



# $\Omega$ production in p+p, Au+Au and U+U collisions at STAR

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For the STAR Collaboration

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XXIV QUARK MATTER  
DARMSTADT 2014

# Outline

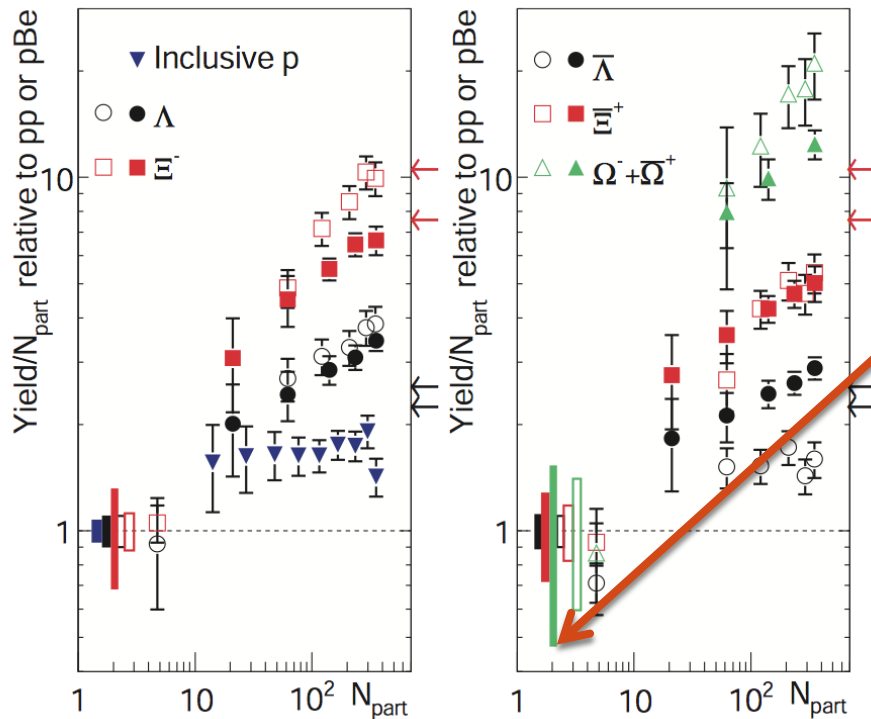
- Motivation
- STAR detector and  $\Omega$  reconstruction
- $\Omega$  spectra
- Strangeness enhancement factors
- Particle ratios
- Nuclear modification factors
- Summary

# Motivation

- Strange quark
  - current mass  $\sim 100 \text{ MeV} < T_c$
  - pair produced in heavy-ion collisions (total  $S = 0$ )
- Baryon with **only** strange quarks:  $\Omega$  ( $sss$ ),  $\bar{\Omega}$  ( $\bar{s}\bar{s}\bar{s}$ )
  - small hadronic cross section
  - no feed down from excited states
  - sensitive to the early stage dynamics of the medium
- Key observables:
  - Strangeness enhancement factors – canonical suppression
  - Particle ratios – chemical equilibration
  - Nuclear modification factors – interplay of strange quark energy loss and recombination/coalescence

# Motivation

- $\Omega$  in p+p 200 GeV
  - provide the baseline for strangeness enhancement study



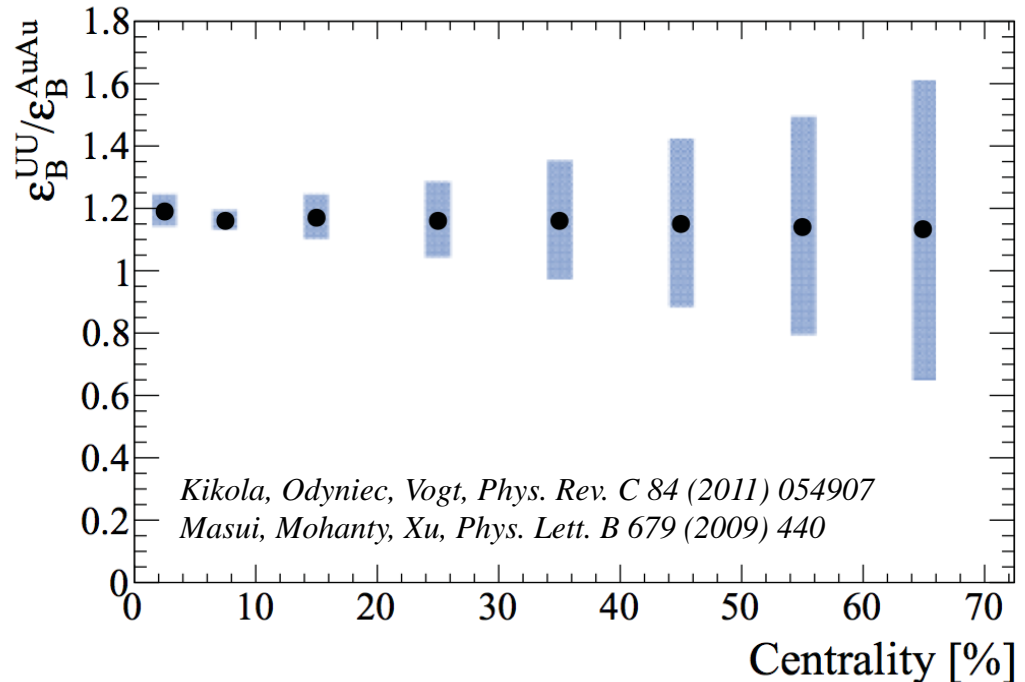
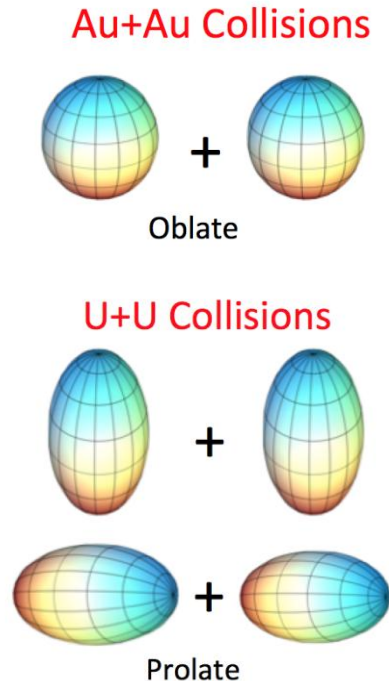
Large errors (2001-2002 data)

