

Hadronic B Decays at Belle

EPS HEP 2013 Stockholm - Results on $B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ and $B^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$

Michael Prim | 20.07.2013

INSTITUT FÜR EXPERIMENTELLE KERNPHYSIK (IEKP)

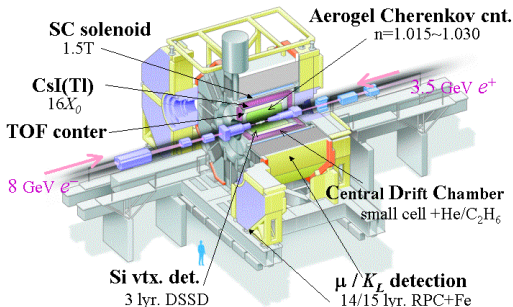


- ① Angular analysis of $B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ decays and search for CP violation
 - First presentation today!
 - Planned to be submitted to PRD soon
- ② Evidence for the decay $B^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$
 - V. Gaur *et al.* (Belle Collaboration), PRD **87**, 091101(R) (2013)

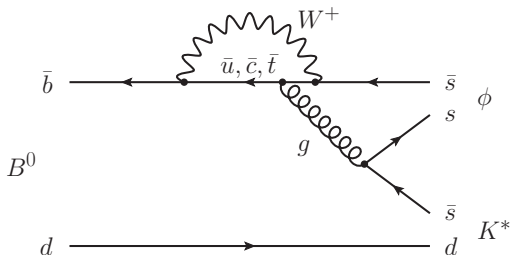
Belle Experiment



- Detector at the asymmetric e^+e^- collider KEKB in Tsukuba, Japan
- KEKB operates mainly on the $\Upsilon(4S)$ resonance
- $\Upsilon(4S)$ decays almost entirely into $B\bar{B}$ pairs, thus KEKB is a B -factory
- $\int \mathcal{L} \approx 711 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ with $(772 \pm 11) \times 10^6 B\bar{B}$ pairs recorded on $\Upsilon(4S)$
- Both analyses presented in this talk are using the full Belle data sample



$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ - Motivation



- Decay via $b \rightarrow s$ penguin transition in the SM
- Dominant long. polarization fraction expected from QCD factorization
- Longitudinal polarization fractions are puzzling:

$$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*(892)^0 \quad f_L = 0.45 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.02 \text{ (Belle PRL94, 221804 (2005))}$$

$$f_L = 0.494 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.013 \text{ (BaBar PRD78, 092008 (2008))}$$

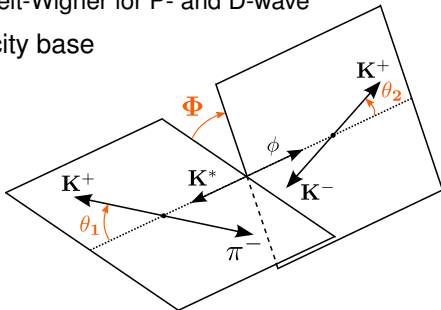
$$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K_2^*(1430)^0 \quad f_L = 0.901^{+0.046}_{-0.058} \pm 0.037 \text{ (BaBar PRD78, 092008 (2008))}$$

- Negligible CP violation expected in the SM

$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ - Analysis strategy



- Partial wave analysis of $B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ with $K^* \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$ being
 - scalar $(K\pi)_0^*$ (S-wave, J=0)
 - vector $K^*(892)^0$ (P-wave, J=1)
 - tensor $K_2^*(1430)^0$ (D-wave, J=2)
- Analysis restricted to $K^+ \pi^-$ invariant mass less than 1.55 GeV
 - LASS model for S-wave component (includes $K_0^*(1430)^0$)
 - relativistic spin-dependent Breit-Wigner for P- and D-wave
- Angular distributions in the helicity base
- Simultaneous fit to B^0 and \bar{B}^0
- In total giving rise to 26 real parameters that can be measured in the $B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ system



