FE model results and strain gauge measurements

P. Ferracin, J. E. Munoz Garcia

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Outline

Strain gauges location

FE model predictions

Strain gauge measurements

Conclusions



Shell strain gauges

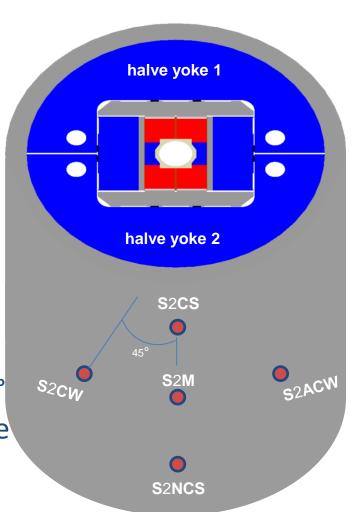
Gauges

- 10 azim.
- 10 axial
- Each with T compens.

Locations

Longitudinal center of the shell: 0° to ±45°

 Near-end of the structure



gauges S1



gauges S2

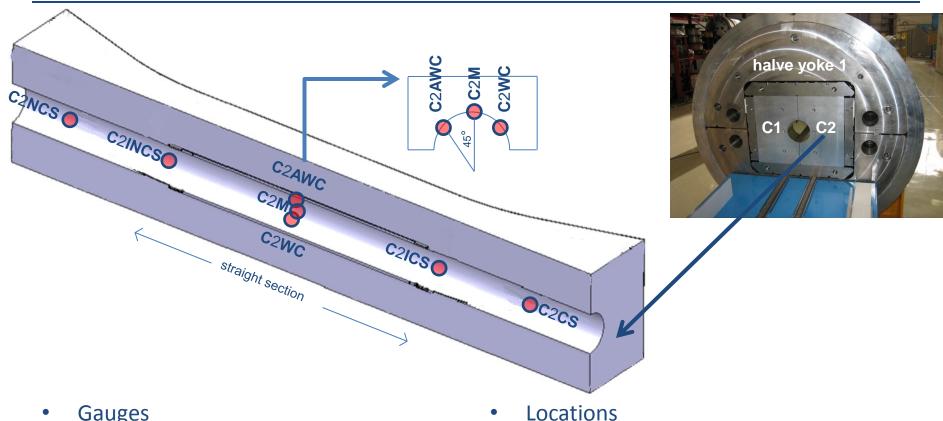








Dummy coil strain gauges



- Gauges
 - 14 azimuthal
 - 14 axial
 - 2 external Temperature compensators

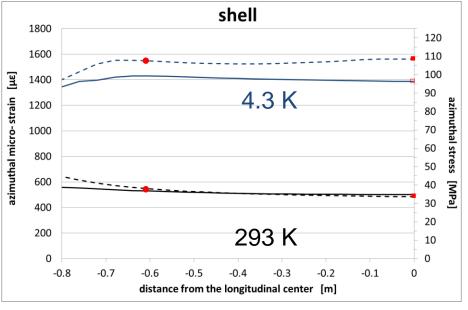
- Longitudinal center of the dummy: 0° to ±45°
- End of the straight-section
- Near-end of the structure



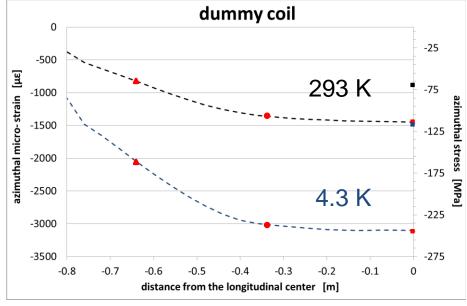


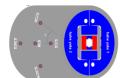
Shell and dummy coil: FE model predictions

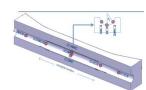
- Shell: azimuthal ε and σ
 - 293 K: +500 μstrain / +36 MPa
 - 4.3 K: +1580 μstrain / +108 MPa



- Dummy coil: azimuthal ϵ and σ
 - 293 K: -1450 μstrain / -115 MPa
 - 4.3 K: -3100 μstrain / -235 MPa





