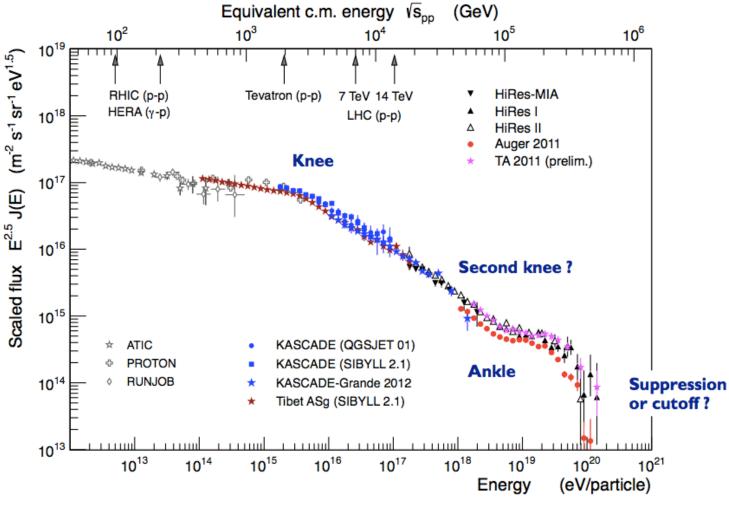
Cosmic-ray session summary

David Berge 12. Feb 2013

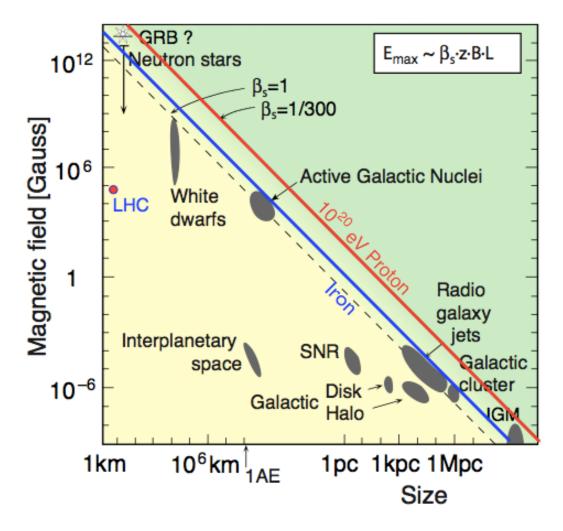
- Identify areas connecting cosmic-ray physics and physics done with collider detectors
- Compile a list of measurements that are most important for understanding air shower
- We need a common sense for what's needed, and should try to establish a way to achieve this (future activities!)

