



European Organization for Nuclear Research



# CERN VIBRATION SENSOR PROPOSAL

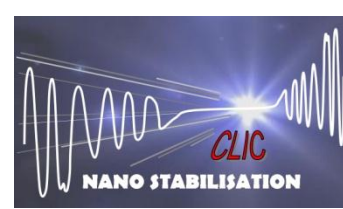
K. Artoos, C. Collette, R. Leuxe, C.Eymin, P. Fernandez, S. Janssens\*



The research leading to these results has received funding from the European Commission under the FP7 Research Infrastructures project EuCARD

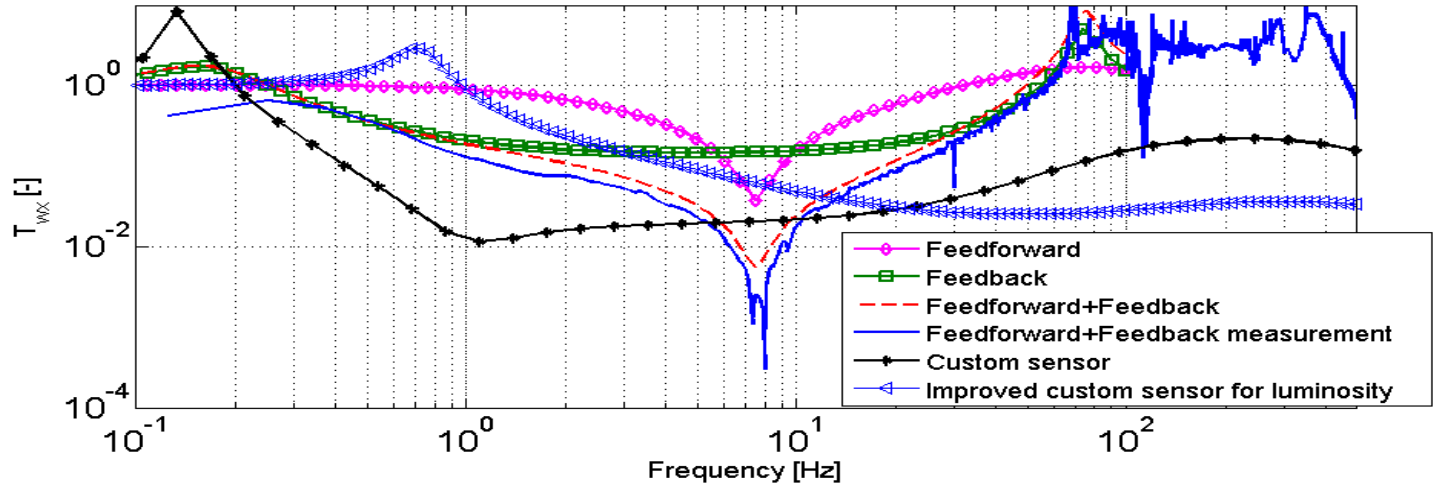
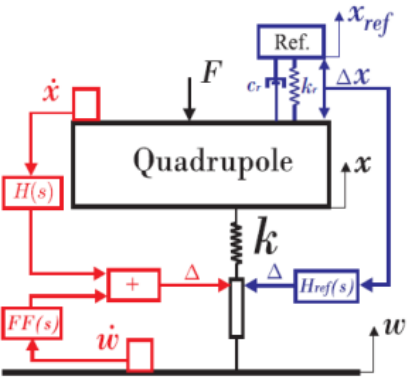


# Outline

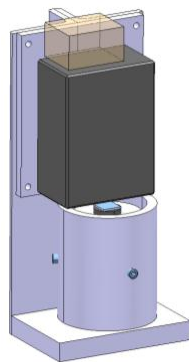


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- Vibration Control with sensor
- Proposed sensitivity curve
- Proposed noise curve
- Environmental conditions
- Form of tender
- Some tests made



