



State-of-the-Art Accelerator Technology

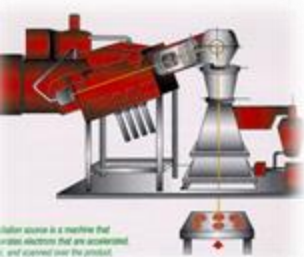
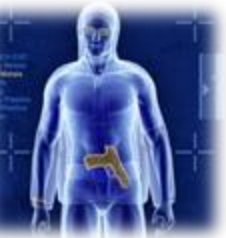
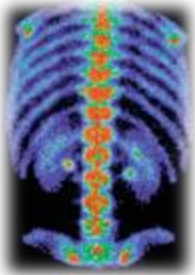
Peter McIntosh, STFC

HEPTech Environmental Applications of Accelerators

9th July 2013

Accelerators Today

- Estimated >30,000 accelerators globally:
 - Only ~200 used for research – much less than 1%
- Used in:
 - **Healthcare** - radio-/hadron-therapy, radioisotope production, medical sterilisation
 - **Security** - threat detection, cargo screening
 - **Manufacturing** - polymer cross-linking (wires, cables, tyres etc.), ink curing, food irradiation
 - **Environment** - waste water treatment, flue gas treatment



Impact of Accelerators

- Pervasive technology (more than commonly realised):
 - ~€400bn/yr of end products will have seen an accelerator.
- Advances in technology therefore have huge potential for impact across range of sectors:
 - We want to unlock the potential of technological advances for the benefit of UK industry.

