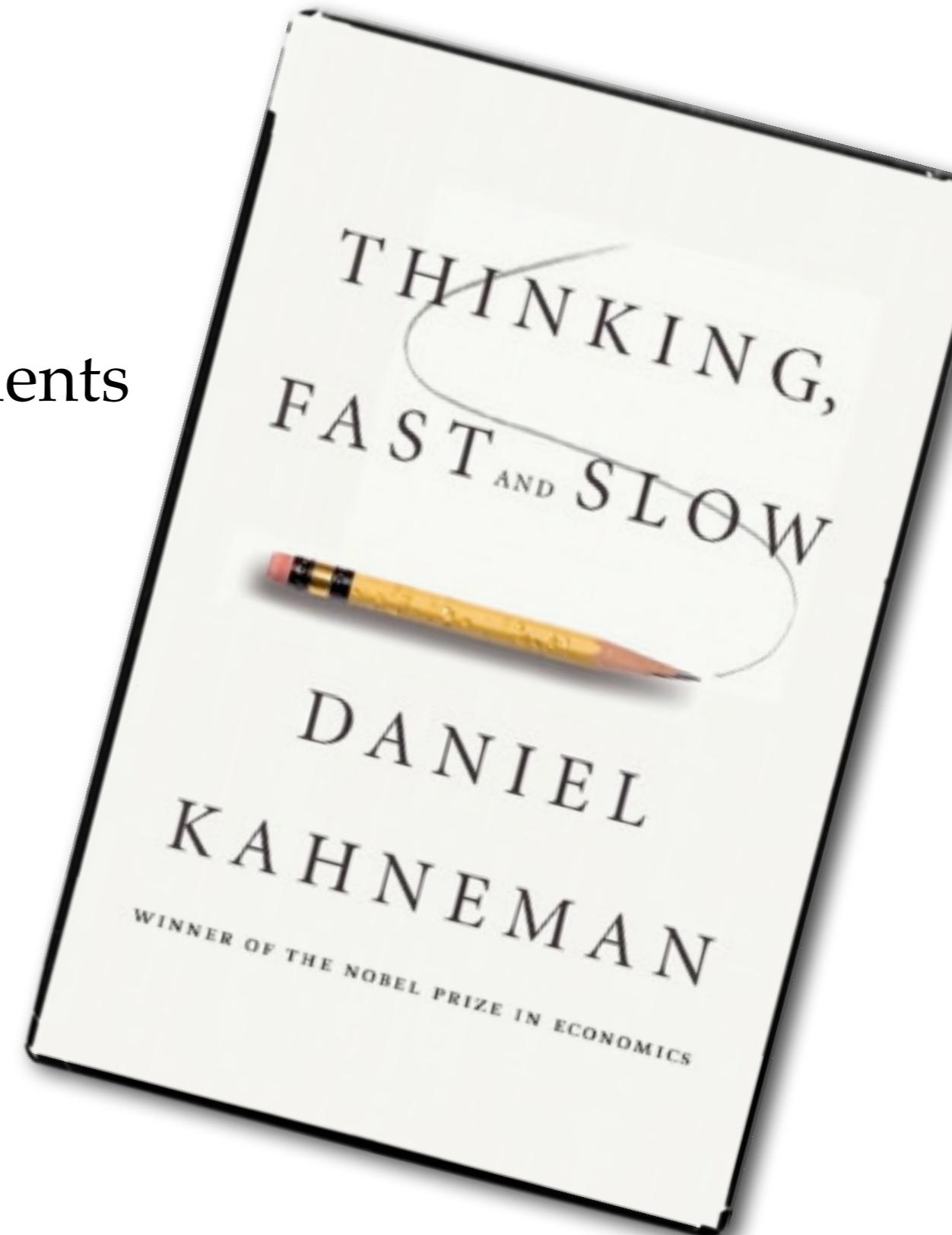


# Fundamental ?

- Would be the first time
- Spinors are space-time constituents
- Scalars are derived
- Susy? Can be emergent

In <4d: Sung-Sik Lee 06

4d: Antipin, Mojaza, Pica, Sannino 10



# Compositeness

- Only Higgs sector is composite [Technicolor]
- Standard Model Fermions are composite [Preons]
- Partial compositeness: Bosonic/SUSY Technicolor ...
- X compositeness [Magnetic Standard Model] Sannino 11

# What has LHC not seen ?

- Extra large, small or medium dimensions [kk states,..]
- Any sign of supersymmetry [gluino,...]
- Extra, mini, large Black-Holes [low scale gravity]

# What has LHC not seen ?

- Extra large, small or medium dimensions [kk states,...]
- Any sign of supersymmetry [gluino,...]
- Extra, mini, large Black-Holes [low scale gravity]

In line with:

Composite dynamics

# Technicolor

# From SM to TC

$$DH^\dagger DH - V(H) + \bar{\Psi}_L H \psi_R$$

# From SM to TC

$$DH^\dagger DH - V(H) + \bar{\Psi}_L H \psi_R$$



$$m_W^2 WW$$

# From SM to TC

$$DH^\dagger DH - V(H) + \bar{\Psi}_L H \psi_R$$



$$m_W^2 WW$$



$$m_\psi \bar{\Psi}_L \Psi_R$$

# From SM to TC

$$DH^\dagger DH - V(H) + \bar{\Psi}_L H \psi_R$$



$$m_W^2 WW$$



$$m_\psi \bar{\psi}_L \psi_R$$

TC

# From SM to TC

$$DH^\dagger DH - V(H) + \bar{\Psi}_L H \psi_R$$



$$m_W^2 WW$$

$$m_\psi \bar{\Psi}_L \psi_R$$

TC

Extended TC

# From SM to TC

$$DH^\dagger DH - V(H) + \bar{\Psi}_L H \psi_R$$

$$m_W^2 WW$$

$$m_\psi \bar{\psi}_L \psi_R$$

TC



Extended TC

# Technicolor vs Composite Higgs

# Technicolor vs Composite Higgs

- Technicolor:

# Technicolor vs Composite Higgs

- Technicolor:

Composite Higgs theory with a 4D underlying theory

# Technicolor vs Composite Higgs

- Technicolor:

Composite Higgs theory with a 4D underlying theory

- Composite Higgs:

# Technicolor vs Composite Higgs

- Technicolor:

Composite Higgs theory with a 4D underlying theory

- Composite Higgs:

Higgs is a pGB. Need to generate mass and keep it small

# Technicolor vs Composite Higgs

- Technicolor:

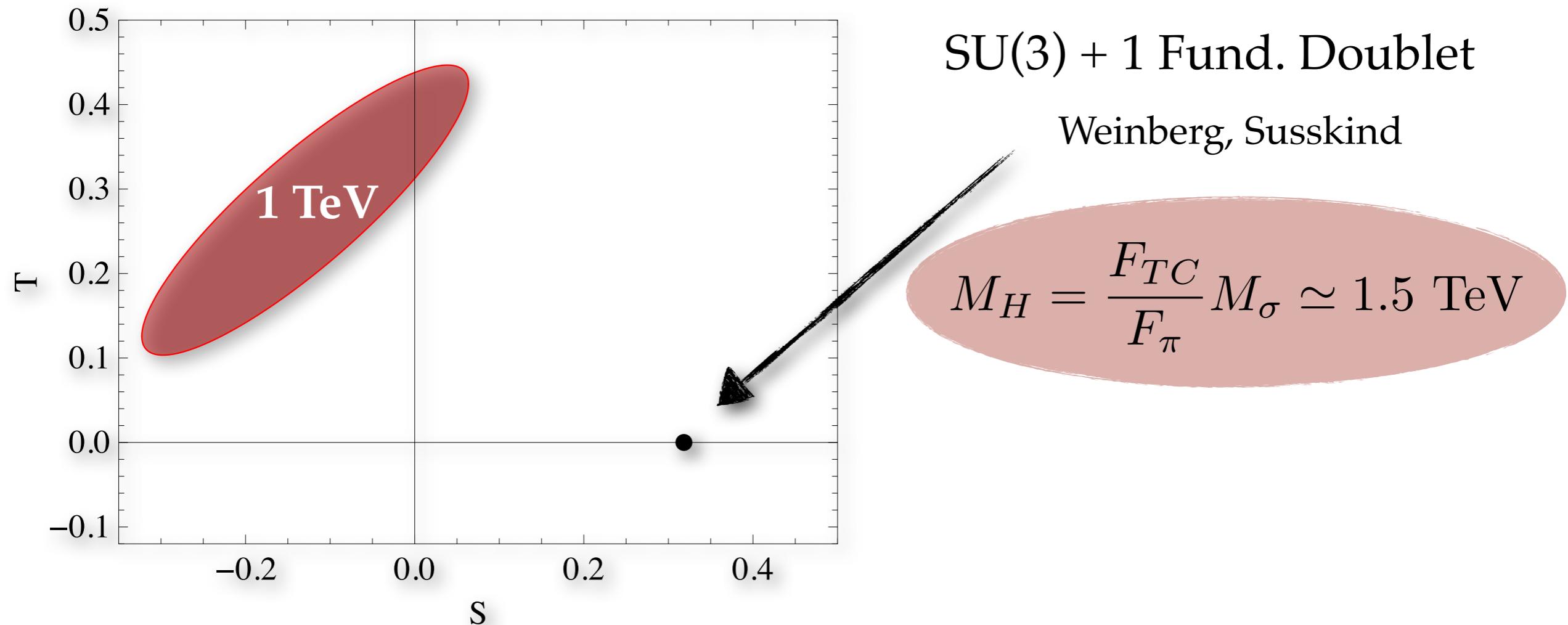
Composite Higgs theory with a 4D underlying theory

- Composite Higgs:

