



**HEP 2013  
Stockholm  
18-24 July 2013**



Contribution ID: 578

Type: **Poster Presentation**

## **Antideuterons from dark matter and hadronization model dependence**

The antideuteron channel is currently one of the most promising channels for indirect detection of dark matter. The coalescence model of antideuteron production is strongly dependent on two-particle correlations in each DM annihilation or decay event, and the hadronization scheme chosen when generating Monte Carlo events could therefore have a profound effect on the predicted antideuteron spectra.

We investigate the antideuteron yield in dark matter annihilations and decays on an event-by-event basis using the HERWIG++ Monte Carlo generator, comparing to earlier results based on PYTHIA, thereby estimating the uncertainties involved.

**Primary author:** DAL, Lars Andreas (University of Oslo)

**Co-authors:** RAKLEV, Are (University of Oslo (NO)); Prof. KACHELRIESS, Michael (NTNU Norway)

**Presenter:** DAL, Lars Andreas (University of Oslo)

**Track Classification:** Astroparticle Physics