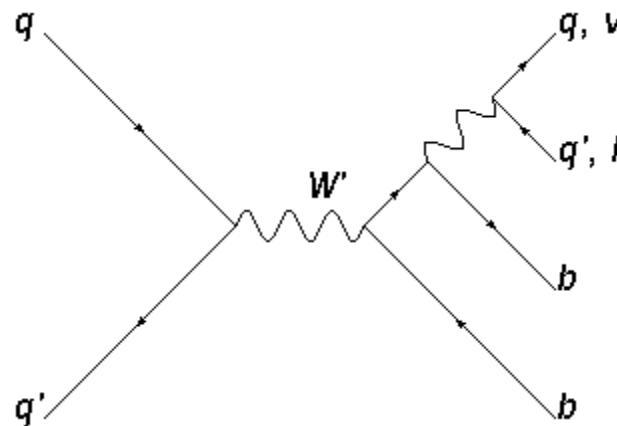


# $W'$ Detection at the LHC via single-top generation

Refinement and use of top and bottom tags  
PHENO, 5/7/2013

- Daniel Duffy
- Zack Sullivan



## 1. Previous Measurements using Single Top using lepton tag

## 2. Top Jets

$W_{jj}$  tagged as  $t_j$  due to top-jet algorithm

## 3. Preliminary Results

## 4. B-tagging

Failure of Secondary Vertex tag

Return of muon tagging, with changes

## 5. Final Results

General Problems at high  $W'$  mass

**General Definition:** a W' is any particle that mediates a flavor-changing, electrically charged, vector or axial-vector current

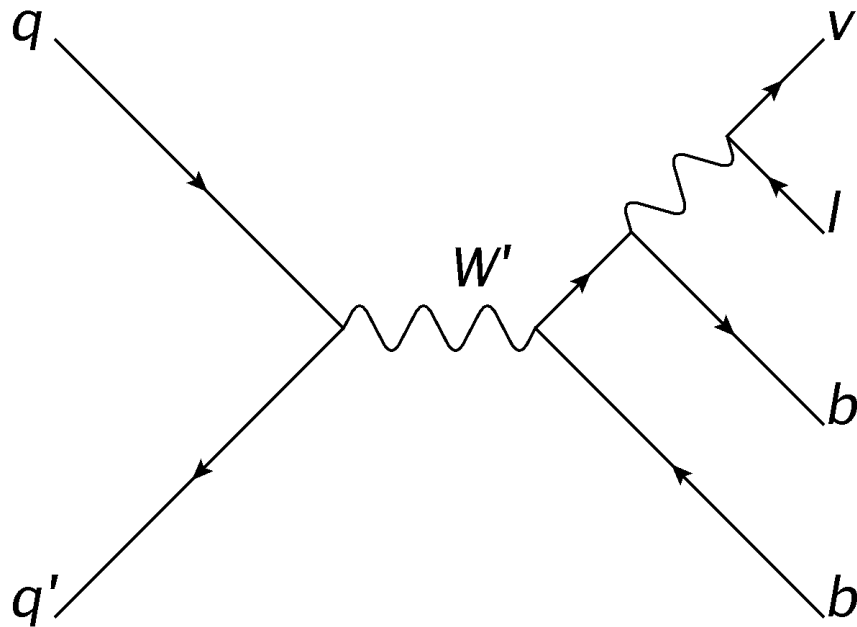
$$L = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{f}_i \gamma_\mu (g_R e^{i\omega} \cos(\theta) V_{f_i, f_j}^R P_R + g_L \sin(\theta) V_{f_i, f_j}^L P_L) W' f_j$$

**Some model classes:**

- Left-Right Symmetric Models
- Models with an additional left handed W'