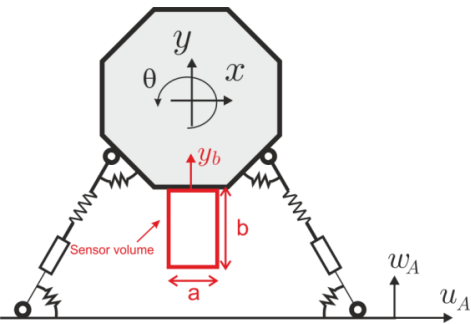
Commercial Seismometer



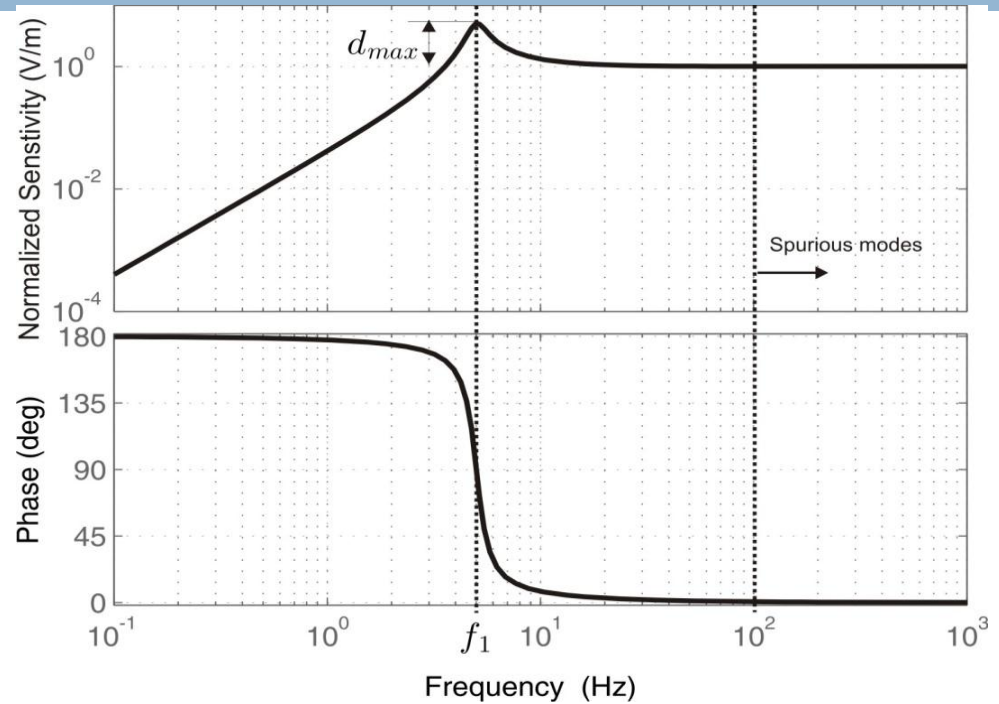
Custom Inertial Reference mass

No stabilization	68% luminosity loss
Seismometer FB maximum gain	13%
Seismometer FB medium gain	6% (reduced peaks @ 0.1 and 75 Hz)
Seismometer FB maximum gain +FF	7%
Inertial reference mass	11%
Inertial reference. mass. + HP filter	3% to 0.7% for higher freq

Courtesy J. Snuverink *et al.*

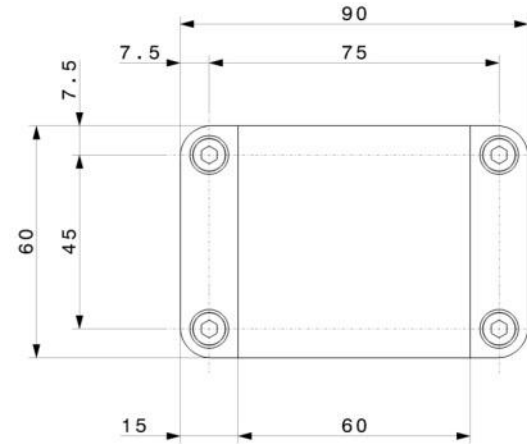
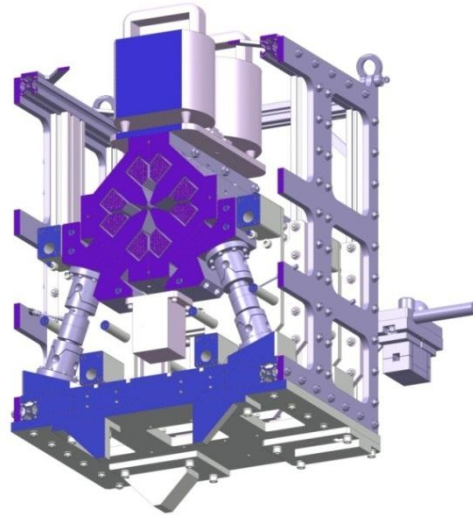
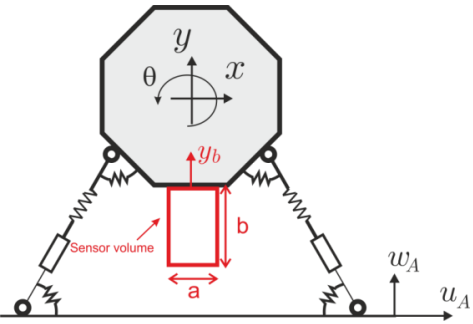