$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ - Definitions



Parameter	Definition	$\phi(K\pi)_0^*$ $J = 0$	$\phi K^*(892)^0$ $J = 1$	$\phi K_2^*(1430)^0$ $J = 2$
\mathcal{B}_J	$\frac{1}{2}(\bar{\Gamma}_J + \Gamma_J)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	\mathcal{B}_0	\mathcal{B}_1	\mathcal{B}_2
f_{LJ}	$\frac{1}{2}(\bar{A}_{J0} ^2 / \sum \bar{A}_{J\lambda} ^2 + A_{J0} ^2 / \sum A_{J\lambda} ^2)$	-	f_{L1}	f_{L2}
$f_{\perp J}$	$\frac{1}{2}(\bar{A}_{J\perp} ^2 / \sum \bar{A}_{J\lambda} ^2 + A_{J\perp} ^2 / \sum A_{J\lambda} ^2)$	-	$f_{\perp 1}$	$f_{\perp 2}$
$\phi_{\parallel J}$	$\frac{1}{2}(\arg(\bar{A}_{J\parallel}/\bar{A}_{J0}) + \arg(A_{J\parallel}/A_{J0}))$	-	$\phi_{\parallel 1}$	$\phi_{\parallel 2}$
$\phi_{\perp J}$	$\frac{1}{2}(\arg(\bar{A}_{J\perp}/\bar{A}_{J0}) + \arg(A_{J\perp}/A_{J0}) - \pi)$	-	$\phi_{\perp 1}$	$\phi_{\perp 2}$
δ_{0J}	$\frac{1}{2}(\arg(\bar{A}_{00}/\bar{A}_{J0}) + \arg(A_{00}/A_{J0}))$	-	δ_{01}	δ_{02}
\mathcal{A}_{CPJ}	$(\bar{\Gamma}_J - \Gamma_J)/(\bar{\Gamma}_J + \Gamma_J)$	\mathcal{A}_{CP0}	\mathcal{A}_{CP1}	\mathcal{A}_{CP2}
\mathcal{A}_{CPJ}^0	$\frac{ \bar{A}_{J0} ^2 / \sum \bar{A}_{J\lambda} ^2 - A_{J0} ^2 / \sum A_{J\lambda} ^2}{ \bar{A}_{J0} ^2 / \sum \bar{A}_{J\lambda} ^2 + A_{J0} ^2 / \sum A_{J\lambda} ^2}$	-	\mathcal{A}_{CP1}^0	\mathcal{A}_{CP2}^0
$\mathcal{A}_{CPJ}^{\perp}$	$\frac{ \bar{A}_{J\perp} ^2 / \sum \bar{A}_{J\lambda} ^2 - A_{J\perp} ^2 / \sum A_{J\lambda} ^2}{ \bar{A}_{J\perp} ^2 / \sum \bar{A}_{J\lambda} ^2 + A_{J\perp} ^2 / \sum A_{J\lambda} ^2}$	-	$\mathcal{A}_{CP1}^{\perp}$	$\mathcal{A}_{CP2}^{\perp}$
$\Delta\phi_{\parallel J}$	$\frac{1}{2}(\arg(\bar{A}_{J\parallel}/\bar{A}_{J0}) - \arg(A_{J\parallel}/A_{J0}))$	-	$\Delta\phi_{\parallel 1}$	$\Delta\phi_{\parallel 2}$
$\Delta\phi_{\perp J}$	$\frac{1}{2}(\arg(\bar{A}_{J\perp}/\bar{A}_{J0}) - \arg(A_{J\perp}/A_{J0}) - \pi)$	-	$\Delta\phi_{\perp 1}$	$\Delta\phi_{\perp 2}$
$\Delta\delta_{0J}$	$\frac{1}{2}(\arg(\bar{A}_{00}/\bar{A}_{J0}) - \arg(A_{00}/A_{J0}))$	-	$\Delta\delta_{01}$	$\Delta\delta_{02}$

- Overview and definition of the 26 real parameters
- $\Delta\phi_{00} = \frac{1}{2} \arg(A_{00}/\bar{A}_{00})$ only accessible in $B^0/\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow \phi K_S^0 \pi^0$