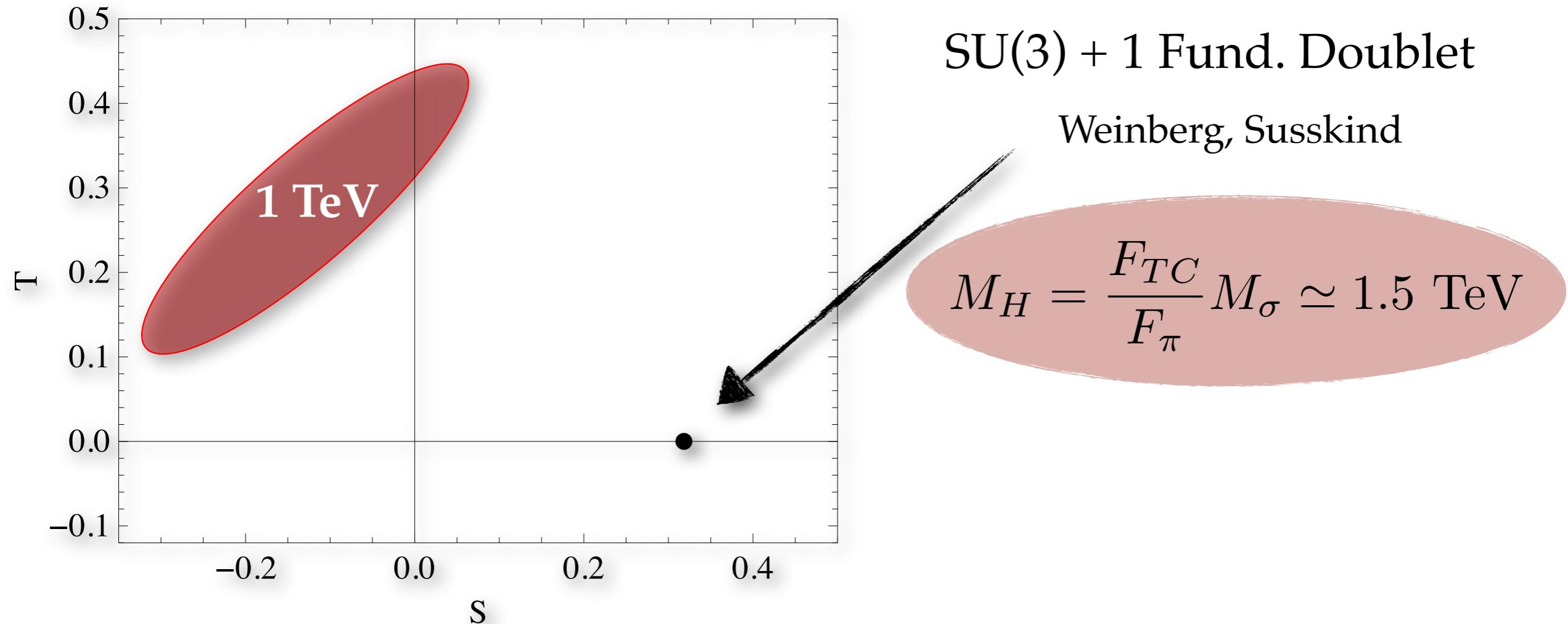
Higgs is a pGB. Need to generate mass and keep it small

If 4D underlying exists probably similar to Technicolor ?

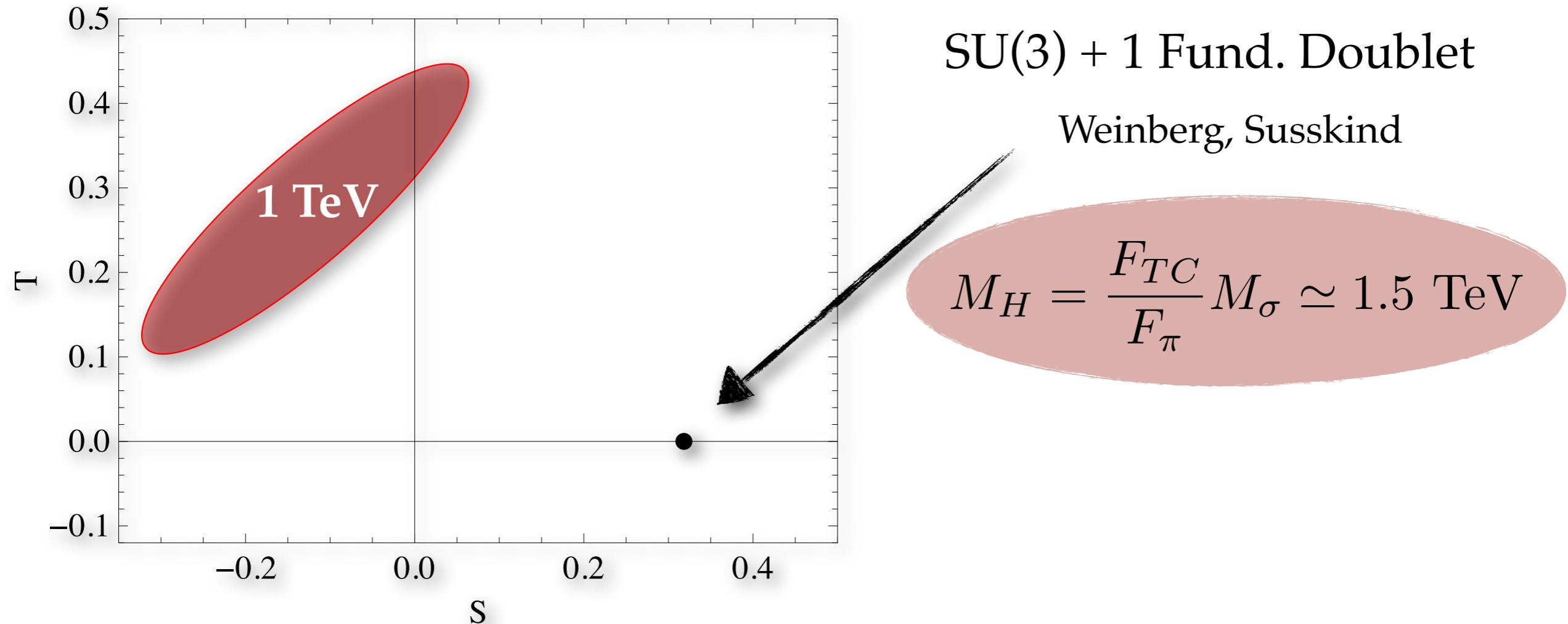
# Is “Old” Technicolor dead?



# Is “Old” Technicolor dead?



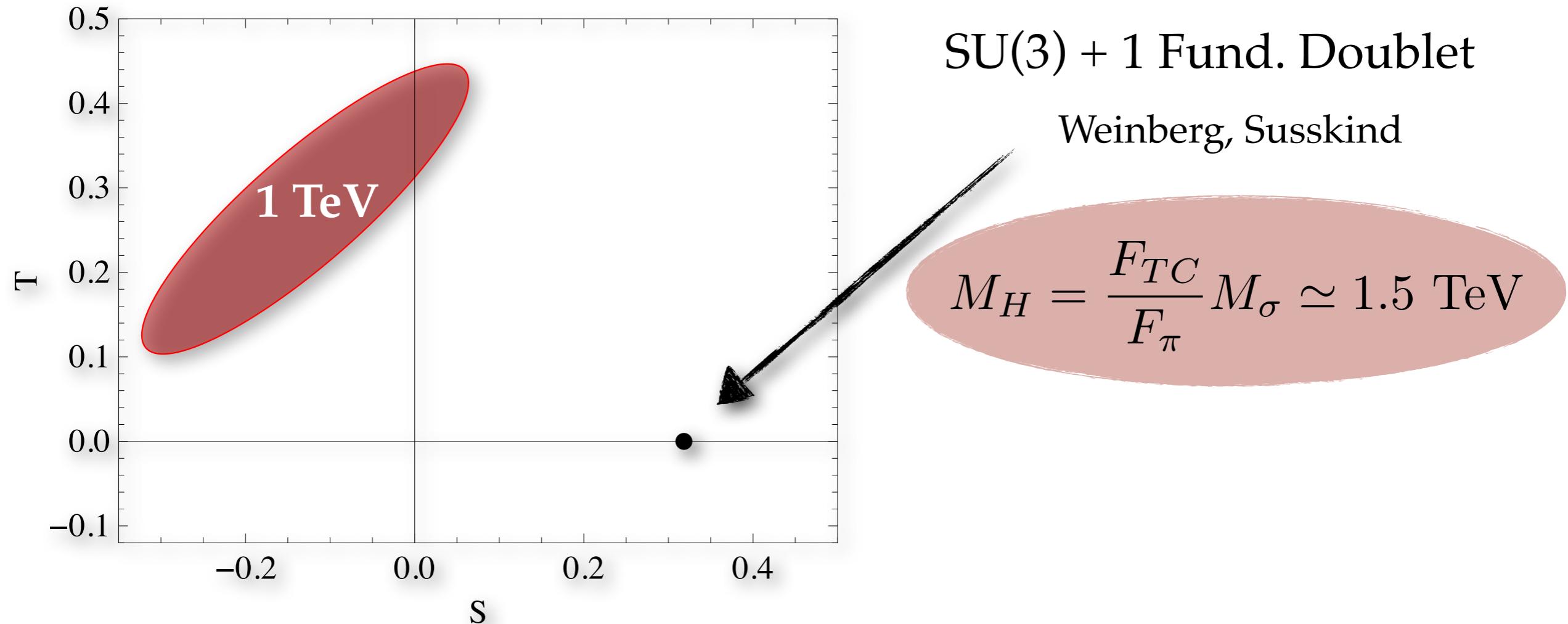
# Is “Old” Technicolor dead?



TC alone = massless SM fermions

Extend TC to generate fermion masses [Eichten & Lane]

# Is “Old” Technicolor dead?



TC alone = massless SM fermions

Extend TC to generate fermion masses [Eichten & Lane]

Old TC was dead 2 decades ago

# Need to go beyond QCD

- TC-fermion condensate enhancement/FCNC decoupling
- Minimal TC passing precision tests
- Need a TC Higgs
- Dark matter candidates

# Need to go beyond QCD

- TC-fermion condensate enhancement/FCNC decoupling
- Minimal TC passing precision tests
- Need a TC Higgs
- Dark matter candidates

# TC Higgs

TC - Higgs is the lightest spin-0 scalar made of TC-fermions

# TC Higgs

TC - Higgs is the lightest spin-0 scalar made of TC-fermions

$$H \sim c_1 \bar{Q}Q + c_2 \bar{Q}QQ\bar{Q}Q + \dots$$

# TC Higgs

TC - Higgs is the lightest spin-0 scalar made of TC-fermions

$$H \sim c_1 \bar{Q}Q + c_2 \bar{Q}QQ\bar{Q}Q + \dots$$

Will contain also a TC-glue component

# TC Higgs

TC - Higgs is the lightest spin-0 scalar made of TC-fermions

$$H \sim c_1 \bar{Q}Q + c_2 \bar{Q}QQ\bar{Q}Q + \dots$$

Will contain also a TC-glue component

QCD lightest scalar is  $f_0(500)$  with mass  $\sim 400\text{-}550$  MeV

Sannino & Schechter 95 PRD [‘t Hooft 1/N, crossing, chiral, pole mass]

Harada, Sannino & Schechter 95 PRD [ $f_0(980)$ ], 96PRL

Pelaez - Confinement X - lecture

# Narrow state in Strong Dynamics?

Example  $f_0(980)$

$$\Gamma = 40 - 100 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m = 990 \pm 20 \text{ MeV}$$

