

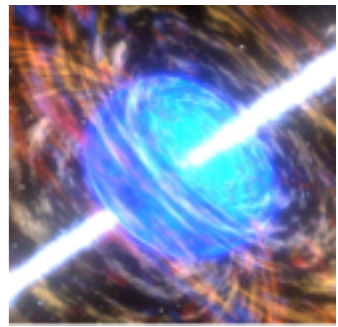
IceCube GRB ν Searches- Toward a Realtime Search



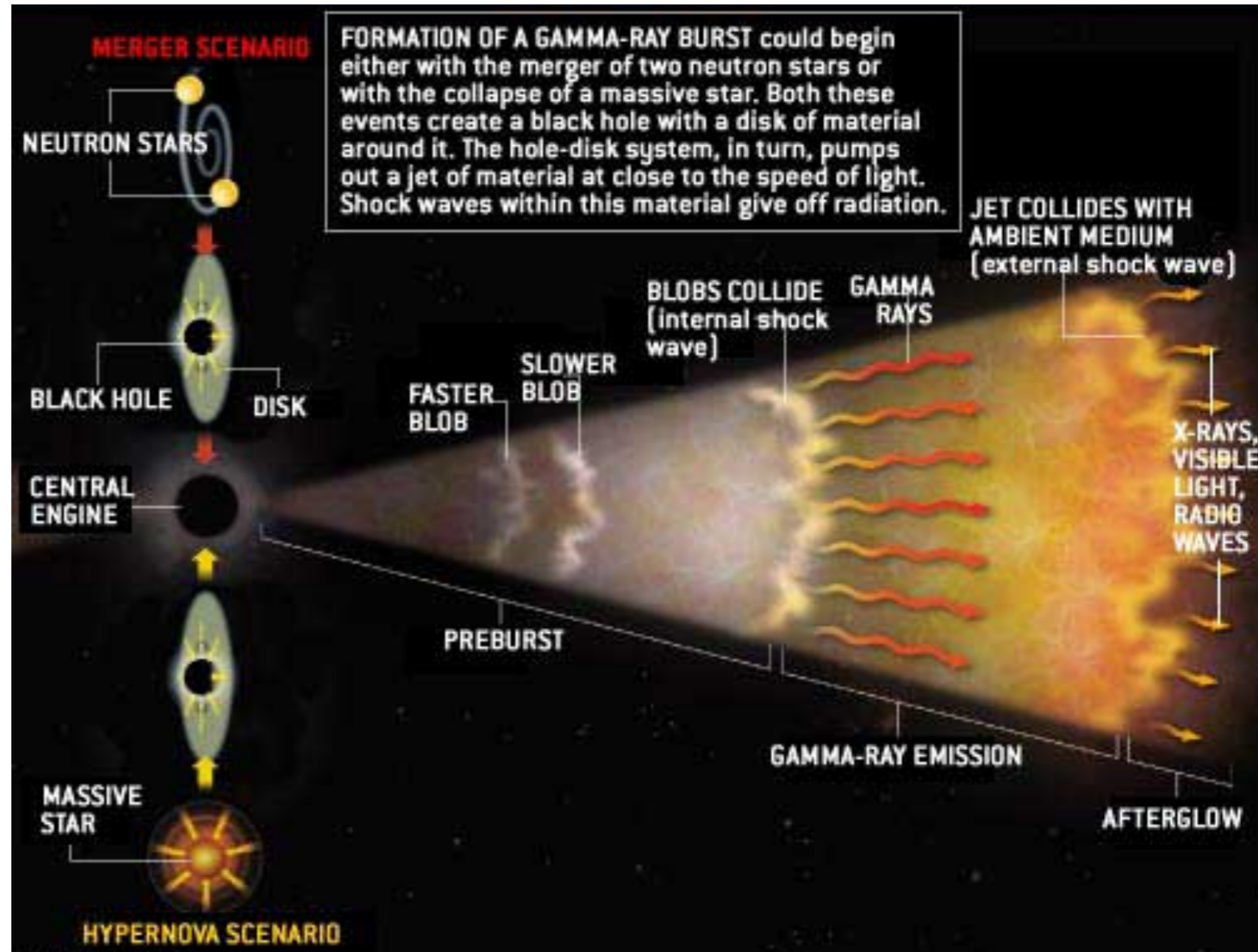
Erik Blaufuss - University of Maryland
Realtime Astroparticle Physics
Feb 4-6, 2013 - Bonn, Germany



Gamma-ray Burst modeling



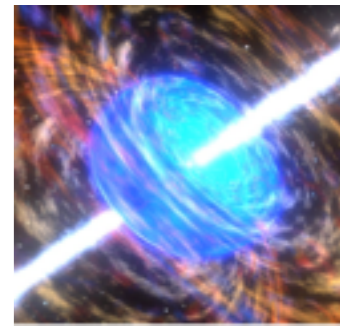
- Fireball model is successful at explaining the observed photons
- Prompt gamma rays
- Afterglows
- Realistic to believe that baryons are also accelerated
- Produce high-energy neutrinos



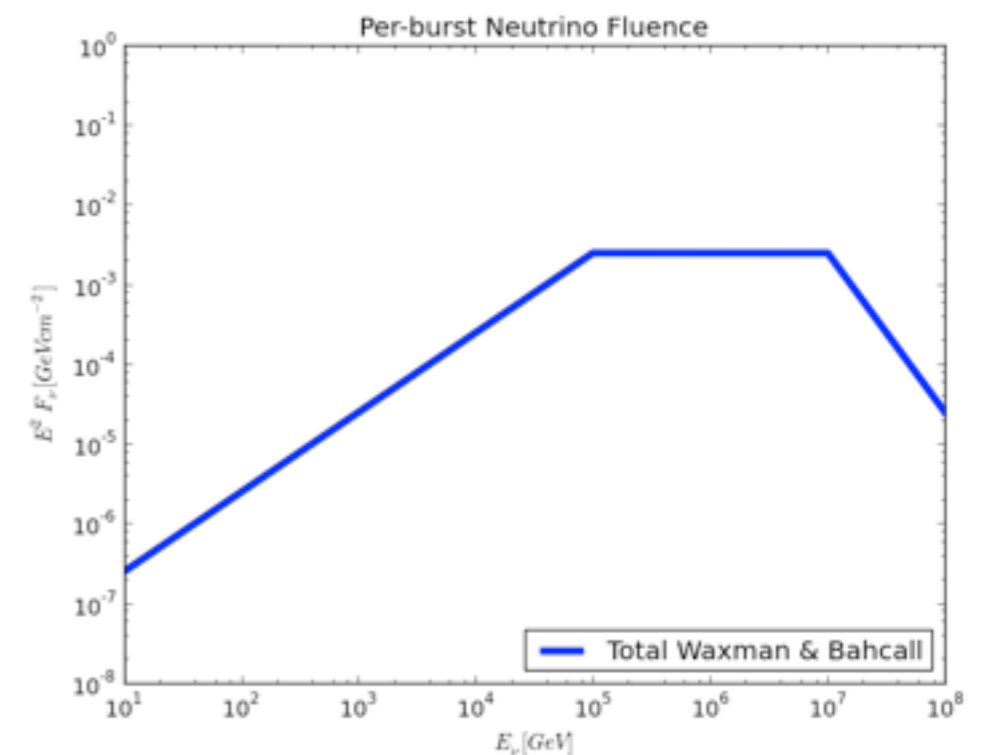
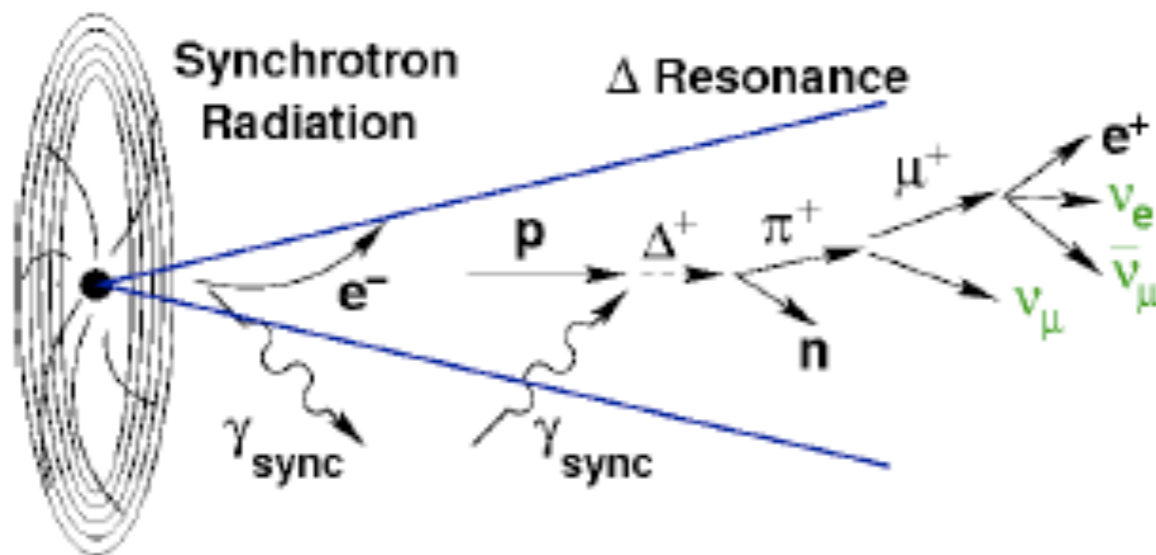
Scientific American, Dec '02



Gamma-ray Burst Neutrinos

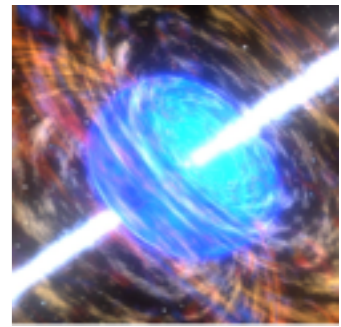


- Internal shocks in GRBs are a compelling candidate for the source of acceleration for UHECRs.
- Acceleration conditions required to produce the observed gamma rays would also be sufficient for UHECR production
- Observed gamma-ray burst energy injection rate into Universe well matched to observed UHECR energy
- Waxman-Bahcall modeled neutrino production from photon-hadron interactions in fireball

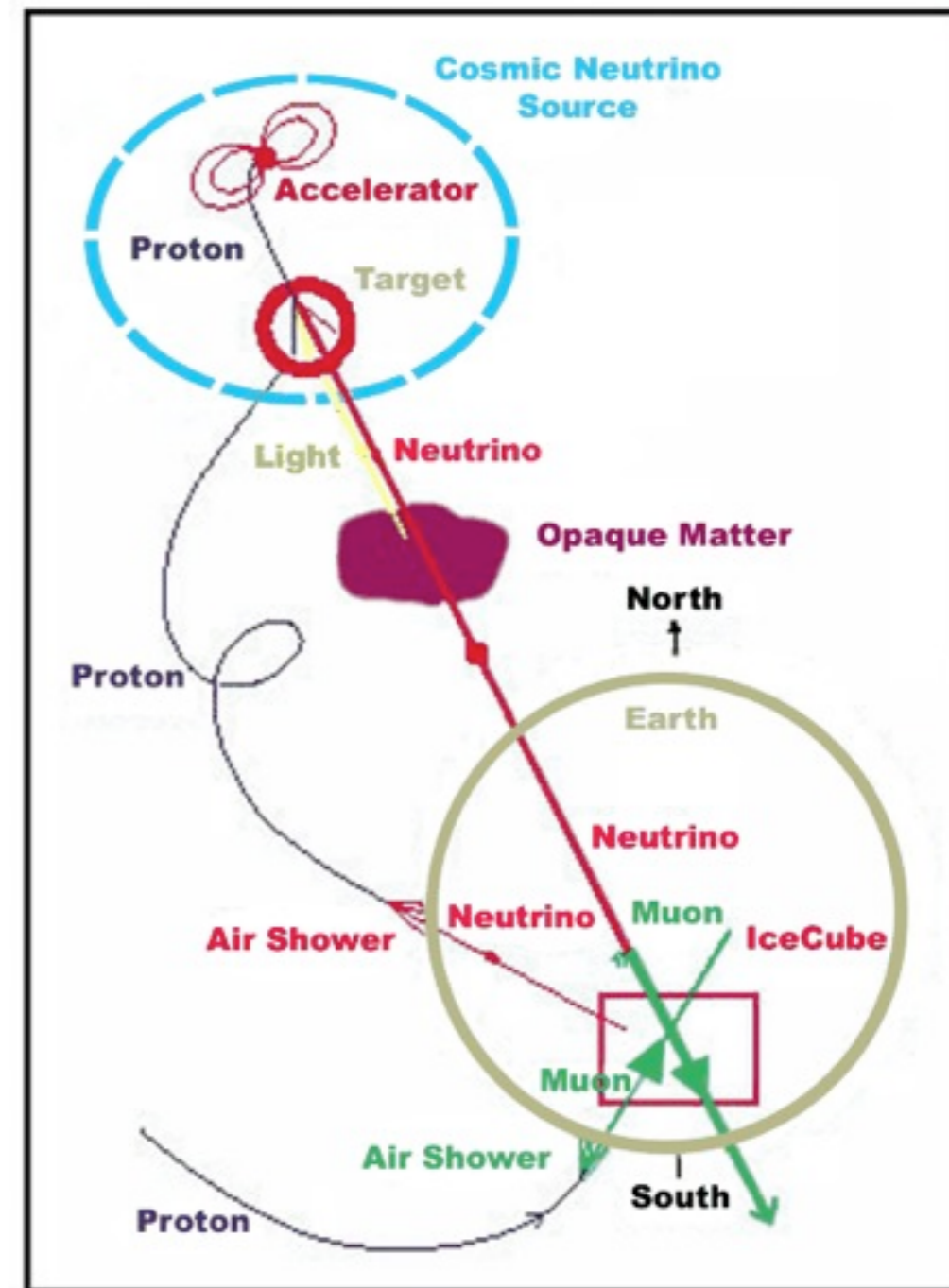
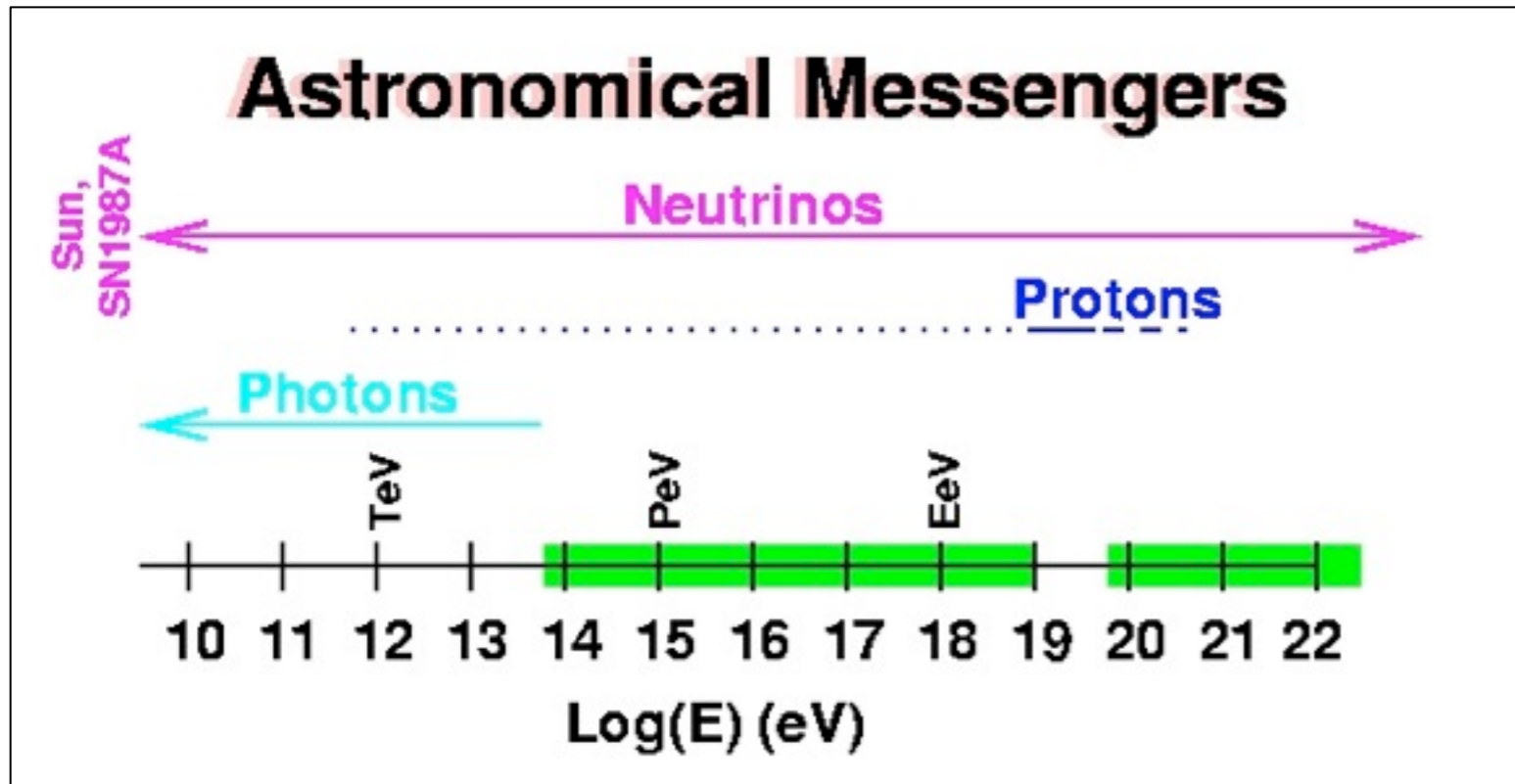


