

A model of dynamical SUSY breaking with R symmetry and Dirac gauginos

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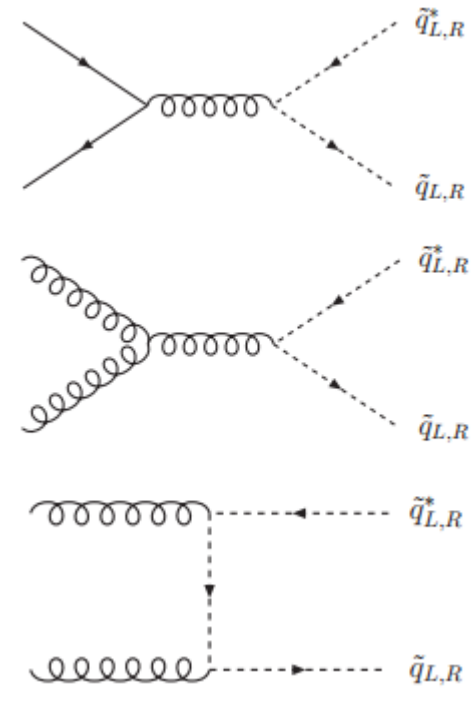
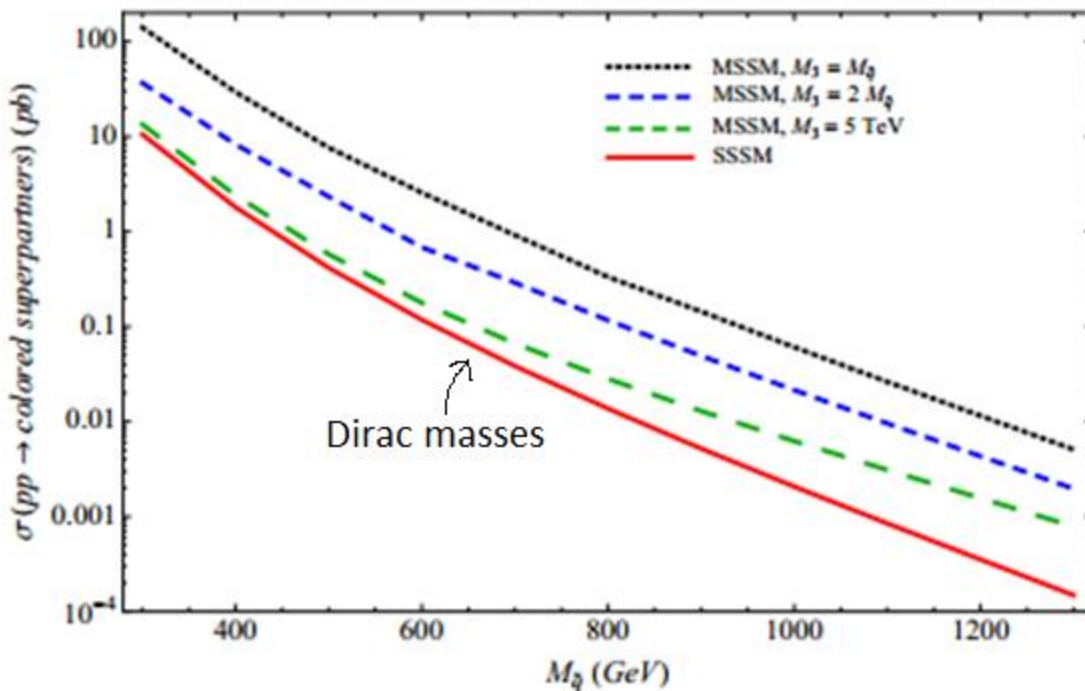
Motivation for R symmetry

- Dirac masses:
 - MSSM: top/stop loop in Higgs mass log-divergent hence: Naturalness→low scale stops
 - **BUT** Dirac gluino mass cuts off the divergence, it allows heavier superpartners (1 TeV)
- **Heavy gluino (5 TeV) production is kinematically suppressed**
- Naturally **squarks lighter than gluinos**
- R symmetry:
 - Takes care of **FCNC and CP-violation**, relevant interactions are **absent** (Kribs et al., hep-ph: **0712.2039**)

