

Measurement of properties of the Higgs boson in the diboson channels using the ATLAS detector

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On behalf of the **ATLAS Collaboration**

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Introduction

□ Higgs to diboson searches in ATLAS

- ❖ **Jul. 2012:** $\gamma\gamma + ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4l + WW^{(*)} \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$ **combined discovery of resonance**
- ❖ **Today:** moving from discovery mode to **Higgs property measurements**
 - **Higgs boson mass** / exclusive **production processes**
 - / **couplings to bosons and fermions** / **J^P properties**

□ Presenting analysis update of diboson channels

Channel	Property	2011 (7 TeV)	2012 (8 TeV)	Reference
$\gamma\gamma$	Mass/Couplings	4.8 fb⁻¹	20.7 fb⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2013-012
	Spin	-	20.7 fb⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2013-029
$ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4l$	Mass/Couplings/Spin	4.6 fb⁻¹	20.7 fb⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2013-013
$WW^{(*)} \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$	Couplings	4.6 fb⁻¹	20.7 fb⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2013-030
	Spin	-	20.7 fb⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2013-031
Combination	Mass ($\gamma\gamma + ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4l$)	4.8 fb⁻¹	20.7 fb⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2013-014
	Couplings	4.8 fb⁻¹	Up to 20.7 fb ⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2013-034
	Spin	Up to 4.8 fb ⁻¹	20.7 fb⁻¹	ATLAS-CONF-2013-040

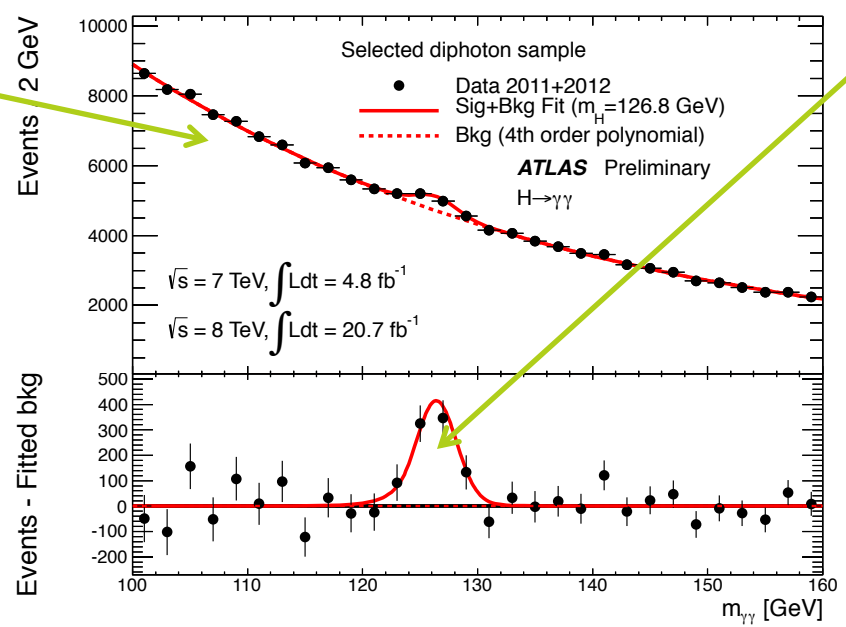


H → γγ analysis overview

Background

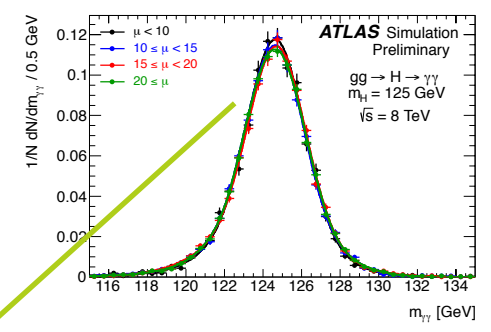
- γγ
- γj+jj fake(s)
- ✧ **Rejection** of huge bkg using tight photon identification and isolation
- ✧ **Mγγ model:** fit on data
- ✧ Background composition using data-driven techniques:
 - γγ (~75%)
 - γj+jj (~25%)

- **H → γγ = most sensitive channel at low masses + full mass reconstruction**
- **Topology:** two high pT photons
- **S/B of 3% @ 125 GeV in window containing 90% of signal**
- **118893 (23788) H → γγ candidates @ 8 TeV (7 TeV)**



Signal

- ✧ Acceptance/efficiency predicted by MC, yields normalized to theory
- ✧ Higgs Mγγ resolution model: fit on MC
- ✧ Overall resolution 1.7 GeV (~pileup independent)





H → γγ categories

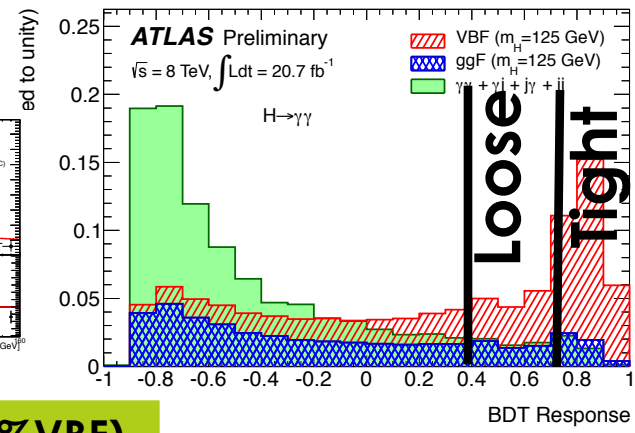
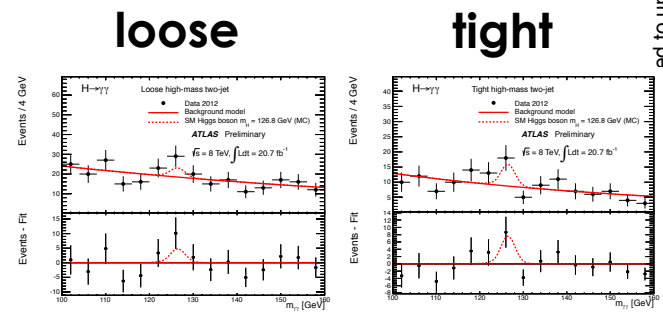
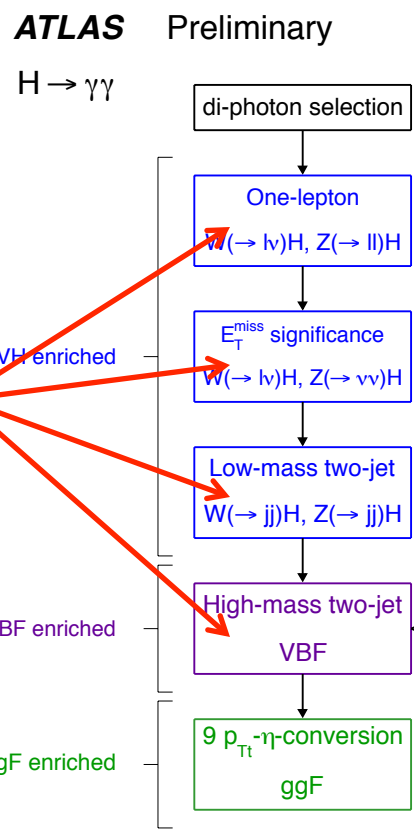
Categoryization aimed at improving sensitivity:

- 14 categories with different S/B (1% → 60%) and resolutions (1.4 → 2.5 GeV)
- Enriched purity in VBF and VH in dedicated categories

VH production mode (3 targeted categories)
Leptonic, Et/miss, hadronic

VBF production mode (2 targeted categories)
MVA-based

Exclusive VH/VBF processes targeted categories



Category	Signal (%VBF)
Loose	4.8 (54%)
Tight	7.3 (76%)

- ❖ Different $M_{\gamma\gamma}$ signal resolution categories
- Improve expected significance



H \rightarrow $\gamma\gamma$ mass and signal strength

Excess wrt background-only hypothesis:

- Observed **7.4 σ** @ $M_H = 126.5$ GeV (minimal p_0)
(expected 4.1 σ for SM Higgs)

Best-fit mass:

- $M_H = 126.8 \pm 0.2$ (stat.) ± 0.7 (syst.) GeV
- Systematics dominated** – highly dominated by photon energy scale

Signal strength $\mu = N_{\text{obs}}/N_{\text{SM}}$ @ $M_H = 126.8$ GeV

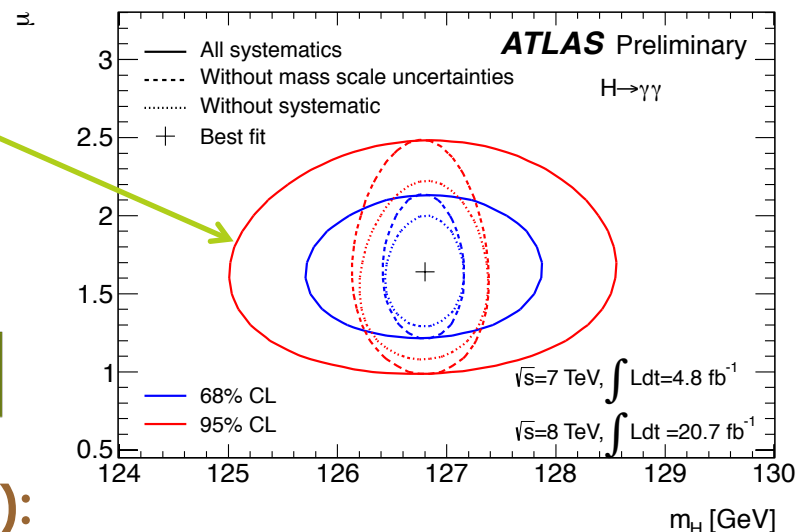
- $\mu = 1.65 \pm 0.24$ (stat.) $^{+0.25}_{-0.18}$ (syst.)

2.3 σ from SM [Higgs + bkg] hypothesis

Fiducial cross-section (inclusive/8TeV):

- $\sigma_{\text{fid}} \times \text{BR} = 56.2 \pm 12.5$ fb

[in phase-space: $|\eta| < 2.37$, $E_{\gamma_1} > 40$ GeV and $E_{\gamma_2} > 30$ GeV]

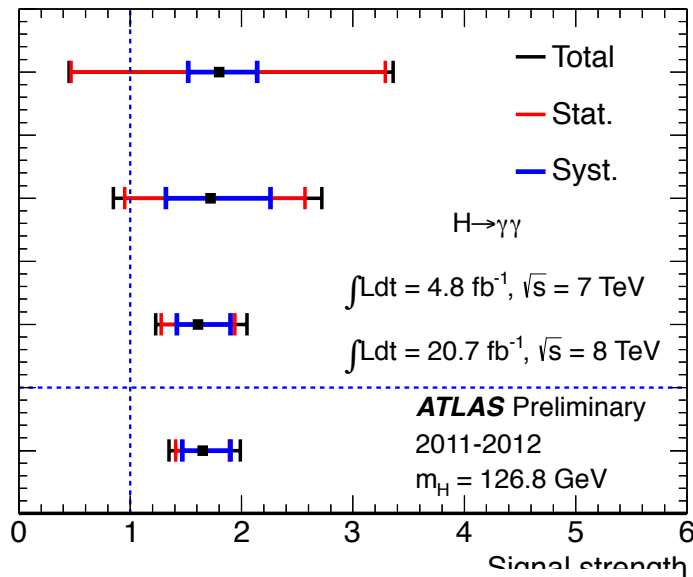




H → γγ signal strengths by processes

Fit 3 signal strengths

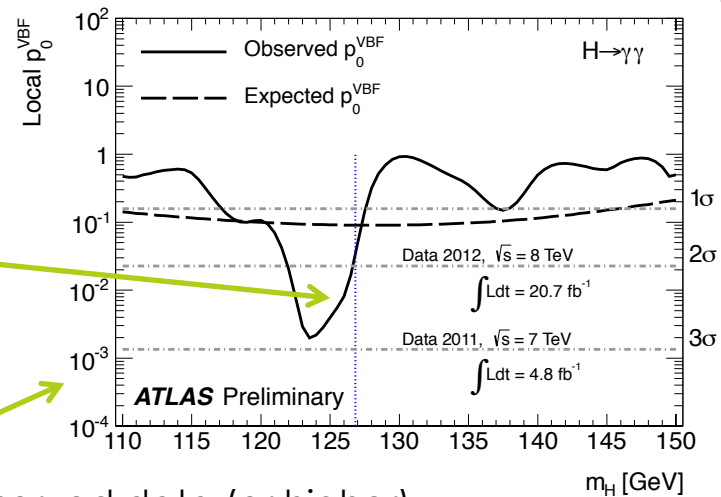
- ❖ $\mu_{VH} \times B/B_{SM} = 1.8^{+1.5}_{-1.3} \text{ (stat.)}^{+0.3}_{-0.3} \text{ (syst.)}$ μ_{VH}
- ❖ $\mu_{VBF} \times B/B_{SM} = 1.7^{+0.8}_{-0.8} \text{ (stat.)}^{+0.5}_{-0.4} \text{ (syst.)}$ μ_{VBF}
- ❖ $\mu_{ggF+ttH} \times B/B_{SM} = 1.6^{+0.3}_{-0.3} \text{ (stat.)}^{+0.3}_{-0.2} \text{ (syst.)}$ $\mu_{ggH+ttH}$



- Measurement of signal strengths has been improved
- At constant luminosity, the improvement is:
 - ❖ 32% on the measure of μ_{VBF}
 - ❖ 27% on the measure of μ_{VH}
 w.r.t. previous result from dec.

Excess in γγ VBF (2σ @ M_H = 126.8 GeV)

- ❖ Significance almost fully driven by MVA-based high-mass 2-jet categories



p_0 = probability that the background fluctuates to the observed data (or higher)



H → ZZ^(*) → 4l analysis overview

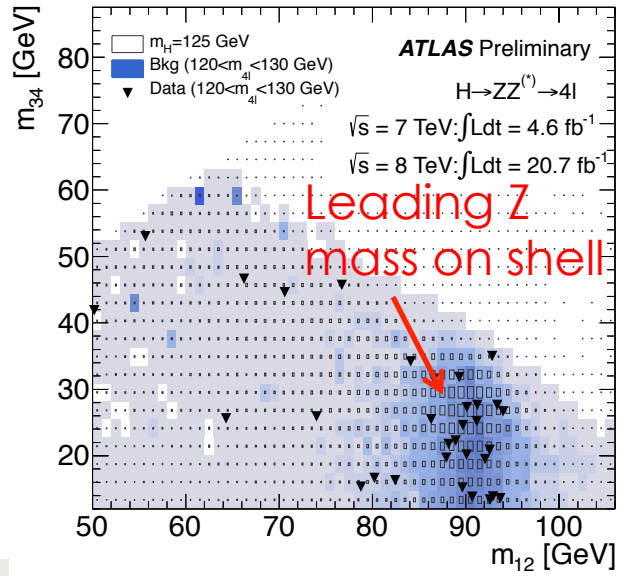
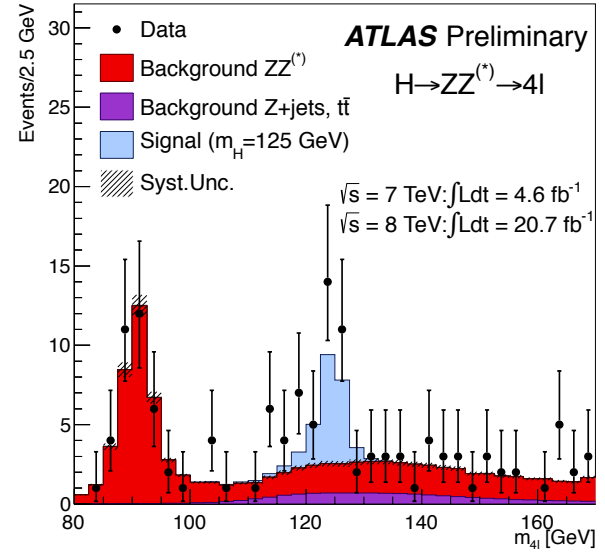
- **ZZ^(*) → 4l: golden channel**
- In $m_{4l} = [100, 160]$ GeV, expected for $m_H = 125$ GeV
 - 4μ = 5.8
 - 2μ2e = 7.0
 - 4e = 2.9
- **35 H → 4l candidates observed in $m_{4l} = [120, 130]$ GeV**

Background

- Mainly from:
 - Non resonant **ZZ^(*) continuum**
 - **Z+jets, ttbar**
- **Rejected** using isolation and impact parameter
- **Expectation:** extracted from data control regions (Z+jets/ttbar) and MC (ZZ^(*))

Signal reconstruction

- **Maximize acceptance** using lepton reco/ID down to low p_T of 6/7 GeV [$\epsilon \sim 40/20\%$ for 4μ/4e]
- **Mass resolution from MC** using a fit that constrains the leading dilepton pair to the Z mass [$\sigma_M/M = 1.3/1.9\%$ for 4μ/4e]
- **Energy scale/ID efficiency** for leptons from **data-driven** techniques using J/ψ or Z or W leptonic decays





H → ZZ^(*) → 4l mass and signal strength

█ **Excess wrt background-only hypothesis:**

❖ **Observed 6.6σ @ $M_H = 124.3$ GeV**
 (expected 4.4σ for SM Higgs)

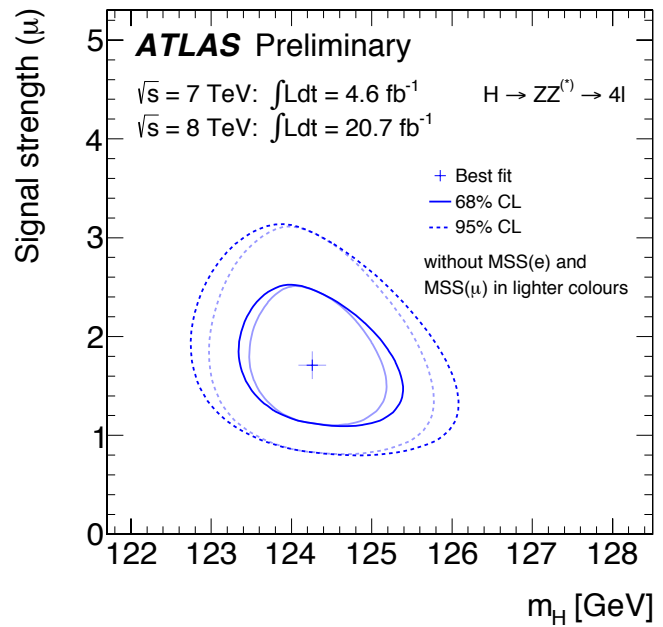
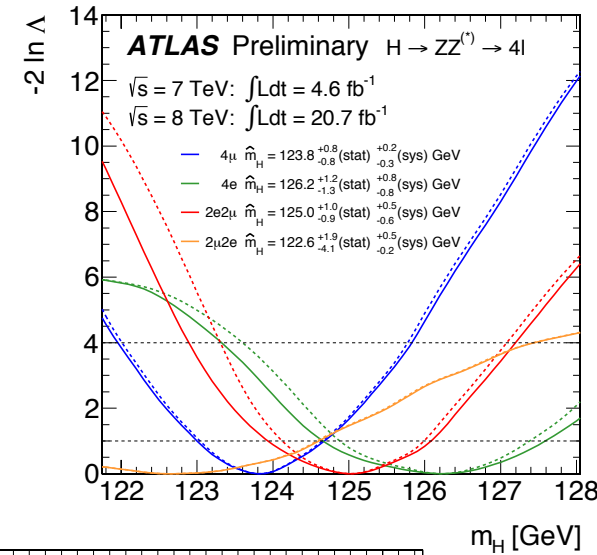
█ **Best-fit mass:**

❖ $M_H = 124.3^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$ (stat.) $^{+0.5}_{-0.3}$ (syst.) GeV

❖ **Statistically dominated**
 ❖ **Dominated by 4μ**
 (notably systematics of 0.2% on pT scale)

█ **Signal strength $\mu = N_{obs}/N_{SM}$**
 @ $M_H = 124.3$ GeV

❖ $\mu = 1.7^{+0.5}_{-0.4}$





H → WW(*) → lνlν analysis overview

Various backgrounds

Backgrounds
WW
t \bar{t} bar + single top
Z/γ* → τ τ
Z/γ* → ll
W + jets
WZ/ZZ/Wγ

- **WW(*) → lνlν = highest cross-section diboson channel, sensitive in a wide mass region**
- **Poor Higgs mass reconstruction**
- **Signature: 2 opposite sign leptons with high pT + MET**