Step 1:  
Vertical sensor  
Non collocated

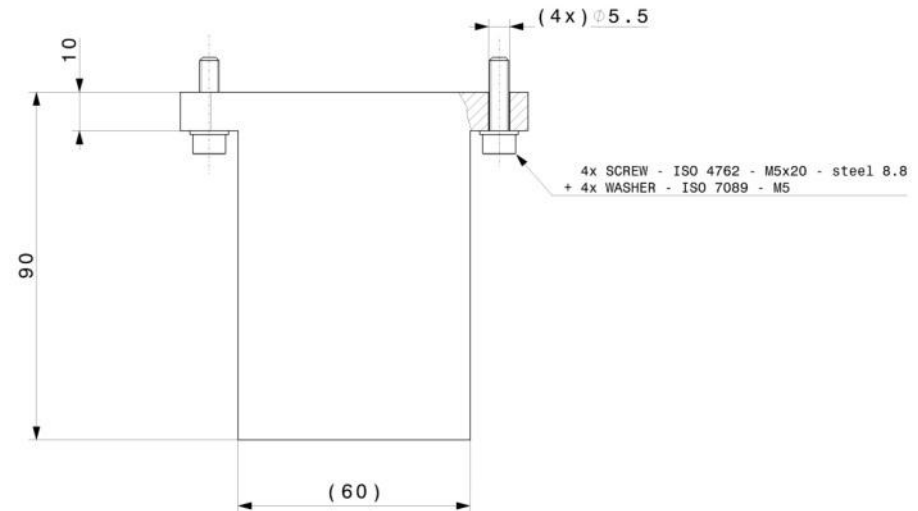


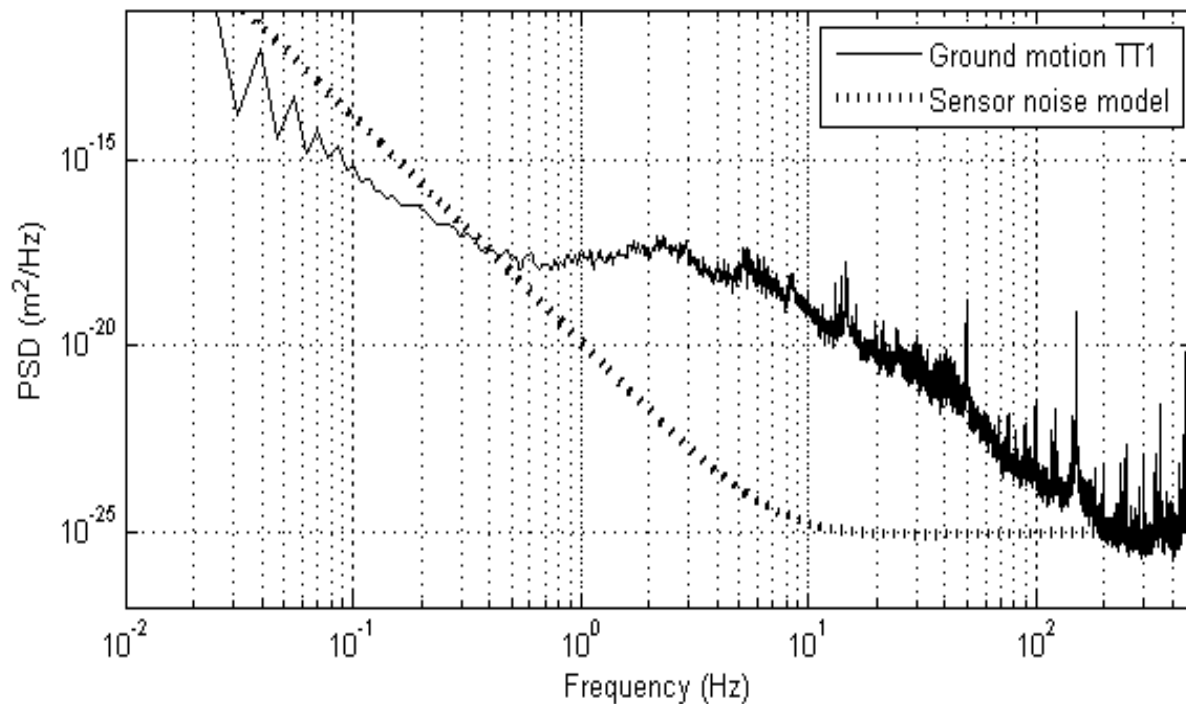
Requirement	Value
$f_1$	5 Hz->manufacturability
$d_{max}$	2 dB
$f_s$	>300 Hz
S	0.05 V/10 <sup>-6</sup> m and 1 V/10 <sup>-6</sup> m
Linearity	90 dB
Max DC offset	0.5 V
m	<1.5 kg