~**18 times** more p+p data were taken in year 2009!

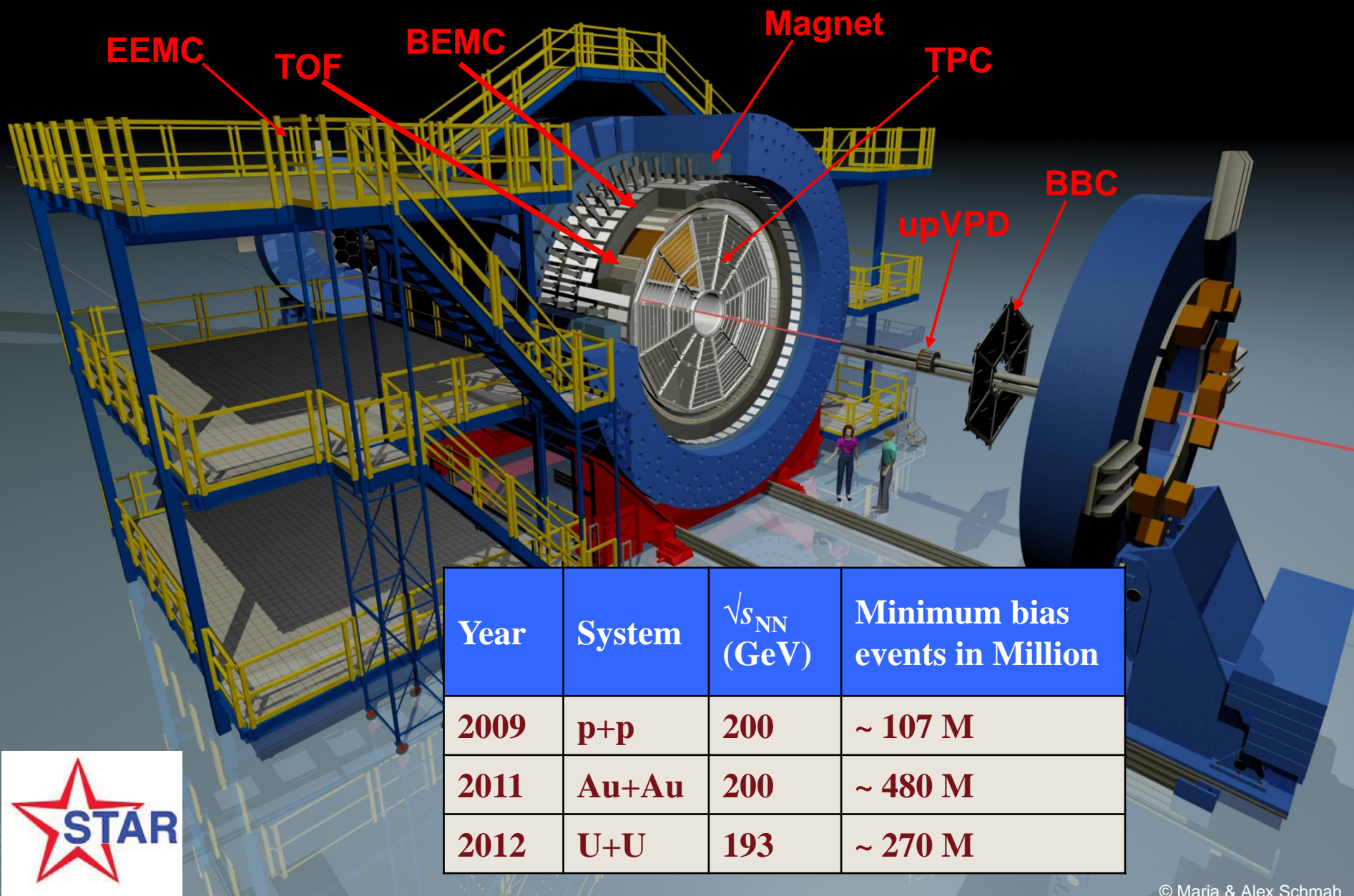
STAR, Phys. Rev. C **77** (2008) 044908

# Motivation

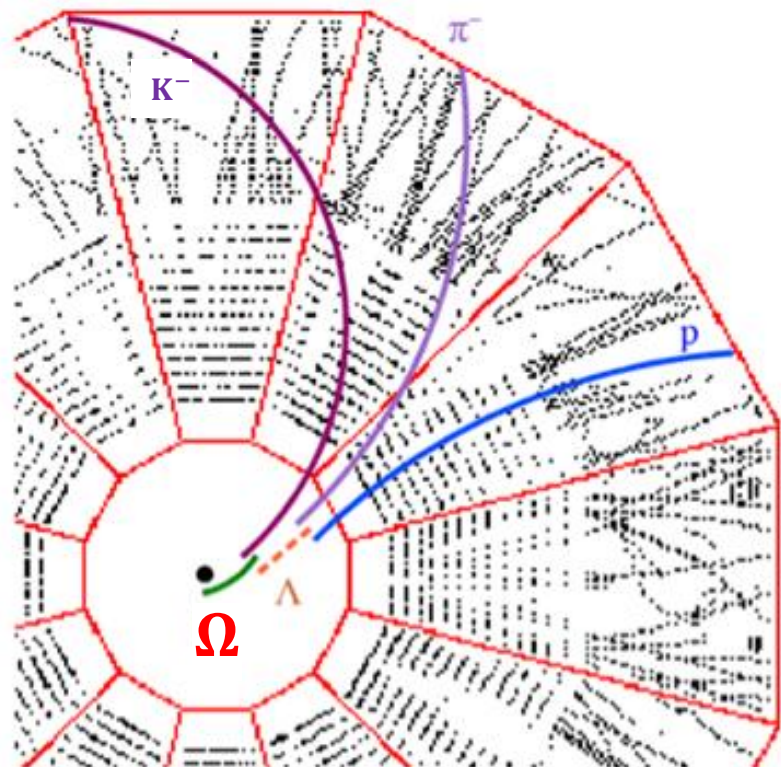
- $\Omega$  in **Au+Au** vs in **U+U**
