

Search for $D_{(s)}^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\mu^+\mu^-$ and $D_{(s)}^+ \rightarrow \pi^-\mu^+\mu^+$ decays

$D_{(s)}^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\mu^+\mu^-$

- * Flavour changing neutral current

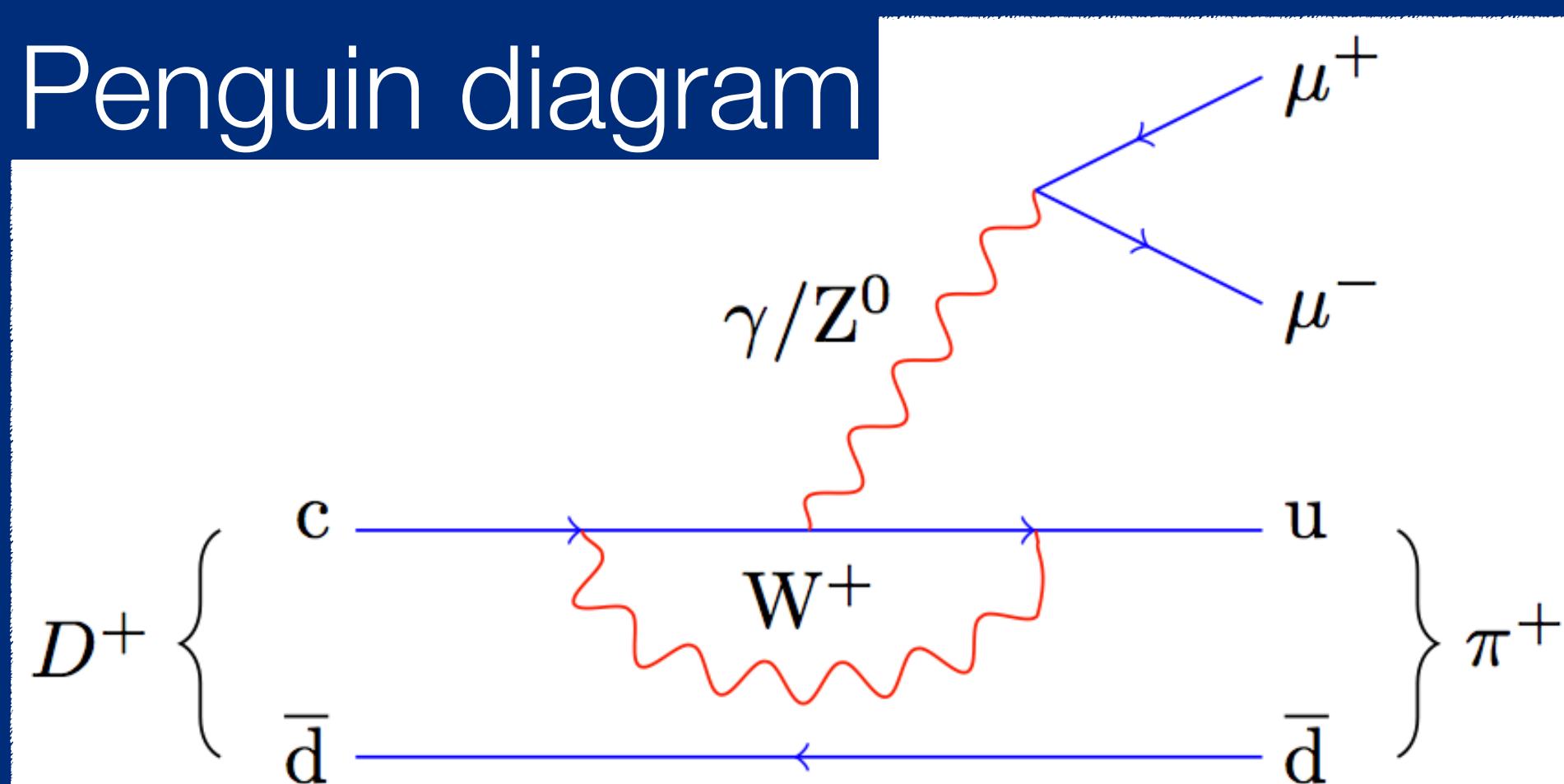
processes contribute to D^+ decays only

$$\star \mathcal{B}_{\text{SM}}(c \rightarrow u\mu^+\mu^-) \sim 10^{-9}$$

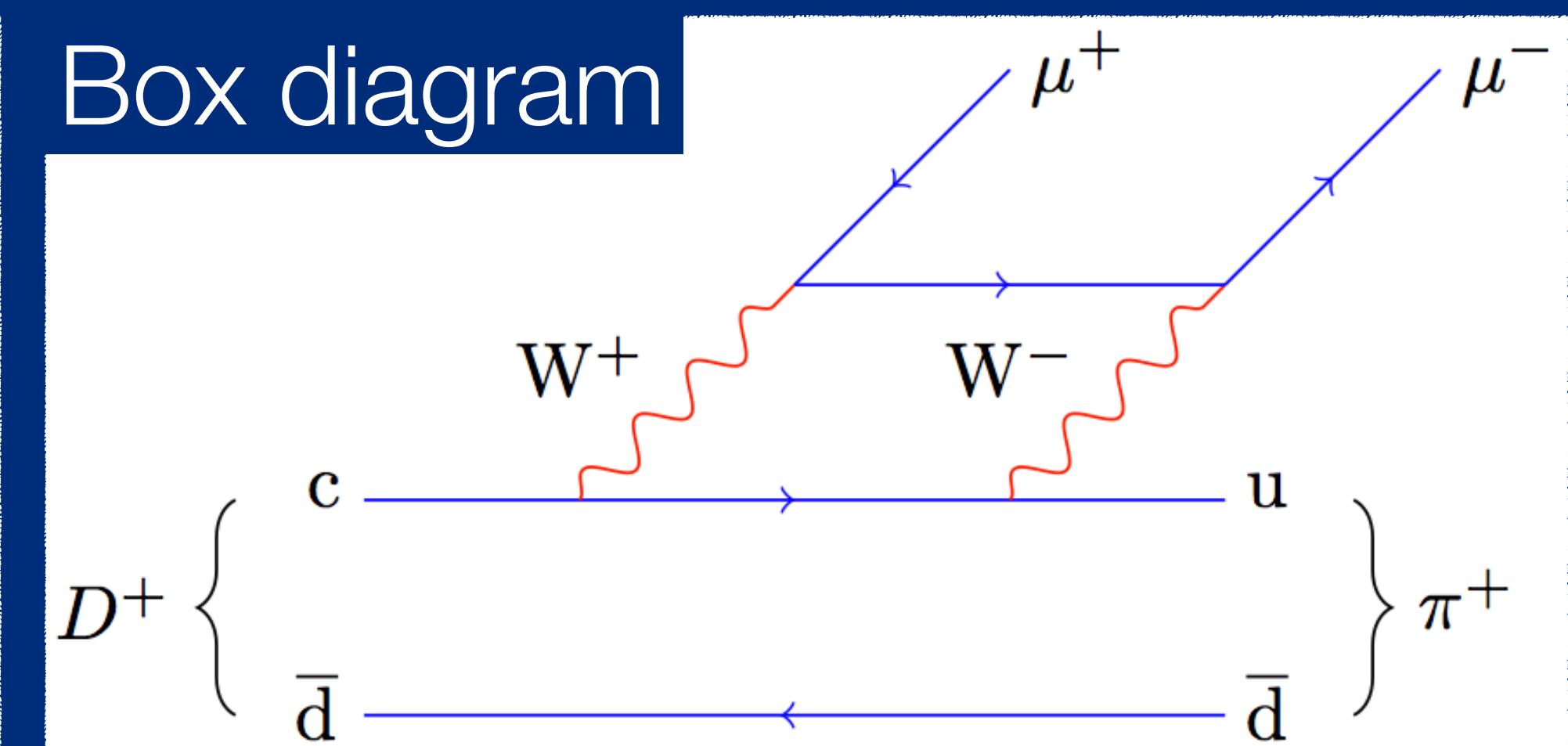
- * Unobserved (unlike in equivalent B and K meson decays)