$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ - Selection and Fit



- Reconstruction of $B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ with $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$ and $K^* \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$
- Cut based selection with neural network (NeuroBayes) based continuum $e^+ e^- \rightarrow q \bar{q}$ ($q \in \{u, d, s, c\}$) background suppression
- 9D fit to B^0 and \bar{B}^0 using the observables

M_{bc} beam-constraint mass

ΔE energy difference

M_{KK} $K^+ K^-$ invariant mass

C'_{NB} continuum suppression network output

$M_{K\pi}$ $K^+ \pi^-$ invariant mass

$\Phi, \cos \theta_1, \cos \theta_2$ the three helicity angles

Q charge of primary kaon from B

- With three components included in the fit
 - Signal
 - Peaking background from $B^0 \rightarrow f_0(980) K^*(892)^0$
 - Continuum background

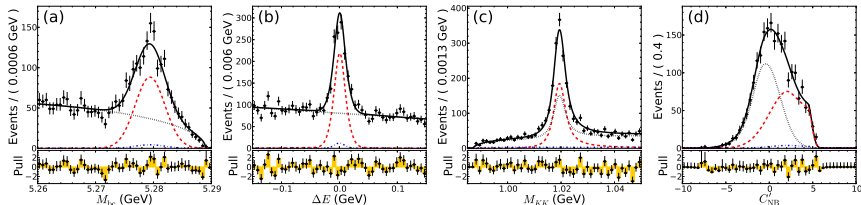
$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ - Preliminary Results (Fit)

Total PDF

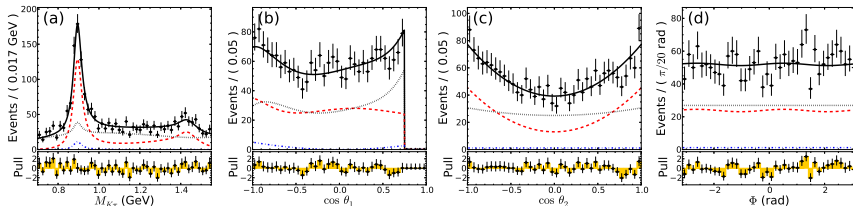
Continuum background

$B^0 \rightarrow f_0(980)K^*(892)^0$

$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$



Projections on M_{bc} (a), ΔE (b), M_{KK} (c) and C'_{NB} (d), where in each plot a signal enhancing cut on the other three is applied, i. e. in (a) on (b), (c) and (d)



Projections on $M_{K\pi}$ (a), $\cos \theta_1$ (b), $\cos \theta_2$ (c) and Φ (d), where in each plot a signal enhancing cut on M_{bc} , ΔE , M_{KK} and C'_{NB} is applied

$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ - Preliminary Results (Numbers)



Parameter	$\phi(K\pi)_0^*$ $J = 0$	$\phi K^*(892)^0$ $J = 1$	$\phi K_2^*(1430)^0$ $J = 2$
$\mathcal{B}_J (10^{-6})$	$4.3 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.3$	$10.4 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$	$5.5^{+0.9}_{-0.7} \pm 0.7$
f_{LJ}		$0.499 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.010$	$0.918^{+0.029}_{-0.060} \pm 0.008$
$f_{\perp J}$		$0.238 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.005$	$0.056^{+0.050}_{-0.035} \pm 0.006$
$\phi_{\parallel J} \text{ (rad)}$		$2.23 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.02$	$3.76 \pm 2.88 \pm 1.32$
$\phi_{\perp J} \text{ (rad)}$		$2.37 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.04$	$4.45^{+0.43}_{-0.38} \pm 0.07$
$\delta_{0J} \text{ (rad)}$		$2.91 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.04$	$3.53 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.12$
\mathcal{A}_{CPJ}	$0.093 \pm 0.094 \pm 0.015$	$-0.007 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.020$	$-0.155^{+0.152}_{-0.133} \pm 0.024$
\mathcal{A}_{CPJ}^0		$-0.030 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.006$	$-0.016^{+0.066}_{-0.051} \pm 0.004$
\mathcal{A}_{CPJ}^\perp		$-0.14 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.01$	$-0.01^{+0.85}_{-0.67} \pm 0.04$
$\Delta\phi_{\parallel J} \text{ (rad)}$		$-0.02 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.01$	$-0.02 \pm 1.08 \pm 0.99$
$\Delta\phi_{\perp J} \text{ (rad)}$		$0.05 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.02$	$-0.19 \pm 0.42 \pm 0.06$
$\Delta\delta_{0J} \text{ (rad)}$		$0.08 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.01$	$0.06 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.01$