  - U+U collisions expected to have **20% higher** energy density
  - How is the  $\Omega$  enhancement in U+U?
  - $\Omega$  yield suppressed at high  $p_T$  in Au+Au?  
and even more suppressed in U+U?



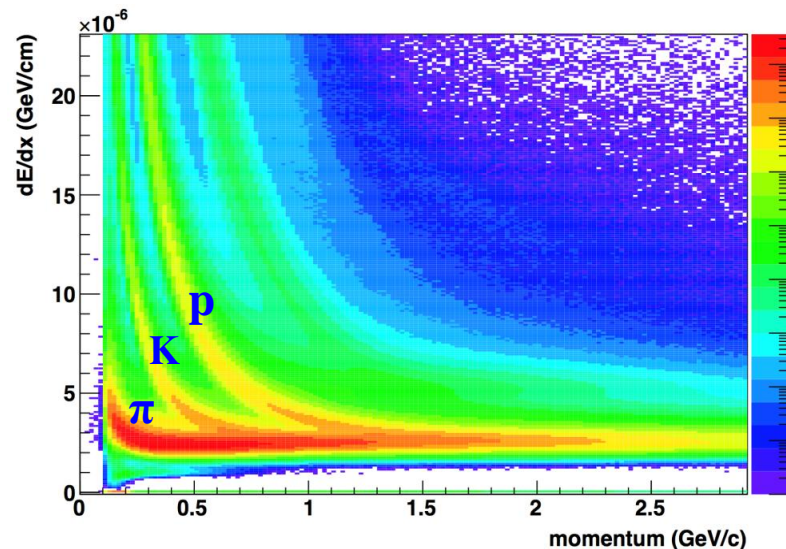
# The Solenoidal Tracker At RHIC (STAR)