Collider phenomenology

Kribs, Martin, hep-ph:1203.4821

- T-channel gluino exchange is forbidden (same handedness) or suppressed by M_3^2 (mixed)



Only relevant **squark production** channels

Supersoft mediation

Fox, Nelson, Weiner (hep-ph/0206096)

- $\int d^2\theta \frac{W'_\alpha W_j^\alpha M_j}{\Lambda}$
W': U(1)' gauge. Wj: SM gauge field; Mj: adjoint chiral superfield: gaugino partners

- Need the D' term from a U(1)' gauge field

- Contains **Dirac mass term**: $\frac{D'}{\Lambda} \lambda_j \tilde{m}_j$

- Generates **FINITE sfermion masses**, gauge loops

- Can generate this operator from messengers

$$\int d^2\theta m \bar{\phi} \phi + \bar{\phi} M \phi$$

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Seiberg duality and modifying ISS

- The s-confining low energy dual of SUSY QCD with 6 flavors
- Flavor group $SU(6)$ broken by gauging $SU(5)$ subgroup and identifying with the SM
- Theory of Baryons and Mesons

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_j \\ \psi \end{pmatrix} \quad \tilde{M} = \begin{pmatrix} M_i^j & N^j \\ \bar{N}_i & X \end{pmatrix}$$

- Seiberg $\rightarrow W = \bar{B}\tilde{M}B = \bar{\phi}M\phi + \psi N\bar{\phi} + \bar{\psi}\bar{N}\phi + \psi\bar{\psi}X$
- **M** adjoint is partnered to SM gauginos, automatic **trilinear** term

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Additional Superpotential

- From Seiberg
 - Meson
 - $(\psi\bar{\psi}X) - \mu^2 X +$
 - $+hS(\psi + T) + h'\bar{S}(\bar{\psi} + \bar{T}) + \alpha ZT\bar{T}$
 - Baryon
 - Baryon
- Singlets $S, \bar{S}, T, \bar{T}, Z$
- Can Gauge $U(1)_B$ Baryon number
- Consistent with $U(1)_R$ R-symmetry

	M	$\text{Tr}M$	N	\bar{N}	X	ψ	$\bar{\psi}$	ϕ	$\bar{\phi}$	S	\bar{S}	T	\bar{T}	Z	W	N'	\bar{N}'
$SU(5)$	Adj	1	□	□	1	1	1	□	□	1	1	1	1	1	1	□	□
$U(1)$	0	0	0	0	0	+1	-1	+1	-1	-1	+1	+1	-1	0	0	0	0
$U(1)_R$	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	1	1	2	2	0	0	2	2	1	1

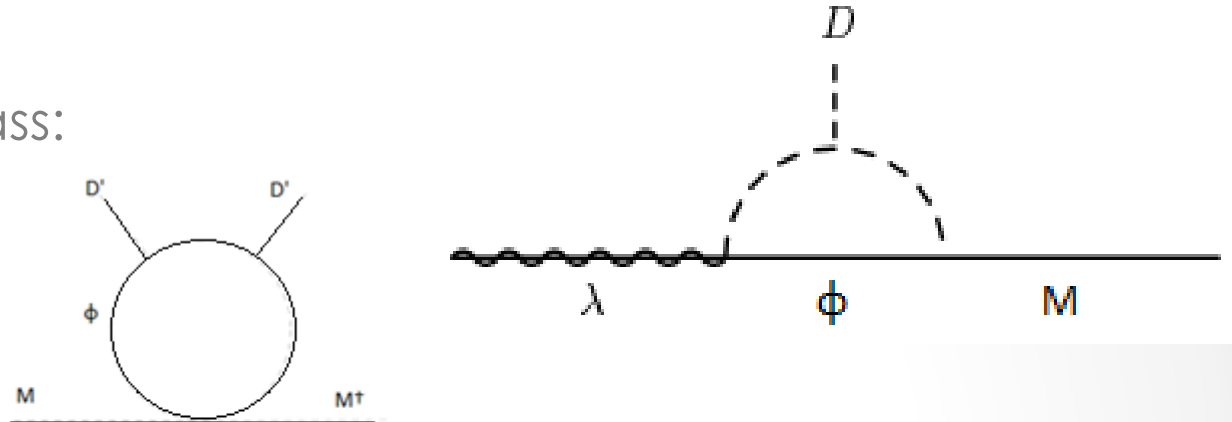
- The additional terms force asymmetric VEV's
- **D term**