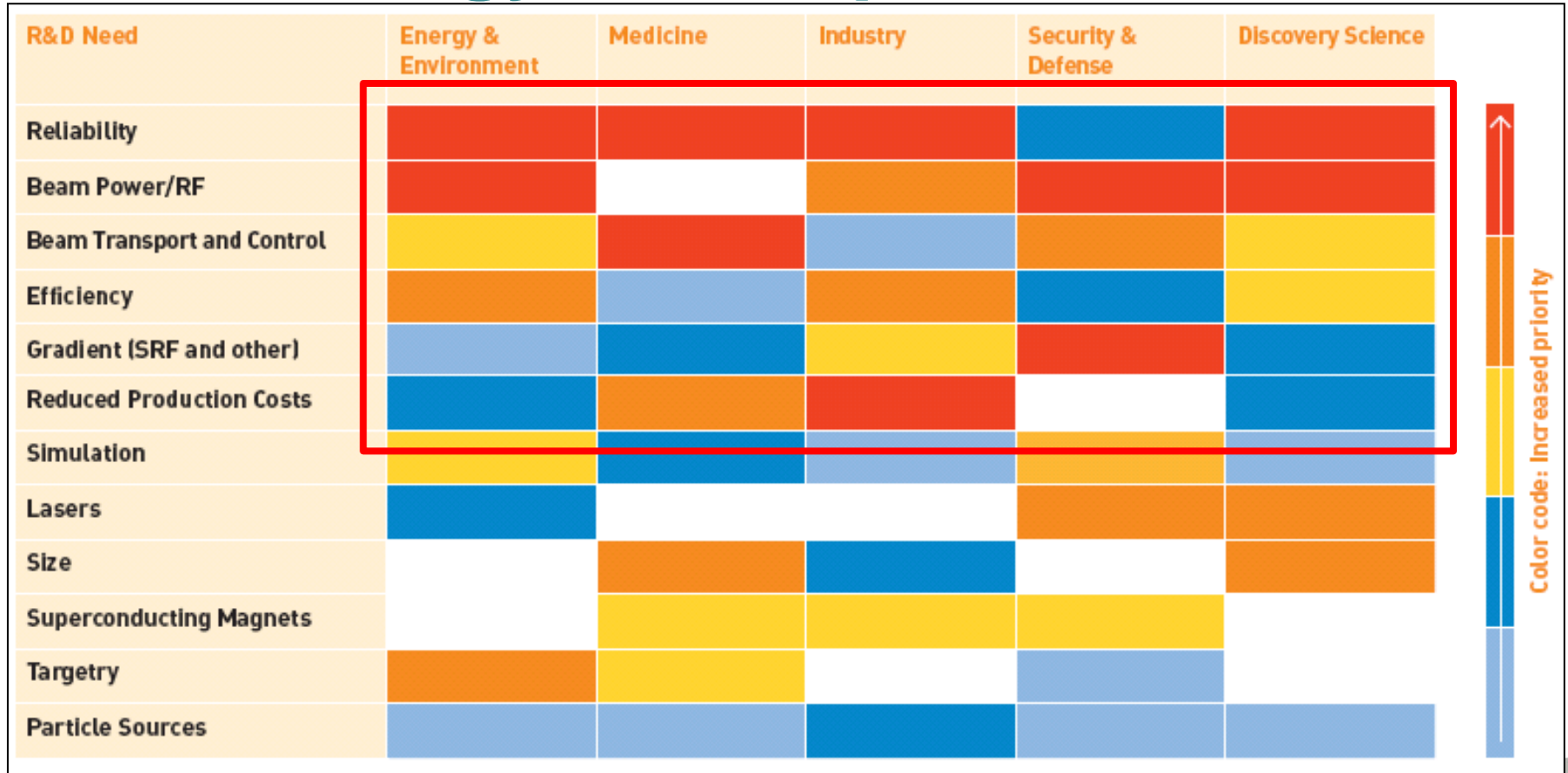


Drivers for Increased Demand

- **To promote uptake in the environmental sector, we need to optimise technology solutions to commercial needs.**
- **Smaller** – often replacing pre-installed equipment, smaller footprint = reduced building and infrastructure costs.
- **Cheaper** – reduced initial capital investment.
- **More efficient** – reduced on-going operational costs.