- * New physics may affect up and down-type quarks differently

Penguin diagram



Box diagram

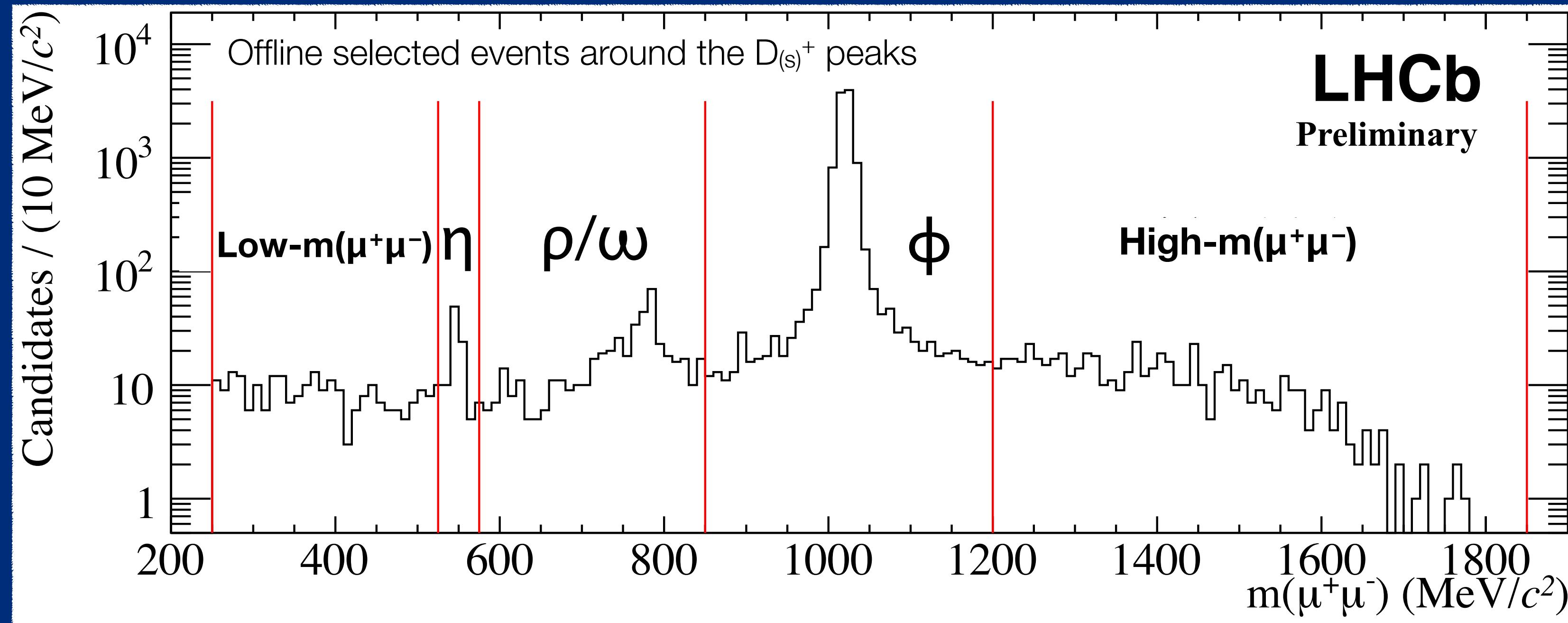