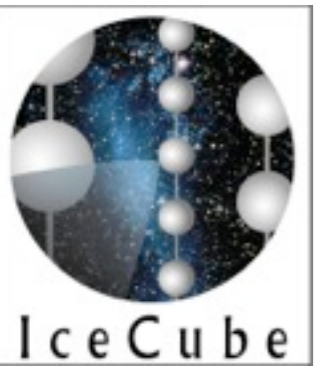


Neutrinos: Astronomical messengers

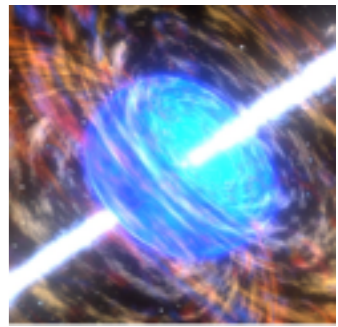


- At the highest energies, neutrinos are an astronomical messenger with several advantages:
 - Neutral
 - Freely propagate from source regions
- But you do need a large detector...

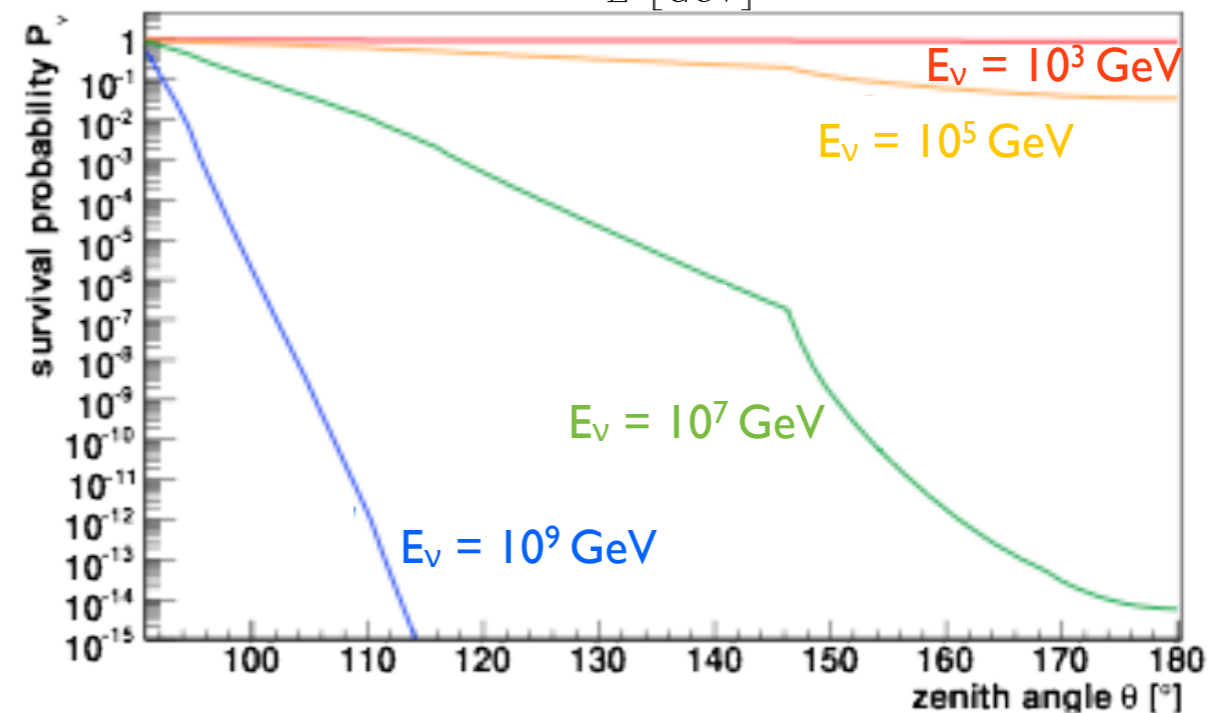
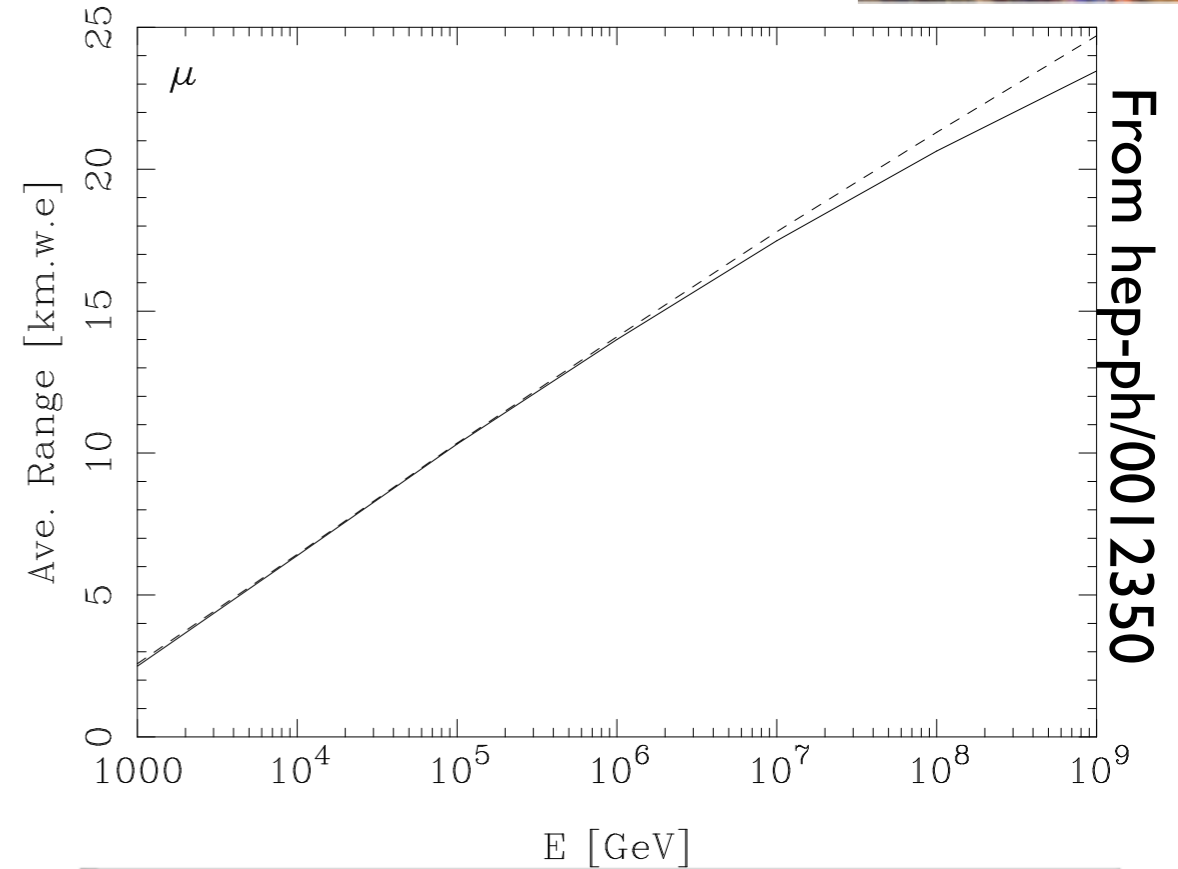




Neutrino Astronomy



- Cosmic neutrinos will interact in or near detectors:
- $\nu_l + N \rightarrow X + l$
- If lepton is a μ , interaction region can be much larger than detection volume, as long as μ reaches detector.
- Good angular correlation between neutrino and μ
 - Better than 1° for $E_\nu > 1 \text{ TeV}$ ($\sim 3.5^\circ$ at 100 GeV)
- Generally search for “upgoing” tracks
 - Not possible at higher energies
 - Downgoing tracks at higher energies also distinguished from atmospheric muon background

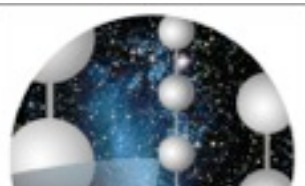


Cable for power,
communication
and support

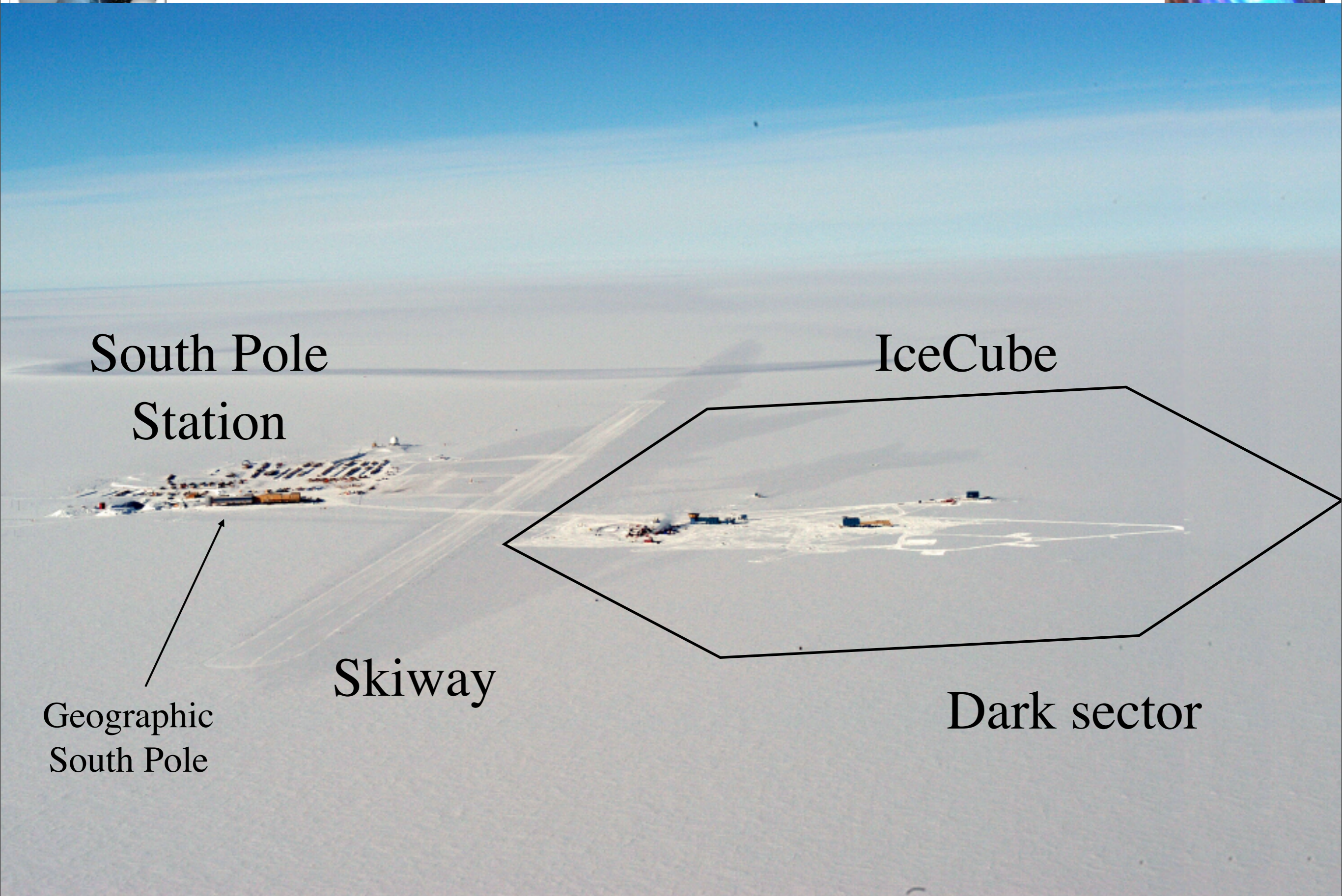
Digital optical modules
(phototubes and data
acquisition)

Water or clear ice serves
as both a target medium
and a Cerenkov radiator

Due to the scale required for a high energy neutrino detector, man-made tanks are impractical.
Large natural reservoirs are needed.