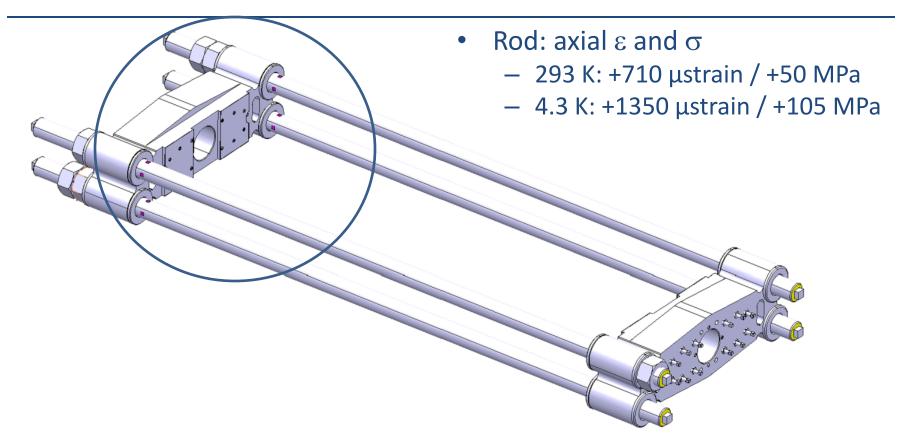








Axial rod strain gauges and FE model predictions



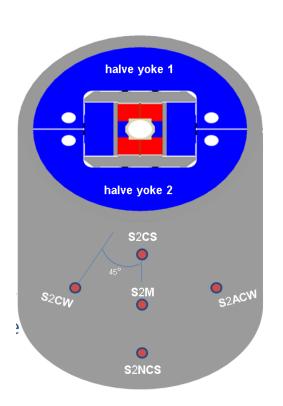
- Four gauges wired as a full-bridge to compensate for bending and temperature
 - 2 axial + 2 azimuthal

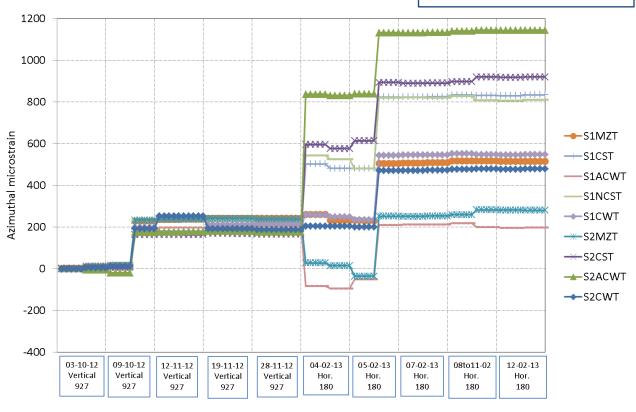




Shell azimuthal strain vs. time Overview

- 200 μstrain reached after "yoke loading"
- Large variations from build. 927 to 180
- Consistent increase during bladder operation