* Weak annihilation processes

contribute to D^+ and D_s^+ decays

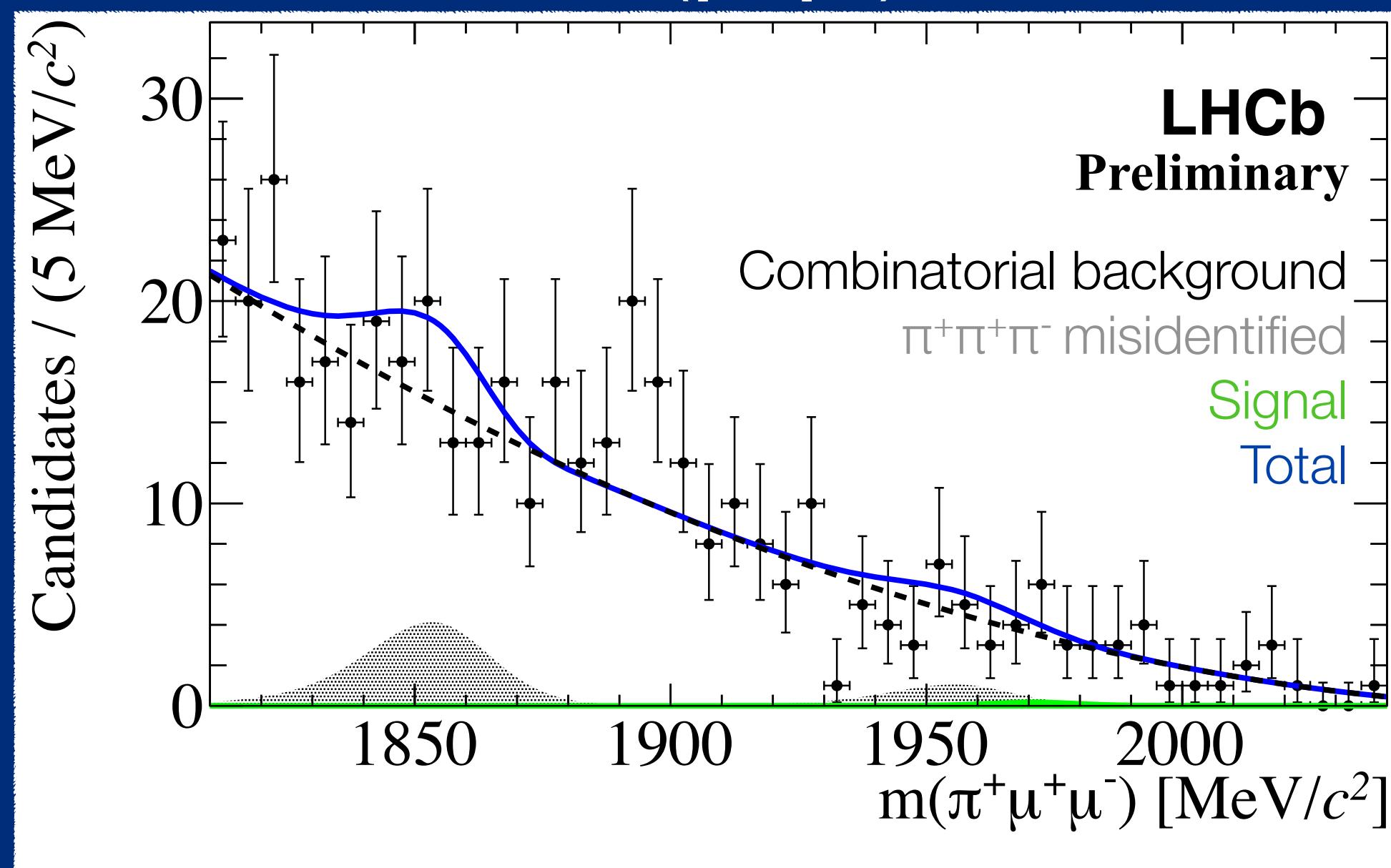
- * Unobserved final state (in any system)