IceCube at the South Pole



South Pole
Station

IceCube

Skiway

Geographic
South Pole

Dark sector



IceCube

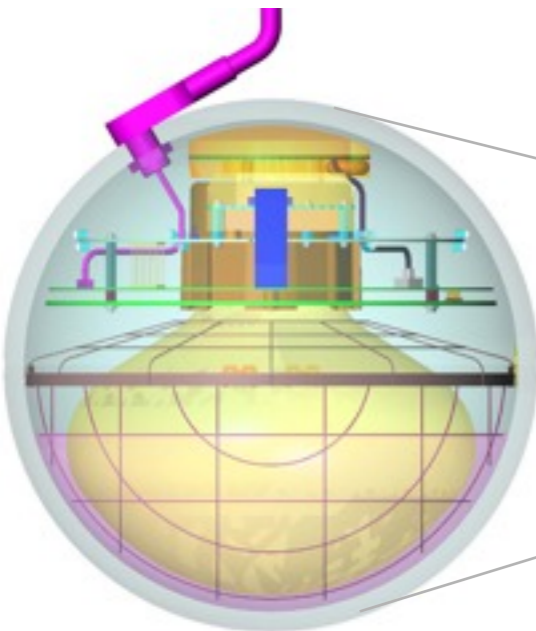
5160 DOMs on 86 strings

162 tank ice-Cherenkov surface
air shower array (IceTop)

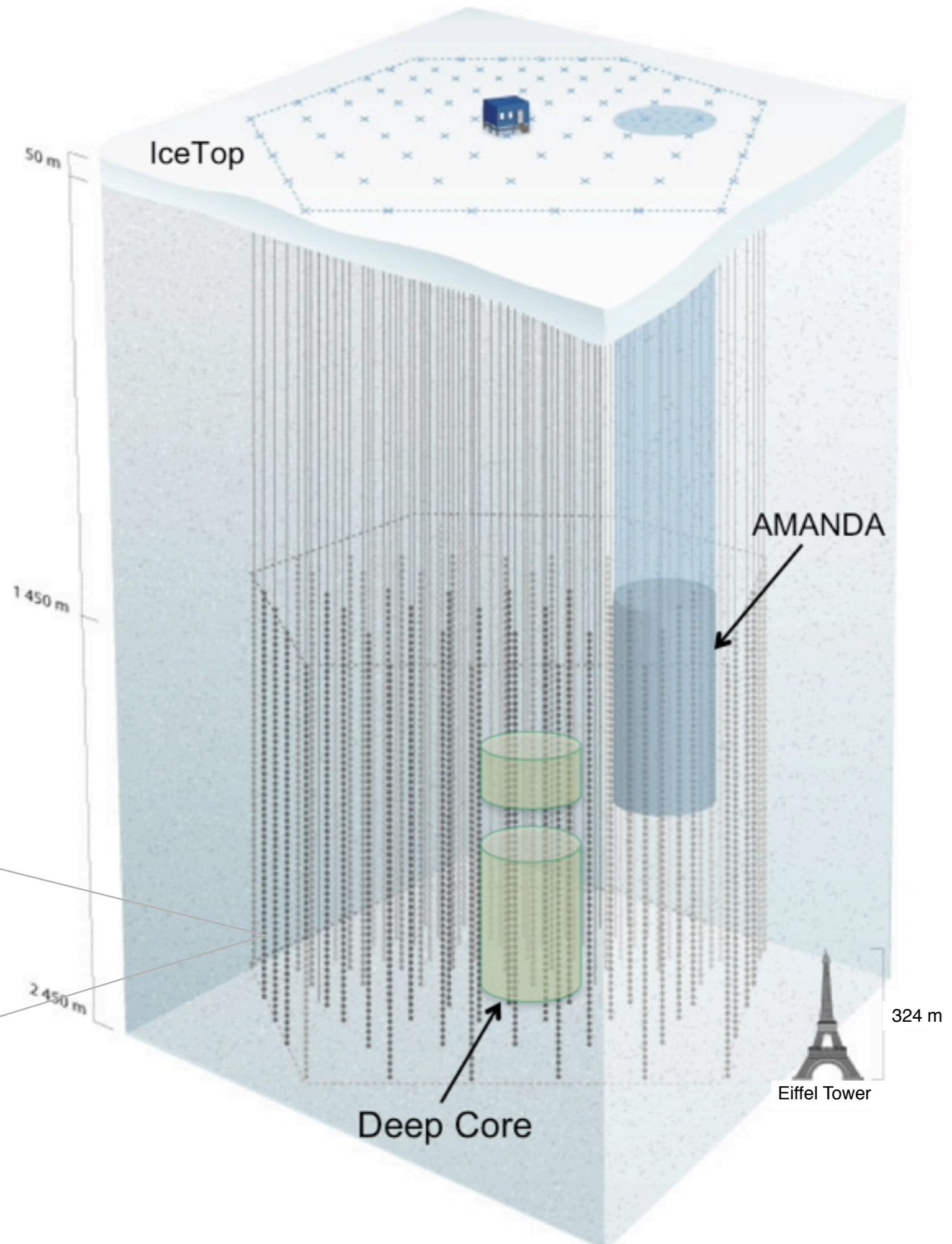
Includes DeepCore infill array
(sensitivity to lower energies)

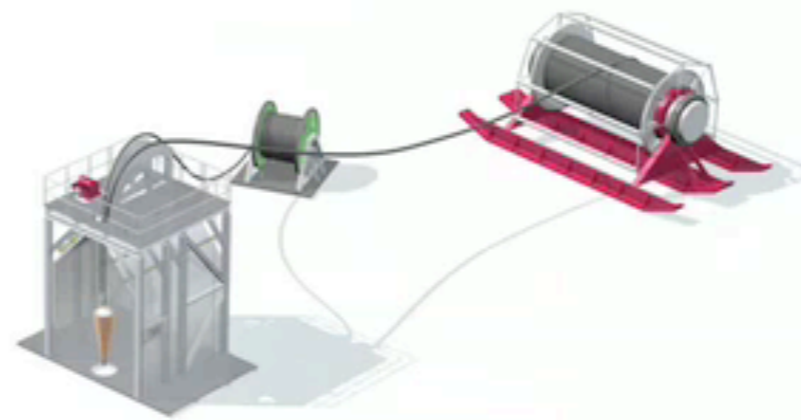
All strings now deployed after
7 construction seasons

Completed December 18, 2010



Digital Optical Module (DOM)

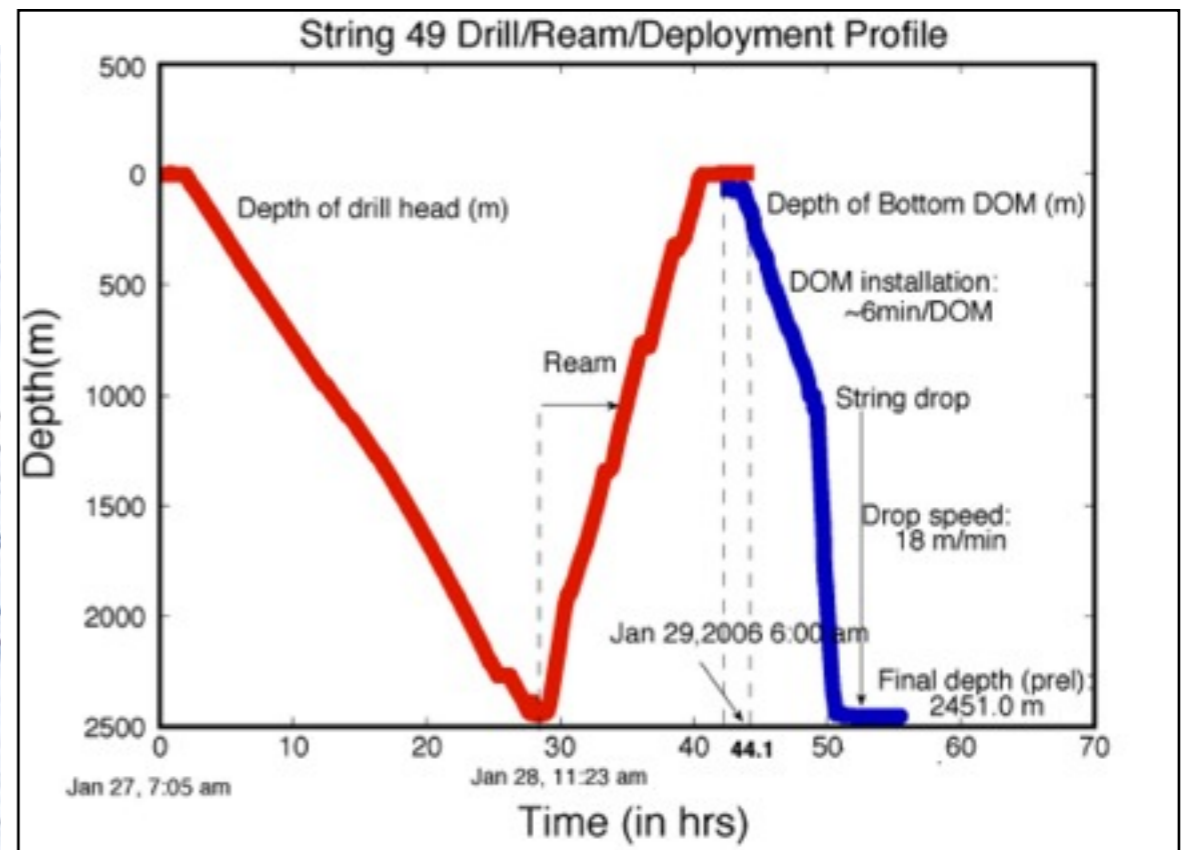
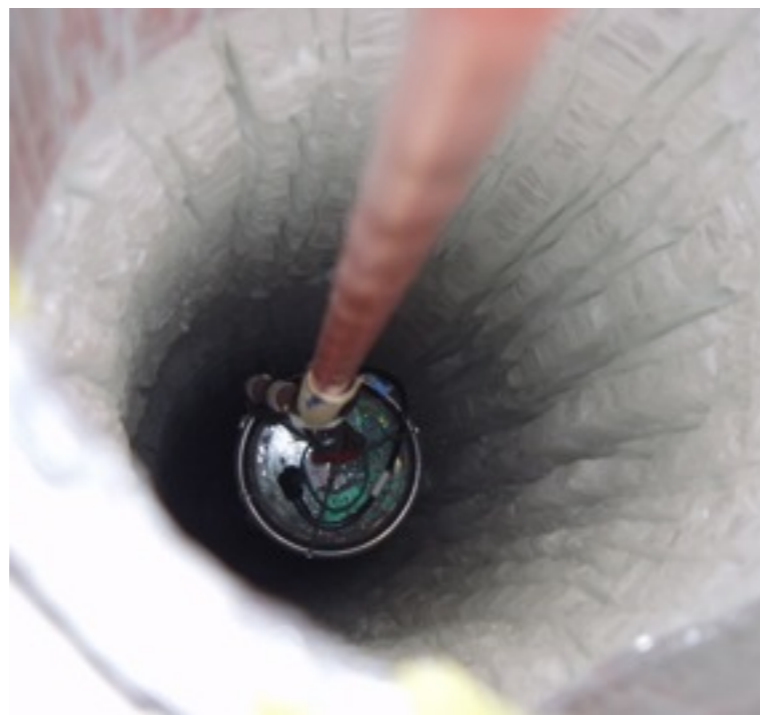


