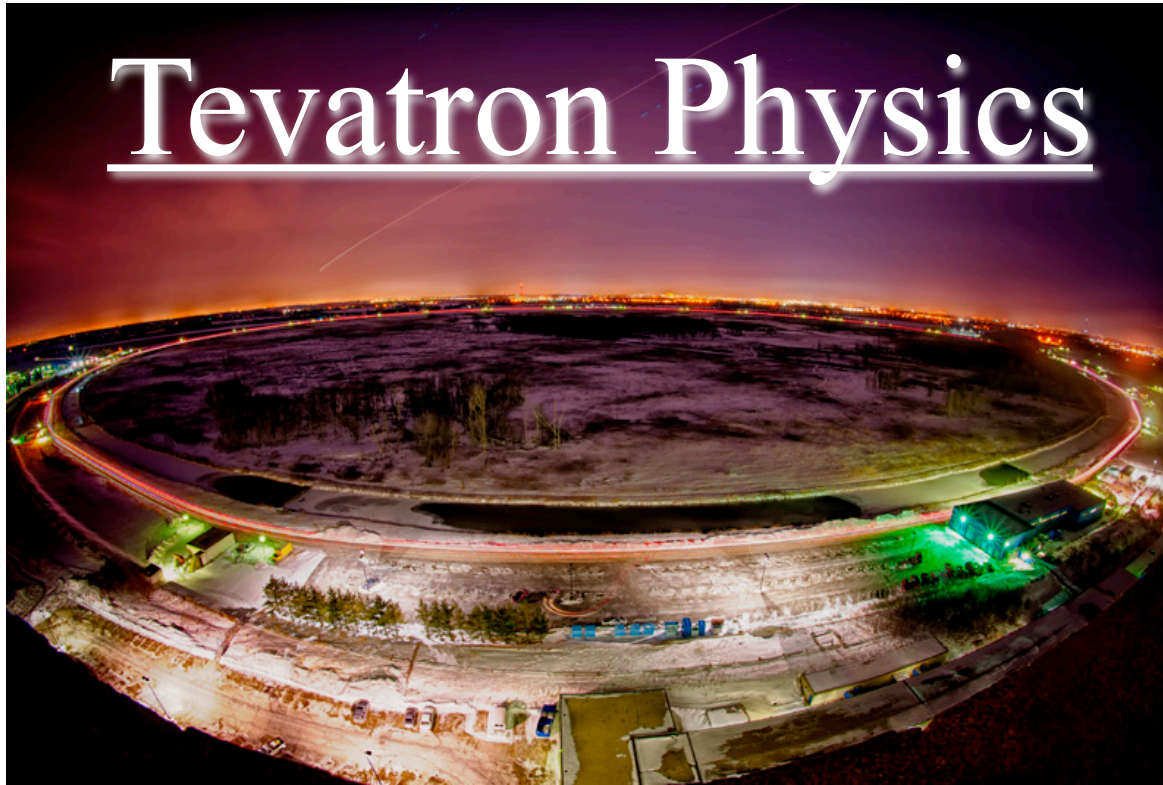


Tevatron Physics



Welcome
new Fermilab
director
Nigel Lockyer

Reinhard Schwienhorst

SSI2013
July 8-19, 2013
41st SLAC Summer Institute

SLAC ENERGY

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Exploring the Energy Frontier with Collins
Accelerating Protons and Electrons
Advanced Acceleration Techniques
Future Physics: The Big Questions
Higgs and Laysan: Paths for Future
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Neutrino Physics: The Big Questions
Neutrino Detection and Physics
Neutrinoless Double Beta Decay
Cosmic Frontier: The Big Questions
Searching for Dark Matter in the Sky and Underground
Cosmology of Dark Matter Searches
Cosmic Particles
Interconnection in the Cosmic Frontier
Exploring the Cosmic Unknown Background
The Final Word

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Outline

- Tevatron proton-antiproton collider
- Heavy flavor production
- QCD events
- Electroweak results
- Top quark measurements
- Higgs boson coupling to fermions
- Conclusions

Tevatron at Fermilab



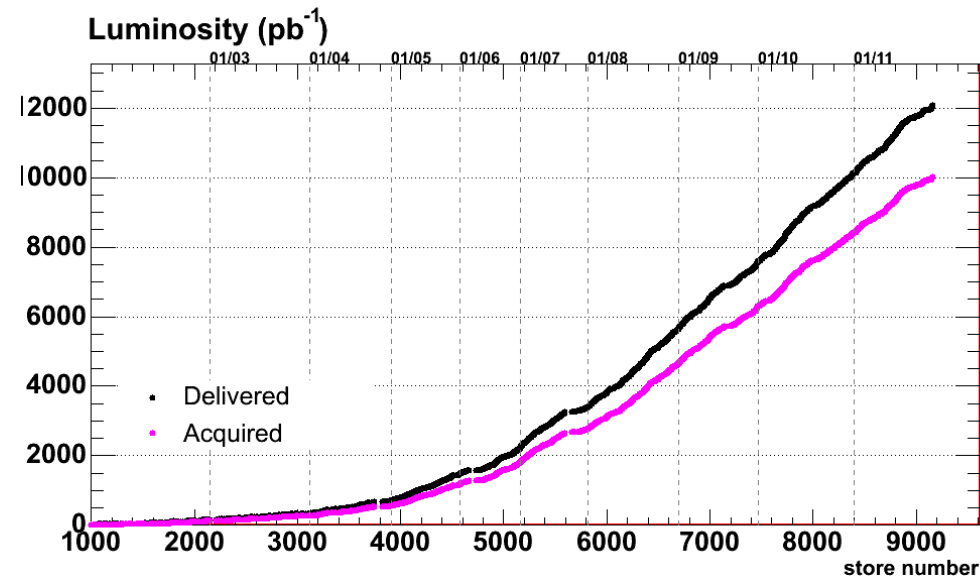
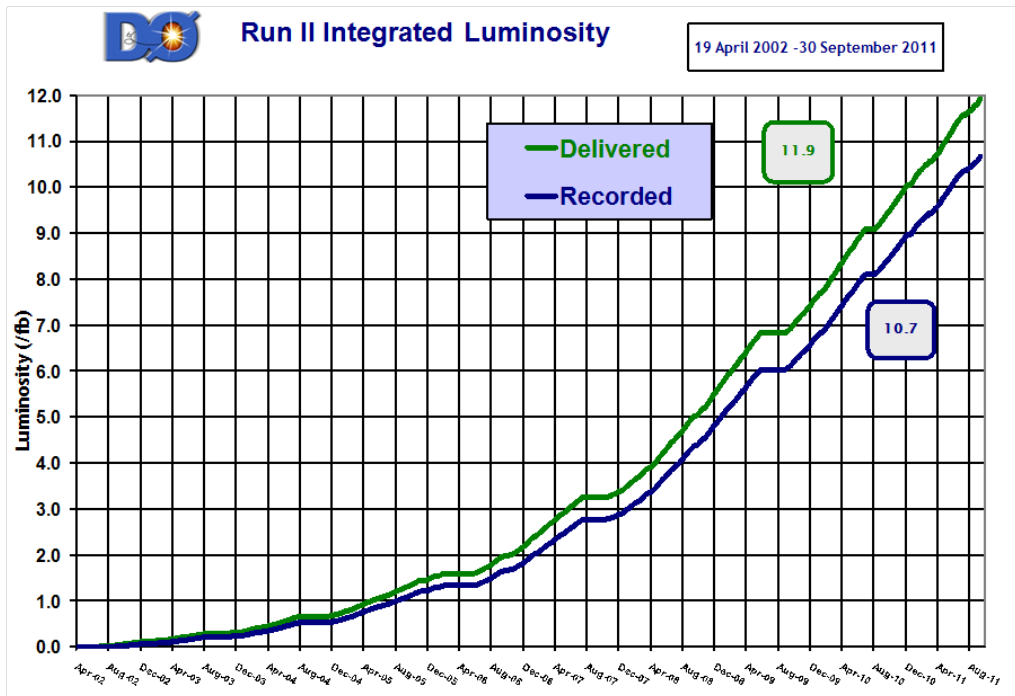
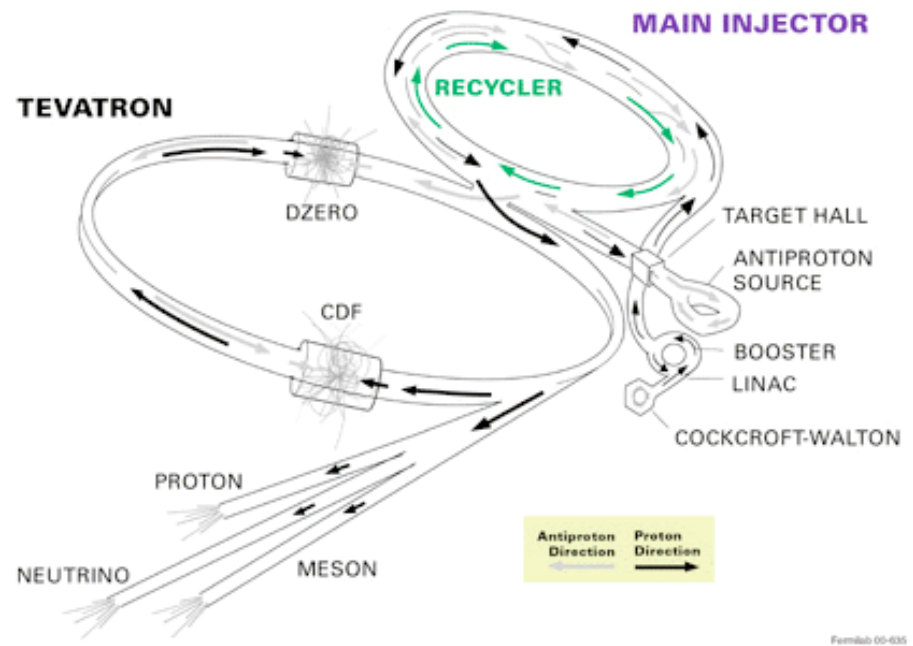
- Run II from 2002 to 2011
- CDF and D0: 400 + 400 members from 60 + 70 institutions



Tevatron collider in Run II

- proton-antiproton collider
- 1.96 TeV
- 12 fb⁻¹ delivered
- 10 fb⁻¹ recorded per experiment
- 10 pByte dataset (incl. MC) per experiment

FERMILAB'S ACCELERATOR CHAIN

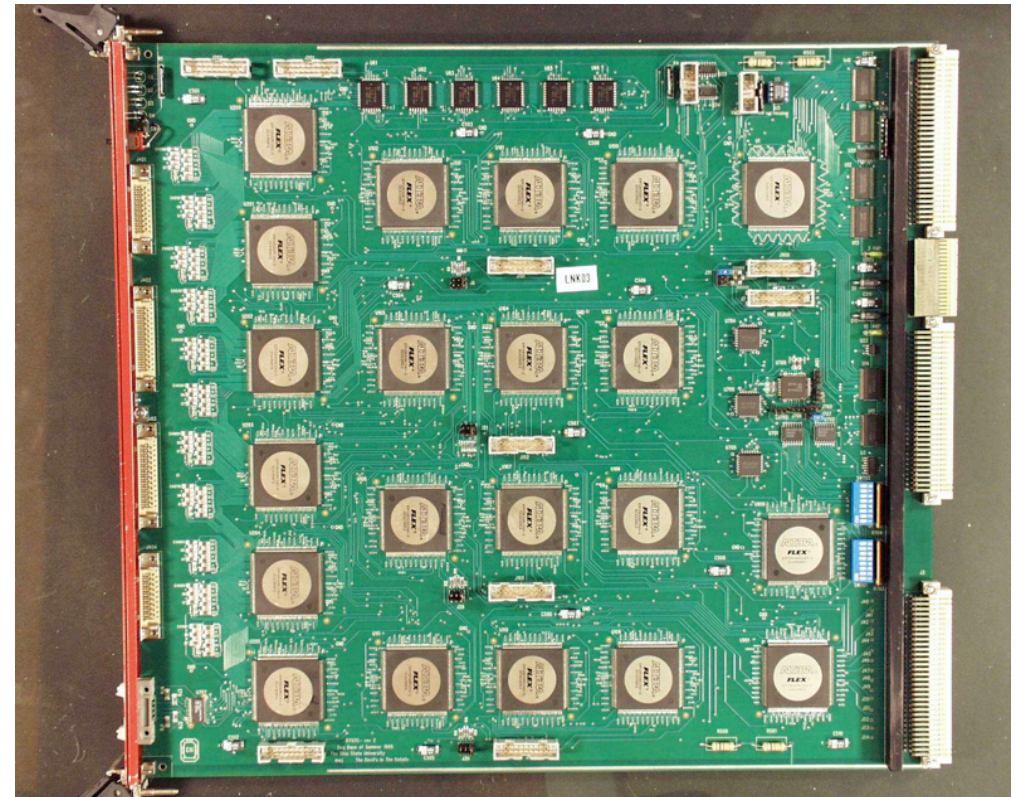
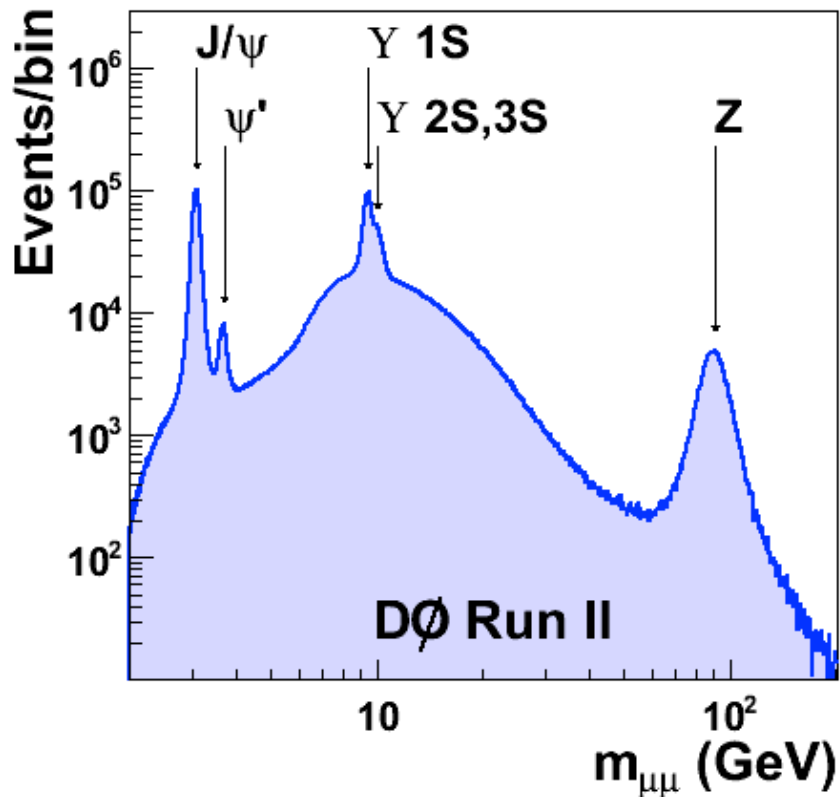


Unique Tevatron physics

- proton-antiproton collider
 - quark-antiquark interactions
 - top pairs
 - forward-backward asymmetries
 - single top in the s-channel
- lower CM energy
 - Higgs to bb in associated production
 - lower QCD background
 - coupling to fermions
- Much less pileup than LHC
 - clean events, low trigger thresholds
 - precision top quark mass
 - precision W boson mass