As well as **many, many others**

**Knowledge about a W' will limit these theories**



Best method of  $W'$  detection is through **s-channel single top**

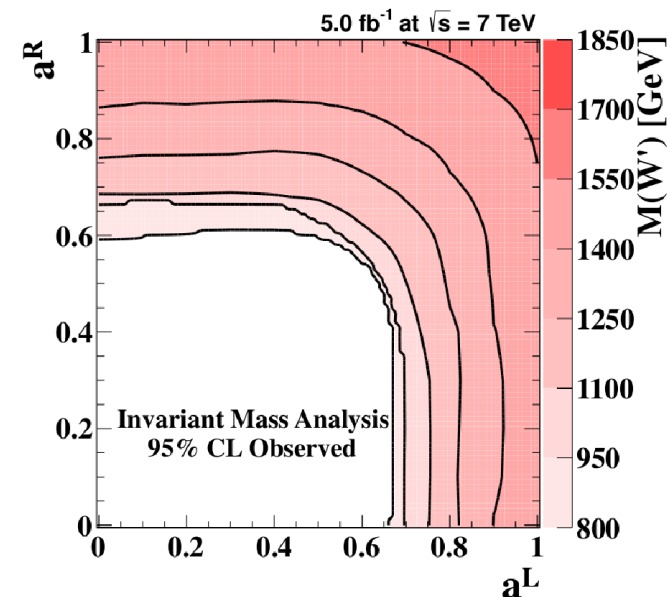
Right and Left handed  $W'$  exclusion limit set at **1850 GeV** for  $g' = g_{SM}$

## Limits set with this method

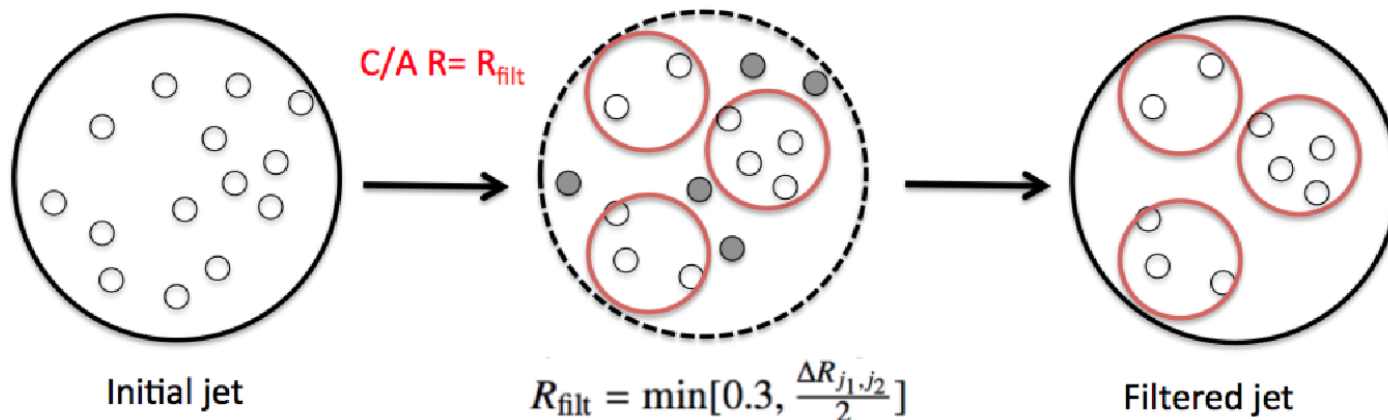
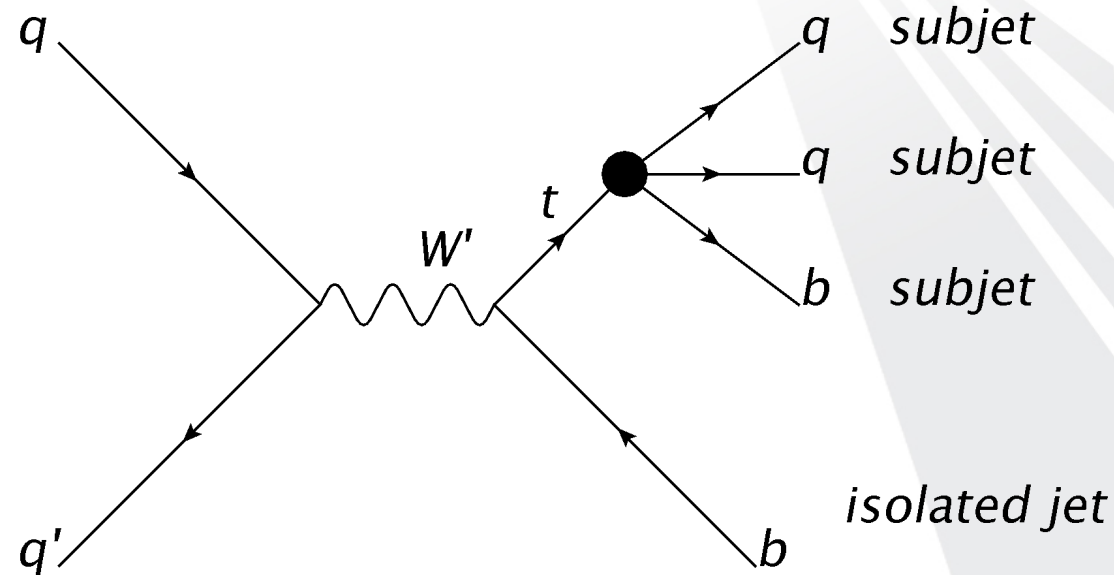
Duffty, Z.S. PRD 86, 075018 (2012)

