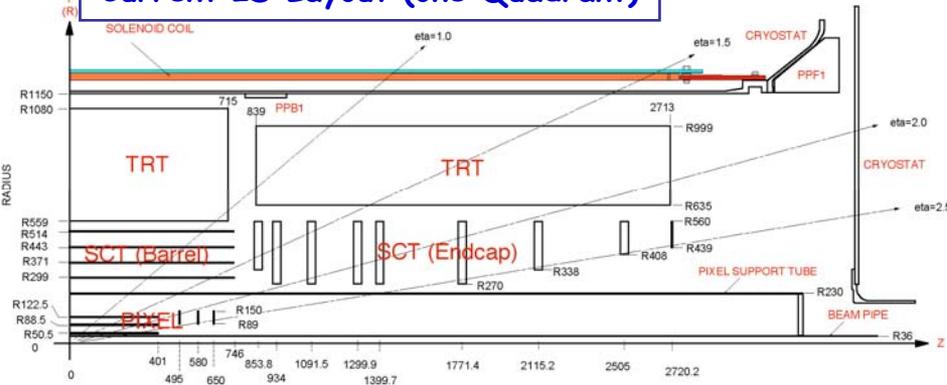


# The Front-End Hybrid for the ATLAS HL-LHC Silicon Strip Tracker

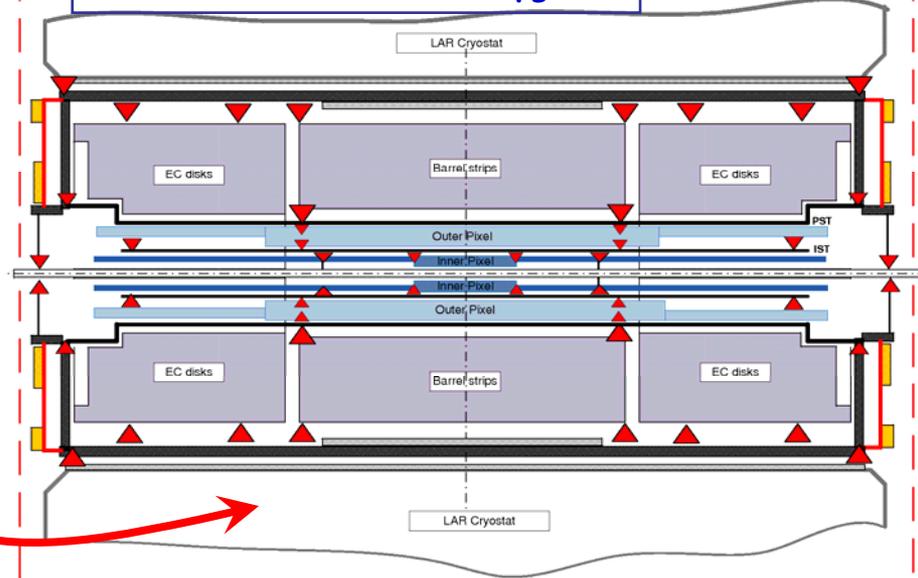
**Kambiz Mahboubi, University of Freiburg**  
*for ATLAS Inner Tracker Silicon Strip Upgrade Community*

# Silicon Strip Tracker Layout

Current ID Layout (one Quadrant)



Sketch of Inner Tracker upgrade

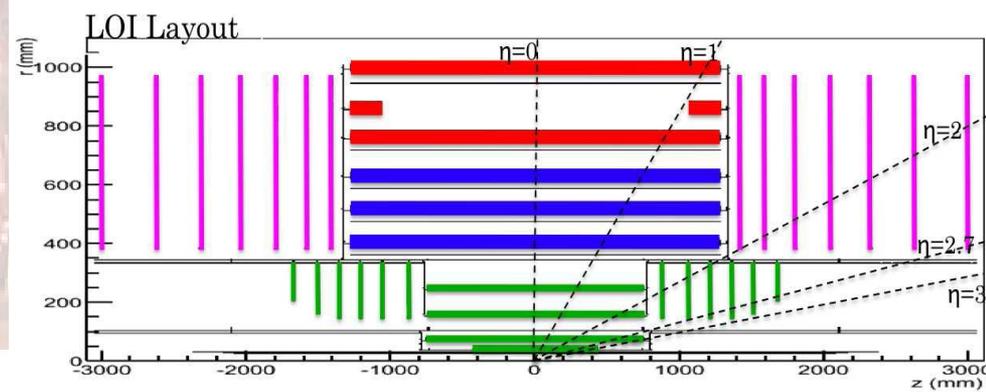


**ATLAS HL-LHC Phase 2 Upgrade (~ 2022)**

- All Silicon Inner Tracker Strips (replacing TRT + SCT) + Pixels
- More demanding in terms of: Occupancy, Radiation, Ch #, ...

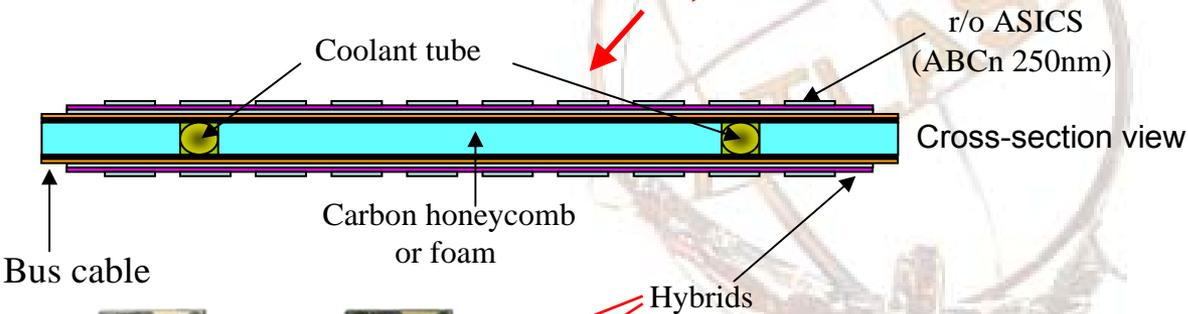
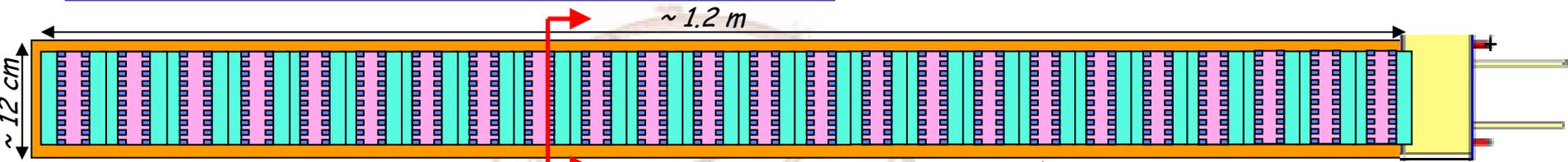
**LoI Layout (Silicon Strip Tracker)**

Barrel: 3 short + 2 Long + 1 Stub Layers  
EndCaps: 7 Disks per End

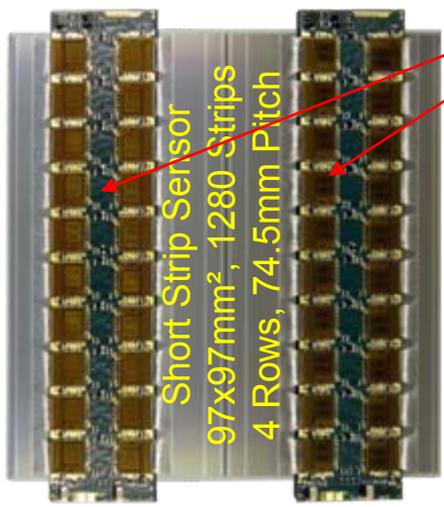
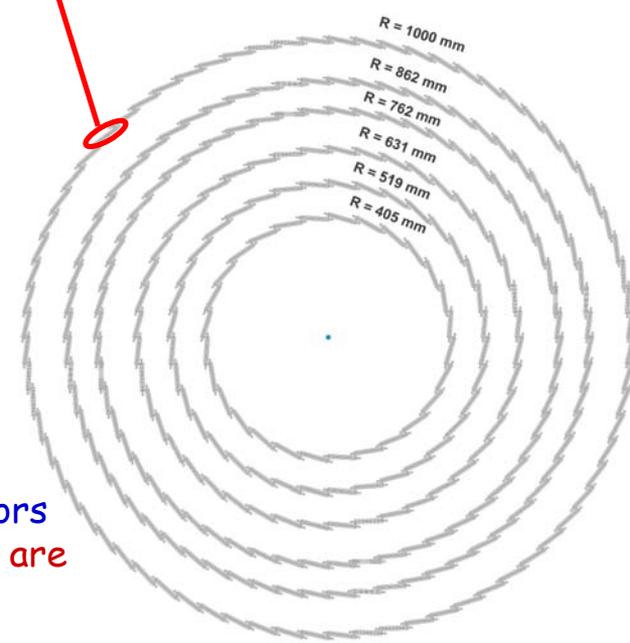