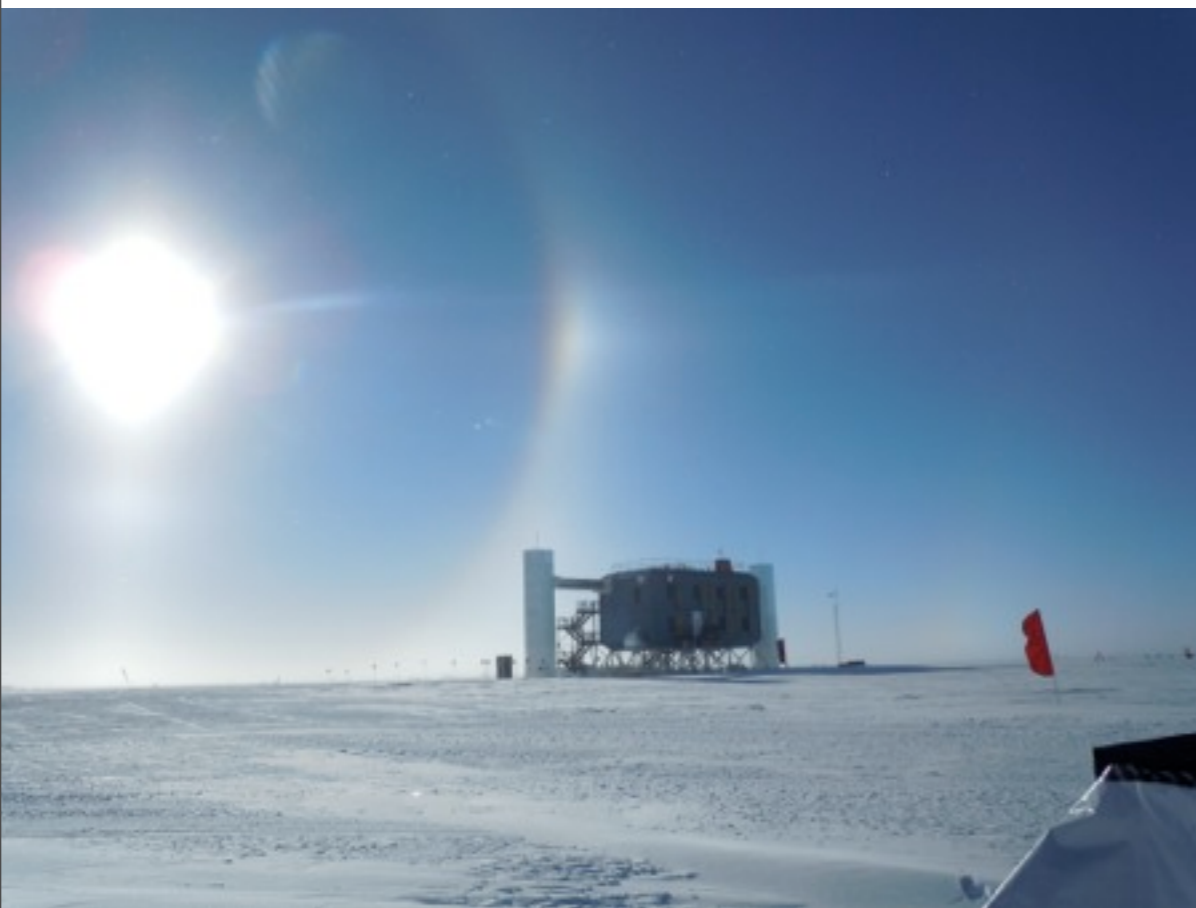




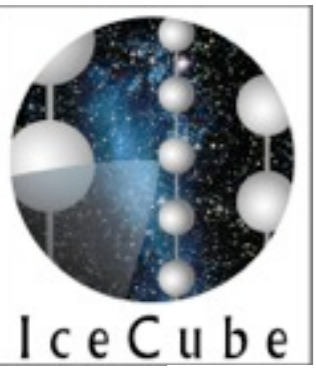
Ice

Drilling and deployment

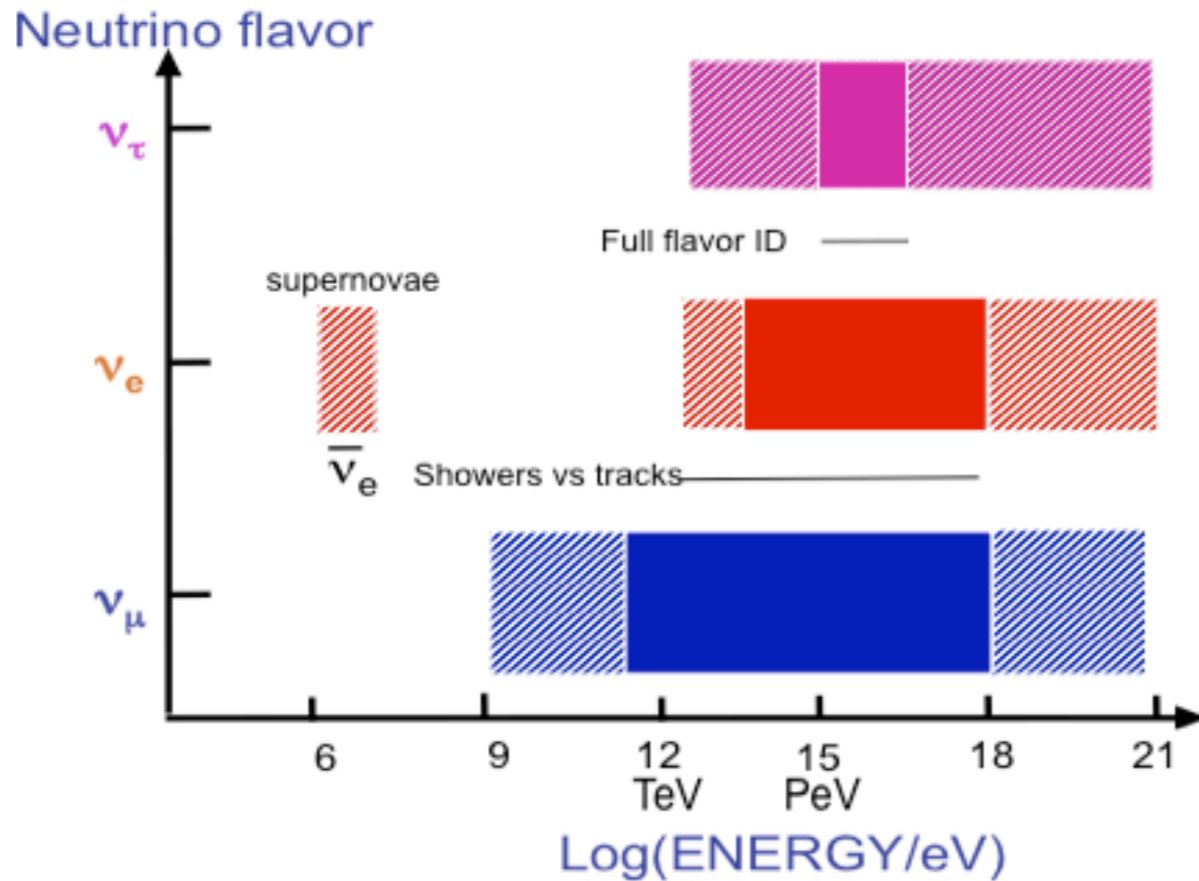
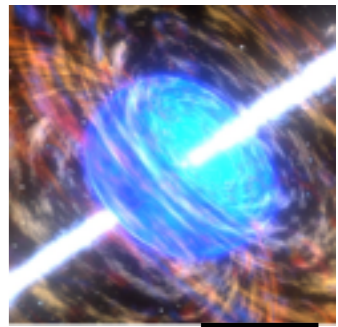




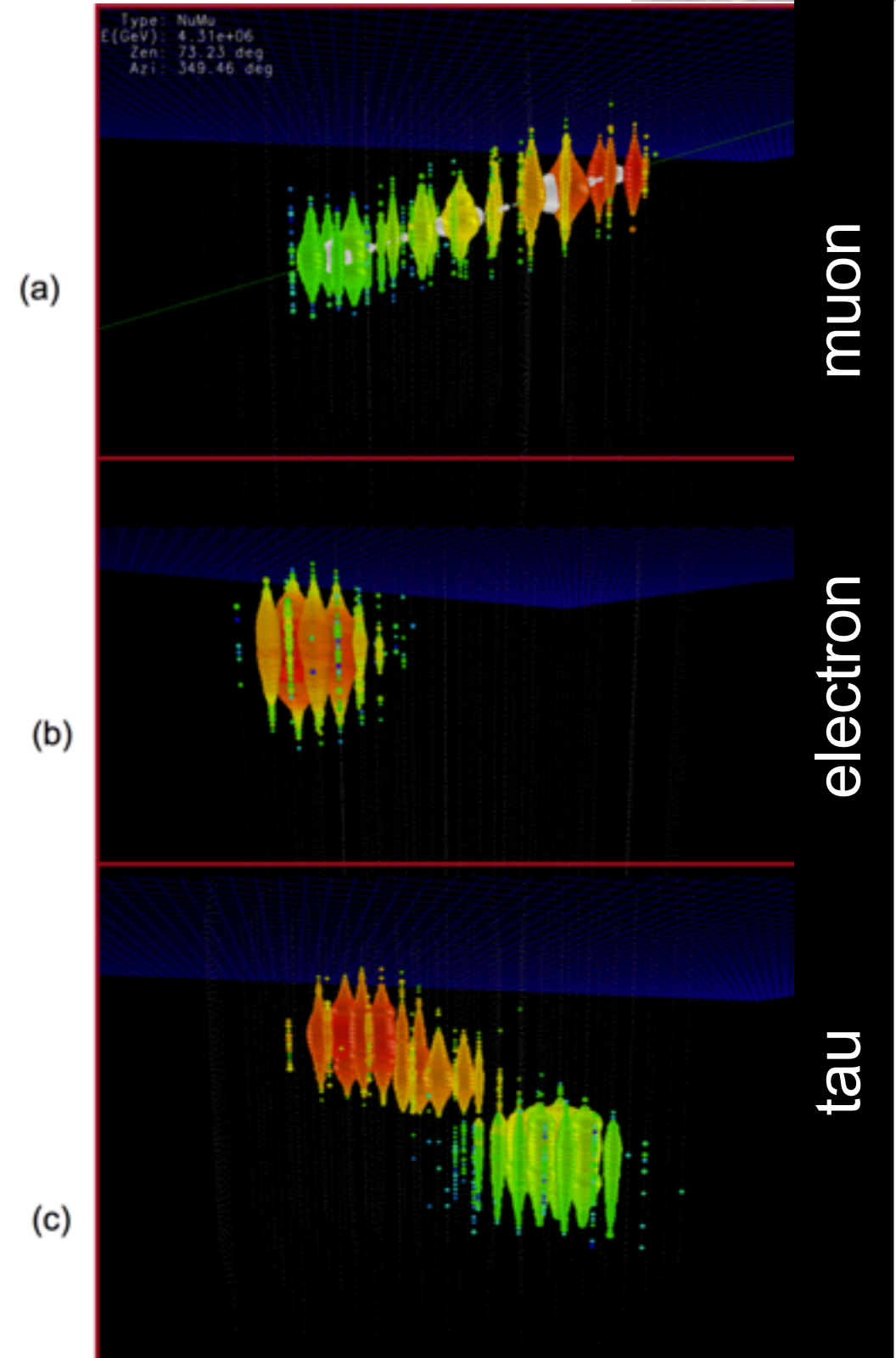
Monday, February 4, 13



IceCube sensitive to ALL ν flavors

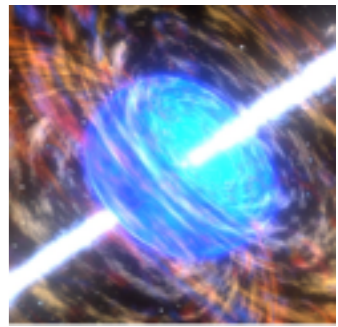


- Cosmogenic neutrinos are fully oscillated at Earth
- 1:2:0 \rightarrow 1:1:1
- ν_μ is preferred channel for GRBs

