



# Study of charm in jet using $D^{*+}$ mesons in pp collisions at the LHC with ALICE

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## ALICE

### Motivation for charm jet studies

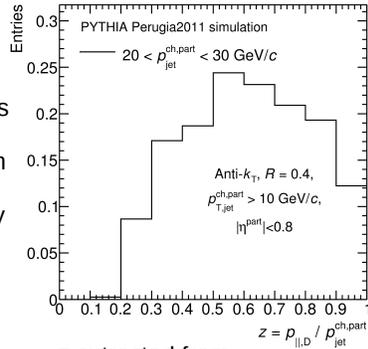
- Fragmentation function: distribution of the original parton momentum fraction carried by the hadron
  - Charm quark fragmentation into hadrons is known from  $e^+e^-$  experiments and peaked at large momentum fraction  $z$

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- Measure charm fragmentation in pp to study
  - Production mechanisms
  - Fragmentation into hadrons
- Measurement in Pb-Pb collisions to address in-medium modifications
- Jet momentum used as a proxy for the quark/gluon initial momentum

$$z = p_{||,D} / p_{jet}^{ch,part}$$

with  $p_{||,D} = \bar{p}_D \cdot \bar{p}_{jet}^{ch,part} / |p_{jet}^{ch,part}|$



$z$  extracted from PYTHIA Perugia2011

### The ALICE detector

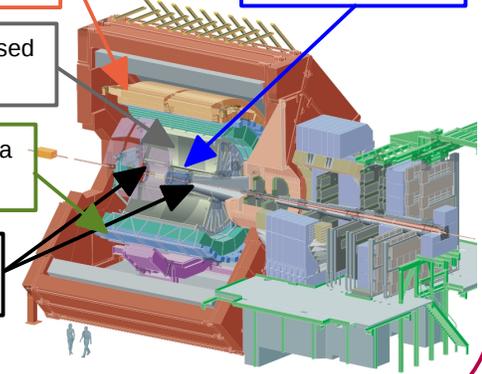
EMCal → electromagnetic energy measurement, trigger

ITS → vertexing, tracking

TPC → tracking,  $dE/dx$  based Particle Identification

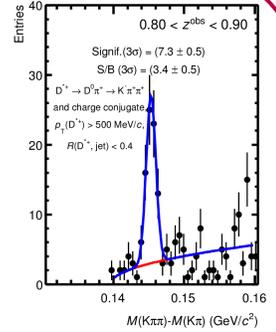
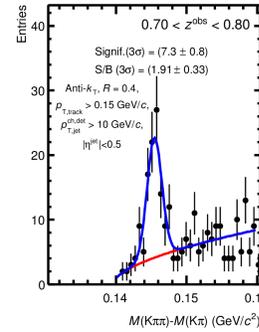
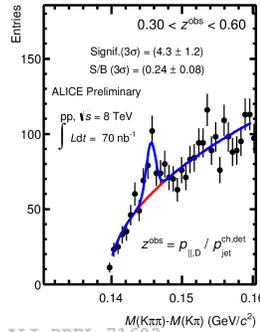
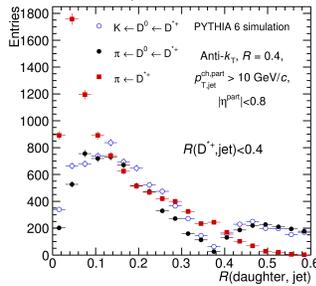
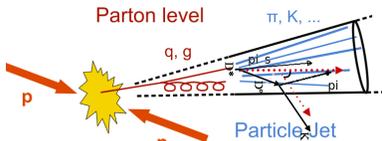
TOF → Particle ID via time-of-flight

VZERO → min. bias trigger



### Analysis strategy

- $D$  meson yield is measured via an invariant mass analysis of fully reconstructed displaced vertices
  - Focus on:  $D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+ \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \pi^+$  and charge conjugate (largest S/B)
  - Exploit topological selections on the  $D^0$  decay vertex and PID to reduce the combinatorial background
- Jets are reconstructed from charged tracks
  - Anti- $k_T$ ,  $R = 0.4$ ,  $p_{T,jet}^{ch,det} > 10 \text{ GeV}/c$ ,  $p_T$ -scheme



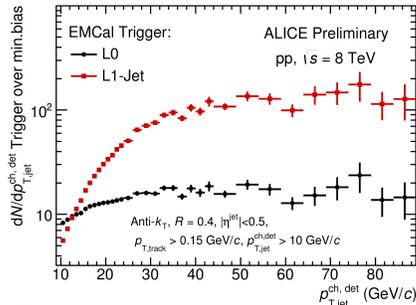
- $D^{*+}$  in jet  $\equiv R(D^{*+}, jet) < 0.4$
- A  $D$  meson within the jet can have its decay products (daughters) falling outside the jet cone, due to kinematics

Figure above: pp collisions, EMCal L1-jet trigger, examples of signal extraction in bins of  $z^{obs} = p_{||,D} / p_{jet}^{ch,det}$

- In data, the jet momentum is corrected for the “missing daughter” effect

### Data sample: pp at $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ , EMCal triggered events

Large statistics is needed for  $D$  meson and jet studies. The EMCal triggered samples provide larger jet (see figure) and  $D$  meson samples with respect to min. bias interactions



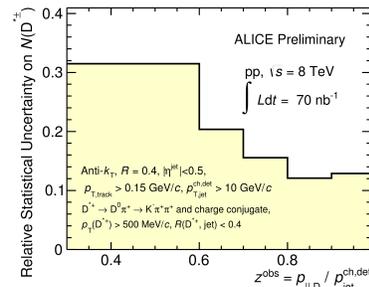
EMCal cell size ( $\eta \times \phi$ ): 0.014 rad

L0 trigger: 4x4 cells, 8 GeV threshold,

L1-Jet trigger: 32x32 cells, 16 GeV threshold

Plateau in the charged jet yield to min. bias at around 25  $\text{GeV}/c$  for L0 and 40  $\text{GeV}/c$  for L1-Jet triggers

### $D^{*+}$ in Run 1 and perspective for Run 2



- 10-30% relative statistical uncertainty on signal yield for L1-jet trigger (integrated luminosity = 70  $\text{nb}^{-1}$ )
- Expected integrated luminosity from triggered data in Run 2, pp at  $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ : 40  $\text{pb}^{-1}$ 
  - factor ~500 larger statistics → few percent relative statistical uncertainty on signal

### Summary and outlook

- $D^{*+}$  in jet signal extracted in pp EMCal triggered events at  $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$  collected with the ALICE detector
- Current  $z^{obs}$  region covered:  $0.3 < z^{obs} < 1$
- Next steps: apply corrections ( $D^{*+}$  efficiency, jet unfolding), perform this analysis on 2011 Pb-Pb data sample