- **More reliable** – reduced Mean Time Between Failure, easier maintenance.
- **(Improved) performance** – optimised to application.
- **Easier to operate** – fits into standard protocols and operations.
- **Repeatable** – confident that you get the same outcome every time.



Technology Development Priorities



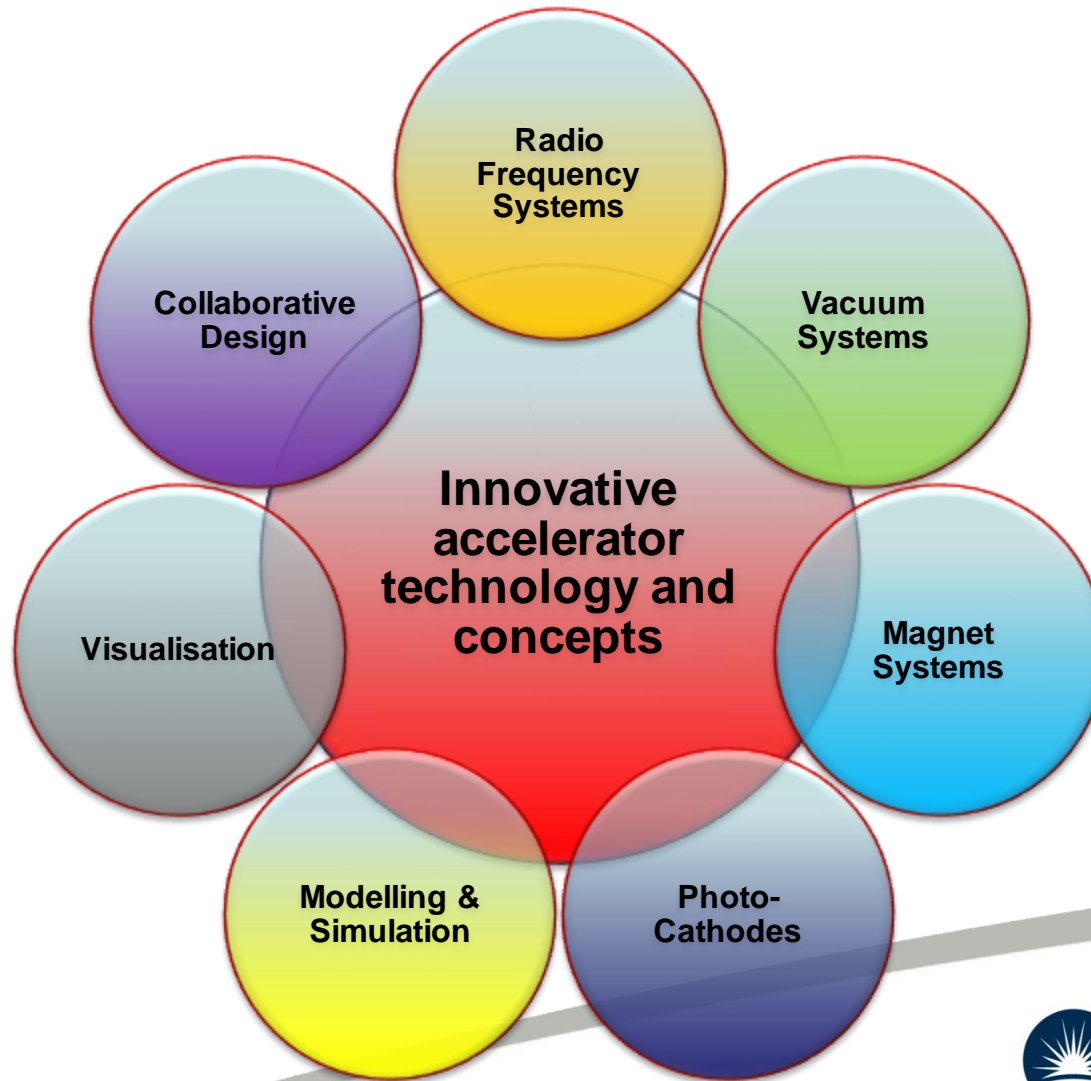
Ref: Accelerator for America's Future, July 2010, US DoE

