

# Operation and Monitoring of the CMS Regional Calorimeter Trigger



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The pdf file of this talk is available at:

http://indico.cern.ch/contributionDisplay.py?contribId=116&sessionId=9&confId=21985

See also the CMS Level 1 Trigger Home page at

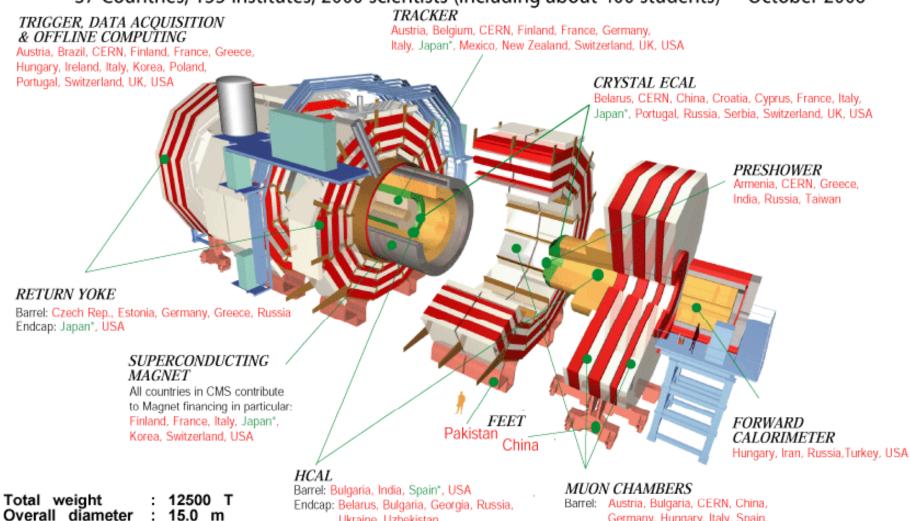
http://cmsdoc.cern.ch/ftp/afscms/TRIDAS/html/level1.html