# Narrow state in Strong Dynamics?

Example  $f_0(980)$

$$\Gamma = 40 - 100 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m = 990 \pm 20 \text{ MeV}$$

Narrow because near/below 2 kaon threshold

$$m_{2k} \simeq 987.4 \text{ MeV}$$

# Narrow state in Strong Dynamics?

Example  $f_0(980)$

$$\Gamma = 40 - 100 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m = 990 \pm 20 \text{ MeV}$$

Narrow because near/below 2 kaon threshold

$$m_{2k} \simeq 987.4 \text{ MeV}$$

Harada, Sannino & Schechter 95 PRD [ $f_0(980)$ ], 96PRL [Large N apparent violation]

S. Weinberg 2013

# Higgs Effective Theory

# Higgs Effective Theory

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L} = & \mathcal{L}_{\overline{\text{SM}}} + \left(1 + \frac{2r_\pi}{v}H + \frac{s_\pi}{v^2}H^2\right) \frac{v^2}{4} \text{Tr } D_\mu U^\dagger D^\mu U + \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu H \partial^\mu H \\ & - m_t \left(1 + \frac{r_t}{v}H\right) \left[ \bar{q}_L U \left(\frac{1}{2} + T^3\right) q_R + \text{h.c.} \right] \\ & - m_b \left(1 + \frac{r_b}{v}H\right) \left[ \bar{q}_L U \left(\frac{1}{2} - T^3\right) q_R + \text{h.c.} \right] + \dots \\ & - \Delta S W_{\mu\nu}^a B^{\mu\nu} \text{Tr } T^a U T^3 U^\dagger + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{M_\rho}\right) \quad q \equiv (t, b)\end{aligned}$$

# Higgs Effective Theory

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L} = & \mathcal{L}_{\overline{\text{SM}}} + \left(1 + \frac{2r_\pi}{v}H + \frac{s_\pi}{v^2}H^2\right) \frac{v^2}{4} \text{Tr } D_\mu U^\dagger D^\mu U + \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu H \partial^\mu H \\ & - m_t \left(1 + \frac{r_t}{v}H\right) \left[ \bar{q}_L U \left(\frac{1}{2} + T^3\right) q_R + \text{h.c.} \right] \\ & - m_b \left(1 + \frac{r_b}{v}H\right) \left[ \bar{q}_L U \left(\frac{1}{2} - T^3\right) q_R + \text{h.c.} \right] + \dots \\ & - \Delta S W_{\mu\nu}^a B^{\mu\nu} \text{Tr } T^a U T^3 U^\dagger + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{M_\rho}\right) \quad q \equiv (t, b)\end{aligned}$$

$$U = \exp\left(i\pi^a T^a/v\right) \quad v \simeq 246 \text{ GeV}$$

$$D_\mu U \equiv \partial_\mu U - igW_\mu^a T^a U + ig' UB_\mu T^3$$

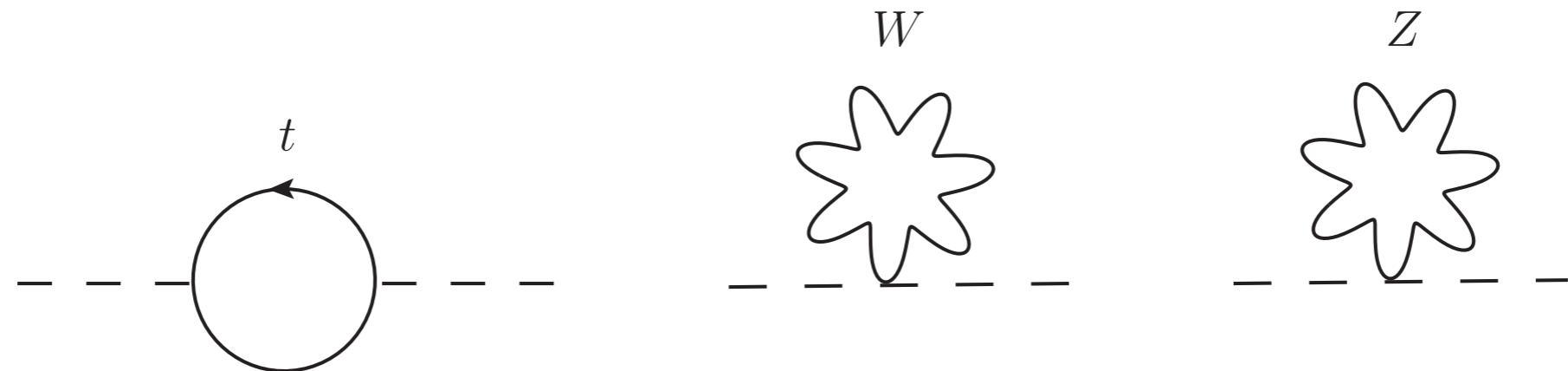
# **EW - corrections**

# EW - corrections

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_H \supset & \frac{2 m_W^2 r_\pi}{v} H W_\mu^+ W^{-\mu} + \frac{m_Z^2 r_\pi}{v} H Z_\mu Z^\mu - \frac{m_t r_t}{v} H \bar{t} t \\ & + \frac{m_W^2 s_\pi}{v^2} H^2 W_\mu^+ W^{-\mu} + \frac{m_Z^2 s_\pi}{2 v^2} H^2 Z_\mu Z^\mu\end{aligned}$$

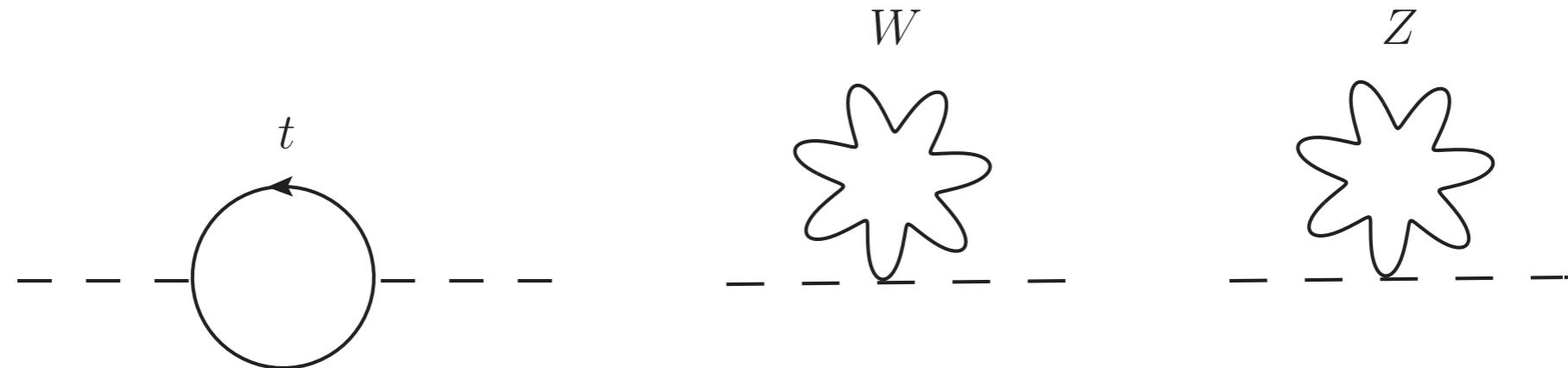
# EW - corrections

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_H \supset & \frac{2 m_W^2 r_\pi}{v} H W_\mu^+ W^{-\mu} + \frac{m_Z^2 r_\pi}{v} H Z_\mu Z^\mu - \frac{m_t r_t}{v} H \bar{t} t \\ & + \frac{m_W^2 s_\pi}{v^2} H^2 W_\mu^+ W^{-\mu} + \frac{m_Z^2 s_\pi}{2 v^2} H^2 Z_\mu Z^\mu\end{aligned}$$



# EW - corrections

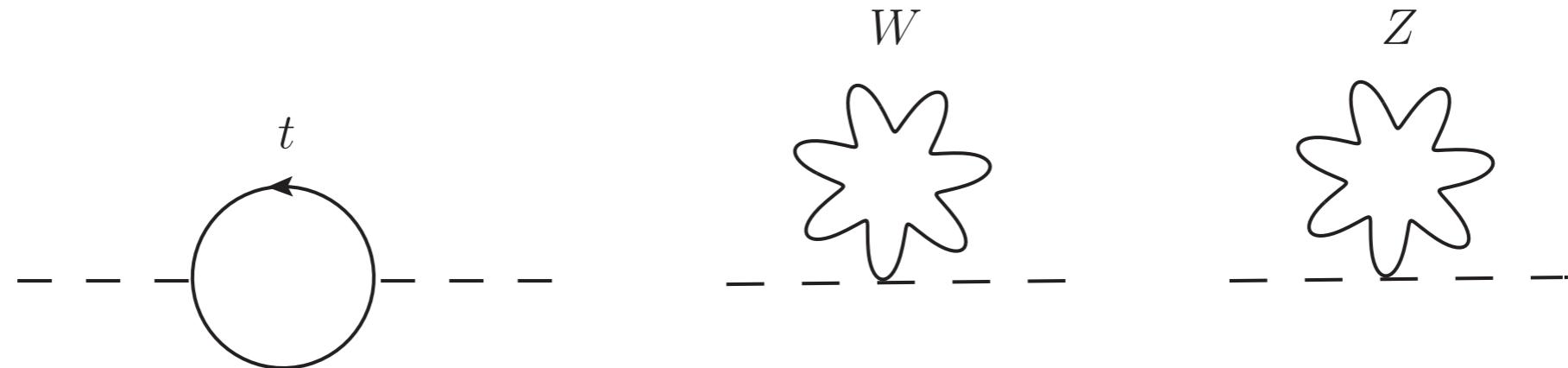
$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_H \supset & \frac{2 m_W^2 r_\pi}{v} H W_\mu^+ W^{-\mu} + \frac{m_Z^2 r_\pi}{v} H Z_\mu Z^\mu - \frac{m_t r_t}{v} H \bar{t} t \\ & + \frac{m_W^2 s_\pi}{v^2} H^2 W_\mu^+ W^{-\mu} + \frac{m_Z^2 s_\pi}{2 v^2} H^2 Z_\mu Z^\mu\end{aligned}$$



$$M_H^2 = (M_H^{\text{TC}})^2 + \frac{3(4\pi\kappa F_\Pi)^2}{16\pi^2 v^2} \left[ -4r_t^2 m_t^2 + 2s_\pi \left( m_W^2 + \frac{m_Z^2}{2} \right) \right] + \Delta_{M_H^2}(4\pi\kappa F_\Pi)$$

