EPS-HEP Stockholm - 18.-24.07.2013

Inclusive Top Quark Pair Production Cross Section at 7 & 8 TeV

Anna Henrichs (Yale University) on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration







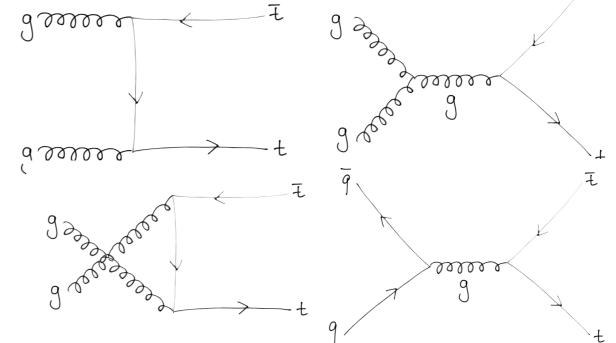
Alexander von Humboldt Stiftung/Foundation

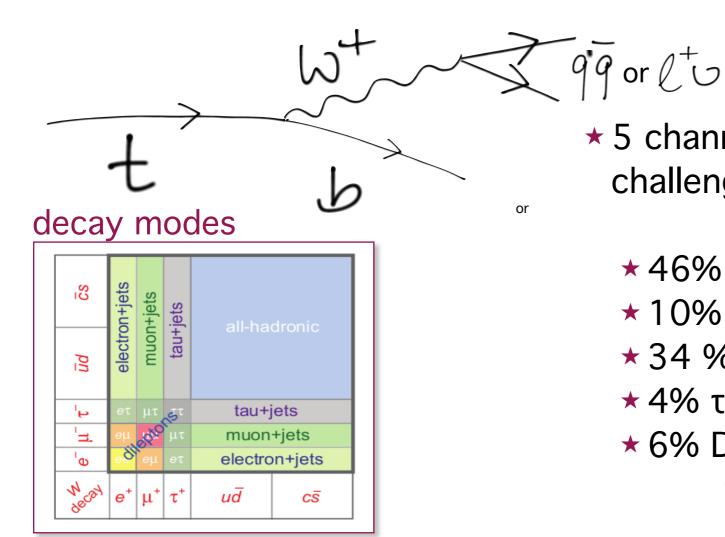
Top Production and Decay



★ pair production through strong NNLOINTEGRACION or mt = 173 GeV[arXiv:1303.6254] ★ gluon fusion cominates at the LHC $t\bar{t}$ 172.0_{-5.8}^{+4.4}-4.8^{+4.7} 245.8_{-8.4}^{+6.2}-6.4^{+6.2} Approx. NNLO cross section for mt = 173 GeV [arXiv: 1210.7813] t-channel 65.9_{-0.7}^{+2.1}-1.7^{+1.5} 87.2_{-1.0}^{+2.8}-2.2^{+2.0} ★ electroweak decay 5.55 ± 0.08 ± 0.21

 $w_{t-cha}W$





★ 5 channels with different advantages and challenges - all covered by ATLAS:

- ★46% All hadronic (2xW→qq)
- ★ 10% τ_{had}+Jets (W→qq, W→τ_{had} v)
- * 34 % Lepton+Jets (W \rightarrow qq, W \rightarrow e/µ v)
- ★4% τ_{had}+Lepton (W→τ_{had} v,W→e/μ v)
- ★6% Dilepton (2x W→e/ μ v)

Why Top Quark Pair Production?

 top quarks are an important handle in understanding the Standard Model and searching for physics beyond it

precision

- huge data sets available at 7 & 8 TeV to measure top production
- * can precisely test perturbative QCD
- * calculations available up to NNLO+NNLL* with $m_t = 172.5$ GeV:

 $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}) = 177^{+10}_{-11} \text{ pb}$ $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}) = 253^{+13}_{-15} \text{ pb}$

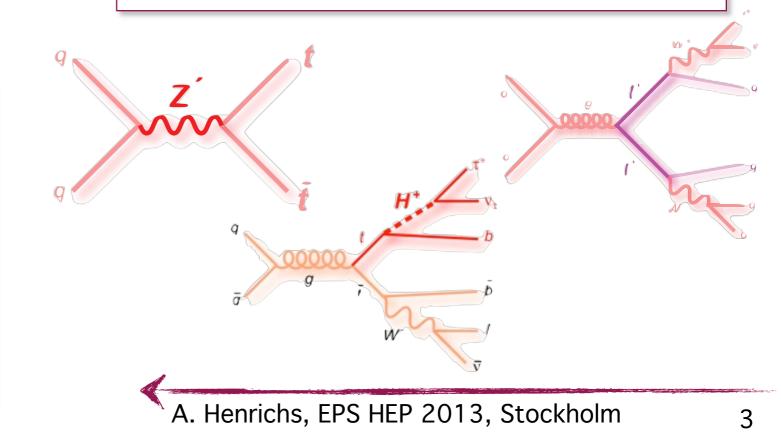
^Farxiv/hep-ph: 1111.5869,1112.5675,1204.5201,1207.0236,1210.6832,1303.6254

new physics?