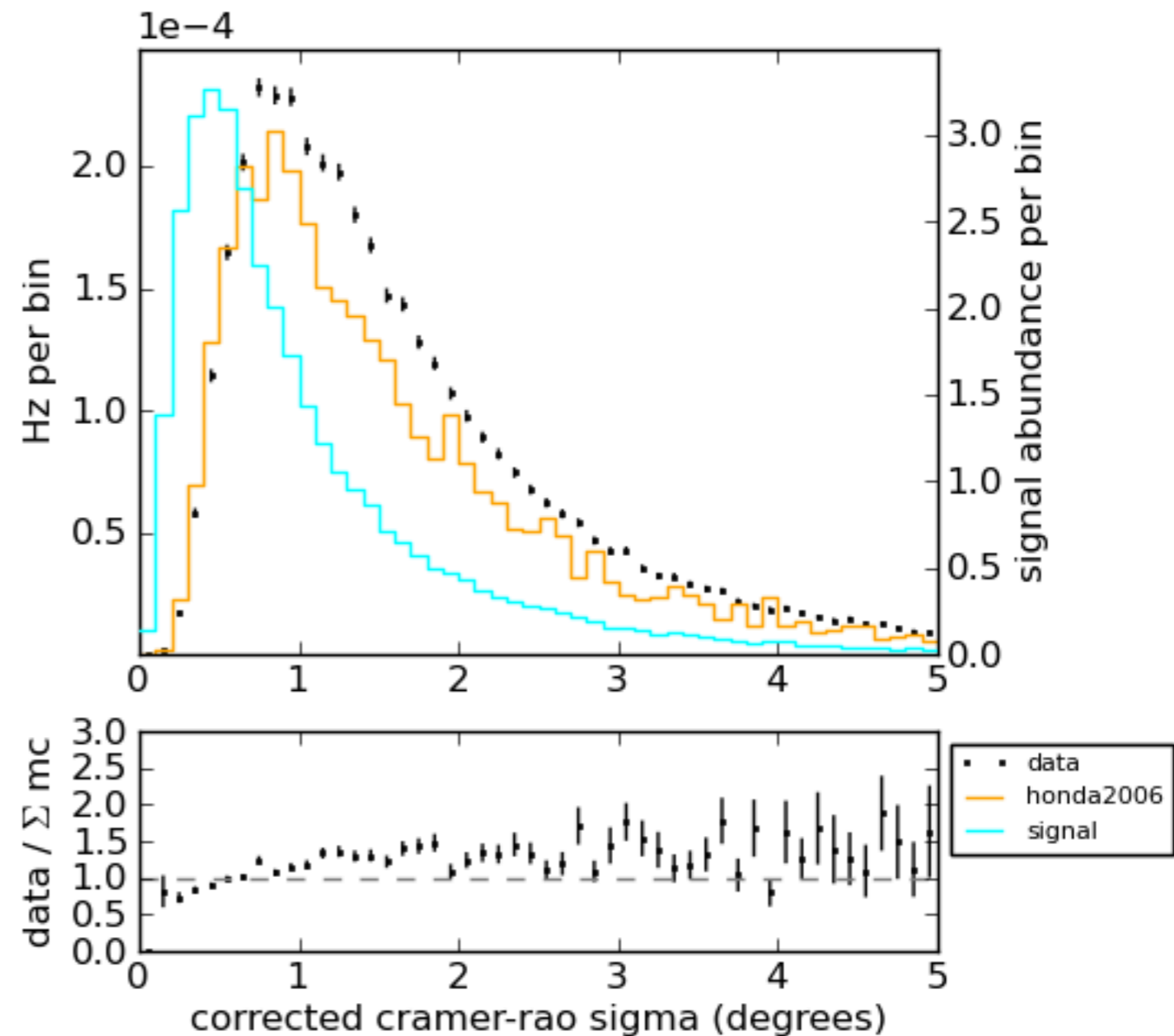




Event Reconstruction & Reduction



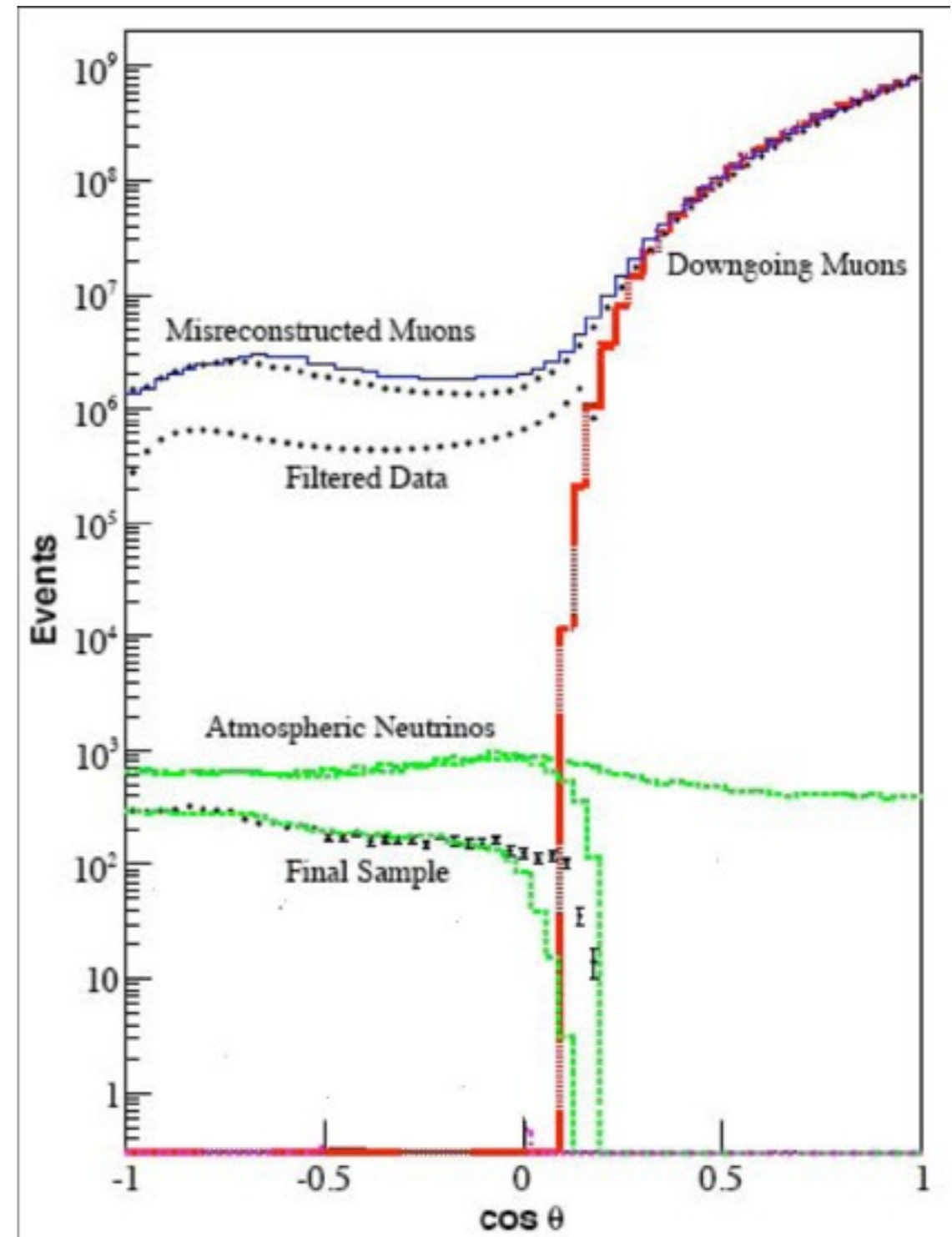
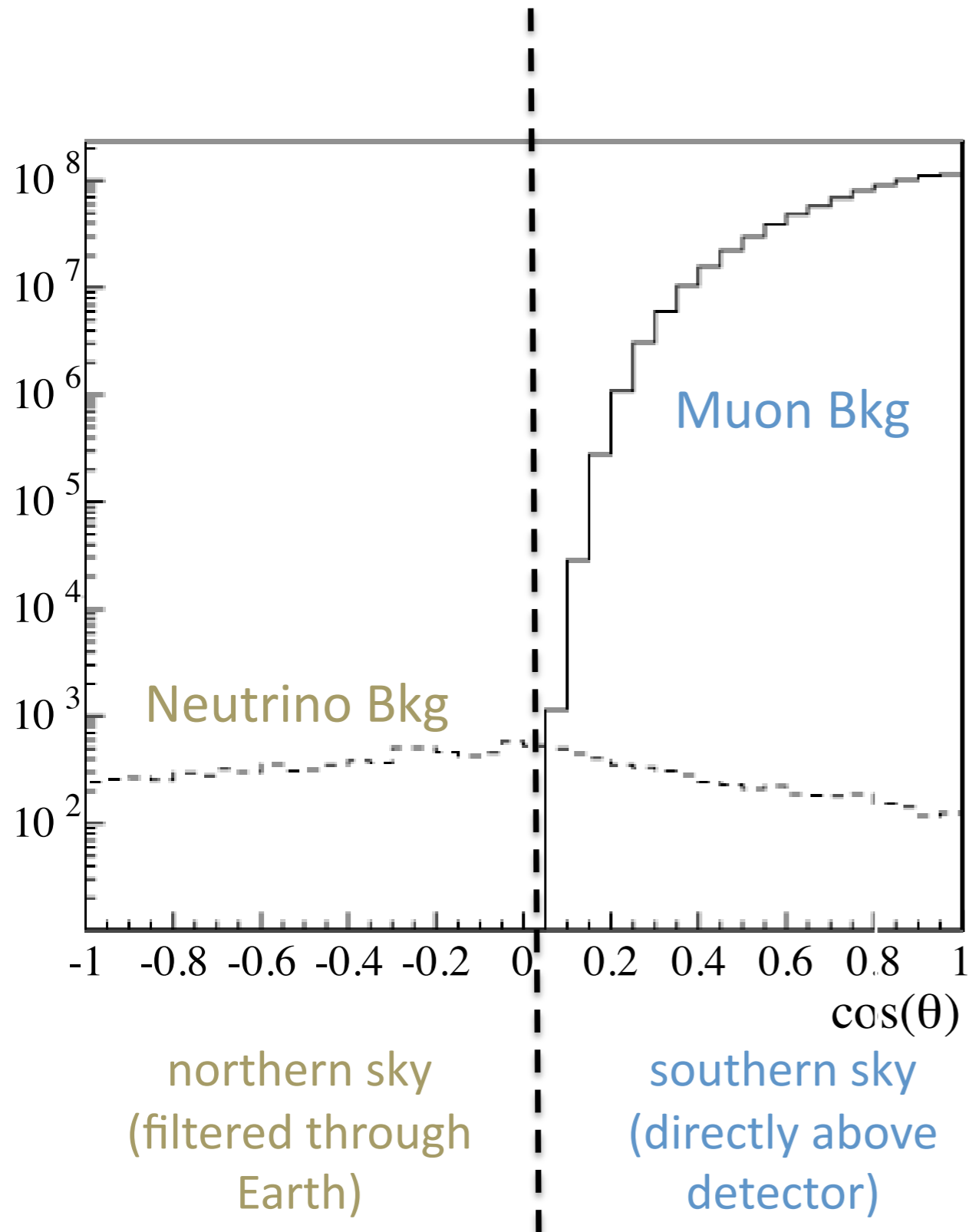
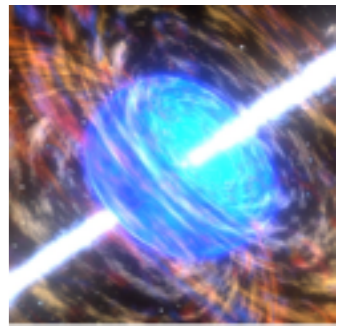
- Events direction is reconstructed using hit DOMs in an iterative likelihood reconstruction.
- Scattering is dominant in ice.
- Even after this, misreconstructed events dominate the data sample.
- Multiple tracks in detector at once
- Further track quality cuts required:
 - Reduced LLH and likelihood space
 - Number/length of “direct hits”
- Final sample of events dominated by atmospheric neutrinos

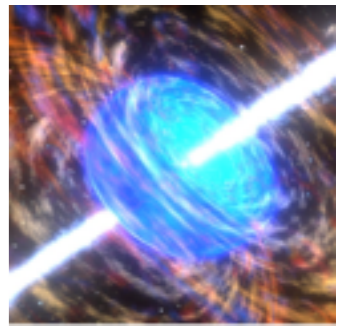


IC86 Angular error estimate
Median signal resolution: 0.7°

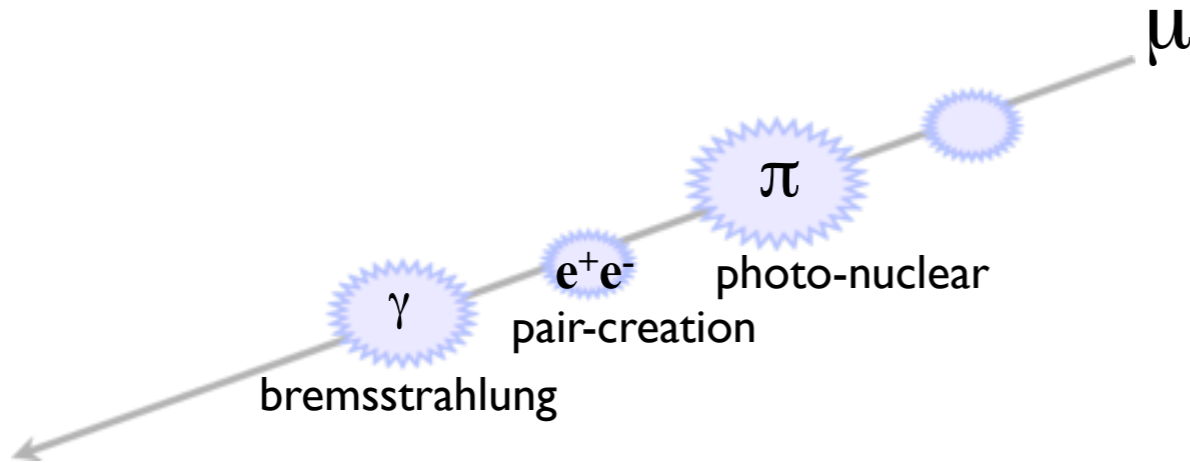


Event Reconstruction & Reduction

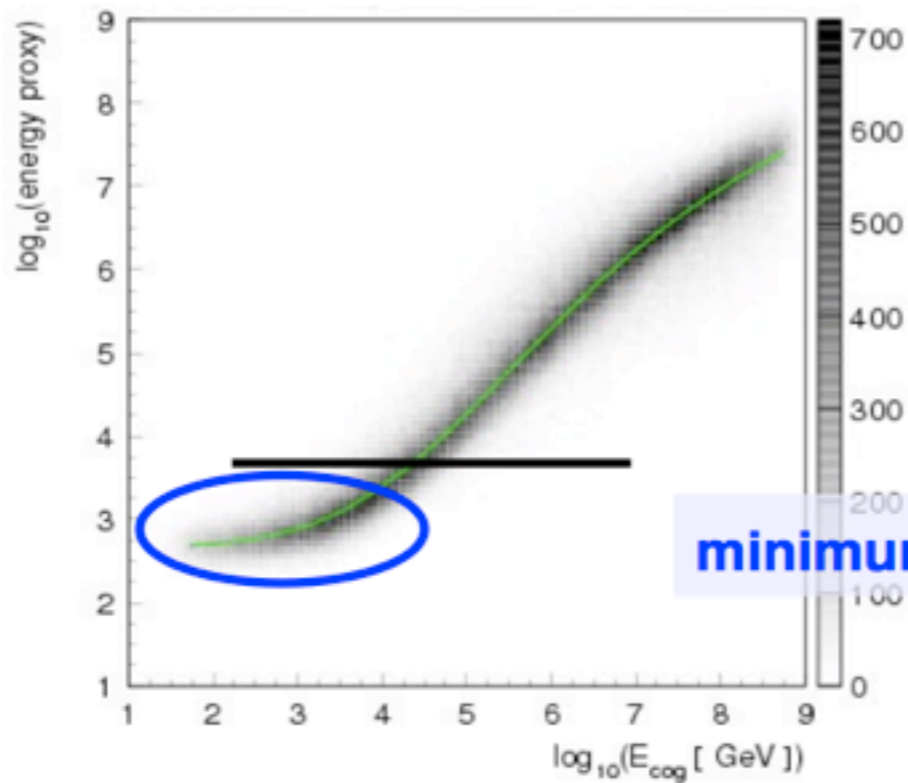




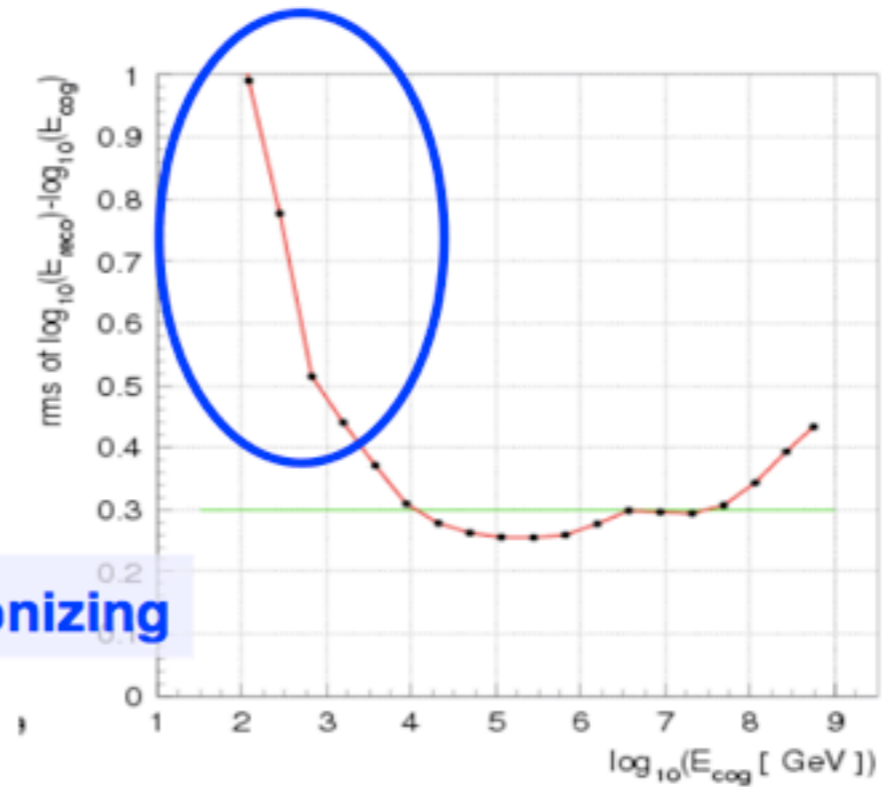
Energy reconstruction



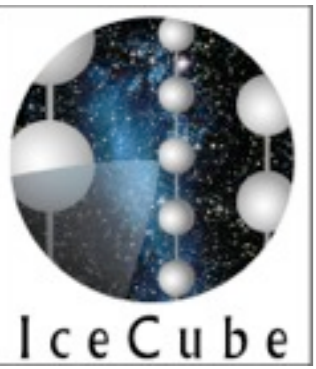
Energy estimators are possible over most of IceCube's sensitive range