# Barrel Staves I (Baseline Design)

Top view Stave w/ 12 Modules (ABCn 250nm r/o ASICs)



In total 472 Staves Installed  
10° tilted on mechanical  
Support structure



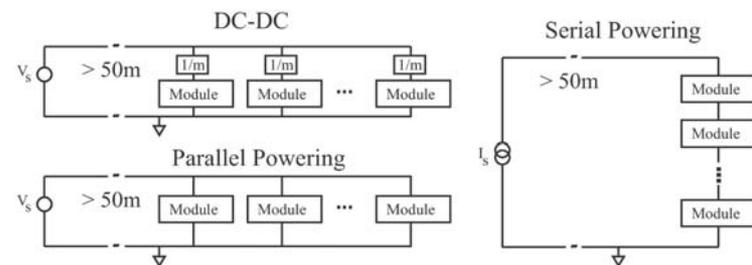
Built Physical Single sided Module

**Barrel Baseline Concept: Stave**  
- Single sided modules mounted on highly integrated local support structures

Stave (single sided) Modules:  
Hybrids glued directly on Barrel Strip sensors  
Currently ~70 fully functional such modules are being built in various sites/institutes

# Barrel (ABCN-25) Stave Modules & Stavelet Serially/DC-DC Powering

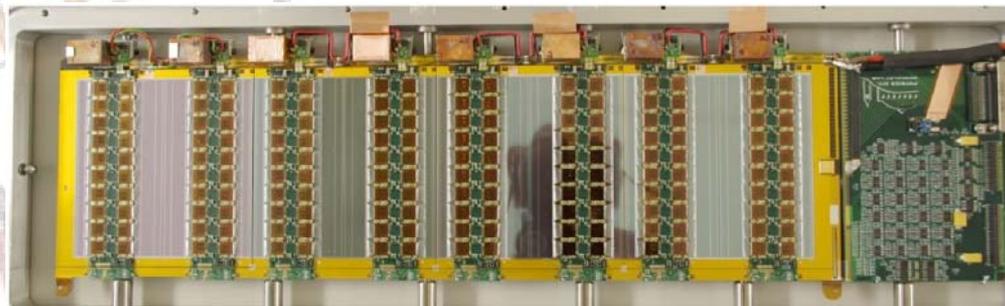
Stavelet: shorter version of Stave. Consists of 4 modules  
Barrel community actively tests various powering options,  
serial (SP) and DC-DC: so far no preferences  
Two Prototype Stavelets are constructed for these studies  
(apart From special Lab setups)



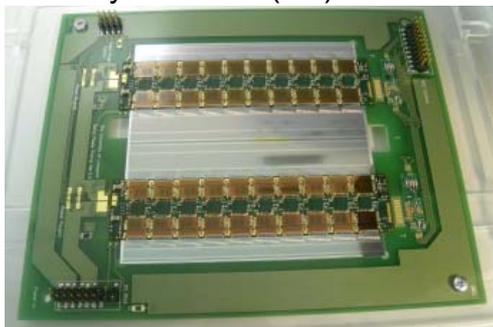
Stave Module (ABCN-25) Hybrid  
DC-DC Powered Test Frame



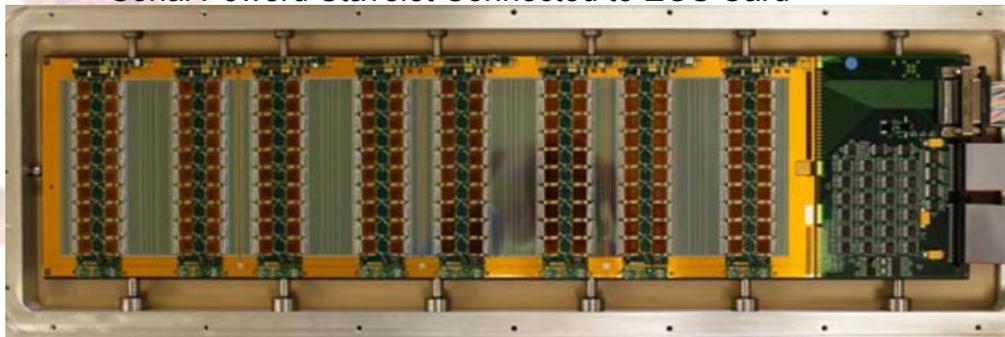
DC-DC Powerd Stavelet Connected to EOS Card



Stave Module (ABCN-25) Hybrid  
Serially Powered (SP) Test Frame



Serial Powerd Stavelet Connected to EOS Card



## Barrel Hybrid (ABCn 250nm)

- Hybrid is designed to accommodate 20 x ABCN-25 readout ASICs (2 columns of 10)
- Layout topology matches large area sensor
- ASICs placed to match sensor pitch and bond pad profile
- Hybrid Power and Digital I/O bond fields at opposite ends
- Circuit exploits features of ABCN-25
  - Bi-directional data paths
  - Embedded distributed shunt regulators (for serial powering)
    - Requires external control circuit

4 layer flex using conservative design rules  
 + maintains optimum volume/yield 100 $\mu$ m track/gap  
 blind vias (**375 $\mu$ m lands with 150 $\mu$ m drill**) 50 $\mu$ m dielectrics

Layer 1 & 2:	Signal
Layer 3:	Analogue and Digital Power
Layer 4:	Common Ground

Solder Resist (25 $\mu$ m)

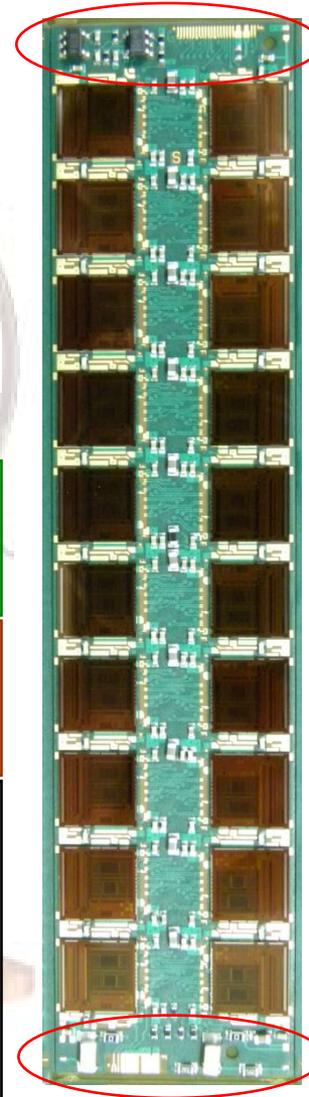
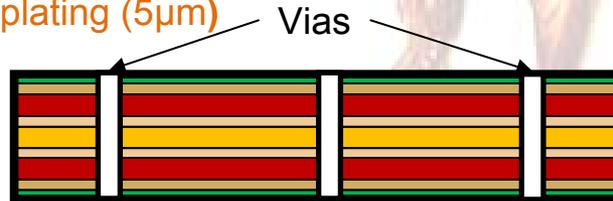
5 $\mu$ m Cu foil carrier + Ni/Au plating (5 $\mu$ m)

Bond ply (50 $\mu$ m)

Cu (18 $\mu$ m)

Kapton (50 $\mu$ m)

Build thickness is ~280 $\mu$ m



Mshunt control and  
Digital I/O

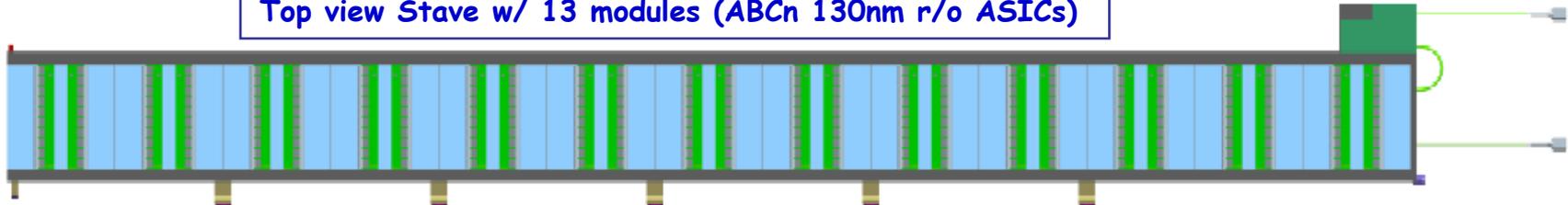
**Tested successfully for  
functional and electrical  
performance**