- dominant background to many searches for new physics (ttH, stop, heavy resonances)
- ★ also direct sensitivity to new physics
 - in production (Z')
 - in the decay chain (t')
 - ★ in decay itself (H⁺)
- comparison of different decay modes is crucial

tools & methods

- ★ provides a well understood environment to understand the detector performance in events with high p_T objets, many jets, many b-jets
- development and understanding of new techniques soft muon tagging
- \star measuring rare and difficult processes measurements including τ_{had}





All hadronic 7 TeV, 4.7 fb⁻¹

h

challenge

 large background from QCD multijet production

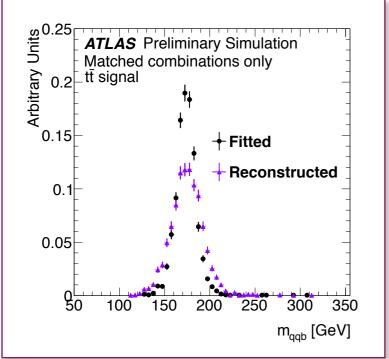
* no 'signature' lepton

<u>event selection</u>

- \star multijet trigger 5 jets with p_T > 30 GeV at trigger level
- ★ require ≥ 5 jets with p_T > 55 GeV, 6th jet with p_T > 30 GeV within $|\eta|$ < 2.5
- ★ at least 2 b-jets with p_T > 55 GeV
- ★ veto any electron or muon with $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$
- ★ veto missing transverse energy through $S(E_T^{miss}) = E_T^{miss} / (0.5 \times \sqrt{\Sigma}E_T) < 6$
 - * $\Delta R(b,b) > 1.2$ (suppress gluon splitting)
- * AR(j,j) > 0.6 for any jet pair



top mass



* reconstruct full event topology

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- kinematic likelihood fit to determine best assignment of jets to the top quark decays
- * constraints on W boson mass and m(top) = m(antitop)
- \star allows to build top mass as discriminant with improved resolution
- ★ select events with:
 - * m(top) > 125 GeV with 6-10 jets
 - ★ also require high probability of best permutation
 - \star good agreement with SM values through X^2

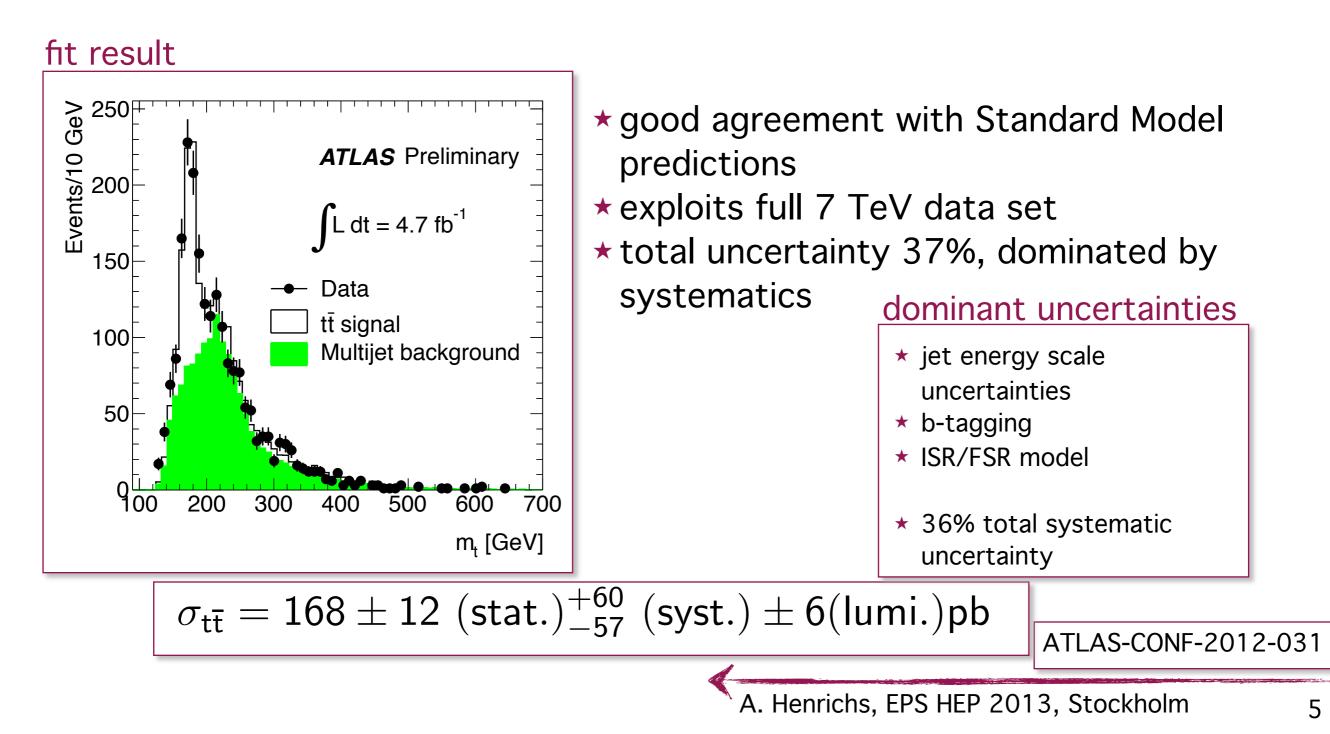
ATLAS-CONF-2012-031

kinematic fitting



 \star unbinned likelihood fit to extract cross section from m_t

- ★ QCD multijet background template from data, dropping b-jet requirements in event selection
- * correction factors to account for modeling & composition differences from MC