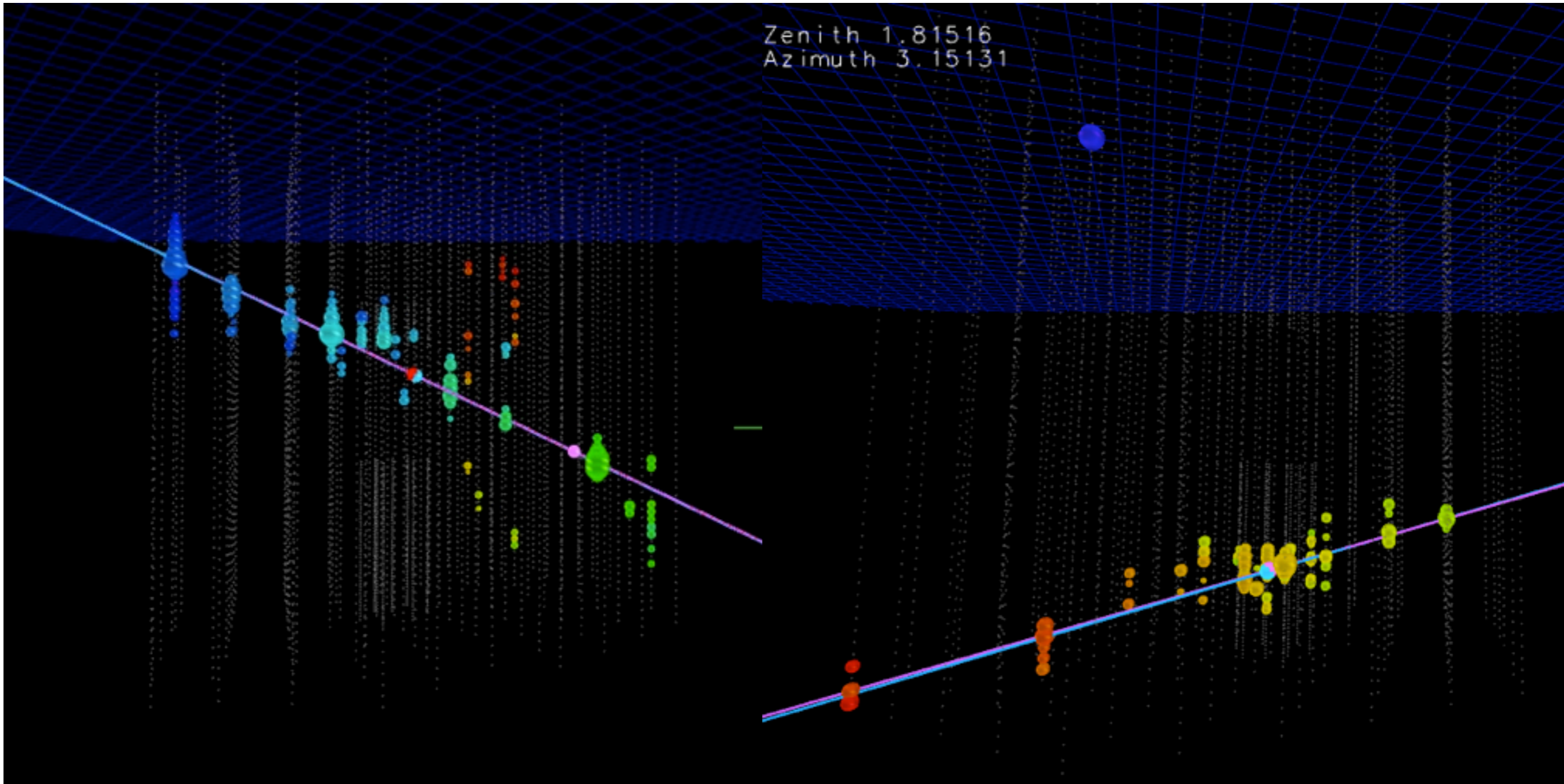
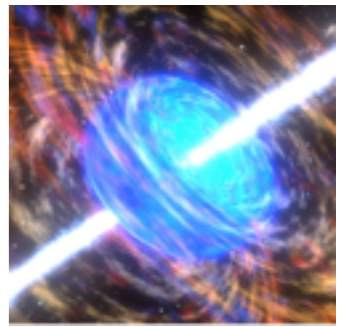
Source: D. Chirkin, UW



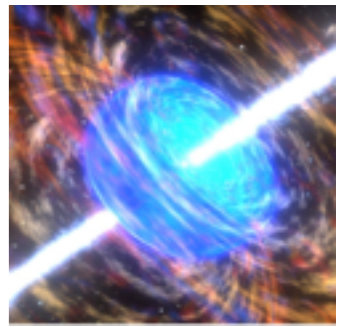
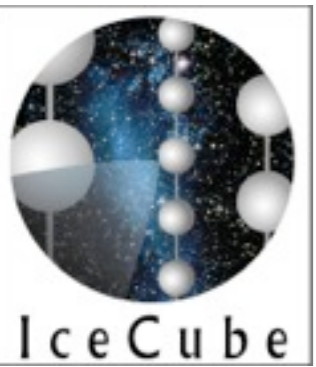
Energy Resolution
 $\sigma(\log_{10} E) \sim 0.3$



86 String neutrinos

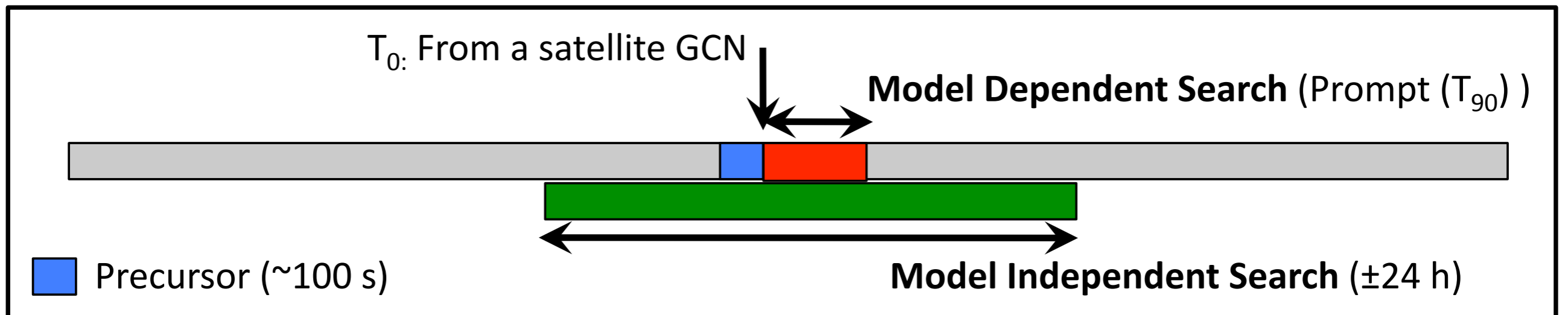


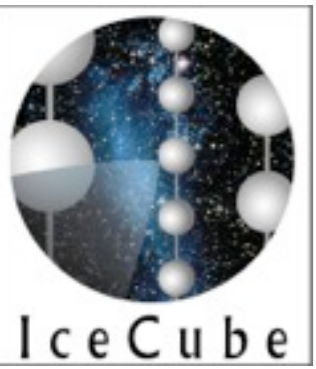
Neutrino events found in online search.
Likely atmospheric neutrinos, our irreducible background



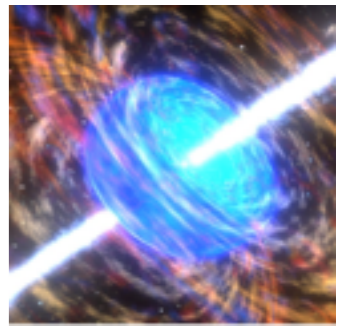
GRB Neutrino Searches

- IceCube performs several searches for neutrinos associated with GRBs.
- Gamma-ray triggered - stacked searches for all bursts with good IceCube data
 - Model dependent search - optimized for a time window matching observed gamma emission
 - Model independent search - expanding time window around each GRB (± 10 seconds \rightarrow ± 1 day)
- Neutrino triggered - alerts to optical observatories
 - See Markus Voge's and Andreas Homeier's presentations
- Combination of spatial and time correlation of neutrino events with GRB yield low background searches





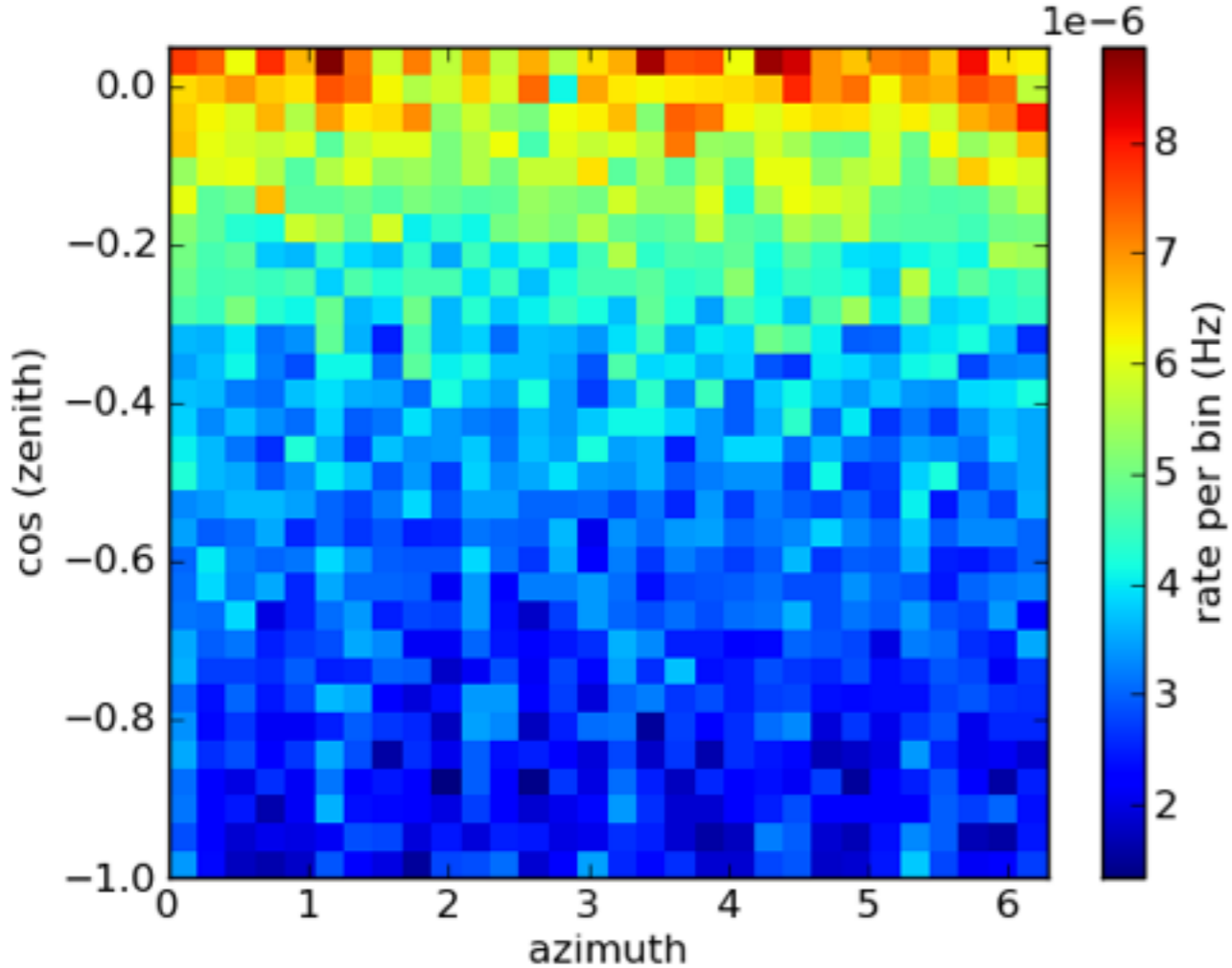
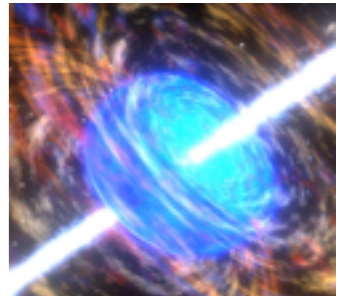
GRB Neutrino Searches



- We perform an unbinned maximum-likelihood search
- Several advantages over a simple binned search:
 - Utilize the expected signal and background spectral differences
 - Poorly measured burst localizations/neutrino directions are handled naturally
- Background PDFs derived from off-time data
- Signal PDF derived from measured gamma-ray data and simulation of neutrino events.
 - Was (IC40+59): Guetta, et al. parameterization of neutrino spectrum based on per-burst measured gamma ray fluence/spectrum
 - Now(IC86): Generic E-2 input spectrum
 - In general searches generally insensitive to modeled spectrum
- Significance determined by repeatedly time scrambling data