$m(\mu^+\mu^-)$ spectrum

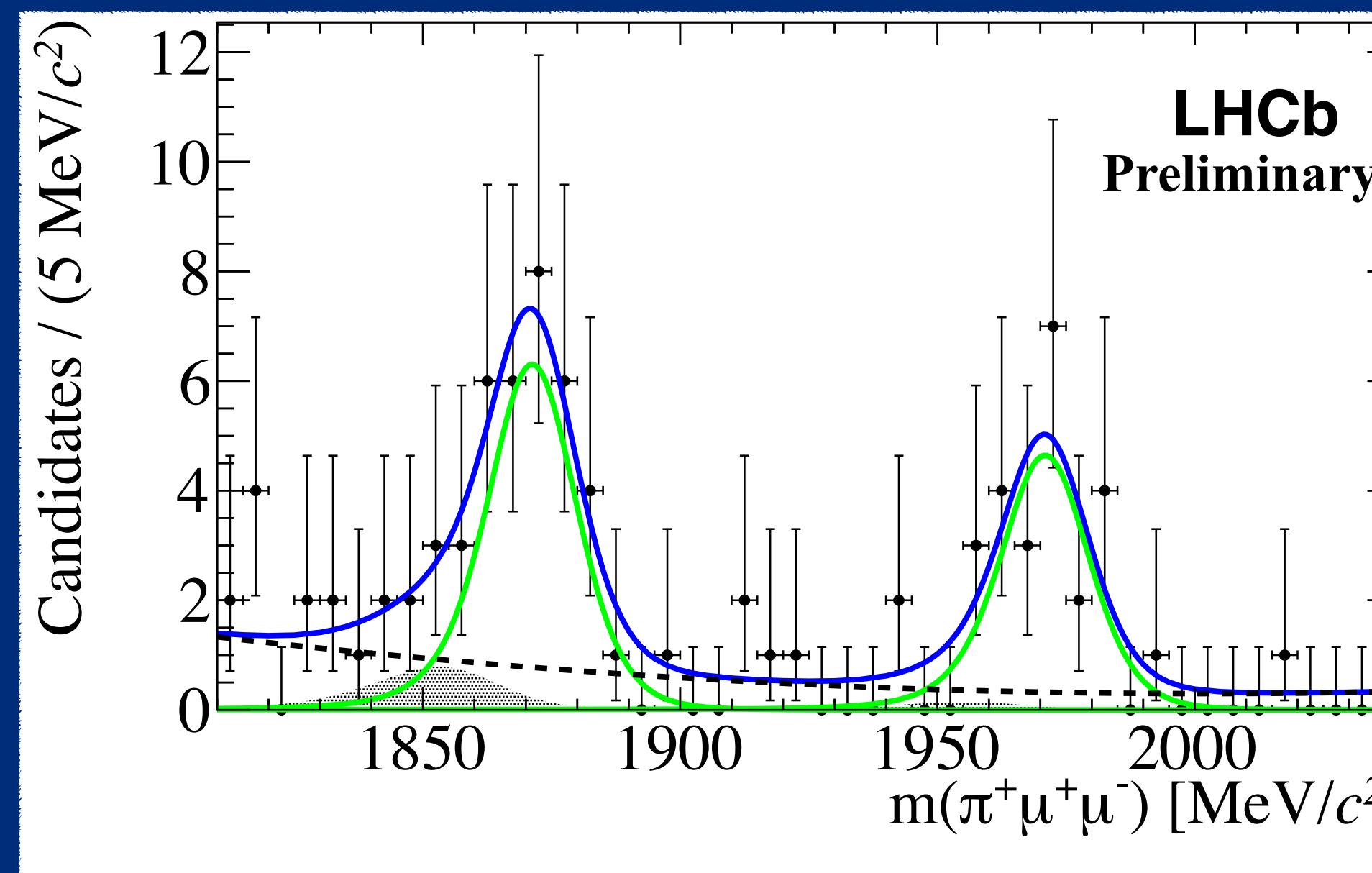


- * Analyse 1.0 fb^-1 of 2011 data
- * Separate into five $m(\mu^+\mu^-)$ bins to isolate FCNC sensitive regions from resonances
- * Normalise using $D_{(s)}^+ \rightarrow \pi^+(\phi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$
- * $D_{(s)}^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$ peaking background shape and yield taken from data