All hadronic 7 TeV, 4.7 fb⁻¹

LUX ET VERITAS

τ +Jets 7 TeV, 1.67 fb⁻¹

event selection

- ★ b-jet triggered events & at least two b-jets
- \star at least 5 jets with p_T > 20 GeV & |\eta| < 2.5
- \star veto events with leptons with p_T > 15 GeV
- * $S(E_T^{miss}) = E_T^{miss} / (0.5 \times \sqrt{\Sigma}E_T) > 8$
- find τ_{had} > 40 GeV, as highest p_T jet that is not b-tagged and does not belong to the hadronic top decay (3 jets yielding highest p_T combination)

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Arbitrary Units

0.6

0.5

0.4

0.3

0.2

0.1⊢

ATLAS

 $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$

 $L dt = 1.67 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

3



main backgrounds



- ★ QCD multijets
- ★ W+Jets

discriminant

, Component, tt MC

Electron Component, tt MC

Multijets, Data 2011

strategy

- * 1/3-prong decays of τ_{had} yield small number of tracks associated to τ_{had} -candidate
- * count number of tracks with $p_T > 1$ GeV within $\Delta R < 0.2$ & variable p_T cut in cone 0.2 < $\Delta R < 0.6$
- * real electrons from tt can fail the lepton veto and give τ_{had} -candidate: consider as signal and subtract based on e/τ_{had} - MC ratio

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8

9

10

11

Eur.Phys.J.C, 73 3 (2013) 2328

12

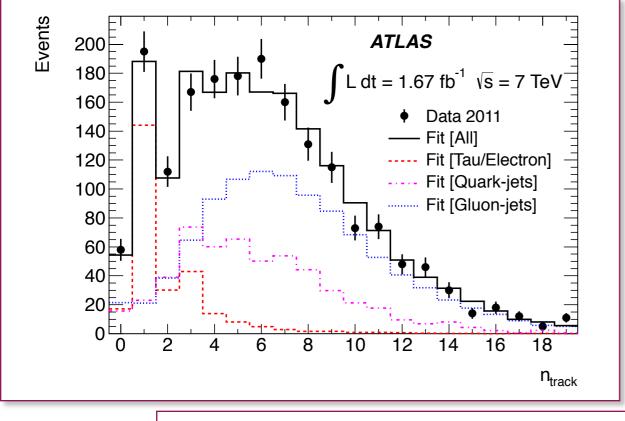
13

n_{track}

τ+Jets 7 TeV, 1.67 fb⁻¹

- Iikelihood fit to number of track distribution with:
 - \star combined e/ τ template (signal)
 - * gluon jet template (QCD multijet from sideband)
 - * quark jet template (tt from μ +Jets)

final fit



LUX ET VERITAS

dominant uncertainties

- ISR/FSR modeling
- ★ choice of generator
- ★ b-Jet tagging efficiencies
- ★ 24% total systematic uncertainty

- first measurement in τ+Jets final state at LHC
- reaches ~ 25% uncertainty
- in good agreement with all other measurements
- in good agreement with theoretical predictions

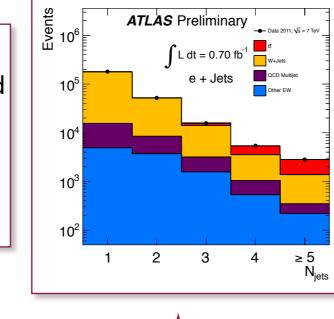
 $\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 194 \pm 18 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 46 \text{ (syst.) pb}$

Eur.Phys.J.C, 73 3 (2013) 2328

Lepton + Jets 7 & 8 TeV

backgrounds

- ★ W+Jets
- QCD multijet, jets faking isolated leptons
- single top production
- ★ Z+Jets
- diboson production



typical selection

- ★ one isolated lepton with p_T > 20-25 GeV
- ★ ≥3 jets with $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- * significant amount of E_T^{miss} > 20-35 GeV
- * additional cut to suppress QCD multijets on m_T (> 20 GeV) or $m_T+E_T^{miss}$ (> 60 GeV)
- ★ can require \geq 1 b-tagged jet

background modeling

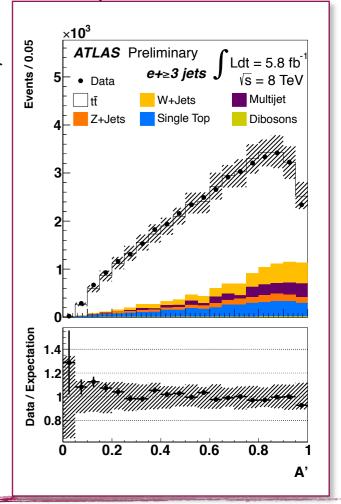
ATLAS-CONF-2011-121

- main backgrounds need to be estimated from data
- W+Jets normalization exploiting charge asymmetry of W production at LHC
- QCD multijet fake lepton background through "matrix method"
- needs efficiencies for loosely isolated leptons passing selections

discriminators

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- requiring b-tagging enhances signal purity
- * η (e/μ) more central in tt compared to W+Jets
- several event shape
 variables, like aplanarity,
 energy ratios