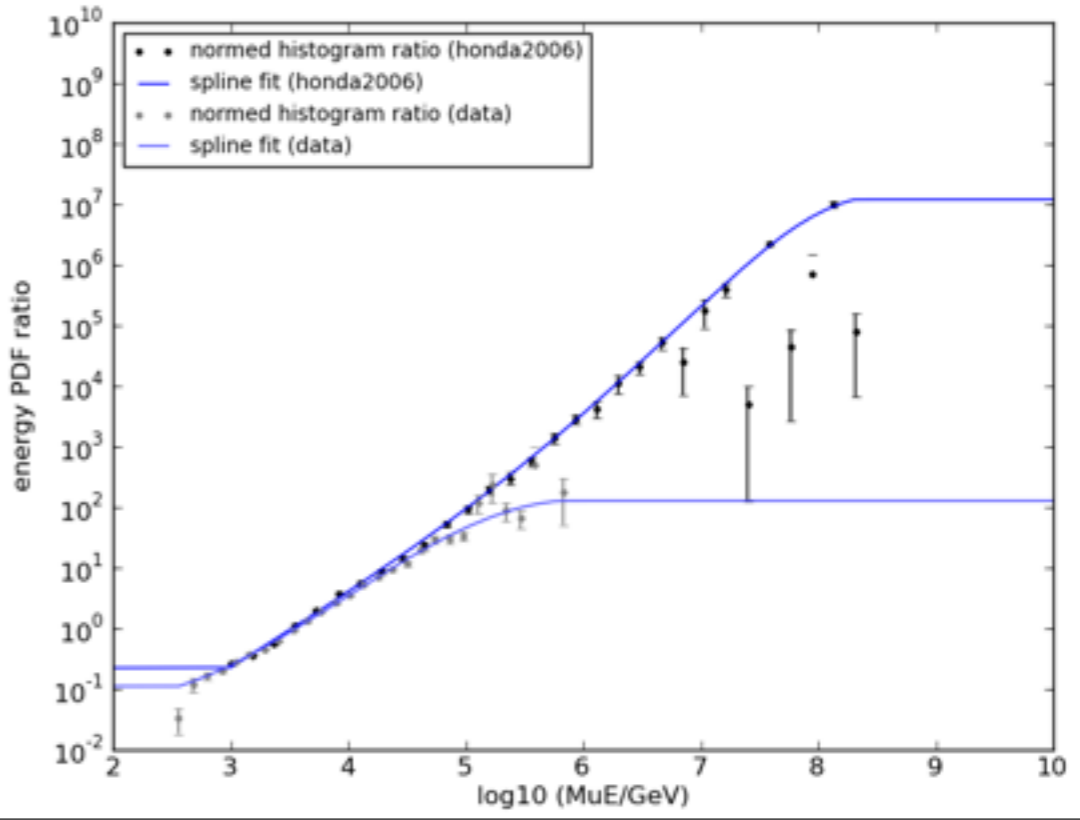
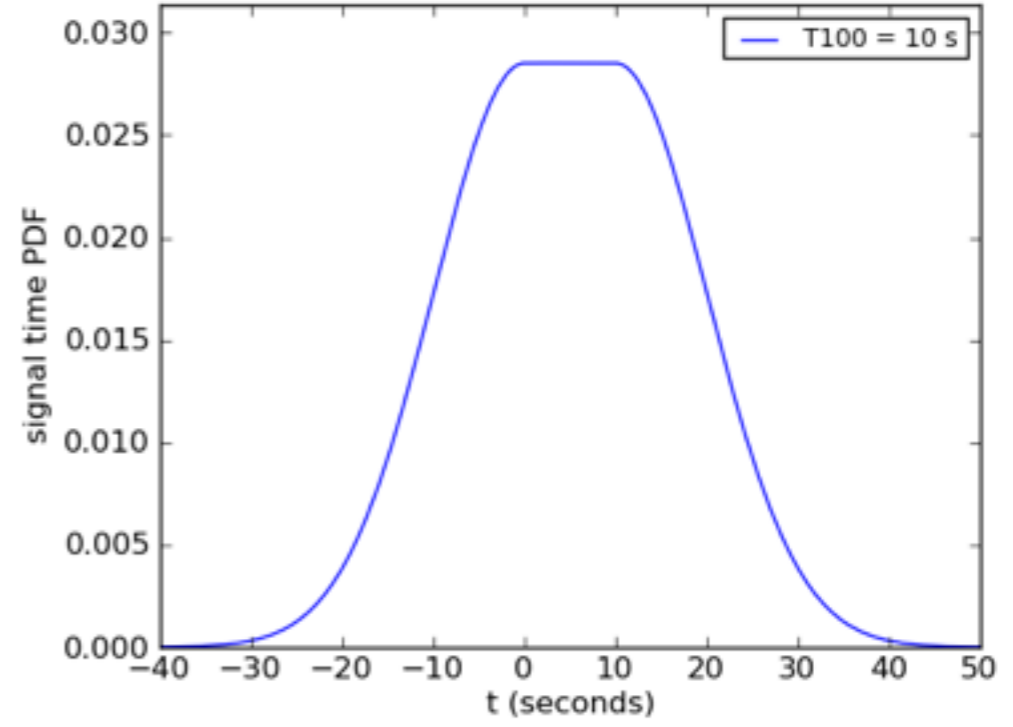
GRB Neutrino search PDFs



Background space pdf

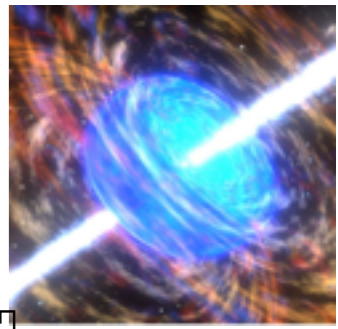
$$PDF_i^{space}(\vec{x}) = \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_s^2} e^{-\frac{(\vec{x}_i - \vec{x}_{GRB})^2}{2\sigma_s^2}}$$

IC86 search pdfs

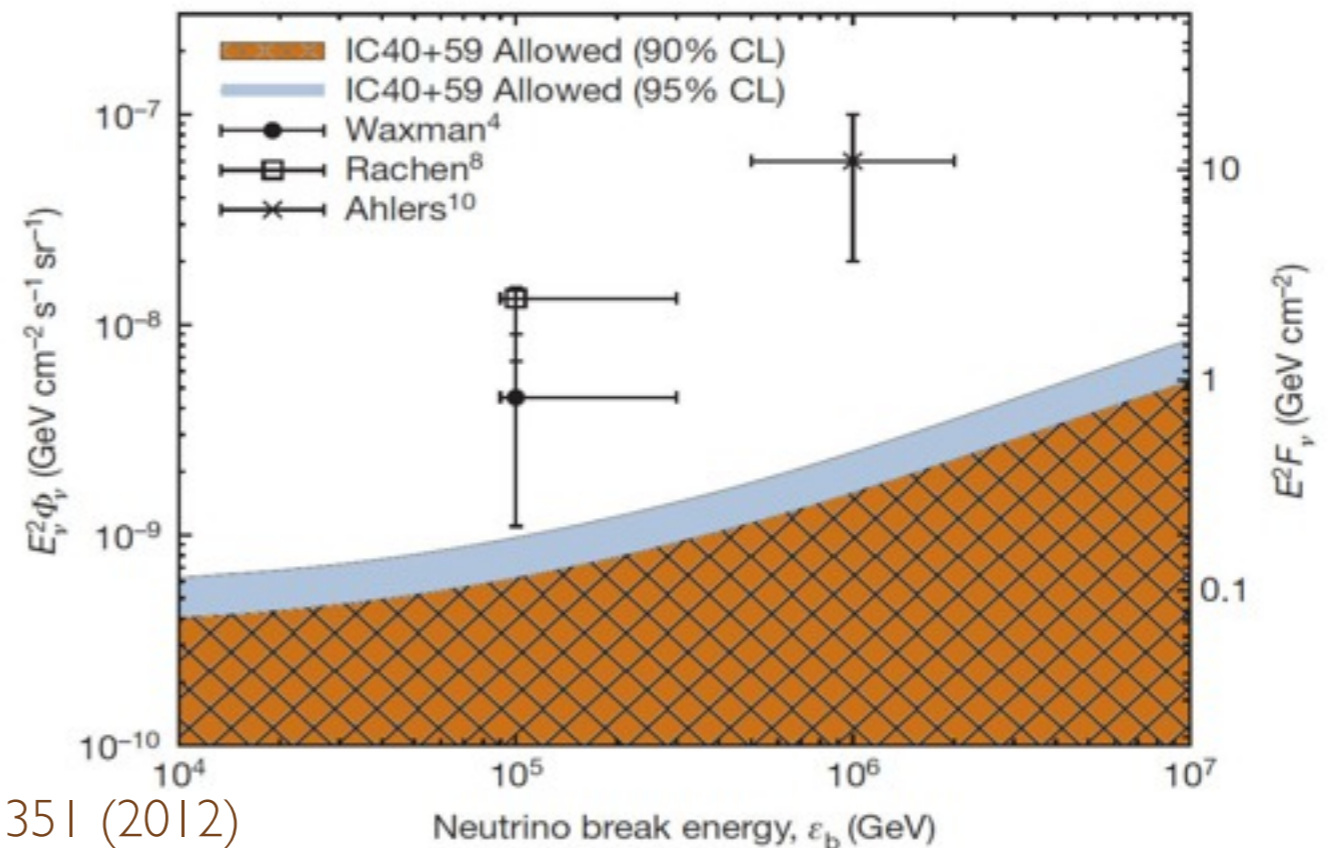
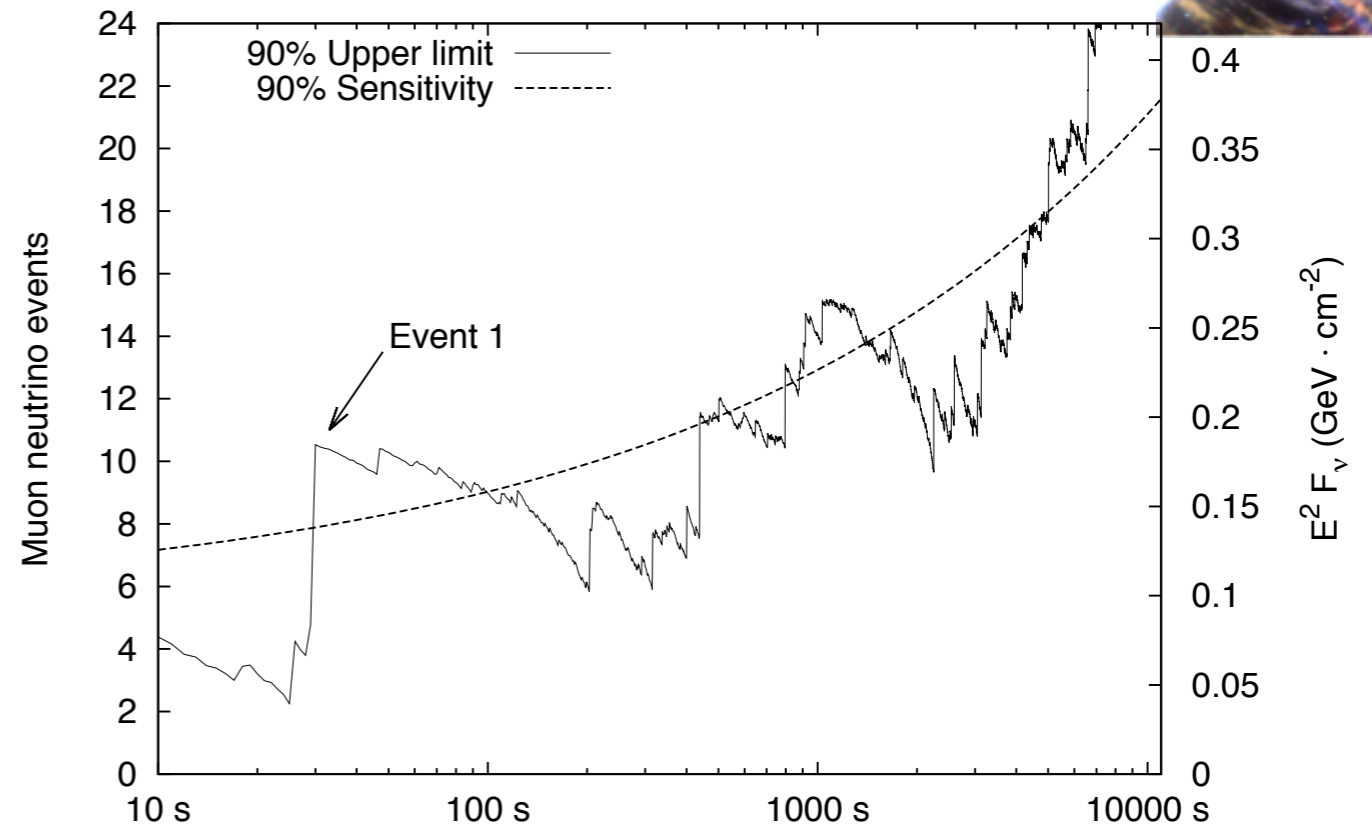




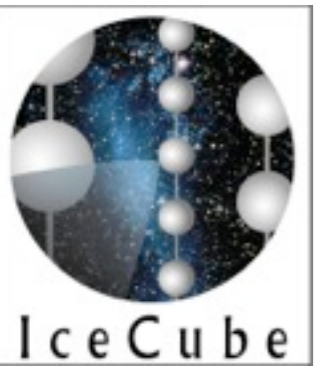
Search results (IC40+59) - No neutrinos



- Model dependent search
 - Focused on northern hemisphere bursts
 - 0 events found on time and on-source
- Model-independent search
 - Burst from entire sky, timescales +/- 10sec
 - 2 low significance events found. IceTop indicate likely cosmic ray muons
- Models constrained
 - Neutron escape models ruled out

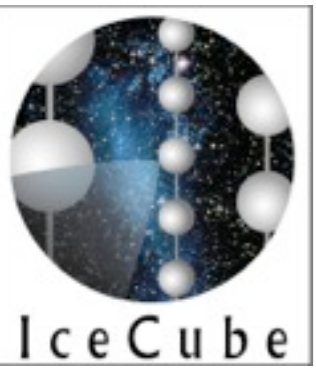


Nature **84**, 351 (2012)



Now what?

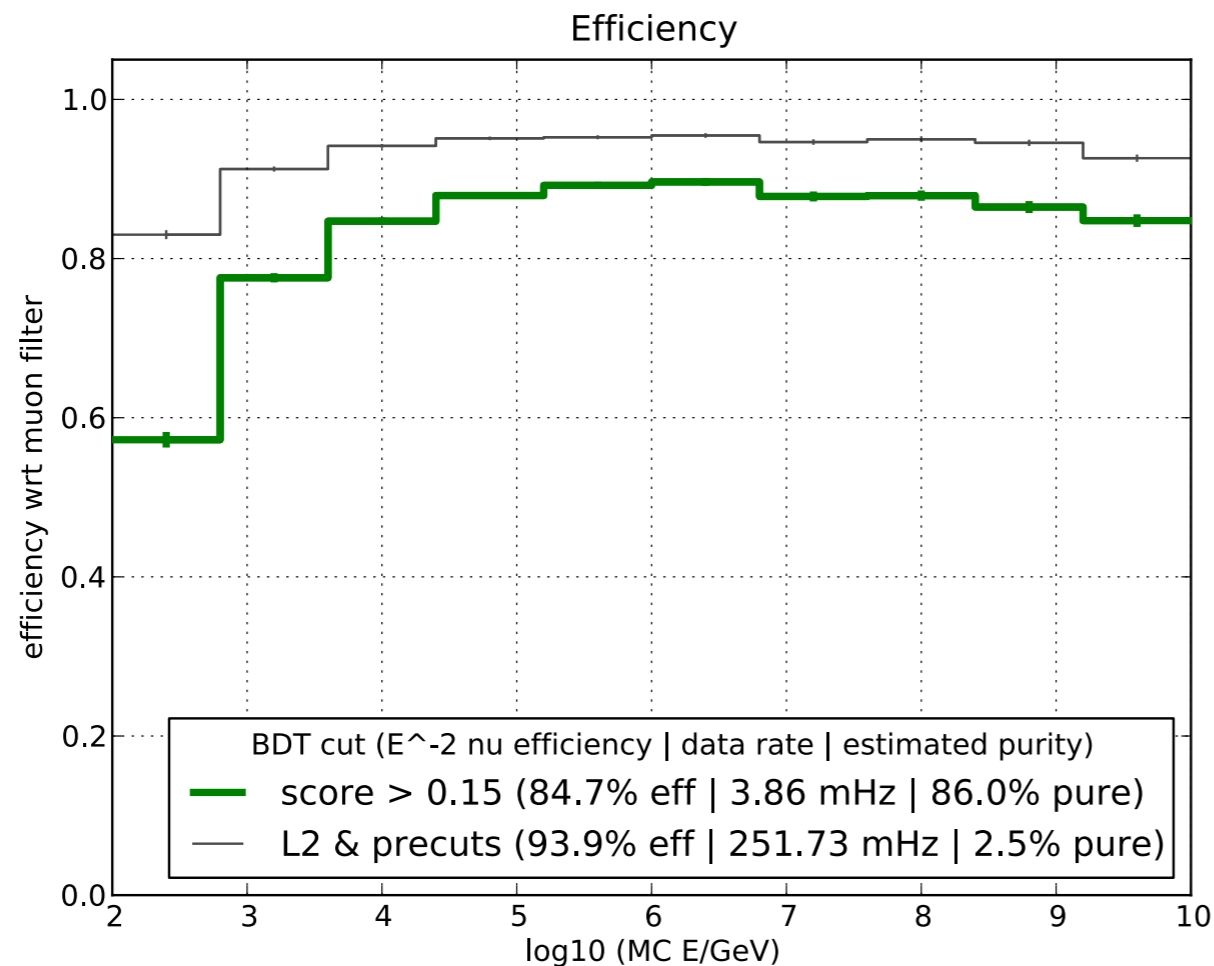
- Non-detection of neutrinos has constrained older Fireball internal shock model neutrino predictions
- New set of models, up to ~ 10 reduction in predicted neutrino fluxes
 - More complete modeling of particle physics that generates neutrinos
- What now for IceCube's searches?
 - Low background search - sensitivity improves linearly with exposure
 - Results from 3 additional years of data available soon
 - Broaden our searches
 - Multiple signal channels
 - All sky
 - (Near) realtime searches for most mature