### **CMS Detector**



37 Countries, 155 Institutes, 2000 scientists (including about 400 students) October 2006



Ukraine, Uzbekistan

HO: India

21.5 m

: 4 Tesla

Overall length

Magnetic field

\* Only through

industrial contracts

Germany, Hungary, Italy, Spain,

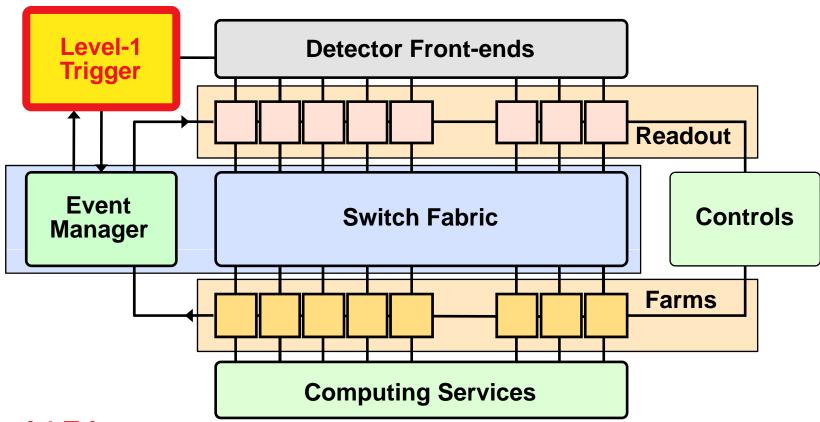
Korea, Pakistan, Russia, USA

Endcap: Belarus, Bulgaria, China, Colombia,



# **CMS Trigger & DAQ Systems**





#### Level-1 Trigger

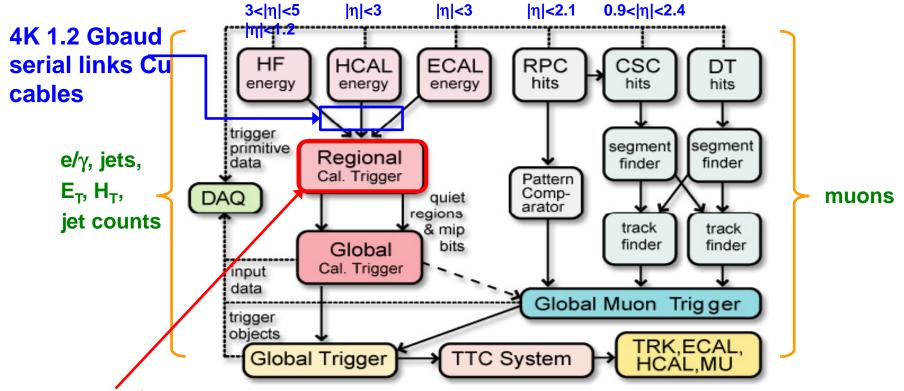
- LHC beam crossing rate is 40 MHz & at full Luminosity of 10<sup>34</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>→10<sup>9</sup> collisions/s
- Reduce to 100 kHz output to High Level Trigger and keep high-P<sub>⊤</sub> physics
- Pipelined at 40 MHz for dead time free operation
- Latency of only 3.2 µsec for collection, decision, propagation



# The CMS Level-1 Trigger & Regional Calorimeter Trigger



#### Only calorimeter and muon systems participate in CMS L1



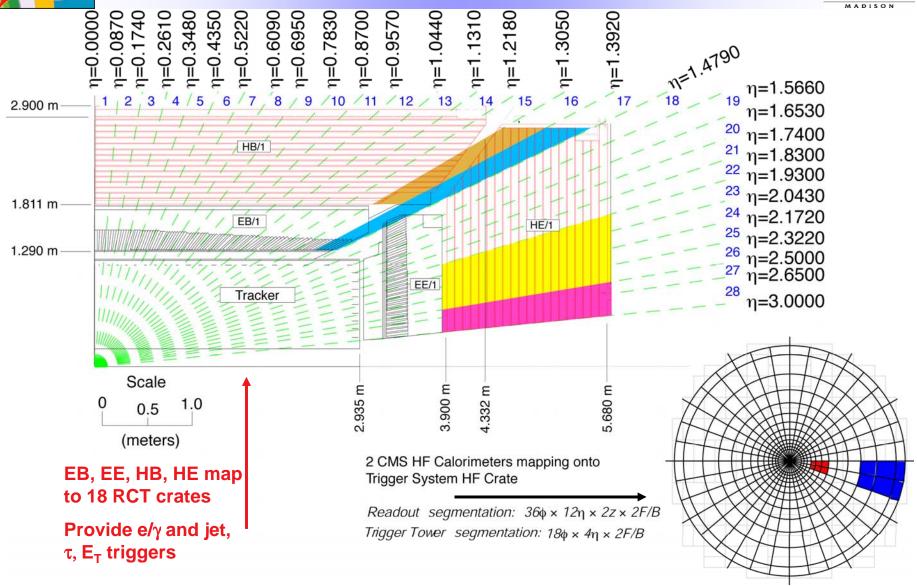
#### **Regional Calorimeter Trigger**

- Receives Trigger Primitives (TPs) from 8000 ECAL/HCAL/HF towers
- Finds 28 e/γ candidates, creates 14 central tower sums, 28 quality bits, and forwards 8
   HF towers and 8 HF quality bits
- All sent to Global Calorimeter Trigger at 80 MHz on SCSI cables