Requirement	Value
Orthogonal rejection	>55 dB
Sensitivity change due to tile +/-0.5deg	<1%
Sensitivity change due to tile +/-0.5deg	<1%



Under the magnet  
 Limited volume available (60x60 mm)  
 4 screws for attachment





- Defined Max. noise curve
- 6<sup>th</sup> order drop off with
- flat bottom
- Enough room at low frequency (no control over microseismic!)

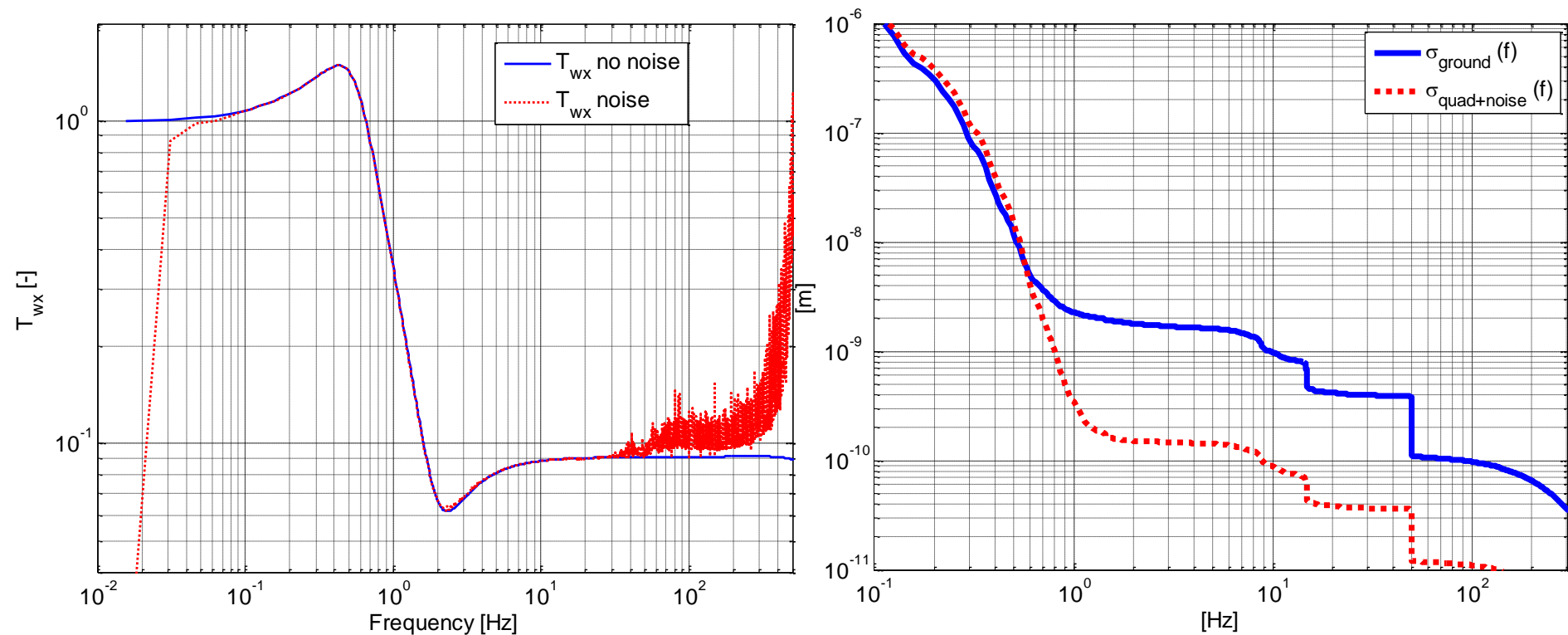
6 poles	[0,0,0,0,0,0]
6 zeros	3x [2π7+10i, 2π7-10i]
Gain	10 <sup>-25</sup>



# Noise requirements



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Noise limit reached  $>200$  Hz

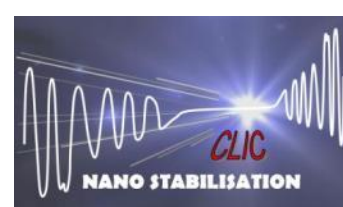
Addition to r.m.s. negligible  $\rightarrow 0.2$  nm integrated r.m.s. @1 Hz

Is this noise request realistic?