Example



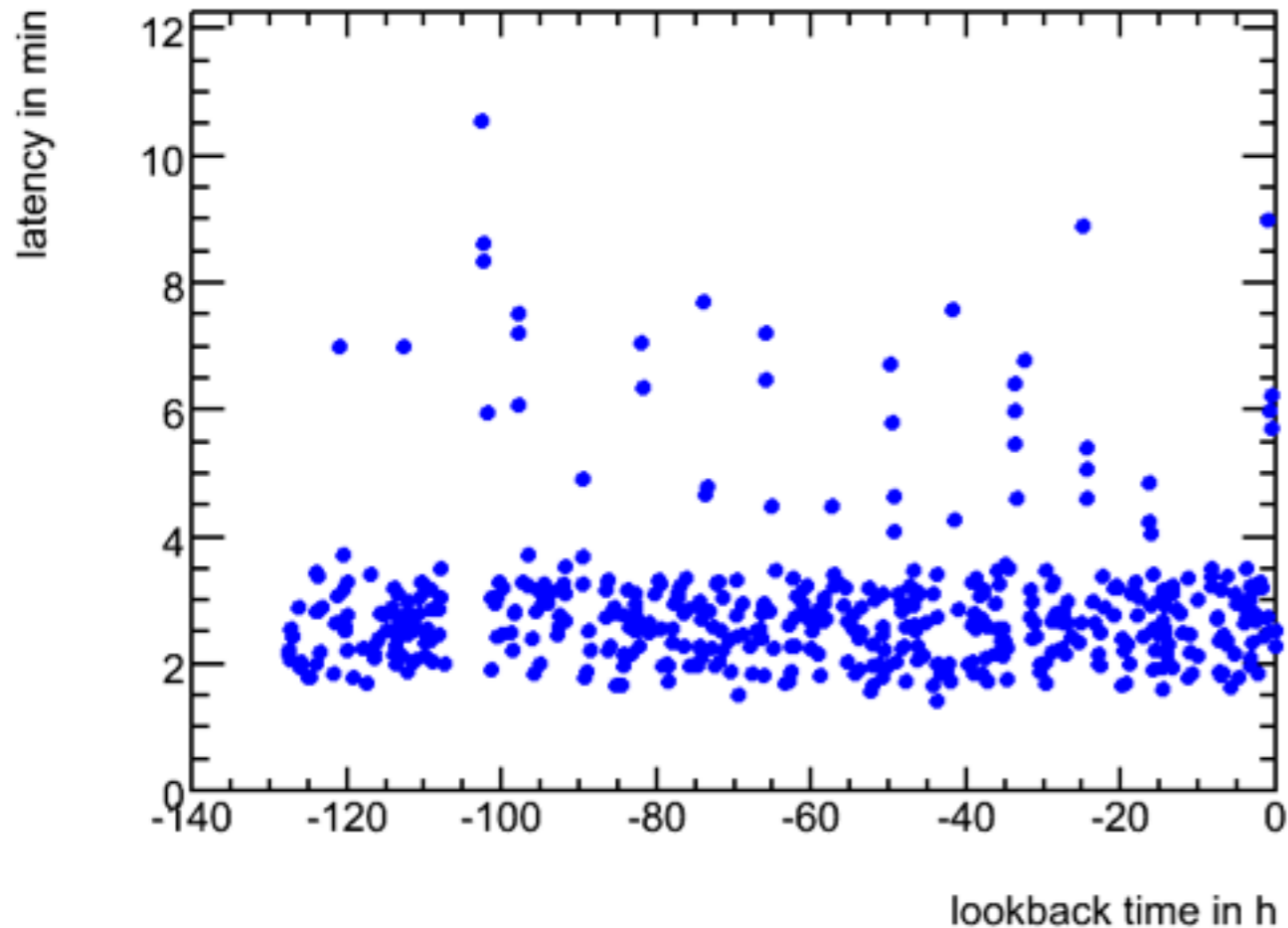
- IC86-2011 GRB analysis
 - Based completely on online neutrino selection
 - OnlineL2 + event quality preselection + BDT cut = neutrinos



Highest efficiency GRB search to date, obtained with values we calculate in realtime ONLINE.

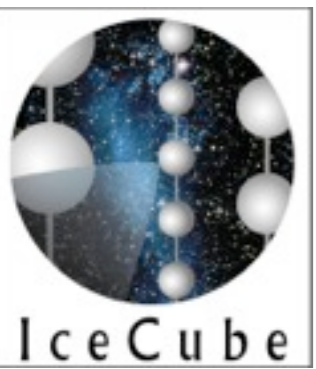


How “Realtime” can we do?

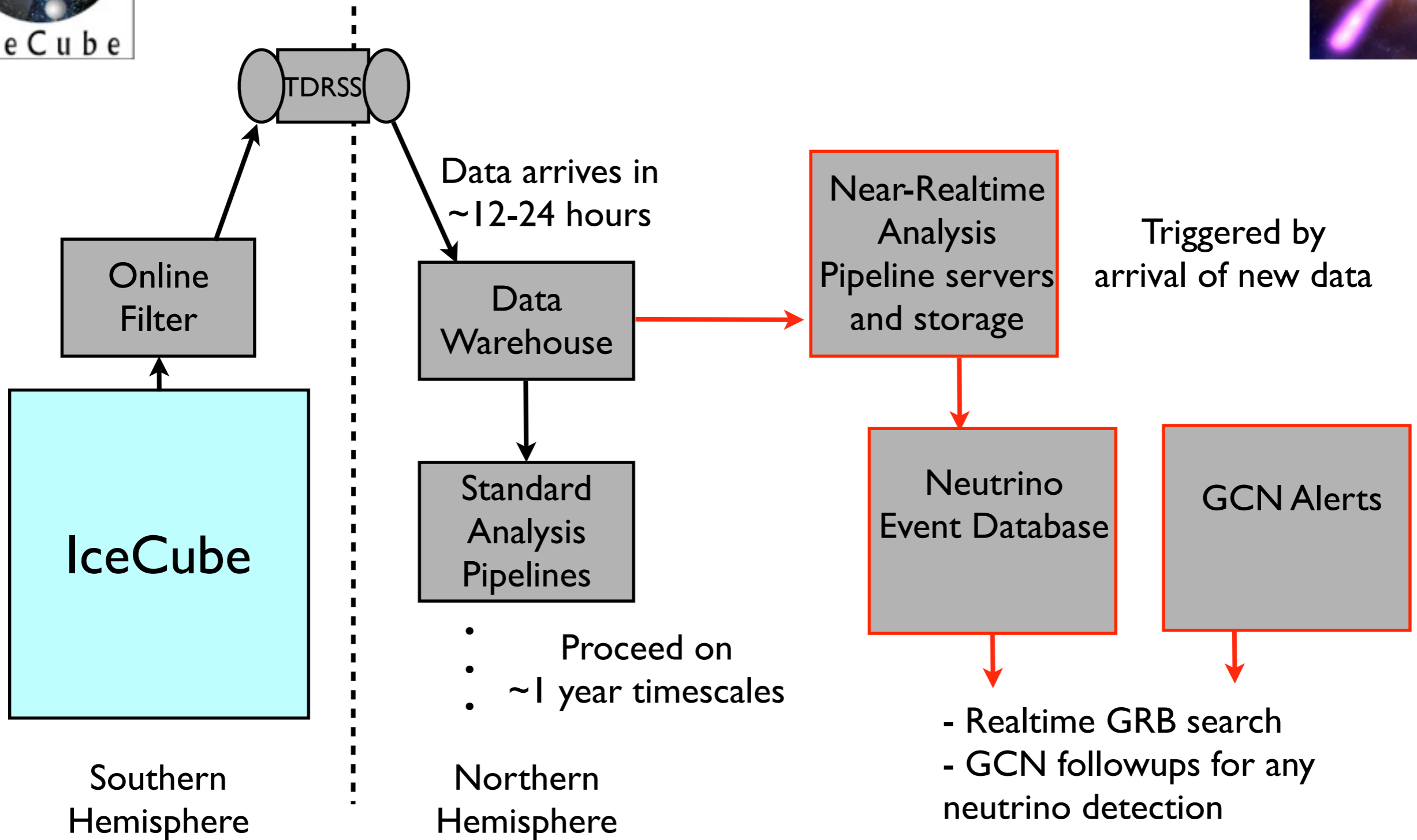


Realtime (online) search latency:
time between time-of-alert
and event time

- Realtime processing can obtain results within ~few minutes of data being collected
- Alerts only travel out
- For gamma-ray triggered searches, difficult to get GCN alerts to pole in timely manner for realtime analysis
- Plan to analyze data once neutrino data arrives in the North (~12-24 hr delay)



Near realtime GRB search



Goal: Notify community as quickly as possible when a neutrino/GRB coincidence is found



Tools



- GRBweb - database of GRB data
- IceCube complete - stable detector
- Very low background search
 - Up-going “background” rate is $O(0.01)$ Hz all sky
 - A single event can be a significant discovery.
- Improved search techniques
 - Angular reconstruction improvements - insufficient computing resources at South Pole to apply in some cases
 - Better rejection of multiple muon backgrounds from intelligent event splitting

grbweb

BETA

Sunday 3rd of February 2013

[Home](#) [Help](#)

Welcome to grbweb. Use the form below to select a GRB period. Looking for the IceCube version? Click [here](#).

From GCN message date (yyyy/mm/dd) to (yyyy/mm/dd)

[Select All](#) [Unselect All](#) [Download selected \(txt\)](#) [Print selected](#) [Draw W&B spectrum](#) [Draw sky map](#)

GRB	Position			T100	Time		Spectrum							Other			Neutrino Spectrum							
	Name	RA	Decl		ERR	UTT	T1	T2	α_γ	β_γ	ϵ_γ	F_γ	E_{min}	E_{max}	z	T1 GCN	T2 GCN	Light Curve	Num. Circulars	f_ν	ϵ_1	ϵ_2	α_ν	β_ν
120401A	58.083	-17.636	0.0004	145.69	2012-04-01 05:24:15	-92.97	52.72	1.66	2.66	200	9.1E-7	0.015	0.15	2.15	13186 swiftbat	13186 swiftbat	NO	6	1.18e-15	0.35	3.17	0.34	1.34	3.34
120402A	314.326	19.258	0.05	0	2012-04-02 00:00:00	0	0	1	2	1000	1.0E-5	0.015	0.15	0.5			NO	4	8.33e-14	0.35	3.17	1	2	4
120402B	223.7	-10.4	10.72	27.652	2012-04-02 16:04:00	-7.46	20.192	1.35	2.44	37.2	3.4E-6	0.01	1	2.15	13194 fermigbm	13194 fermigbm	YES	3	2.92e-16	3.07	3.17	0.56	1.65	3.65
120403A	42.458	40.489	0.0383	1.4	2012-04-03 01:05:23	0	1.4	1.64	2.64	1000	1.0E-7	0.015	0.15	0.5	13195 swiftbat	13195 swiftbat	NO	4	1.12e-16	0.31	2.10	0.36	1.36	3.36
120403B	55.276	-89.009	0.0006	8.3	2012-04-03 20:33:56	-3	5.3	1.51	3.51	182	4.6E-7	0.004	10	2.15	13207 swiftbat	13207 swiftbat	YES	9	4.28e-16	0.26	3.17	-0.51	1.49	3.49
120404A	235.01	12.885	0.0004	45.76	2012-04-04 12:51:02	-7.31	38.45	1.85	2.85	200	1.6E-6	0.015	0.15	2.88	13220 swiftbat	13220 swiftbat	NO	23	2.64e-15	0.23	2.57	0.15	1.15	3.15
120410A	159.63	-17	13.5	1.08	2012-04-10 14:02:01	-1.02	0.06	1.05	2.25	205	2.907E-7	0.008	1	0.5	GBMdb	GBMdb	NO	1	4.49e-17	2.10	3.26	0.75	2.75	4.75
120411A	38.07	-7.24	13.4	38.91	2012-04-11 00:10:00	0	38.91	1.05	2.25	205	1.464E-6	0.008	1	2.15	GBMdb	GBMdb	NO	1	9.16e-16	0.74	3.17	0.75	1.95	3.95

grbweb.icecube.wisc.edu



Outlook



- IceCube neutrino searches from GRB have found no neutrino candidates to date
 - Constrained models
- New generation of GRB models predicts a reduced flux of neutrinos
- Very low background searches will continue to search
- Next : move to near realtime GRB neutrino searches
 - Provide rapid alert for additional followup in the event of a signal detection.
 - How can we ensure this is the done in the most useful way?

The IceCube Collaboration

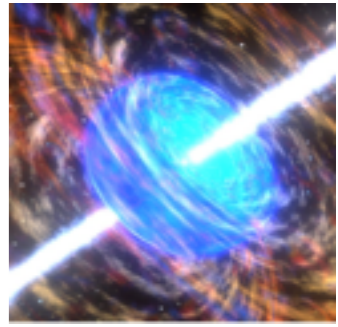


International Funding Agencies

Fonds de la Recherche Scientifique (FRS-FNRS)
 Fonds Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek-Vlaanderen (FWO-Vlaanderen)
 Federal Ministry of Education & Research (BMBF)

German Research Foundation (DFG)
 Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron (DESY)
 Knut and Alice Wallenberg Foundation
 Swedish Polar Research Secretariat

The Swedish Research Council (VR)
 University of Wisconsin Alumni Research Foundation (WARF)
 US National Science Foundation (NSF)



- Backups