**Reliability, Beam Power, Transport,
Efficiency, Gradient, Cost.**



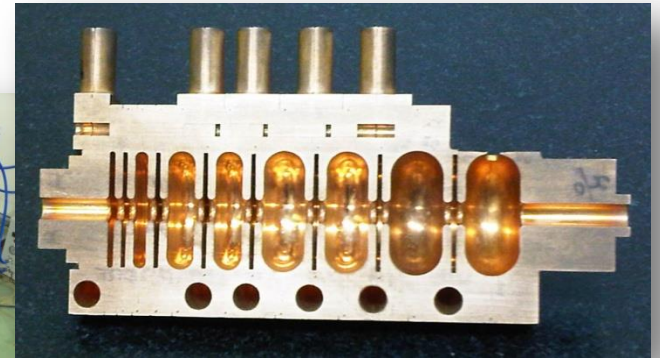
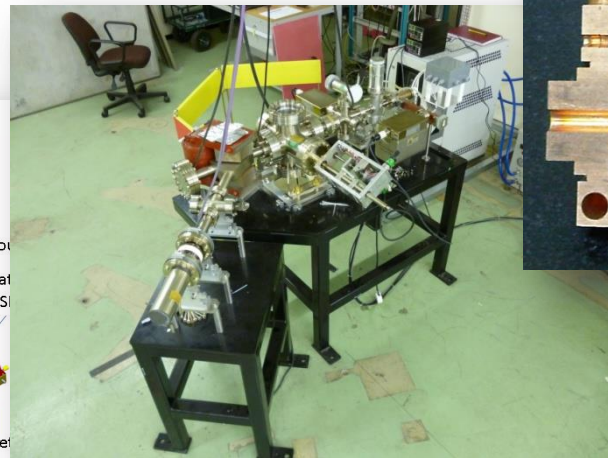
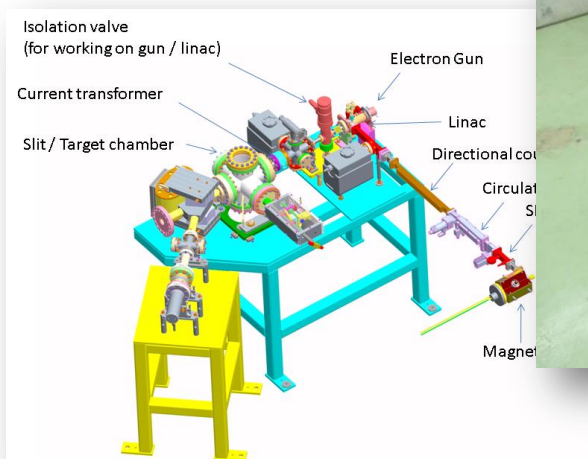
Science & Technology
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Key Technology Developments



Compact Linacs

- Compact linac system demonstrated, with potential to reduce the footprint and cost of systems across a broad range of applications. Higher energy system now under development.
- Unique technology may open up the possibility of using cheaper RF power components, without degrading performance.



