

# Measurement of the Higgs boson properties in WW<sup>(\*)</sup> di-lepton decay mode at ATLAS

EPS-HEP Stockholm, July 18<sup>th</sup> - 24<sup>th</sup> 2013

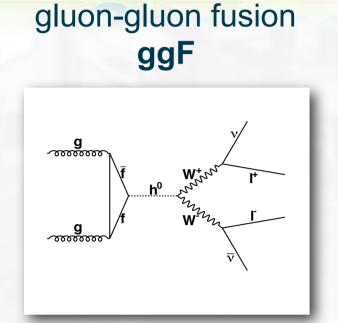
#### Introduction

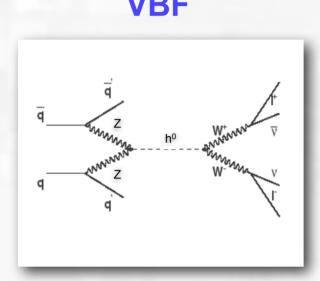
- The evidence of a Higgs boson production in the  $H \to WW^{(*)} \to \ell\nu\ell\nu$ ,  $(\ell = e, \mu)$ decay mode is presented. Analysis is focused on the Standard Model Higgs boson with the mass of 125 GeV produced through the gluon-gluon (ggF) and vector-boson (VBF) fusion.
- Combined result with  $H \to WW^{(*)} \to \ell\nu\ell\nu$ , where Higgs boson is produced in association with a W or Z boson (where W and Z decay leptonically), is shown.

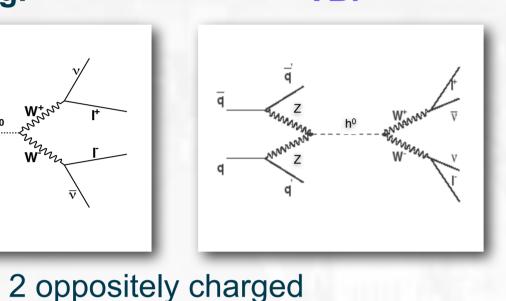
vector-boson fusion associated production

• The exclusion limits are set on the presence of a high-mass Higgs boson with the Standard Model production cross-section and couplings.

# Signatures and expected rates







WH - 3 leptons ZH - 4 leptons

and large  $E_T^{miss}$ .

# 2 well separated jets

# Experiment

The analyzed data are collected in p-p collissions at the center of mass energy of 7 TeV and 8 TeV using the ATLAS detector at the LHCEMS Datasets correspond to 20.7 fb-1 in 2012 and 4.6 fb-1 in 2011.



# Final estimates and systematics

# Event yields at 8 TeV for the signal of $m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$

#### **Background estimation:**

- 1. W + jets, same-flavour Drell-Yan from data,
- 2. WW, top ( $t\bar{t}$ +single t),  $Z \to \tau\tau$  normalized to the data in control regions,
- 3.  $W\gamma, W\gamma^*, WZ$
- from simulation and validated in data,
- 4. VBF di-boson and WW
- from simulation (difficult to construct pure CR)

$N_{\rm jet}$	$N_{\rm obs}$	$N_{ m bkg}$	$N_{ m sig}$	$N_{WW}$	$N_{VV}$	$N_{tar{t}}$	$N_t$	$N_{Z/\gamma^*}$	$N_{W+  \mathrm{jets}}$
= 0	831	$739 \pm 39$	$97 \pm 20$	$551 \pm 41$	$58 \pm 8$	$23 \pm 3$	$16 \pm 2$	$30 \pm 10$	$61 \pm 21$
= 1	309	$261 \pm 28$	$40 \pm 13$	$108 \pm 40$	$27 \pm 6$	$68 \pm 18$	$27 \pm 10$	$12 \pm 6$	$20 \pm 5$
≥ 2	55	$36 \pm 4$	$10.6 \pm 1.4$	$4.1 \pm 1.5$	$1.9 \pm 0.4$	$4.6 \pm 1.7$	$0.8 \pm 0.4$	$22 \pm 3$	$0.7 \pm 0.2$

Observed events and expected yields after all selections in region  $0.75 m_H < m_T < m_H$ 

 $120 \frac{1}{100} = 8 \text{ TeV}, \int Ldt = 20.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ 

### **Event selection**

high- $p_T$  leptons (e, $\mu$ ) and large  $E_T^{miss}$ .