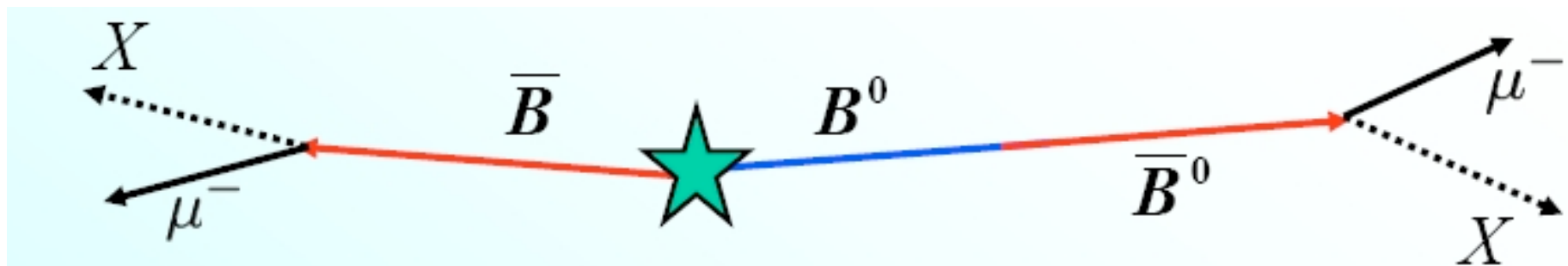
Heavy flavor physics

- Trigger and detector systems for heavy flavor
 - low-pT di-muons and regular reversal of B field (DØ)
 - track trigger and high-precision tracking (CDF)



CP Asymmetries

- Tevatron Proton-Antiproton initial state
 - CP conserving
- Look for neutral meson mixing
- Look for asymmetries in heavy flavor decay rates
- Sensitive to new physics
 - in weak and strong interactions



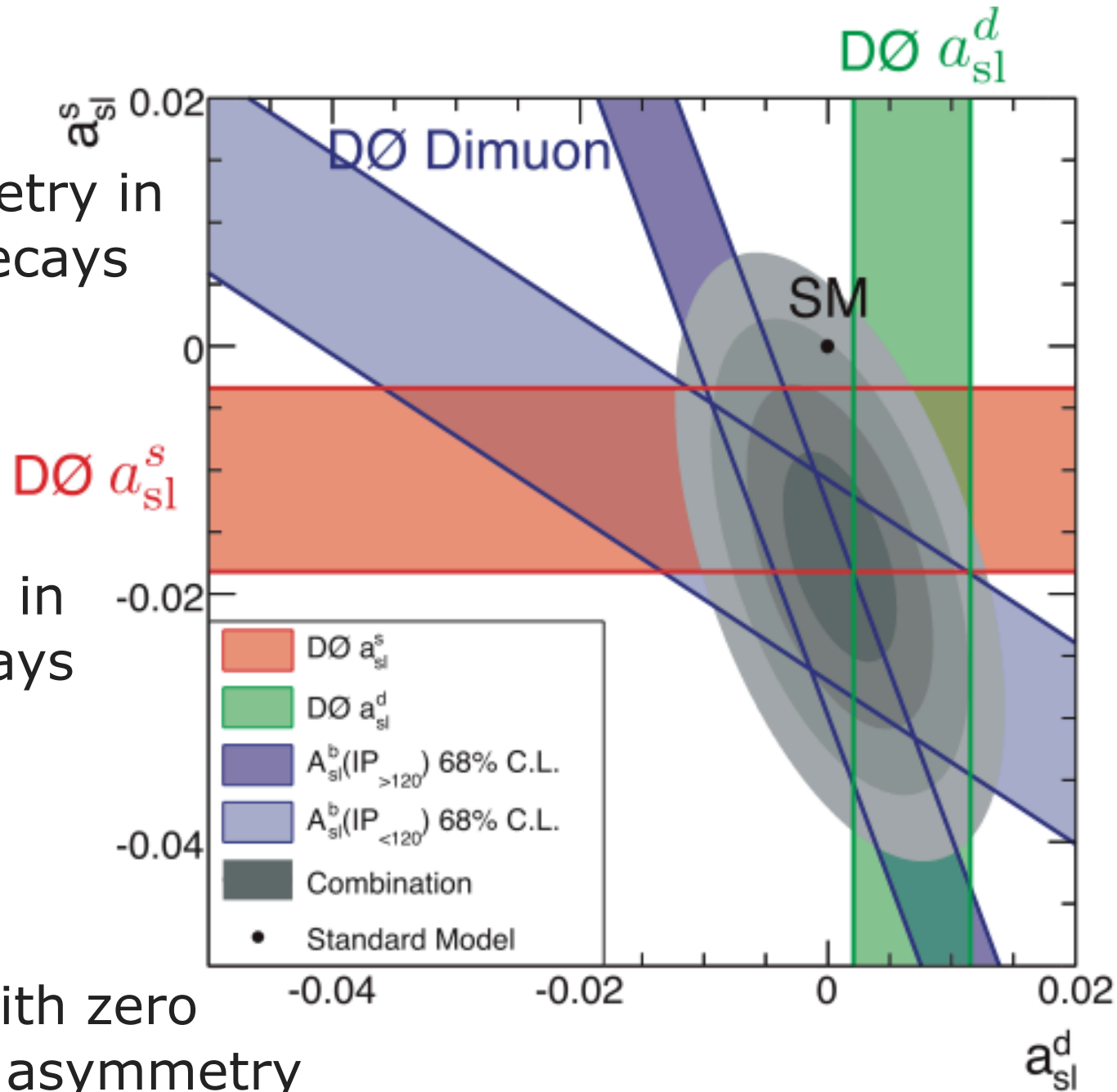


Like-sign di-muon asymmetry

- DØ di-muon asymmetry in semi-leptonic B decays
- Significance 3.9 s.d.
PRD 84, 052007 (2011)

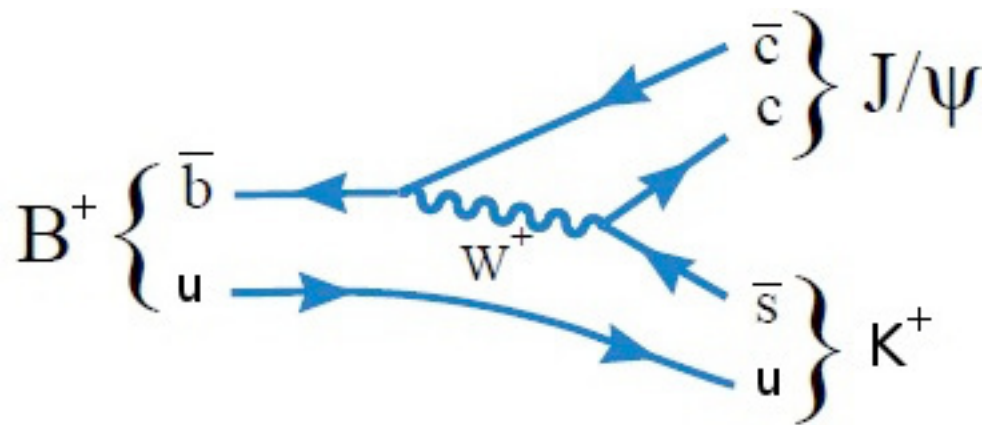
$$A_{sl}^b = C_d a_{sl}^d + C_s a_{sl}^s$$

- Measure asymmetry in semi-leptonic decays
- a_{sl}^s in $B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu D^s X$
PRL 110, 011801 (2013)
- a_{sl}^d in $B_d^0 \rightarrow \mu D^{(*)-} X$
PRD 86, 072009 (2012)
- Results consistent with zero and with di-muon asymmetry





CP Asymmetry for B^\pm

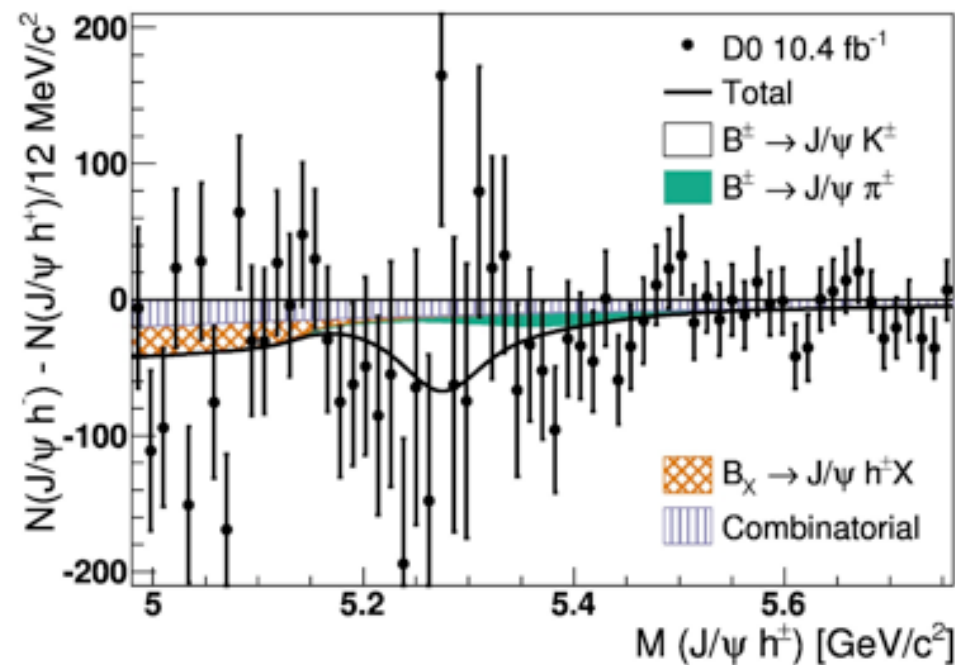
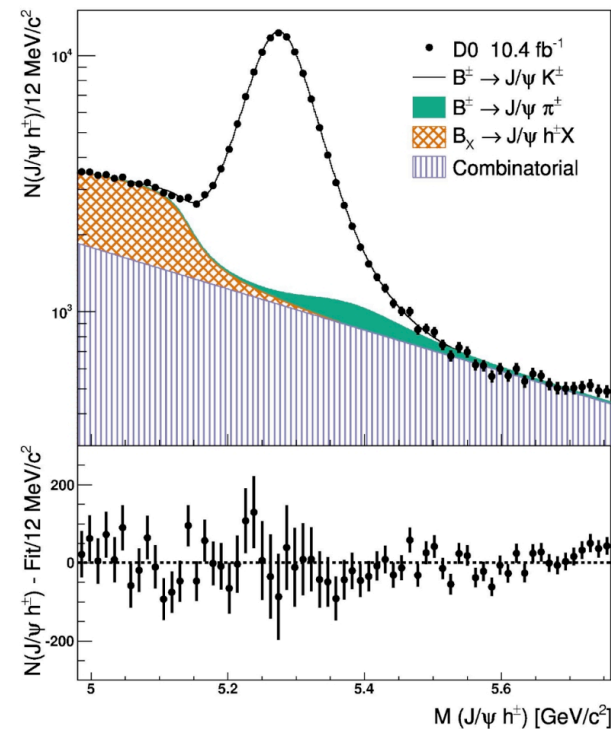


- Asymmetry A: Difference in decay rate for B^+ and B^-
 - CP violation in weak decay
- Small ($<0.3\%$) in SM
- Result:

$$A^{J/\psi K} = [0.59 \pm 0.36 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.07 \text{ (syst)}] \%$$

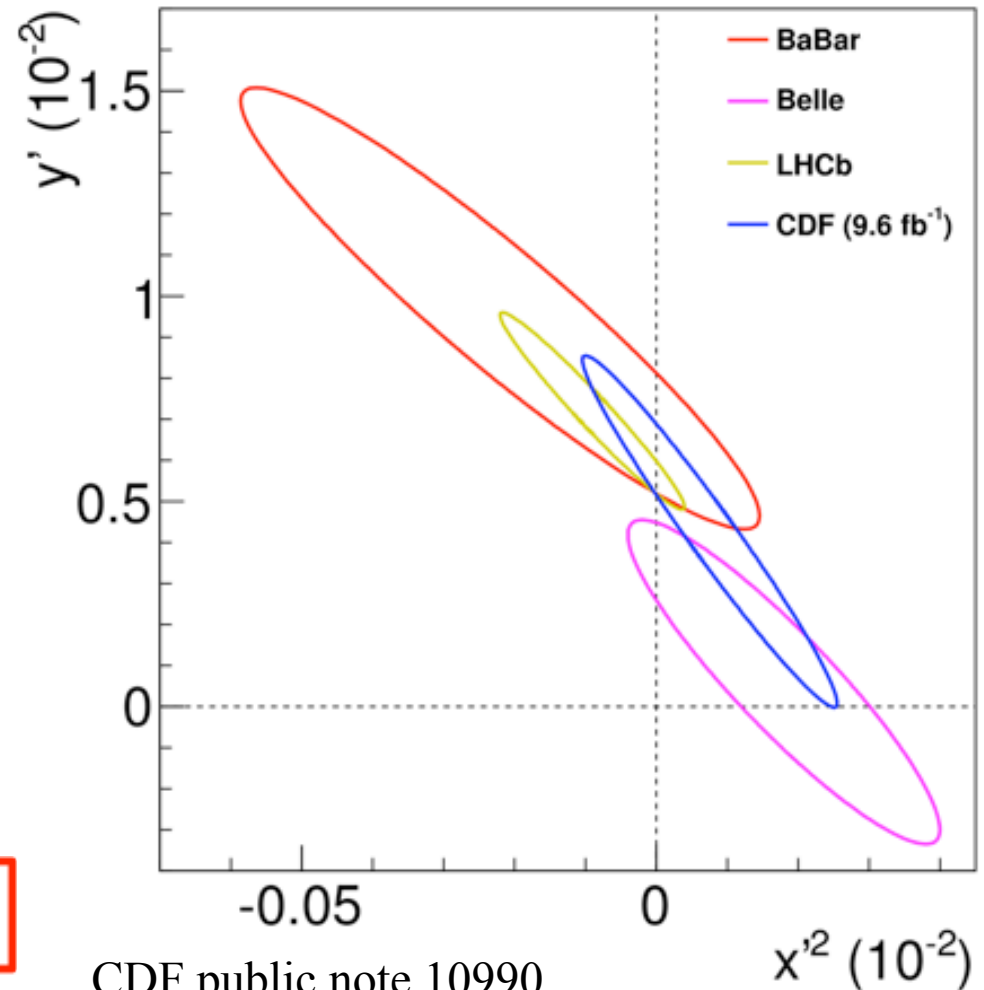
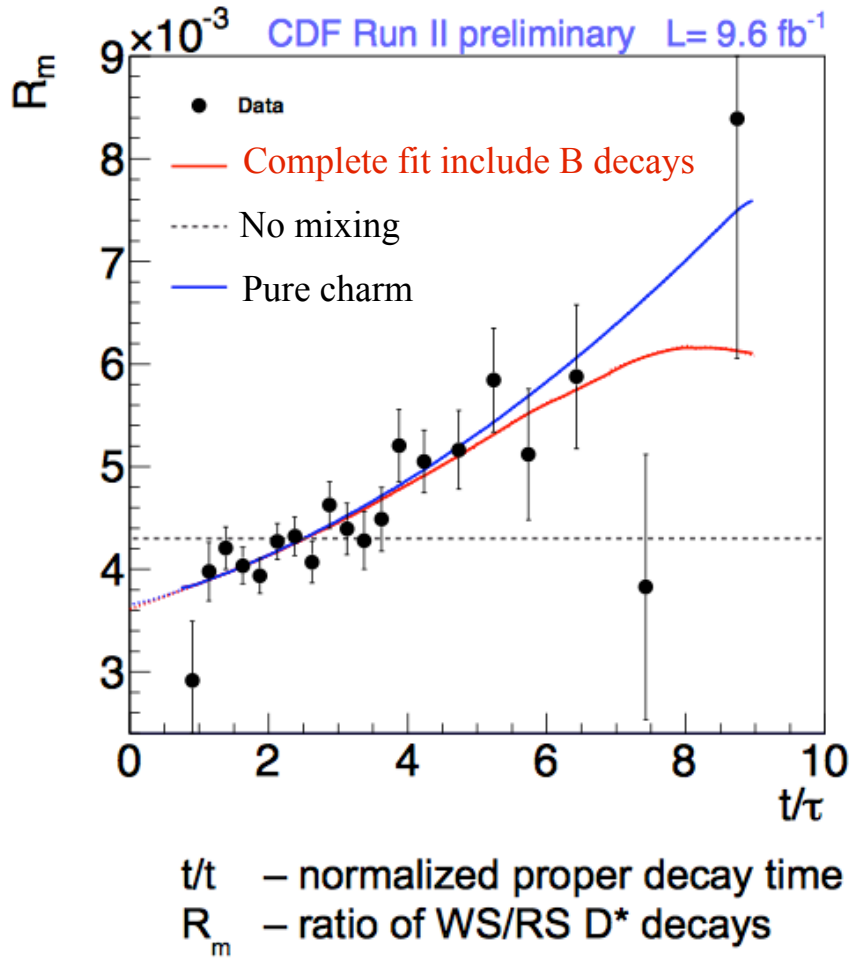
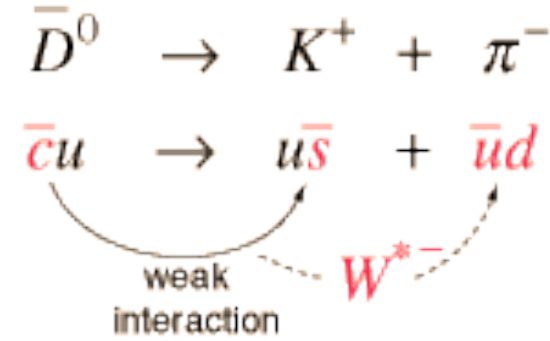
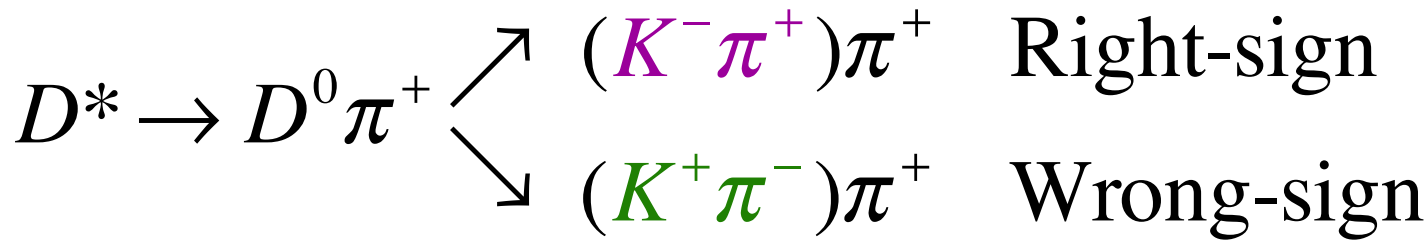
$$A^{J/\psi \pi} = [-4.2 \pm 4.4 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.9 \text{ (syst)}] \%$$