Signal reconstruction

- Using cuts + m_T as final discriminating variable
- **Challenge: MET resolution dependence on pileup**
 - Addressed using pileup suppression methods based on tracks
 - ~Pileup independence of σ(MET)

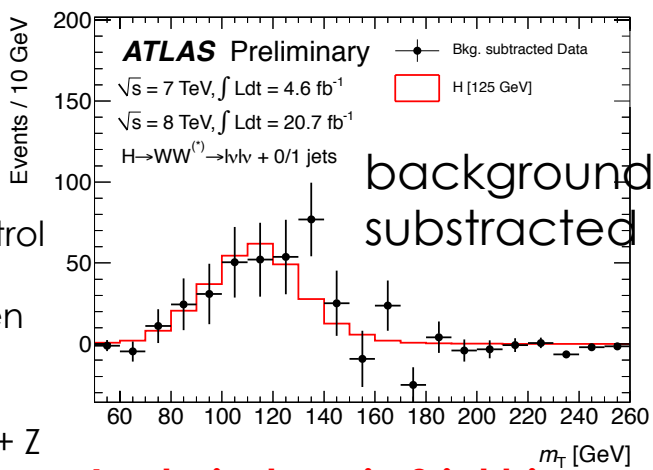
$$m_T = \sqrt{\left(E_T^{ll} + E_T^{miss}\right)^2 - \left|\vec{p}_T^{ll} + \vec{E}_T^{miss}\right|^2}$$

Estimated:

- **WW, top, Z/γ* → τ τ**: data control region
- **Z/γ* → ll, W + jets**: fully datadriven
- **WZ/ZZ/Wγ**: MC

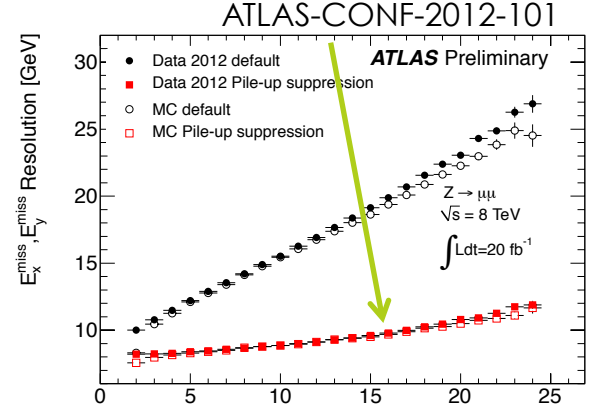
Rejected:

using lepton ID + isolation + Z mass veto + MET cuts + m_{ll} < 50 GeV + b-veto + Δφ(ll) < 1.8



Analysis done in 3 jet bins:

- **N_{jets} = 0, N_{jets} = 1**
- **N_{jets} ≥ 2 (targeting VBF)**



N _{jet}	N _{Obs}	N _{bkg}	N _{sig}
= 0	831	739 ± 39	97 ± 20
= 1	309	261 ± 28	40 ± 13
≥ 2	55	36 ± 4	10.6 ± 1.4



H → WW(*) → lνlν signal strengths

■ **Broad excess wrt background-only hypothesis. At $m_H = 125$ GeV:**

❖ **Observed 3.8σ** (expected $\sim 3.7\sigma$ for SM Higgs)

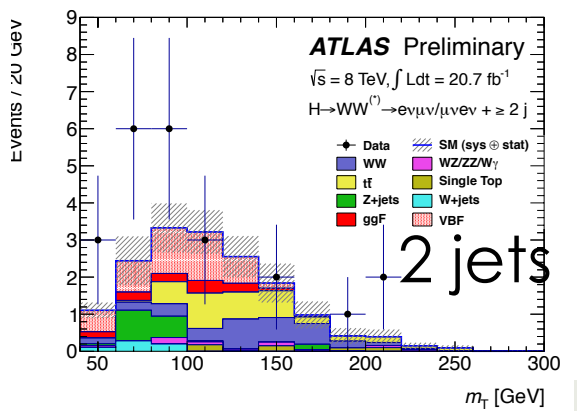
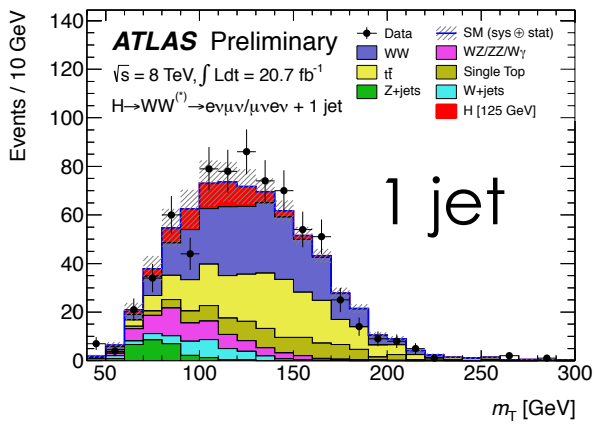
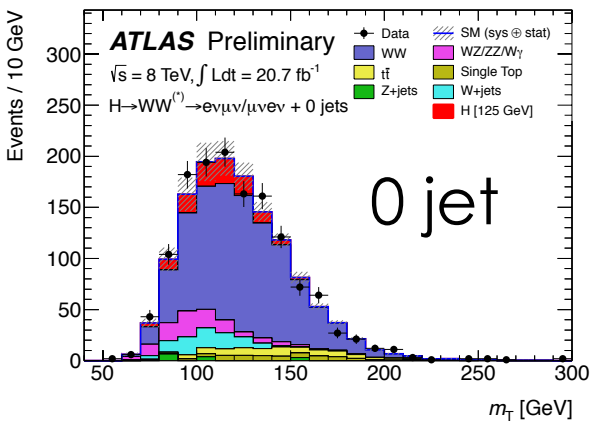
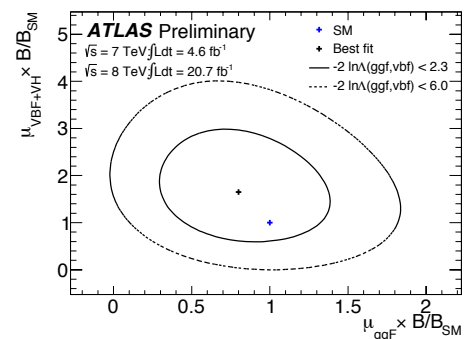
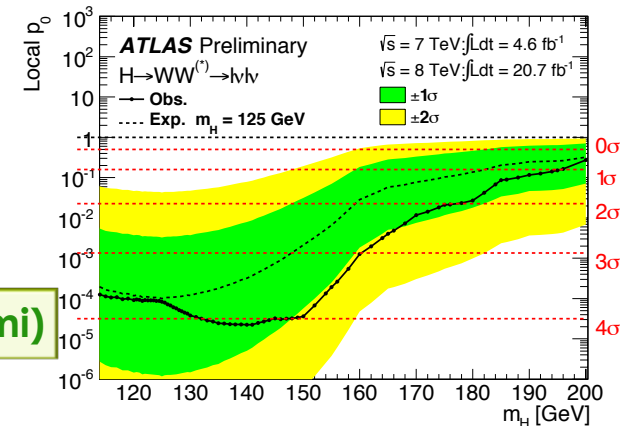
■ **Best fitted signal strength**

❖ $\mu = 1.01 \pm 0.21$ (stat) ± 0.19 (theo) ± 0.12 (expt) ± 0.04 (lumi)
($\mu = 1.01 \pm 0.31$)

■ **Fit 2 signal strengths**

❖ $\mu_{VBF+VH} \times B/B_{SM} = 1.66 \pm 0.67$ (stat.) ± 0.42 (syst.)

❖ $\mu_{ggF+\tau H} \times B/B_{SM} = 0.82 \pm 0.24$ (stat.) ± 0.28 (syst.)

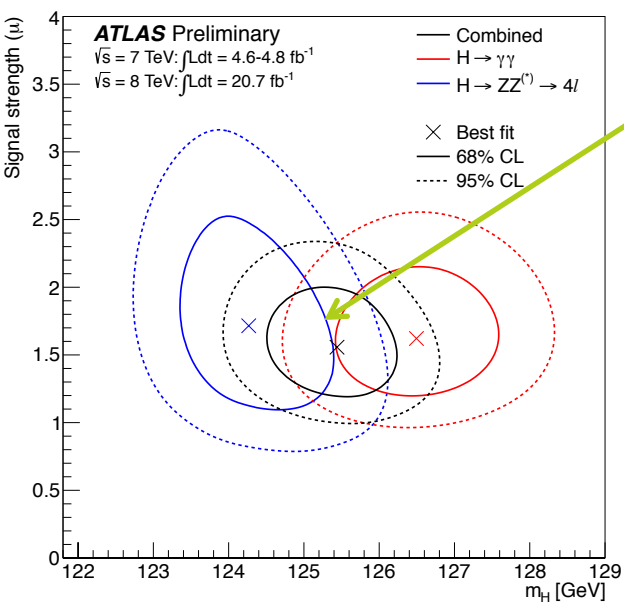




Combination: mass/signal strength

Only the $\gamma\gamma$ and $ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4l$ are combined here

$$M_H = 125.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ (stat.)} \begin{matrix} + 0.5 \\ - 0.6 \end{matrix} \text{ (syst.) GeV}$$



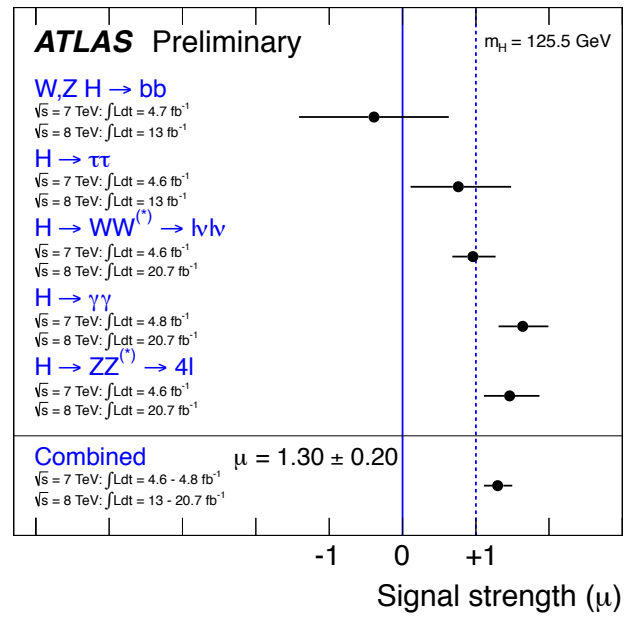
Two masses are consistent within 2.5σ (1.5% probability, 8% with a more conservative implementation of systematics)

	Source	$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	$H \rightarrow 4l$
e/ γ	Absolute Energy scale calibration from Z	$\pm 0.3\%$	$\pm 0.4\%$
	Upstream material simulation inaccuracies	$\pm 0.3\%$	-
	Presampler energy scale	$\pm 0.1\%$	-
	Energy scale calibration for low transverse energy electrons	-	$\pm 0.2\%$
	Additional sources of uncertainties	$\pm 0.35\%$	-
μ	Muon momentum scale	-	$\pm 0.2\%$
	Total	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\pm 0.4\%$

Combined signal strength across all channels:

$$\mu = 1.30 \pm 0.20$$

@ $M_H = 125.5 \text{ GeV}$





Combination: processes and couplings

Processes signal strengths $\mu_{\text{VBF+VH}}$ versus $\mu_{\text{ggF+ttH}}$

Global picture

- compatibility between channels
- combination compatible with the SM

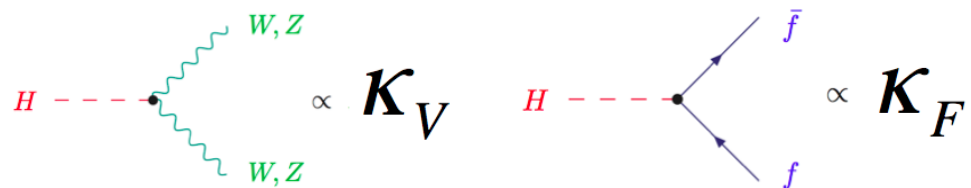
Evidence for VBF production at 3.1σ level:

$$\mu_{\text{VBF+VH}} / \mu_{\text{ggF+ttH}} = 1.2^{+0.7}_{-0.5}$$

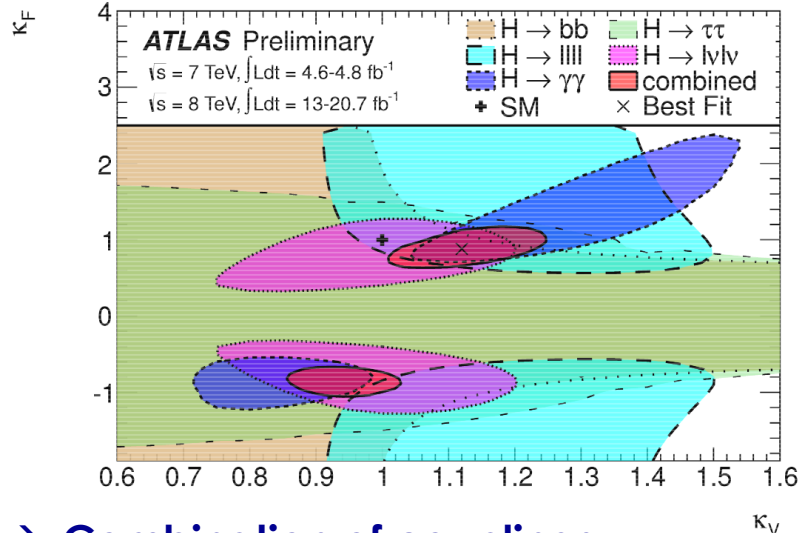
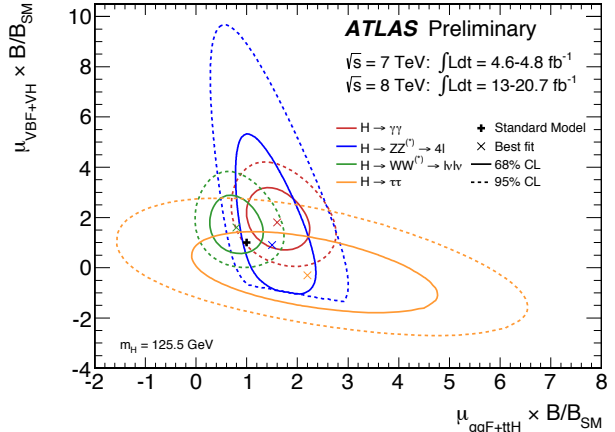
Couplings (assuming single narrow resonance, no BSM)

$$\kappa_i^2 = \frac{\Gamma_i}{\Gamma_{i(SM)}} \Rightarrow$$

σ_i and the partial decay widths Γ_i associated with the SM particle i scale with the factor κ_i^2



Same κ_V for W,Z, same κ_f for fermions, SM tensor structure



Combination of couplings compatible with SM at 8% level (assuming no new physics)



Spin measurements

- **SM predicts $J^P(\text{Higgs})=0^+$**
- **$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ strongly disfavors spin 1 (Yang-Landau's theorem)**
- **Tested hypothesis: could the resonance be $J^P=2^+$? → Combining $\gamma\gamma, ZZ^*, WW^*$**
- **Many spin 2 models: choice – graviton-like spin 2 model with minimal couplings to SM particles → $f_{q\bar{q}}$ denotes the fraction of Higgs production through qq annihilation**

■ **$\gamma\gamma$ channel**

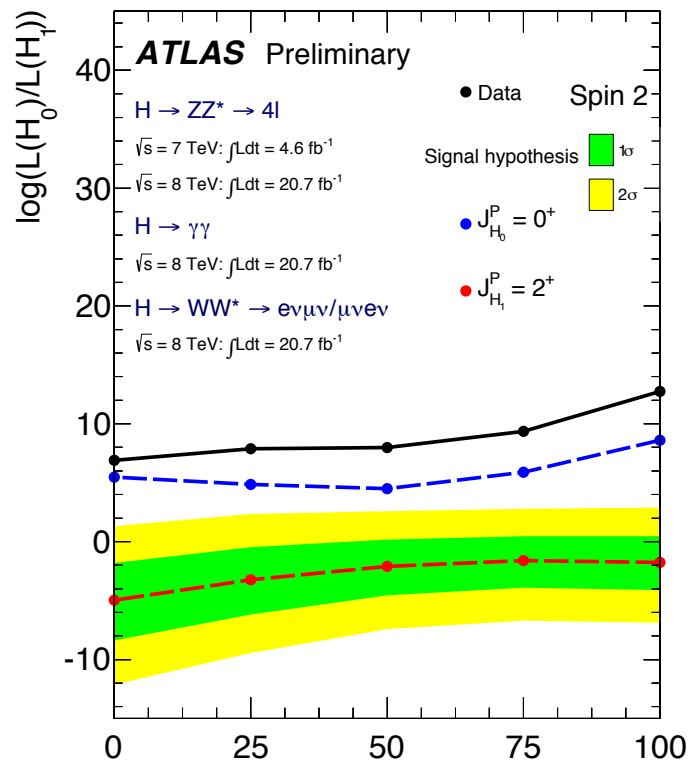
- ❖ sensitive through $\cos(\theta^*) =$ angular distribution of photons in the resonance rest frame

■ **ZZ^* channel**

- ❖ sensitive through many angular variables ($\theta^*, \phi_1, \Phi, \theta_1, \theta_2$) + Z masses
- ❖ 43 events in $115 < M(4l) < 130$ used

■ **WW^* channel**

- ❖ Restricted to $e\nu\mu\nu$ or $\mu\nu e\nu$ final states
- ❖ No reconstruction of angles due to neutrinos
- ❖ Sensitive through other kinematic variables: $m(\ell\ell), p_T(\ell\ell), \Delta\Phi(\ell\ell), m_T$
→ into multivariate analysis



$f_{q\bar{q}}$	$CL_s(J^P = 2^+)$
100%	$0.2 \cdot 10^{-4}$
75%	$2.1 \cdot 10^{-4}$
50%	$6.0 \cdot 10^{-4}$
25%	$5.3 \cdot 10^{-4}$
0%	$4.0 \cdot 10^{-4}$

■ **Spin 2+ excluded at all qq fractions with > 99.9% C.L. (>3σ)**



Conclusion

- Updated Higgs analysis for $\gamma\gamma$, $ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4l$, $WW^{(*)} \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$ on full 2011+2012 dataset

- Individual channels

- The excess is seen in the three channels with consistent signal strengths

$\gamma\gamma$	$ZZ^{(*)}$	$WW^{(*)}$
7.4σ ($m_H=126.5$ GeV)	6.6σ ($m_H=124.3$ GeV)	3.8σ ($m_H=125.0$ GeV)

Combined $\mu = 1.30 \pm 0.20$ (@ $m_H = 125.5$ GeV)

- Evidence for VBF production is seen (3.1σ)

- Higgs properties

- Combined $\gamma\gamma/ZZ^{(*)}$ mass: $m_H = 125.5 \pm 0.2$ (stat.) $^{+0.5}_{-0.6}$ (syst.) GeV
 - Couplings to vector bosons, fermions were tested
(other combined tests performed & not shown here: sign of $k_V \times k_F$
custodial symmetry = W,Z universality, BSM contributions, etc.)
 - Spin parity measurements pointing strongly towards 0^+ ($> 3\sigma$)