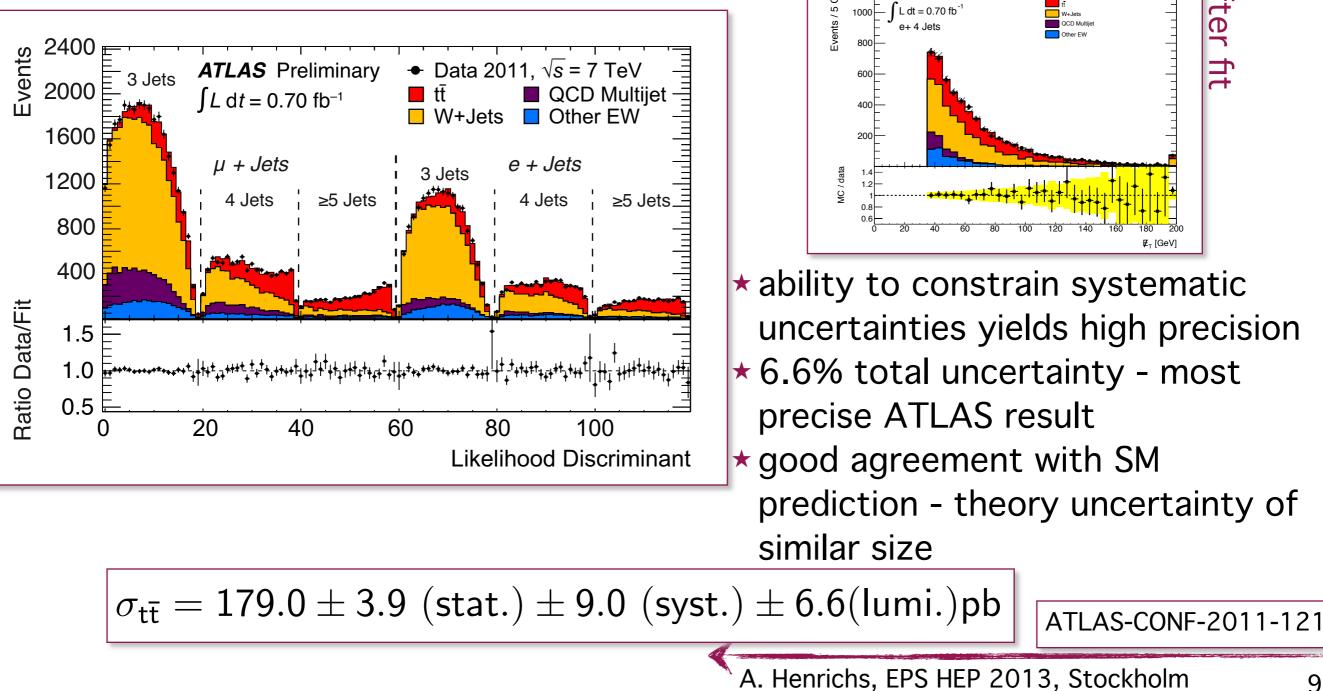


aplanarity

ATLAS-CONF-2012-131,149

Lepton + Jets 7 TeV, 0.7 fb⁻¹

- * likelihood discriminant from $\eta(e/\mu)$, $p_T(j_1)$, aplanarity, $H_{T,3p}$
- * no use of b-tagging information
- ★ simultaneous fit in e/μ + 3,4,≥ 5 jet events
- * profile likelihood fit including systematic uncertainties as nuisance parameters

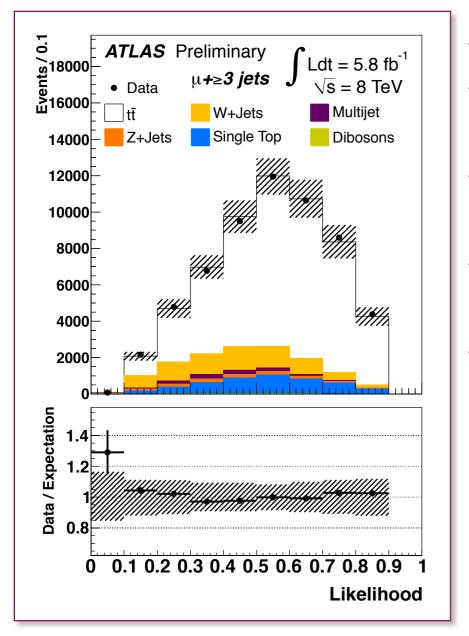


main systematics

ATLAS Preliminary

Lepton + Jets 8 TeV, 5.8 fb^{-1}

* first ATLAS measurement of σ_{tt} at 8 TeV * likelihood discriminant: η(e/µ), Aplanarity



background suppression

 ★ tight cut on lepton p_T > 40 GeV to further reject QCD multijets faking leptons



★ inclusive e/μ + ≥ 3 jet selection for high statistics ★ ≥ 1 b-tagged jet to suppress W+jets background

- negative log-likelihood minimization to obtain cross section
- ★ W+jets normalization determined by fit
- consistent results between channels and with SM predictions

high statistics

N _{tī}	$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ (pb)
31050±350	239±3
45000 ± 400	242±2
76000 ± 500	241±2
	31050 ± 350 45000 ± 400

main uncertainties

- ★ signal modeling
- ★ jet calibrations
- ★ 13% systematic uncertainty

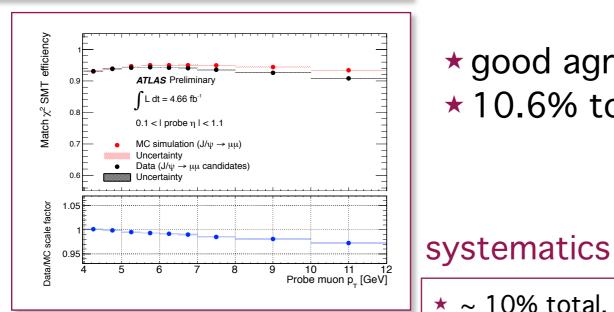
 $\sigma_{t\overline{t}} = 241 \pm 2 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 31 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 9(\text{lumi.)}\text{pb}$