CMS PLB 718, 1229 (2013)

ATLAS PRL 109, 081801 (2012)

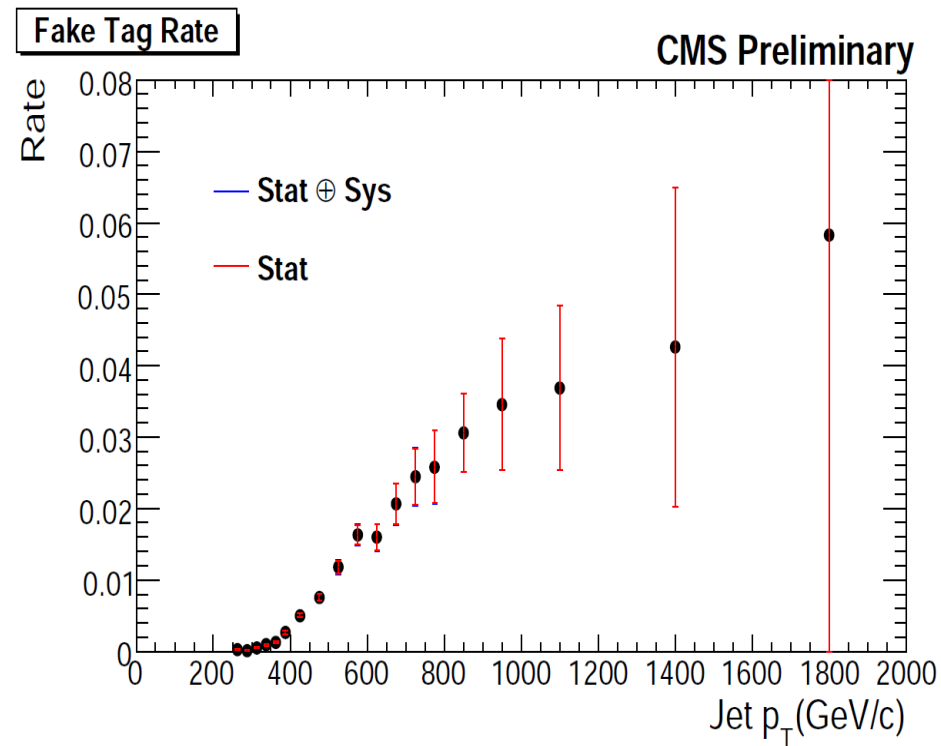
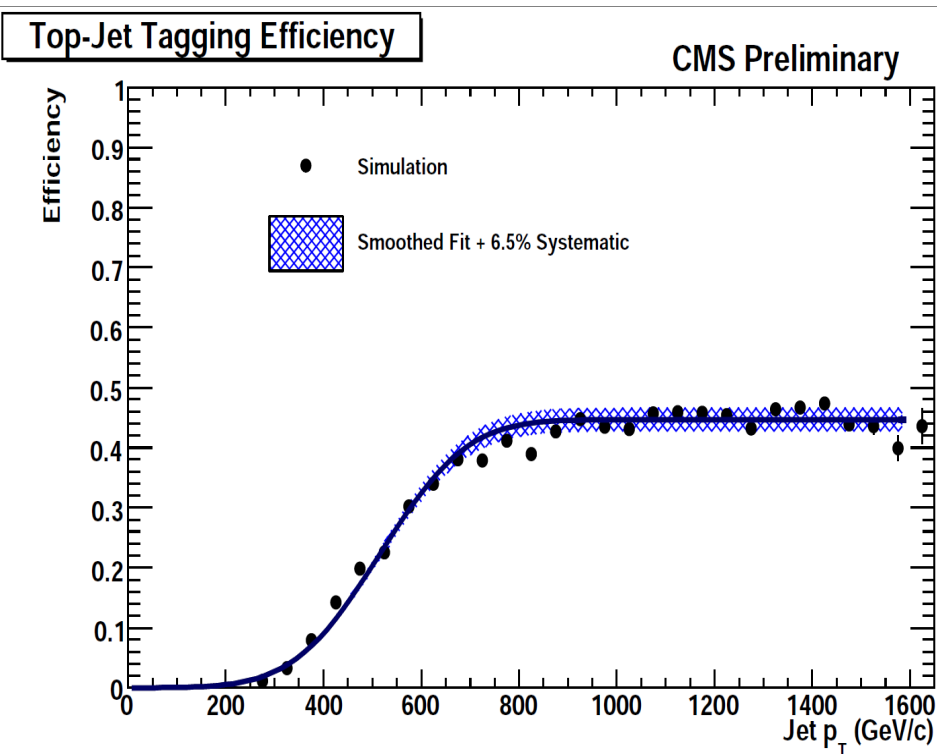