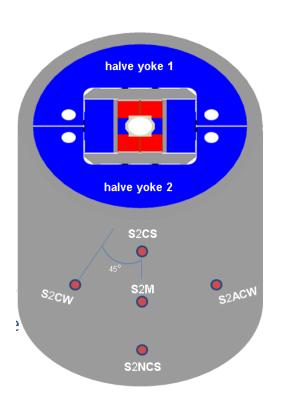


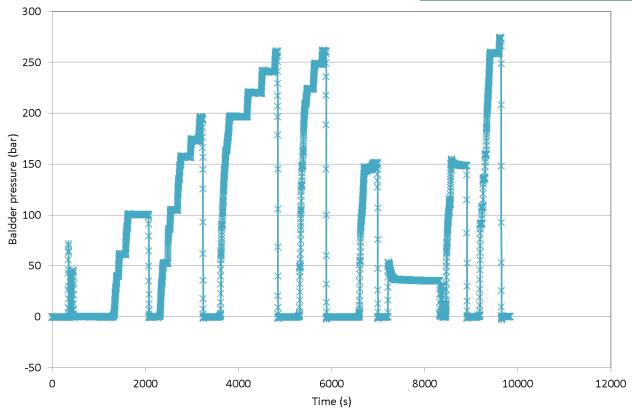




Bladder operation

- 7 bladder inflations
- Max pressure: 280 bars





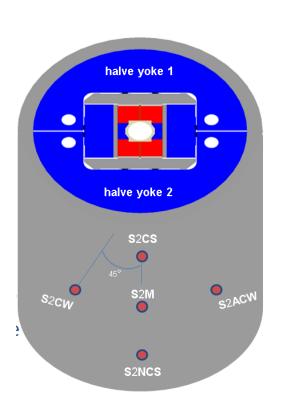


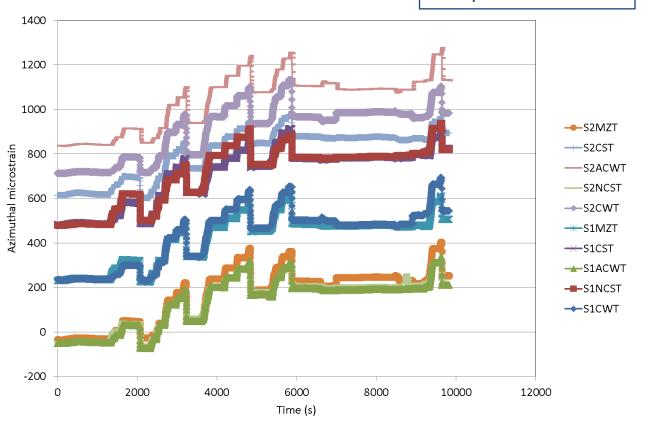




Shell azimuthal strain vs. time Bladder operation

- Consistency in strain increase
 - About 250-300 μstrain
- Spread constant during bladder operation









Shell azimuthal strain vs. bladder pressure Bladder operation

- Agreement with computed slope
- Offset maintained

100 μ strain = 7 MPa 1400 1200 halve yoke 1 1000 Azimuthal microstrain 800 -S1MZT —S1CST halve yoke 2 600 —S1ACWT —S1NCST S2CS 400 -S1CWT 2D FEM 200 S2ACW S2M S2NCS -200 50 100 150 0 200 250 300



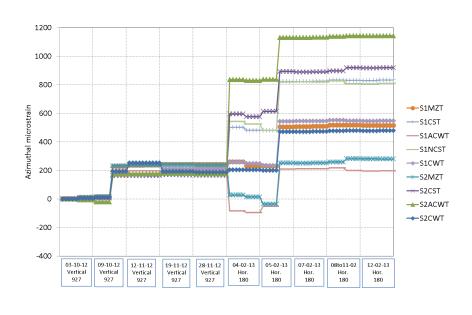


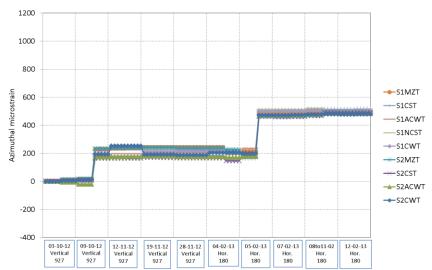


Bladder pressure (bar)

