

Three-generation baryon and lepton number violation at the LHC

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Three-generation B and L violation at the LHC

*The **flavour symmetries** of the SM gauge sector,*

broken like in the SM Yukawa Lagrangian,

*naturally make B and L violation **suppressed at low energy***

*and **accessible at the LHC**,*

*in **resonant processes***

*involving all **three generations**.*

Our starting points

At low energies, B and L violation are severely constrained in

- * proton/neutron decays
- * dinucleon decays and neutron oscillations
- * heavy meson, τ and Z decays

$U(1)_B$ and $U(1)_L$ are doubtful global symmetries

- * already violated non-perturbatively in the SM ($B - L$ anomaly-free)
- * not naturally conserved BSM (*accidental*)
- * violated for baryogenesis and if neutrinos are Majorana, respectively

At the LHC,

- * a new energy range is probed directly
- * higher generations are directly accessible

BSM flavour structures cannot be generic

Model independence is aimed

Flavour

The SM flavour structure

[Chivukula–Georgi (1987)]

- **SM gauge sector:** a $SU(3_{\text{gen.}})$ flavour symmetry for each fermion

$$\delta_b^a \left(\bar{q}_a \not{D} q^b + \bar{u}_a \not{D} u^b + \bar{d}_a \not{D} d^b + \bar{l}_a \not{D} l^b + \bar{e}_a \not{D} e^b \right) \quad \text{with } a, b \in \{1, 2, 3_{\text{gen.}}\}$$

- $SU(3_{\text{gen.}})^{5_{\text{ferm.}}}$ broken by the **SM Yukawa sector**,
in a highly specific way

Our flavour assumption

- Impose
1. the **strict conservation of $SU(3_{\text{gen.}})^{5_{\text{ferm.}}}$**
 2. a **SM-like breaking**, well supported experimentally

Three-generation B and L violation

1. B and L violation, and $SU(3_{\text{gen.}})^5_{\text{ferm.}}$ conservation: $\epsilon_{abc} \psi^a \psi^b \psi^c$
+ Lorentz invariance (even number of fermions)
→ at least **six fermions** and all **three generations** involved
2. Hierarchical SM-like breaking, with small FCNC:
→ still at least six fermions and **costly changes of generations**
 - with six fermions ⇒ four selection rules
 - with overall electric charge conservation ⇒ seven fermionic cores

ΔB	ΔL	Fermionic cores	Examples
0	± 6	NNN NNN	$\nu_e \nu_\mu \nu_\tau \nu_e \nu_\mu \nu_\tau$
± 1	± 3	UUU EEN UDD ENN UDD NNN	$t c u e^- \mu^- \nu_\tau$ $t c d e^- \nu_\mu \nu_\tau$ $t s d \nu_e \nu_\mu \nu_\tau$
± 1	∓ 3	UDD $\bar{N} \bar{N} \bar{N}$ DDD $\bar{E} \bar{N} \bar{N}$	$t s d \bar{\nu}_e \bar{\nu}_\mu \bar{\nu}_\tau$ $b s d e^+ \bar{\nu}_\mu \bar{\nu}_\tau$
± 2	0	UDD UDD	$t s d t s d$ $t c d b s d$

Low-energy and LHC

At low energy: natural suppressions of operators

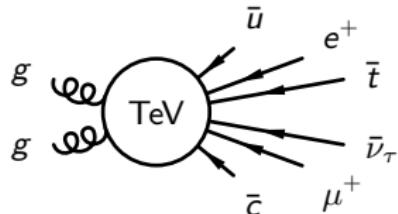
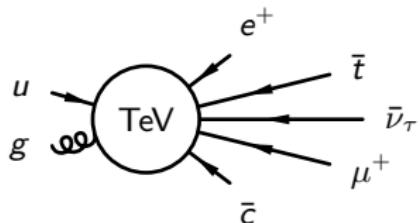
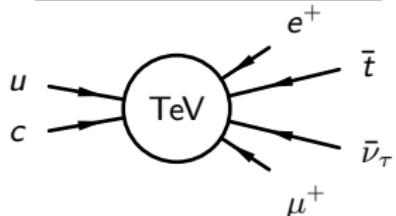
- Four-fermion operators not allowed
 - Six-fermion operators with first generations only, flavour suppressed
- B and L violation allowed in the TeV range [Smith (2012)]