# EW - corrections

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_H \supset & \frac{2 m_W^2 r_\pi}{v} H W_\mu^+ W^{-\mu} + \frac{m_Z^2 r_\pi}{v} H Z_\mu Z^\mu - \frac{m_t r_t}{v} H \bar{t} t \\ & + \frac{m_W^2 s_\pi}{v^2} H^2 W_\mu^+ W^{-\mu} + \frac{m_Z^2 s_\pi}{2 v^2} H^2 Z_\mu Z^\mu\end{aligned}$$



$$M_H^2 = (M_H^{\text{TC}})^2 + \frac{3(4\pi\kappa F_\Pi)^2}{16\pi^2 v^2} \left[ \cancel{-4r_t^2 m_t^2} + 2s_\pi \left( m_W^2 + \frac{m_Z^2}{2} \right) \right] + \Delta_{M_H^2}(4\pi\kappa F_\Pi)$$

# How light is the TC-Higgs ?

$$(M_H^{\text{TC}})^2 \simeq M_H^2 + 12 \kappa^2 r_t^2 m_t^2 \quad \kappa r_t \sim \text{TC} \times \text{ETC}$$

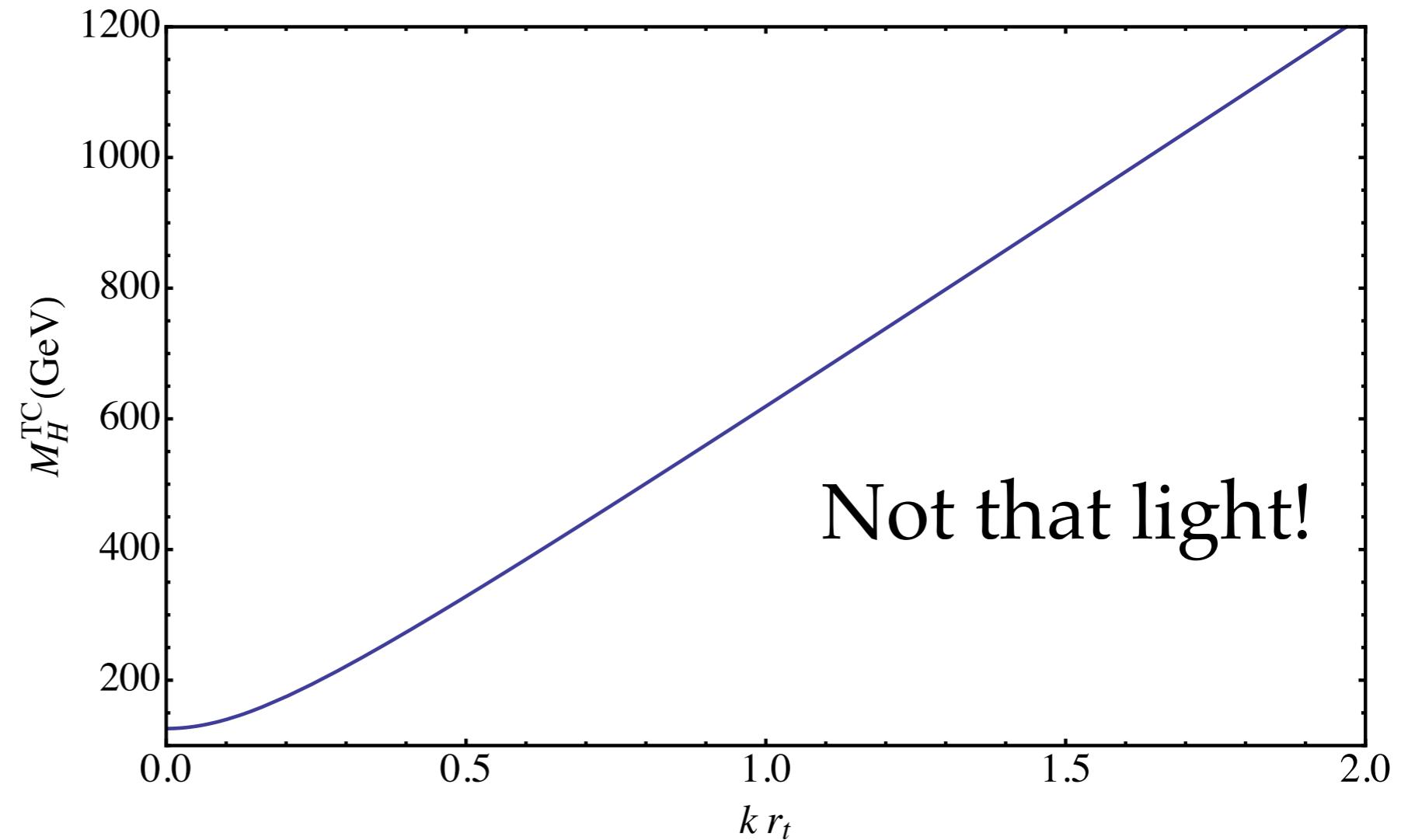
$$F_\Pi = v$$

# How light is the TC-Higgs ?

$$(M_H^{\text{TC}})^2 \simeq M_H^2 + 12 \kappa^2 r_t^2 m_t^2$$

$$\kappa r_t \sim \text{TC} \times \text{ETC}$$

$$F_\Pi = v$$

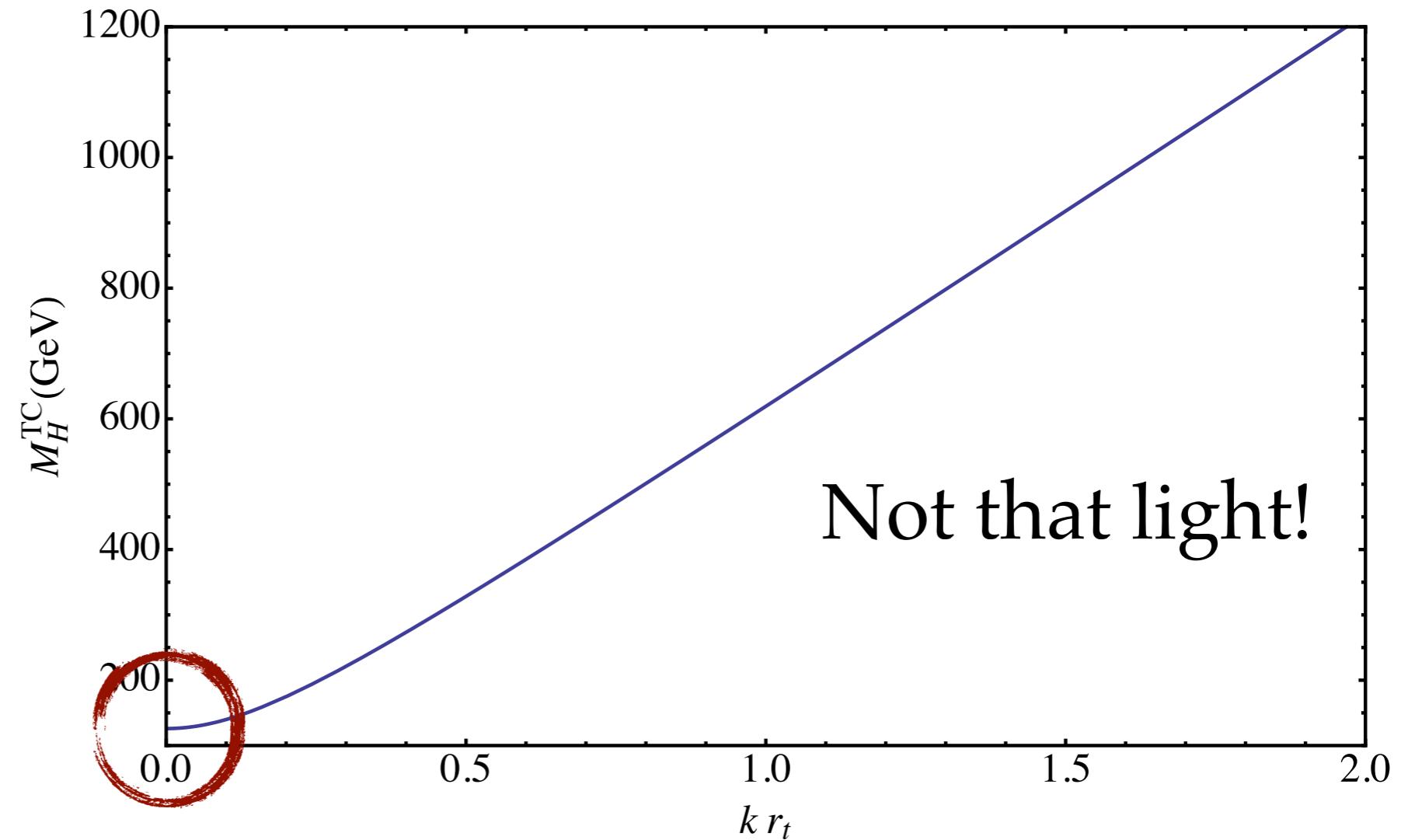


# How light is the TC-Higgs ?

$$(M_H^{\text{TC}})^2 \simeq M_H^2 + 12 \kappa^2 r_t^2 m_t^2$$

$$\kappa r_t \sim \text{TC} \times \text{ETC}$$

$$F_\Pi = v$$

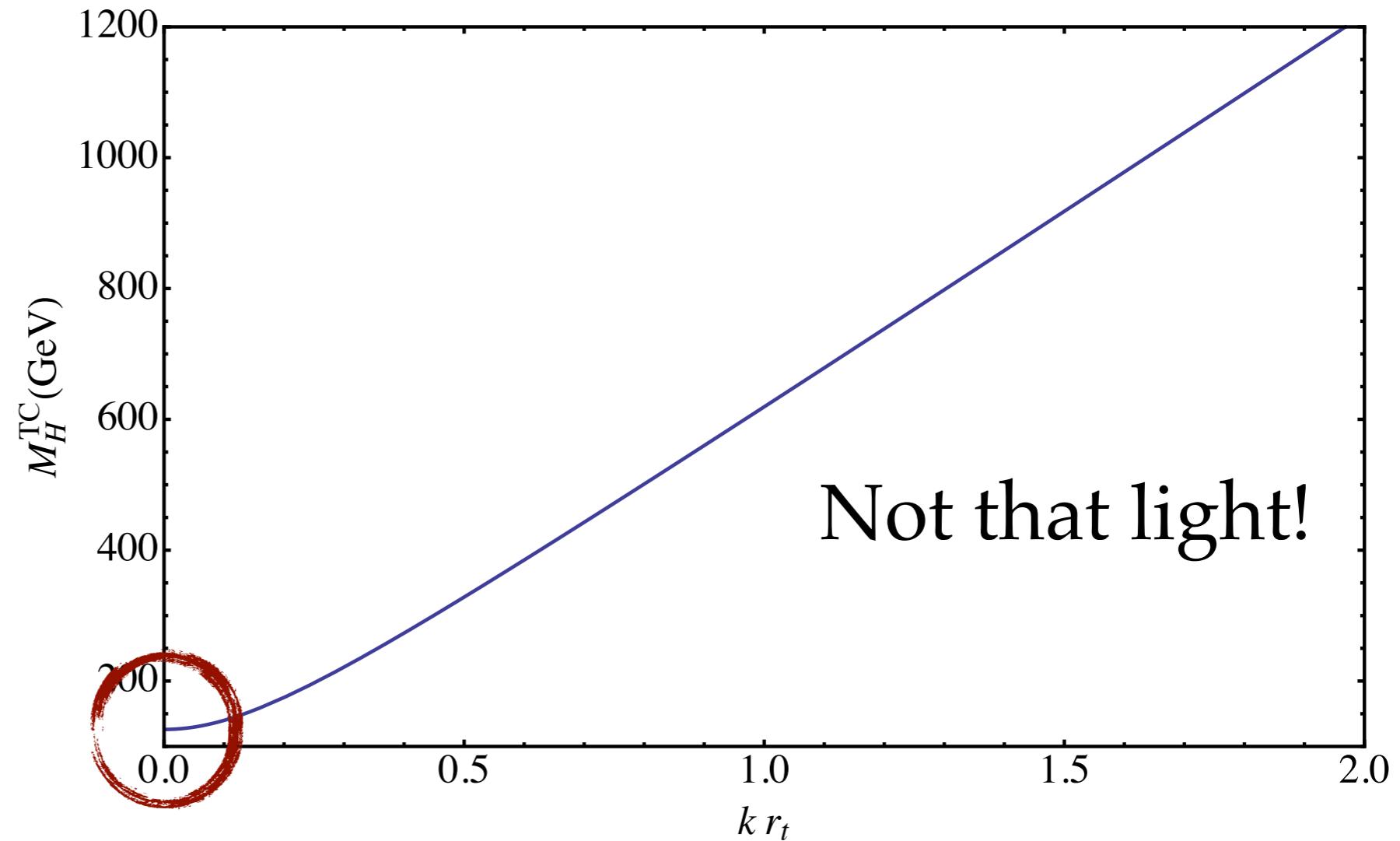


# How light is the TC-Higgs ?

$$(M_H^{\text{TC}})^2 \simeq M_H^2 + 12 \kappa^2 r_t^2 m_t^2$$

$$\kappa r_t \sim \text{TC} \times \text{ETC}$$

$$F_\Pi = v$$



Narrow due to kinematics [Similar to  $f_0(980)$  in QCD]

# How to make a TC Higgs ?

Sannino 08  
Sannino & Schechter 07  
Foadi, Frandsen, Sannino 12

# How to make a TC Higgs ?

Change # of TC-colors, matter repr., EW doublets

Sannino 08  
Sannino & Schechter 07  
Foadi, Frandsen, Sannino 12

# How to make a TC Higgs ?

Change # of TC-colors, matter repr., EW doublets

By geometric scaling QCD  $f_0(500)$  to EW we have

Sannino 08  
Sannino & Schechter 07  
Foadi, Frandsen, Sannino 12

# How to make a TC Higgs ?

Change # of TC-colors, matter repr., EW doublets

By geometric scaling QCD  $f_0(500)$  to EW we have

$$M_H^{TC} \simeq 1.8 \frac{1}{\sqrt{N_D d(R_{TC})}} \text{ TeV}$$

$$d(2 - \text{index}_{TC}) = N_{TC} \frac{N_{TC} \pm 1}{2}$$

Sannino 08

Sannino & Schechter 07

Foadi, Frandsen, Sannino 12

# How to make a TC Higgs ?

Change # of TC-colors, matter repr., EW doublets

By geometric scaling QCD  $f_0(500)$  to EW we have

$$M_H^{TC} \simeq 1.8 \frac{1}{\sqrt{N_D d(R_{TC})}} \text{ TeV}$$

$$d(2 - \text{index}_{TC}) = N_{TC} \frac{N_{TC} \pm 1}{2}$$

Physical Higgs mass via gauge geometry