General features of cosmic ray flux

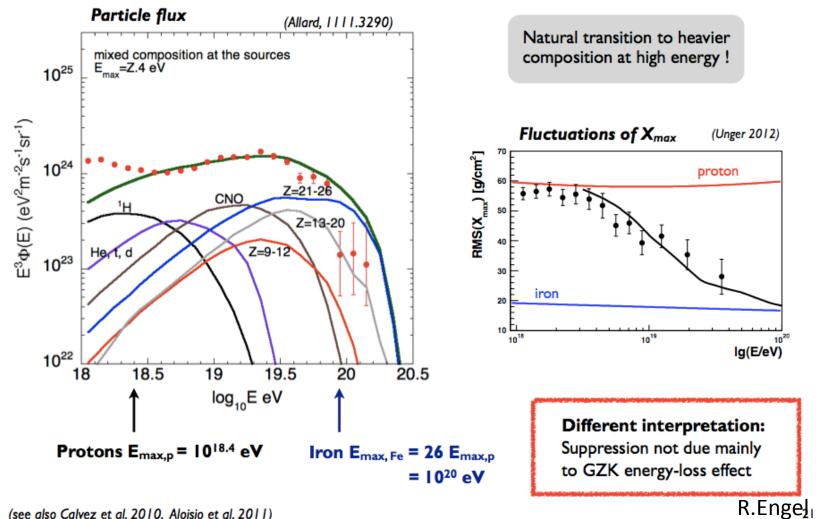


R.Engel

Science questions very brief



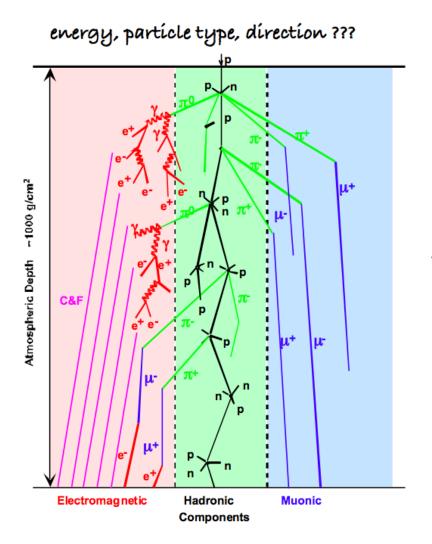
Upper end of <u>source</u> energy spectrum seen ?



David Berge (NIKHEF) / 12 Feb 2013

Measuring type and energy of primary particles

Schematic Shower Development

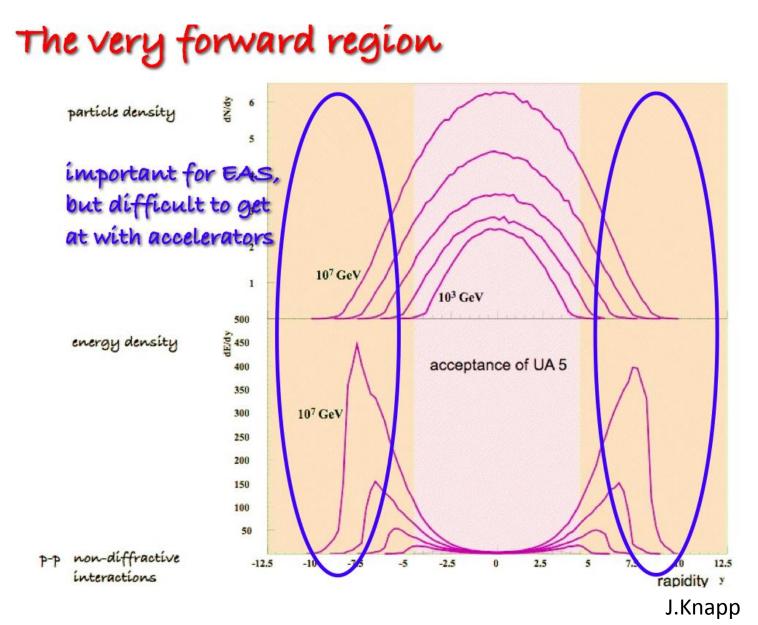


p, n, π μ, e, γ	: near shower axís : more wídely spread
	from π^0 , μ decays $\approx 10 \text{ MeV}$
μ:	from π±, K, decays ≈1 GeV
Ne, γ : N μ ≈ 10 - 100 varying with	

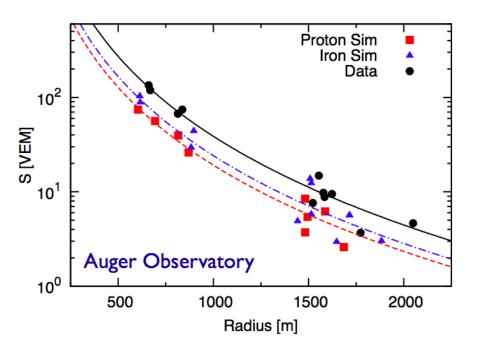
core dístance, energy, mass, Θ, ... Detaíls depend on: hadroníc and el.mag. partícle productíon,

cross-sections, decays, transport, at energies from ≈ 10^e ... >10²⁰ eV (far above man-made accelerators) Earth magnetic field, the ever-changing atmosphere