- Consistent with zero
- Most precise measurement



PRL 110, 241801 (2013)

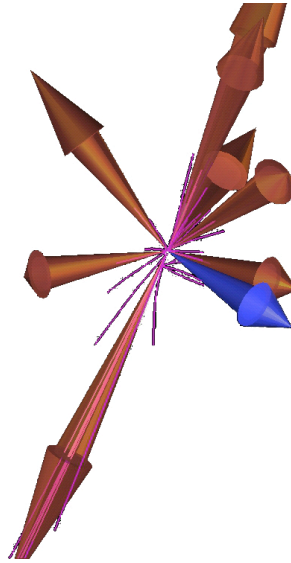
neutral D meson mixing



Observe $D^0 - \bar{D}^0$ mixing at 6.1 s.d.

CDF public note 10990

QCD physics

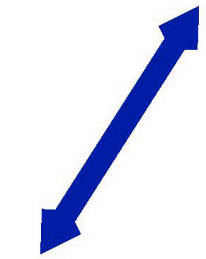


- Strong interaction studies ↔ ● Parton distribution functions (PDF)
- Background to most Higgs, top, new physics analyses

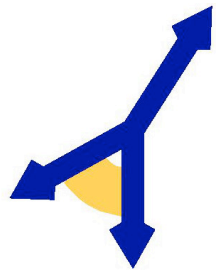


QCD jet observables

$$R_{\Delta R}(p_T, p_{T \min}^{number}) = \frac{\# \text{ of neighboring jets}}{\# \text{ of inclusive jets}}$$



$$R_{\Delta R} = 0$$



$$R_{\Delta R} = 2/3$$



$$R_{\Delta R} = 1$$

- Study strong interaction in jet formation
- Minimal dependence on PDFs
 - Extend energy reach beyond Lep

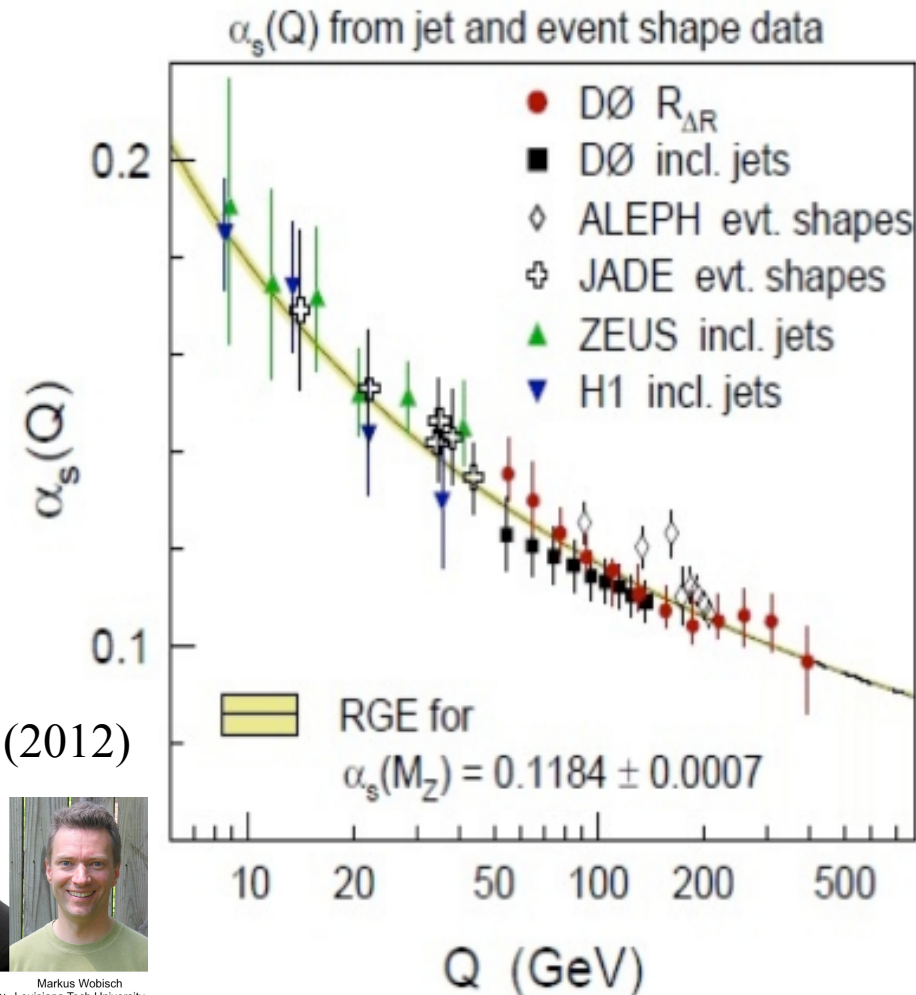
Using $R_{\Delta R}$ and
NLO+MSTW2008NNLO PDFs

$$\alpha_s(M_z) = 0.1191^{+0.0048}_{-0.0071}$$

PLB 718, 56 (2012)



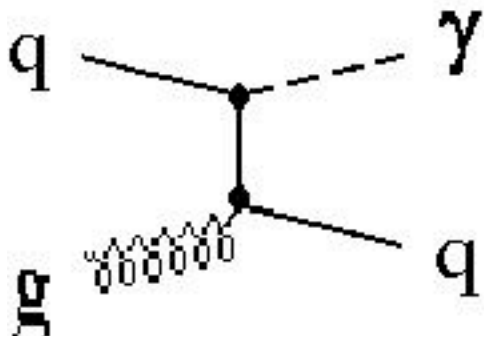
Scott Atkins Louisiana Tech University Lee Sawyer Louisiana Tech University Markus Wobisch Louisiana Tech University



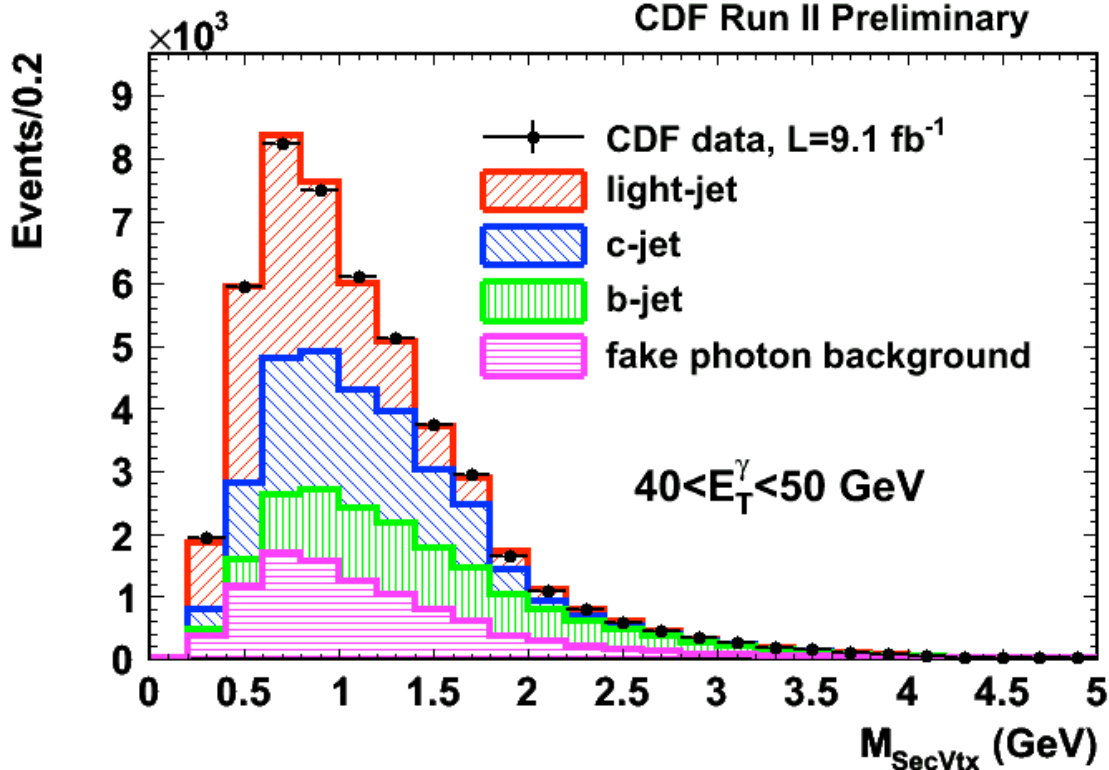
Photon + heavy flavor



CDF Run II Preliminary



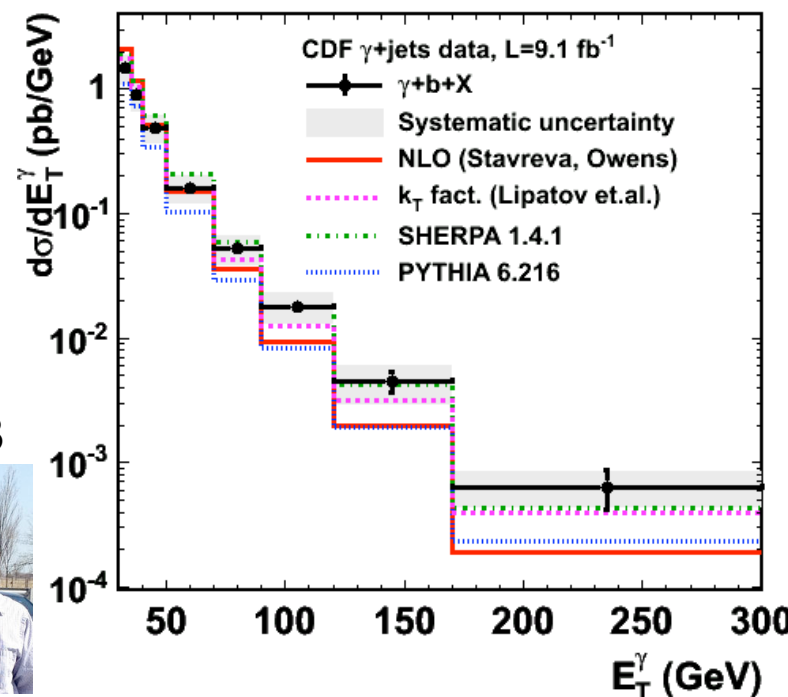
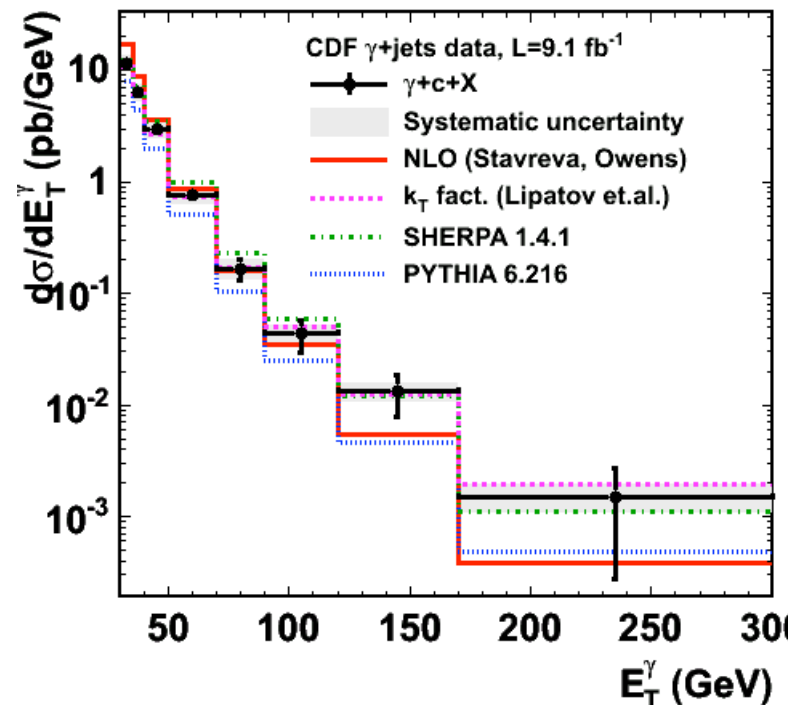
CDF Run II Preliminary