Sannino 08

Sannino & Schechter 07

Foadi, Frandsen, Sannino 12

# Realistic theories ?

$$N_D = 1 \quad d(\text{Symmetric}) = 6$$

$$M_H^{TC} \simeq 735 \text{ GeV}$$

# Realistic theories ?

$$N_D = 1 \quad d(\text{Symmetric}) = 6$$

$$M_H^{TC} \simeq 735 \text{ GeV}$$

Observed Higgs mass for

$$\kappa \ r_t \simeq 1.2$$

# Realistic theories ?

$$N_D = 1 \quad d(\text{Symmetric}) = 6 \quad ^{**}$$

$$M_H^{TC} \simeq 735 \text{ GeV}$$

Observed Higgs mass for

$$\kappa \ r_t \simeq 1.2$$

**\*\***Next to Minimal Walking TC

Sannino & Tuominen hep-ph/0405209

**Lattice:** Fodor, Holland, Kuti, Nogradi, Schroeder, Wong, 1209.0391:

# Realistic theories ?

$$N_D = 1 \quad d(\text{Symmetric}) = 6 \quad ^{**}$$

$$M_H^{TC} \simeq 735 \text{ GeV}$$

Observed Higgs mass for

$$\kappa \ r_t \simeq 1.2$$

**\*\*Next to Minimal Walking TC**

Sannino & Tuominen hep-ph/0405209

**Lattice:** Fodor, Holland, Kuti, Nogradi, Schroeder, Wong, 1209.0391:

$$M_\rho \simeq 1754 \pm 104 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_{A_1} \simeq 2327 \pm 121 \text{ GeV}$$

# Realistic theories ?

$$N_D = 1 \quad d(\text{Symmetric}) = 6 \quad **$$

$$M_H^{TC} \simeq 735 \text{ GeV}$$

Observed Higgs mass for

$$\kappa \ r_t \simeq 1.2$$

\*\*Next to Minimal Walking TC

Sannino & Tuominen hep-ph/0405209

**Lattice:** Fodor, Holland, Kuti, Nogradi, Schroeder, Wong, 1209.0391:

$$M_\rho \simeq 1754 \pm 104 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_{A_1} \simeq 2327 \pm 121 \text{ GeV}$$

**Beware:**  $F_\pi$  not well determined

# A Minimal TC template

# Since 2004 - Minimal WTC is Higgsfull

[Original Name: Light Composite Higgs]

The standard model						
Elementary particles						
Quarks	<b>u</b> up	<b>c</b> charm	<b>t</b> top	<b><math>\gamma</math></b> photon	Force carriers	
	<b>d</b> down	<b>s</b> strange	<b>b</b> bottom	<b>Z</b> Z boson		
Leptons	<b><math>\nu_e</math></b> electron neutrino	<b><math>\nu_\mu</math></b> muon neutrino	<b><math>\nu_\tau</math></b> tau neutrino	<b><math>W^+</math></b> $W^+$ boson	Force carriers	
	<b>e</b> electron	<b><math>\mu</math></b> muon	<b><math>\tau</math></b> tau	<b><math>W^-</math></b> $W^-$ boson		
Higgs				<b>g</b> gluon		

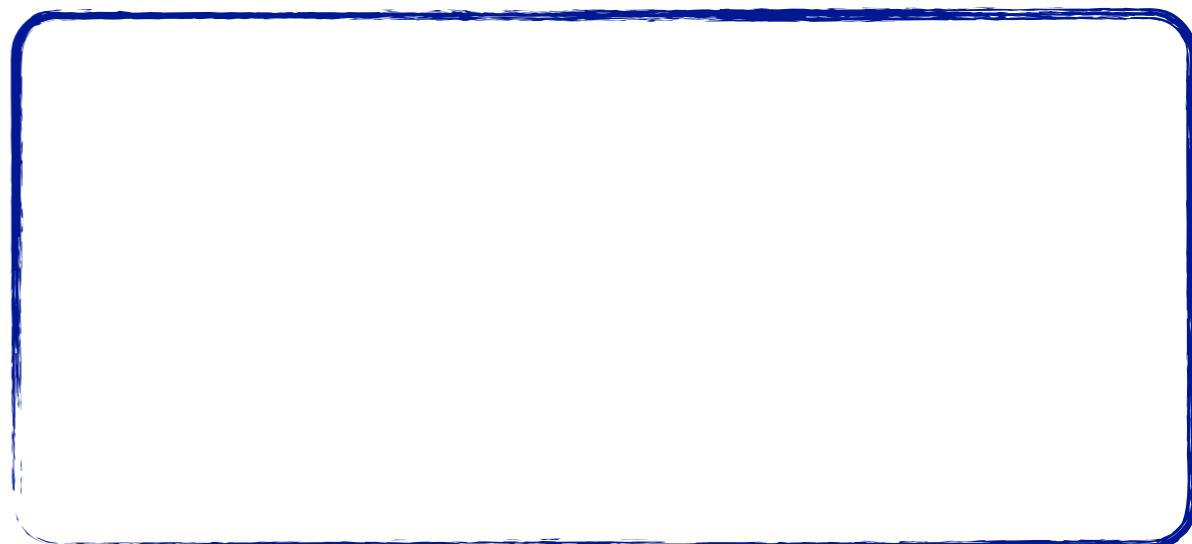
Source: AAAS

\*Yet to be confirmed

U(1)

SU(2)

SU(3)



# Since 2004 - Minimal WTC is Higgsfull

[Original Name: Light Composite Higgs]