**Input noise  $\leq 400e$  ENC**  
**Gain  $\sim 110\text{mV/fC}$**   
**Threshold variation  $\sim 1\text{mV}$**

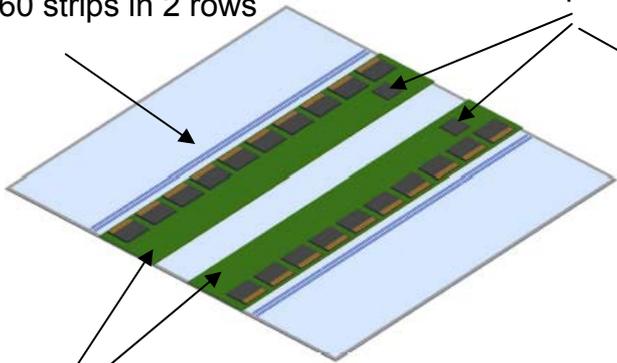
Hybrid Power and  
sensor HV filtering  
(spec'd to 500V)

# Barrel Staves II (Baseline Design)

Top view Stave w/ 13 modules (ABCn 130nm r/o ASICs)



Barrel Silicon Strip Sensor  
w/ 5120 strips in 4 rows  
or 2560 strips in 2 rows

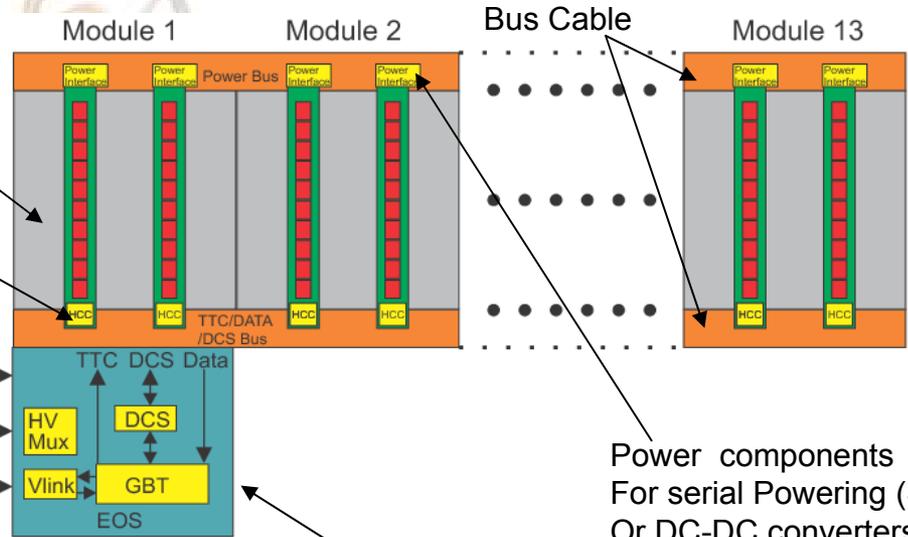


Hybrid Controller Chips (HCC)  
One per Hybrid.

Sensor

hybrids, each w/ 10 r/o ASICs (ABCN130)

Stave (single sided) Modules:  
Hybrids glued directly on Barrel Strip sensors

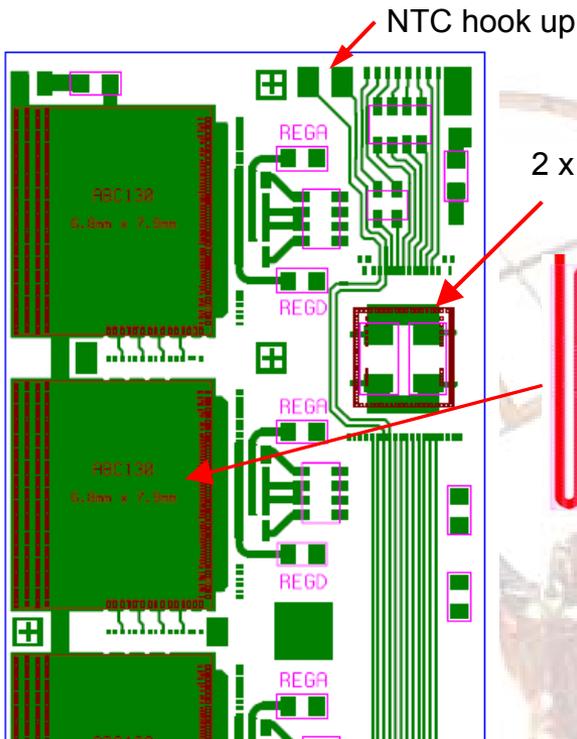
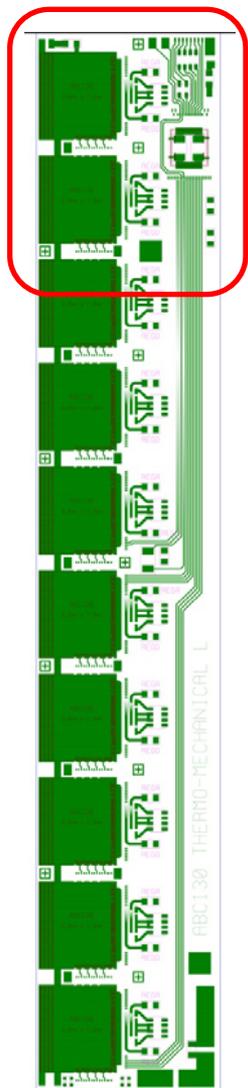


Power components  
For serial Powering (SP)  
Or DC-DC converters

End of SubStructure (EOS) Card  
Interfacing to off-Detector electronics

**Barrel Baseline Concept: Stave (R/O, Power, etc.)**  
- Single sided modules mounted on Stave  
- TTC/Data Through EoS, HCC to/from Hybrid

# Barrel Hybrid (ABCn 130nm Thermo-Mechanical)

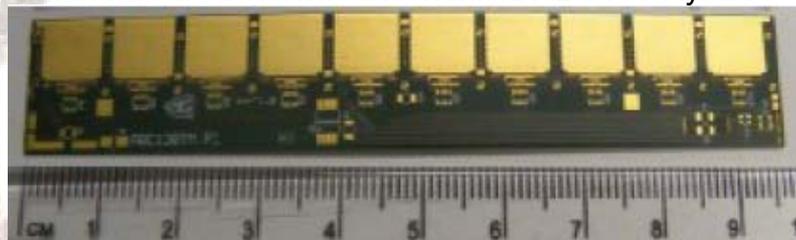


2 x 0.5Ω 1/4W for HCC heat load (0.25Ω total)