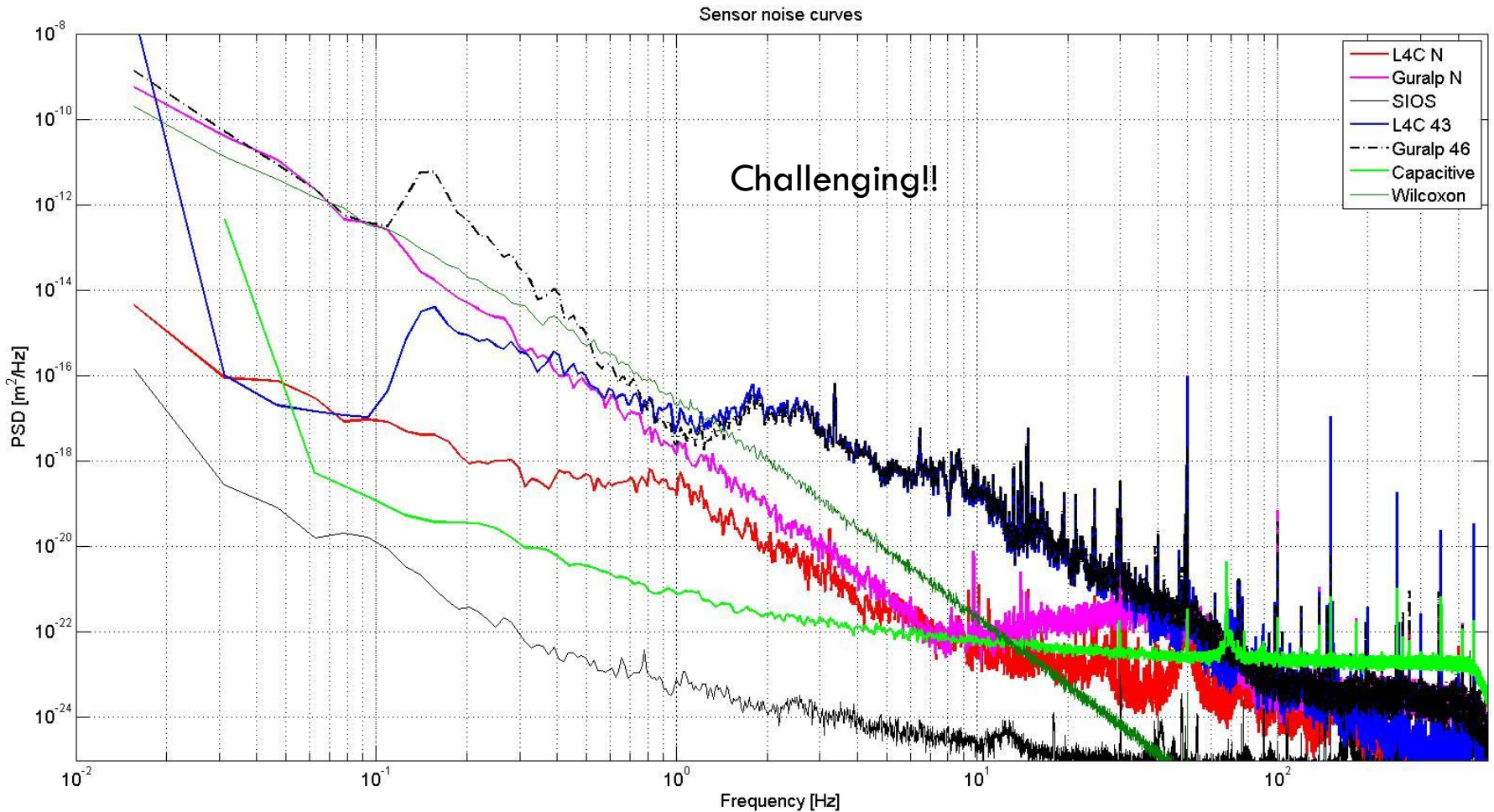




# Noise requirements



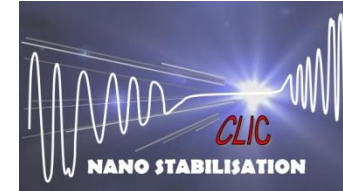
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