RF Power Developments

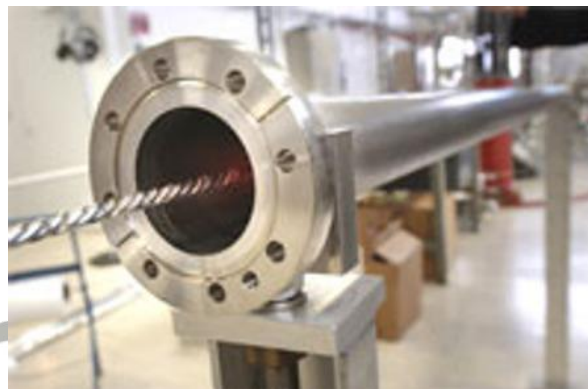
- Semiconductor amplifiers close-coupled to the cavity:
 - Possible substitute for expensive, customised klystrons (a significant proportion of the total accelerator system cost).
 - Reduces transmission losses, more electrically efficient (>70%).
 - Possible significant footprint reduction.
 - Potential for user servicing and upgrades.



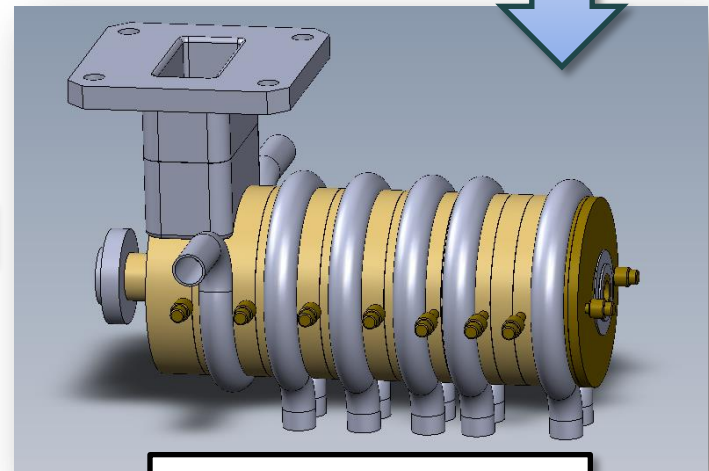
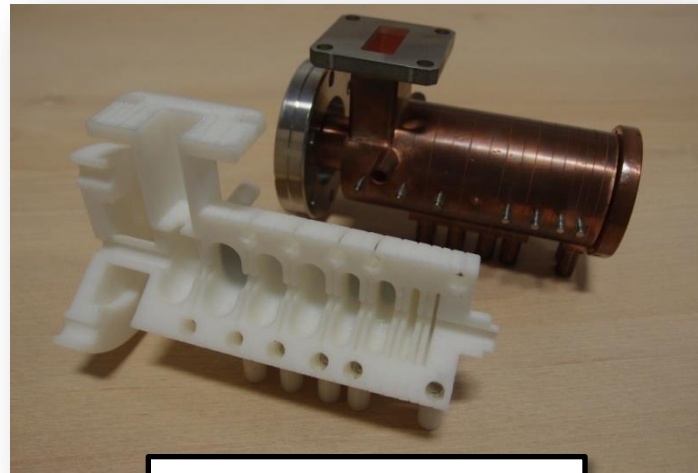
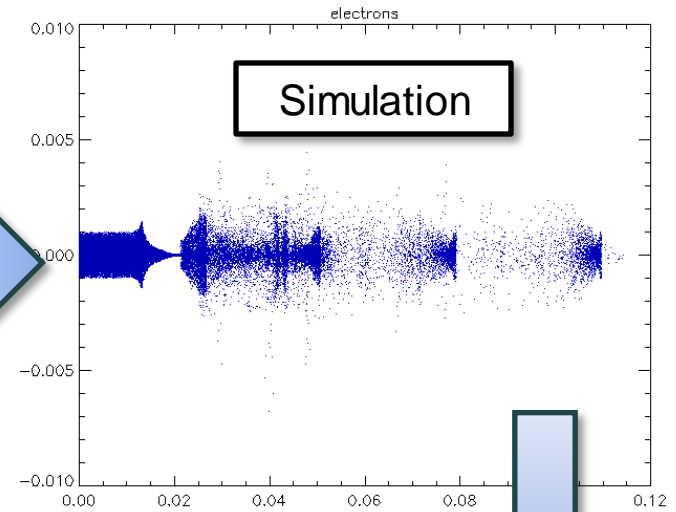
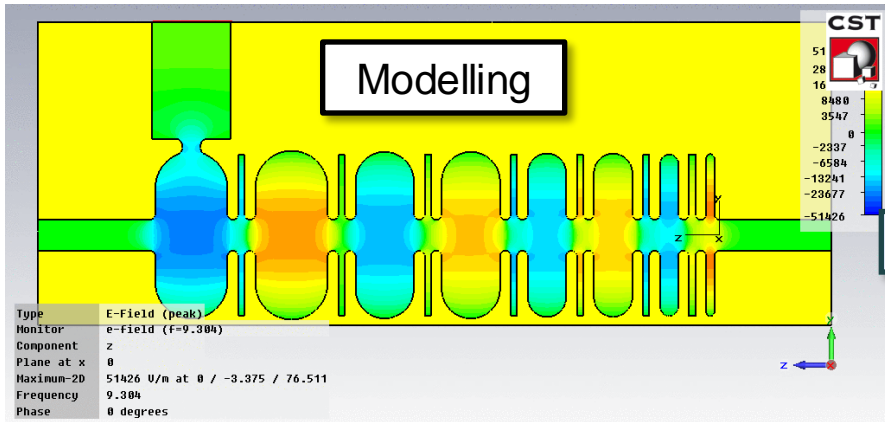
- Similarly, higher peak and average power magnetrons are opening up new opportunities to replace klystrons and deliver higher average beam currents.