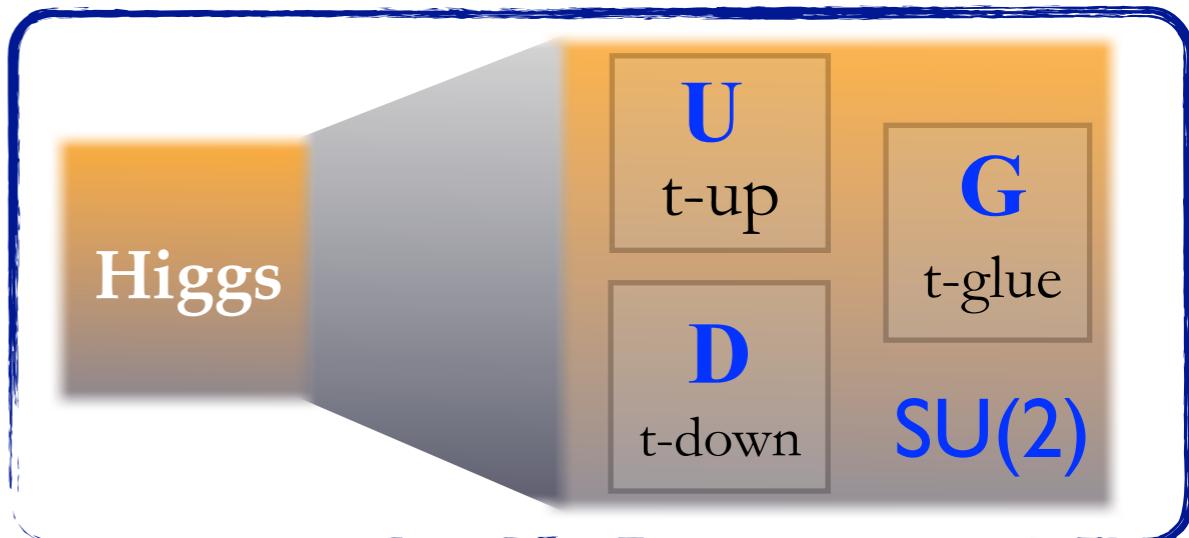
The standard model							
Elementary particles							
Quarks	u up	c charm	t top	γ photon			
	d down	s strange	b bottom	Z Z boson			
Leptons	$\nu_e$ electron neutrino	$\nu_\mu$ muon neutrino	$\nu_\tau$ tau neutrino	$W^+$ $W^+$ boson			
	e electron	μ muon	τ tau	$W^-$ $W^-$ boson			
Higgs				g gluon			

Source: AAAS \*Yet to be confirmed

U(1)

SU(2)

SU(3)



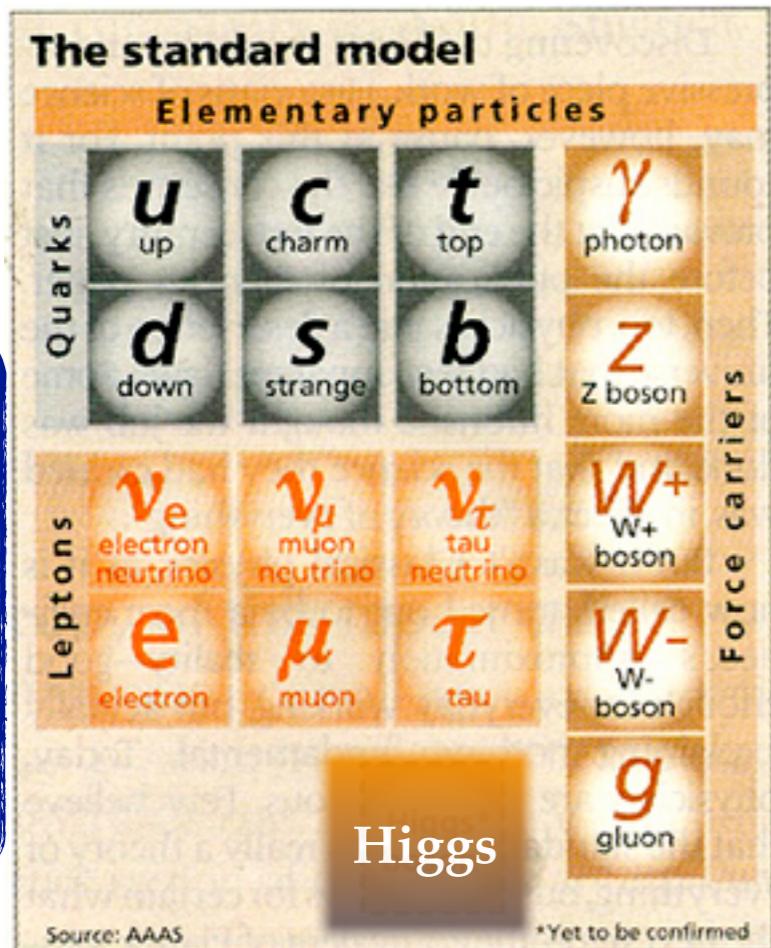
Sannino, Tuominen 04

Hong, Hsu, Sannino 04

Dietrich, Sannino, Tuominen 05

# Since 2004 - Minimal WTC is Higgsfull

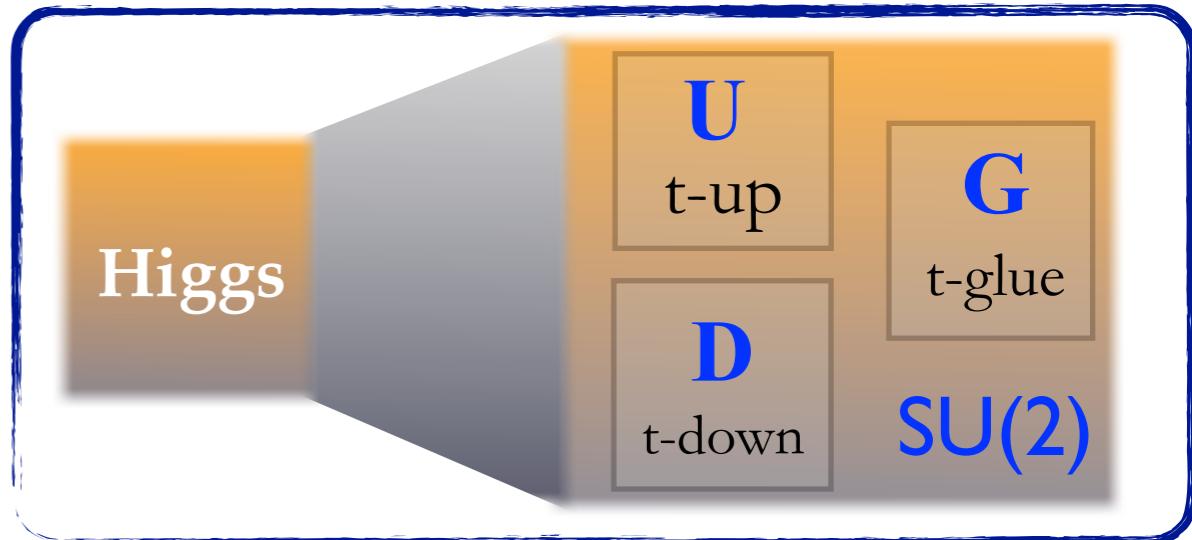
[Original Name: Light Composite Higgs]



U(1)

SU(2)

SU(3)



- Can feature Light TC/Dilaton Higgs

Sannino, Tuominen 04

Hong, Hsu, Sannino 04

Dietrich, Sannino, Tuominen 05

# Since 2004 - Minimal WTC is Higgsfull

[Original Name: Light Composite Higgs]

The standard model							
Elementary particles							
Quarks	u up	c charm	t top	$\gamma$ photon			
	d down	s strange	b bottom	Z Z boson			
Leptons	$\nu_e$ electron neutrino	$\nu_\mu$ muon neutrino	$\nu_\tau$ tau neutrino	$W^+$ W+ boson			
	e electron	$\mu$ muon	$\tau$ tau	$W^-$ W- boson			
				$g$ gluon			
Higgs							

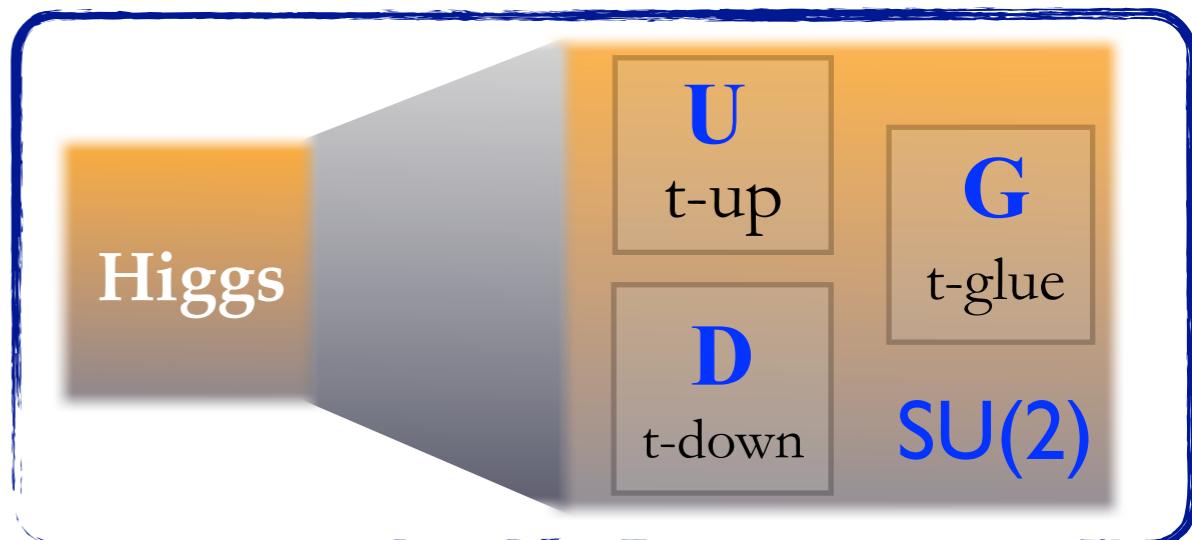
Source: AAAS \*Yet to be confirmed



U(1)

SU(2)

SU(3)