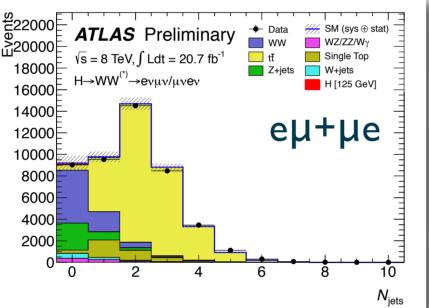
#### **Analysis categories:**

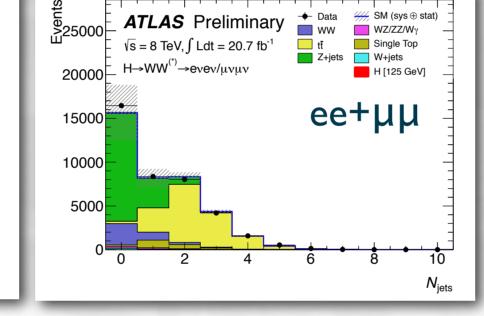
- 4 lepton flavour combinations: ee, µµ, eµ, µe
- 3 jet multiplicities: **0 jet, 1 jet** - ggF ≥ 2 jetss - VBF

#### **Preselections**

- Exactly 2 oppositely charged, well isolated leptons with  $p_T >$ 25,15 GeV (W+jets,
- High relative  $E_T^{miss}$  and lower bound on m<sub>II</sub> to reduce Drell-Yan and QCD background
- Veto events with the mil corresponding to the Z mass. H + 0 jet:
- High p<sub>T</sub> to reduce Drell-Yan
- H + 1 jet: Veto b-jets reduce 75% of top
- ullet Veto Z 
  ightarrow au au decays using a collinear approximation for m<sub>TT</sub> H + 2 jets:
- H+1jet selections + selections on  $M_{jj}$ ,  $\Delta Y_{jj}$ , central jet veto are applied to enhance the VBF topology.

#### Background composition depends on the lepton flavour final state and number of jets





Poor mass resolution,

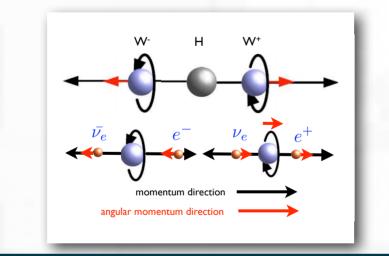
but high rate!

 $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{TeV}^{\frac{3}{2}}$ 

After preselections, dominant backgrounds in the eµ and µe channels come from top quark and WW, while in the ee and µµ come from Drell-Yan (in 0/1 jet cat.) and top (in 2 jet cat.)

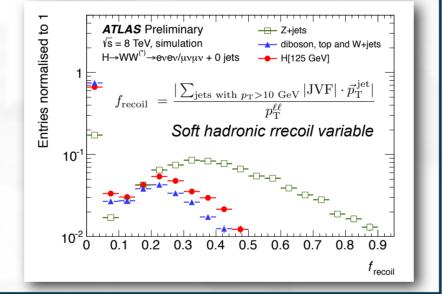
# Topological selection:

Exploit the angular correlations of the WW system to discriminate between pp→H→WW and other pp→WW production