### **CMS Calorimeter Geometry**

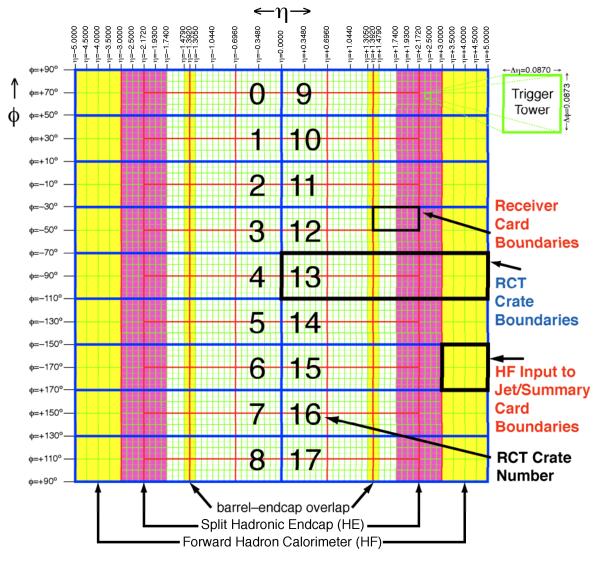






# **Calorimeter-RCT Mapping**



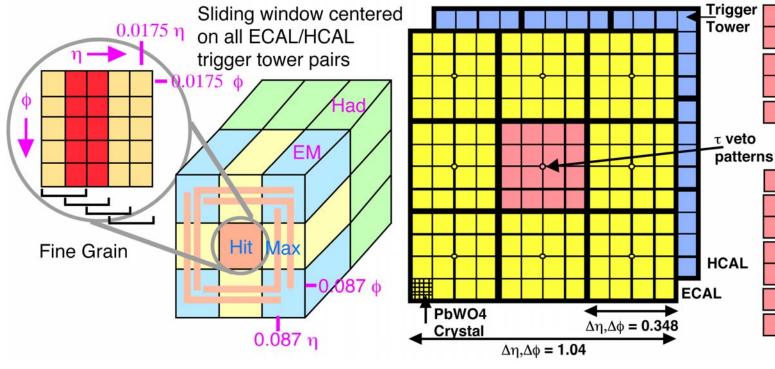


- 18 crates handle the entire CMS calorimeter seamlessly
- Each crate covers a 0.7 φ
   by 5 η region
- Each Receiver Electron
   ID Card pair covers a
   0.35 φ by 0.7 η region (ex. one 0.7 φ by 0.5 η)
- Single Jet/Summary card receives HF, finds 8 e/γ, sets Quiet bits and forwards Sums, e/γ, and all bits to GCT



## Calorimeter Trig. Algorithms





#### $e/\gamma$ Rank = Hit+Max Adjacent Tower

- Hit: H/E < Small Fraction</li>
- Hit: 2 of 5-crystal strips >90% E<sub>T</sub> in 5x5 Tower (Fine Grain)

#### Isolated $e/\gamma$ (3x3 Tower)

- Quiet neighbors: all 8 towers pass Fine Grain & H/E
- •One of 4 corners 5 EM E<sub>T</sub> < Thr.

#### Jet or $\tau E_T$

- •12x12 trig. tower  $\Sigma E_T$  sliding in 4x4 steps w/central 4x4  $E_T$  > others
- τ: isolated narrow energy deposits
  - Energy spread outside  $\tau$  veto pattern sets veto
  - $\tau$  Jet if all 9 4x4 region  $\tau$  vetoes off



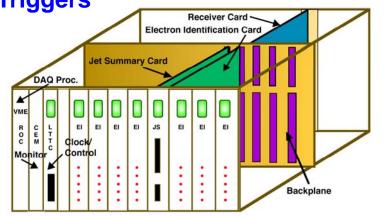
### **RCT Crates**



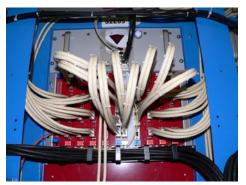
#### **Main RCT Crate**



18/26\* crates with custom backplane incorporate algos: e/γ, τ & Jet Triggers



#### **Master Clock Crate (MCC)**



One crate with 3 custom cards to create and fan-out 160 & 120 MHz clocks, ReSync, and Bunch Crossing Zero to 18 RCT Crates' Clock & Control Cards

- Clock Input Card (CIC) 1/5\*
  - Source: LHC clock or on-board Oscillator
  - Fine and course delay up to 25 ns
- Clock Fanout Card to Crates (CFCc) & Clock Fanout Card Midlevel (CFCm) – 2/7\* & 7/13\* resp.
  - Fine delay adjust to all crates
- Signals distributed on 36 4-pair lowskew cables of the same length.



### **RCT Cards**



#### **Clock & Control**

18/25\* - 1 per crate

Provides 160 MHz & 120 MHz clocks, reset, BC0 to one RCT crate, phase and delay adjustable.