- Can feature Light TC/Dilaton Higgs
- Smallest S-parameter & FCNC

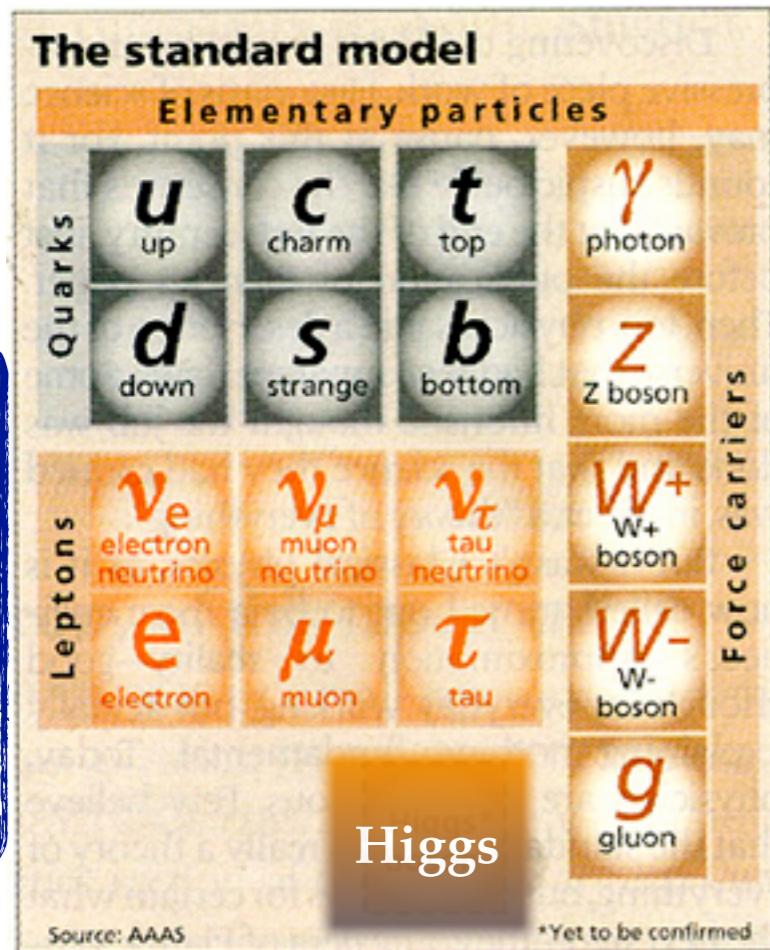
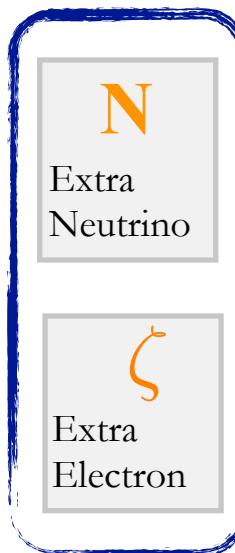
Sannino, Tuominen 04

Hong, Hsu, Sannino 04

Dietrich, Sannino, Tuominen 05

# Since 2004 - Minimal WTC is Higgsfull

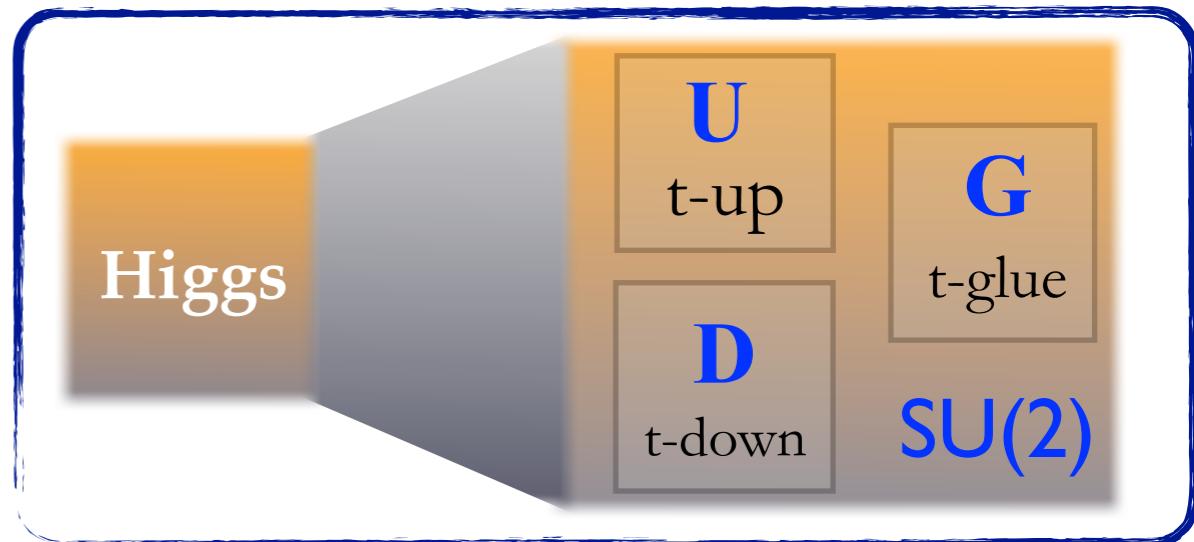
[Original Name: Light Composite Higgs]



$U(1)$

$SU(2)$

$SU(3)$



- Can feature Light TC/Dilaton Higgs
- Smallest S-parameter & FCNC
- Dark matter candidates

Sannino, Tuominen 04

Hong, Hsu, Sannino 04

Dietrich, Sannino, Tuominen 05

## Lattice

Catterall, Sannino 0705.1664

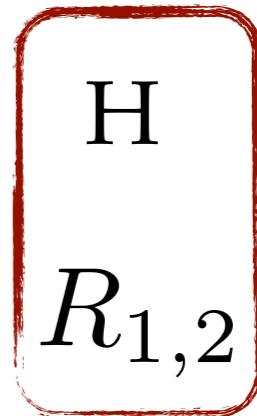
Hietanen, Rantaharju, Rummukainen, Tuominen 0812.1467

Del Debbio, Lucini, Patella, Pica, Rago 1004.3206

# Minimal TC states to discover

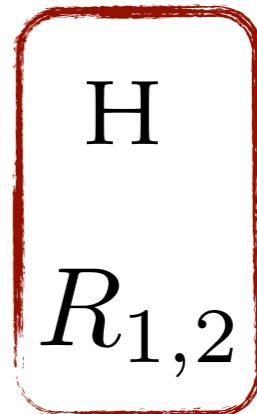
Higgs - like

TC Axial - Vector States



# Minimal TC states to discover

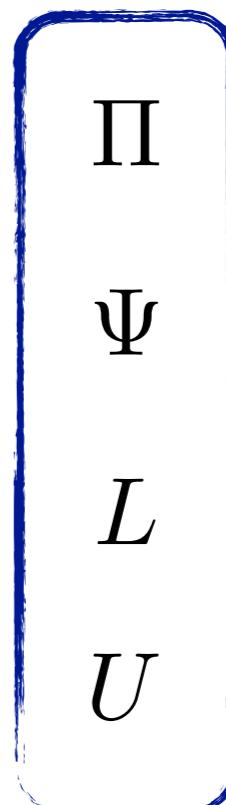
Higgs - like



TC Axial - Vector States

Beyond minimal: (E)TC model dependent

TC pions



TC composite fermions

Elementary Leptons

Unexpected .....

# LHC Search Strategy

- Indirect hints of heavy states

- Modified Higgs couplings wrt SM
- Study Higgs in association with W/Z

- Direct discovery of heavy states

- Drell-Yan production of TC-rho / axial (R1,R2)
- (exotic) pions
- composite fermions
- 4th heavy lepton family

# Higgs to $\gamma\gamma$

Sensitive TC-fermion content

$$\Gamma(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \sim \left( r_t - 7r_W + \frac{3}{4} \sum_{Q_{TC}} d(R_{TC}) e_{TC}^2 \right)^2$$

and to the H-tt coupling  $r_t$  (Extended TC)

$$pp \rightarrow H \sim r_t^2$$

H to  $\gamma\gamma$  can help discriminate different models

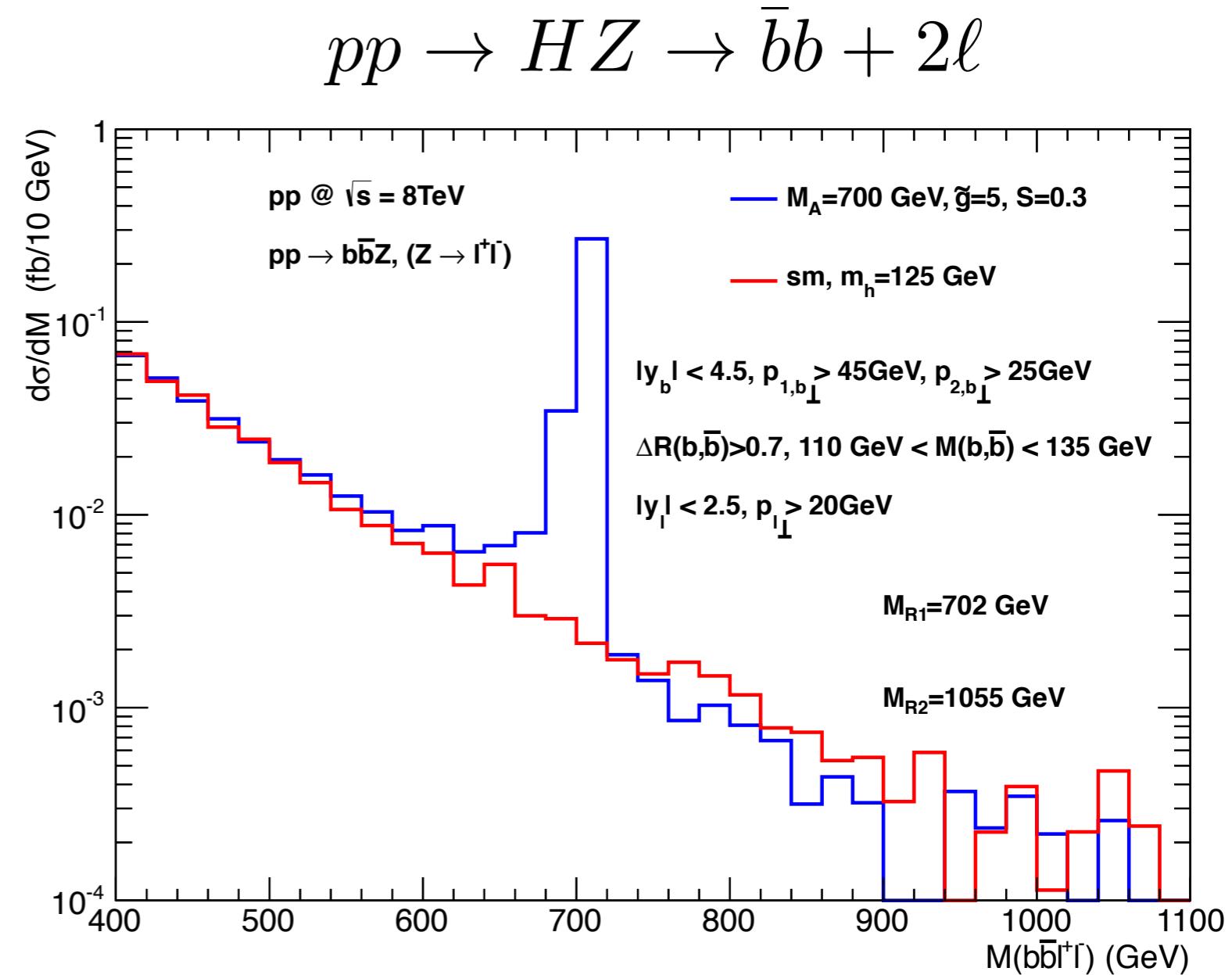
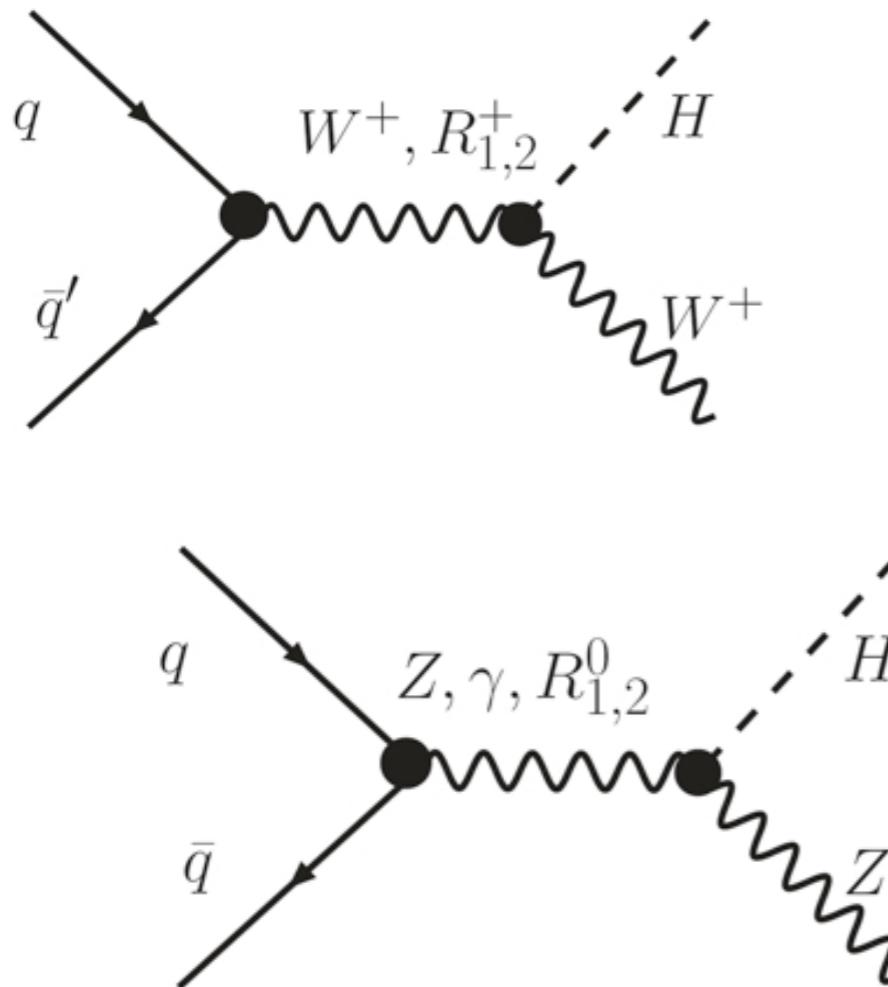
$$\mathcal{L}_H \supset \frac{2 m_W^2 r_W}{v} H W_\mu^+ W^{-\mu} - \frac{m_t r_t}{v} H \bar{t} t$$