- Large  $W'$  masses will yield highly **boosted top quarks**
- The larger the top energy, the less separation in the decay products
- Many algorithms view these decay products as **subjects in a larger top jet**



Many new top-jet tagging algorithms have been developed in recent years.

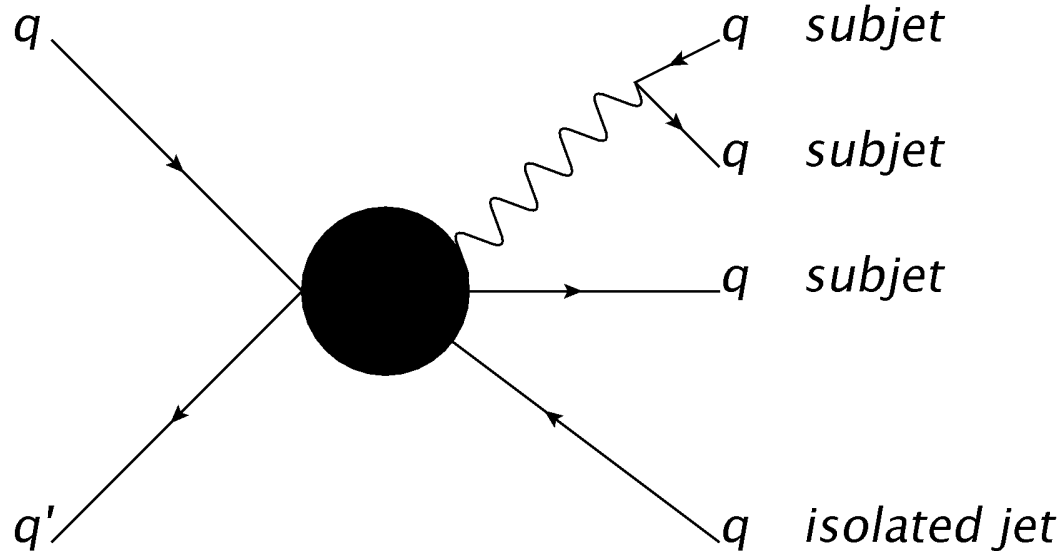
this study uses the C/A algorithm summarized in [CMS PAS JME-09-001](#)



An unexplored background to top tags comes from **Wjj/Zjj**.