Clock from Master Clock Crate fed by CMS Trigger Timing and Control (TTC) System

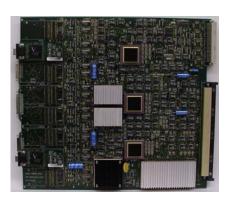


#### Receiver

126/158\* - 7 per crate

Receives 128 E & HCAL towers on 1.2 GB Cu Links (Vitesse 7216-1) on RMC's

Phase, Adder, and Boundary Scan ASICs to realign/deskew data in, regional sums, sync 50 towers for e/g algo Memory LUT at 160 MHz



#### **Electron ID**

126/157\* - 7 per crate

Sort (disabled) ASIC for BP receive and EISO ASIC fully implements e/γ algorithm

Sends highest  $E_T$  iso and non-iso  $e/\gamma$  for 2 4x4 regions sent to JSC

28 e/γ candidates per crate via BP to JSC

• 7x2 Iso & 7x2 Non-Iso



#### **Jet Summary**

18/25\* - 1 per crate

**e** - γ - μ

- Sort ASICs receive data on BP & find top iso. & non-iso.)
- 14 Quiet Bits by threshold on JS
- 14 Minlon bits from RC

Forward Calorimeter (HF) RMC & LUTs for HF  $E_T$ 's Regional (4x4 tower) sums to GCT





### **ECAL and HCAL Input to RCT**



Both HCAL HTR (HCAL Trigger and Readout) and ECAL TCC (Trigger Concentrator Card) use a Serial Link Board (SLB) with the Vitesse V2716-1 link chip on it

- Configurable mezzanine card
  - Two Altera Cyclone FPGAs synchronize data for V2716 and calculate Hamming Code
- Clocking separate
  - Ensures data in time between subsystems

#### HTR

 Up to six SLBs send Trigger Primitives (TPs)

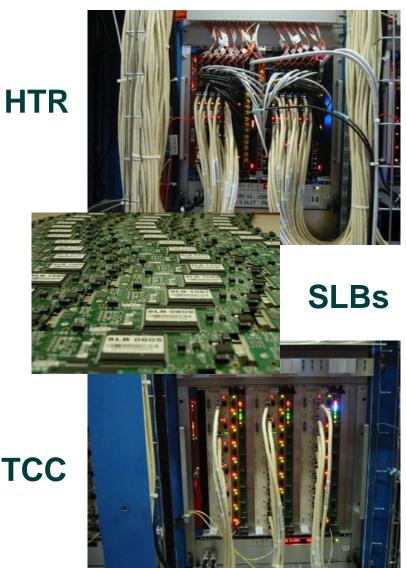
#### **TCC**

Six or nine SLBs send Ps

Both TCC & HTR Receive front-end data on fibers

Initial tests as early as 2004

Installed and in use on all TP boards



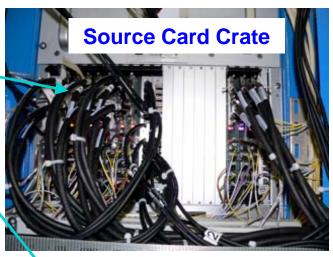


### **RCT Output to GCT**



# Each RCT crate is connected to 3.5 GCT Source Cards (SCs)

- RCT output differential ECL
  - On 6 SCSI cables per crate
- 63 SCs needed
  - 2 RCT-GCT cable inputs/SC
  - 45 for Regional Sums
    - Duplication needed on  $\eta$ =0 for jet algo one input used
    - 9 with inputs from 2 different crates
  - 18 for iso-e/γ and noniso-e/γ candidates, muon bits
- SC sends data on fibers to main GCT crate
- GCT turns regional sums to jet candidates, sorts jet and  $e/\gamma$  candidates, computes missing  $E_T$ ,  $H_T$ , jet counts and sends to Global Trigger (GT)



**RCT Crate Front** 





# RCT Hardware Installation and Commissioning at CMS



#### One RCT Master Clock and 18 RCT crates tested and cards installed

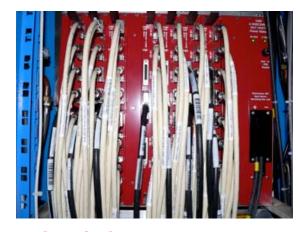
All cabling installed: input HCAL, HF, ECAL, RCT internal data sharing, and output to GCT

#### **Front of Racks**



Full system = 19 Crates
18 HF input
108 Cables to GCT

#### **Crate Rear**



56 ECAL/HCAL input cables per crate (Beige)11 Data sharing connections per

11 Data sharing connections per crate (Black)

#### **Rear of Racks**



Input cabling complete Total: 1026 SLB-RCT



# Operations: Detector Slow Control and Rack Monitoring System



### One Custom-built Rack Monitor Card installed in July 2006 per rack:

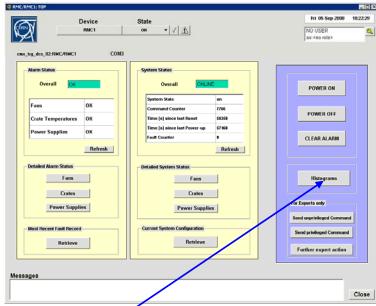
- Monitors power supplies, temperatures, fans
- Configurable alarm set points, number of fans, power supplies connected...
- Ability to turn on and off system, check for and acknowledge alarms, send notification of...
- Connects to network via a COMTROL serial-to-ethernet port