#### **Drell-Yan suppression:** Apply cuts on:

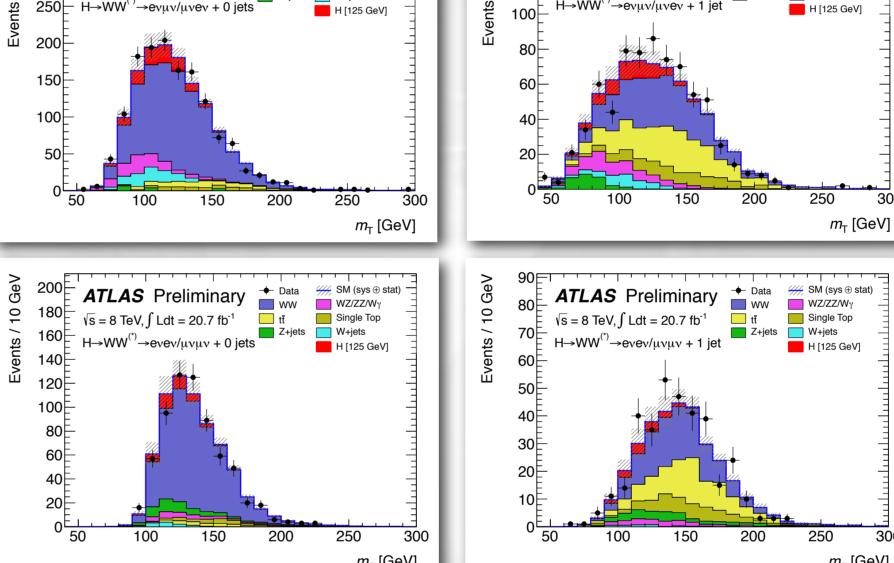
- Rel. track-based  $E_T^{miss.}$
- Soft hadronic recoil radiation opposite to the di-lepton (+jet) system

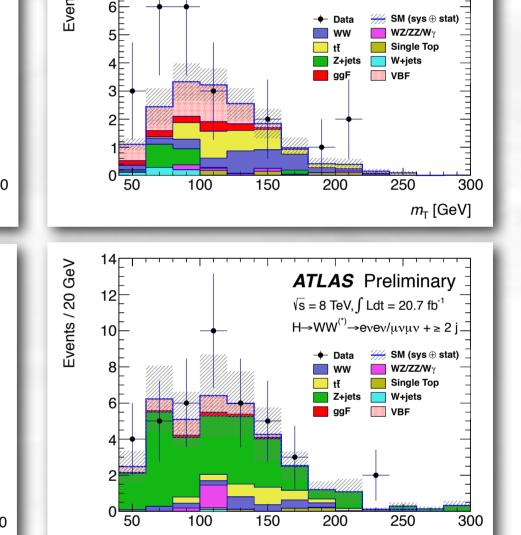


**High mass search**: Requires selection of higher p<sub>T</sub> leptons. Higgs with m<sub>H</sub> = 125 GeV is considered as background for this search and suppressed by m<sub>II</sub> > 50 GeV selection.

### Final discriminant - transverse mass

$$m_T^2 = \left(\sqrt{m_{\ell\ell}^2 + \vec{p}_{T_{\ell\ell}}^2} + E_T^{miss}\right)^2 - \left(\vec{p}_{T_{\ell\ell}} + \vec{E}_T^{miss}\right)^2$$





ATLAS Preliminary

 $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}, \int Ldt = 20.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ 

An excess of events over the expected background has been observed in data for a broad m<sub>T</sub> range in all final states

#### Leading uncertainties on the signal strength

The breakdown of uncertainties on the signal strength:

- statistical: 21%
- theoretical syst.: experimental syst.:
- luminosity uncert.:

Category	Source	Uncertainty, up (%)	Uncertainty, down (%)
Statistical	Observed data	+21	-21
Theoretical	Signal yield $(\sigma \cdot \mathcal{B})$	+12	-9
Theoretical	WW normalisation	+12	-12
Experimental	Objects and DY estimation	+9	-8
Theoretical	Signal acceptance	+9	-7
Experimental	MC statistics	+7	-7
Experimental	W+ jets fake factor	+5	-5
Theoretical	Backgrounds, excluding WW	+5	-4
Luminosity	Integrated luminosity	+4	-4
Total		+32	-29

#### Results

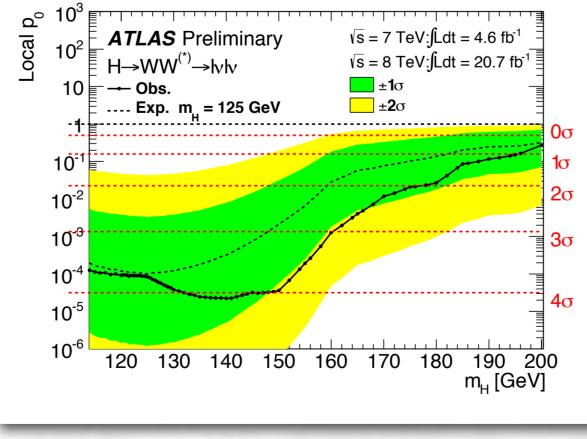
- The m<sub>T</sub> spectra of events satisfying all selections are fit using the binned likelihood.
- Systematics parametrised by nuisance parameters.