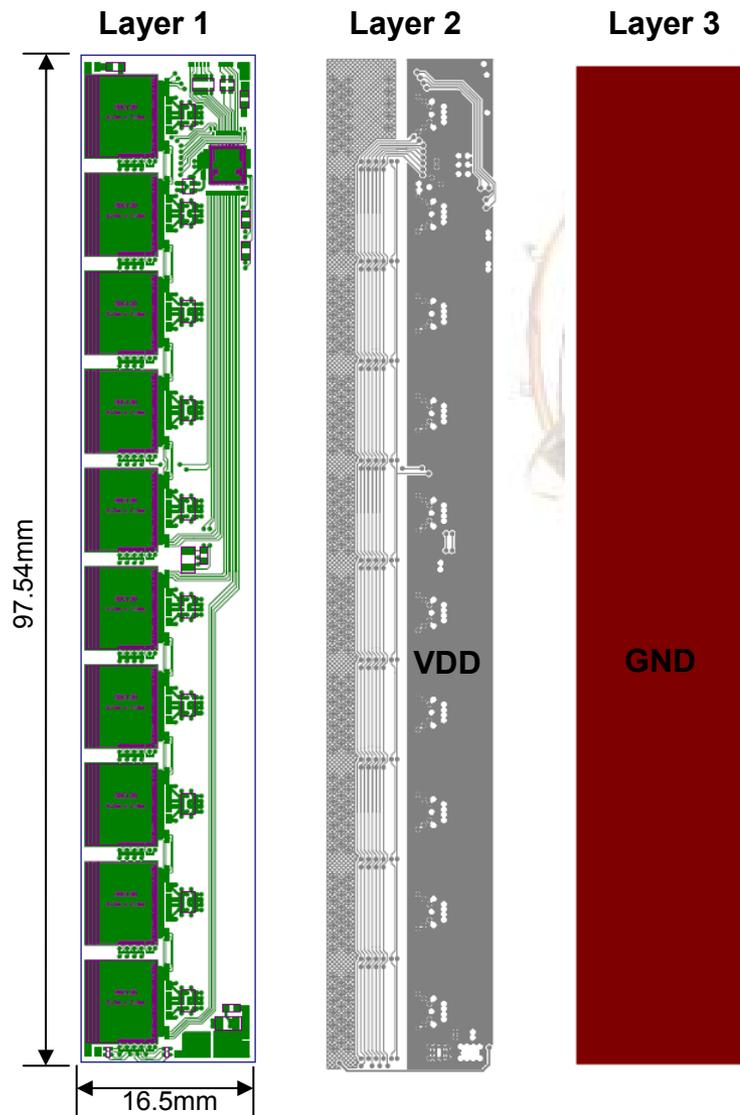
- 300μm x 18μm x 75mm trace geometry
- Trace resistance/ABC130 ~225mΩ (~2.5Ω/hybrid)
- Expected Hybrid Power ~2W
- 5W total/module (inc. Sensor contribution of 1W)
- 2.5V/1A across hybrid results in 5W/module
- 65W/Stage side (65V/1A)

Manufactured Thermo-mechanical ABC130 Hybrid



- Build similar to electrical hybrid
- Identical Layer build-up, component footprints, tracks
  - w/ bond pad detail for evaluation
  - w/ SMDs to evaluate tooling (e.g. component clashes w/ wire-bonds)
- Resistive elements used to emulate asic heat load
  - 0805 resistors for HCC
  - Embedded trace for ABC130 - dummy asic placement possible to evaluate tooling etc.

# Barrel Stave Hybrid (ABCn 130nm)

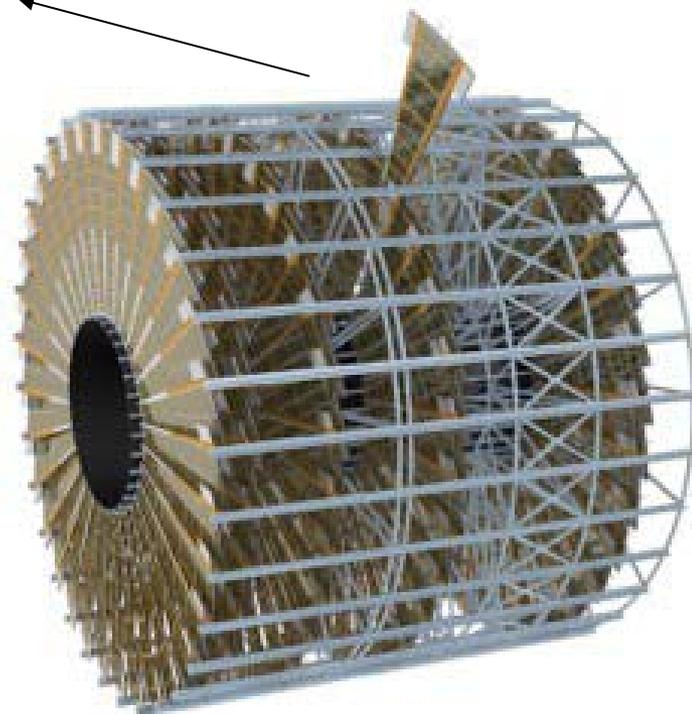
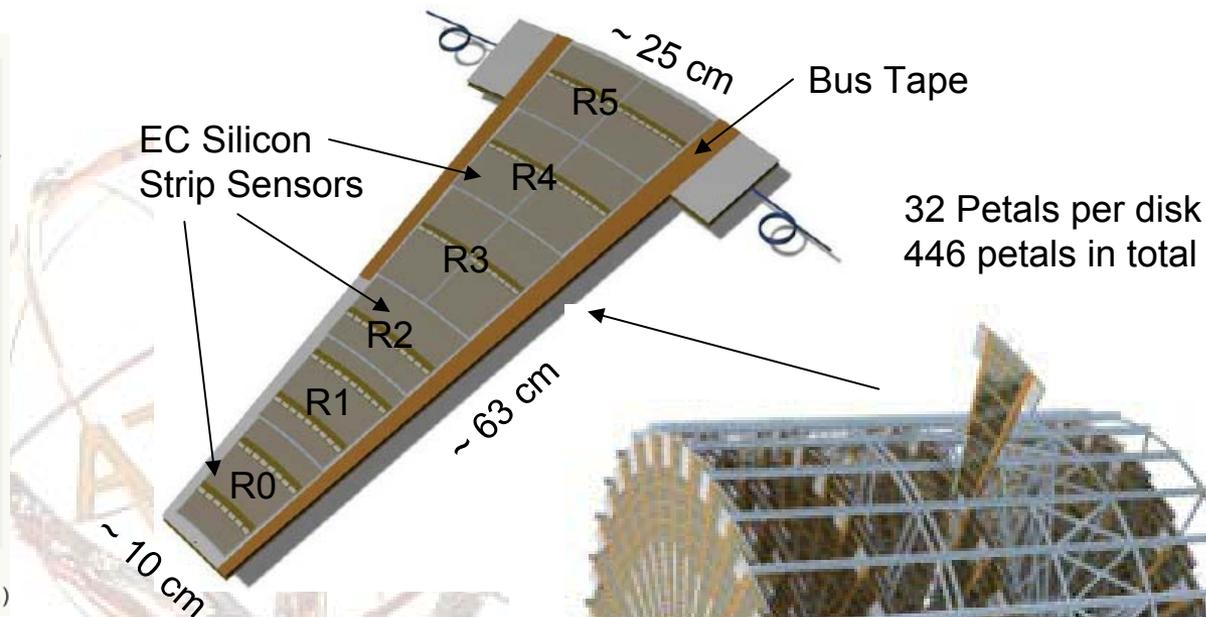
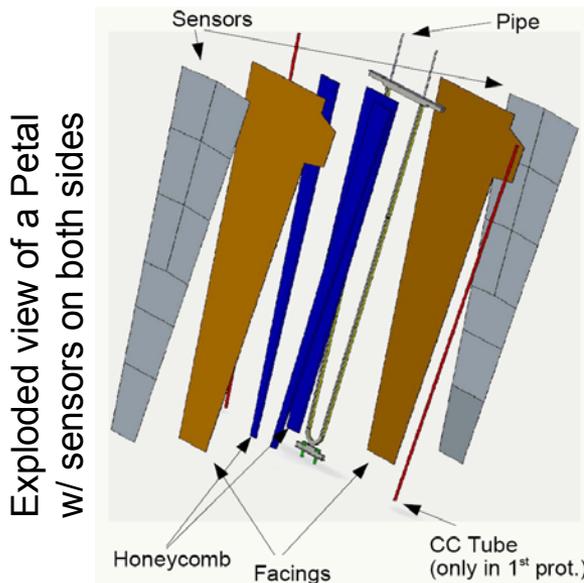


## Hybrid Detail

- 10x ABC130 + 1x HCC
  - Two data loops w/ 5xABC130 each
  - Redundant readout at each end of data loop
  - TTC bus runs under asics – allows removal of a layer
  - “Fast Cluster Finder” Signalling not routed on this hybrid
    - Will appear on another dedicated version
- Hybrid: 16.5mm x 97.54mm
  - ~ 40% reduction in area w.r.t. ABCN-25 hybrid
  - Geometry adapted to Sensor size – no overhang
- 3 layer Kapton flex
  - Thin build using 50µm Kapton dielectrics with 18µm Cu
  - Typically  $\geq 100\mu\text{m}$  track & gap with 150µm drilled blind vias
  - Layer 1: Component + trace
  - Layer 2: Trace + VDD + hatched GND (for balanced build)
  - Layer 3: GND
- Power protection/control and HV filtering moved off hybrid
  - Attached to the Bus cable
  - Ensures non-overhanging hybrid

Will come in 2 flavours “Left-handed and Right-handed”