ATLAS-CONF-2012-149

Lepton + Jets 7 TeV, 4.66 fb⁻¹

Soft Muon Tagging

- ★ 36% of the signal events contain semimuonic b→µX decays
- uses quality of match between ID and MS hits as discriminator
- ★ 10% efficiency for b-jets

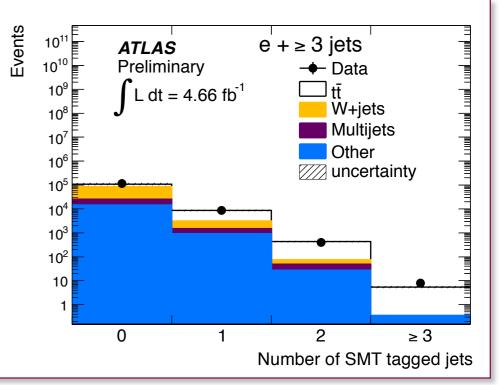


advantages

- sensitive to new physics through invisible cascade decays
- development of new technique
- complementary in terms of systematics

★ ≥ 3 jet selection, ≥ 1 SMT-b-jet

- **\star** remove Z/Y resonances in μ +jets events
- * dominant backgrounds estimated from data
- cross section extraction counting signal events after selection
- * good agreement with SM prediction
- ★ 10.6% total uncertainty



 $\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 165 \pm 2 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 17 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 3(\text{lumi.)pb}$

★ ~ 10% total, dominating

background (W/QCD)

the result

★ uncertainties on

normalisation

★ jet energy scale

★ simulation of b→ μ X

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final selected events

11



τ+lepton 7 TeV, 2.05 fb⁻¹

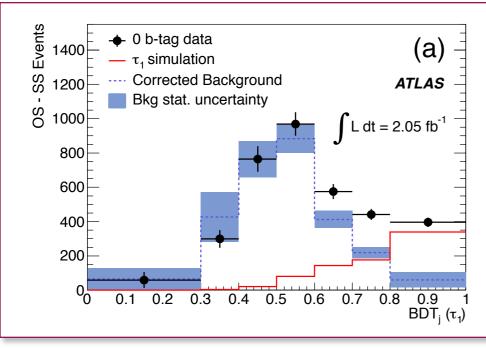
τ-ID

- \star start considering all jets as τ -candidates
- boosted decision trees (BDTs) from calorimeter- & track-based variables
- ★ 20 GeV < E_T (τ) < 100 GeV, lηl < 2.3
- ★ 1-3 associated tracks with $p_T > 1$ GeV within $\Delta R < 0.4$
- ★ sum of track charges \neq 0

event selection

- ★ one isolated lepton with $p_T > 20$ GeV (μ) or 25 GeV (e)
- * one τ-candidate
- ★ ≥ 2 jets with p_T > 25 GeV and $\Delta R(\tau,j)$ > 0.4
- ★ sample split in 0 b-jets and \ge 1 b-jet events
- ★ E_T^{miss} > 30 GeV and ΣE_T > 200 GeV

BDT output



backgrounds

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- \star electrons faking τ 's: dedicated BDT_e to suppress
- \star jets faking τ 's have two sources:
 - gluon splitting symmetric in charge construct OS-SS distributions
 - ★ light jets -

look at 0 b-jet distributions, correct for real τ 's from Z $\rightarrow \tau\tau$ and differences to ≥ 1 b-jet selection