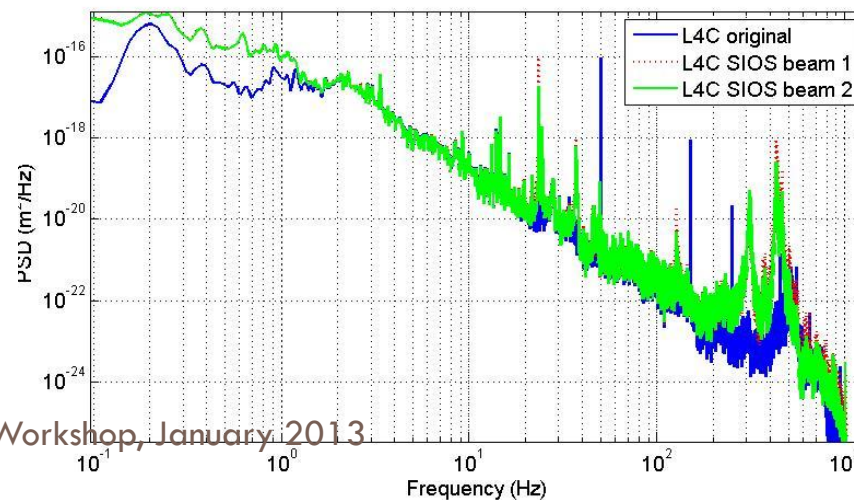
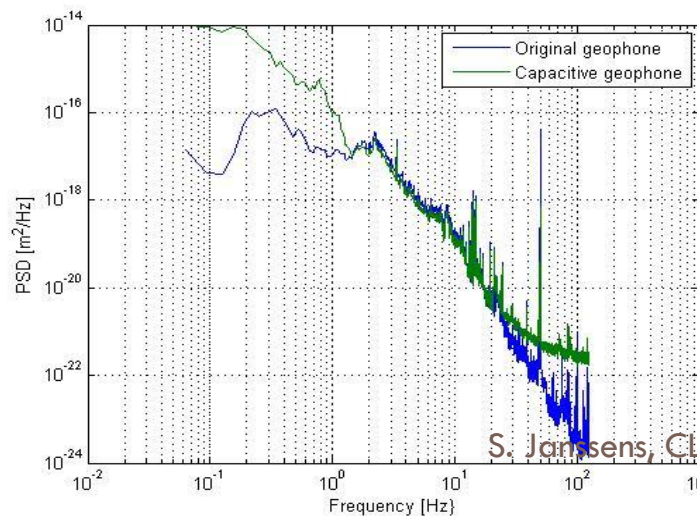
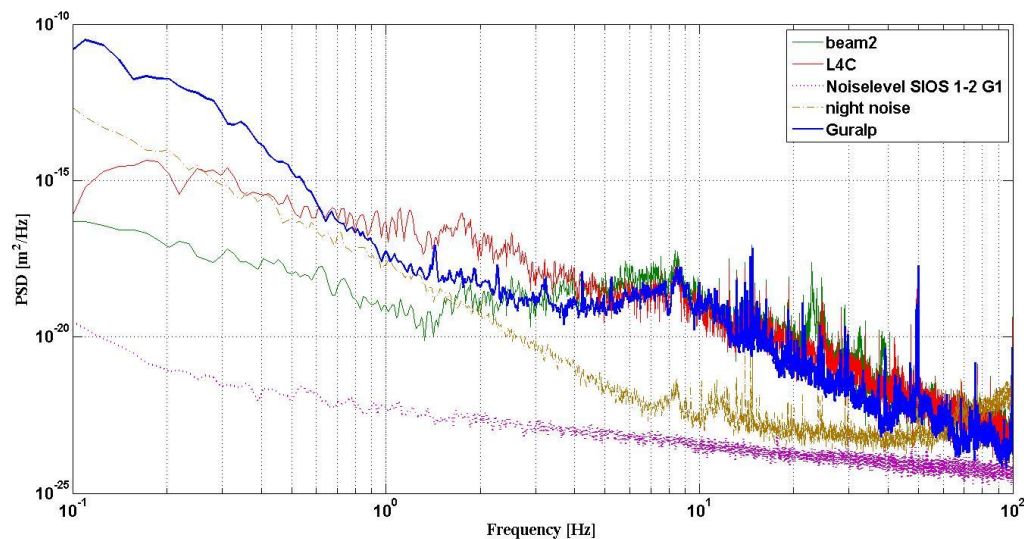