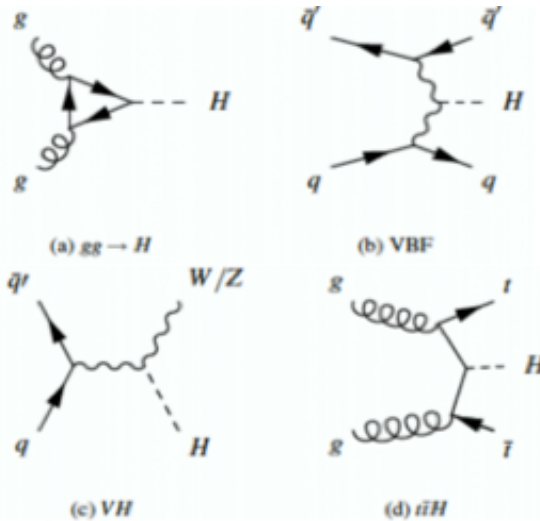
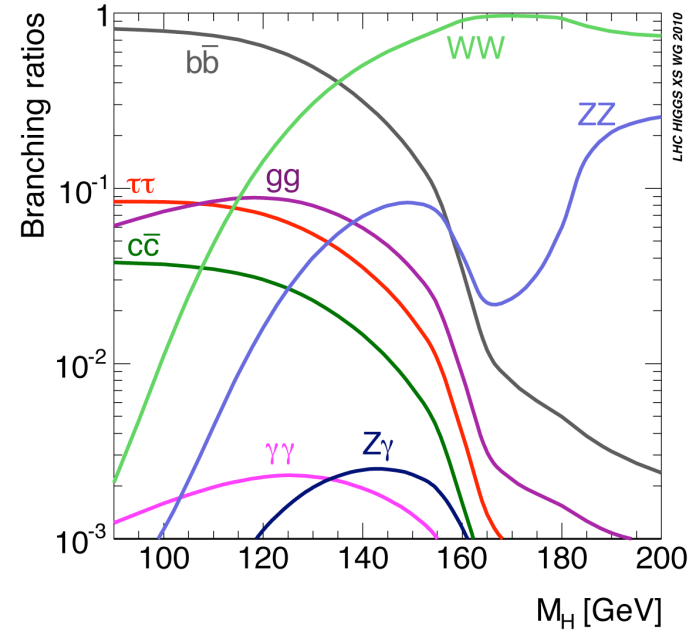
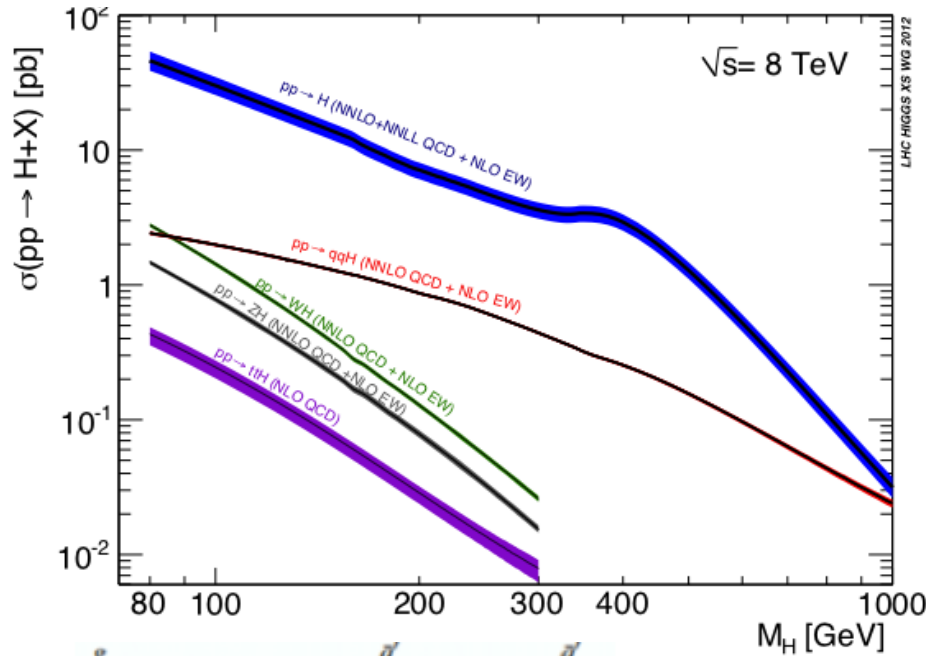
→ Properties: no significant deviation with respect to SM expectations



Thank you for your attention!

Backup

Higgs production and decay



In the mass range $M_H = [100, 160] \text{ GeV}$, the total cross-section for Higgs production is $\sim 10 \text{ pb}$

- $\rightarrow \sim 87\%$ of gluon fusion
- $\rightarrow \sim 7\%$ of vector boson fusion
- $\rightarrow \sim 6\%$ of associated $VH/t\bar{t}$ production

H → γγ: Event selection, signal/bkg models

Event selection

(based on 20.7 fb⁻¹ of 8 TeV and 4.8 fb⁻¹ of 7 TeV data)

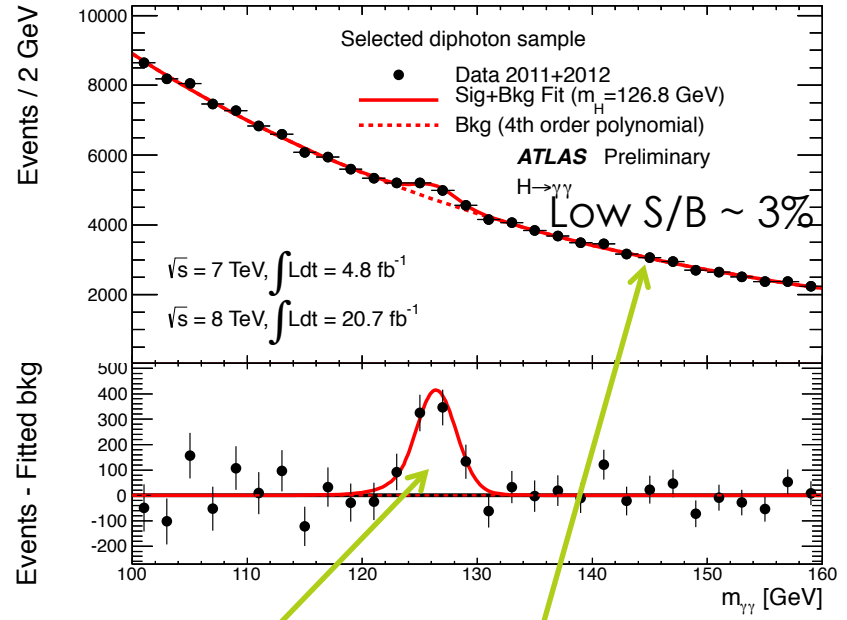
- ❖ Diphoton trigger
- ❖ *Tight* photons identification criteria
- ❖ Isolation requirements
- ❖ p_T(leading γ) > 40 GeV, p_T(subleading γ) > 30 GeV
- ❖ M_{γγ} > 100 GeV and M_{γγ} < 160 GeV

Mass reconstruction

- ❖ Calorimetric energies
- ❖ Direction measurement

Signal M_{γγ} resolution

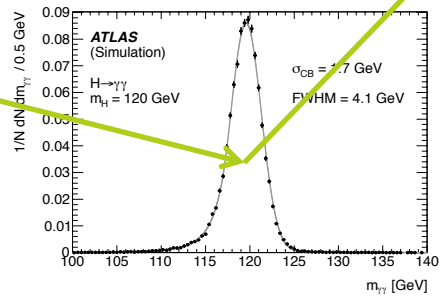
- ❖ Fit of MC Higgs signal
- ❖ Crystal Ball + Gaussian



118893 (23788) H → γγ candidates @ 8 TeV (7 TeV)

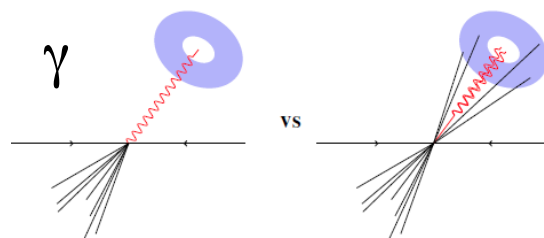
Background modelling

- ❖ Fit of M_{γγ} in data
- ❖ Functional form motivated by MC studies



H → γγ: Data composition

Photon isolation



$\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
(in jets)

Sample composition

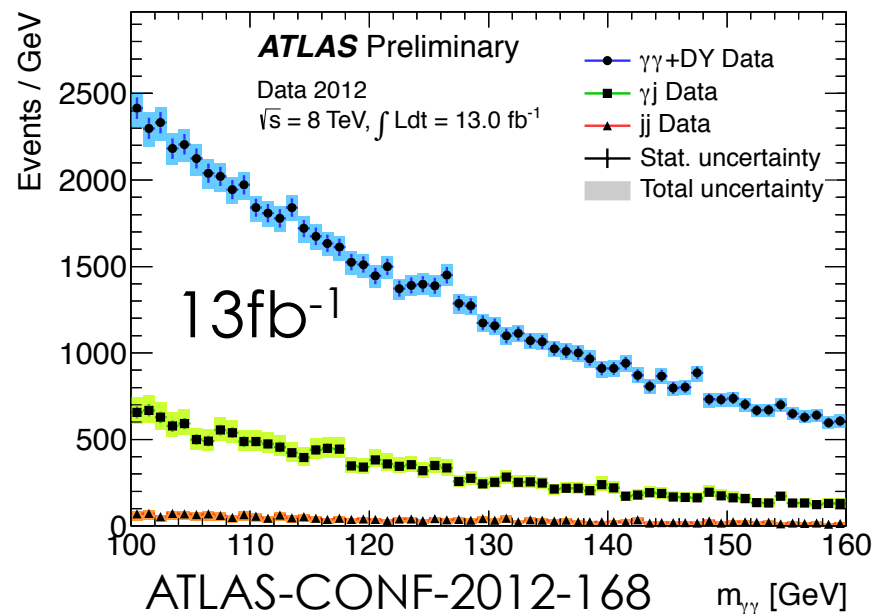
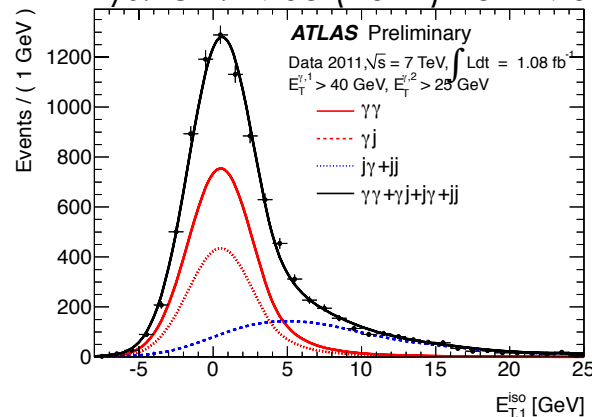
→ extracted using data driven techniques

Component	Fraction
γγ	75%
γj+jγ	22%
jj	3%
Drell-Yann	<1%

→ Gives confidence on bkg rejection

→ Helps the understanding of background shapes

Phys.Lett. B705 (2011) 452-470

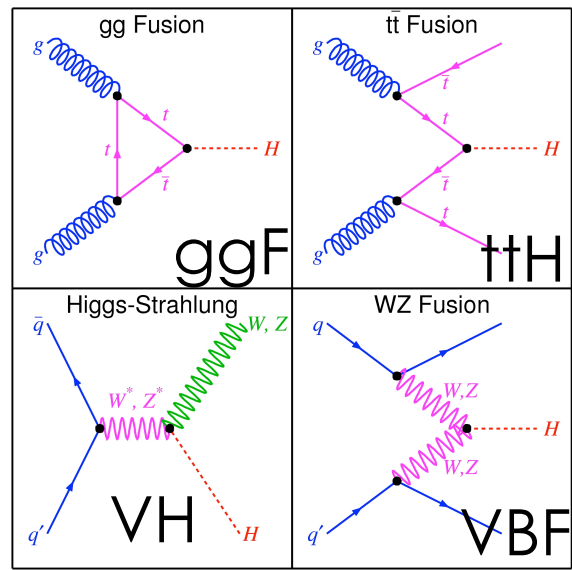


H → γγ: Exclusive categories

- ❖ **Different event topologies**
- ➔ **Sensitive to different Higgs production mechanisms → Higgs couplings**

87%

5%

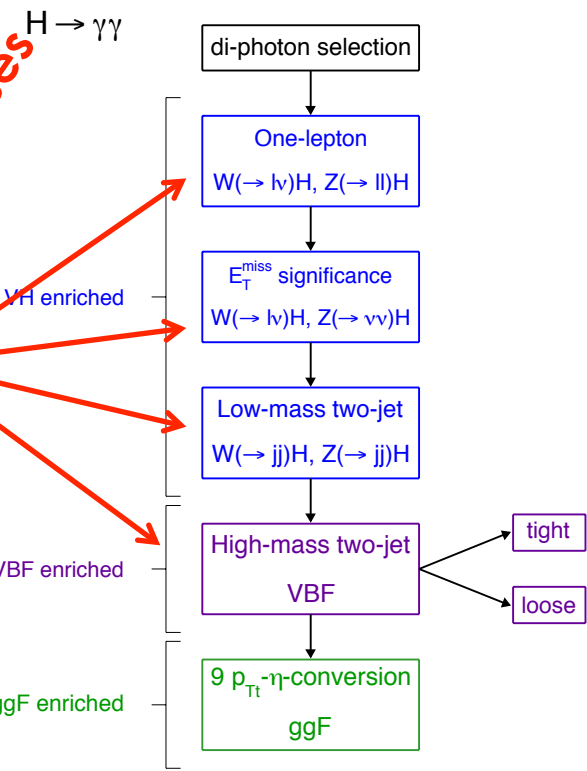


1%

7%

Exclusive VH/VBF processes targeted categories

ATLAS Preliminary



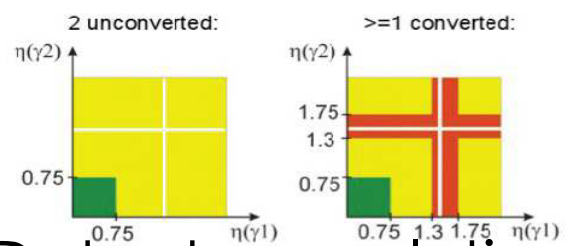
- ❖ **Different M_{γγ} signal resolution categories**
- ➔ **Improve expected significance**

Both unconverted:

- Central
- Rest

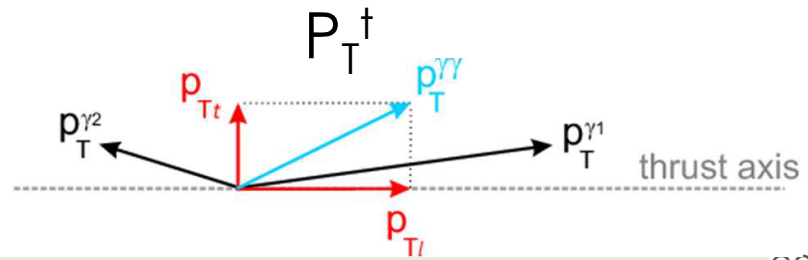
At least one converted:

- Central
- Transition
- Rest



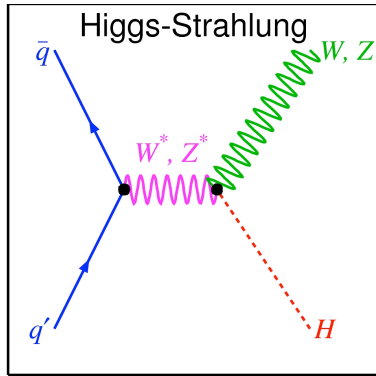
Resolution:

- Good
- Medium
- Poor



Detector resolution

H → γγ: VH enriched categories



- ▣ Associate production with a vector boson [W or Z]
 - ❖ Boosted Higgs → γγ
 - ❖ Leptonic (lepton/MET) or hadronic (jj) decay of the vector boson

Selection

Electron $p_T > 15$ GeV
or muon $p_T > 10$ GeV

MET Significance > 5

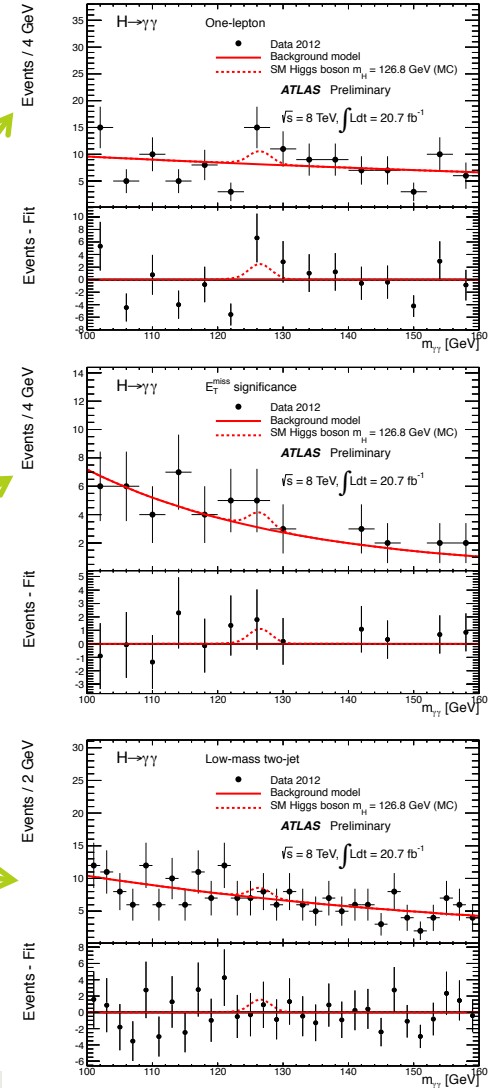
$$\sigma_{E_T^{miss}} = 0.67 [GeV^{1/2}] \sqrt{\Sigma E_T}$$

$M(jj)$ in $[60, 110]$ GeV
 $P_T^\dagger > 70$ GeV

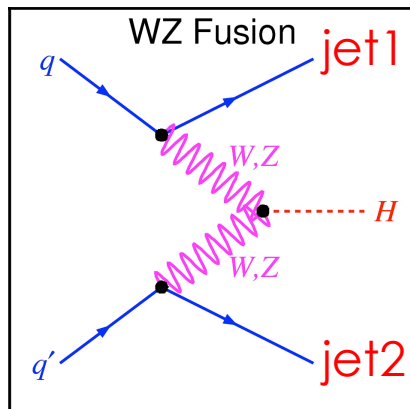
```

    graph TD
        A[di-photon selection] --> B[One-lepton  
W(→lv)H, Z(→ll)H]
        B --> C[E_T^miss significance  
W(→lv)H, Z(→vv)H]
        C --> D[Low-mass two-jet  
W(→jj)H, Z(→jj)H]
    
```

	\sqrt{s}	8 TeV			
Category	$\sigma_{CB}(\text{GeV})$	Observed	N_S	N_B	N_S/N_B
Low-mass two-jet	1.62	21	3.0	21	0.14
E_T^{miss} significance	1.74	8	1.1	4	0.24
One-lepton	1.75	19	2.6	12	0.20



H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$: VBF enriched categories (1/3)

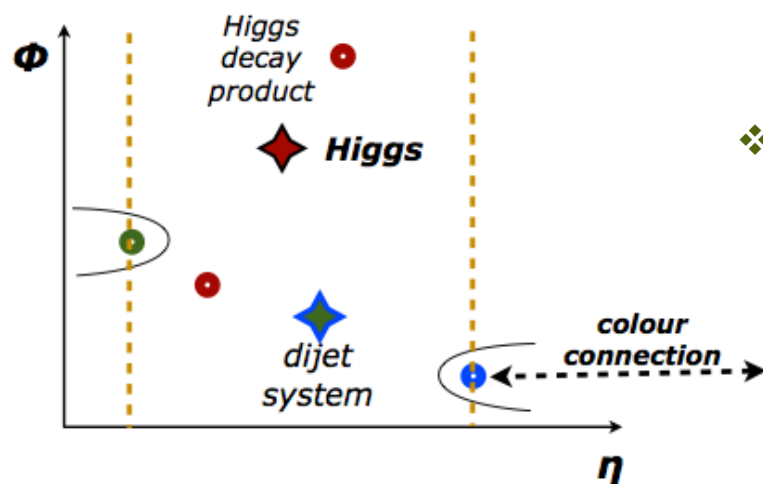


Vector boson fusion topology

- ❖ **No colour exchange at the vertex**
→ Suppressed central jet activity
- ❖ **Forward jets – central photons**
- ❖ **Boosted Higgs** → $\gamma\gamma$

→ **Discrimination wrt to background and other signals**

- ❖ **8 variables:** P_T^\dagger , $\Delta\Phi(\gamma\gamma-jj)$, jets $|\eta|$, η gap between the jets, dijet mass, $\eta^* = |\eta[\gamma\gamma-(j1+j2)/2]| \Delta R^{\min}(\text{jet}/\text{photon})$



8 discriminating variables chosen to train Boosted Decision Trees (BDT)