At the LHC: unsuppressed resonant processes

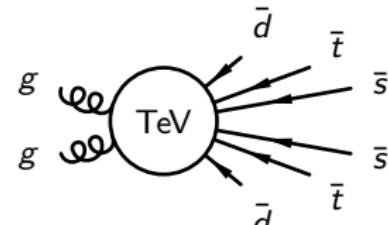
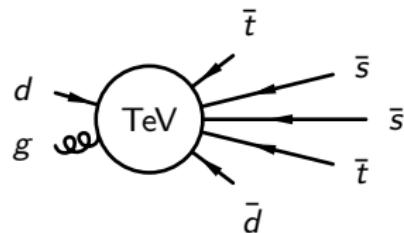
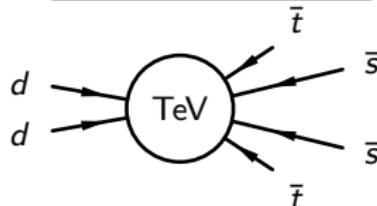
- Involving all three generations
 - With same-sign fermions
- Characteristic same-sign leptons/tops signatures

Resonant (non-local) fermionic channels

$$(\Delta B; \Delta L) = (\pm 1; \pm 3)$$



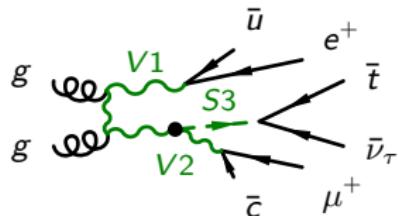
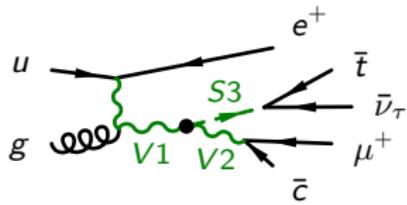
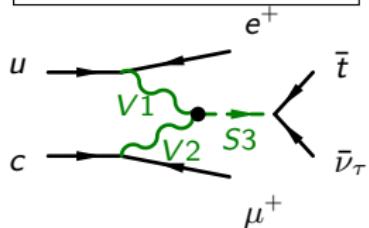
$$(\Delta B; \Delta L) = (\pm 2; 0)$$



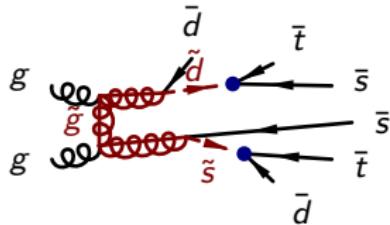
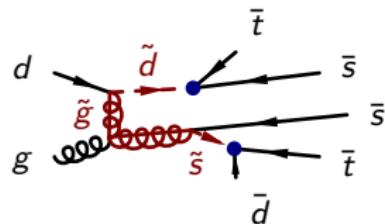
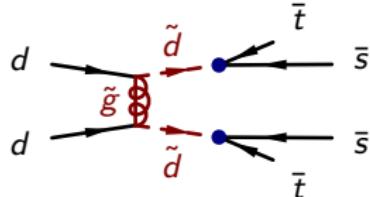
- Initial valence quark(s) \Rightarrow charge asymmetry
- Initial gluon(s) \Rightarrow possibly favoured by the resonances structure

Illustrative simplified models

$$(\Delta B; \Delta L) = (\pm 1; \pm 3)$$



$$(\Delta B; \Delta L) = (\pm 2; 0)$$



Leptoquarks: two vectors (eu , μc or τt), one scalar ($\nu_e u$, $\nu_\mu c$ or $\nu_\tau t$ chiral couplings)

RPV: superQCD (\tilde{q} and \tilde{g} only), λ''_{tds} only (from $\lambda''_{abc} \bar{U}_a \bar{D}_b \bar{D}_c$)