# Inertial reference mass proto (v3): With interferometer/with capacitive gauge



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S. Jansens, CLIC Workshop, January 2013



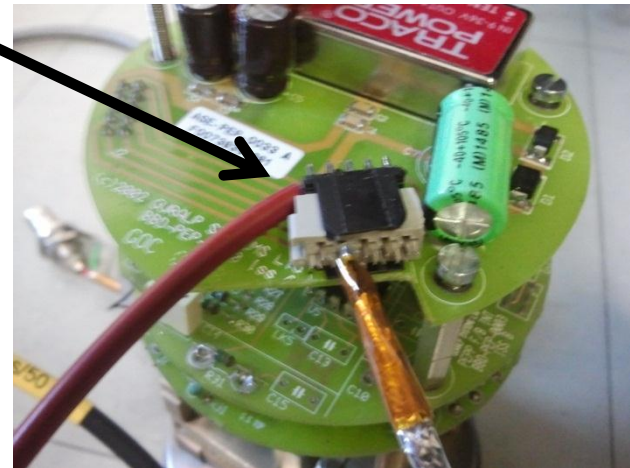
Measured several pins on the top pcb connector based on pcb reverse engineering Pablo Fernandez

10 pin connector:

Pin 1 Mass position

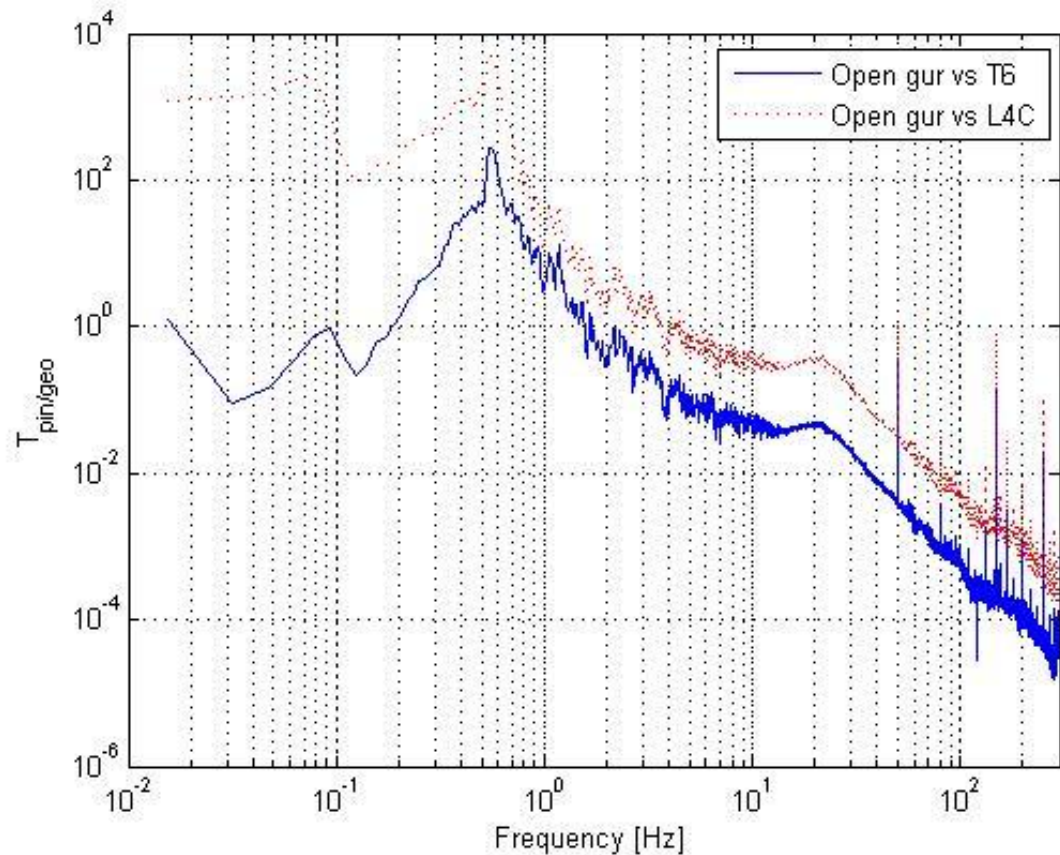
Pin 4: GND

Pin 10: Vel +



## Pin 1 Mass position

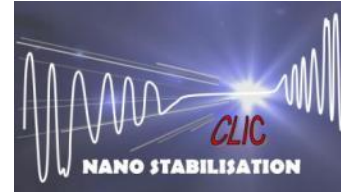
- High resonance with drop off
- Secondary mode not disconnected filter?