**This is a problem if...**

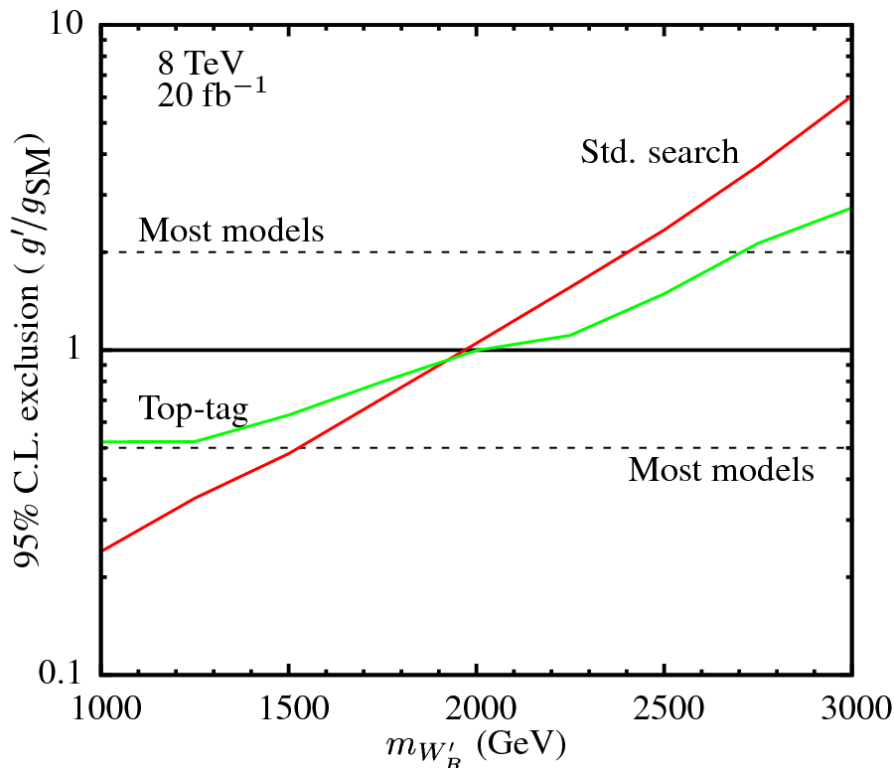
- 1) The W/Z and the j fall within  $\Delta R=1$  of each other
- 2) **Invariant mass** (W+q) close to the top mass (**100 to 250 GeV**)



The proportion of Wjj/Zjj events to pass this top tag is unstable at NLO or with showering, with changes estimated at **50% of the LO**. **Fortunately, the total effect is small on this analysis.**

## With cuts of

- 1)  $E_T$  lead jet  $>$  40%  $W'$  Mass
- 2)  $|\eta| < 1.5$  for lead jet
- 3) Exactly one jet must pass as a top-jet



For our analysis using just a top tag on the  $W' > tb$  decay, we only reach as far as the lepton-tag method for mass, and do considerably worse at the low-mass end of the spectrum