Charge asymmetries and rates

LQ LHC@8 TeV	$c_i = 0.6$ $m_{V_i} = 1 \text{ TeV}$ $m_{S_i} = 500 \text{ GeV}$	RPV LHC@8 TeV	$\lambda''_{tds} = 0.1,$ $m_{\tilde{q}} = 600,$ $m_{\tilde{g}} = 750,$	0.1 800 GeV 650 GeV
$u c \rightarrow \bar{t} e^+ \mu^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau :$ $A_{ }^{\text{LQ}} =$	0.0029 fb +0.93	$d d \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{t} \bar{s} \bar{s} :$ $A_{ }^{\text{RPV}} =$	30 fb -0.95	0.012 fb -0.98
$u g \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{c} e^+ \mu^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau :$ $A_{ }^{\text{LQ}} =$	0.018 fb +0.96	$g d \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{t} \bar{s} \bar{s} d :$ $A_{ }^{\text{RPV}} =$	16 fb -0.80	1.2 fb -0.81
$g g \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{c} \bar{u} e^+ \mu^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau :$ $A_{ }^{\text{LQ}} =$	0.0019 fb 0	$g g \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{t} \bar{s} \bar{s} \bar{d} \bar{d} :$ $A_{ }^{\text{RPV}} =$	1.7 fb 0	38 fb 0
$p p \rightarrow \bar{t} e^+ \mu^+ + X :$ $A_{ }^{\text{LQ TOT}} =$	0.023 fb +0.88	$p p \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{t} + X :$ $A_{ }^{\text{RPV TOT}} =$	48 fb -0.87	39 fb -0.025

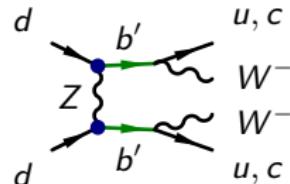
Strategy:

– inclusive search for same-sign (flavour-different) dileptons

– compute the charge asymmetry in NP rates: $A_{||}^{\text{NP}} \equiv \frac{\langle ++ \rangle - \langle -- \rangle}{\langle ++ \rangle + \langle -- \rangle}$

Note $A_{||}^{\text{NP}} < 0$ points at B and L violation

or at very special and constrained scenarios like:



[FeynRules-MADGRAPH 5, no cuts]

Three-generation B and L violation at the LHC

A SM-like flavour structure,
suppressing naturally low-energy B and L violation

A model independent classification of allowed channels

Resonant processes with striking signatures at the LHC

- $\bar{t} e^+ \mu^+$ and $\bar{t} \bar{t} + \text{jets}$
- Charge asymmetries discriminate between scenarios.
- $A_{\parallel}^{\text{NP}} < 0$ would be a smoking gun.

Backup

Master table

Simplified models vs LHC searches

Simplified models at 14 TeV

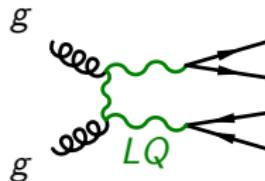
Master table

ΔB	ΔL	Fermionic cores	Examples	Promising LHC processes	$A_{e\mu}$
0	± 6	NNN NNN	$\nu_e \nu_\mu \nu_\tau \otimes \nu_e \nu_\mu \nu_\tau$	$u \bar{u} \rightarrow e^- \mu^- \nu_\tau \nu_e \nu_\mu \nu_\tau$	$W^+ W^+$
± 1	± 3	UUU EEN	$t c u \otimes e^- \mu^- \nu_\tau$	$u c \rightarrow \bar{t} e^+ \mu^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau$ $u g \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{c} e^+ \mu^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau$ $g g \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{c} \bar{u} e^+ \mu^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau$	$+$ $+$ 0
		UUD ENN	$t c d \otimes e^- \nu_\mu \nu_\tau$	$u c \rightarrow \bar{t} e^+ \mu^+ \tau^+ W^-$	$+$
		UDD NNN	$t s d \otimes \nu_e \nu_\mu \nu_\tau$	$d c \rightarrow \bar{t} e^+ \mu^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau$ $d s \rightarrow \bar{t} e^+ \mu^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau$	W^- $W^- W^-$
± 1	∓ 3	UDD $\bar{N}\bar{N}\bar{N}$	$t s d \otimes \bar{\nu}_e \bar{\nu}_\mu \bar{\nu}_\tau$	$d s \rightarrow \bar{t} e^- \mu^- \nu_\tau$	$W^+ W^+$
		DDD $\bar{E}\bar{N}\bar{N}$	$b s d \otimes e^+ \bar{\nu}_\mu \bar{\nu}_\tau$	$d s \rightarrow \bar{t} e^- \mu^- \nu_\tau$	$W^+ W^+$
± 2	0	UDD UDD	$t s d \otimes t s d$	$d d \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{t} \bar{s} \bar{s}$ $d g \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{t} \bar{s} \bar{s} \bar{d}$ $g g \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{t} \bar{s} \bar{s} \bar{d} \bar{d}$	$-$ $-$ 0
			$t c d \otimes b s d$	$d u \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{t} \bar{s} \bar{s} W^+$ $d d \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{t} \bar{c} \bar{s} W^+$	$-$ $-$