- BR and polarization parameters consistent with existing results
- All parameters related to direct CP violation consistent with zero

$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ - Preliminary Results (Numbers)



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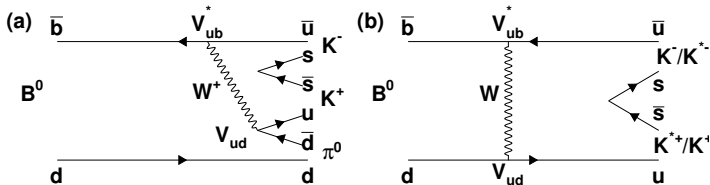
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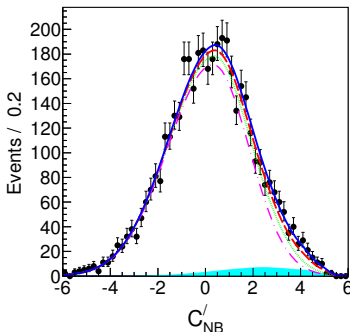
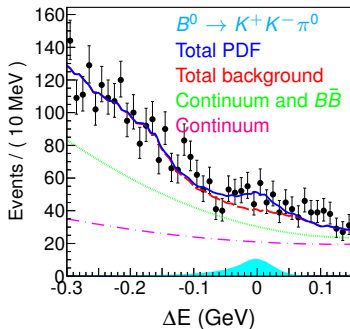
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$B^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$ - Motivation



- Decay suppressed in the SM: CLEO limit $\mathcal{B} < 1.9 \times 10^5$ (PRL89,251801(2002))
- Contribution from color- and Cabibbo-suppressed $b \rightarrow u$ tree (a) and internal W exchange (b) transitions
- No information on potential resonance modes available
- BaBar (PRL99,221801(2007)) and LHCb (LHCb-CONF-2012-028) observed a structure in the $K^+ K^-$ invariant mass around $1.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ in $B^\pm \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^\pm$

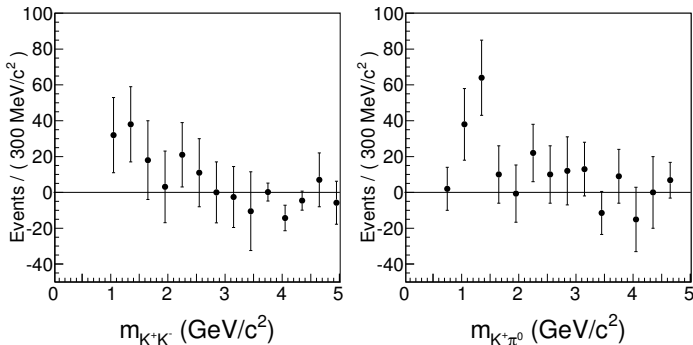
$B^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$ - Evidence for the decay



- Cut based selection with neural network (NeuroBayes) based continuum $e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ ($q \in \{u, d, s, c\}$) background suppression
- 2D fit of events in the $\pm 3\sigma$ region of beam-constraint B^0 mass M_{bc}
- Fit is using energy difference ΔE and network output C'_{NB}

$$N_{\text{sig}} = 299 \pm 83 \quad \mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0) = (2.17 \pm 0.60 \pm 0.24) \times 10^{-6} \quad 3.5\sigma$$

$B^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$ - Resonant substructure



- Signal yield fitted in bins of $m_{K^+K^-}$ and $m_{K^+\pi^0}$
- No definite statement about low-mass structure seen in $m_{K^+K^-}$ by BaBar and LHCb
- Excess of events at around $m_{K^+\pi^0} = 1.4 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- Amplitude analysis and more statistics required \rightarrow Belle II