Slow Control software was developed using PVSS (Prozessvisualisierungs und Steuerungs-System)

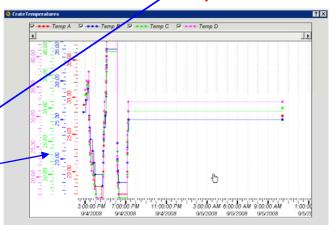
- Fully Implemented in USC55
- Exploits all above functionality
  - Keeps values in database
  - Histograms available

Fully integrated into CMS DCS

#### **Rack 1 Control Panel**



Rack 1 Crate A Temperatures



Rack Monitor Card and power chassis





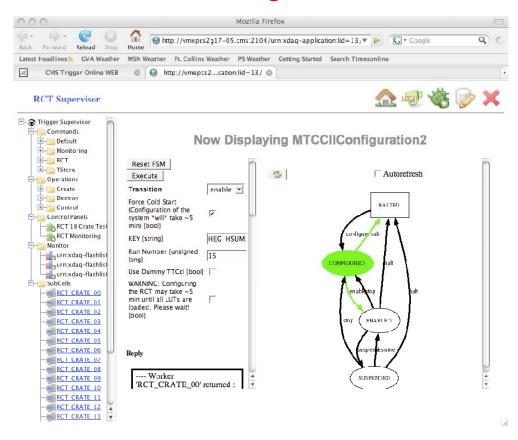
### **Operations: RCT Trigger Supervisor**



#### **CMS Trigger Supervisor**

- An online software framework to configure, test, operate, and monitor the trigger components and manage communications between (sub)systems
  - Set up as individual subsystem cells and a central cell directing multiple systems at once with SOAP commands
- RCT Trigger Supervisor handles
  - System configuration via a predefined key for data taking, internal tests, and multi-system interconnection tests
    - Central configuration of trigger systems by CMS Run Control for data taking and interconnection tests
    - User configuration
    - Accesses databases for configuration including channel masking
    - Provides interface for creating new keys

#### **RCT Configuration**





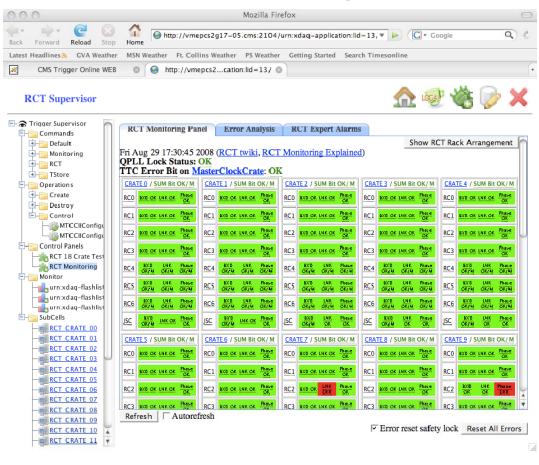
### **Operations: RCT Trigger Supervisor**



# RCT Trigger Supervisor also handles Crate monitoring

- RCT hardware registers and errors
- Can mask channels not in use in monitoring panel
  - Using a file or DB
- Will log monitored values in DB
  - Link errors, etc.
- Alert and alarm functionality
  - RCT expert now
  - Development of more central alarm system for TS underway

#### **RCT Monitoring**





### **Operations: RCT Intercrate Testing**



# Uses the ability of the RCT to cycle the addresses of its input LUTs on the Receiver cards (emulate up to 64 crossings)