Simplified models vs LHC searches

LQ

- QCD pair production



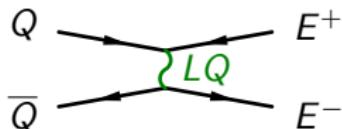
vectors: eu , μc
 scalar: $\nu_T t$

scalar	$e j$	> 830 GeV	CMS, 7 TeV, 5/fb
scalar	μj	> 840 GeV	CMS, 7 TeV, 5/fb
scalar	$b\nu$	> 350 GeV	CMS, 7 TeV, 1.8/fb
scalar	$b\tau$	> 535 GeV	ATLAS, 7 TeV, 4.7/fb
vector	$b\tau$	> 760 GeV	CMS, 7 TeV, 4.8/fb

→ Constrains the mass alone

- m_{ee} and $m_{\mu\mu}$

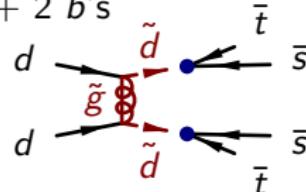
LHC@8 TeV: ATLAS and CMS, 20/fb



→ Constrains the coupling (mass fixed)

RPV

- SSDL + 2 *b*'s



Latest CMS, 8 TeV, 10.5/fb

SR8: 2 same-sign leptons $p_T > 20$ GeV
 $|y| \leq 2.4$

2 jets + 2 b's $p_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$
 $|y| < 2.4$

$E_T > 0$ GeV

$H_T > 320$ GeV

< 10.5 BSM events at 95% CL

Acceptance \simeq a few $\times 10^{-3}$:

- 1/4 of signal passes cuts

– $(60\%)^2$ efficiency for two b -tags

- $(60\%)^2$ for two ℓ 's

– $(2/9)^2$ for two semi- ℓ top decays

$$\rightarrow \sigma^{\text{RPV}}(pp \rightarrow t\bar{t} + X) \lesssim \mathcal{O}(100 \text{ fb})$$

Simplified models at 14 TeV

LQ LHC@8 (14) TeV	$c_i = 0.6$ $m_{V_i} = 1 \text{ TeV}$ $m_{S_i} = 500 \text{ GeV}$	RPV LHC@8 (14) TeV	$\lambda''_{tds} = 0.1,$ $m_{\tilde{q}} = 600,$ $m_{\tilde{g}} = 750,$	0.1 800 GeV 650 GeV
$u c \rightarrow \bar{t} e^+ \mu^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau : 0.0029 \text{ (0.025) fb}$		$d d \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{t} \bar{s} \bar{s} : 30 \text{ (110) fb}$		0.012 (0.065) fb
$A_{ }^{\text{LQ}} = +0.93 \text{ (+0.90)}$		$A_{ }^{\text{RPV}} = -0.95 \text{ (-0.88)}$		-0.98 (-0.92)
$u g \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{c} e^+ \mu^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau : 0.018 \text{ (0.40) fb}$		$g d \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{t} \bar{s} \bar{s} d : 16 \text{ (140) fb}$		1.2 (12) fb
$A_{ }^{\text{LQ}} = +0.96 \text{ (+0.94)}$		$A_{ }^{\text{RPV}} = -0.80 \text{ (-0.69)}$		-0.81 (-0.69)
$g g \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{c} \bar{u} e^+ \mu^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau : 0.0019 \text{ (0.25) fb}$		$g g \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{t} \bar{s} \bar{s} \bar{d} \bar{d} : 1.7 \text{ (33) fb}$		38 (590) fb
$A_{ }^{\text{LQ}} = 0 \text{ (0)}$		$A_{ }^{\text{RPV}} = 0 \text{ (0)}$		0 (0)
$p p \rightarrow \bar{t} e^+ \mu^+ + X : 0.023 \text{ (0.65) fb}$		$p p \rightarrow \bar{t} \bar{t} + X : 48 \text{ (280) fb}$		39 (602) fb
$A_{ }^{\text{LQ TOT}} = +0.88 \text{ (+0.58)}$		$A_{ }^{\text{RPV TOT}} = -0.87 \text{ (-0.68)}$		-0.025 (-0.014)

[FeynRules-MADGRAPH 5, NO CUTS]