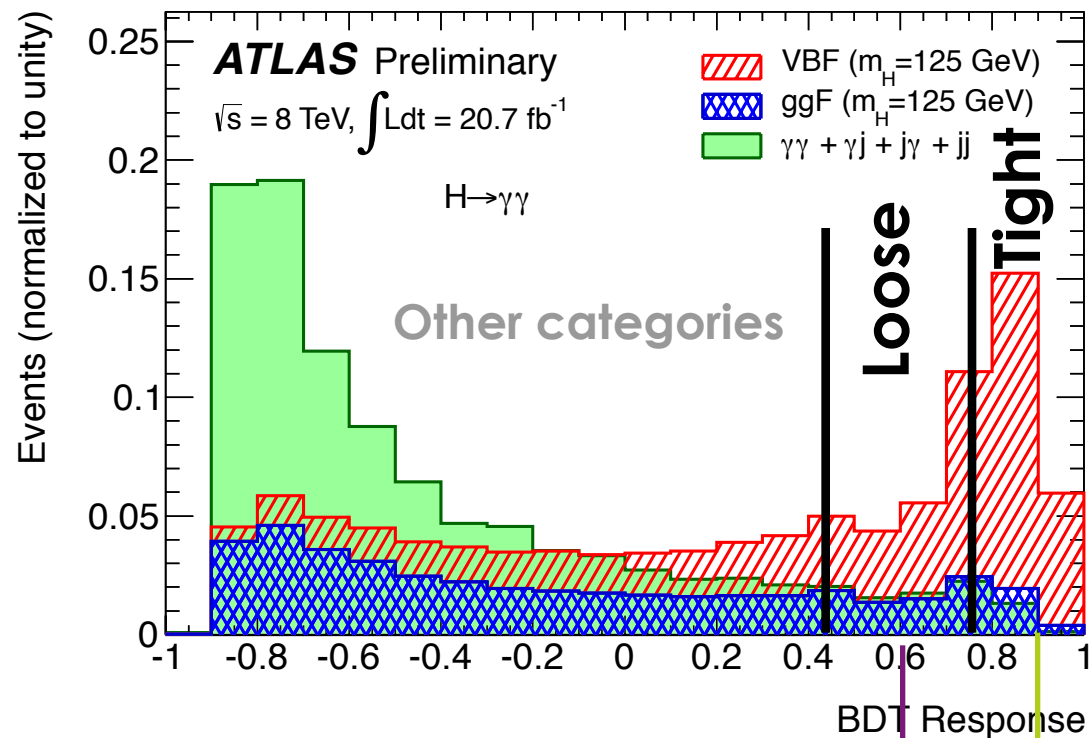
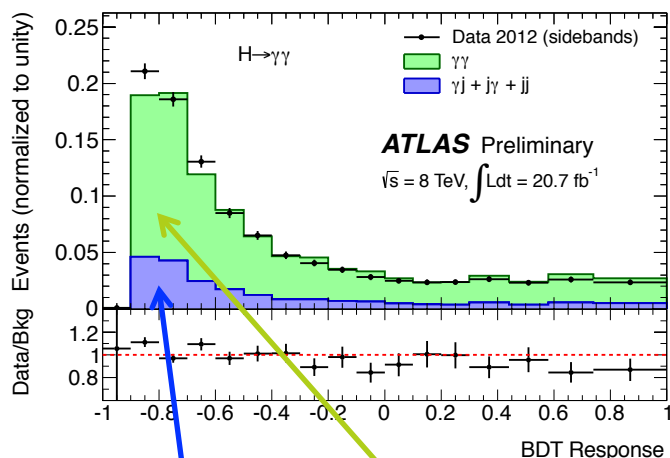
Signal: Vector Boson Fusion MC

Background:

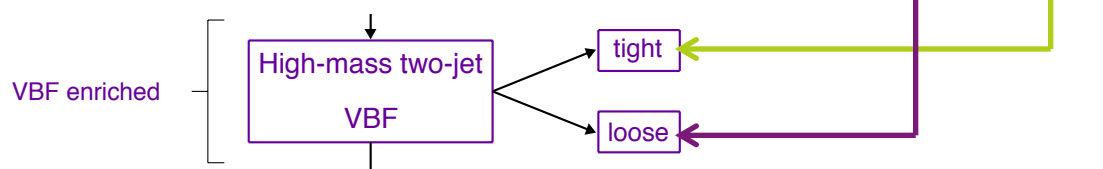
- $\gamma\gamma$ MC
- reversed isolation sidebands $gj + jj$

H → γγ: VBF enriched categories - definition (2/3)

Two categories based on multivariate analysis response



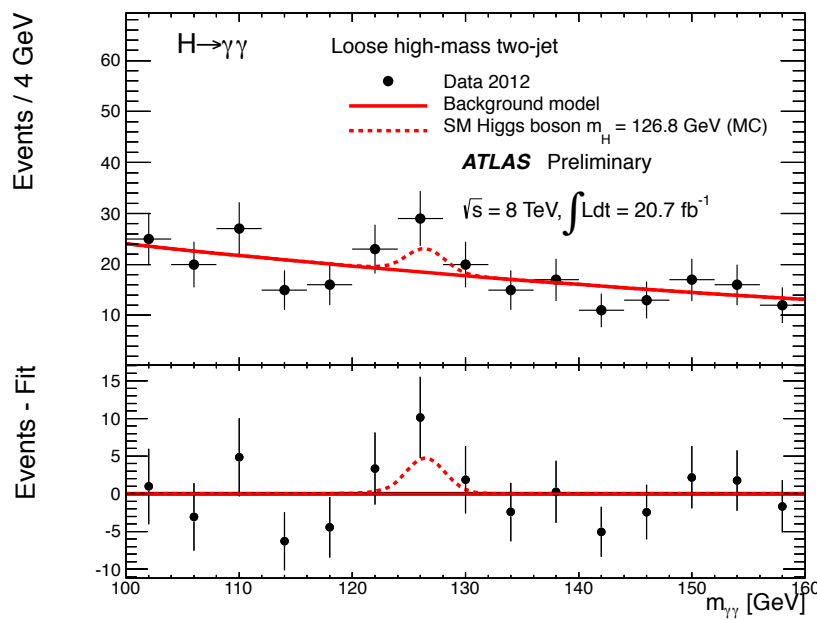
- **BDT discriminant:**
 - ❖ VBF/bkg separation
 - ❖ VBF/ggF separation



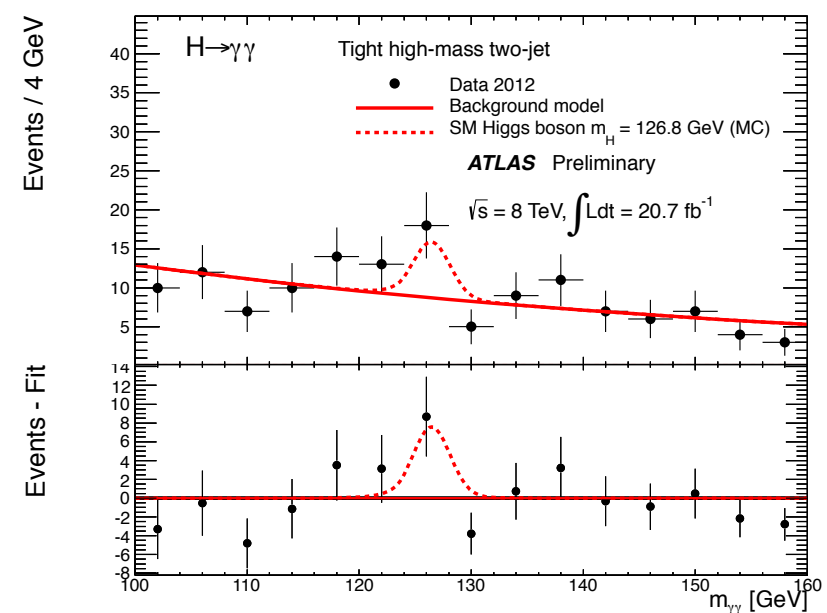
Category	Signal (%VBF)
Tight	7.3 (76%)
Loose	4.8 (54%)

H → γγ: VBF enriched categories (3/3)

Loose high mass 2-jet

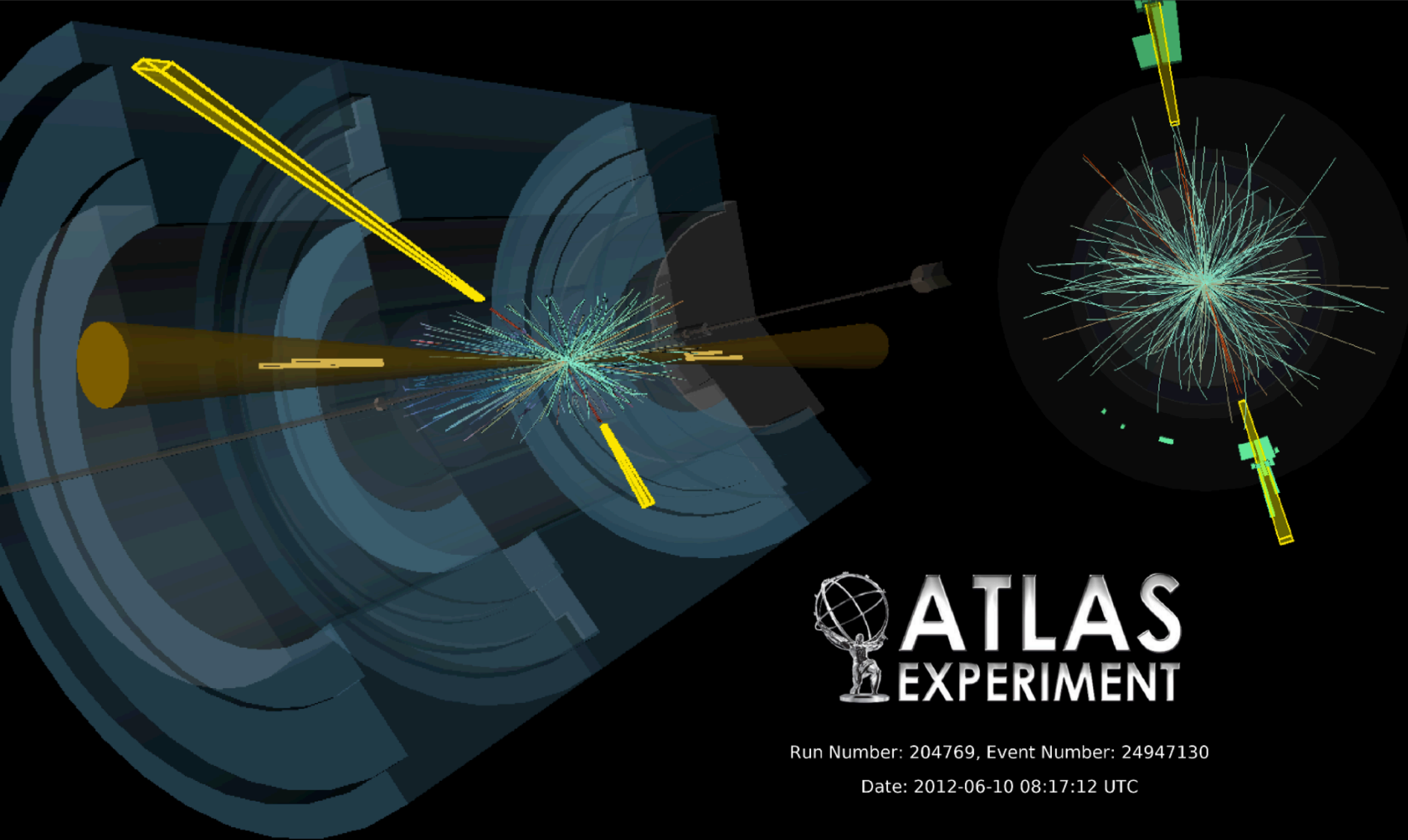


Tight high mass 2-jet



	\sqrt{s}	8 TeV			
Category	σ_{CB} (GeV)	Observed	N_S	N_B	N_S/N_B
Loose High-mass two-jet	1.71	40	4.8	28	0.17
Tight High-mass two-jet	1.64	24	7.3	13	0.57

Favorable S/B



 **ATLAS**
EXPERIMENT

Run Number: 204769, Event Number: 24947130

Date: 2012-06-10 08:17:12 UTC

Event display of a VBF $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ candidate @ $\sqrt{s}=8\text{TeV}$.

$M_{\gamma\gamma} = 126.9 \text{ GeV}$.

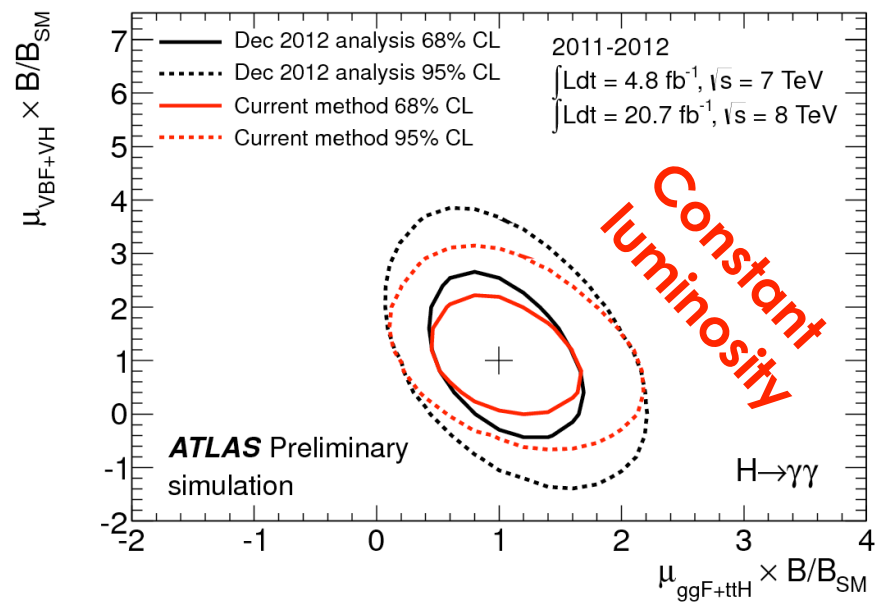
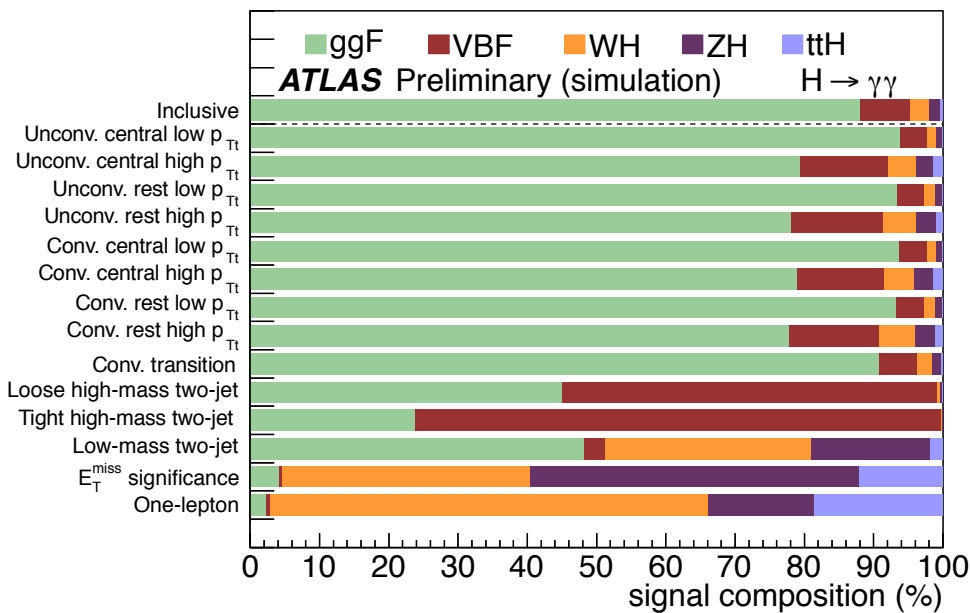
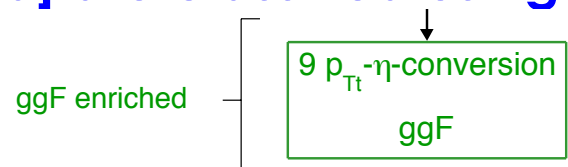
$M(jj) = 1.67 \text{ TeV}$

$\Delta\eta(jj) = 5.62$

$\Delta\phi(jj) = 2.90$.

H → γγ: processes along categories

█ The remaining events [ggF enriched] are classified using the 9 $p_{T\tau}$ - η -conversion categories



14 categories for 8 TeV data

Sensitive improvement from revisited exclusive VH/VBF categories

$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: systematic uncertainties

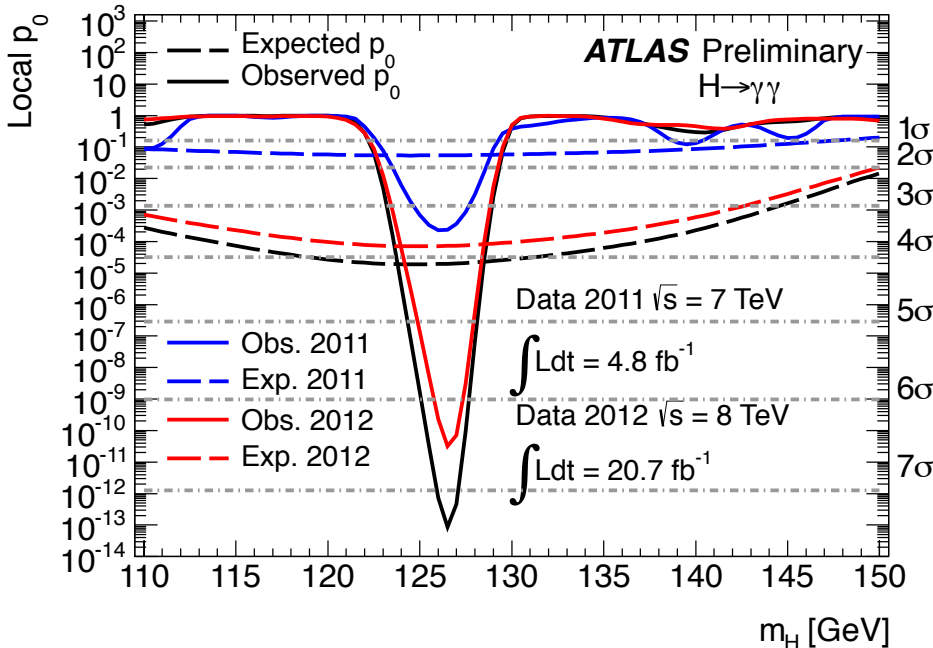
- All the uncertainties, except luminosity, are taken as fully correlated between 7 and 8 TeV. **7 TeV systematics are unchanged wrt latest result***, except luminosity uncertainty which has been updated (now $\pm 1.8\%$)
 *ATLAS-CONF-2012-091
- **Main uncertainty on signal yield (8 TeV)**

Source of uncertainty	Level
Theory (PDF, scale, α_s)	~12% (average) (up to ~50% for 2-jet categories)
Photon ID	2.4%
Background model	~3% (average)
Luminosity	3.6%

- **Main uncertainties on assignment to categories – migration (8 TeV)**

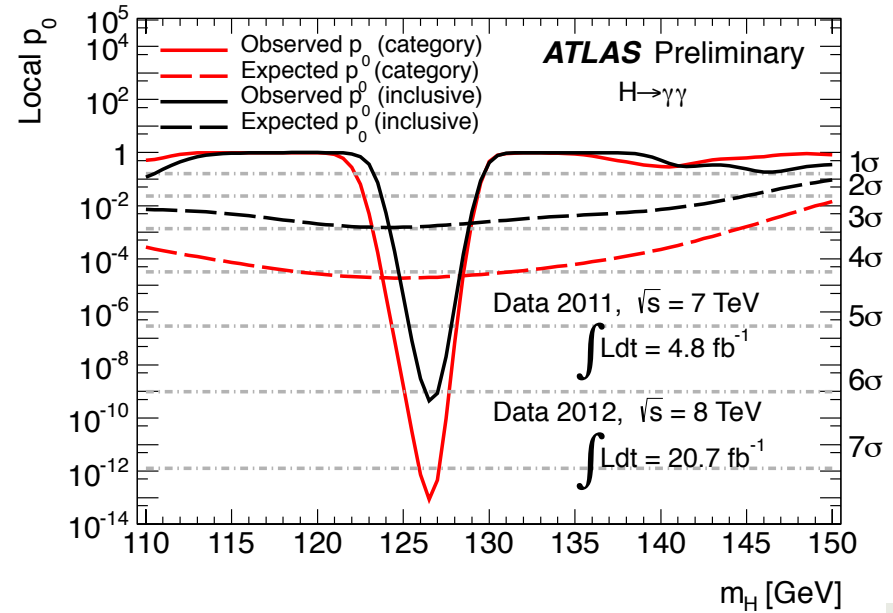
Source of uncertainty	Level
Higgs pT modelling	Up to ~10%
JES	Up to ~20%
Underlying event	Up to ~13%
Material in front of calo	~4%

H → γγ: p₀ - significance



Excess in 2011 and 2012 data

Observed: 6σ for inclusive analysis



H → γγ: background composition (1/2)