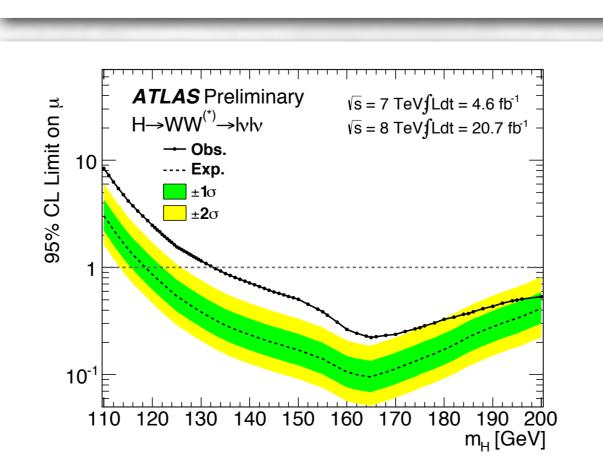
#### Results for 7/8 TeV for $m_H = 115 - 200$ GeV

- The Higgs boson with the SM cross-section is excluded with 95% C.L. for m<sub>H</sub> > 133 GeV (exclusion expected for  $m_H > 119 \text{ GeV}$ )
- Excess is observed for a wide m<sub>H</sub> range, with local  $p_0$  minimum at  $m_H = 140$  GeV corresponding to  $4.1\sigma$ significance.
- The observed signal significance at m<sub>H</sub> = 125 GeV is  $3.8\sigma$  (expected  $3.7\sigma$ ).
- The best fit signal strength at m<sub>H</sub> = 125 GeV  $\mu = 1.01 \pm 0.21_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.19_{\text{theo}} \pm 0.12_{\text{exp}} \pm 0.04_{\text{lumi}}$
- Measured cross section for 8 TeV and m<sub>H</sub> = 125 GeV:  $\sigma \times BR (WW^{(*)}) = 6.0 \pm 1.6 pb$

SM prediction:  $4.8 \pm 0.7$  pb.

Results consistent with the Standard Model!

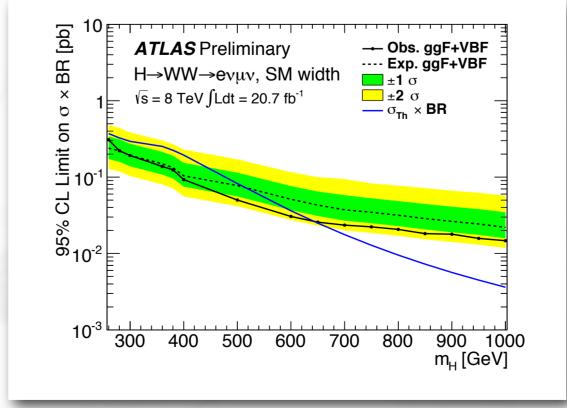




# High-mass Higgs search (8TeV)

 95% CL exclusion limit on SM-like signal lineshape and couplings (ggF + VBF):

#### $260 \text{ GeV} < m_H < 642 \text{ GeV}$



• Exclusion limits on the  $\sigma_{\alpha\alpha} = \times RR (WW^{(*)})$ 

Exclusion innits on the Oggr > Dr (VVVV)							
$W  o \ell  u, \; \ell$ :							
m <sub>H</sub>	300 GeV	600 GeV	1 TeV				
SM like [fb]	250	34	19				
N.W.A. <sup>[1</sup> ] [fb]	230	32	29				
SM prediction (fb)	263	31	2				
[1] N.W.A Narrow Width Approximation							

#### Combination with VH (7+8 TeV)

 $H \to WW^{(*)} \to \ell \nu \ell \nu$  $WH \to WWW^{(*)} \to \ell\nu\ell\nu\ell\nu$  $ZH \to ZWW^{(*)} \to \ell\ell\ell\nu\ell\nu$ 

Expected and observed significance for m<sub>H</sub>=125 GeV significance HWW HWW+VH 3.8 expected 0.7 2.0 4.0 observed

Local p<sub>0</sub>-value as a function of m<sub>H</sub> (HWW+VH)