Minimum and VEV's

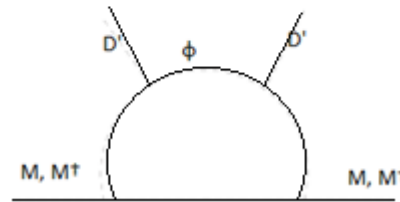
- $\psi, \bar{\psi}$ (*within baryons*) & T, \bar{T} get VEV's
- $\text{Tr}M$ is given VEV by hand with additional singlet. This also provides φ masses
- Couplings h and h' are irrelevant in the “Electric theory”, some tuning required. Can be chosen equal and then Charge Conjugation is broken spontaneously \rightarrow D term
- There is NO flat direction
- M adjoint remains massless
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Mediation (loops)

- **Dirac gaugino** mass:

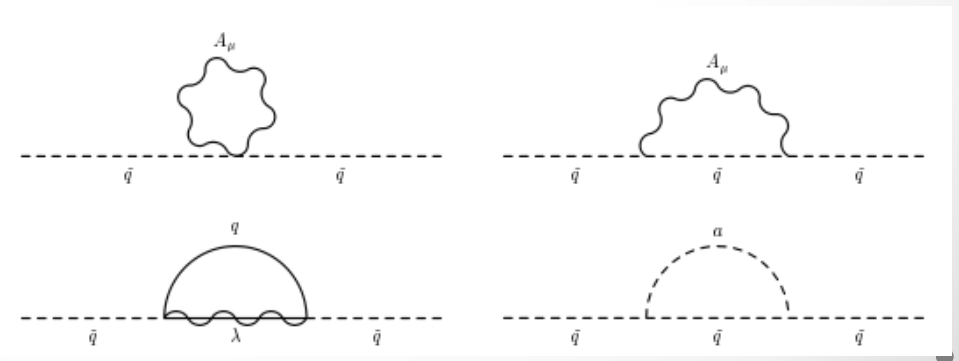


- **Scalar M** masses:



- **Sfermion soft** masses, $m^2 = \frac{C_i(r)\alpha_i m_i^2}{\pi} \log\left(\frac{\delta^2}{m_i^2}\right)$

δ is the mass of scalar M



Scales

- **Require tuned coincidence coupling of $S \psi \approx S T$**
- Spectrum much dependent on parameters
- *Example:*
- $\mu^2 = \Lambda m_{Electric} \sim (5000 \text{ TeV})^2$
- $h \cong h' = \left(\frac{\Lambda}{M_{UV}}\right)^3 \Lambda \sim 10,000 \text{ TeV}$
- Λ as high as 10^{15} GeV
- Gluino $\sim 5 \text{ TeV}$
- Scalar M adjoint $\sim 50 \text{ TeV}$
- Squarks $\sim 800 \text{ GeV} - 1 \text{ TeV}$

Conclusions

- It was possible to construct a model of SUSY breaking that produces both D and F terms
- An R symmetry is unbroken which allows evading collider bounds and flavor bounds
- Dirac gaugino masses are naturally heavier and partners can be automatically obtained from mesons in a confining SQCD theory
- Interesting phenomenologies are now within reach of model-builders
- The Higgs sector is work for the future

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Higgs

- R symmetry forbids having both μ and $B\mu$ together
- In original Fox, Nelson, Weiner quartic is suppressed but **NOT** here, due to large mass for scalar Adj M
- Possible to introduce fields with R-charge 2:
 - $W = \mu_u H_u R_u + \mu_d H_d R_d$
- Not clear how to generate this within our mediation → Need direct coupling
- Can use standard mechanisms for generating $B\mu$
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