# EndCap Petal (Baseline Design)

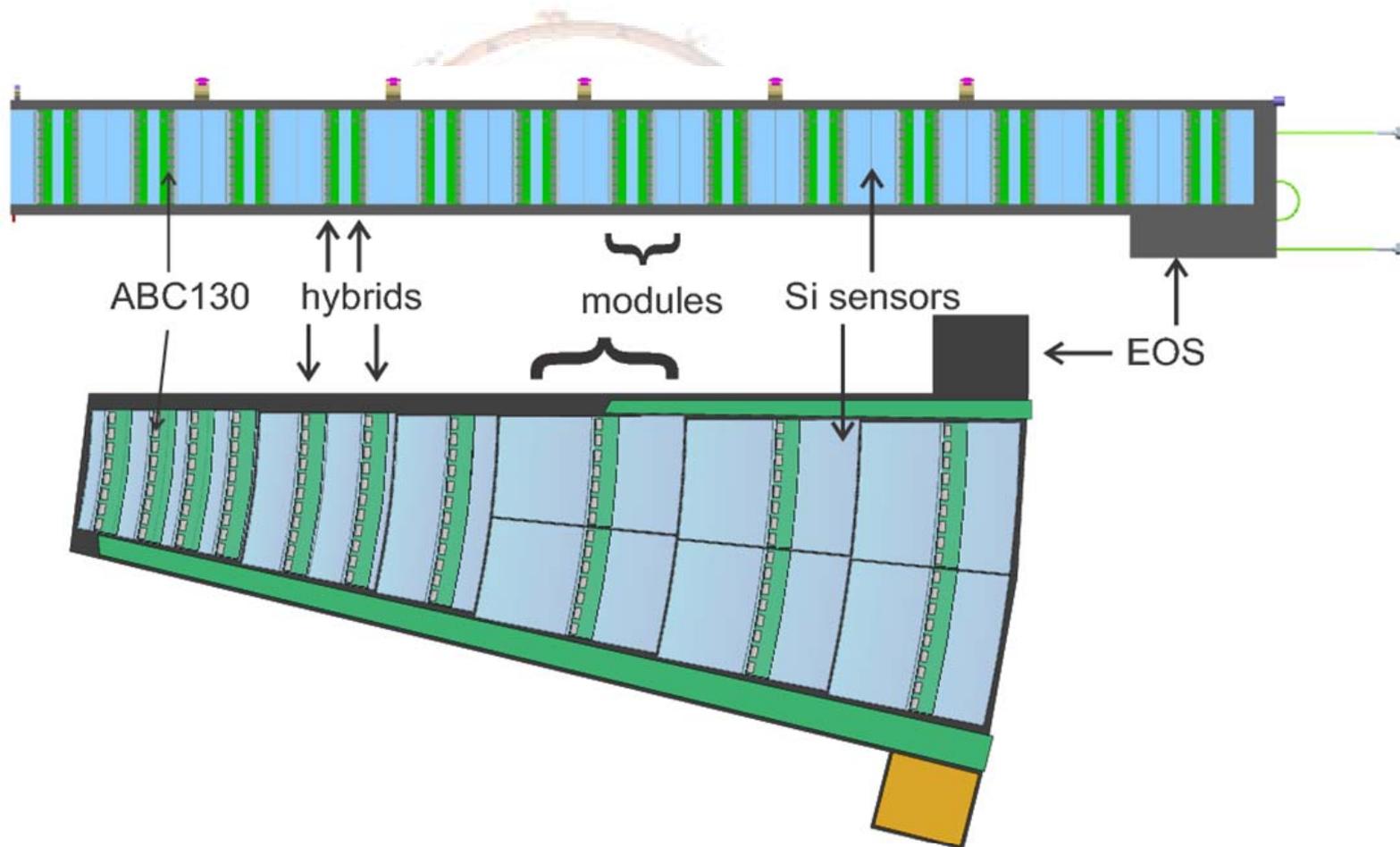


- EndCap Baseline Concept (following closely that of Stave)**
- Each EC disk subdivided in Wedge shaped Petals
  - Each disk/Petal subdivided in Rings (R0-R5)
  - Single sided modules mounted on Petal
  - Different Sensors/Ring
    - > up to 9 different Hybrids w/ varying r/o ASIC counts
  - ASIC I/O Wire bonding to Sensor demanding on inner Rings
  - Split Sensor Layout on upper rings -> complicate Hybrid design

**Petal (single sided) Modules:**  
Hybrids glued directly on EC Strip sensors

Sketch of one EndCap w/ support Structure and some installed petals/disks

# Barrel/EndCap Single Sided Modules (comparison)



# EndCap Petalet (the aim)

Petalet (a mini Petal single sided modules on either side) Project:

- gain experience w/ module assembly
- study Hybrid design, e.g. for fine strip-pitch inner ring sensors

Two variants

The Bear (below left)

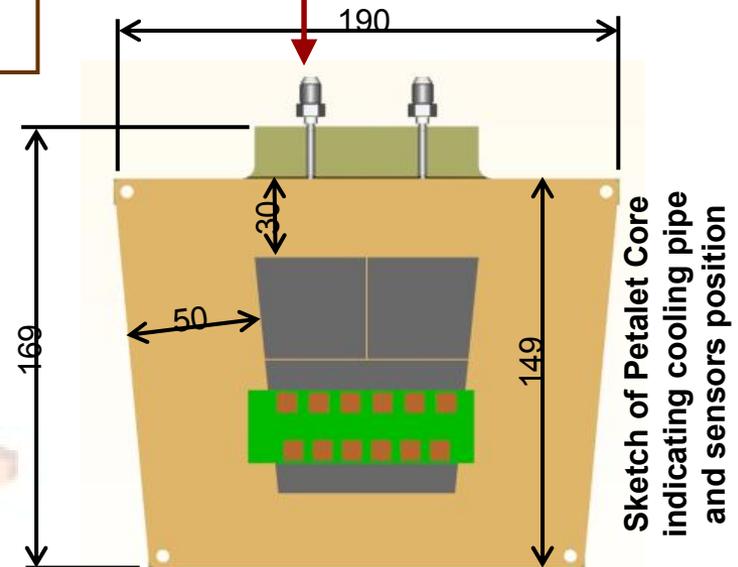
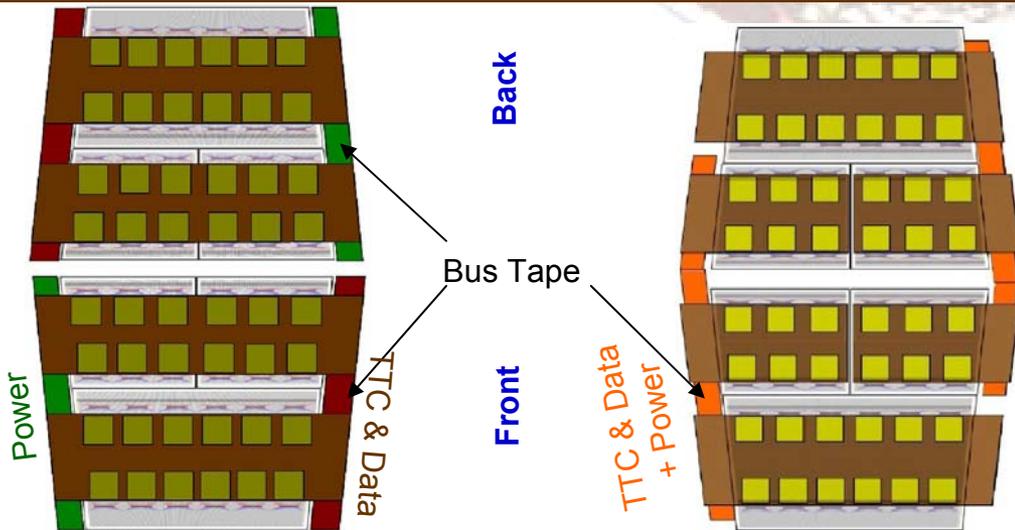
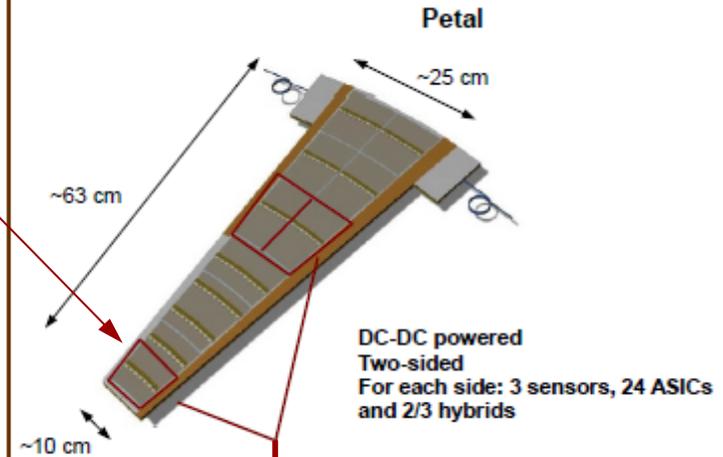
Split Power / TTC+Data Bus Tapes