- All 18 RCT crates used and GCT Source Cards capture output
  - Pattern into emulator to predict output and compare with capture
  - GCT Source Cards are very flexible multiple capture options including BC0, output patterns, and ReSync
- First tests were internal, testing timing between RCT crates
  - Check sharing on every edge, for every tower, timing tolerances
  - Walking zeros & ones, random, ttbar simulated data like
    - ttbar: Partial output at right
  - Problems found and fixed
  - Checked RCT-GCT connections
- Integrate into Trigger Supervisor
- Developing tests using patterns injected at TPG level
  - Tests SLB-RCT link, algos.

```
Test Name: outputTtbar
Test Date: 01/09/08
source card files
/nfshome0/gctdev/TriDAS/trigger/gct/SourceCardController/patt
/nfshome0/gctdev/TriDAS/trigger/gct/SourceCardController/patt
crate 12 card 2 region 0
scrd: Rank 939 mip 1 tau 0 qbit 0 ovfl 0
emul: Rank 1023 mip 0 tau 1 gbit 0 ovfl 1
Summary of errors
                                  Crate 1
        rk crd iso rgn ord TOT rk crd iso rgn ord TOT
Card 0
Card 1
Card 2
Card 3
Card 4
Card 5
Card 6
                                  Crate 5
        rk crd iso rgn ord TOT rk crd iso rgn ord TOT
Card 0
Card 1 142 16
                       128 126
Card 2
        63 16
Card 3
Card 4 16
Card 5
Card 6
```



### **Analysis: RCT Trigger Emulator**



# Software with the goal of exactly reproducing the L1 Trigger hardware response, including:

- Use and generate Look-Up Tables (LUTs)
- Include Hardware and Firmware registers and any other configuration options
- Access same database as TS to get configuration information
- It is to be used for hardware validation and monitoring
  - In use by the calorimeter trigger to predict the response of the full chain to patterns injected at the trigger primitive level
    - Online and offline Data Quality
    - 18-Crate test
    - Link tests (patterns injected at TP level)
  - In this way the hardware and the emulator are fully vetted
    - Bugs are tracked down and fixed in firmware, hardware and software
- In reverse: simulation can be used to inject physics patterns into the hardware
  - Validation of algorithms



## **Global Runs and Data Taking**



### In order to integrate detectors and get ready for first beam

- Use cosmic rays and study noise rates
- 2 days to 1 week periods
  - Designated periods since Fall 2007
- Various subsystems participate
  - RCT took part in most runs with HCAL and/or ECAL providing TPGs
  - GCT e/γ path was commissioned first
    - RCT LUTs very flexible forward HCAL or ECAL to e/γ path for triggering
    - Each different scenario required different LUT configuration
    - Created an individual Trigger Supervisor Key to describe each one
  - Study data offline to validate algorithms and detect any problems
    - Use Data Quality Monitoring Online and Offline

### First circulating beam arrived 10.9.2008!

Have had additional beam since then, expect first collisions soon...

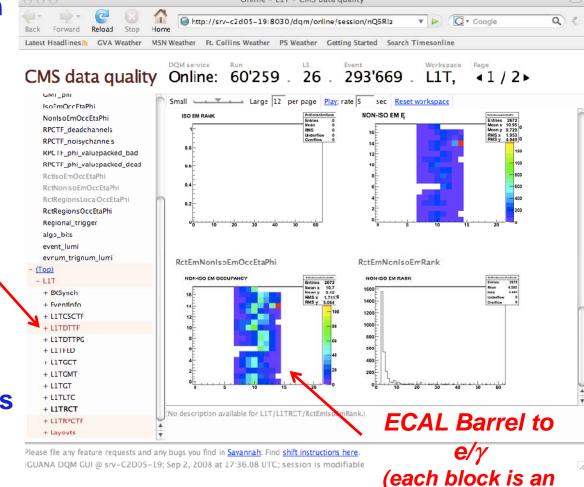


## **RCT Data Quality Monitoring**



# Online: real time histograms created and filled in the High-Level-Trigger Filter farm during data taking

- Also can go back in time to a recent run
- Compare with reference histograms
  - Highlighted if in error
- Real time data validity checks with emulator
- Data delivered at a rate of ~1-10 Hz
- Selected histograms for shift crews