Shell azimuthal strain vs. time Overview

 Assumption: new offsets applied to values starting on 04/02/13





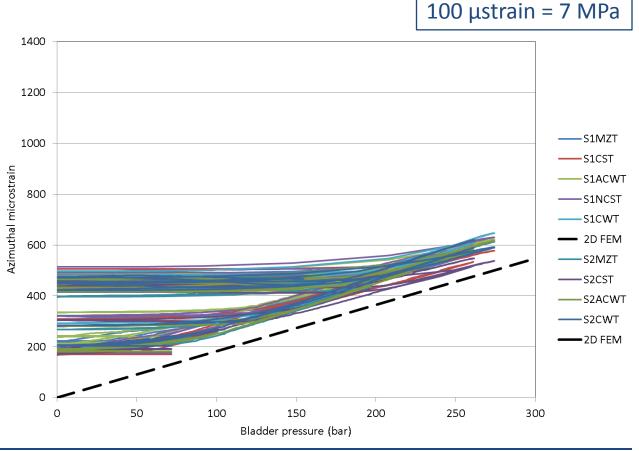




Shell azimuthal strain vs. bladder pressure Bladder operation

New data in agreement with computed slope and absolute values

halve yoke 1 halve yoke 2 S2CS S2ACW S2NCS

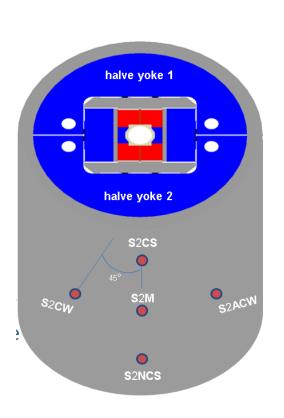


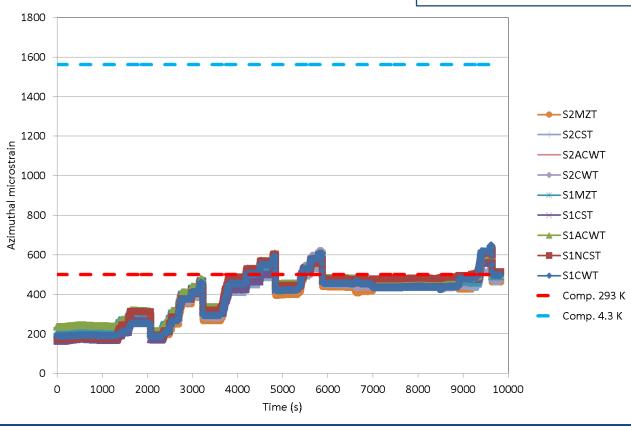




Shell azimuthal strain vs. time Offsets corrected

- Target of +500 μstrain reached
- Spread: ~50 μstrain

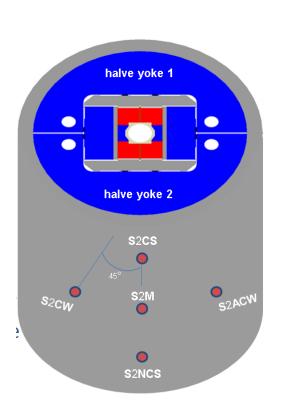


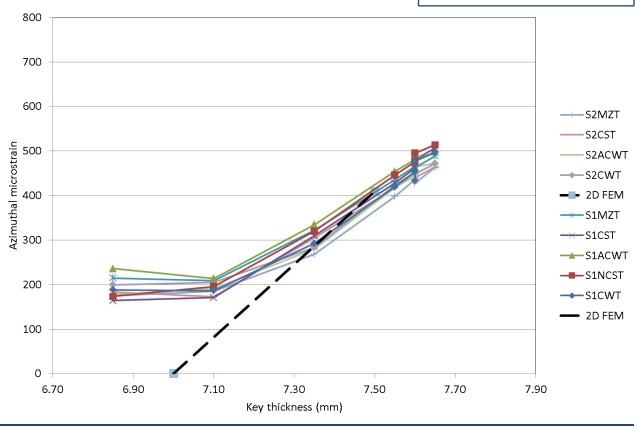




Shell azimuthal strain vs. shim thickness

- Slope consistent with computations
- Zero stress key size: 7 mm











Dummy coil azimuthal strain vs. time Straight section

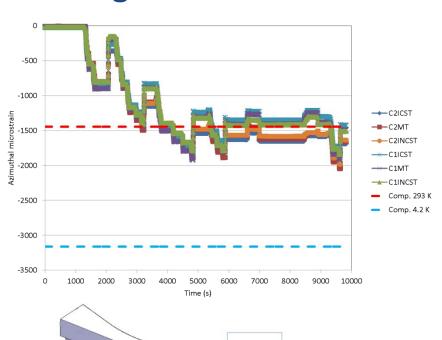
- Target of +1500 μstrain reached
- Spread: ~250 μstrain

100 μ strain = 7 MPa -500 -1000 → C2ICST Azimuthal microstrain ■C2MT -1500 C2INCST -2000 \times C1MT ★─C1INCST Comp. 293 K -2500 Comp. 4.2 K -3000 -3500 0 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 7000 8000 9000 10000 Time (s)