- Hybrid for upper mini sensors spans across both sensors
- 2 rows of each 6 ABCn-25 ASICs on each Hybrid

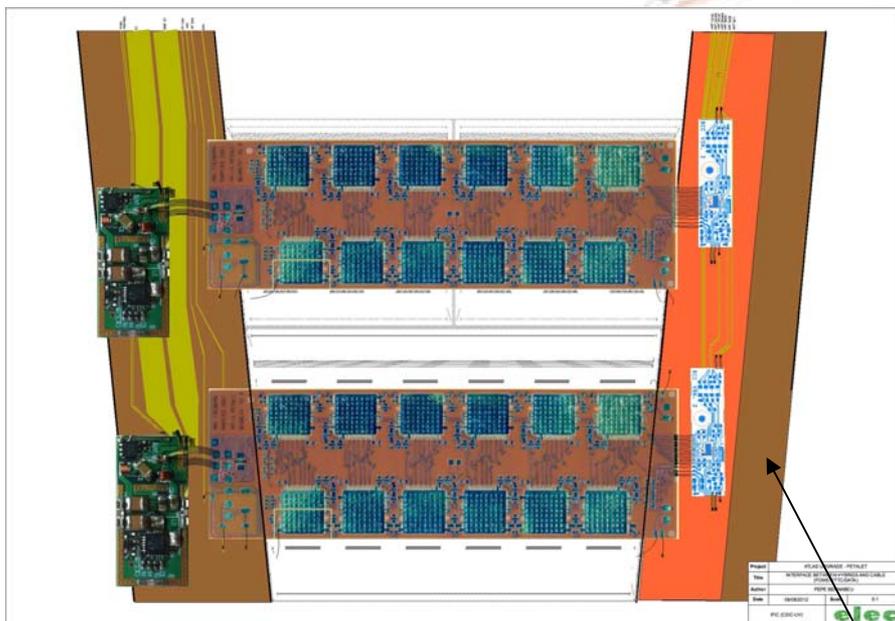
Lamb & Flag (below right)

TTX & Data + Power on the same Bus Tape

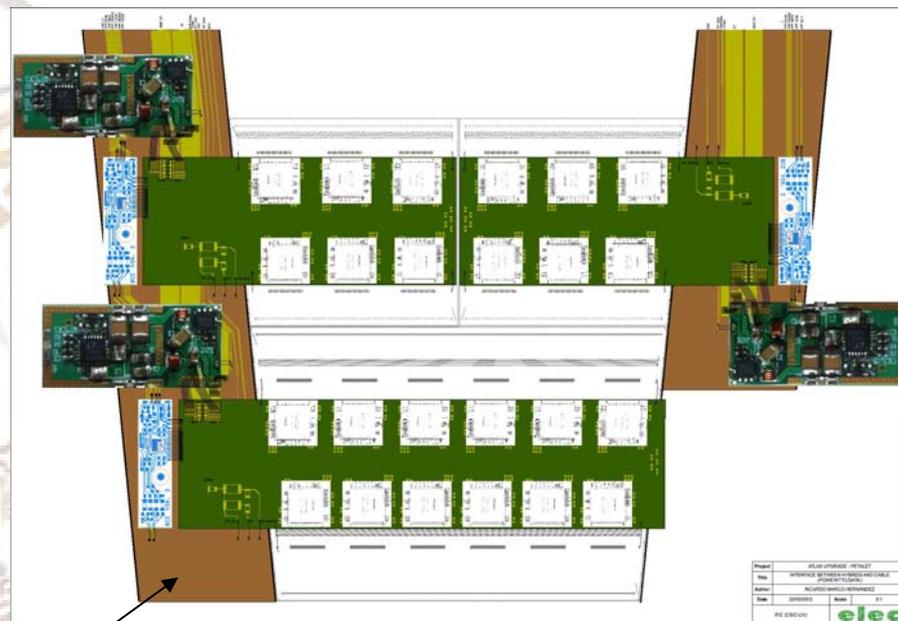
- Separate Hybrids for upper mini sensors
  - Each w/ 2 rows of 3x ABCn-25 ASICs
- Single Lower Hybrid w/ w/ 2 rows of 6x ABCn-25 ASICs



## “The Bear”



## “Lamb & Flag”



Bus Tape

Sketch of electrical Petalet showing relative positions of Bus-Tape, Sensors, Hybrids, BCC-brd, DC-DC board for “the Bear” and “Lamb & Flag” Options

# "The Bear" Petalet Hybrids' Specs



## 4 Layer Flex Kapton PCB (standard design rules)

**brownish coverlay Soldermask Top**

**L1 (top layer) Component Side**

**L2 (1st inner Layer) Power plane (VDD)**

**L3 (2nd inner Layer) Signal (differential)**

**L4 (bottom Layer) Power plane (GND)**

**brownish coverlay Soldermask Bottom**

## Hybrid Build:

**-Soldermask (Top & Bottom):**

*Photosensitive dry film Coverlay*

**-Adhesiveless single/double sided ED Copper-Clad**

*-> all-Polyimide Laminate*

**-Sheet Adhesive: Acrylic**

**-Surface finish:**

*Electroless Nickel Immersion Gold (ENIG)*

## Design Rules:

**Track width/gap 100 $\mu$ /100 $\mu$**

**Micro-via: Drill/Pad**

**100/300 $\mu$  (L1/-2) 125/350 $\mu$  (L1-3), 250/500 $\mu$  (L1-4)**

**Assembly/wire-bonding in house:**

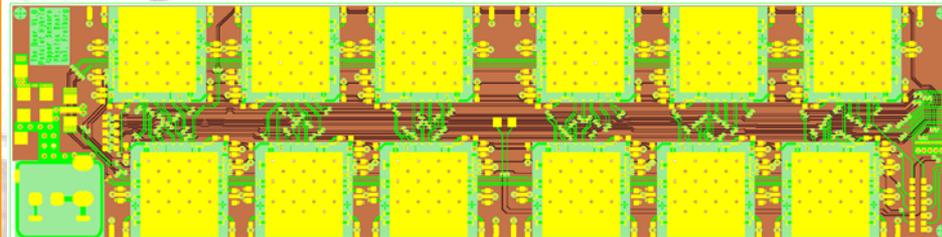
**Automatic pick & place, reflow soldering**