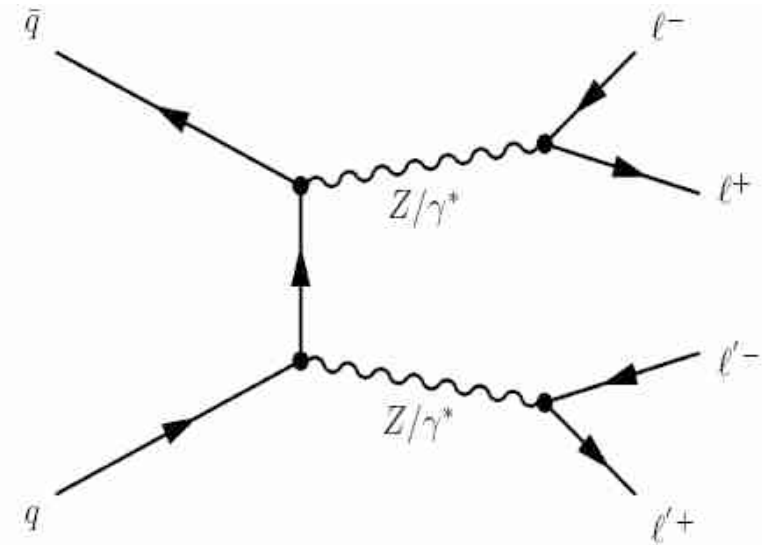
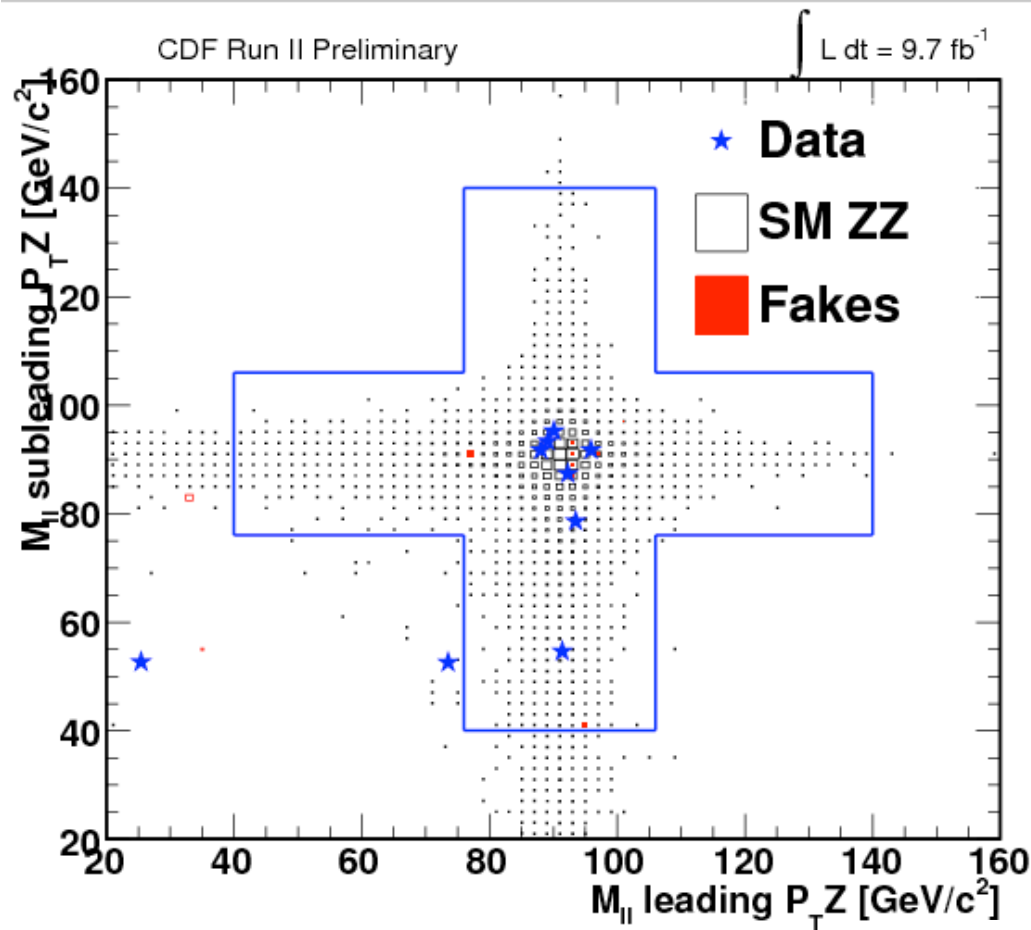
CDF note 10818



- Sensitive to b-quark and charm quark PDF



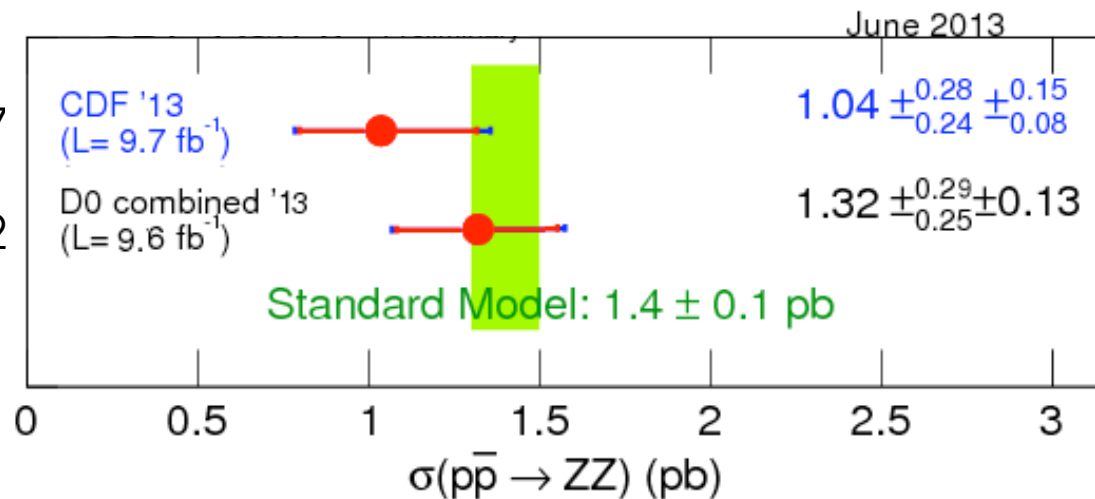
Electroweak results



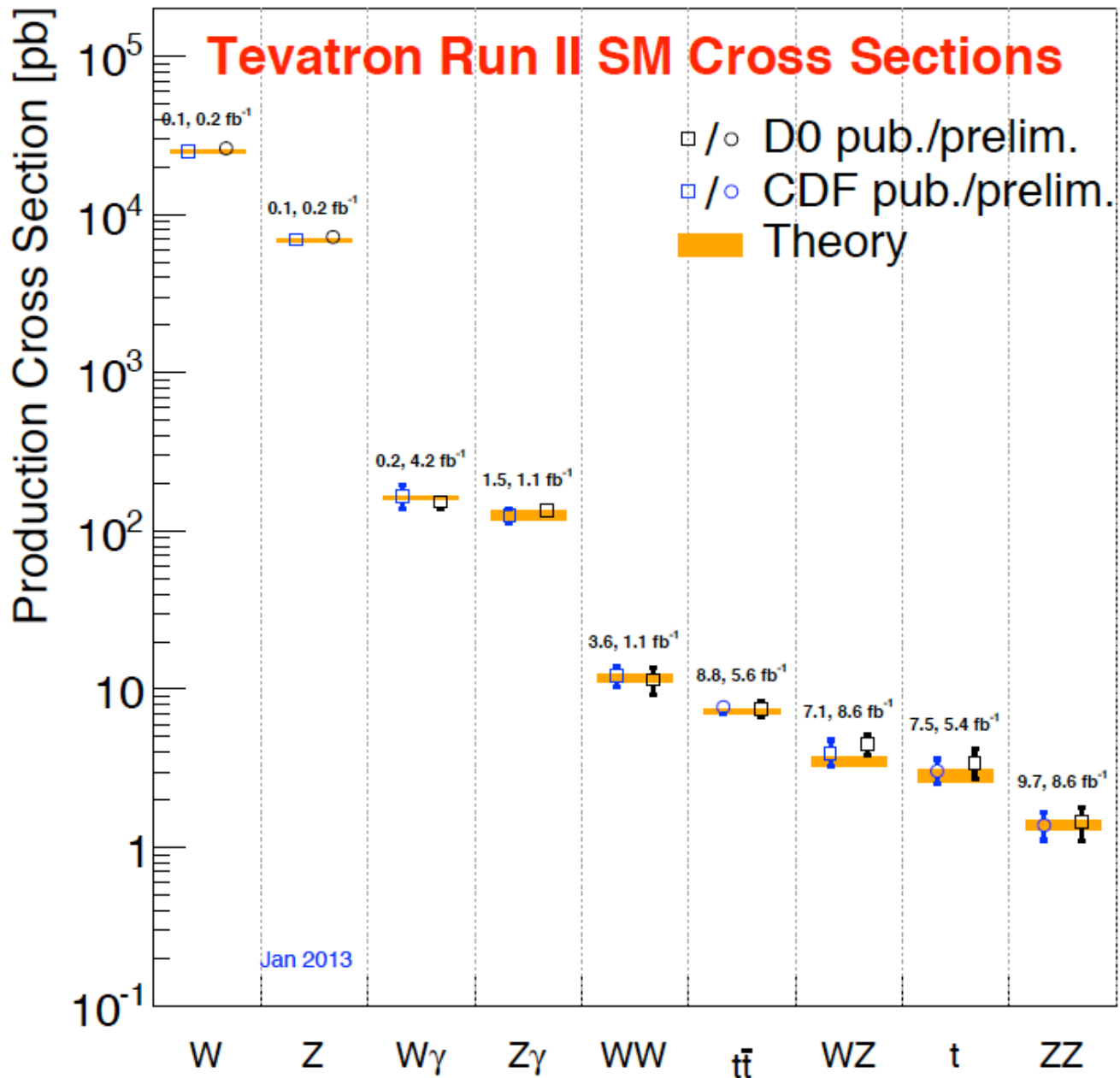
- IIII and IIvv final states
- Background to Higgs and new physics searches

CDF public note 10957

accepted by PRD, arXiv:1304.5422



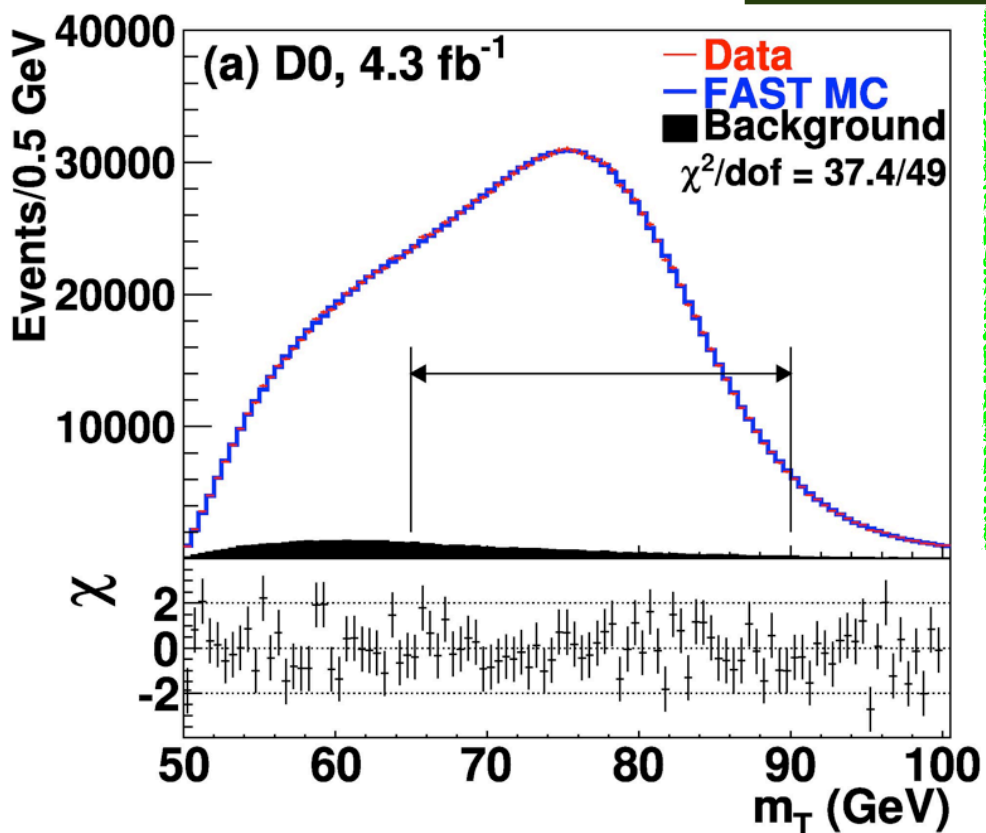
Electroweak measurements



- All single and di-boson processes measured
- Also look for anomalous boson couplings in di-bosons