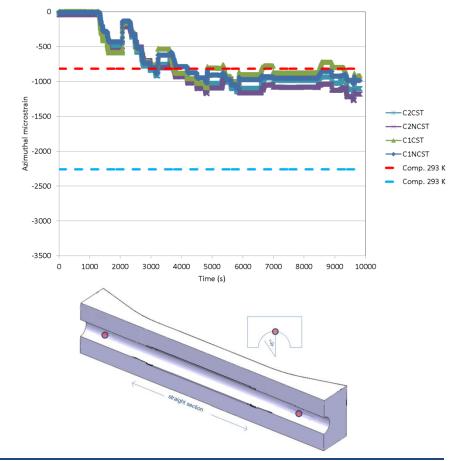


Dummy coil azimuthal strain vs. time

Straight section



End region



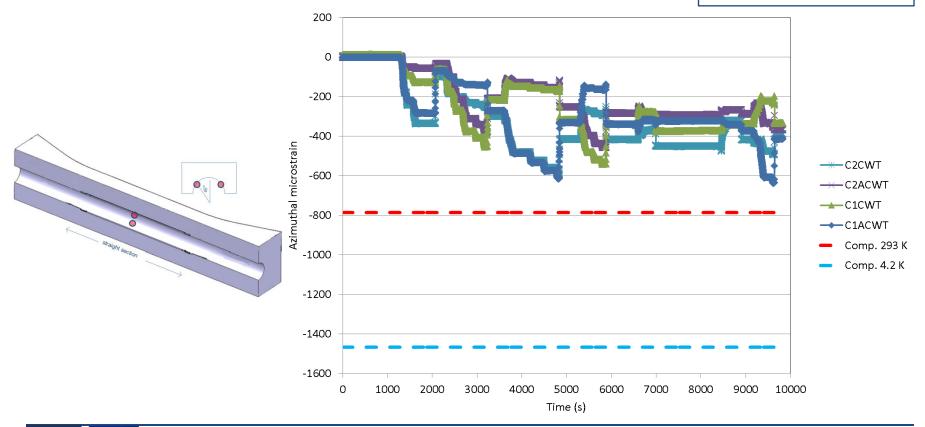






Dummy coil azimuthal strain vs. time "Side" gauges

- Measured value lower than predicted
 - Lower vertical pre-load? To be analysed
- Small spread

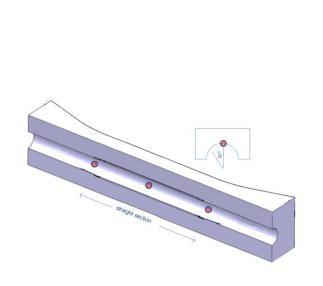


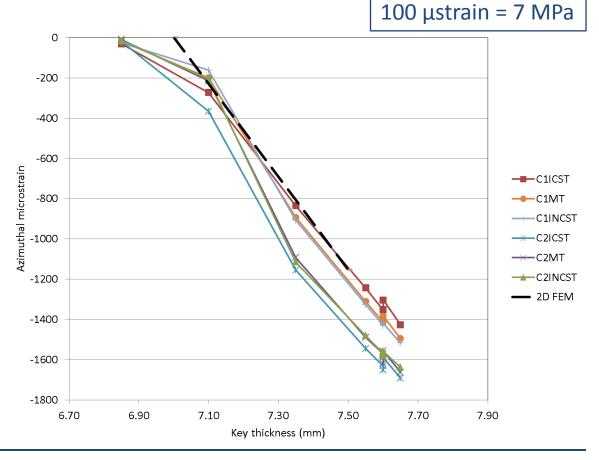




Dummy coil azimuthal strain vs. shim thickness

- Slope consistent with computations
- Zero stress key size: 7 mm



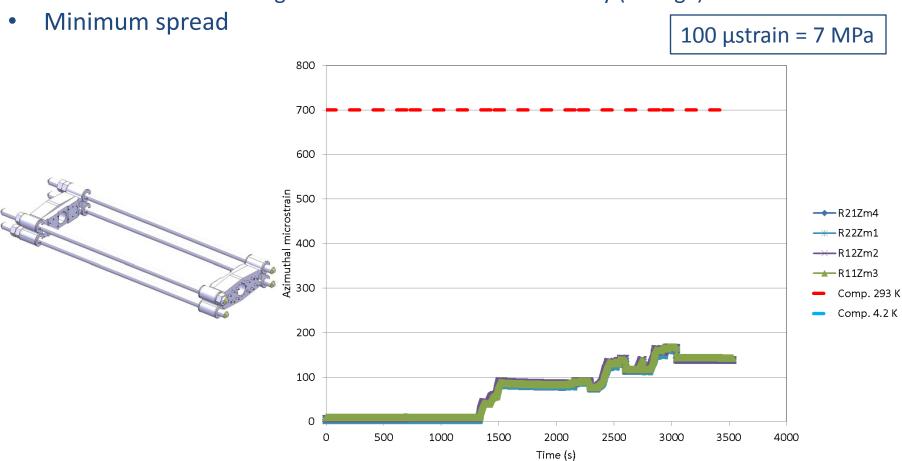






Rod axial strain vs. time

- About a factor 4 discrepancy with respect to expectations
 - To be verified during cool-down and after disassembly (wiring?)







Conclusions

- A total of 64 gauges mounted on the structure
 - 20 on the shell
 - 28 on the dummy coils
 - 16 on the rods
- Shell gauges
 - Sensitivity on bladder pressure and shim thickness in agreement with computations
 - Assuming offset correction → targets met and low spread
- Excellent data from coil gauges
- Rod data far from expected values and under investigation
 - Still, minimum spread achieved