**We need an additional cut to improve our S/B ratio**

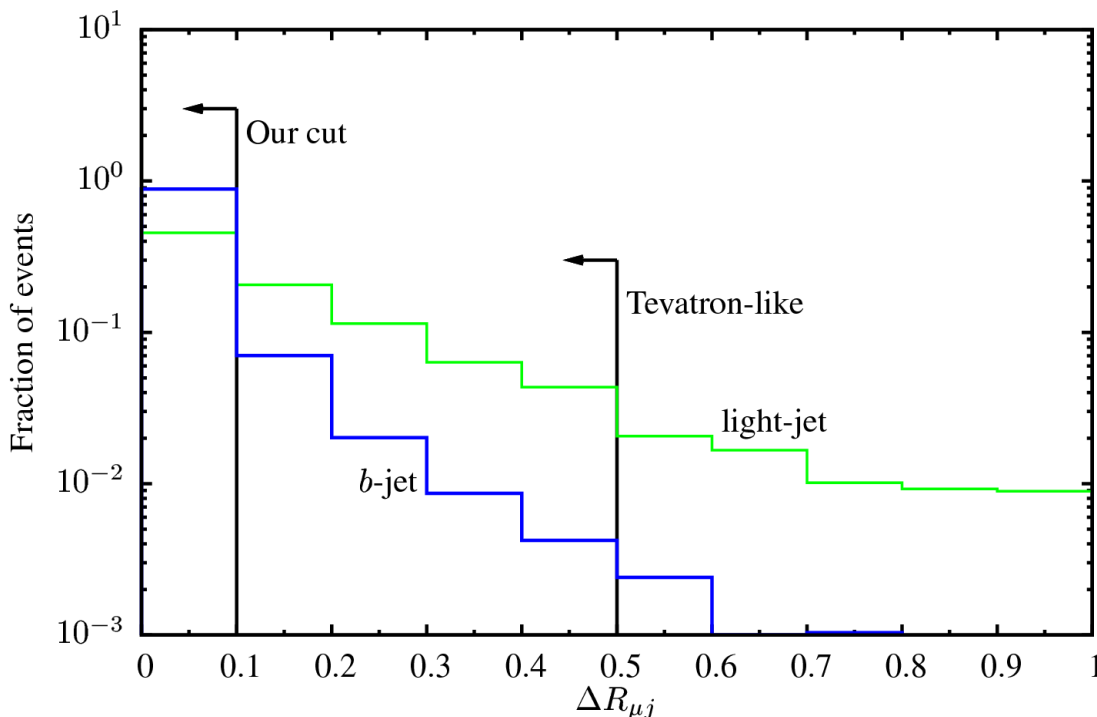


**Old b tag method:** Resolve a secondary vertex from b decay  
**Boosted b tag:** Rely on a muon tag, modified for high energy

New b tag rate: **10-15%** (energy dependent)