# Associate TC-Higgs production

Potential discovery of composite dynamics at the LHC

Composite spin-1 mesons like QCD  $\varrho$  &  $a_1$

Belyaev, Foadi, Frandsen, Jarvinen & Sannino 08



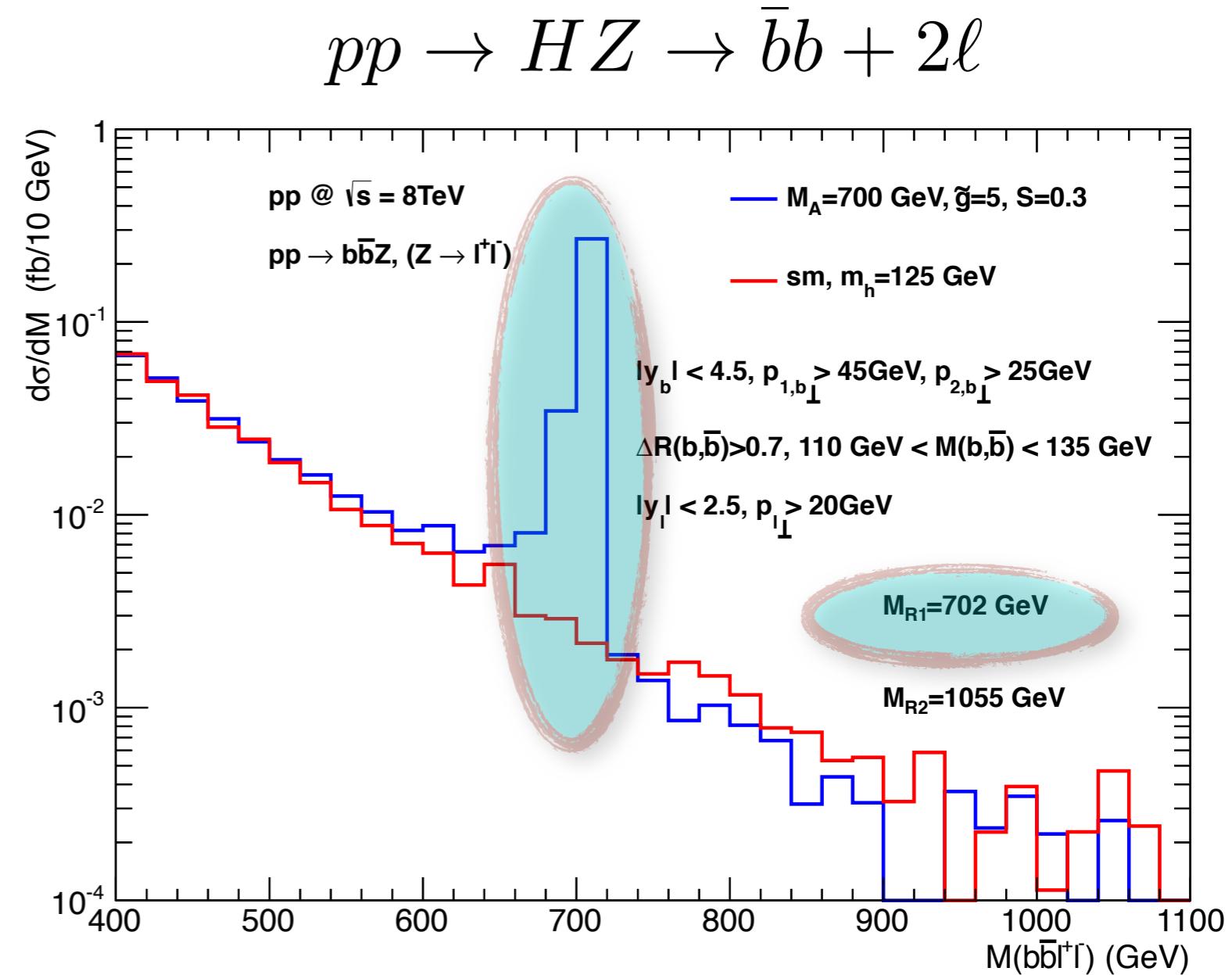
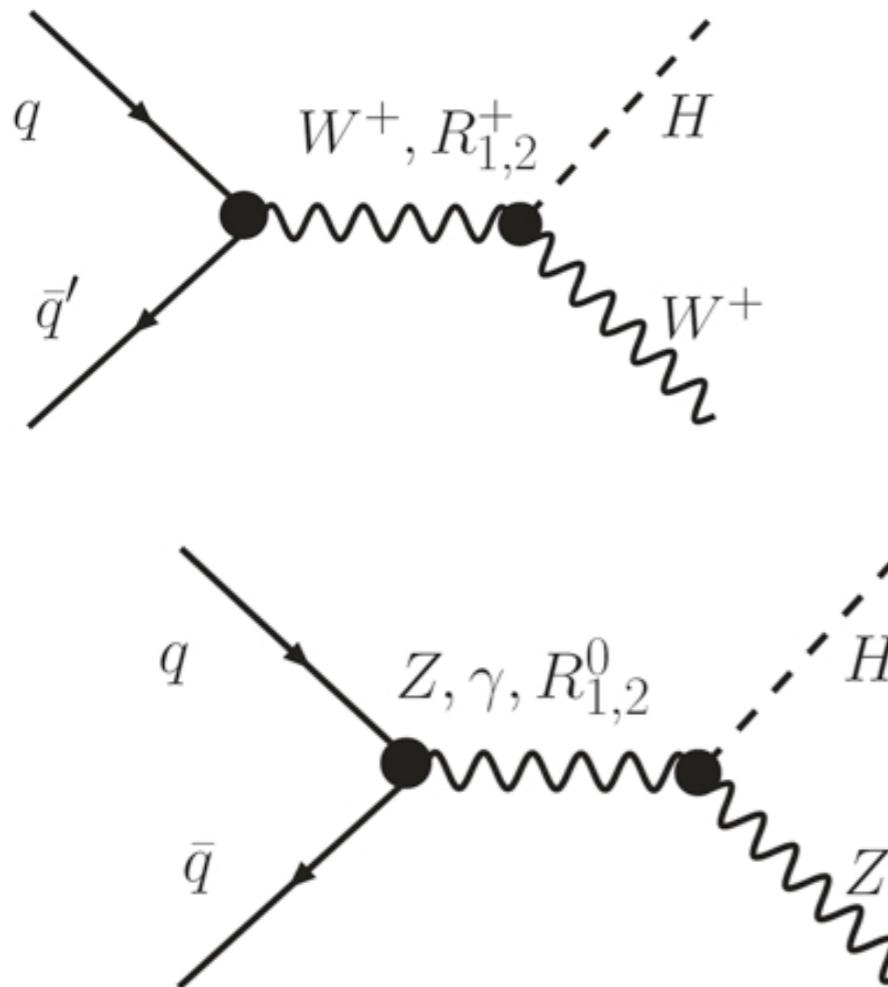
Preliminary MWTC - theoretical updated analysis by T. Hapola

# Associate TC-Higgs production

Potential discovery of composite dynamics at the LHC

Composite spin-1 mesons like QCD  $\varrho$  &  $a_1$

Belyaev, Foadi, Frandsen, Jarvinen & Sannino 08



Preliminary MWTC - theoretical updated analysis by T. Hapola

# Conclusions

- Discovered the TC Higgs?
- 125 Higgs via a not too light TC Higgs!
- Minimal TC & LHC signatures

Lots of fun ahead !