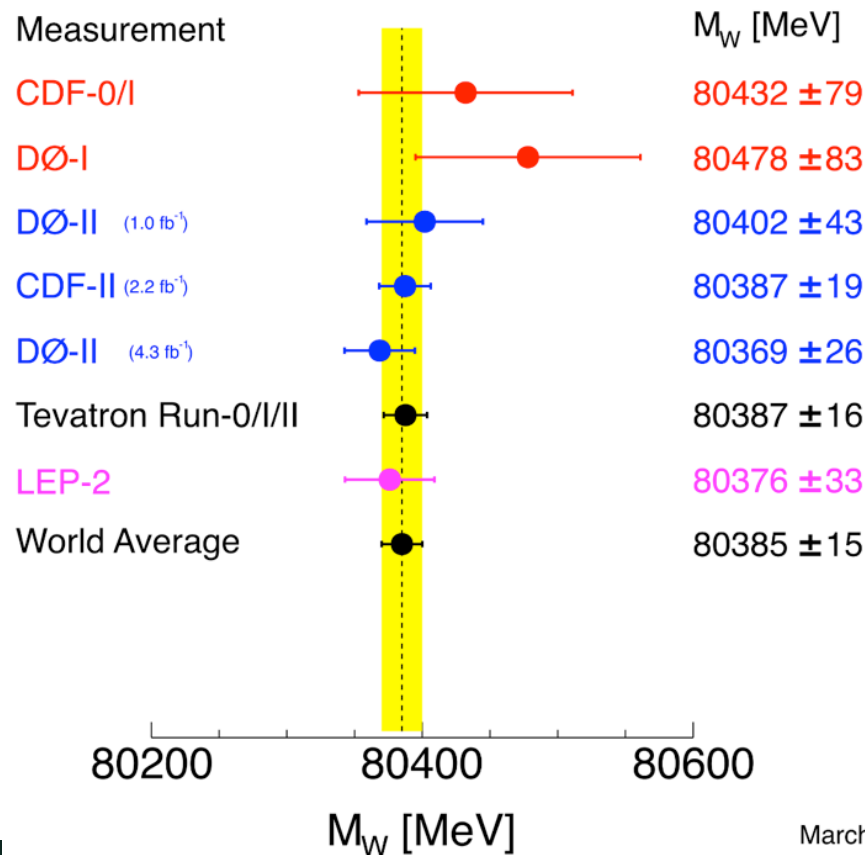
W boson mass



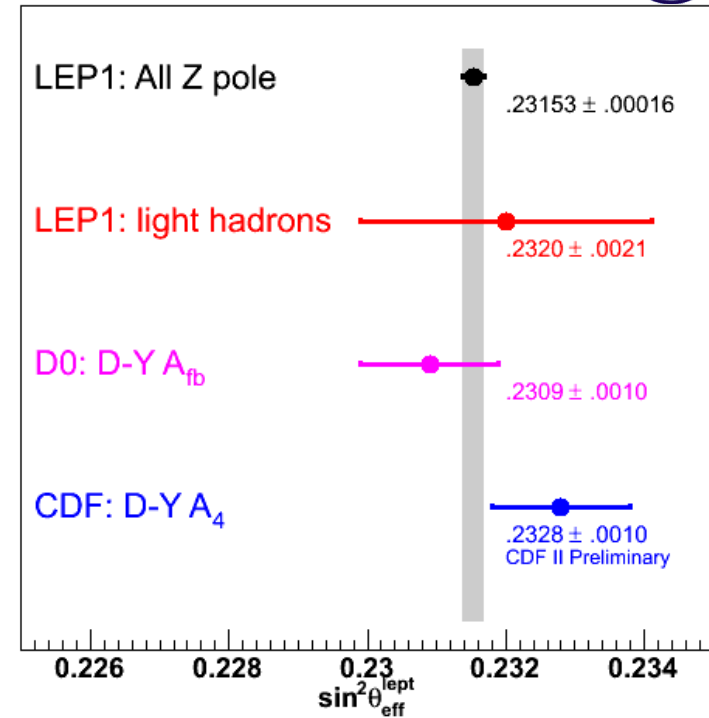
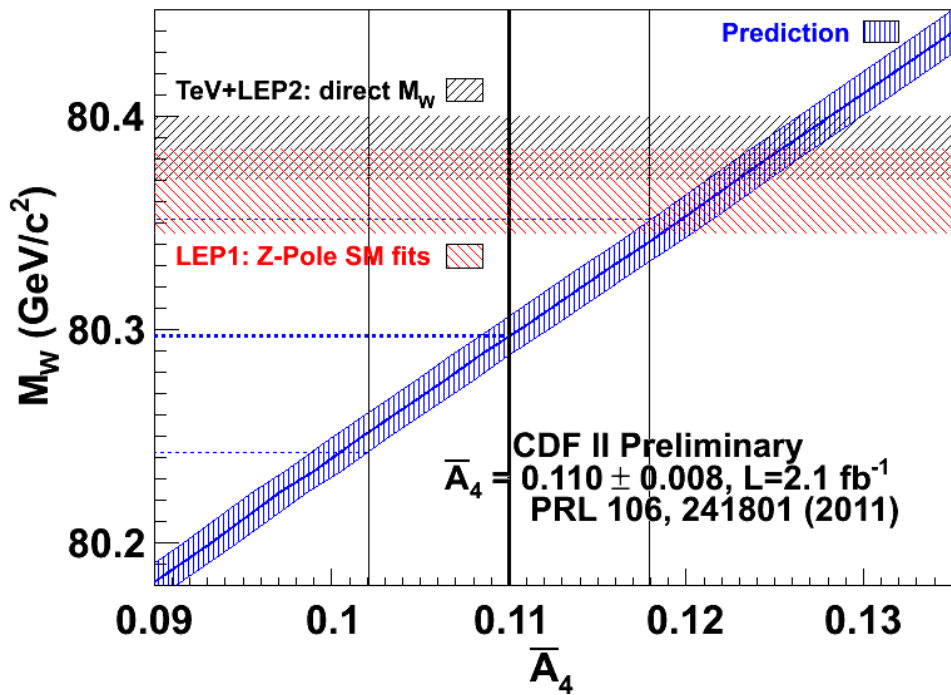
Lepton energy scale and resolution	7
Recoil energy scale and resolution	6
Lepton removal	2
Backgrounds	3
$p_T(W)$ model	5
Parton distributions	10
QED radiation	4
CDF Uncertainties	
W-boson statistics	12

- Well understood detectors
- Well understood theory errors
- Clean event environment
- Expect final Tevatron measurement with <10 MeV uncertainty

Mass of the W Boson

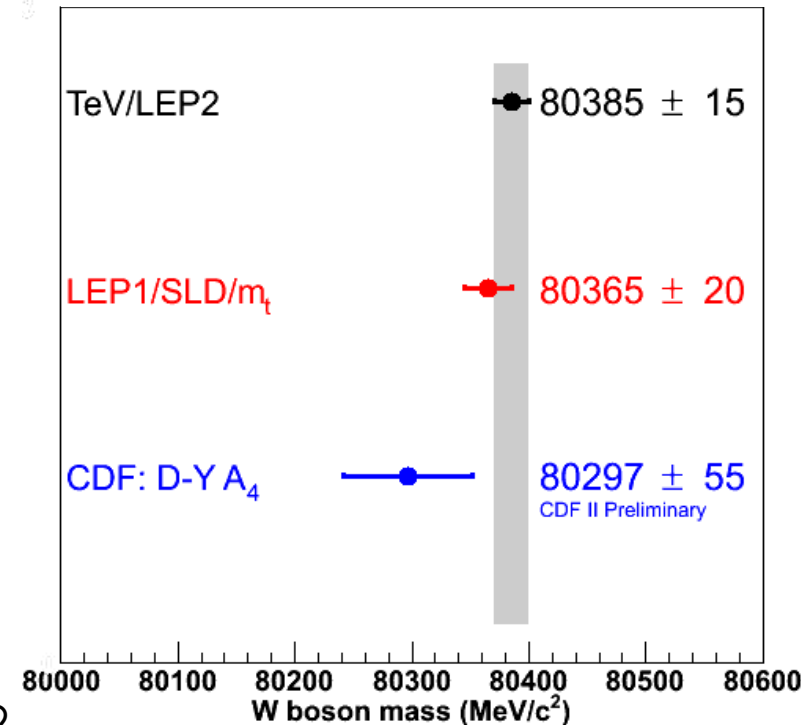


$\sin\theta_W$ from $Z \rightarrow ee$

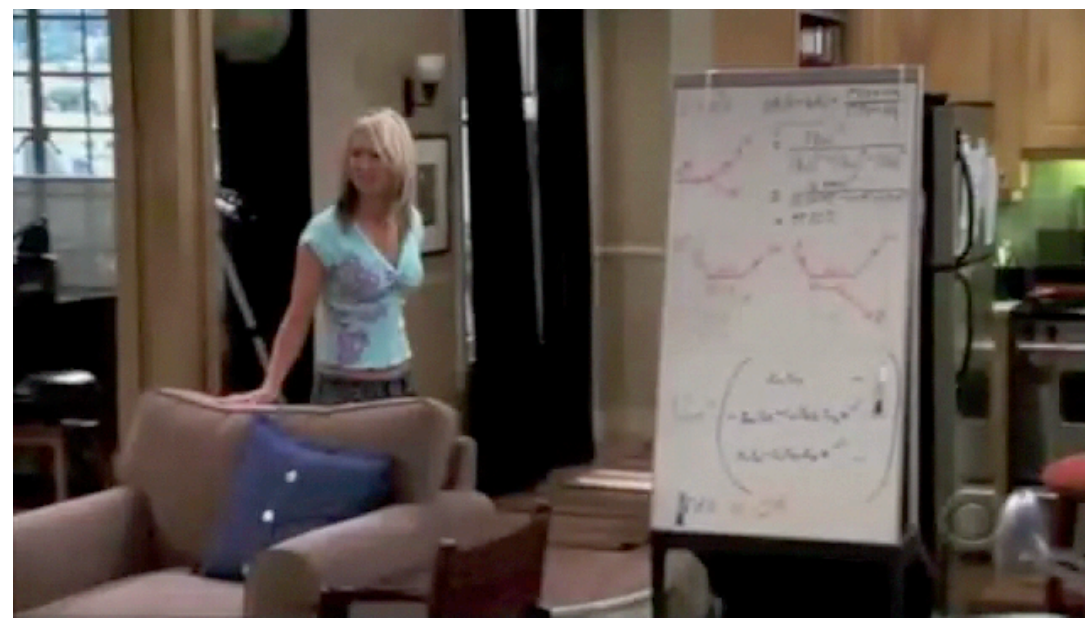


- Measured A_4 (V-A interference) from $\cos\theta$ term of the angular distribution of e^+e^- pairs with M_{ee} in $[66, 116]$ GeV/c^2
- Derived $\sin\theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{lep}}$ and M_W from A_4 and ResBos prediction

PRL 106, 241801 (2011)
 arXiv:1307.0770, PRD
 CDF public note 10952

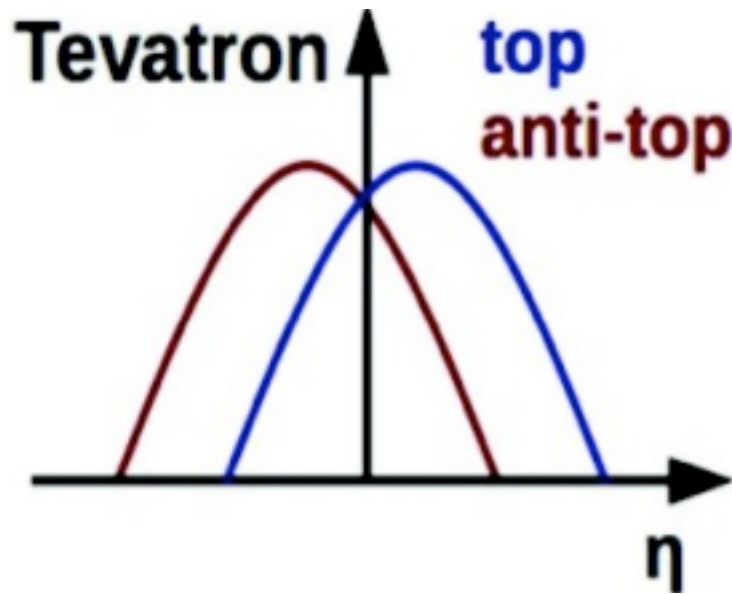


Top quark



Top forward-backward asymmetry

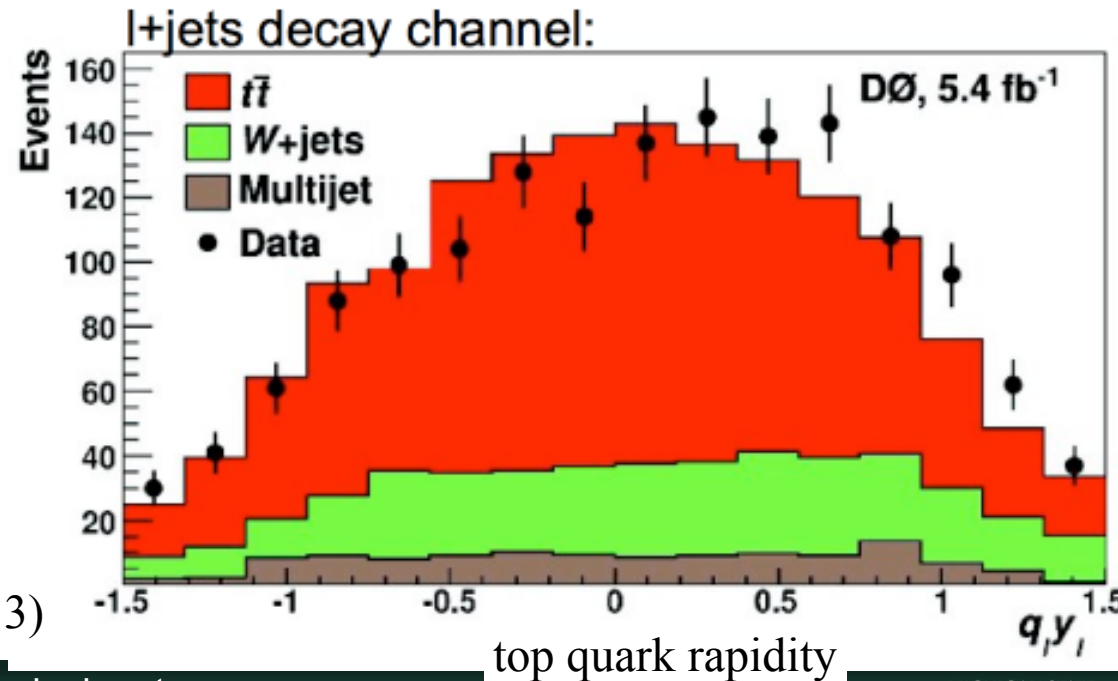
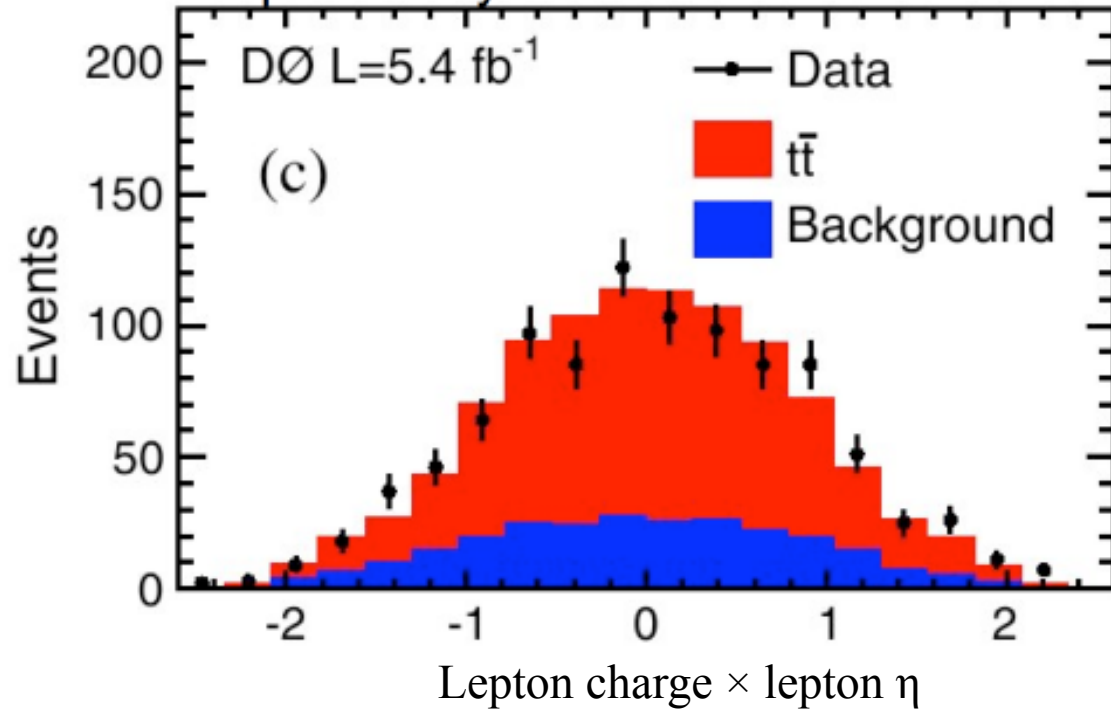
antiproton direction | proton direction