New c mistag rate: **5-8%**

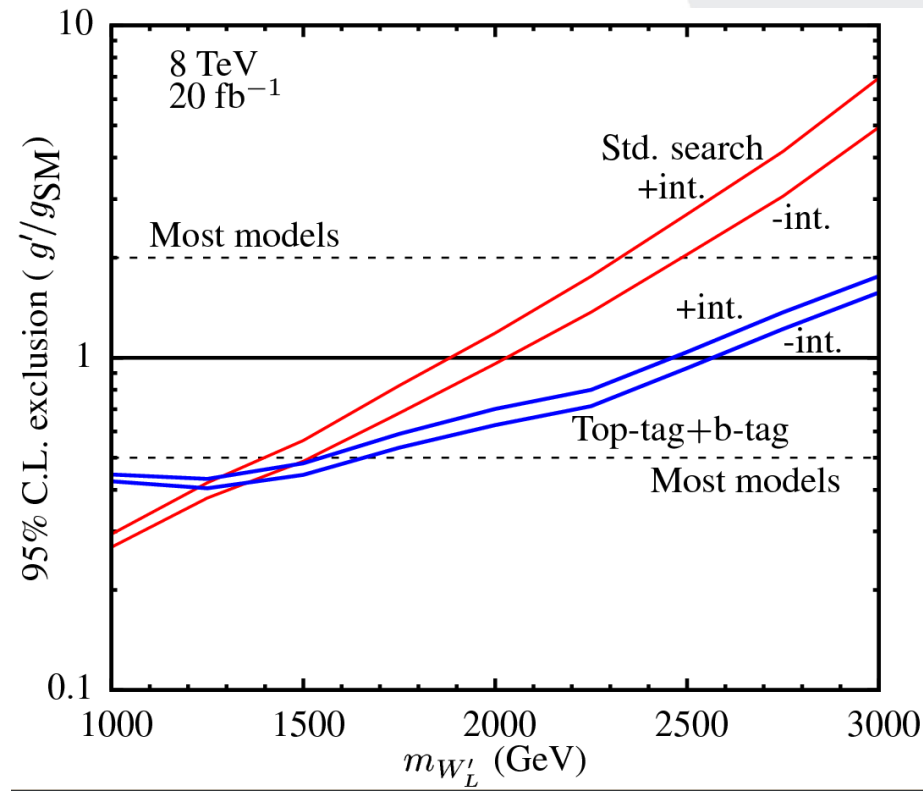
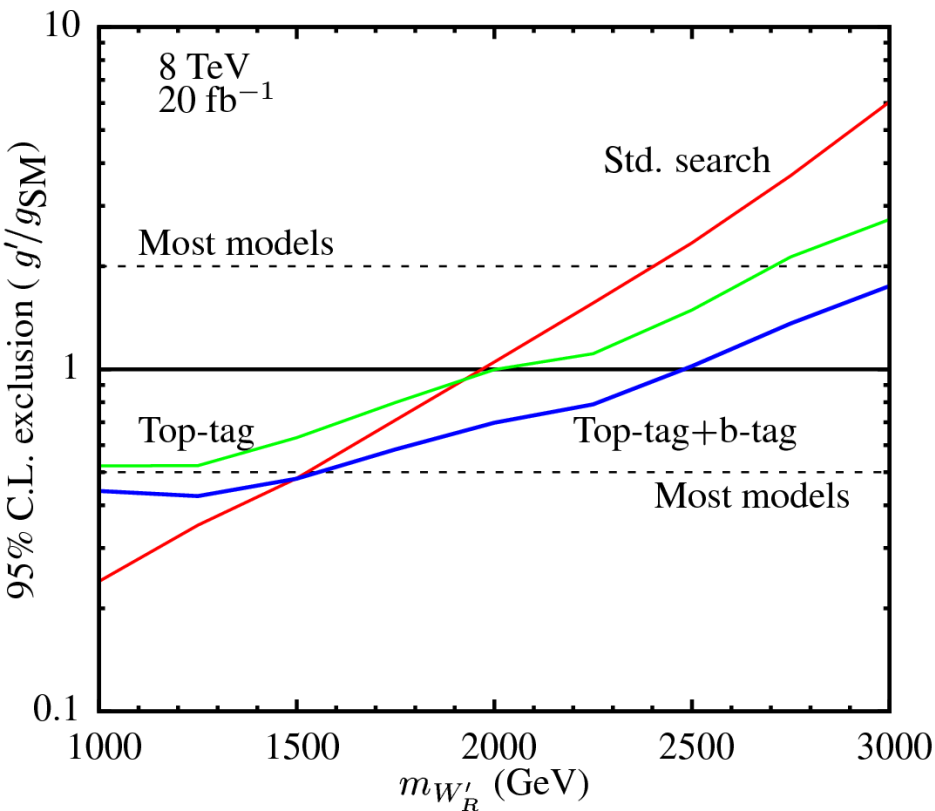
New light jet mistag rate: **0.1-1%**



A data analysis of  $bb$ ,  $bb\mu$  could help to improve the effectiveness of these muon cuts.

Significant increases in the maximum  $W'$  mass exclusion  
 $g'=g$ : 500 GeV higher mass exclusion  
 Old limit (1800 GeV): can now see  $g' = g/2$

Approximately equal results for both left and right-handed  $W'$



# Thank You

## Questions?



- Due to interference with the SM s-channel single top process, there is interference that can be constructive or destructive depending on the sign of  $V_{tb}$
- We showed in our 2012 paper that this interference has the effect of simply changing the overall cross-section, but does not significantly change the kinematics, allowing a scaling factor to suffice for simulation purposes