Phys. Lett. B 717 (2012) 89-108



τ+lepton 7 TeV, 2.05 fb⁻¹

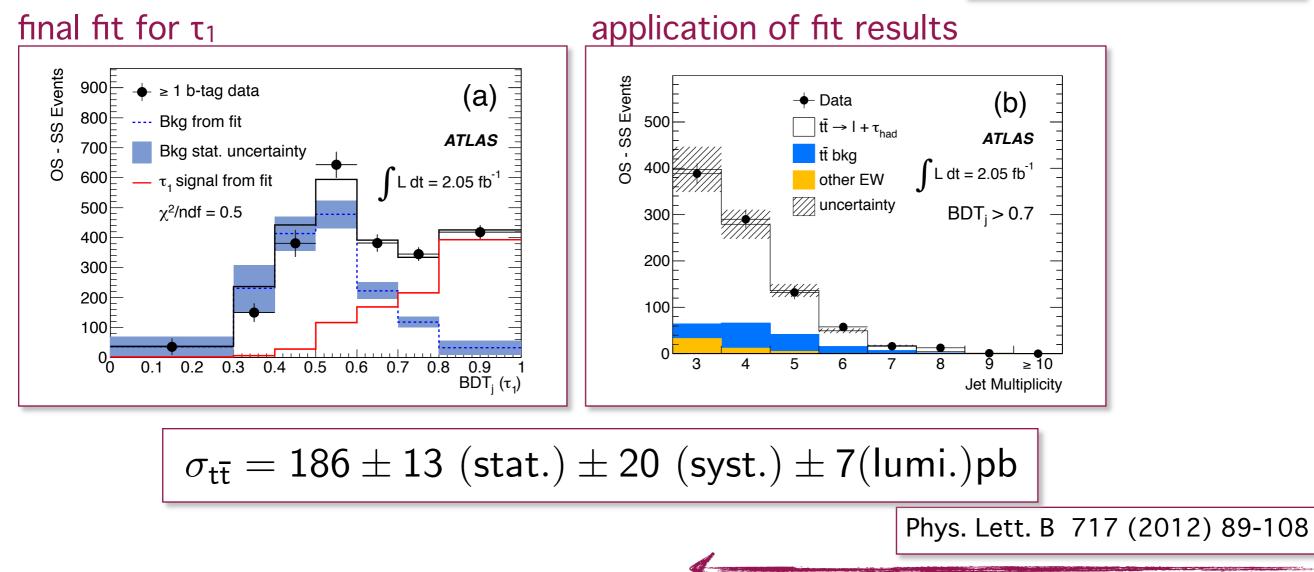


★ χ^2 - fits to OS-SS BDT_j (τ vs. jet) distributions for ≥1 b-jet ★ separate BDTs for τ₁/τ₃ and different distributions in eτ/μτ ★ signal templates from MC, background from Ob events ★ combination of τ₁/τ₃ and eτ/μτ for cross section extraction

* good agreement with Standard Model & other channels

main uncertainties

- ★ b-Jet tagging
- ISR & FSR models
- * τ-ID
- total 11% systematics



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event selection

- * 2 OS leptons with $p_T > 20-25$ GeV
- ★ ≥ 2 jets with $p_T > 25$ GeV
- * $m_{II} > 15$ GeV and $|m_{II}-m_z| > 10$ GeV for ee, $\mu\mu$
- * E_T^{miss} > 60 GeV for ee, $\mu\mu$
- ★ H_T > 130 GeV for eµ
- ★ additional selection with \geq 1 b-jet,
 - then $E_T^{miss} > 40 \text{ GeV}$

Events

800

600

400

200

0

0

lepton+track

- sensitivity can be enhanced selecting events with one isolated lepton and one isolated track
- ★ ID track with p_T > 25 GeV
- ★ track-based isolation in cone of $\Delta R=0.3 < 2 \text{ GeV}$
- no additional b-tag requirement
- ★ E_T^{miss} > 45 GeV, H_T > 150 GeV

b-tagging ··· ATLAS b-tag All channels Data $L dt = 0.70 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ Τŧ Z/γ *+jets Fake leptons Other EW Uncertainty

≥4

3

Number of b-tagged jets

2

1

backgrounds

* dominant background is Z/γ^* +Jets

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- \star suppress by requirements on m_{II}
- estimate remaining contributions from $|m_{II}-m_Z| < 10 \text{ GeV control region}$ $(E_T^{miss} > 30/45 \text{ GeV})$
- ★ W+Jets, tt (Lepton+Jets), single top contribute through jets faking leptons
- estimate using "matrix method" from data

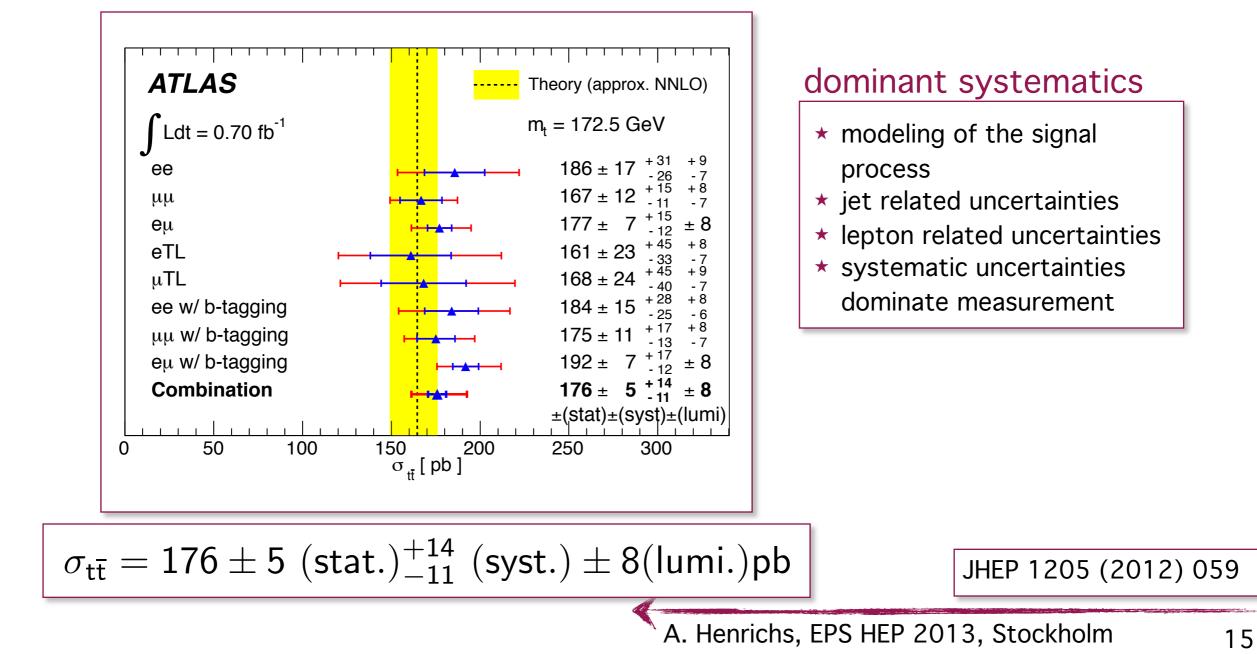
$E_{T}^{miss} > 60 \text{ GeV}$ non-b-tag ee • Data ∃tīt Z/γ *+jets Fake leptons Other EW Uncertainty 300 200 100 'n 160 ≥190 40 80 120 E_{τ}^{miss} [GeV]