Complex interplay with many correlations

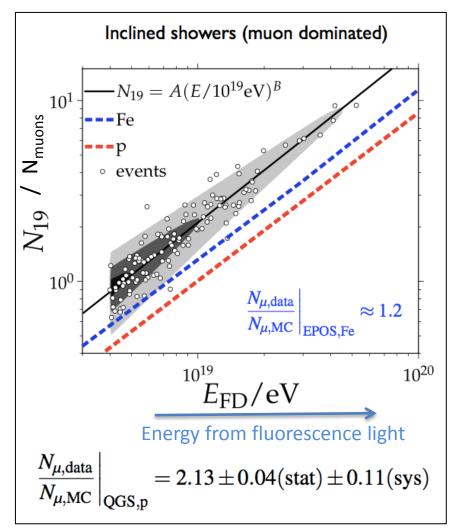


Muon excess measured by Auger



Cosmic-ray experiments measure primary particle energies via muon numbers on ground and fluorescence light (electrons/positrons excite nitrogen molecules, these de-excite by emitting photons).

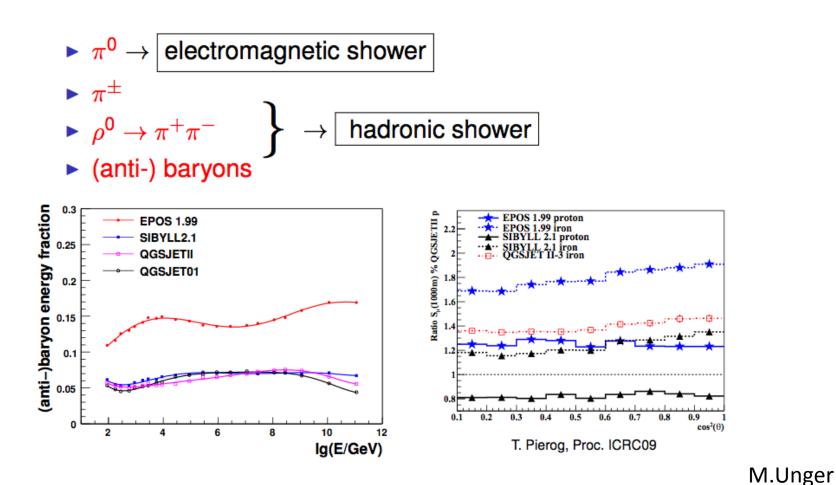
20-100% more muons measured than David Berge (NikHEF) / 12 Feb 2013