**wire-bonding (25 $\mu$ m Al)**

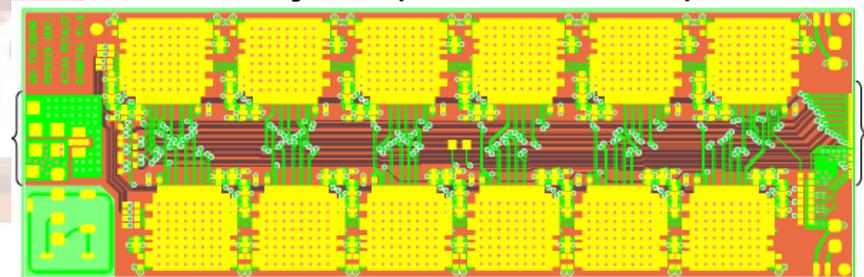
## Layer stack-up



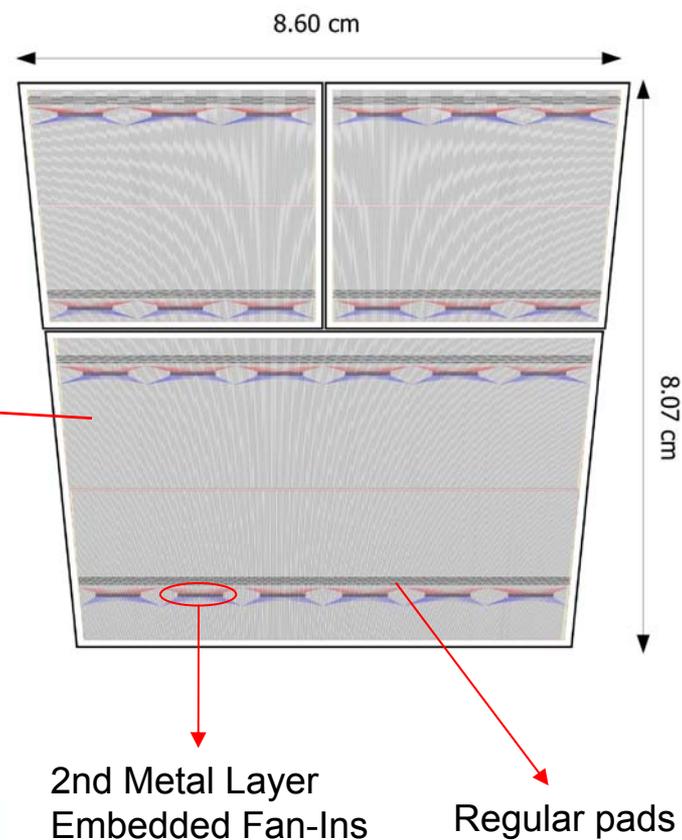
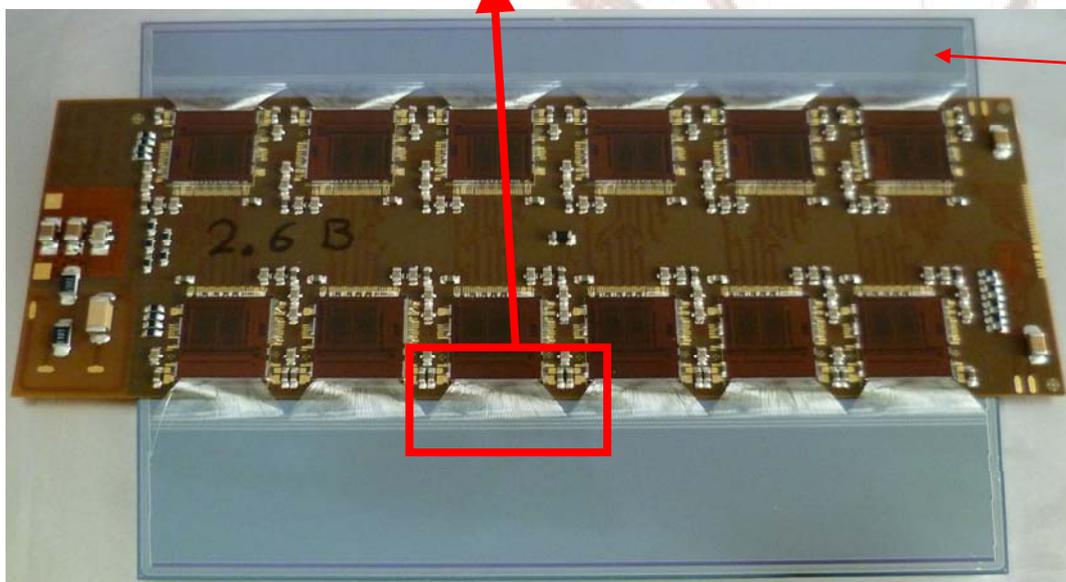
## Upper hybrid (92 mm x 23.5 mm)



## Lower hybrid (85 mm x 28 mm)

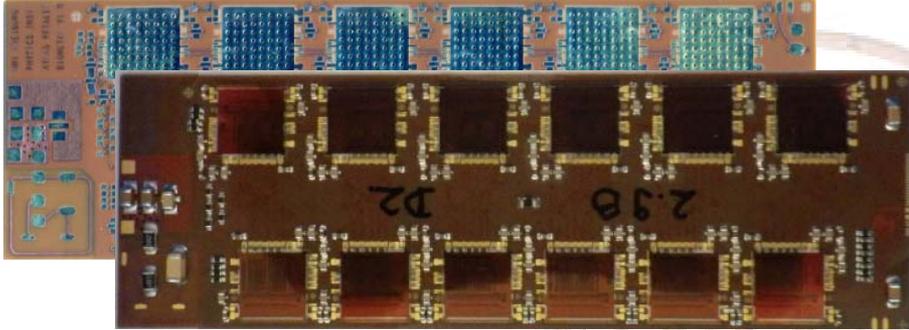


## Wire-Bonding to EndCap sensors (large angles)



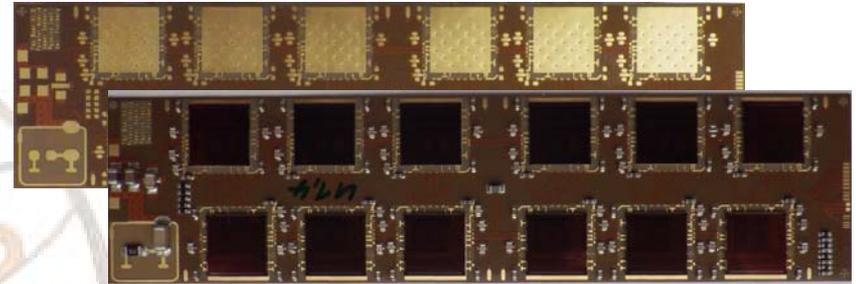
# "The Bear" Petalet Hybrids (Assembly, Test, ...)

Unpopulated lower hybrid (Top view)



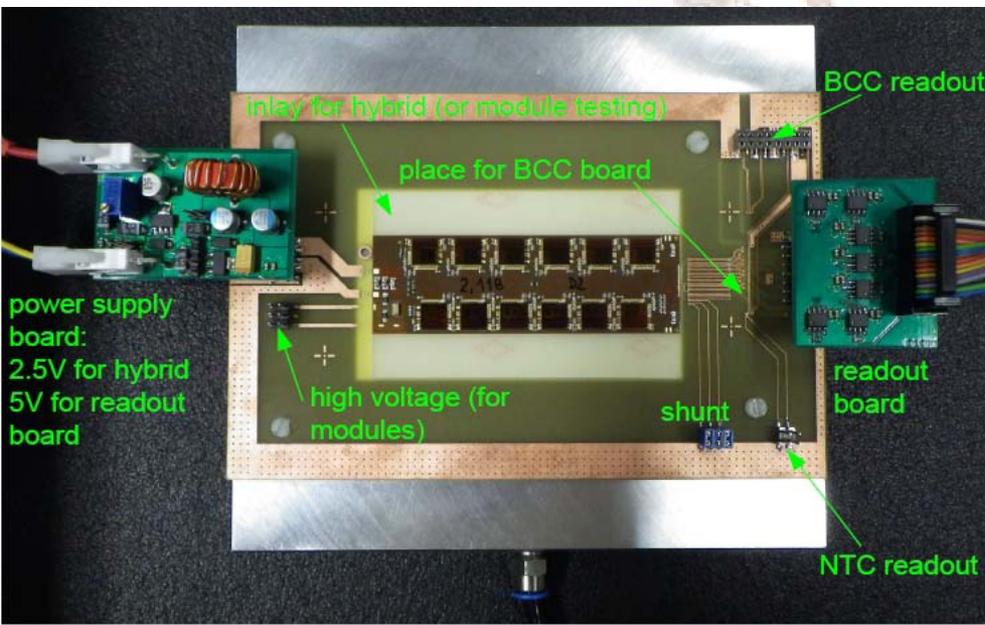
Fully assembled lower hybrid (SMDs/ASICs)

Unpopulated upper hybrid (Top view)

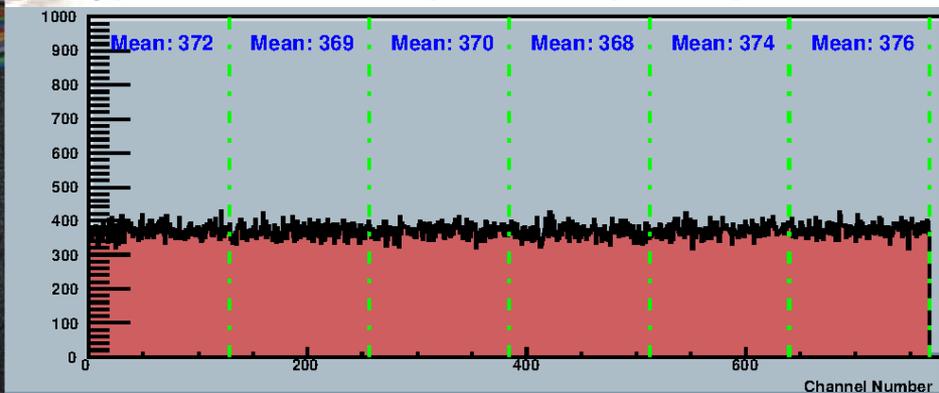


Fully assembled upper hybrid (SMDs/ASICs)