- ① Angular analysis of $B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ decays and search for CP violation
 - Partial wave analysis of $B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$
 - Branching fractions and polarization consistent with BaBar results

$$\mathcal{B}[B^0 \rightarrow \phi(K\pi)_0^*] = (4.3 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\mathcal{B}[B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*(892)^0] = (10.4 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\mathcal{B}[B^0 \rightarrow \phi K_2^*(1430)^0] = (5.5_{-0.7}^{+0.9} \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-6}$$

- Dominant long. polarisation fraction for $B^0 \rightarrow \phi K_2^*(1430)^0$

$$f_L = 0.918_{-0.060}^{+0.029} \pm 0.008$$

- No evidence for CP violation
- ② Evidence for the decay $B^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$

- First evidence of the decay with 3.5σ significance
- $\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0) = (2.17 \pm 0.60 \pm 0.24) \times 10^{-6}$
- No definite statement on the nature of the substructures \rightarrow Belle II

BACKUP

$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ - Systematics BR

	$\phi(K\pi)_0^*$ $J = 0$	$\phi K^*(892)^0$ $J = 1$	$\phi K_2^*(1430)^0$ $J = 2$
Track reconstruction	1.4	1.4	1.4
PID selection	3.3	3.3	3.4
C_{NB} requirement	0.7	0.7	0.7
MC statistics	0.5	0.5	0.5
ϕ branching fraction	1.0	1.0	1.0
K_2^* branching fraction	2.4
$N_{B\bar{B}}$	1.4	1.4	1.4
Total	4.1	4.1	4.8

$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ - Systematics Polarization and CP

Parameter	PDF	Accept.	SCF	KK	Interf.	Charge	Total
N_{sig}	18.601	0.716	2.909	10.720	0.769	...	21.691
FF_0	0.012	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.002	...	0.013
\mathcal{A}_{CP0}	0.005	0.002	0.006	0.001	0.005	0.012	0.015
FF_1	0.010	0.004	0.001	0.004	0.002	...	0.012
\mathcal{A}_{CP1}	0.002	0.001	0.003	0.002	0.016	0.012	0.020
FF_2	0.011	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.001	...	0.012
\mathcal{A}_{CP2}	0.014	0.007	0.013	0.001	0.000	0.012	0.024
f_{L1}	0.002	0.008	0.002	0.005	0.002	...	0.010
$f_{\perp 1}$	0.002	0.004	0.001	0.003	0.001	...	0.005
$\phi_{\parallel 1}$	0.010	0.003	0.009	0.002	0.010	...	0.017
$\phi_{\perp 1}$	0.010	0.003	0.013	0.004	0.037	...	0.041
δ_{01}	0.041	0.008	0.006	0.007	0.011	...	0.044
\mathcal{A}_{CP1}^0	0.001	0.001	0.003	0.001	0.005	...	0.006
$\mathcal{A}_{CP1}^{\perp}$	0.002	0.002	0.004	0.001	0.008	...	0.009
$\Delta\phi_{\parallel 1}$	0.004	0.002	0.005	0.001	0.005	...	0.008
$\Delta\phi_{\perp 1}$	0.004	0.003	0.012	0.001	0.010	...	0.016
$\Delta\delta_{01}$	0.002	0.002	0.006	0.001	0.001	...	0.007
f_{L2}	0.007	0.002	0.003	0.000	0.000	...	0.008
$f_{\perp 2}$	0.005	0.002	0.003	0.001	0.000	...	0.006
$\phi_{\parallel 2}$	0.086	0.034	1.314	0.009	0.017	...	1.317
$\phi_{\perp 2}$	0.063	0.020	0.010	0.007	0.013	...	0.068
δ_{02}	0.114	0.028	0.010	0.002	0.002	...	0.118
\mathcal{A}_{CP2}^0	0.003	0.000	0.002	0.000	0.000	...	0.004
$\mathcal{A}_{CP2}^{\perp}$	0.027	0.010	0.030	0.010	0.002	...	0.043
$\Delta\phi_{\parallel 2}$	0.146	0.033	0.979	0.010	0.017	...	0.991
$\Delta\phi_{\perp 2}$	0.057	0.011	0.013	0.006	0.014	...	0.062
$\Delta\delta_{02}$	0.006	0.002	0.009	0.001	0.003	...	0.011