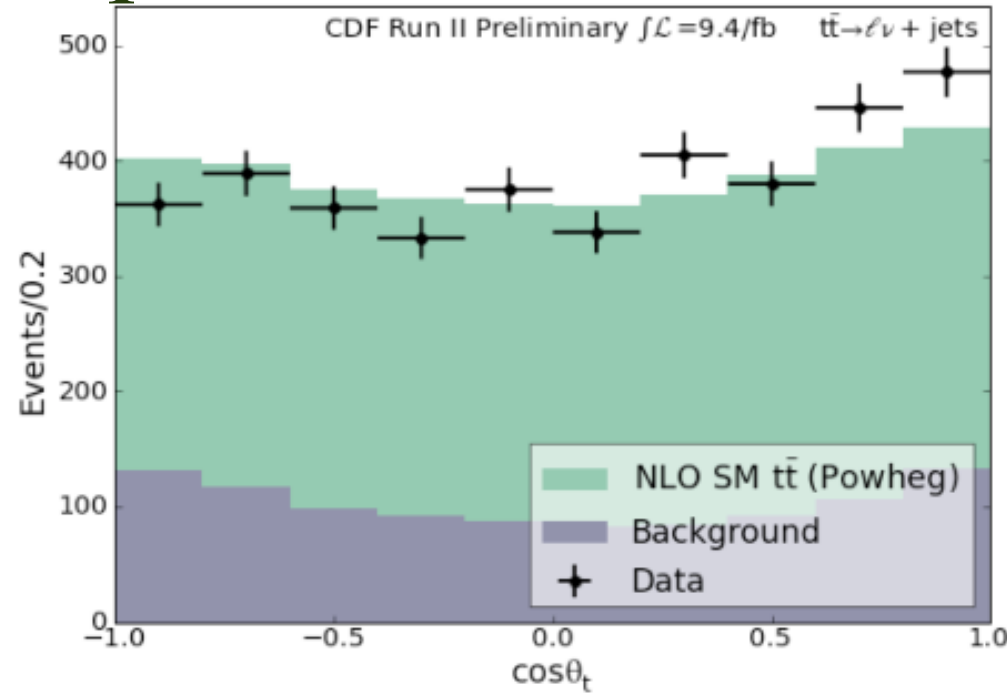
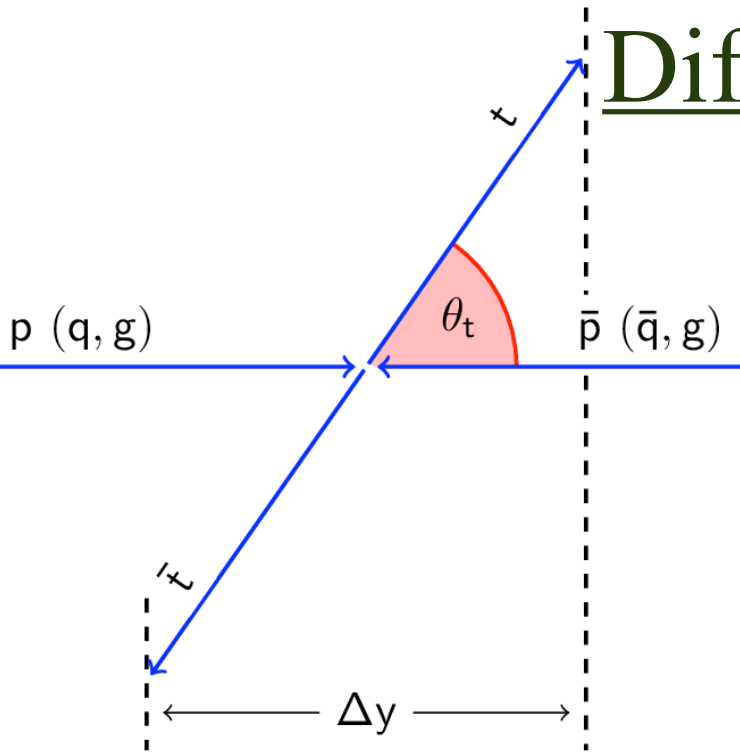
- SM prediction at NLO (QCD+EWK):
 $A_{fb} = (6.6 \pm 2.0)\%$
- Combined DØ result:
 $A_{fb}^l = (11.8 \pm 3.2)\%$
 $\rightarrow 2.2$ s.d. above SM

PRD 87, 011103 (2013)

Dilepton decay channel:

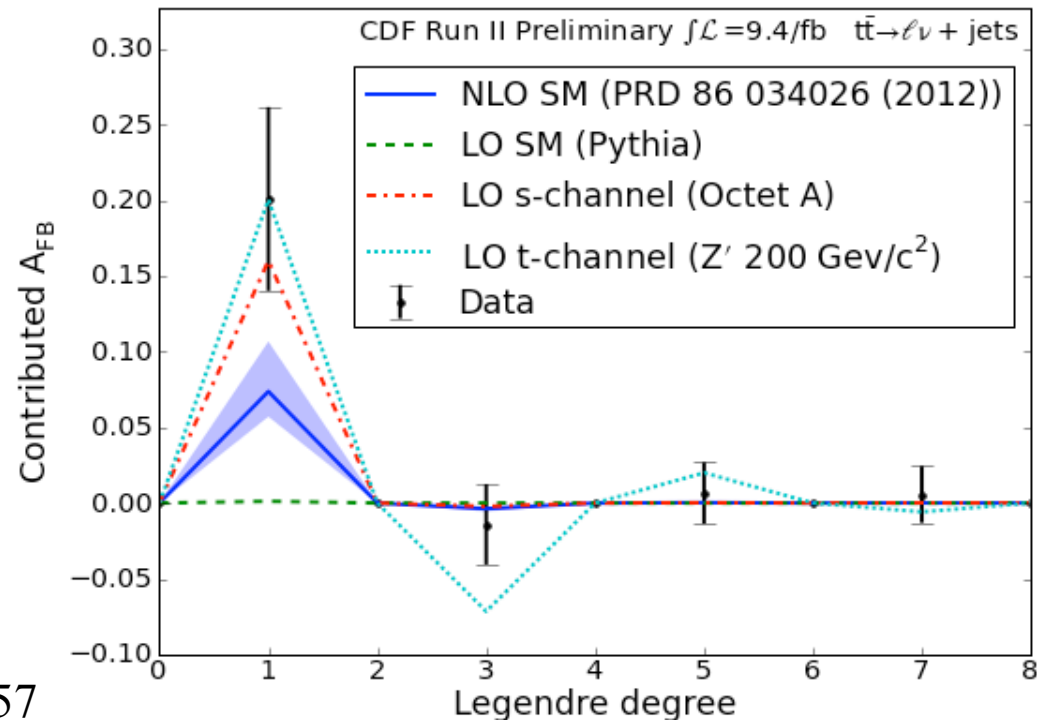


Differential top cross section



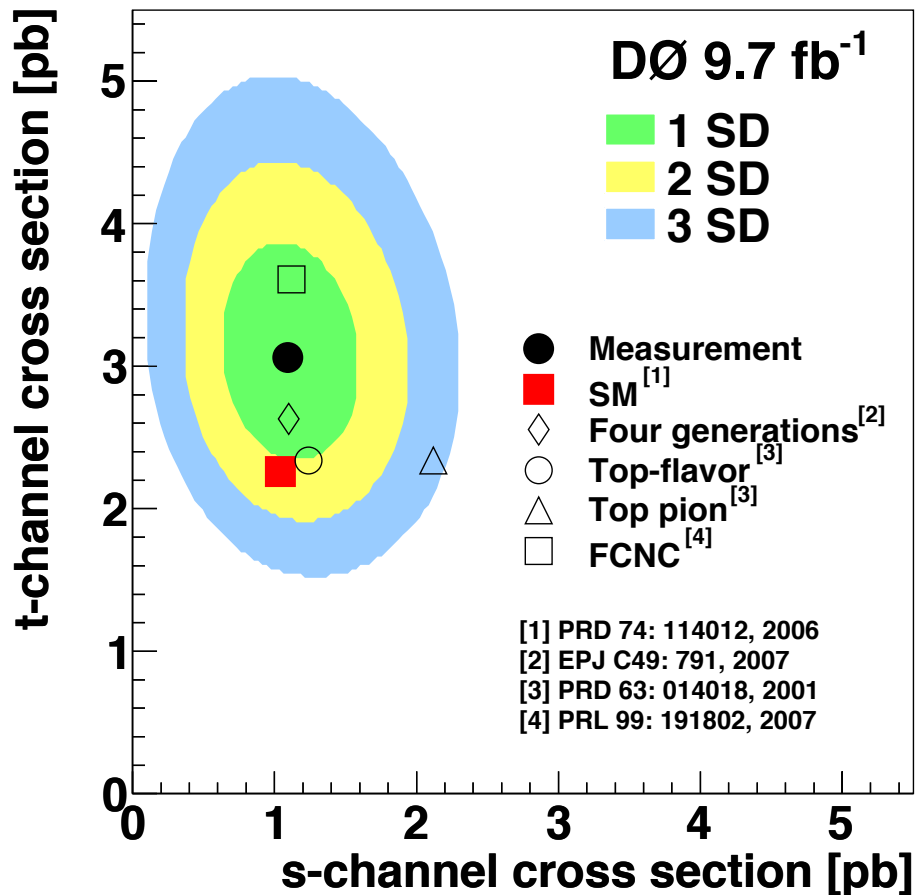
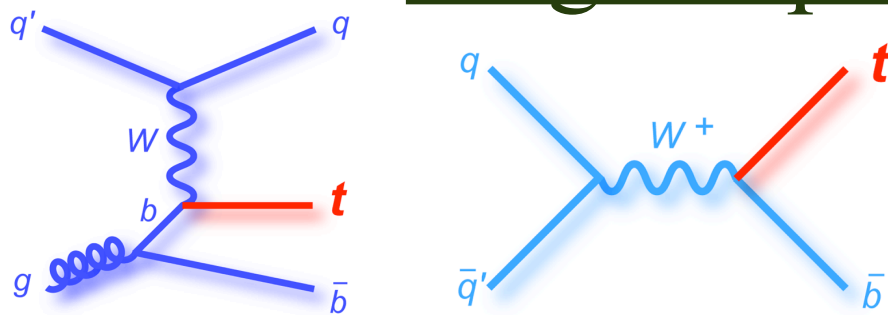
- CDF: $A_{fb}^{lep} = (9.4 \pm 4.3)\%$
- SM@NLO: $A_{fb}^{lep} = 3.6\%$
- Legendre moment to characterize shape
- Supports s-channel type model
 - Favors s-channel axi-gluon
 - Disfavors t-channel Z'

CDF public notes 10974, 10975,
submitted to PRL, arXiv:1306.2357

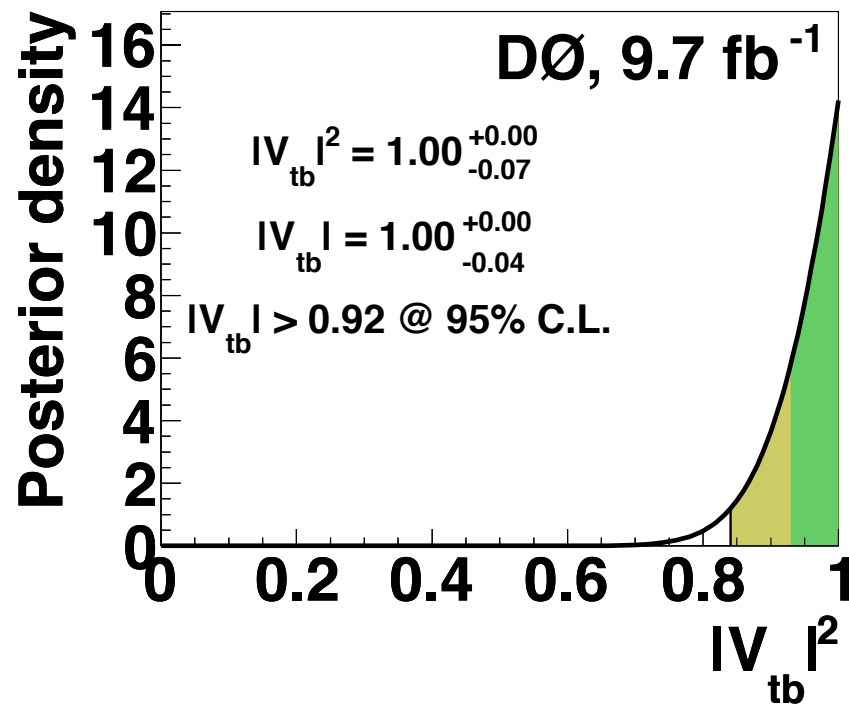
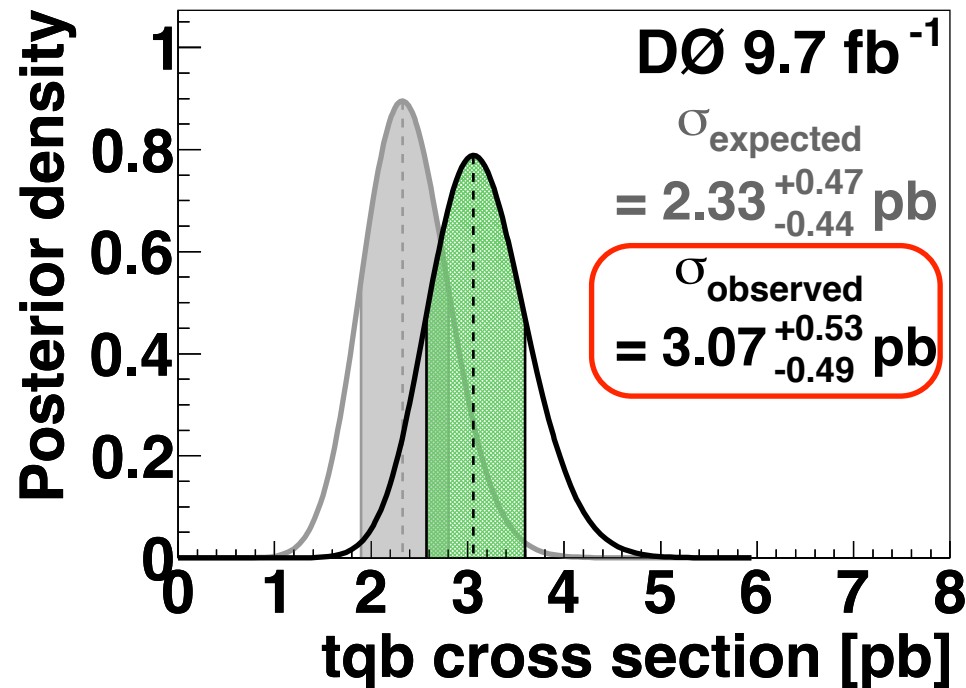




Single top quark production

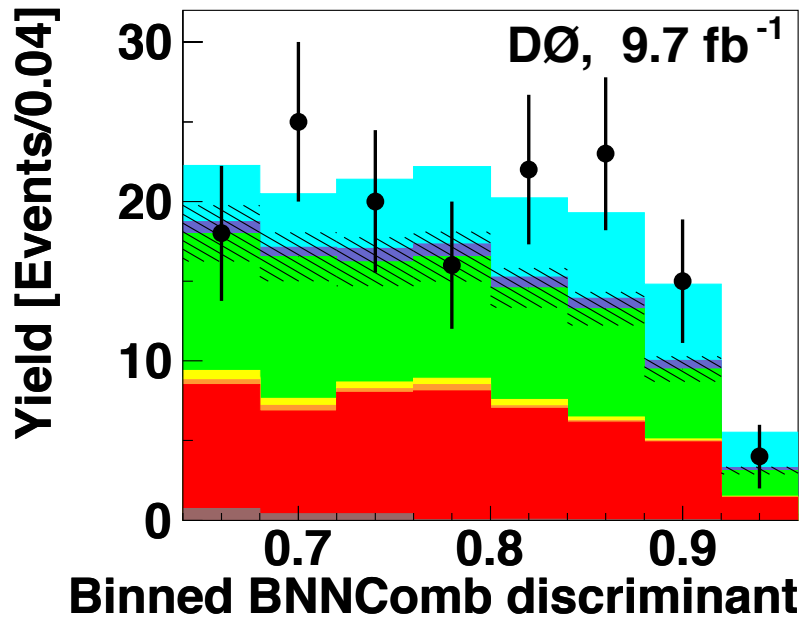
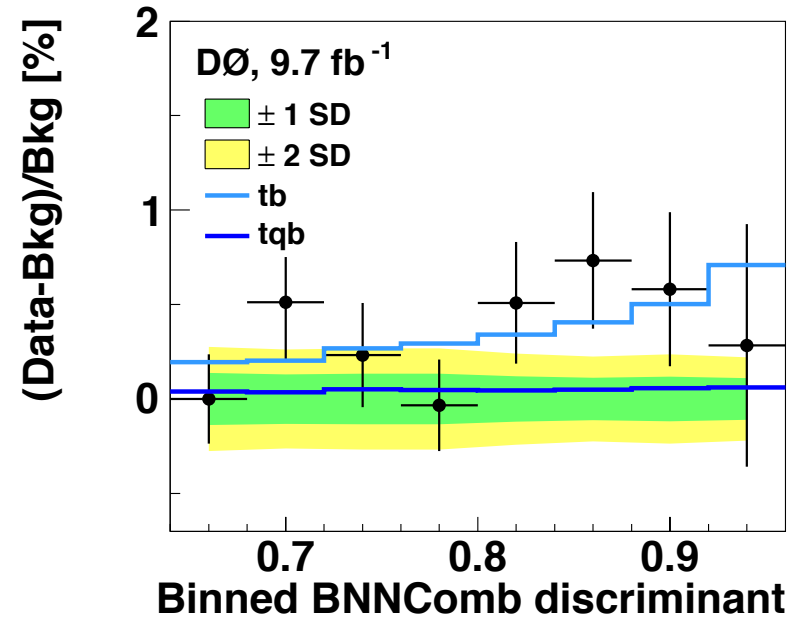
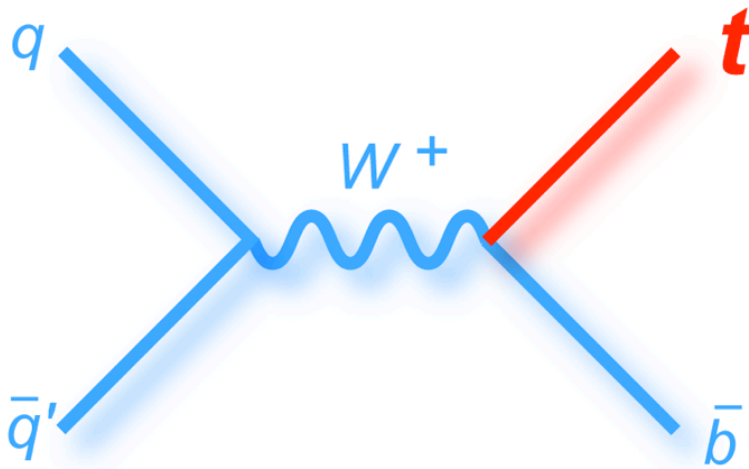