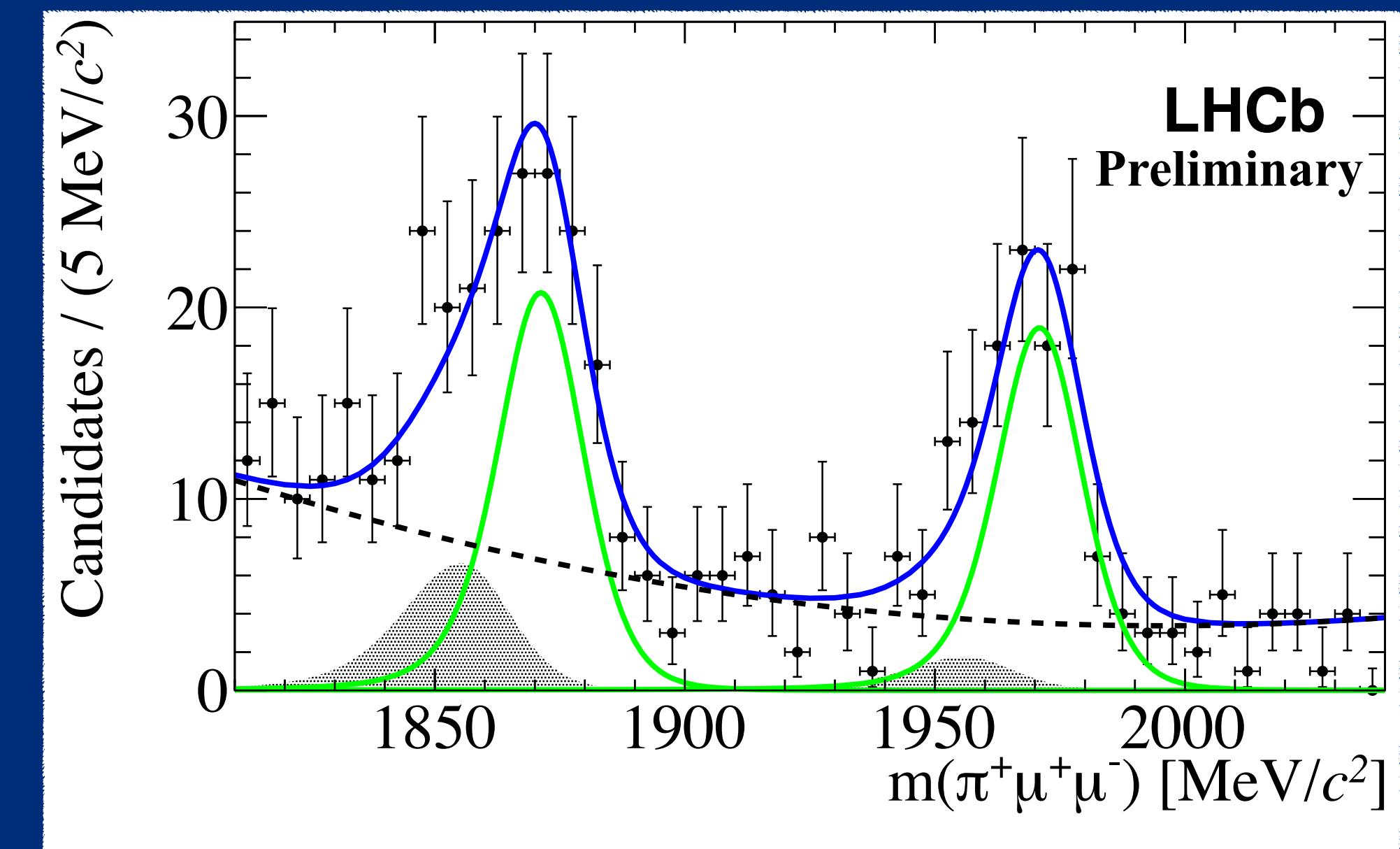
Low- $m(\mu^+\mu^-)$ bin



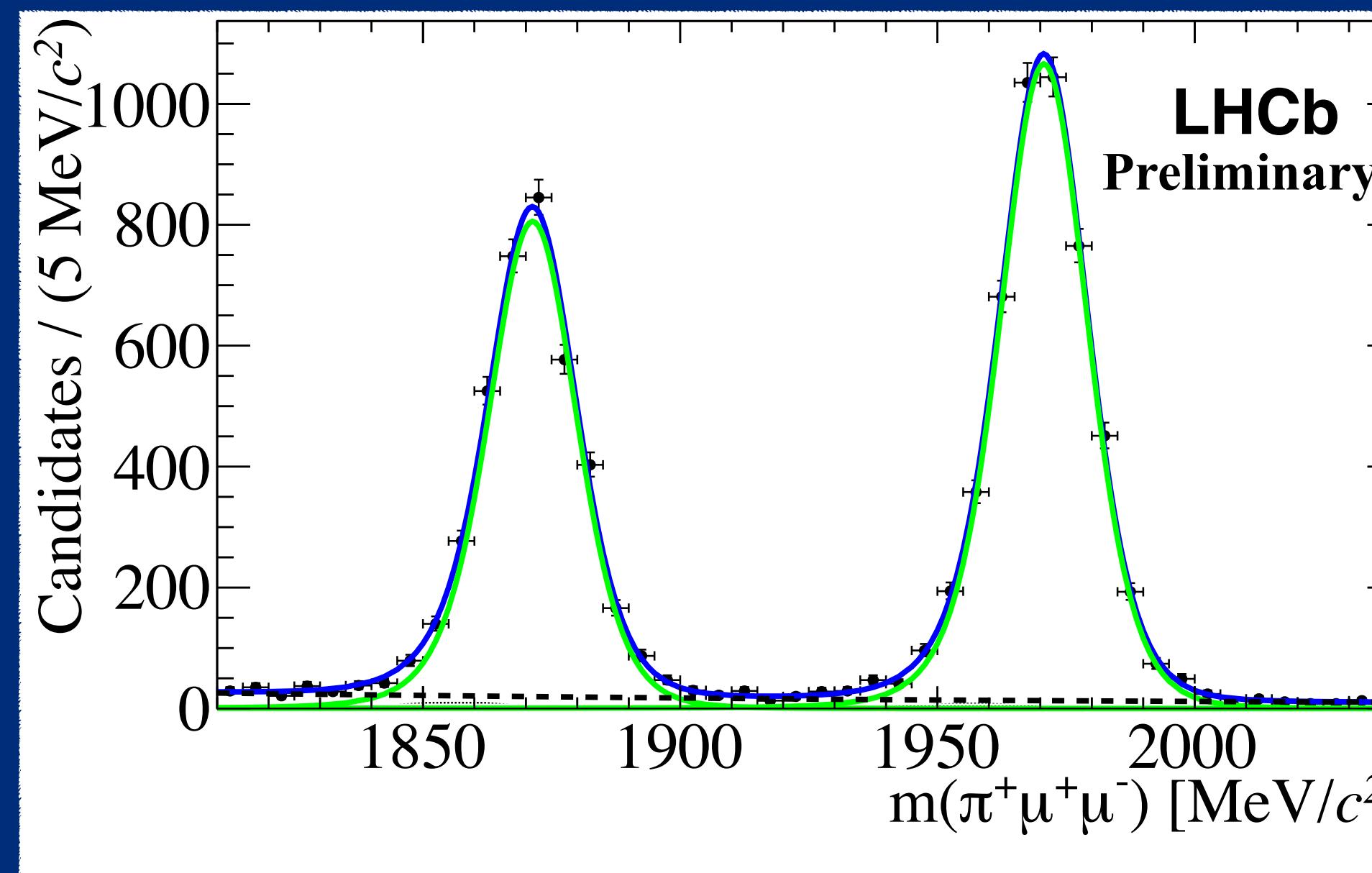
η bin



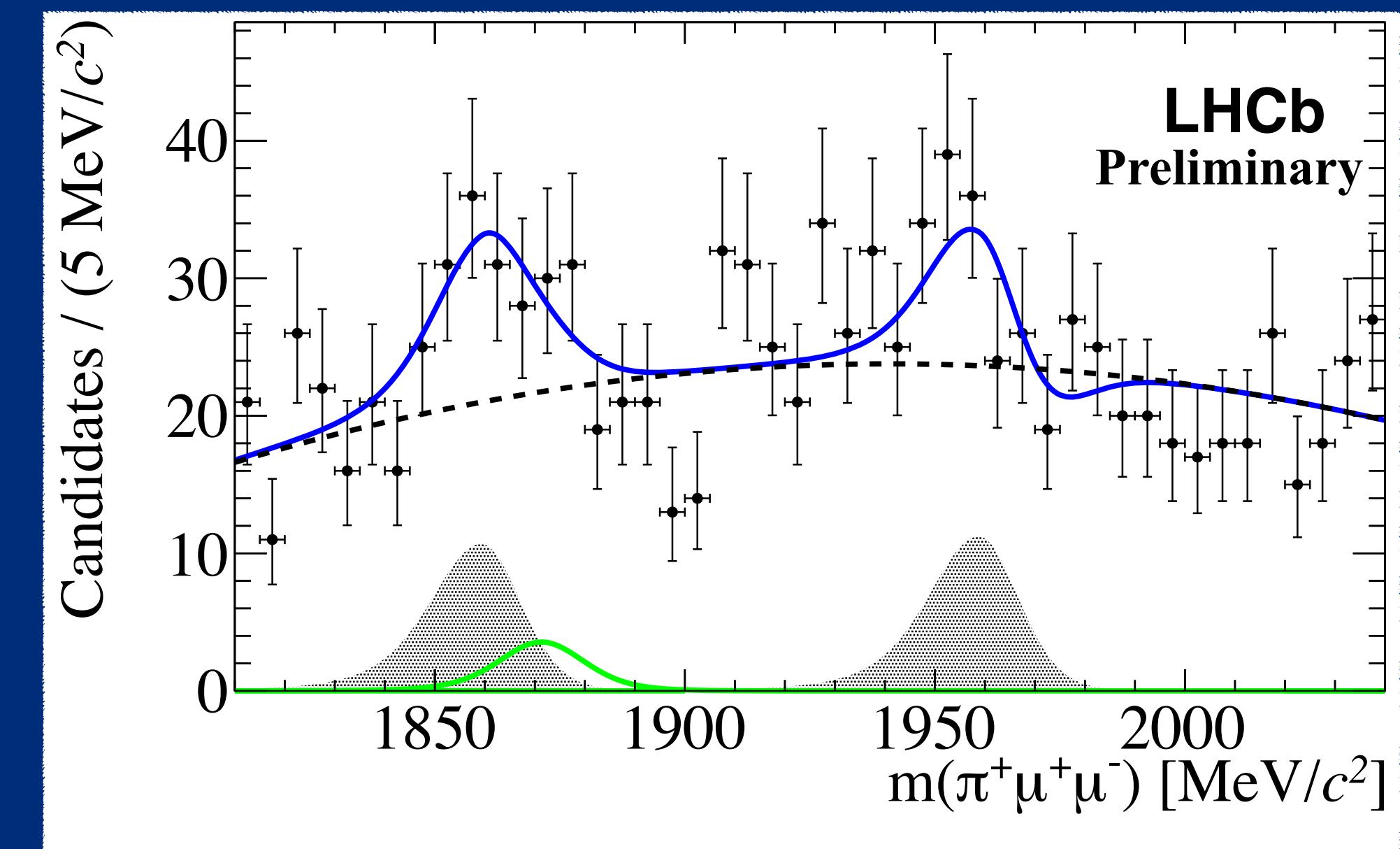
ρ/ω bin



ϕ bin



High- $m(\mu^+\mu^-)$ bin



First observation of the decay chains:

$$D_{(s)}^+ \rightarrow \pi^+(\eta \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$$

$$D_{(s)}^+ \rightarrow \pi^+(\rho/\omega \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$$

provide an important cross-check of the fit's ability to separate the signals from the peaking backgrounds

The world's most stringent limits are set

an improvement of $O(10^2)$ compared to prior measurement^{1,2}

$$\mathcal{B}(D^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\mu^+\mu^-) < 8.3 \times 10^{-8} \text{ at 95% C.L.}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(D_s^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\mu^+\mu^-) < 4.8 \times 10^{-7} \text{ at 95% C.L.}$$

Also: $D_{(s)}^+ \rightarrow \pi^-\mu^+\mu^+$

- * Lepton number violating (LNV)
- * Can be mediated by a Majorana neutrino

$$\mathcal{B}(D^+ \rightarrow \pi^-\mu^+\mu^+) < 2.5 \times 10^{-8} \text{ at 95% C.L.}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(D_s^+ \rightarrow \pi^-\mu^+\mu^+) < 1.4 \times 10^{-7} \text{ at 95% C.L.}$$