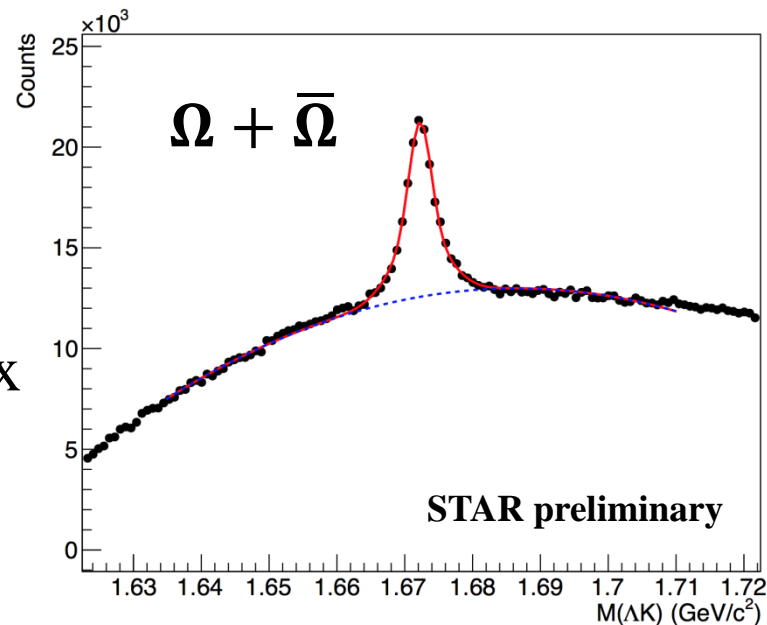
# $\Omega$ reconstruction in STAR



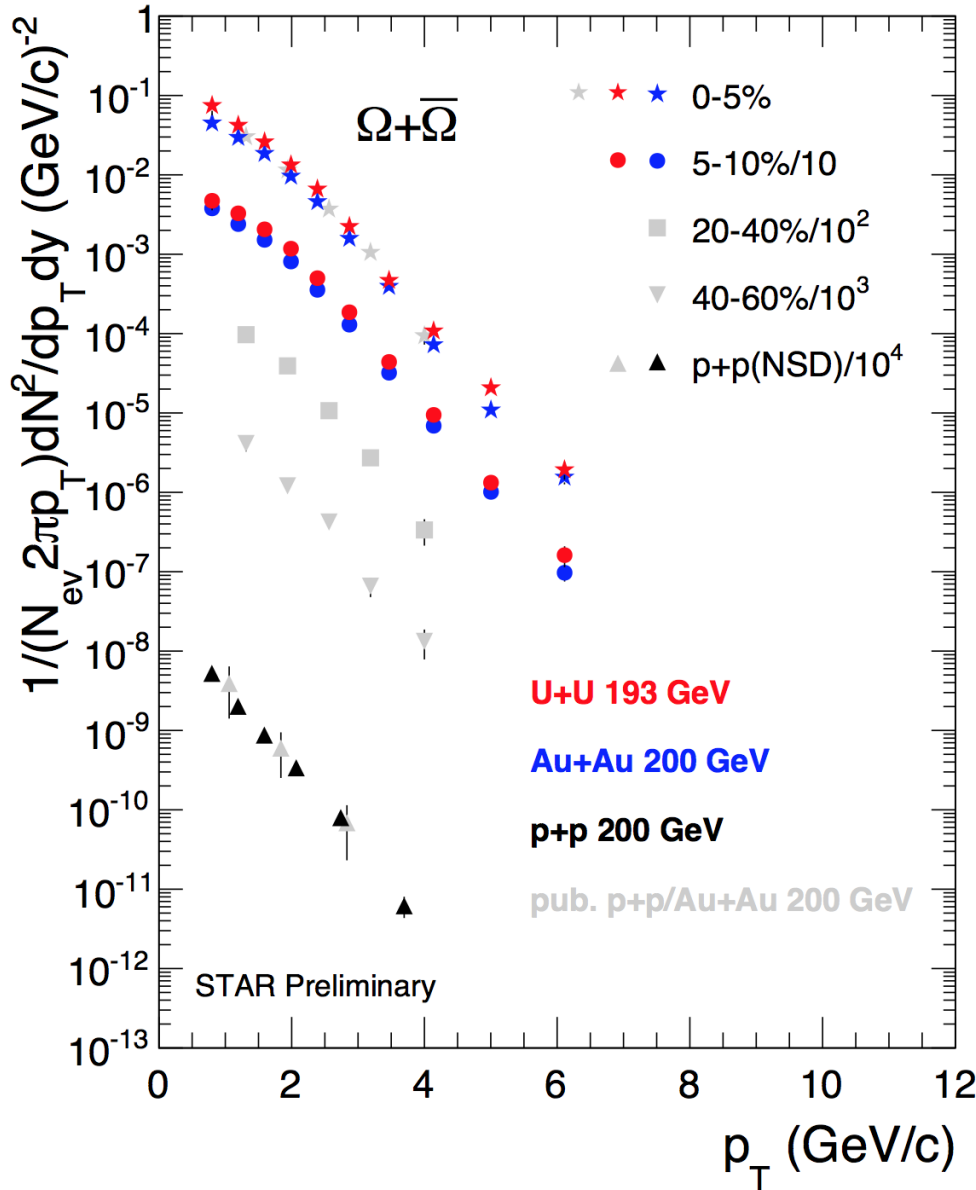
- $\Omega \rightarrow \Lambda + K \rightarrow (p+\pi) + K$
- $\pi, K, p$  are identified with TPC  $dE/dx$
- reconstruct the secondary vertex