- CDF result and Tevatron combination this summer
- World's best $|V_{tb}|$ measurement

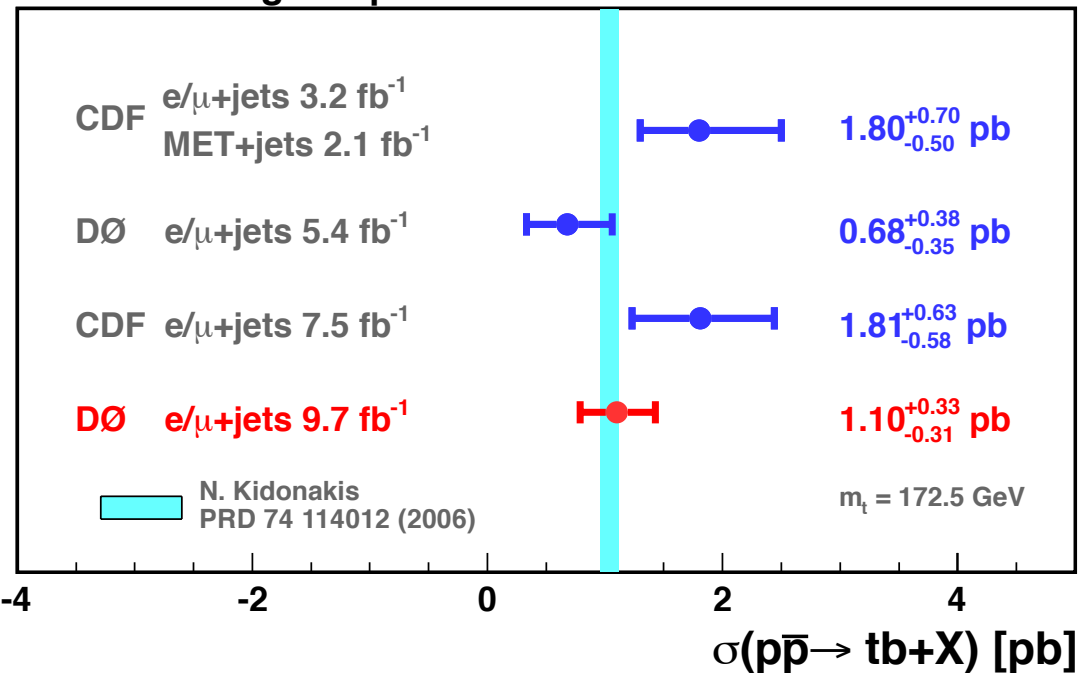




s-channel signal

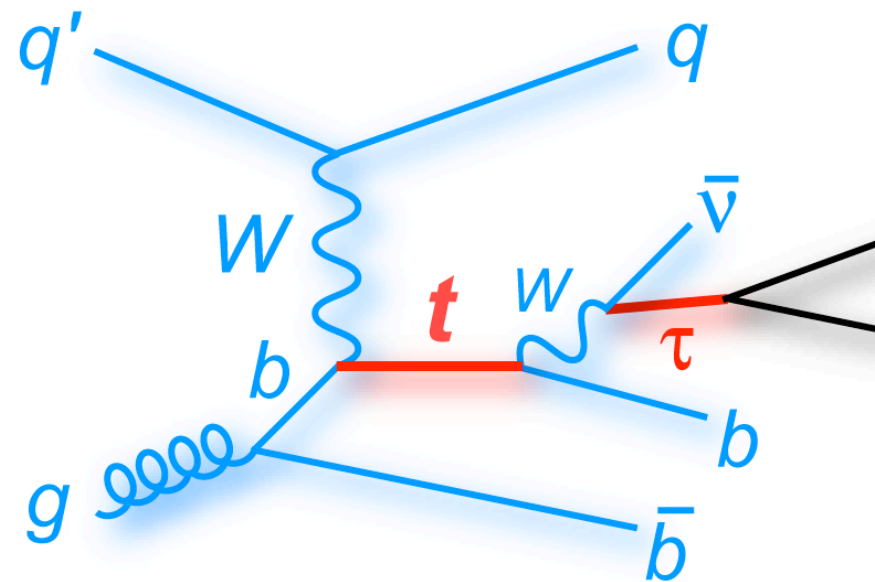
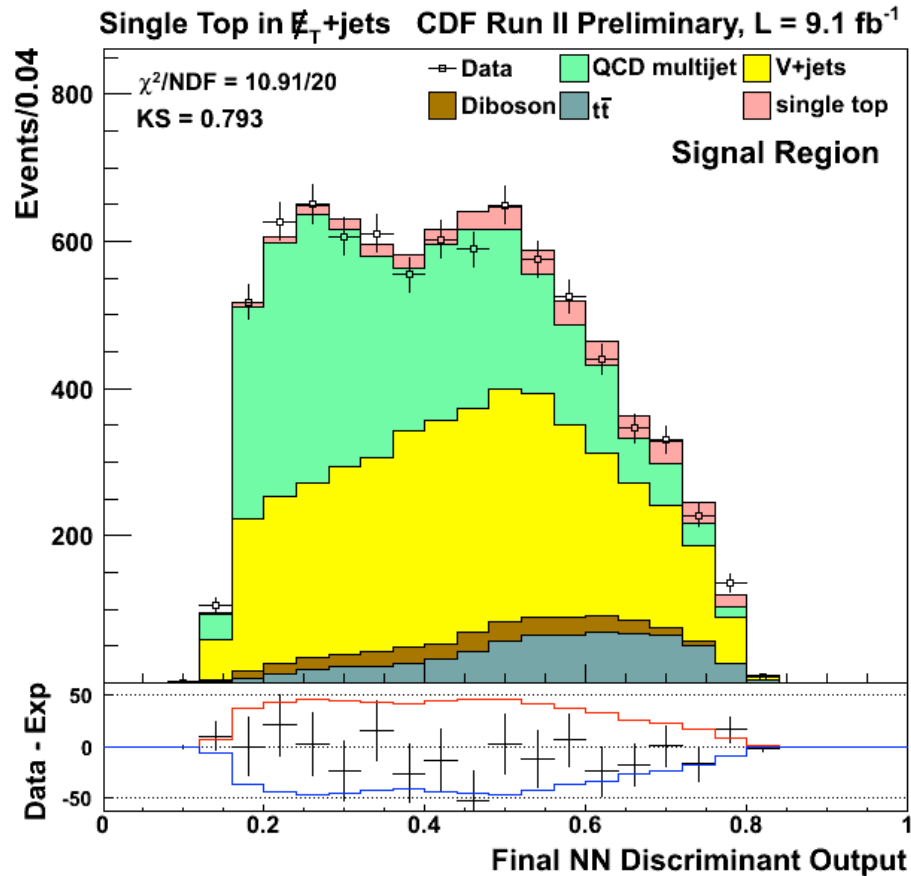


s-channel Single Top Quark Cross Section



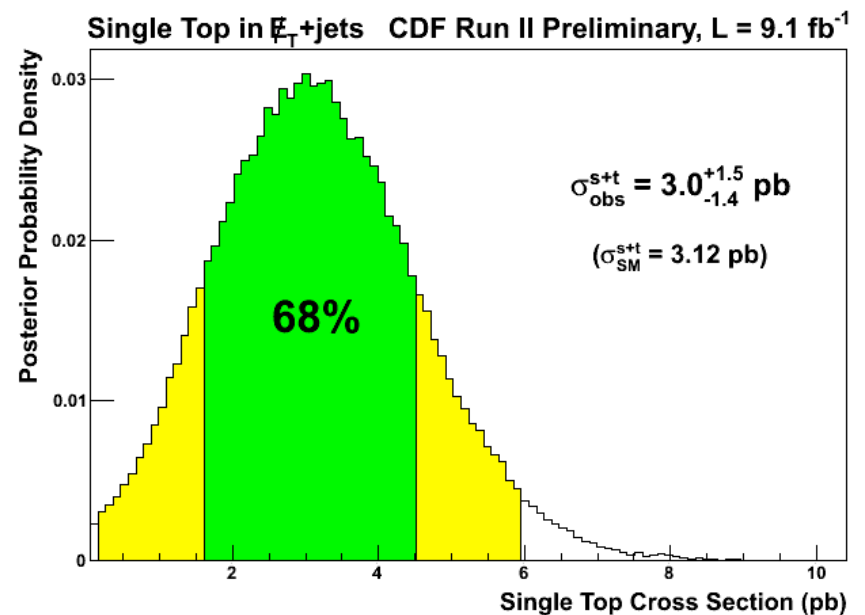
- 3.7 s.d. significance
- very difficult at LHC

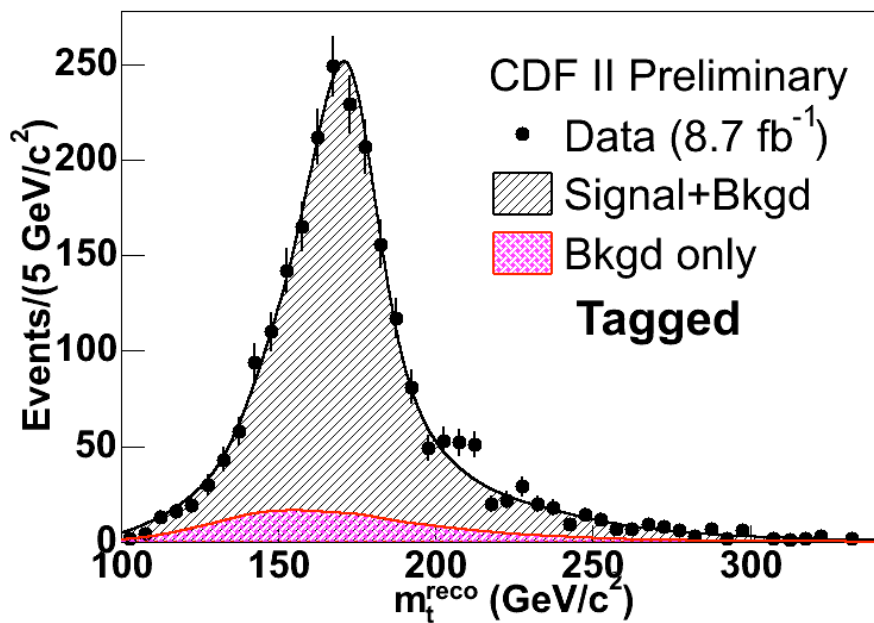
Single top without leptons



CDF public note 10979

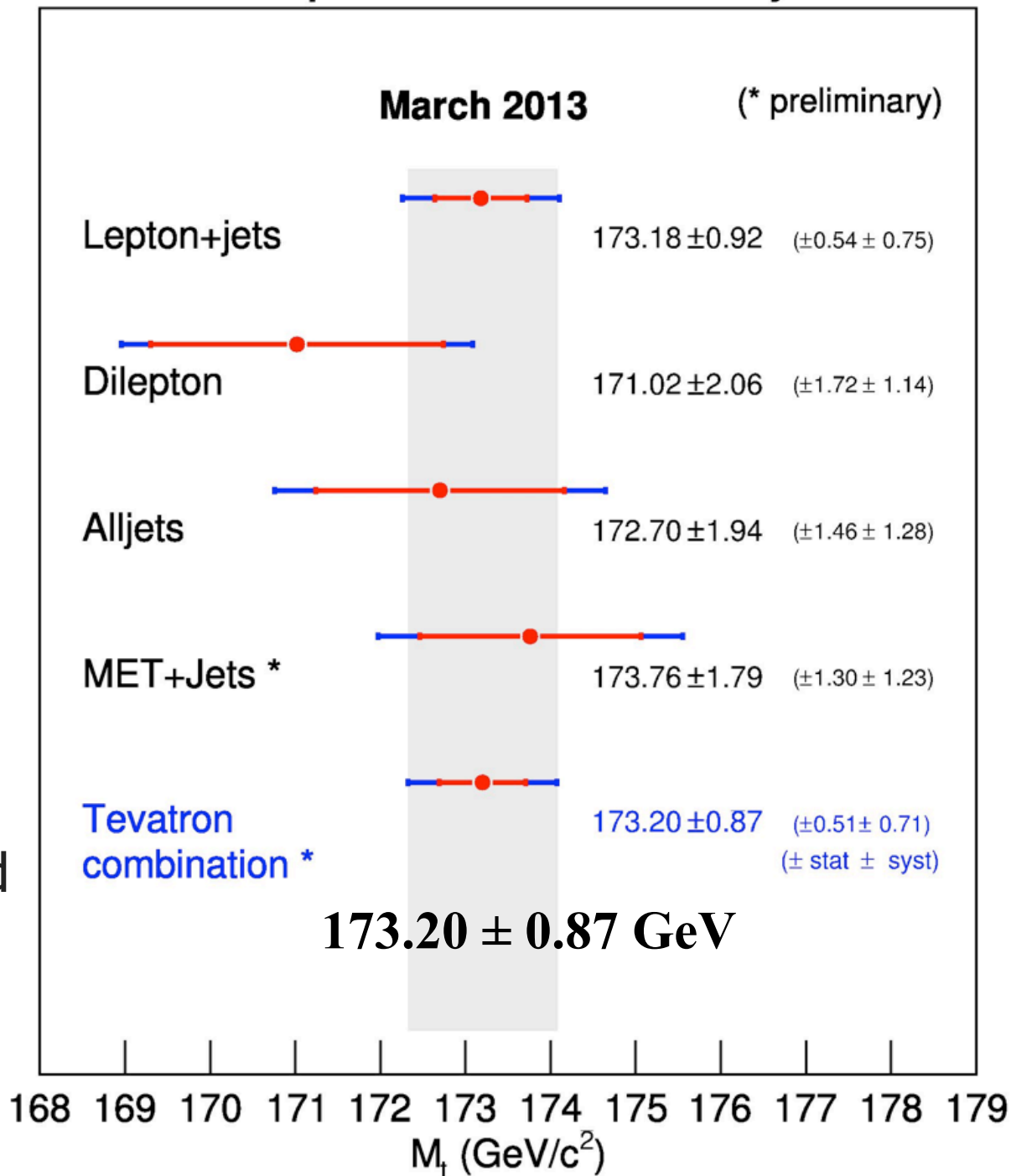
- Same technique as $Z_h \rightarrow \nu\nu b\bar{b}$
- Select τ decays
 - And events lepton analysis missed