$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ - Model details 1

- Angular distribution

$$\frac{d^3\Gamma}{d\cos\theta_1 d\cos\theta_2 d\Phi} \propto \left| \sum_{\lambda} A_{J\lambda} Y_J^{\lambda}(\theta_1, \Phi) Y_1^{-\lambda}(-\theta_2, 0) \right|^2$$

- Mass distribution (P- and D-wave):

$$R_J(m) = \frac{m_J \Gamma_J(m)}{(m_J^2 - m^2) - im_J \Gamma_J(m)} = \sin \delta_J e^{i\delta_J}$$

$$\cot \delta_J = \frac{m_J^2 - m^2}{m_J \Gamma_J(m)}$$

$$\Gamma_1(m) = \Gamma_1 \frac{m_1}{m} \frac{1 + r^2 q_1^2}{1 + r^2 q^2} \left(\frac{q}{q_1} \right)^3$$

$$\Gamma_2(m) = \Gamma_2 \frac{m_2}{m} \frac{9 + 3r^2 q_2^2 + r^4 q_2^4}{9 + 3r^2 q^2 + r^4 q^4} \left(\frac{q}{q_2} \right)^5$$

$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ - Model details 2

- Mass distribution (S-wave, LASS model):

$$R_0(m) = \sin \delta_0 e^{i\delta_0}$$

$$\delta_0 = \Delta R + \Delta B$$

ΔR represents a resonant contribution from $K_0^*(1430)^0$ while ΔB denotes a non-resonant contribution. The resonant part is defined as

$$\cot \Delta R = \frac{m_0^2 - m^2}{m_0 \Gamma_0(m)},$$

where m_0 and Γ_0 are the resonance mass and width, and $\Gamma_0(m)$ is given by

$$\Gamma_0(m) = \Gamma_0 \frac{m_0}{m} \left(\frac{q}{q_0} \right).$$

The non-resonant part is defined as

$$\cot \Delta B = \frac{1}{aq} + \frac{bq}{2}$$

where a is the scattering length and b is the effective range.

$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ - Model details 3

- Joined matrix element:

$$|\mathcal{M}|^2 = |\mathcal{A}_0(M_{K\pi}, \cos \theta_1, \cos \theta_2, \Phi) + \mathcal{A}_1(M_{K\pi}, \cos \theta_1, \cos \theta_2, \Phi) + \mathcal{A}_2(M_{K\pi}, \cos \theta_1, \cos \theta_2, \Phi)|^2$$

$$\mathcal{A}_0(M_{K\pi}, \cos \theta_1, \cos \theta_2, \Phi) = A_{00} Y_0^0(\theta_1, \Phi) Y_1^0(-\theta_2, 0) \times M_0(M_{K\pi})$$

$$\mathcal{A}_1(M_{K\pi}, \cos \theta_1, \cos \theta_2, \Phi) = \sum_{\lambda=0, \pm 1} A_{1\lambda} Y_1^\lambda(\theta_1, \Phi) Y_1^{-\lambda}(-\theta_2, 0) \times M_1(M_{K\pi})$$

$$\mathcal{A}_2(M_{K\pi}, \cos \theta_1, \cos \theta_2, \Phi) = \sum_{\lambda=0, \pm 1} A_{2\lambda} Y_2^\lambda(\theta_1, \Phi) Y_1^{-\lambda}(-\theta_2, 0) \times M_2(M_{K\pi})$$