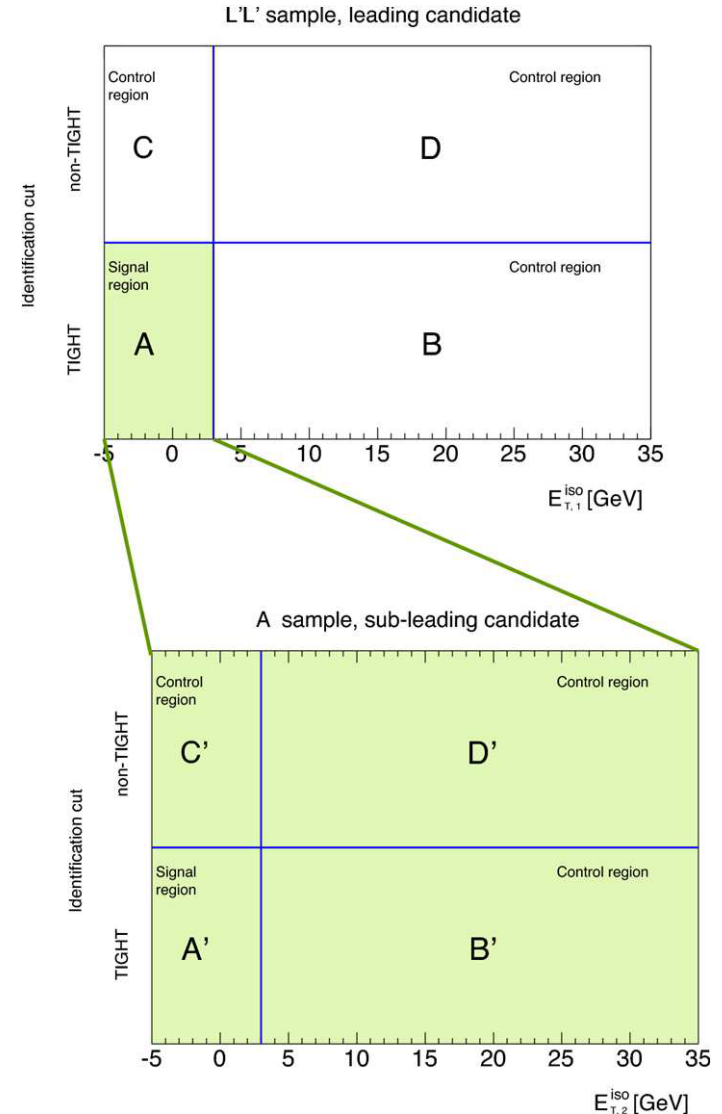
2x2D (ABCD) method

- ❖ Extension of the 2D method to the diphoton candidates case
- ❖ Preselect events passing the loose section
- ❖ Determining number of true leading photons N_A^{sig} from $N_A/N_B = N_C/N_D$

$$N_A^{sig} = N_A - \left[(N_B - c_1 N_A^{sig}) \frac{N_C - c_2 N_A^{sig}}{N_C - c_1 c_2 N_A^{sig}} \right] R^{bkg}$$

- ❖ If leading photon is in region A, apply same method to subleading photon, giving the number of true diphoton pairs:

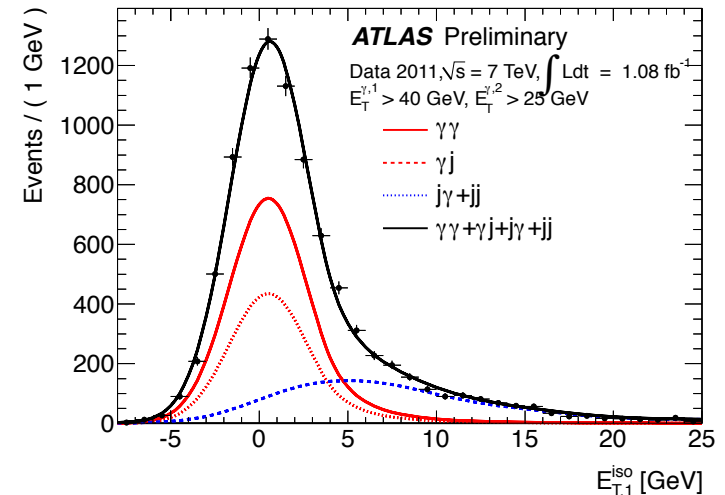
$$N_{\gamma\gamma}^{TTTT} = \frac{\varepsilon' (\alpha f' N_A^{sig} + (\alpha - 1) N_A^{sig'})}{(\alpha - 1) \varepsilon' + \alpha f'}$$



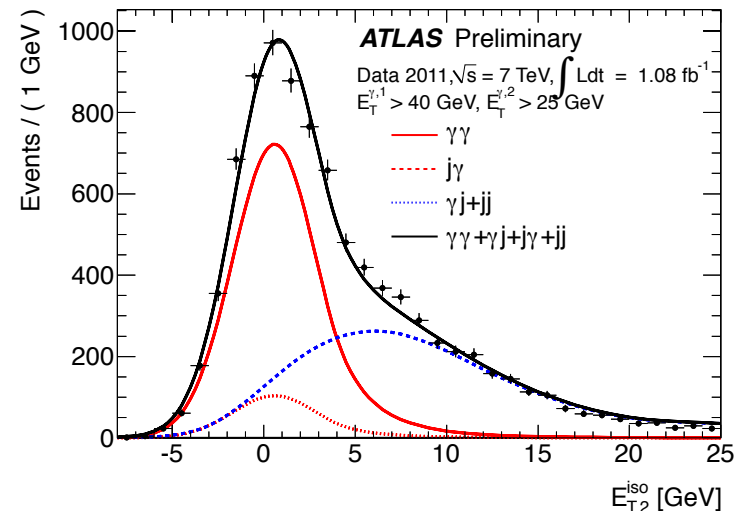
H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$: background composition (2/2)

■ Isolation template fit method

- ❖ **2D simultaneous fit of the isolation distributions for leading and subleading photons**
 - 4 fractions of ($\gamma\gamma/\gamma j/j\gamma/jj$)
 - Different component PDFs
 - Correlations taken into account
- ❖ **PDFs shapes extracted from control regions (reversing photon ID variables) or MC**
- ❖ **Gives compatible results with 2x2D**



Phys.Lett. B705 (2011) 452-470



Phys.Lett. B705 (2011) 452-470

H → γγ: PTt eta-conv categories

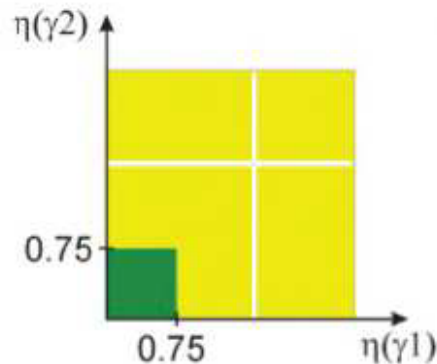
Both unconverted:

- Central
- Rest

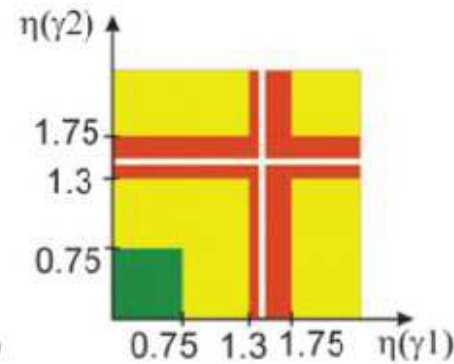
At least one converted:

- Central
- Transition
- Rest

2 unconverted:

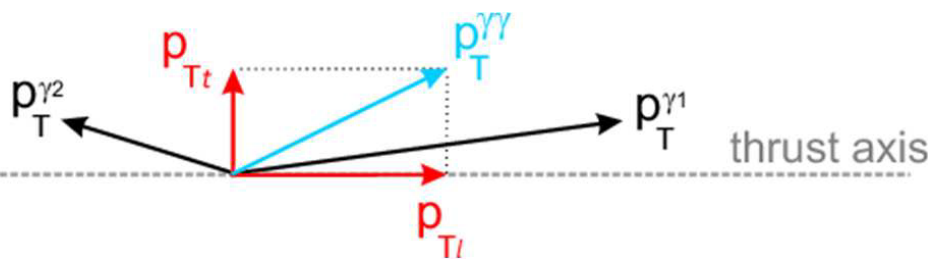


>=1 converted:



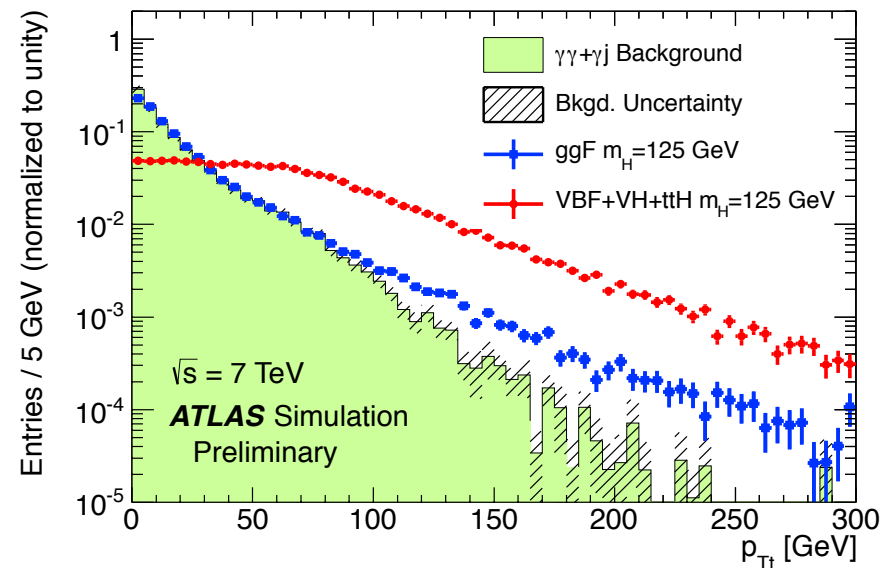
Resolution:

- Good
- Medium
- Poor



ATLAS-CONF-2011-161

Diphoton momentum perpendicular to the thrust axis



ATLAS-CONF-2012-091

H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$: VBF enriched categories – MVA details

□ New: multivariate analysis (MVA) of the VBF Higgs $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$ searches

□ Strategy:

- ❖ Focus on the 2-jet signature and topology of the VBF Higgs events
 - \rightarrow Jets: reconstructed with anti-kT algorithm
- ❖ **Primary goal** – build a MVA response which discriminates Higgs signal versus non-resonant backgrounds (**increase S/B**)
- ❖ **Good side effect** – discrimination against resonant ggF Higgs*
 - (increase VBF purity)**
 - *QCD Higgs production with kinematics close to non-resonant backgrounds*
- ❖ **Build exp. significance optimized event categories based on the MVA response**

□ MVA training:

- ❖ **8 discriminating vars.:** $P_{\tau^{\dagger}}, \Delta\eta(jj), M(jj), \eta(\text{jet1}), \eta(\text{jet2}), \Delta\Phi(\gamma\gamma-jj), \Delta R^{\min}(g,j), \eta^*$
- ❖ **Signal:** PYTHIA VBF Higgs @ 125 GeV
- ❖ **Background:** MC Sherpa $\gamma\gamma$ + reversed isolation sidebands to emulate $\gamma j + j\gamma + jj$ reducible backgrounds
 - irreducible and reducible backgrounds weighted to fractions measured in data*
- ❖ **Boosted Decision Tree (BDT)**

$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: MVA checks

Check the MVA response consistency:

- ❖ **Data sidebands** (excluding $M_{\gamma\gamma}$ signal region) **vs. background sample** (as used in the training)

→ Reasonable agreement

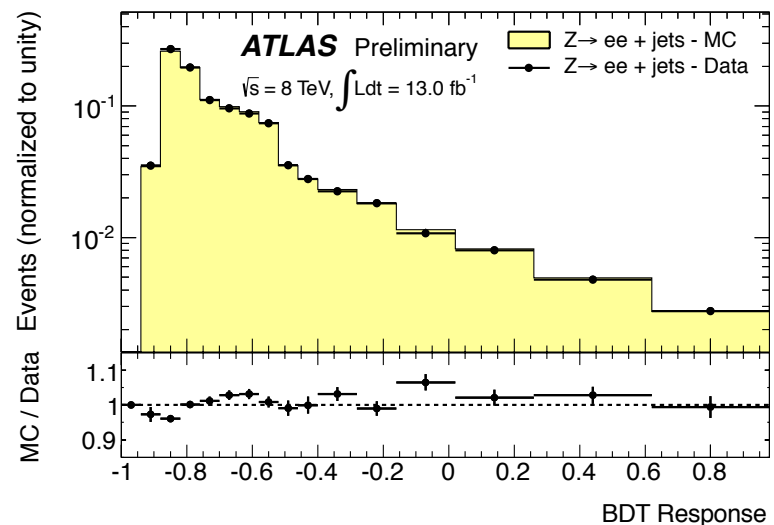
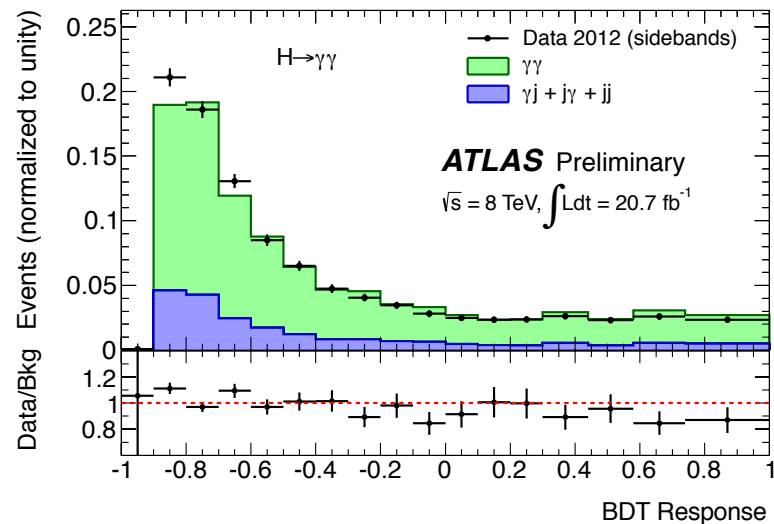
[NB: the background yield is not extracted from the training sample but from data]

- ❖ High statistics $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$

Data vs. Simulation

→ Reasonable agreement

[Z->ee is background-like]



$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: categorization summary

\sqrt{s}	Category	σ_{CB} (GeV)	8 TeV			
			Observed	N_S	N_B	N_S/N_B
	Unconv. central, low p_{Tt}	1.50	911	46.6	881	0.05
	Unconv. central, high p_{Tt}	1.40	49	7.1	44	0.16
	Unconv. rest, low p_{Tt}	1.74	4611	97.1	4347	0.02
	Unconv. rest, high p_{Tt}	1.69	292	14.4	247	0.06
	Conv. central, low p_{Tt}	1.68	722	29.8	687	0.04
	Conv. central, high p_{Tt}	1.54	39	4.6	31	0.15
	Conv. rest, low p_{Tt}	2.01	4865	88.0	4657	0.02
	Conv. rest, high p_{Tt}	1.87	276	12.9	266	0.05
	Conv. transition	2.52	2554	36.1	2499	0.01
	Loose High-mass two-jet	1.71	40	4.8	28	0.17
	Tight High-mass two-jet	1.64	24	7.3	13	0.57
	Low-mass two-jet	1.62	21	3.0	21	0.14
	E_T^{miss} significance	1.74	8	1.1	4	0.24
	One-lepton	1.75	19	2.6	12	0.20
	Inclusive	1.77	14025	355.5	13280	0.03

In a $M_{\gamma\gamma}$ window containing 90% of the signal

118893 (23788) $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ candidates @ 8 TeV (7 TeV)

▣ S/B ratio changes along categories

▣ Resolution is different along categories

→ Gives better expected significance than inclusive analysis

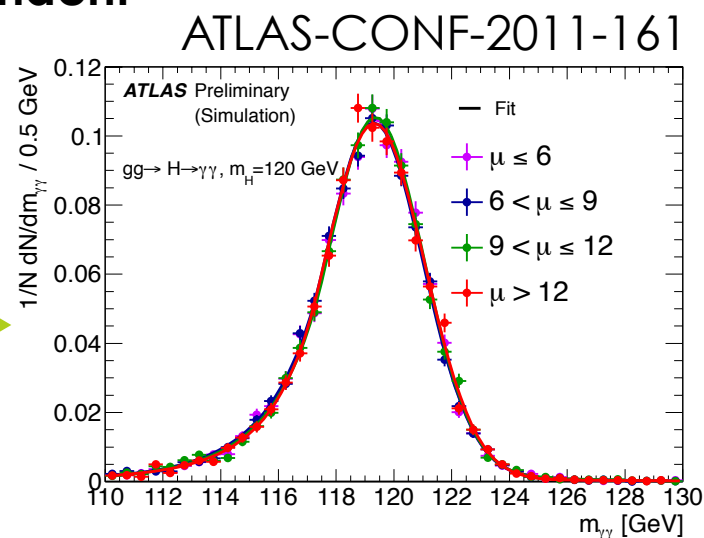
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: background modelling

Category	Parametrisation	Uncertainty [N_{evt}]	
		$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$	$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$
Inclusive	4th order pol.	7.3	12.0
Unconverted central, low p_{Tt}	Exp. of 2nd order pol.	2.1	4.6
Unconverted central, high p_{Tt}	Exponential	0.2	0.8
Unconverted rest, low p_{Tt}	4th order pol.	2.2	11.4
Unconverted rest, high p_{Tt}	Exponential	0.5	2.0
Converted central, low p_{Tt}	Exp. of 2nd order pol.	1.6	2.4
Converted central, high p_{Tt}	Exponential	0.3	0.8
Converted rest, low p_{Tt}	4th order pol.	4.6	8.0
Converted rest, high p_{Tt}	Exponential	0.5	1.1
Converted transition	Exp. of 2nd order pol.	3.2	9.1
Loose high-mass two-jet	Exponential	0.4	1.1
Tight high-mass two-jet	Exponential	-	0.3
Low-mass two-jet	Exponential	-	0.6
E_T^{miss} significance	Exponential	-	0.1
One-lepton	Exponential	-	0.3

H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$: signal and background modeling

Signal modeling

- ❖ Higgs natural width small along studied mass range (~ 100 MeV)
- ❖ **Dominated by detector resolution**
- **Fit on MC of the $M_{\gamma\gamma}$ resolution using a Crystal Ball + Gaussian model**
- **Resolution is almost pileup independent**



Background modeling

- ❖ Background is **extracted** in each category **by fitting the $M_{\gamma\gamma}$ spectra**
- ❖ The fitting function is determined on high statistics background MC
- ❖ The functional form is chosen as to minimize the corresponding systematic uncertainty

$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: systematics (signal yields)

Systematic uncertainties	Value(%)			Constraint
Luminosity	± 3.6			
Trigger	± 0.5			
Photon Identification	± 2.4			Log-normal
Isolation	± 1.0			
Photon Energy Scale	± 0.25			
Branching ratio	$\pm 5.9\% - \pm 2.1\%$ ($m_H = 110 - 150$ GeV)			Asymmetric Log-normal
Scale	ggF: $\begin{matrix} +7.2 \\ -7.8 \\ +1.6 \\ -1.5 \end{matrix}$	VBF: $\begin{matrix} +0.2 \\ -0.2 \\ +3.8 \\ -9.3 \end{matrix}$	WH: $\begin{matrix} +0.2 \\ -0.6 \end{matrix}$	Asymmetric Log-normal
PDF+ α_s	ggF: $\begin{matrix} +7.5 \\ -6.9 \end{matrix}$ ZH: ± 3.6	VBF: $\begin{matrix} +2.6 \\ -2.7 \end{matrix}$ ttH: ± 7.8	WH: ± 3.5	Asymmetric Log-normal
Theory cross section on ggF	Tight high-mass two-jet:	± 48		Log-normal
	Loose high-mass two-jet:	± 28		
	Low-mass two-jet:	± 30		