- Single Hybrid Electrical tests
  - Seen in Fig. lower left: Test frame mounted on Test jig (w/ Cooling) and daughter boards (Power and LVDS buffers)
- hybrid tests show good performance: ~ 380 ENC



Typical measured Input noise (<400e) vs Ch#



**4 Layer flex PCB:**

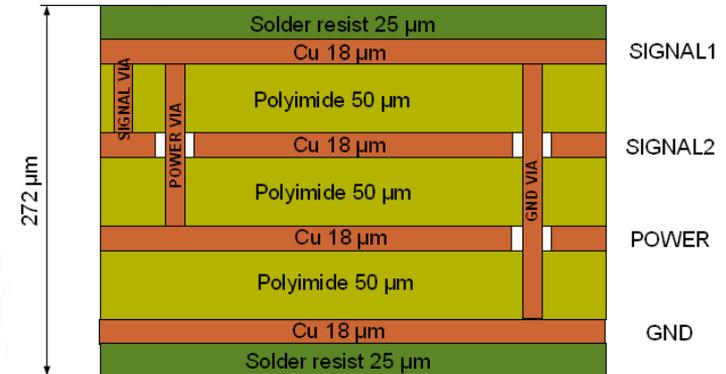
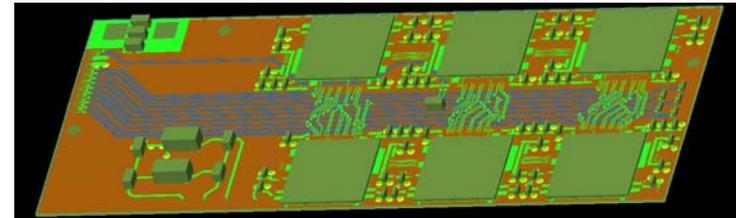
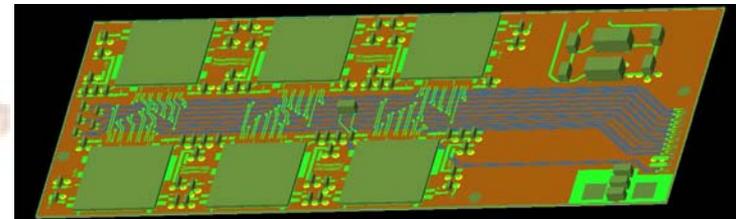
- SIGNAL 1 dedicated to components and signals.
- SIGNAL 2 dedicated to LVDS and CMOS signals(microstrip).
- POWER for hybrid power plane VDD.
- GND for hybrid ground plane (common GND).

**PCB characteristics:**

- ❖ Flexible photosensitive soldermask (top/bottom).
- ❖ Adhesiveless single/double sided ED copper-clad all-polyimide laminate (AP7163E/AP7156 from DuPont).
- ❖ Acrylic sheet adhesive (LF0100 from DuPont).
- ❖ Surface finish: Electroless Nickel Immersion Gold (Ni/Au).

**Design Rules:**

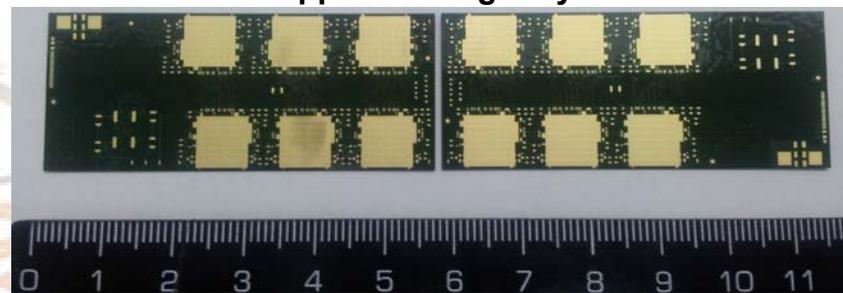
- ❖ Track and gap of 100  $\mu\text{m}$ .
- ❖ GND\_VIA (through-hole): 80/400/700  $\mu\text{m}$  diameter/land/clearance.
- ❖ POWER\_VIA (blind via): 80/400/700  $\mu\text{m}$  diameter/land/clearance.
- ❖ SIGNAL\_VIA (blind via): 80/300/600  $\mu\text{m}$  diameter/land/clearance.

**Hybrid cross section****Upper Left hybrid (24 mm x 57.580 mm)****Upper Right hybrid (24 mm x 57.580 mm)**

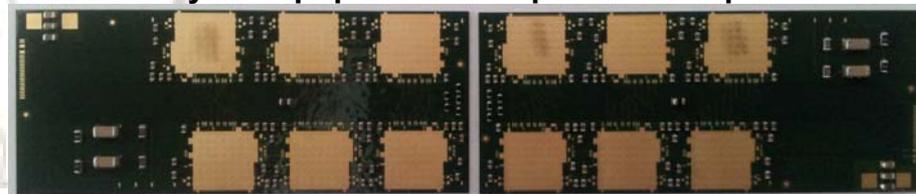
**“Lamb&Flag” Petalet Hybrids: Assembly, Test, ...**

- First production batch done
- Population with passive components (external)
- Mounting ASICs on hybrids w/ an in house flip-chip machine
- Jig for hybrid wire-bonding and hybrid electrical tests (production ongoing in-house)

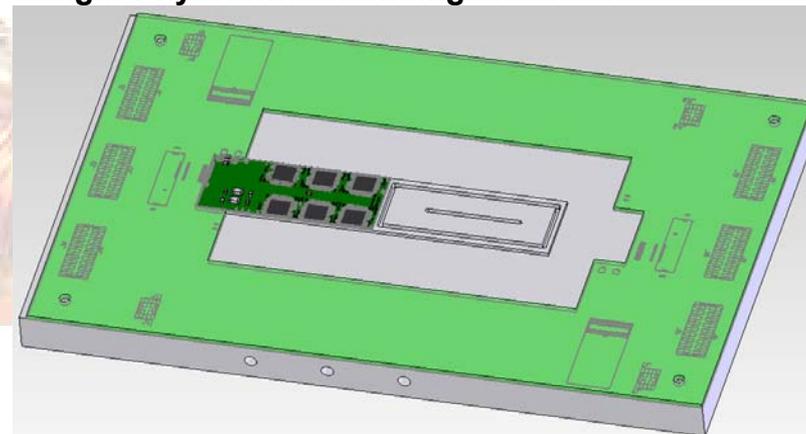
Upper Left/Right hybrids



UL/R hybrids populated with passive components



Jig for hybrid wire-bonding/electrical test



Flip-chip machine

## Final Remarks

Preparations for the ATLAS Silicon Strip Inner Tracker Upgrade is well underway, Detector Layout to a large extent defined (LoI Layout) to allow explore different implementation options (R&D)

Prototypes of several electrical/mechanical components/subsystems are being Produced and tested Alternative approaches are being exploited, while keeping in mind the overall material budget and cost

*In terms of SubSystems (Barrel/EndCap)*

*Stave:* Prototype phase quite mature, Stave module building under control, Stavelet construction and tests specially in terms of SP or DC-DC Powering schemes quite evolved and still ongoing.

Hybrid: successful design and manufacturing of various flavours (for ABCn-25 and recently thermo-mechanical for ABC130 r/o ASICs) w/ excellent test results, successful panelisation attempt to allow mass assembly (preparation for production phase and industrialization).

*Petal:* A baseline EndCap Strip Sensor and Petal Layout does exist. Benefiting from experiences and inputs from Barrel Stave Program, first small scale prototyping (Petalet) is ongoing. Here different design options will be exploited to adopt the best option for Petal module Design. A prototype Bus Tape for the Petalet project is also designed and will be submitted soon. EndCap sticks for the time being to DC-DC Powering scheme.

Next Steps: The ABC130 ASIC will soon be available -> first Barrel ABC130 Hybrid is designed and soon will be tested. Based on it's outcome & Petalet Studies, corresponding Hybrids for the Petal will be designed. Full utilization of the functionalities in ABC130 puts tight constraints on Hybrid design. Specially demanding for inner ring sensors of the EndCap strip sensors w/ very short and fine pitched strips.

Hybrid manufacturing in industry, Assembly & Module building are performed in-house with automatic machines (e.g. pick&place, Wire bonder, Flip-Chip Bonder) along w/ specially designed/produced Toolings.