$\Omega + \bar{\Omega}$ , Au+Au 200 GeV, 0-5%,  $p_T$  0.6-7.0 GeV/c



# $p_T$ spectra



\*  $|y| < 0.5$ , statistical error only

STAR, Phys. Rev. C 75 (2007) 064901

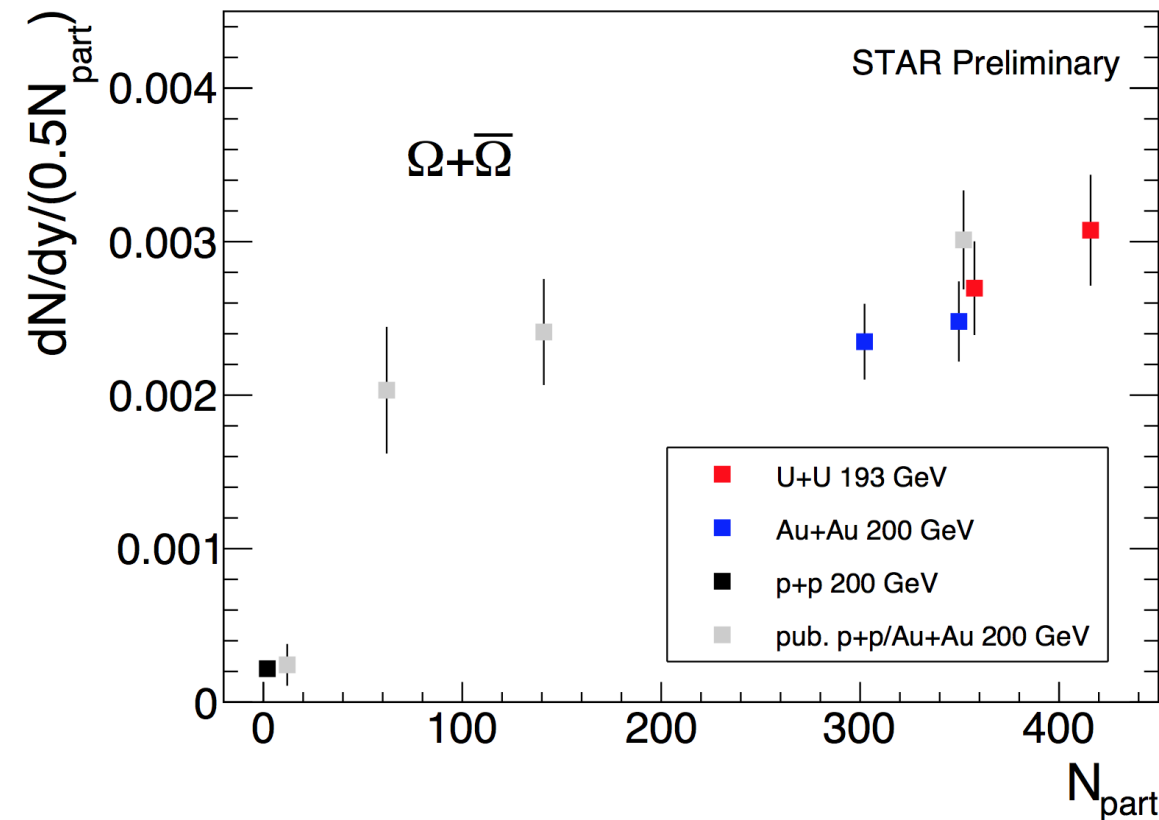
STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 98 (2007) 062301

\* only central (0-5, 5-10%) new Au+Au and U+U data available so far

- Maximum  $p_T \sim 6 \text{ GeV/c}$  for both Au+Au and U+U central collisions
- Yields (U+U > Au+Au)