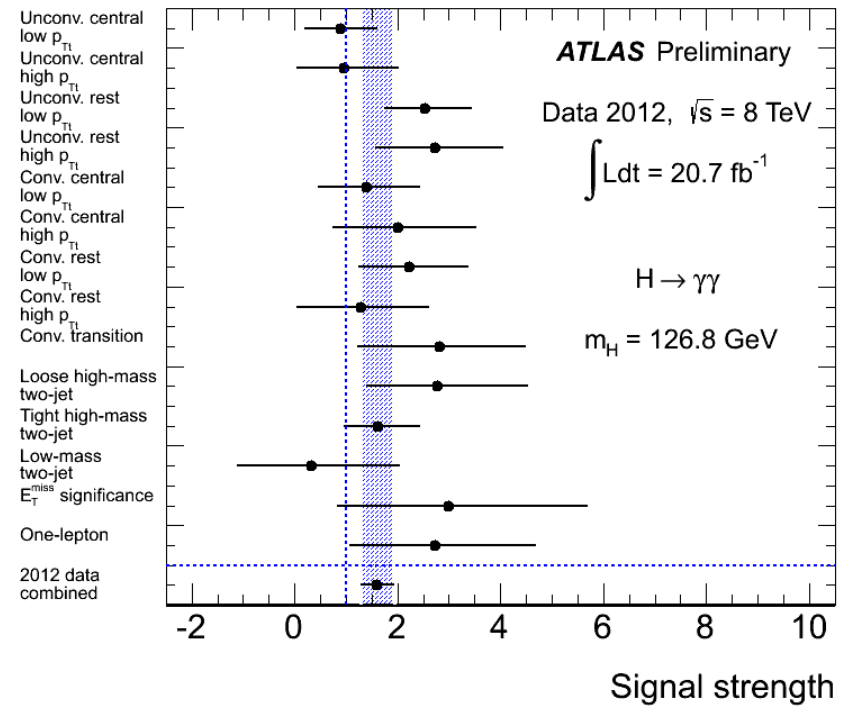
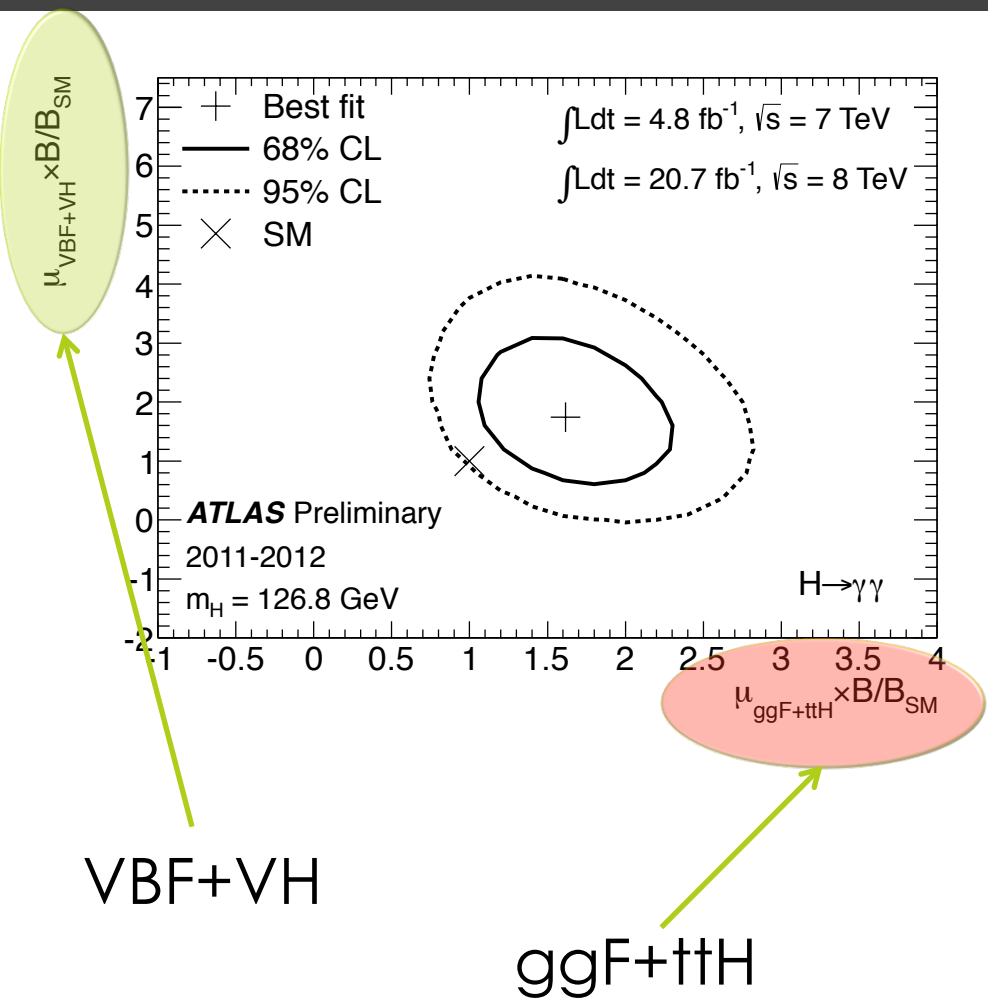
H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$: systematics (migrations 1/2)

Systematic uncertainties	Category	Value(%)			Constraint
Underlying Event	Tight high-mass two-jet	ggF: ± 8.8	VBF: ± 2.0	VH, ttH: ± 8.8	Log-normal
	Loose high-mass two-jet	ggF: ± 12.8	VBF: ± 3.3	VH, ttH: ± 12.8	
	Low-mass two-jet	ggF: ± 12	VBF: ± 3.9	VH, ttH: ± 12	
Jet Energy Scale	Low p_{Tj}	ggF: -0.1	VBF: -1.0	Others: -0.1	Gaussian
	High p_{Tj}	ggF: -0.7	VBF: -1.3	Others: $+0.4$	
	Tight high-mass two-jet	ggF: $+11.8$	VBF: $+6.7$	Others: $+20.2$	
	Loose high-mass two-jet	ggF: $+10.7$	VBF: $+4.0$	Others: $+5.7$	
	Low-mass two-jet	ggF: $+4.7$	VBF: $+2.6$	Others: 1.4	
	E_T^{miss} significance	ggF: 0.0	VBF: 0.0	Others: 0.0	
	one-lepton	ggF: 0.0	VBF: 0.0	Others: -0.1	
Jet Energy Resolution	Low p_{Tj}	ggF: 0.0	VBF: 0.2	Others: 0.0	Gaussian
	High p_{Tj}	ggF: -0.2	VBF: 0.2	Others: 0.6	
	Tight high-mass two-jet	ggF: 3.8	VBF: -1.3	Others: 7.0	
	Loose high-mass two-jet	ggF: 3.4	VBF: -0.7	Others: 1.2	
	Low-mass two-jet	ggF: 0.5	VBF: 3.4	Others: -1.3	
	E_T^{miss} significance	ggF: 0.0	VBF: 0.0	Others: 0.0	
	one-lepton	ggF: -0.9	VBF: -0.5	Others: -0.1	
η^* modelling	Tight high-mass two-jet:	$+7.6$			Gaussian
	Loose high-mass two-jet:	$+6.2$			
Dijet angular modelling	Tight high-mass two-jet:	$+12.1$			Gaussian
	Loose high-mass two-jet:	$+8.5$			

H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$: systematics (migrations 2/2)

Higgs p_T		Low p_T : +1.3 High p_T : -10.2 Tight high-mass two-jet: -10.4 Loose high-mass two-jet: -8.5 Low-mass two-jet: -12.5 E_T^{miss} significance: -2.0 one-lepton : -4.0				Gaussian
Material Mismodelling		Unconv: -4.0	Conv: +3.5			Gaussian
JVF	Loose High-mass two-jet Low-mass two-jet	ggF: -1.2 ggF: -2.3	VBF: -0.3 VBF: -2.4	Others: -1.2 Others: -2.3		Gaussian
E_T^{miss}	E_T^{miss} significance	ggF: +66.4	VBF: +30.7	VH, ttH: +1.2		Gaussian
e reco and identification		one-lepton: < 1				Gaussian
e Escale and resolution		one-lepton: < 1				Gaussian
μ reco, ID resolution		one-lepton: < 1				Gaussian
μ spectrometer resolution		one-lepton: 0				Gaussian

H → γγ: signal strength [V,t and by category]



→ compatible with SM within 2σ

H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$: fiducial cross-section

▣ Fiducial cross-section

- ❖ N_s extracted from signal + background fit on the inclusive $M_{\gamma\gamma}$ spectrum
- ❖ Uncertainties are statistical + systematics (mass resolution, background model)

$$\sigma_{fid} \cdot BR = \frac{N_{signal}}{\varepsilon \cdot L_{int}}$$

- ❖ Luminosity uncertainty +/- 3.6%
- ❖ ε : acceptance/reconstruction efficiency factors

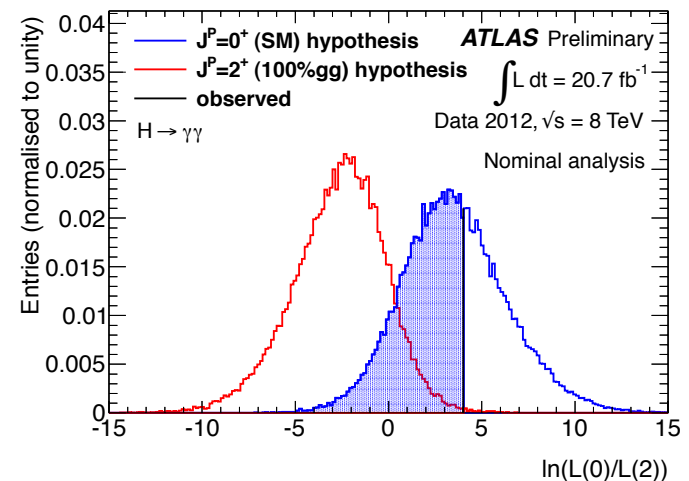
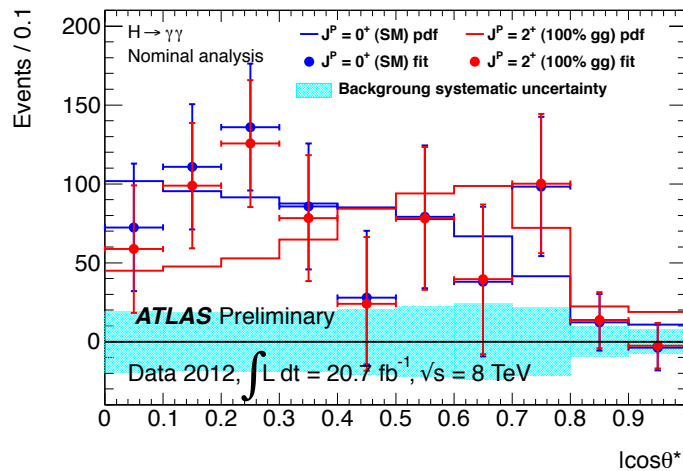
$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{fid} \cdot BR = 56.2 \pm 12.5 \text{ fb}$$

$\gamma\gamma$ spin measurement

- SM predicts $J^P(\text{Higgs})=0^+$
- Observation in $\gamma\gamma$ strongly disfavors spin 1 (Yang-Landau's theorem)
- Tested hypothesis: could the resonance be $J^P=2^+$? → Combining $\gamma\gamma$, $ZZ^{(*)}$, $WW^{(*)}$
- Many spin 2 models: choice goes for graviton-like spin 2 model with minimal couplings to SM particles → in this model, $f_{q\bar{q}}$ denotes the fraction of Higgs production through $q\bar{q}$ annihilation

$\gamma\gamma$ channel

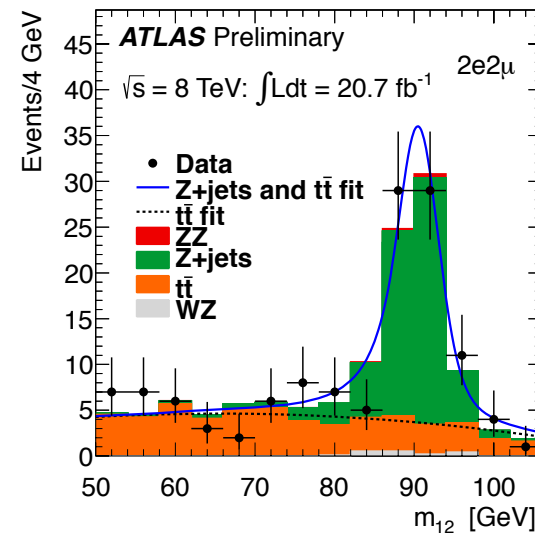
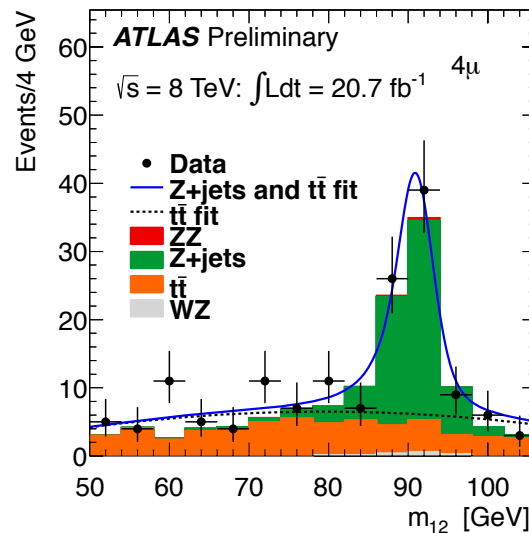
- sensitive through $\cos(\theta^*)$ = angular distribution of photons in the resonance rest frame



- Excludes spin 2^+ hypothesis at $>99\%$ C.L. when $f_{q\bar{q}}=0\%$

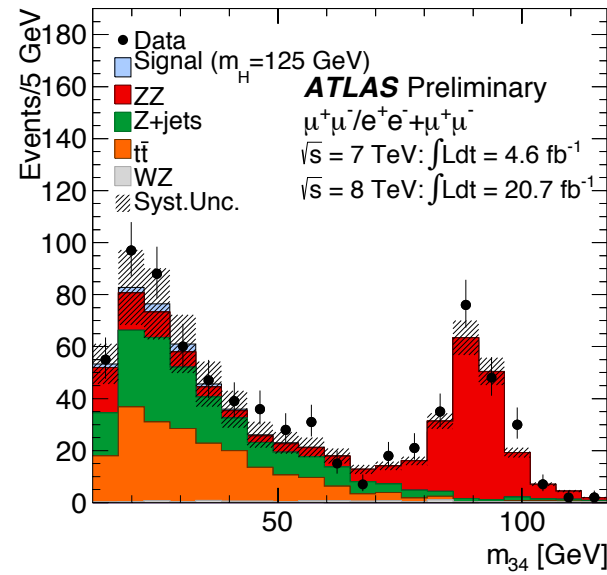
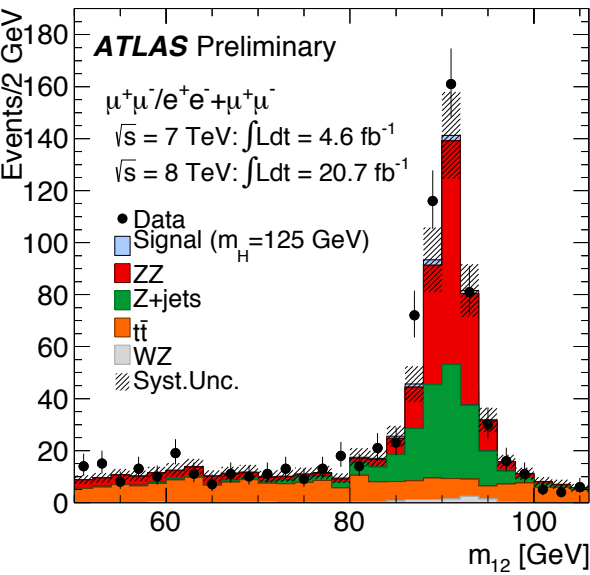
$ZZ^{(*)}$ background estimation

- **Irreducible $ZZ^{(*)}$:** MC-based
- **Reducible $ll + \mu\mu$:** data-driven – from control region removing isolation requirement on subleading pair and asking at least one of the subleading leptons to fail the impact parameter significance cut
→ extrapolated to signal region using MC efficiencies

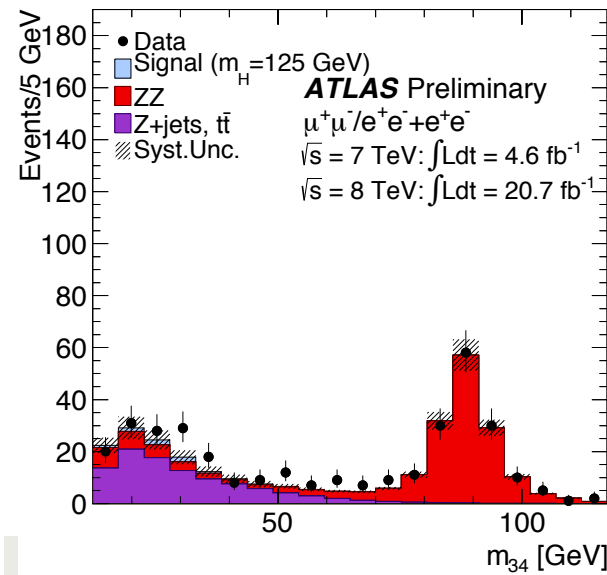
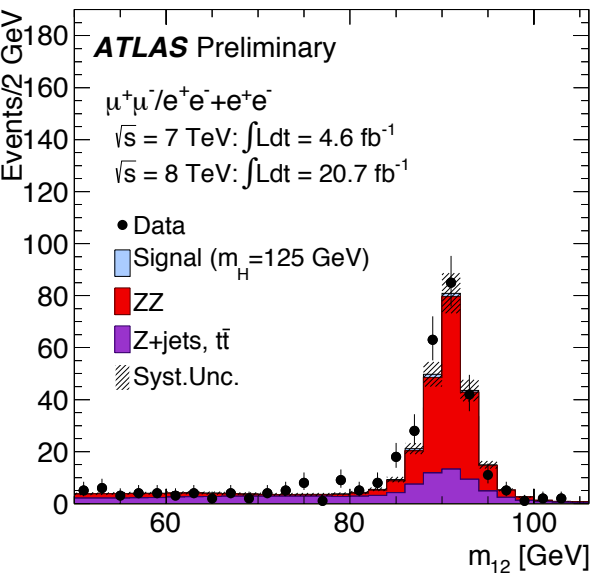


- **Reducible $ll + ee$:** data-driven – from control region relaxing identification criteria on the electrons
→ extrapolated to signal region using MC efficiencies

$ZZ^{(*)}$ background checks in control regions



$ll + \mu\mu$ backgrounds



$ll + ee$ backgrounds

$ZZ^{(*)}$ events

Excess seen in all 4l channels

	4μ		$2\mu 2e/2e 2\mu$		$4e$	
	low mass	high mass	low mass	high mass	low mass	high mass
$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ integrated luminosity 20.7 fb^{-1}						
$ZZ^{(*)}$	12.4 ± 0.6	92.6 ± 6.7	14.7 ± 0.9	144 ± 11	5.4 ± 0.5	55.9 ± 4.5
$Z, Zb\bar{b},$ and $t\bar{t}$	1.9 ± 0.6	0.5 ± 0.2	6.1 ± 1.5	1.5 ± 0.4	2.5 ± 0.6	0.6 ± 0.2
total background	14.3 ± 0.8	93.1 ± 6.7	20.8 ± 1.8	145 ± 11	8.0 ± 0.8	56.5 ± 4.5
data	27	93	28	169	13	55
$m_H = 123 \text{ GeV}$	4.4 ± 0.6		5.4 ± 0.8		2.2 ± 0.4	
$m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$	5.8 ± 0.7		7.0 ± 0.9		2.9 ± 0.4	
$m_H = 127 \text{ GeV}$	6.7 ± 0.9		8.4 ± 1.2		3.4 ± 0.5	

H → ZZ^(*) → 4l signal strengths by processes

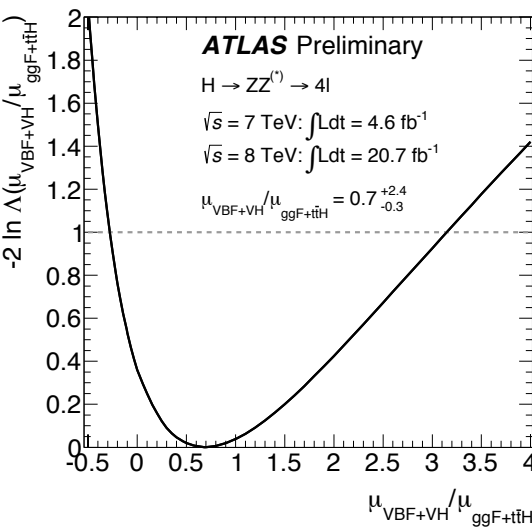
█ Coupling measurement helped by 2 dedicated categories:

Category	Selection	Exp. Signal (mH=125 GeV)	Observed candidates
VBF-targeted (purity: 60%)	2jets with $ \Delta\eta(jj) > 3$ & $m(jj) > 350$ GeV	~0.71	1 (S/B=5) (with M~123.5 GeV)
VH-targeted (purity: 70%)	1 additional lepton with pT > 8 GeV	~0.20	0 (with M < 200 GeV)

█ Fit 2 signal strengths

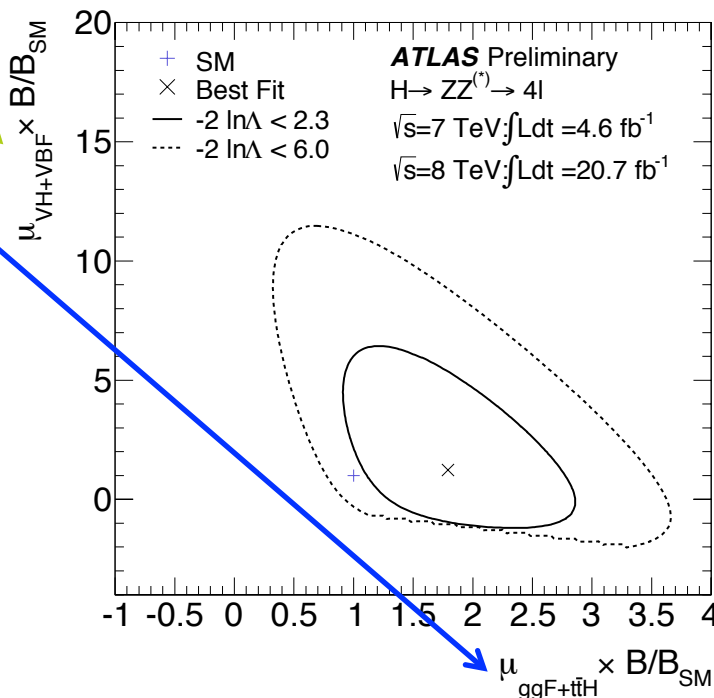
❖ $\mu_{\text{VBF+VH}} \times B/B_{\text{SM}} = 1.2^{+3.8}_{-1.4}$ (stat.+syst.)