JHEP 1205 (2012) 059

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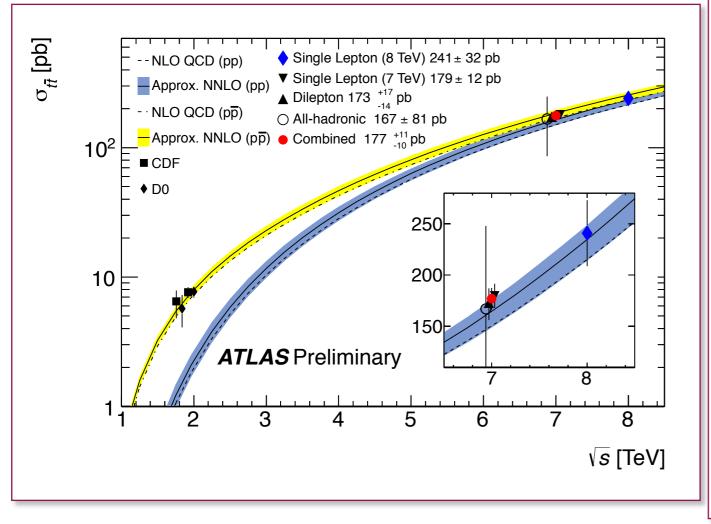
- \star counting events in ee, $\mu\mu$, eµ, µ+track, e+track without b-tagging and ee,
- $\mu\mu$, $e\mu$ with b-tagging selections
- $\star\, {\rm profile}$ likelihood fit to all 8 bins simultaneously
- ★ consistent picture between all channels
- \star 9.5% total uncertainty in good agreement with predictions



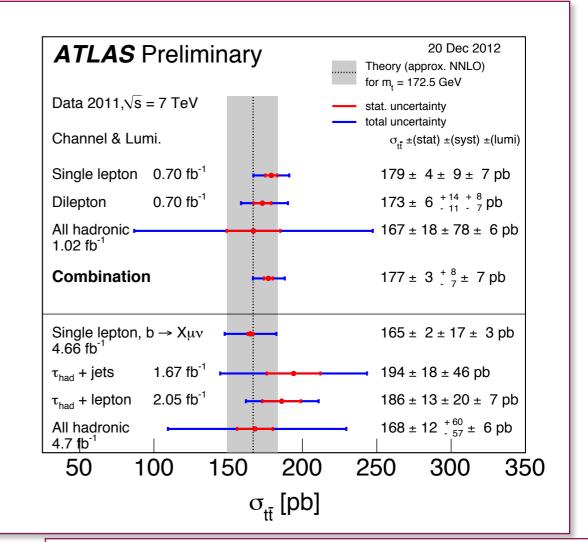
Overview



7 & 8 TeV



combination, 7 TeV



- ATLAS-CONF-2012-131 for ATLAS combination
- combination driven by high precision Lepton
 +Jets and Dilepton results
- ATLAS & CMS combination will be shown by M. Cristinziani (Saturday)

- results presented for all channels
- precise understanding of top quark production at hand
- no surprises good agreement with each other and with SM predictions



- broad program of inclusive top quark pair production measurements at ATLAS
- * excellent understanding of 7 TeV data set in terms of
 - * precision
 - * development of new techniques
 - ★ coverage of all channels
 - * sensitivity to new physics in top quark pair production
 - * allows to move to complicated properties measurements, differential cross sections etc.
- * effort on 8 TeV just starting
- ★ first result in Lepton+Jets channel available
- * but much more to come!



BACKUP





LUX ET VERITAS

- * systematic uncertainties on signal modeling through:
 - * ISR/FSR radiation using Pythia variations in AcerMC (typically dominant)
 - ★ choice of generator
 - * for hard process: MC@NLO vs PowHeg (Alpgen)
 - * for parton showering: PowHeg can be interfaced with Herwig/Pythia
 - ***** PDFs through varying errors/PDF sets

Uncertainties $\Delta \sigma / \sigma [\%]$	ee	$\mu\mu$	$e\mu$	eTL	μTL	Combined
Data statistics	± 8.1	± 6.1	± 3.9	±14.1	± 14.2	± 2.9
Luminosity	+4.4/-3.8	+4.4/-3.9	± 4.2	+5.1/-4.2	+5.4/-4.4	± 4.3
MC statistics	± 1.6	± 1.2	± 0.8	± 5.5	± 4.6	+0.7/-0.6
Lepton uncertainties	+6.2/-5.4	+2.9/-1.3	± 3.1	± 4.1	+1.8/-1.6	+2.6/-2.2
Track leptons				± 4.4	± 1.9	+0.3/-0.2
$\mathrm{Jet}/E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}$ uncertainties	+5.7/-5.7	+6.4/-3.5	+4.7/-3.2	+14.8/-6.4	± 13.1	+4.4/-3.4
b-tagging uncertainties	+1.2/-1.0	± 0.7				+0.4/-0.0
Z/γ^* + jets evaluation	± 0.4	+0.5/-0.0		± 6.2	+2.4/-2.7	+0.3/-0.2
Fake lepton evaluation	± 3.3	1.5/1.3	<u>±3.0</u>	± 13.7		± 1.7
Generator	+12/-11	+4.5/-4.3	+4.8/-4.5	+14/-11	+14/-13	+5.1/-4.9
All syst.(except lumi.)	+16.4/-14.4	+8.8/-0.4	+8.2/-0.8	+27.9/-20.7	+26.5/-23.7	+8.0/-6.5
Stat. + syst.	+18.9/-16.9	+11.6/-9.5	+10.1/-8.8	+31.8/-25.2	+30.7/-27.8	+9.6/-8.2