$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ - Model details 4

- Final partial width:

$$\frac{d^4\Gamma}{d \cos \theta_1 d \cos \theta_2 d\Phi dM_{K\pi}} = F_{M_{\phi K}}(M_{K\pi}) \times \frac{(1+Q) \times |\mathcal{M}^+|^2 + (1-Q) \times |\mathcal{M}^-|^2}{2\mathcal{N}}$$

where \mathcal{M}^+ (\mathcal{M}^-) is the matrix element for $B^0 \rightarrow \phi(K^+\pi^-)^*$ ($\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow \phi(K^-\pi^+)^*$), $Q = \pm 1$ depending on the charge of the primary charged kaon from the B meson and \mathcal{N} is the overall normalization given by

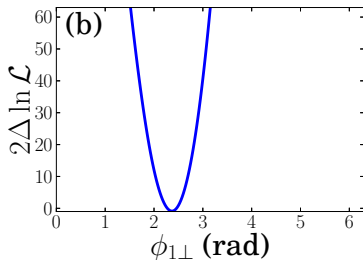
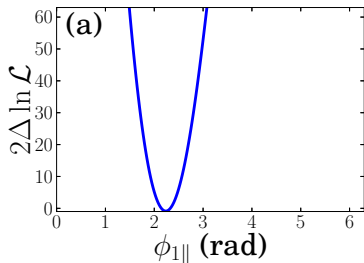
$$\mathcal{N} = \frac{1}{2} \int |\mathcal{M}^+|^2 \times F_{M_{\phi K}}(M_{K\pi}) d \cos \theta_1 d \cos \theta_2 d\Phi dM_{K\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \int |\mathcal{M}^-|^2 \times F_{M_{\phi K}}(M_{K\pi}) d \cos \theta_1 d \cos \theta_2 d\Phi dM_{K\pi}$$

$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ - Fit fractions per partial wave

Parameter	$\phi(K\pi)_0^*$ $J = 0$	$\phi K^*(892)^0$ $J = 1$	$\phi K_2^*(1430)^0$ $J = 2$
FF_J	$0.273 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.013$	$0.600 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.012$	$0.099^{+0.016}_{-0.012} \pm 0.012$
$\mathcal{B}_J (10^{-6})$	$4.3 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.3$	$10.4 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$	$5.5^{+0.9}_{-0.7} \pm 0.7$

Sum of all fit fractions $FF_\Sigma = (97.2 \pm 0.7)\%$ with error being stat. only

$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$ - Phase Ambiguity



Scan of the negative log likelihood as function of (a) $\phi_{1\parallel}$ and (b) $\phi_{1\perp}$. One single discrete solution is found for each of the two phases.

$B^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$ - Systematics

Source	Uncertainties (%)	
Signal PDF	+3.4	-2.9
Generic $B\bar{B}$ PDF	+2.4	-3.1
Combinatorial background PDF	+1.3	-2.0
Peaking background PDFs	+1.7	-1.9
Fixed histogram PDF	+1.7	-2.0
Signal C'_{NB} functional dependence	+2.3	-2.3
Fixed SCF fraction	+1.7	-1.7
Fit bias	+2.4	-2.4
Continuum suppression	+2.2	-2.2
Requirement on M_{bc}	+1.5	-0.2
Kaon ID requirement	+1.9	-1.9
π^0 detection efficiency	+4.0	-4.0
Charged track reconstruction	+0.7	-0.7
Efficiency variation over Dalitz plot	+7.5	-7.5
Number of $B\bar{B}$ pairs	+1.4	-1.4
Total	+11.1	-11.3

$B^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$ - KK structure (BaBar and LHCb)

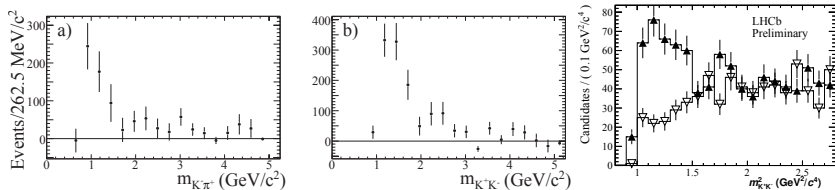


Figure: Two-body invariant mass projections from BaBar (left, center) and LHCb (right) analysis on $B^\pm \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^\pm$