❖ $\mu_{\text{ggF+tH}} \times B/B_{\text{SM}} = 1.8^{+0.8}_{-0.5}$ (stat.+syst.)



Remove dependence to branching ratio by computing the ratio:

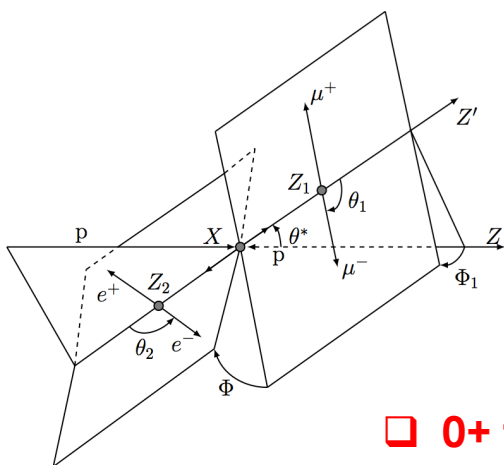
$\mu_{\text{VBF+VH}} / \mu_{\text{ggF+tH}} = 0.7^{+2.4}_{-0.3}$



ZZ^(*) spin measurement

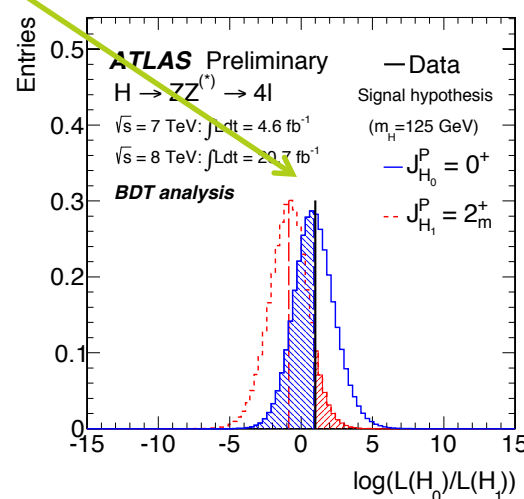
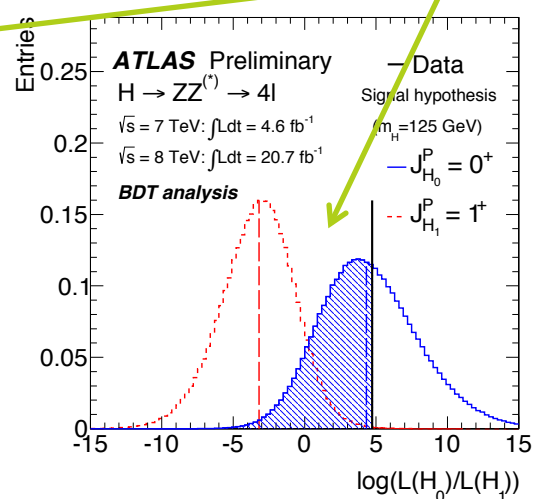
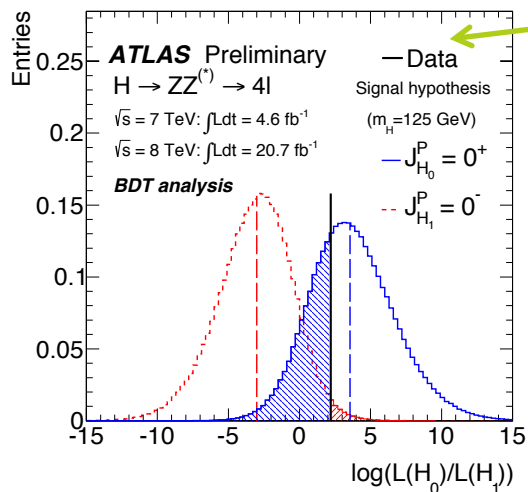
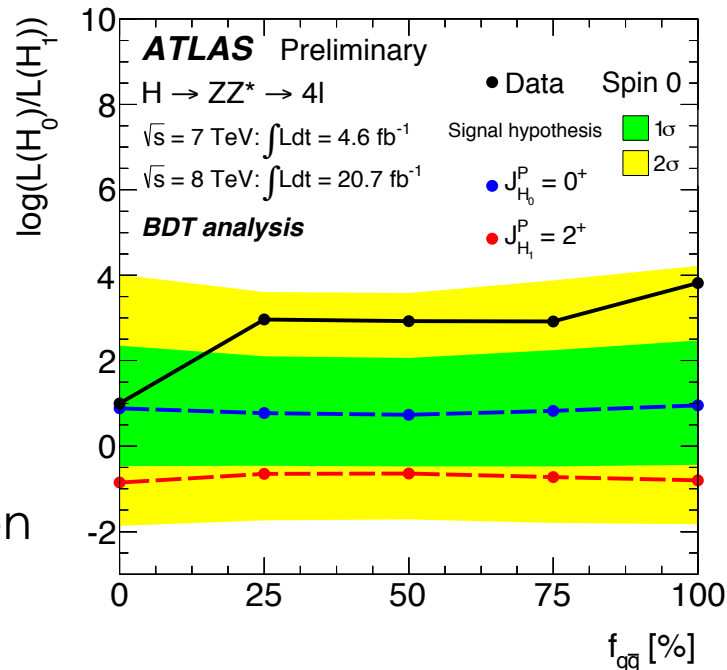
□ ZZ^(*) channel

- ❖ sensitive through many angular variables ($\theta^*, \phi_1, \Phi, \theta_1, \theta_2$) + Z masses \rightarrow combined in BDT
- ❖ 43 events in $115 < M(4l) < 130$ used



Separation with 2⁺
~constant with qq fraction

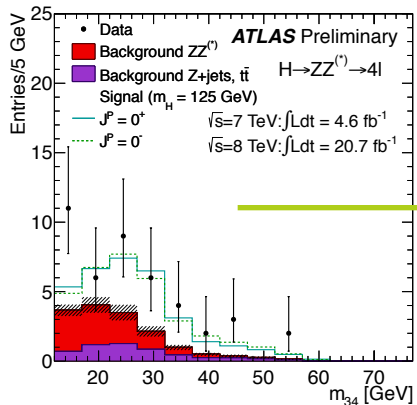
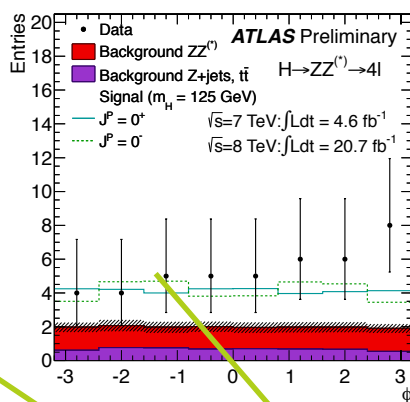
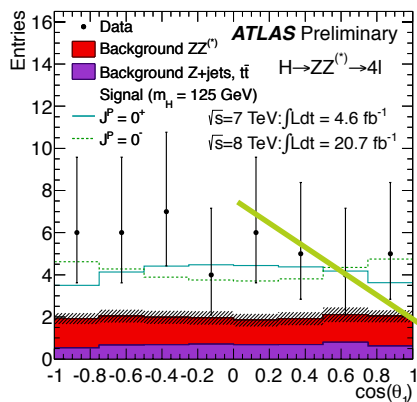
□ 0⁺ favored against 0⁻, 1⁺, 2⁺



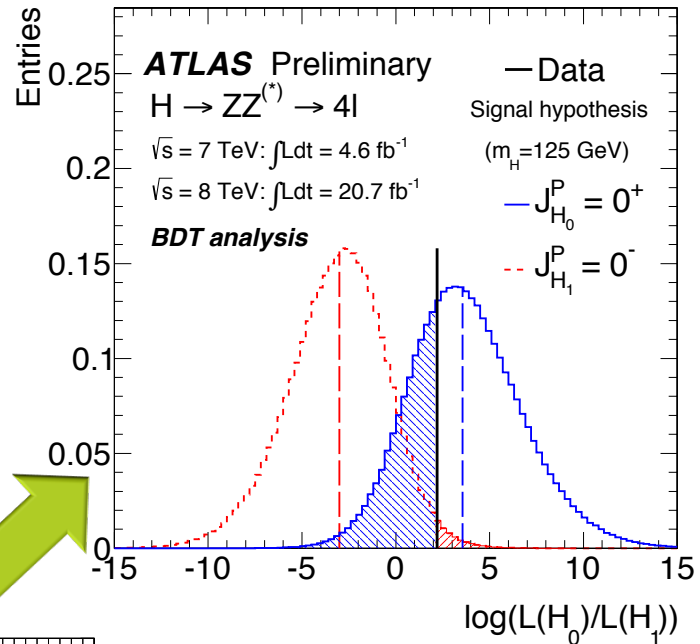
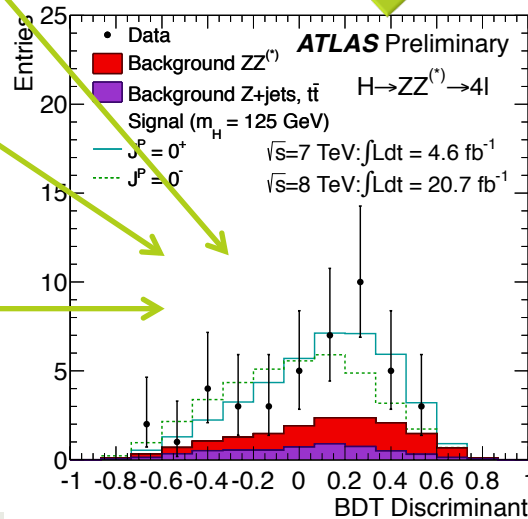
ZZ^(*): 0⁺ vs. 0⁻

□ ZZ^(*) channel

- ❖ sensitive to 0⁺ vs. 0⁻ parity through (Φ, θ₁, θ₂) + Z masses → combined into BDT
- ❖ 43 events in 115 < M(4l) < 130 used



combined



□ 0⁺ favored against 0⁻
@ 97.8% C.L.

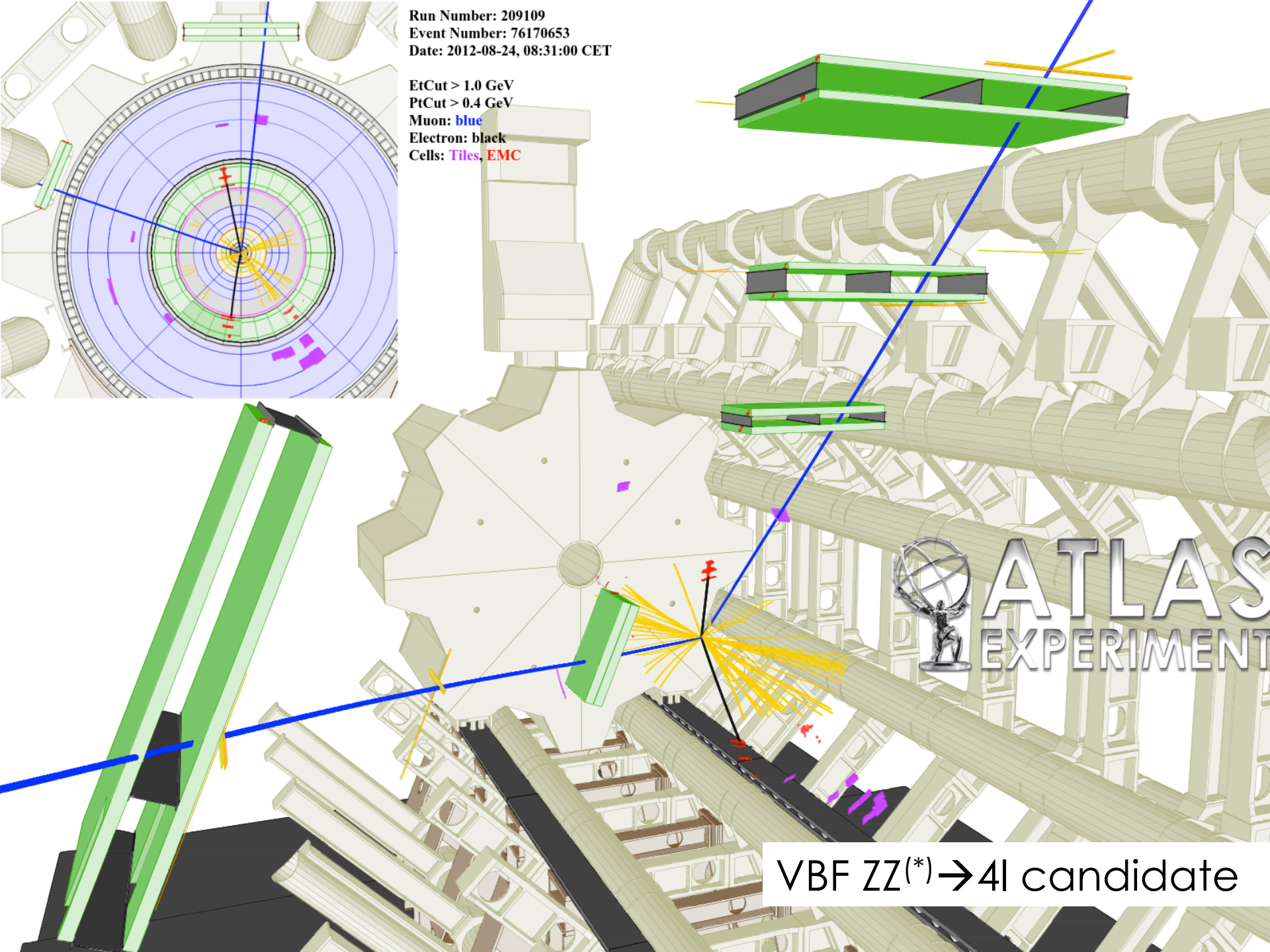
$ZZ^{(*)}$: spin/parity results

		BDT analysis				J^P -MELA analysis			
		tested J^P for an assumed 0^+		tested 0^+ for an assumed J^P	CL_s	tested J^P for an assumed 0^+		tested 0^+ for an assumed J^P	CL_s
		expected	observed	observed*		expected	observed	observed*	
0^-	p_0	0.0037	0.015	0.31	0.022	0.0011	0.0022	0.40	0.004
1^+	p_0	0.0016	0.001	0.55	0.002	0.0031	0.0028	0.51	0.006
1^-	p_0	0.0038	0.051	0.15	0.060	0.0010	0.027	0.11	0.031
2_m^+	p_0	0.092	0.079	0.53	0.168	0.064	0.11	0.38	0.182
2^-	p_0	0.0053	0.25	0.034	0.258	0.0032	0.11	0.08	0.116

$$CL_s = p_0(\text{alternative } J^P) / [1 - p_0(0^+)]$$

Run Number: 209109
Event Number: 76170653
Date: 2012-08-24, 08:31:00 CET

EtCut > 1.0 GeV
PtCut > 0.4 GeV
Muon: blue
Electron: black
Cells: Tiles, EMC



VBF $ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4l$ candidate

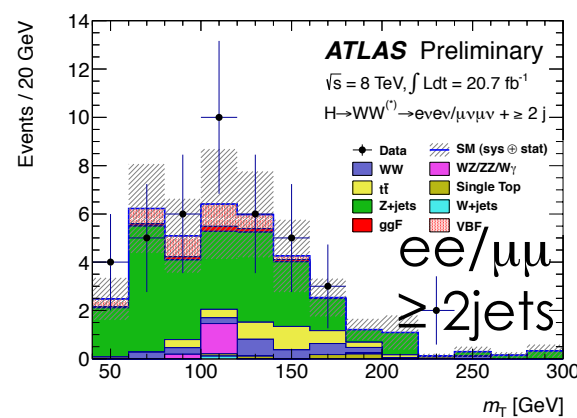
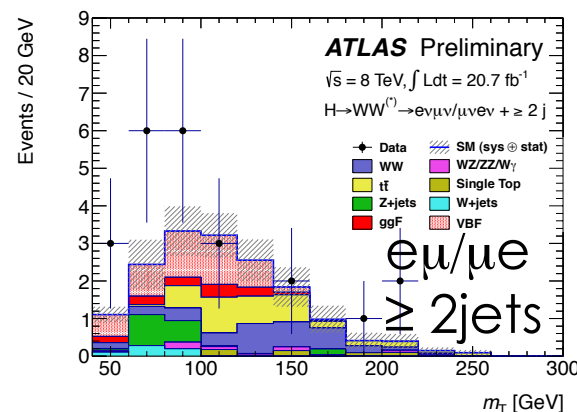
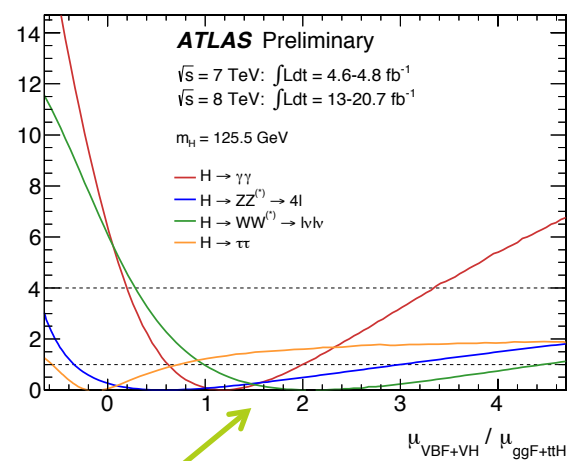
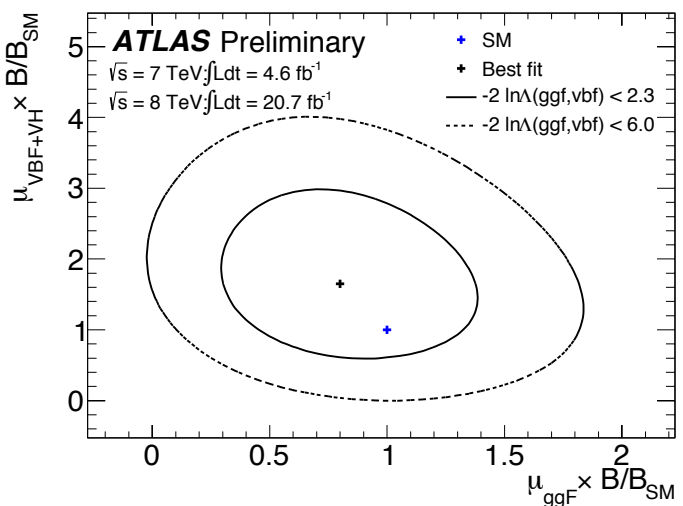
H → WW^(*) → lνlν signal strengths by processes