# Centrality dependence of yields



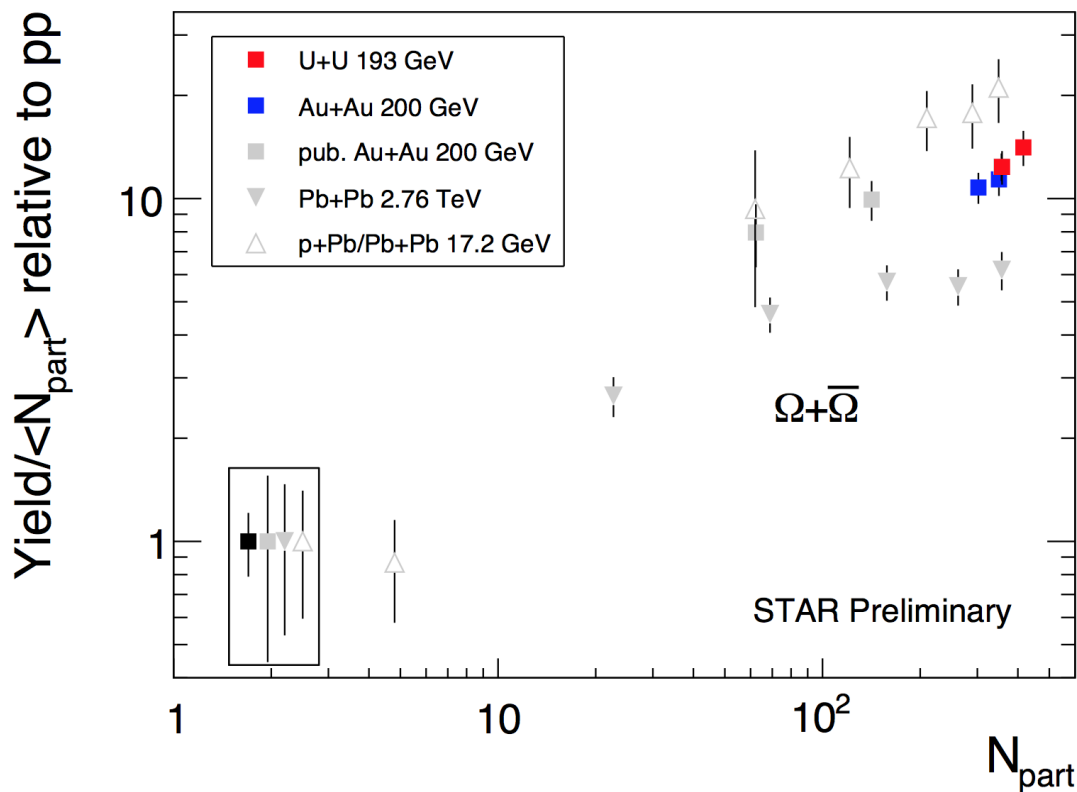
*|y| < 0.5 for new p+p, Au+Au and U+U data*  
*Systematic errors dominate*