# Environmental parameters



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## ***Temperature***

- The operation temperature of the air surrounding the sensor will vary between 20°C and 40°C.
- The sensitivity curve and the noise curve should not change more than 1%
- The DC offset voltage created by the temperature drift should stay within 0.8 V.

## ***Magnetic field***

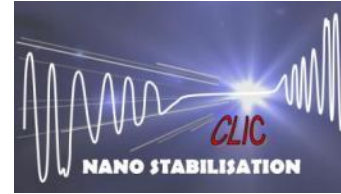
- The stray field of the quadrupole is 0.15E-4 T (0 Hz).
- Drivebeam (?)
- Kicker stray fields (?)

## ***Radiation***

- Difficult as very high near magnet (1000-10000 Gy (source: S. Mallows))
- Electronics away from beam (except adapted resistors, capacitors etc.)



# Activities



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## ***Activities at the Contractor's Premises***

The contractor shall execute the following activities at his premises:

- Design
- Prototyping
- Manufacturing
- Calibration
- Measurement sensitivity curve and noise curve

## ***Activities on the CERN Site***

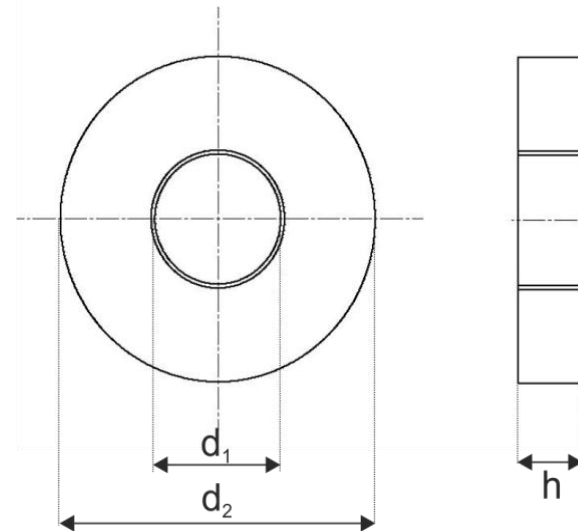
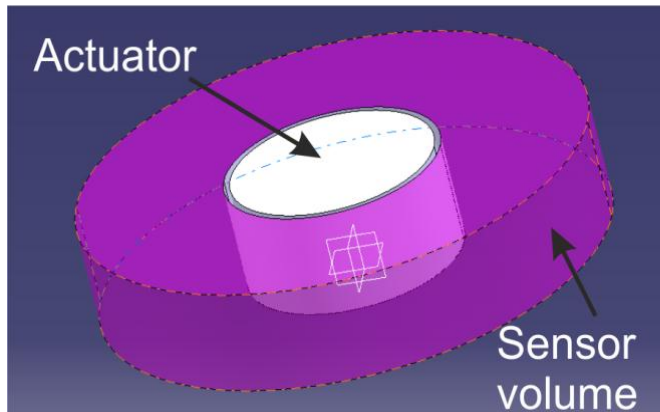
The contractor shall execute the following activities on the CERN site:

- Measurement of the sensitivity curve in a low vibration back ground
- Measurement of the noise curve in a low vibration back ground

## **Items and Services Supplied by CERN**

CERN will supply the following items and services:

- CERN will provide a place with low vibrations
- CERN will provide during the measurement of the sensitivity curve, a Guralp 6T seismometer with calibration certificate.
- CERN will provide the shielding around the power supply, the conditioners and electronics.



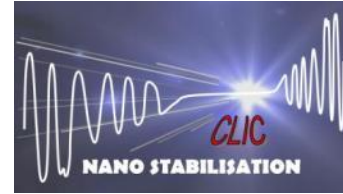
Requirement	Value	Tolerance
d1	39.8 mm	
d2	67 mm	
h	20 mm	
l	5 m	
$\theta$	20 degrees	+/-3
m	0.6 kg	

Same noise and sensitivity curve  
 Same Environmental parameters  
 For a later stage?





# Conclusion



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- From beam simulations a preferred sensor sensitivity is determined
- The volume to fit in the type 1 and type 4 full stabilization is limited to 60x60x60 mm
- The chosen maximum noise curve is challenging but possible
- The environmental parameters are standard except for the radiation => electronics outside of highly radiated area

Note: 20<sup>th</sup> of March we will have visitors from the Fraunhofer institute to test their accelerometer