dilepton 7 TeV, total ~ 8% systematic uncertainties

JHEP 1205 (2012) 059

BACKUP - systematics

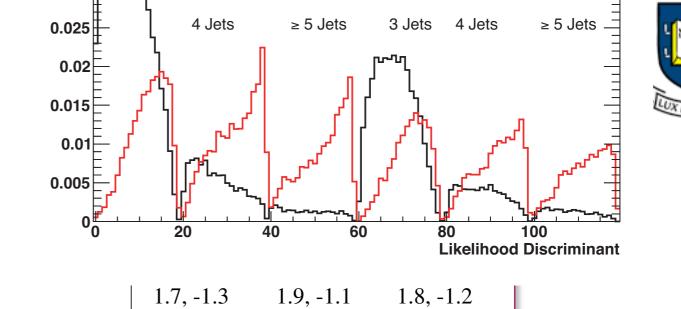
lepton+jets 8 TeV, tota

Source

Jet/MET reconstruction, calibratio Lepton trigger, identification and r Background normalization and con b-tagging efficiency MC modelling of the signal Total

I+jets SMT 7 TeV, ~ 10.5%

	Relative cro	oss section ur	ncertainty [%]
Source	<i>e</i> +jets	μ +jets	Combined
Statistical Uncertainty	±1.5	±1.3	±1.0
Object selection			
Lepton energy resolution	+0.4 /-0.3	+0.2 /-0.1	+0.2 /-0.1
Lepton reco, ID, trigger	+2.4 /-2.5	+1.5 /-1.5	+1.7 /-1.8
Jet energy scale	+3.8 /-4.3	+3.2/-3.6	+3.5 /-3.8
Jet energy resolution	±0.2	±0.5	±0.2
Jet reconstruction efficiency	±0.06	±0.06	±0.06
Jet vertex fraction	+1.2 /-1.4	+1.2 /-1.4	+1.2 /-1.4
$E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$ uncertainty	±0.06	± 0.08	±0.07
SMT muon reco, ID	±1.3	± 1.3	±1.3
SMT muon χ^2_{match} efficiency	±0.6	±0.6	±0.6
Background estimates			
Multijet normalisation	± 5.2	± 3.9	± 4.4
W+jet normalisation	± 5.2	± 5.7	± 5.5
Other bkg normalisation	± 0.2	± 0.2	± 0.1
Other bkg systematics	+1.6/-1.5	+2.5 /-2.0	+2.2 /-1.8
Signal simulation			
$b \rightarrow \mu X$ Branching ratio	+2.9/-3.0	+2.9/-3.1	+2.9/-3.1
ISR/FSR	± 2.4	± 0.9	± 1.5
PDF	± 3.2	± 3.0	± 3.1
NLO generator	± 3.2	± 3.2	± 3.2
Parton shower	± 2.2	± 2.2	+2.2
Total systematics	±11.2	±10.2	±10.5
Integrated luminosity	± 1.8	± 1.8	± 1.8



±Ħ

 ± 13

<u>±</u>11

 ± 10

<u>l+jets 7 TeV, ~5%</u>

 ± 12

+14

Uncertainty	up (pb)	down (pb)	up (%)	down (%)
Statistical	3.9	-3.9	2.2	-2.2
Detector simulation				
Jets	3.2	-4.3	1.8	-2.4
Muon	4.1	-4.1	2.3	-2.3
Electron	2.7	-3.0	1.5	-1.7
$E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss}$	2.0	-1.6	1.1	-0.9
Signal model				
Generator ^{*)}	5.4	-5.4	3.0	-3.0
Hadronization ^{*)}	0.9	-0.9	0.5	-0.5
ISR/FSR	3.0	-2.3	1.7	-1.3
PDF ^{*)}	1.8	-1.8	1.0	-1.0
Background model				
QCD shape ^{*)}	0.7	-0.7	0.4	-0.4
W shape ^{*)}	0.9	-0.9	0.5	-0.5
Monte Carlo statistics ^{*)}	3.2	-3.2	1.8	-1.8
Systematic	9.0	-9.0	5.0	-5.0
Stat. & Syst.	9.8	-9.8	5.4	-5.4
Luminosity	6.6	-6.6	3.7	-3.7
Fotal	11.8	-11.8	6.6	-6.6

ATLAS-CONF-2011-121

ATLAS-CONF-2012-131,149

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BACKUP



- important to reduce systematic uncertainties through signal modeling
 best handle is to provide good different measurements of the cross sections as function of the top kinematics (see talk F.Garberson) and top quark pair production with additional jets (see poster K.J.Grahn)
- * analysis with veto on additional central jets (7 TeV) can test generator predictions