█ Coupling measurement helped by VBF dedicated category

█ Fit 2 signal strengths

❖ $\mu_{\text{VBF+VH}} \times \text{B}/\text{B}_{\text{SM}} = 1.66 \pm 0.67 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.42 \text{ (syst.)}$

❖ $\mu_{\text{ggF+tH}} \times \text{B}/\text{B}_{\text{SM}} = 0.82 \pm 0.24 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.28 \text{ (syst.)}$



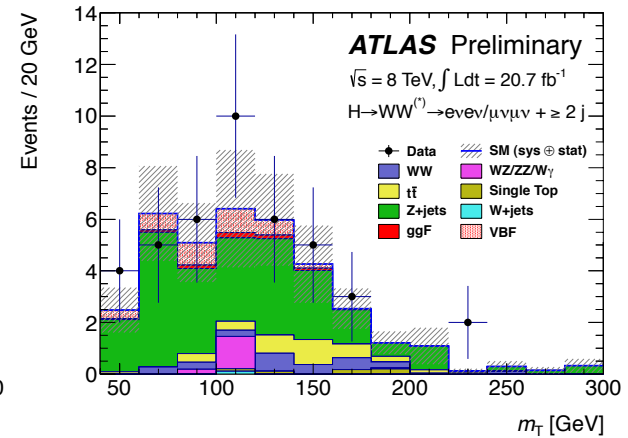
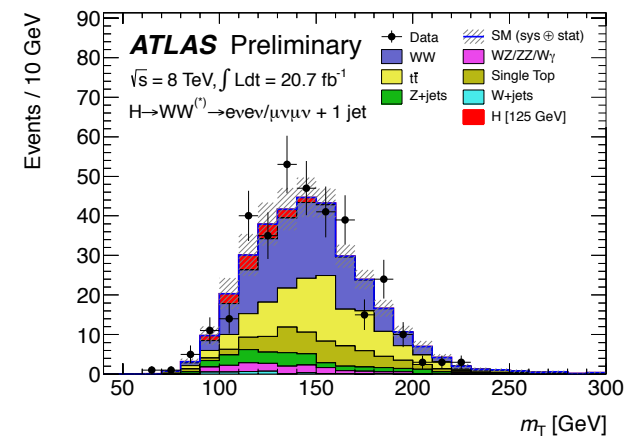
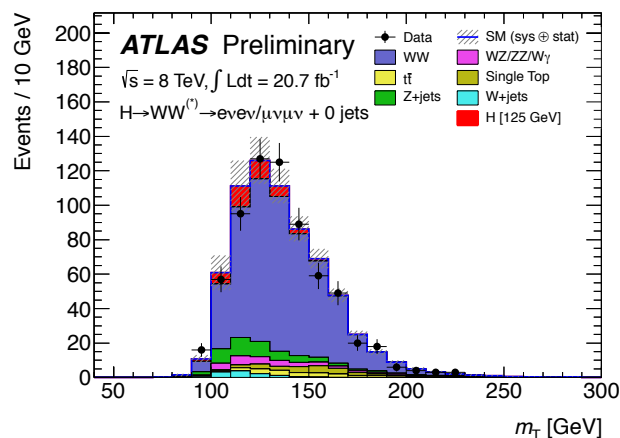
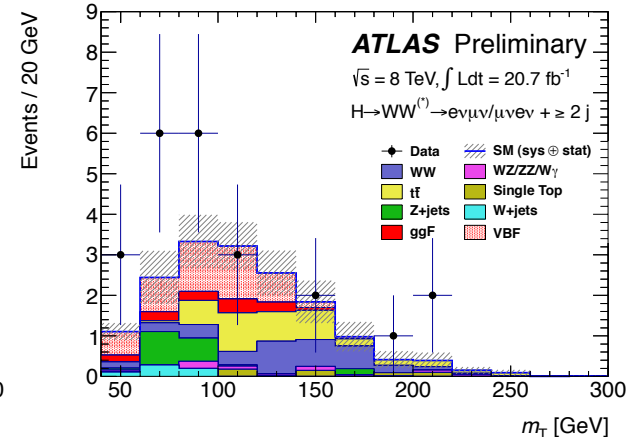
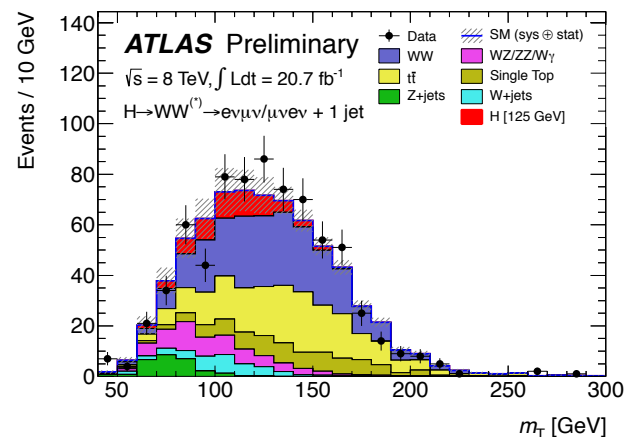
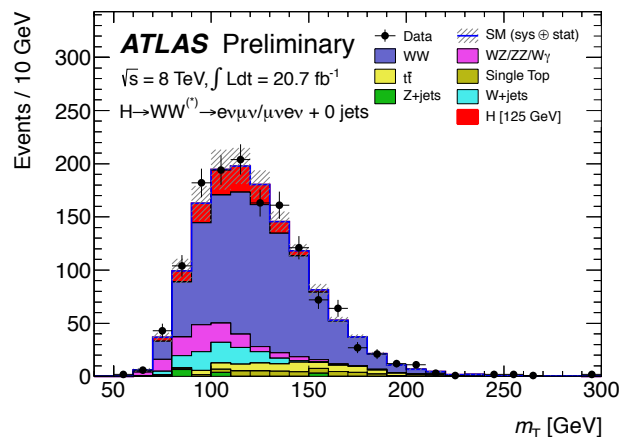
Remove dependence to branching ratio by computing the ratio:

$\mu_{\text{VBF+VH}} / \mu_{\text{ggF+tH}}$

$H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$ analysis selection

Category	$N_{\text{jet}} = 0$	$N_{\text{jet}} = 1$	$N_{\text{jet}} \geq 2$
Pre-selection		Two isolated leptons ($\ell = e, \mu$) with opposite charge Leptons with $p_{\text{T}}^{\text{lead}} > 25$ and $p_{\text{T}}^{\text{sublead}} > 15$ $e\mu + \mu e: m_{\ell\ell} > 10$ $ee + \mu\mu: m_{\ell\ell} > 12, m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z > 15$	
Missing transverse momentum and hadronic recoil	$e\mu + \mu e: E_{\text{T,rel}}^{\text{miss}} > 25$ $ee + \mu\mu: E_{\text{T,rel}}^{\text{miss}} > 45$ $ee + \mu\mu: p_{\text{T,rel}}^{\text{miss}} > 45$ $ee + \mu\mu: f_{\text{recoil}} < 0.05$	$e\mu + \mu e: E_{\text{T,rel}}^{\text{miss}} > 25$ $ee + \mu\mu: E_{\text{T,rel}}^{\text{miss}} > 45$ $ee + \mu\mu: p_{\text{T,rel}}^{\text{miss}} > 45$ $ee + \mu\mu: f_{\text{recoil}} < 0.2$	$e\mu + \mu e: E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}} > 20$ $ee + \mu\mu: E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}} > 45$ $ee + \mu\mu: E_{\text{T,STVF}}^{\text{miss}} > 35$ -
General selection	- $ \Delta\phi_{\ell\ell, \text{MET}} > \pi/2$ $p_{\text{T}}^{\ell\ell} > 30$	$N_{b\text{-jet}} = 0$ - $e\mu + \mu e: Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$ veto	$N_{b\text{-jet}} = 0$ $p_{\text{T}}^{\text{tot}} < 45$ $e\mu + \mu e: Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$ veto
VBF topology	- - - -	- - - -	$m_{jj} > 500$ $ \Delta y_{jj} > 2.8$ No jets ($p_{\text{T}} > 20$) in rapidity gap Require both ℓ in rapidity gap
$H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$ topology	$m_{\ell\ell} < 50$ $ \Delta\phi_{\ell\ell} < 1.8$ $e\mu + \mu e: \text{split } m_{\ell\ell}$ Fit m_{T}	$m_{\ell\ell} < 50$ $ \Delta\phi_{\ell\ell} < 1.8$ $e\mu + \mu e: \text{split } m_{\ell\ell}$ Fit m_{T}	$m_{\ell\ell} < 60$ $ \Delta\phi_{\ell\ell} < 1.8$ - Fit m_{T}

$H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$ m_T plots



1 jet

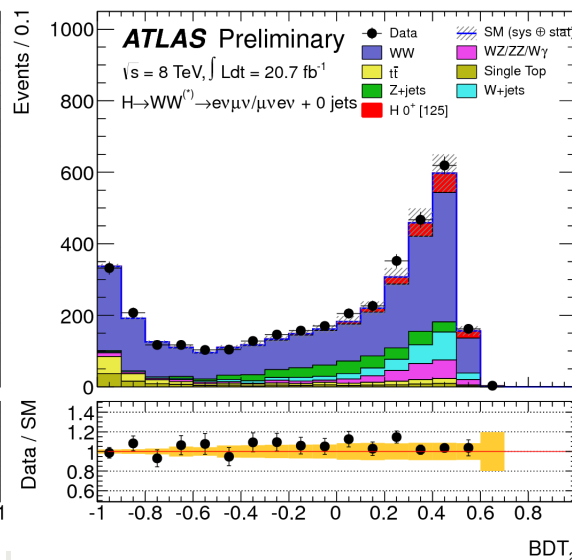
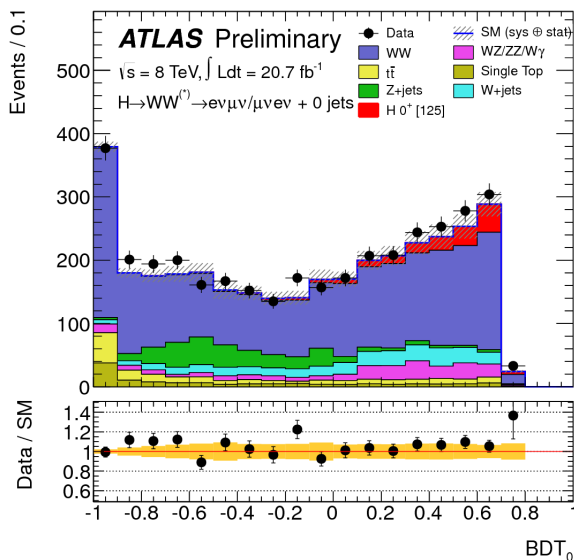
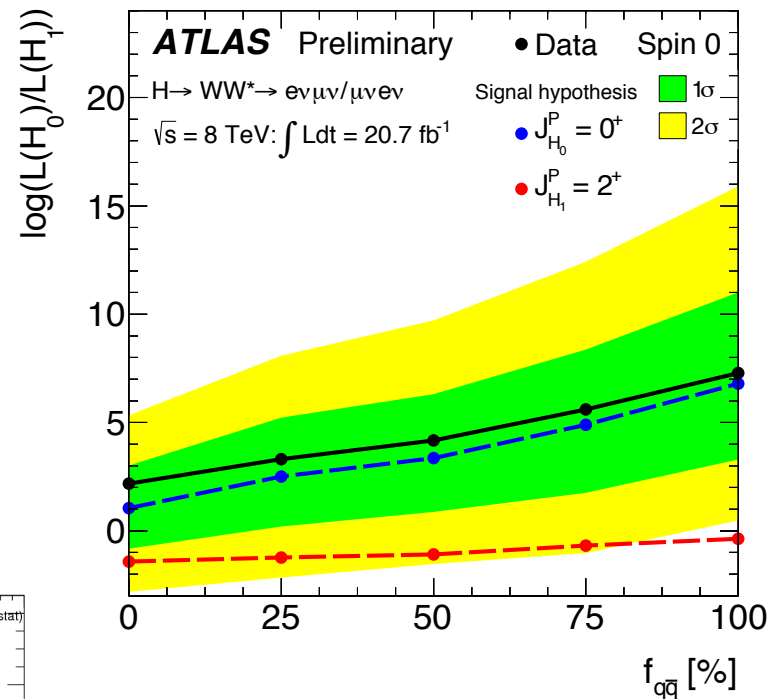
0 jet

2 jets

WW(*) spin measurement

□ WW(*) channel

- ❖ Restricted to $e\nu\mu\nu$ or $\mu\nu e\nu$ final states
- ❖ No reconstruction of angles due to neutrinos
- ❖ Discriminating variables: $m(\text{ll})$, $p_T(\text{ll})$, $\Delta\Phi(\text{ll})$, mT
- ❖ 2 multivariate analysis (BDTs): one trained to reject background, the other trained to discriminate 0^+ from 2^+
- ❖ 2-dimensional (BDT_a, BDT_b) data distributions fitted to test compatibility with each hypothesis

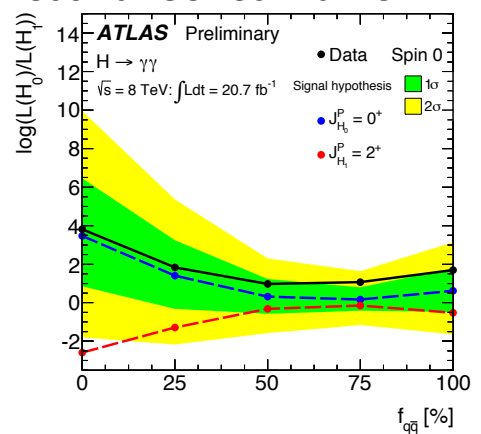


- Excludes spin 2^+ hypothesis
- at $>99\%$ C.L. when $f_{q\bar{q}} = 100\%$
- at $>95\%$ C.L. when $f_{q\bar{q}} = 0\%$

Spin measurements

- **SM predicts $J^P(\text{Higgs})=0^+$**
- **$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ strongly disfavors spin 1 (Yang-Landau's theorem)**
- **Tested hypothesis: could the resonance be $J^P=2^+$? → Combining $\gamma\gamma$, $ZZ^{(*)}$, $WW^{(*)}$**
- **Many spin 2 models: choice – graviton-like spin 2 model with minimal couplings to SM particles → f_{qq} denotes the fraction of Higgs production through qq annihilation**

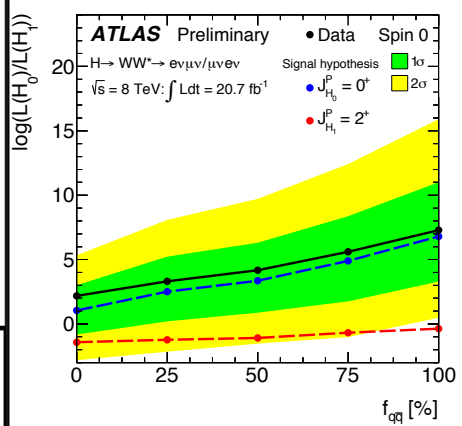
- **$\gamma\gamma$ channel**
 - ❖ **sensitive through $\cos(\theta^*) =$ angular distribution of photons in the resonance rest frame**



- **Excludes spin 2+ hypothesis at >99% C.L. when $f_{qq}=100\%$**

□ **$WW^{(*)}$ channel**

- ❖ **Restricted to $e\nu\mu\nu$ or $\mu\nu e\nu$ final states**
- ❖ **No reconstruction of angles due to neutrinos**

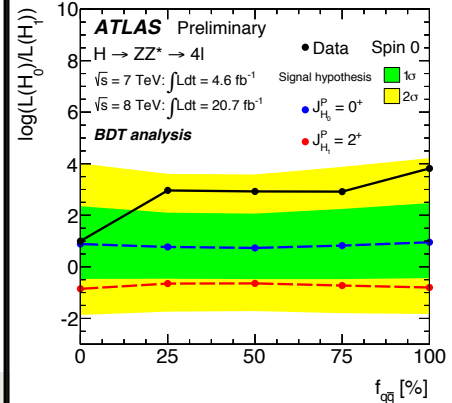


- ❖ **Sensitive through other kinematic variables:**
 $m(\text{ll}), p_T(\text{ll}), \Delta\Phi(\text{ll}), mT$
 → into multivariate analysis

- **Excludes spin 2+ hypothesis**
 - >99% C.L. when $f_{qq}=100\%$
 - >95% C.L. when $f_{qq}=0\%$

□ **$ZZ^{(*)}$ channel**

- ❖ **sensitive through many angular variables ($\theta^*, \phi_1, \Phi, \theta_1, \theta_2$) + Z masses**
- ❖ **43 events in $115 < M(4l) < 130$ used**



- **Excludes spin 2+ hypothesis**
 - >95% C.L.
 - ~ constant with f_{qq}

Combination: mass/signal strength

- Only the $\gamma\gamma$ and $ZZ^{(*)}\rightarrow 4l$ are combined here
- Done using the following likelihood ratio

Tested m_H value

$$\Delta(m_H) = \frac{L(m_H, \hat{\mu}_{\gamma\gamma}(m_H), \hat{\mu}_{4\ell}(m_H), \hat{\theta}(m_H))}{L(\hat{m}_H, \hat{\mu}_{\gamma\gamma}, \hat{\mu}_{4\ell}, \hat{\theta})}$$

Conditionnal maximum likelihood estimates of μ/θ

Unconditional maximum likelihood estimates of $m_H/\mu/\theta$ are the nuisance parameters

- Similar likelihood ratio for combined signal strength

Combination: coupling results

- Couplings:** assuming a unique & narrow resonance with tensor structure of the SM Higgs, define effective couplings κ to Higgs boson from partial widths:

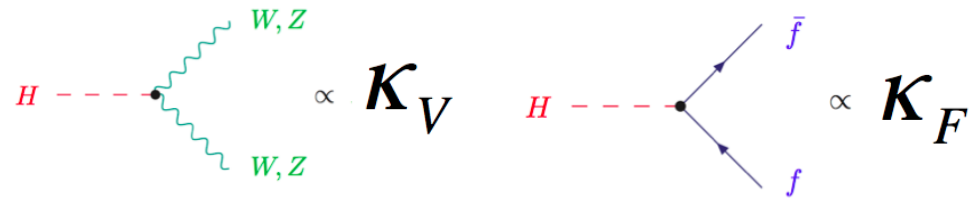
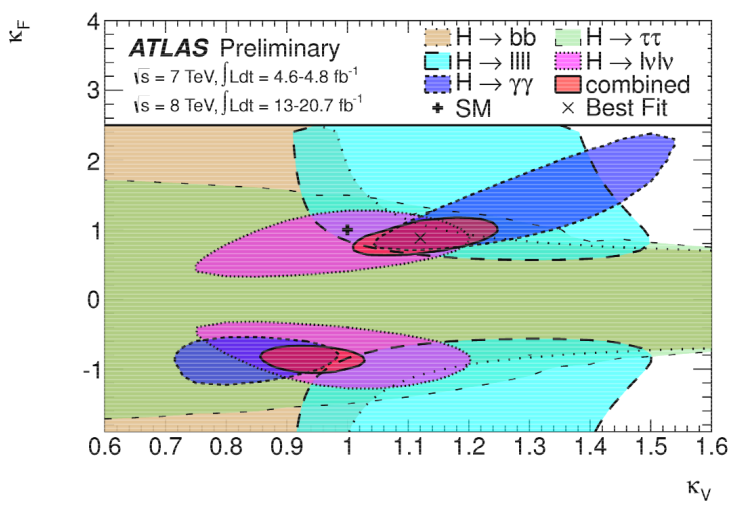
$$\kappa_i^2 = \frac{\Gamma_i}{\Gamma_{i(SM)}} \Rightarrow \text{the cross sections } \sigma_i \text{ and the partial decay widths } \Gamma_i \text{ associated with the SM particle } i \text{ scale with the factor } \kappa_i^2$$

$i = H$ (total width), f , V , W , Z , g , γ , etc.

- Example for gluon gluon fusion Higgs decaying to diphoton:**

$$\sigma \times BR(gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = \sigma_{SM}(gg \rightarrow H) \times BR_{SM}(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \times \frac{\kappa_g^2 \times \kappa_\gamma^2}{\kappa_H^2}$$

- Typically assume same κ_V -scales for bosons and same κ_f -scales for fermions**



→ **Combination of couplings makes the measurement compatible with SM at 8% level**
 (assuming no new physics)