Material Developments

- Superconducting multilayers to supplement or replace expensive bulk material (e.g. niobium).
- High temperature superconductors may bring enhancements in the longer term.
- Non-evaporable getter (NEG) coatings to enhance vacuum systems and reduce pumping system size, complexity and cost.



Fast Prototyping/Value Engineering

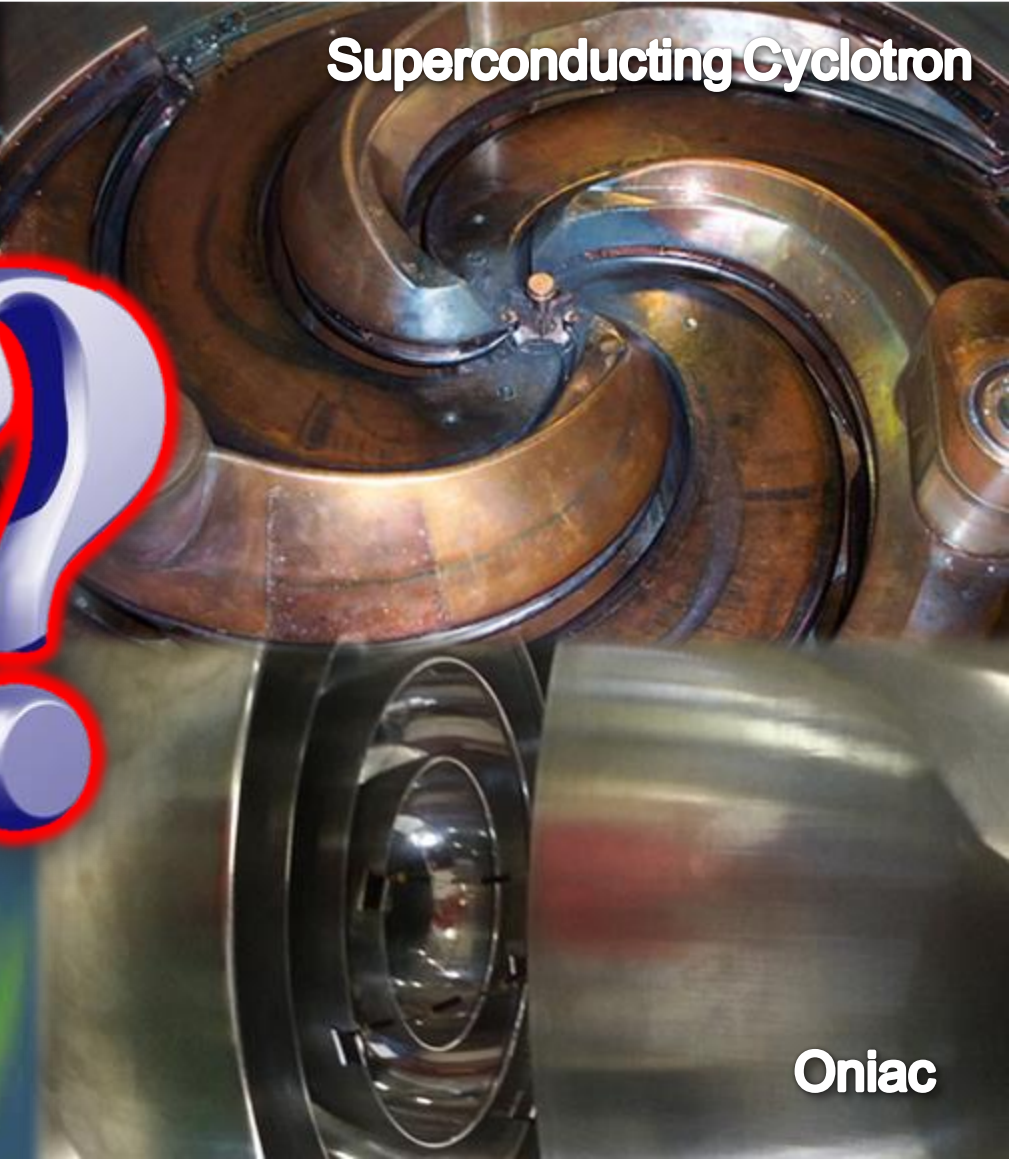


Novel Accelerators

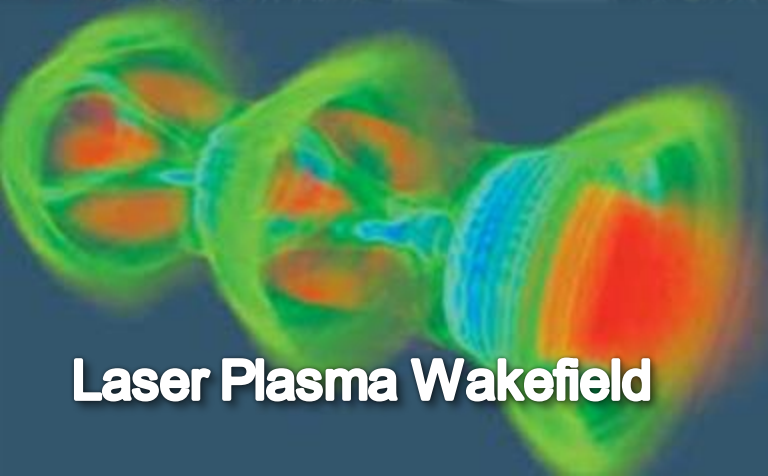
FFAG



Superconducting Cyclotron



Laser Plasma Wakefield



Oniac



Process Optimisation

- Significant opportunities to reduce the dose (and therefore infrastructure investment) by optimising how the accelerated beams interact with other 'conventional' techniques in the clean-up process (e.g. filtration, reduction, oxidation, aggregation, disintegration etc.).
- Therefore it is critical to promote dialogue between end users, technology suppliers and the academic base.



Summary

- Accelerators are not just big R&D tools - commercial use of accelerators is widespread in many sectors.
- Technology developments are underway which will reduce the size, cost and complexity of accelerators.
- The expertise exists in the UK to translate these developments into commercial systems.
- Open dialogue is the key to fully identifying user needs and finding optimal solutions.