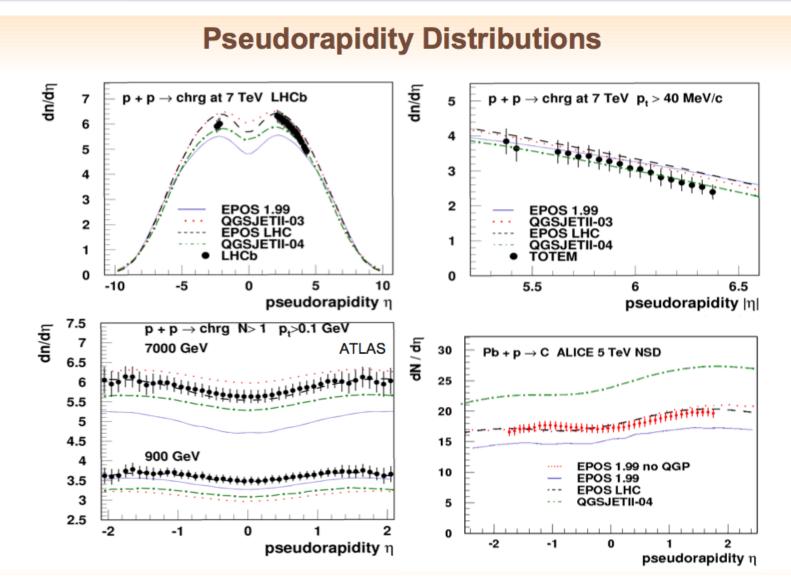
R.Engel

Muons in UHE Air Showers

Number of muons depends on energy fraction of produced hadrons



Cosmic-ray MC generators 'challenging' collider MC

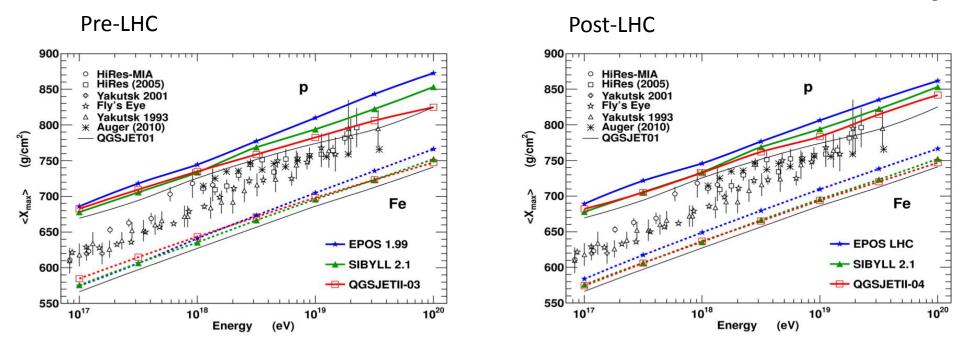


Particularly important in view of 13 TeV running after shutdown...

David Berge (NIKHEF) / 12 Feb 2013

T.Pierog

LHC impact on shower MC



Lots of helpful measurements exist, many more can be done with existing data, one example of measurements that could, but cannot yet, be done: light ions

David Berge (NIKHEF) / 12 Feb 2013

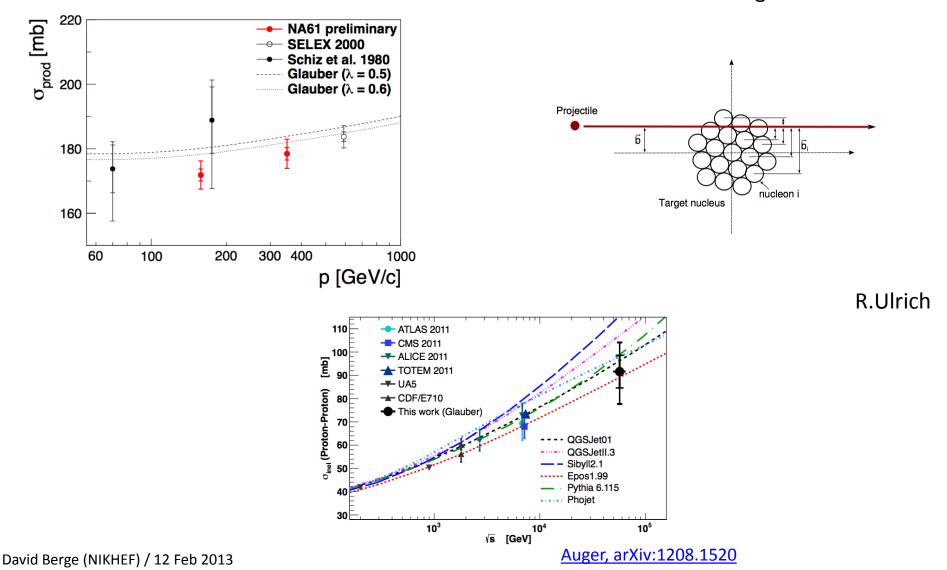
T.Pierog

Light ions LHC running (Django Manglunki)

- In many ways light ions like Oxygen and Nitrogen should be collided with protons to connect to air-shower physics
- Rough informal feasibility study suggests that this is technically possible
 - Oxygen for example easier as it's already used for preparation of Pb beam
 - A few weeks of commissioning, parasitically
 - A case for forming a science case within a mixed community of LHC and CR physicists (LHC forward detectors in particular)
- Clear and strong interest formulated a couple of times, to be followed up