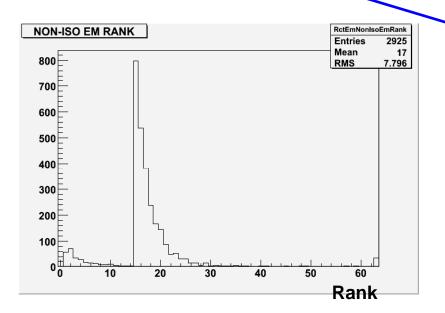


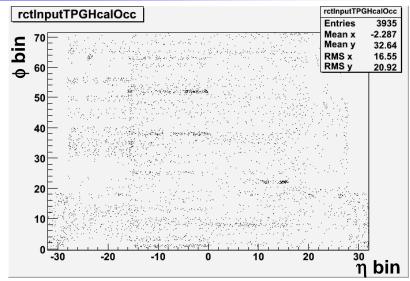
## **RCT Data Quality Monitoring**

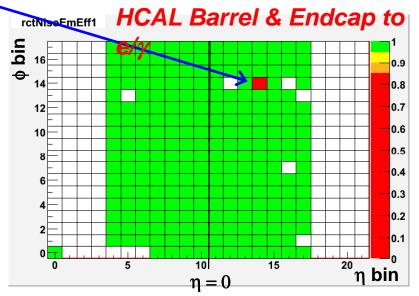


#### Offline – more detailed analysis possible

- Access to a greater number of events than online
- Book more histograms and store an nTuple
- Can be run on CMS online machines for near real-time analysis
- Feed emulator TPGs and get efficiencies, inefficiencies, and overefficiencies
- Valuable debugging tool







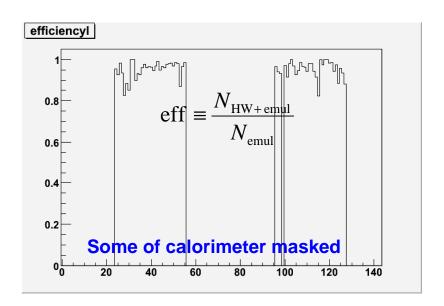


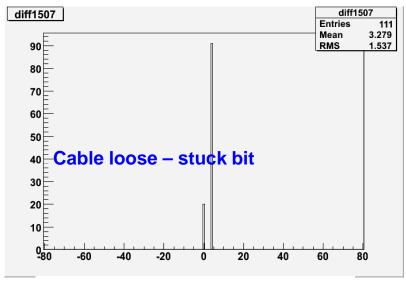
## **RCT Data Quality Monitoring**

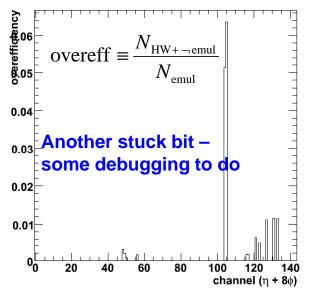


#### Offline – more detailed analysis

- Very valuable during early runs with special conditions
- Can retrieve a single tower or region
  - Energy difference to see problems at the bit level
- Compare in 1D to see subtle differences
- Use emulator to find extra and missing candidates (overefficiency an inefficiency)









# Recently

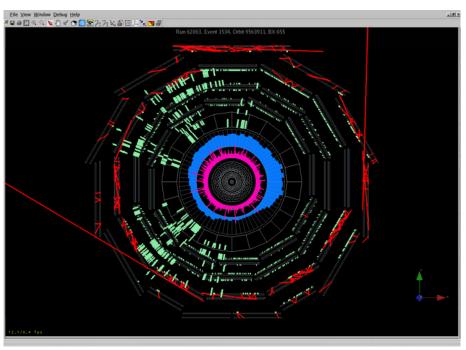


#### CMS Closed 6 Sep 2008





**HF** in foreground



Calorimeters in pink & blue



### **Finally**



#### CMS Regional Calorimeter Trigger boards produced and installed

- Successful commissioning and integration
  - 19 crates and all boards installed
- Tools necessary for operation in place
  - RCT DCS integrated with central CMS DCS
    - · Alerts/alarms go to central control as well as to RCT personnel
  - RCT Trigger Supervisor to configure, monitor, and test the RCT
    - Integrated with Central Trigger Supervisor, controlled by CMS Run Control during daily data taking
- Starting real data taking
  - RCT DQM and emulator
    - Online and offline analysis to study RCT
    - Found problems early using cosmic ray and noise runs
  - RCT flexible
    - GCT had e/γ trigger ready first
    - RCT could send either HCAL or ECAL TPGs down e/γ path
    - Trigger Supervisor Keys set up for a large range of scenarios as we commissioned
  - Calorimeter trigger on for first beam.
- RCT is ready and anxious for colliding beams!