*STAR, Phys. Rev. C 75 (2007) 064901*

*STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 98 (2007) 062301*

- $\Omega$  baryon yield per participant increases with  $N_{part}$

# Strangeness enhancement factor



*New p+p 200 GeV data as reference for both new Au+Au 200 GeV and U+U 193 GeV*

*ALICE, Phys. Lett. B 728 (2014) 216*

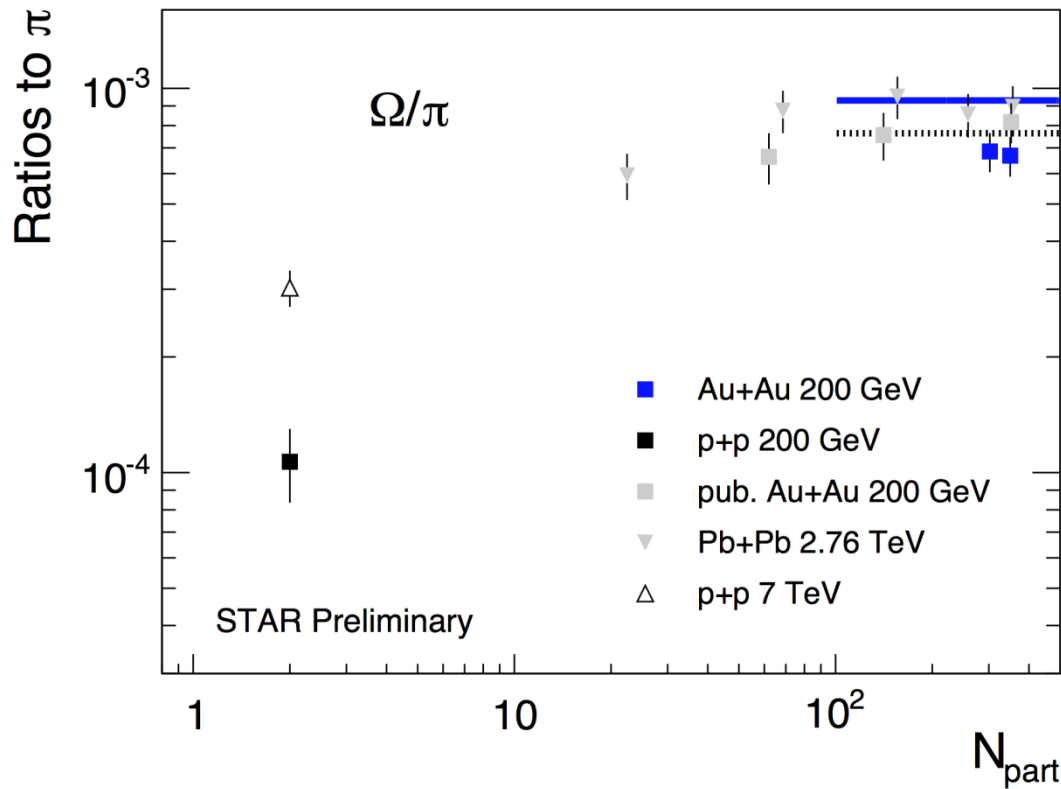
*NA57, J. Phys. G 32 (2006) 427;*

*NA57, J. Phys. G 37 (2010) 045105*

*STAR, Phys. Rev. C 77 (2008) 044908*

- Significantly reduced reference uncertainty at RHIC
- Larger enhancement than LHC, lower than SPS
- Larger enhancement in central (0-5%) U+U than in central (0-5%) Au+Au (strangeness enhancement not saturated)

# Ratios to pion



*Thermal models:*

*Fitting to RHIC,*

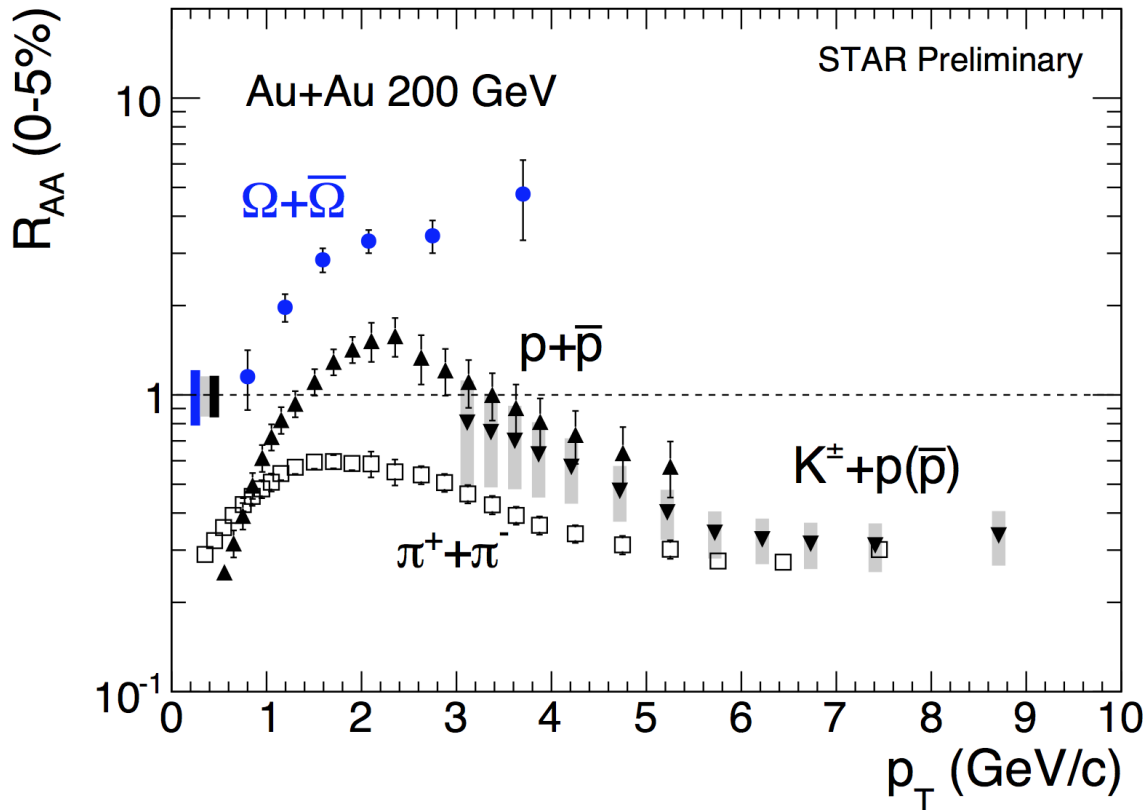
*Andronic, et al., Phys. Lett. B 673 (2009) 142; Phys. Lett. B 678 (2009) 516*

*Fitting to LHC,*

*Stachel, et al., arXiv: 1311.4662*

- RHIC data is lower than LHC
- Lower than thermal model fitting results for RHIC
- $\Omega/\pi$  (LHC>RHIC) in p+p, canonical suppression

# Nuclear modification factor ( $R_{AA}$ )



$$R_{AA} = \frac{\sigma_{NN}^{\text{inel}}}{N_{\text{bin}}^{AA}} \frac{d^2 N_{AA}/dyd p_T}{d^2 \sigma_{pp}/dyd p_T}$$

*Statistical error only for  $\Omega$*

$\pi^+ + \pi^-$  and  $p + \bar{p}$ : 0-12%.

*STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 97 (2006) 152301*

*STAR, Phys. Lett. B 637 (2006) 161*

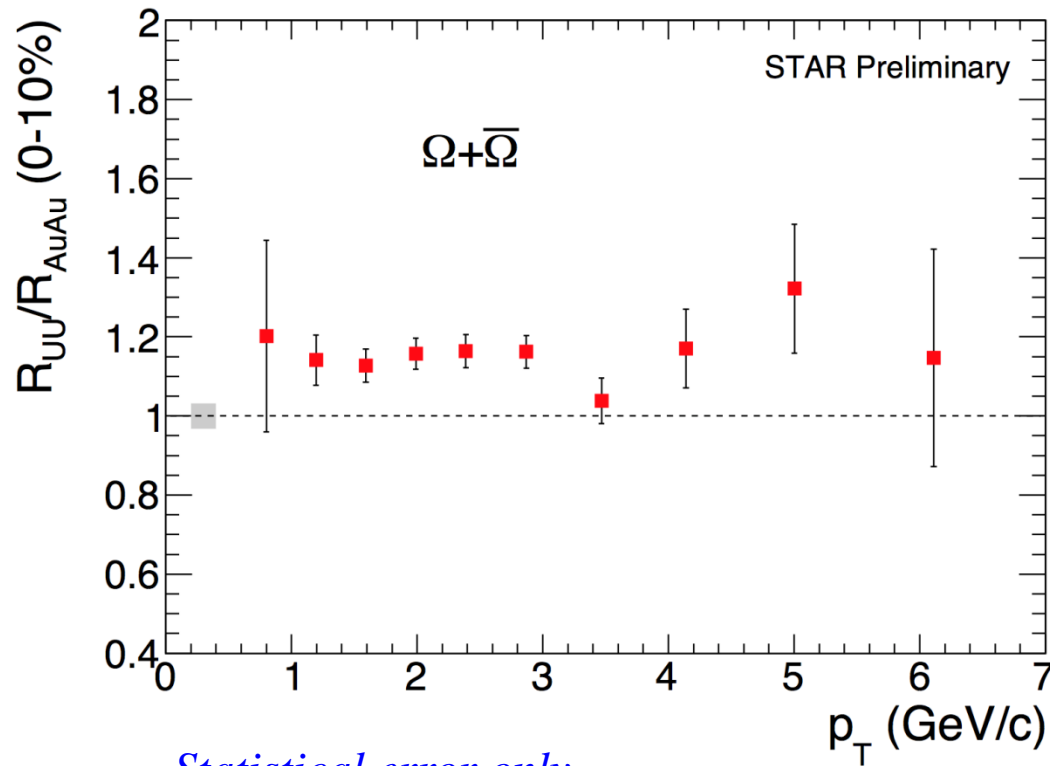
*STAR, Phys. Rev. C 81 (2010) 054907*

$K^\pm + p(\bar{p})$ : 0-12%.

*STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 108 (2012) 072302*

- $\Omega$  baryon  $R_{AA}$  much larger than proton/pion up to 4 GeV/c  
 → Interplay of strange quark energy loss and coalescence or recombination

# Ratio of nucl. mod. factors ( $R_{UU}/R_{AuAu}$ )



*Statistical error only*

*Higher energy density*

*→ Jet more quenched*

*$R_{UU}/R_{AuAu} < 1$  at high  $p_T$*

*→ Strangeness enhancement*

*(Coalescence?)*

*$R_{UU}/R_{AuAu} > 1$  at intermediate  $p_T$*

\* Au+Au 200 GeV 0-10%

$N_{part} = 325 \pm 4$ ;  $N_{bin} = 941 \pm 26$

\* U+U 193 GeV 0-10%

$N_{part} = 387 \pm 4$ ;  $N_{bin} = 1151 \pm 18$

The energy density in central U+U is expected to be 20% higher, but  $N_{bin}$ -scaled high  $p_T$   $\Omega$  yield is not suppressed

**→**  $\Omega$  formed through coalescence/recombination up to  $p_T \sim 6$  GeV/c ?

# Summary

- Precision measurement for  $\Omega$  was made at STAR with high statistics p+p, Au+Au, U+U at top RHIC energies
- $\Omega$  enhancement factors from RHIC are in between SPS and LHC
- $\Omega$  canonical suppression may still remain in central Au+Au collisions
  - Larger strangeness enhancement in central U+U
  - Lower  $\Omega/\pi$  ratio than LHC and thermal model
- $\Omega R_{AA}$  (0-5%) is above 3 up to 4 GeV/c and  $R_{UU}/R_{AuAu}$  (0-10%) does not show suppression up to 6 GeV/c
  - $\Omega$  formation in central collisions may be dominated by strange quark coalescence/recombination up to  $p_T \sim 6$  GeV/c