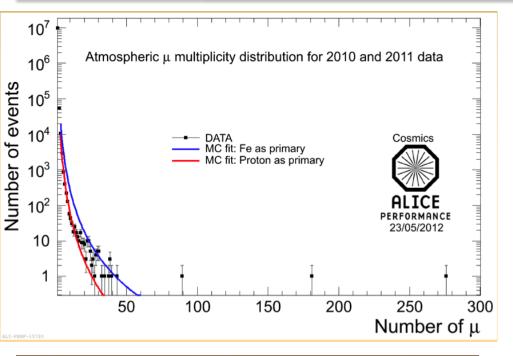
NA61: low-energy π C, pC, etc

M.Unger, p-



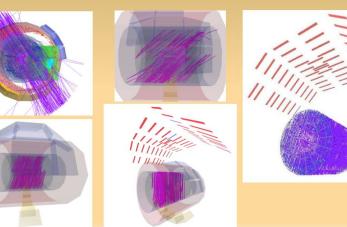
Glauber model: geometric model

Muon bundles



High muon multiplicity events in Alice

2010-2013 : 5 events with N μ > 100 in ~ 22 days $\rightarrow~\sim~$ 1 event every 5 days



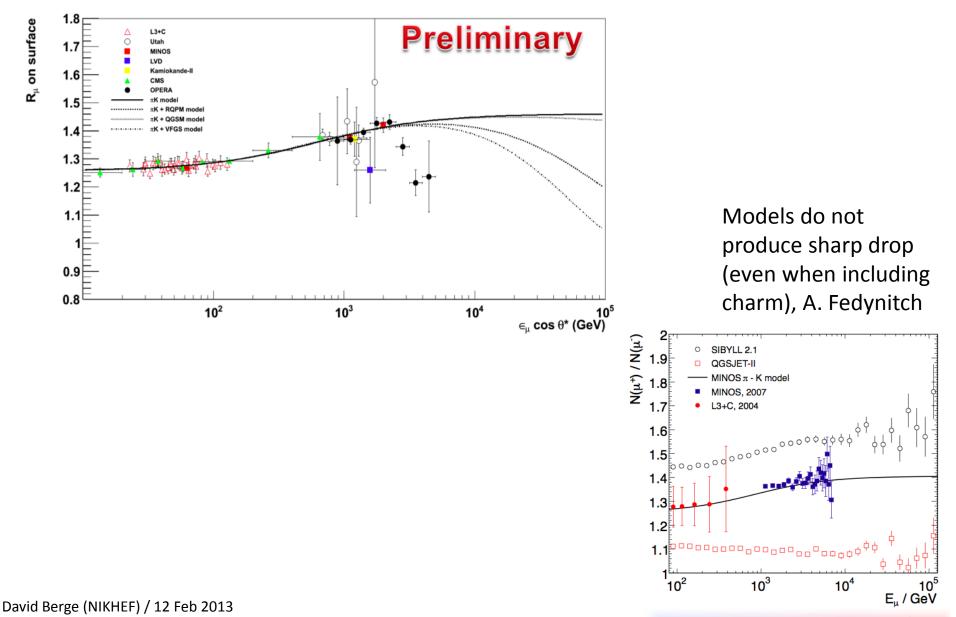
Seen in LEP, seen now by LHC experiments, cosmic muon bundles at surprisingly large multiplicities. Different type of interface between collider and cosmicray experiments... Surface air-shower counters being discussed for ATLAS.

B.Alessandro

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OPERA muon charge ratio

N.Mauri, OPERA



- Interactions are important but not sufficient, need common approach
 - List of actions helps, but is usually not enough
- Most (all?) of our resources focused on LHC mainstream physics
 - Example: ATLAS trigger detectors for soft charged particles will disappear
- LHC In-house versus Invasion
- Extend to generic astroparticle physics discussions?
 - Dark matter of course
 - Much more sensitive
 - Combination of LHC measurements, and LHC with others