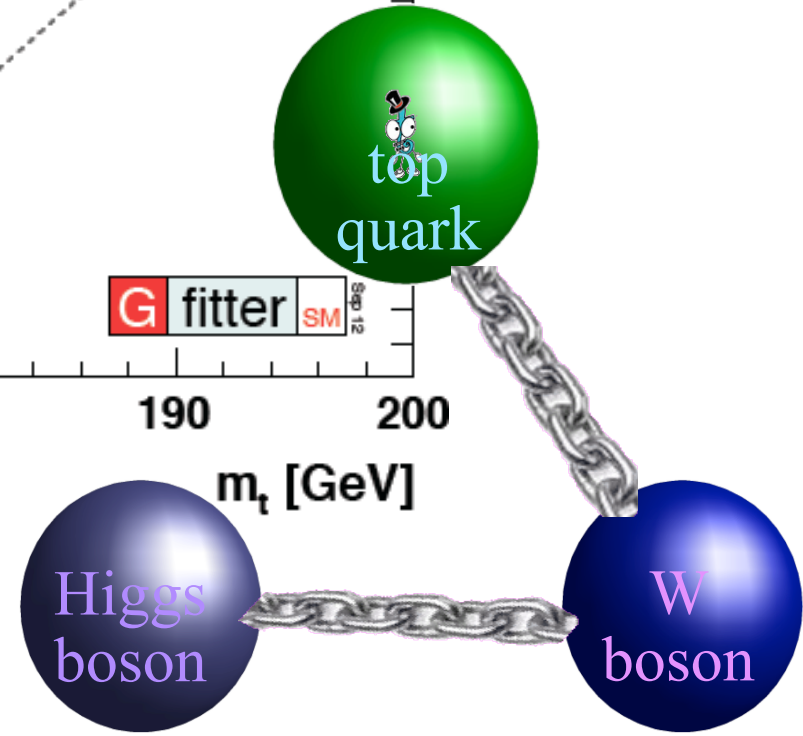
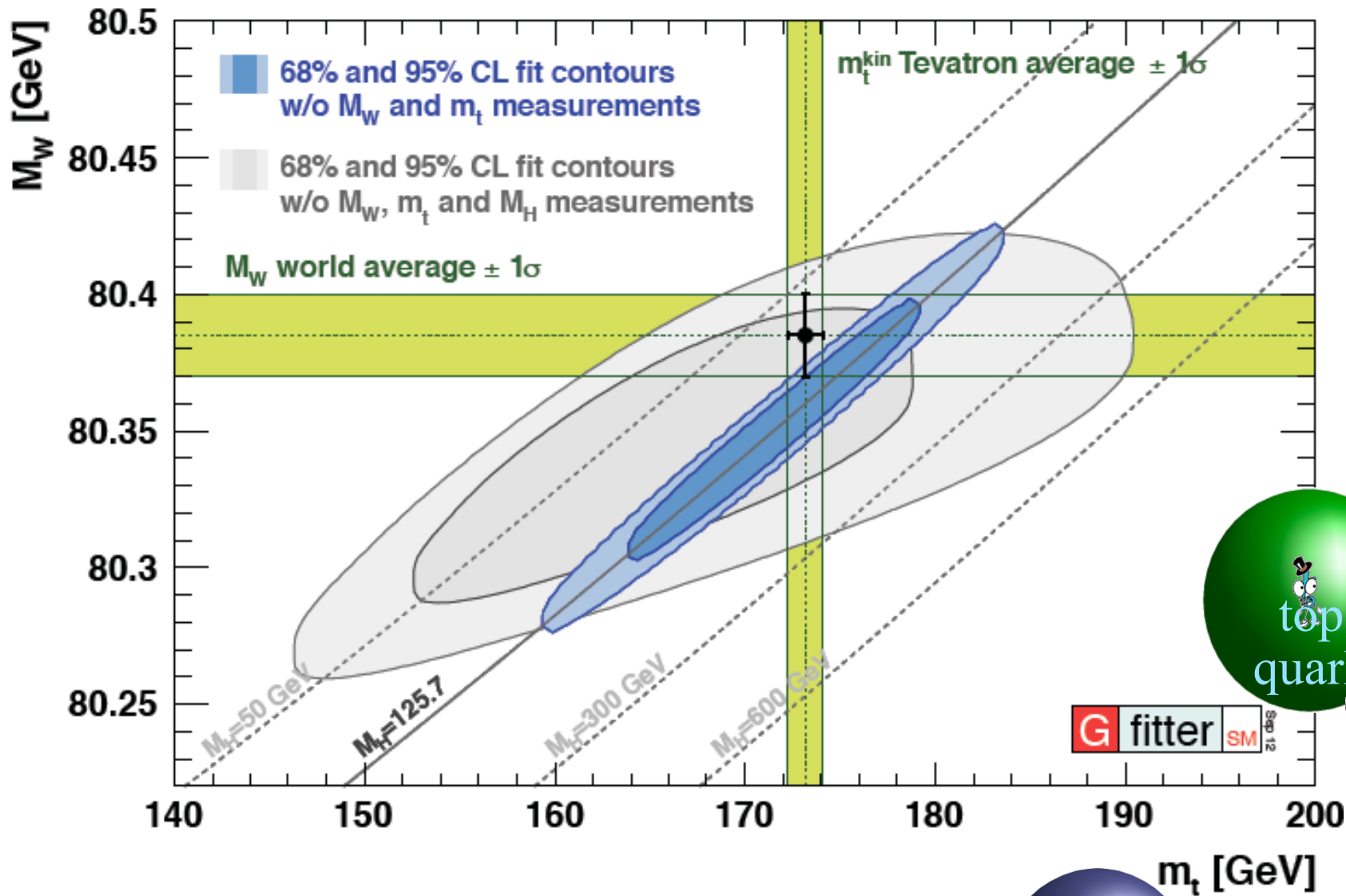


- Top mass reconstructed from top pair decay products
- lepton+jets, di-lepton and all-jet final states
- Dominant uncertainties
 - Signal modeling
 - Jet energy scale

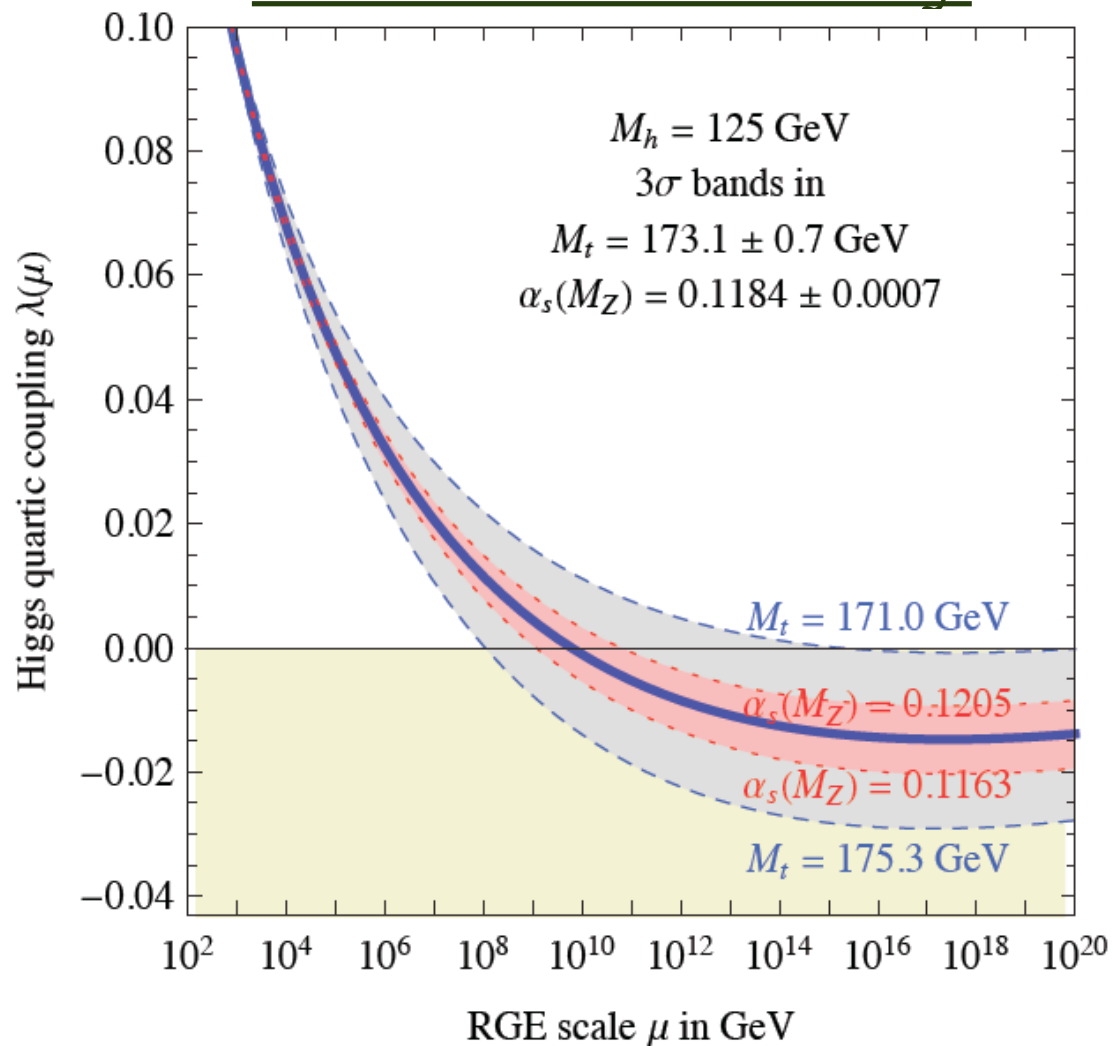
Mass of the Top Quark in Different Decay Channels



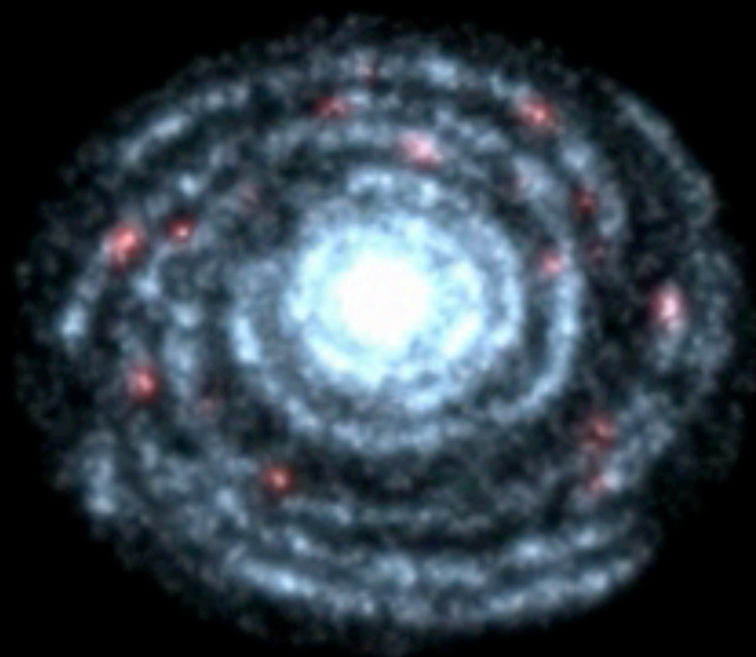
Top and W and Higgs boson masses



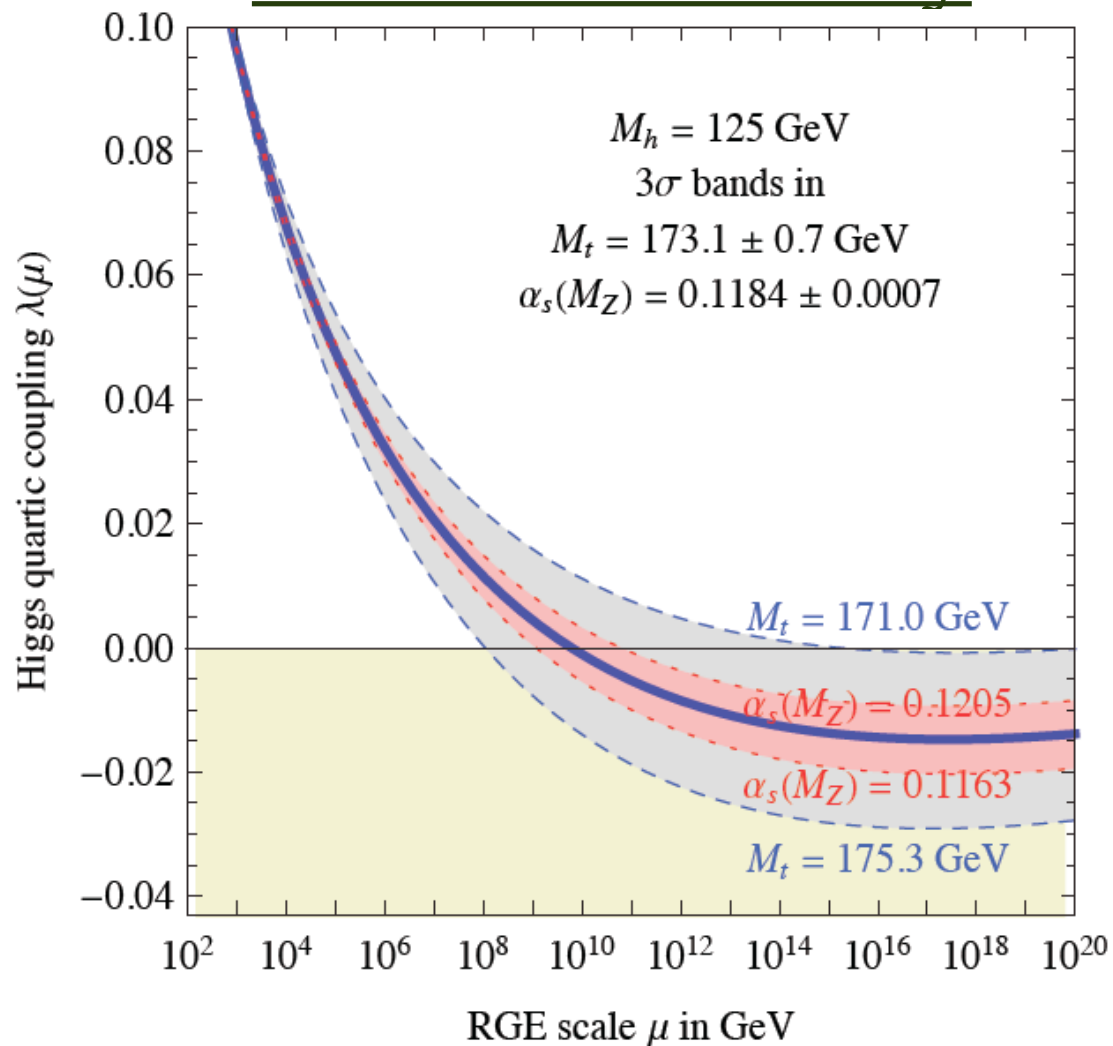
Vacuum stability



- Extrapolate Higgs coupling to Planck Scale (10^{19} GeV)
- Depends on top mass
 - Current value \rightarrow Higgs quartic coupling negative at 10^{10} GeV



Vacuum stability



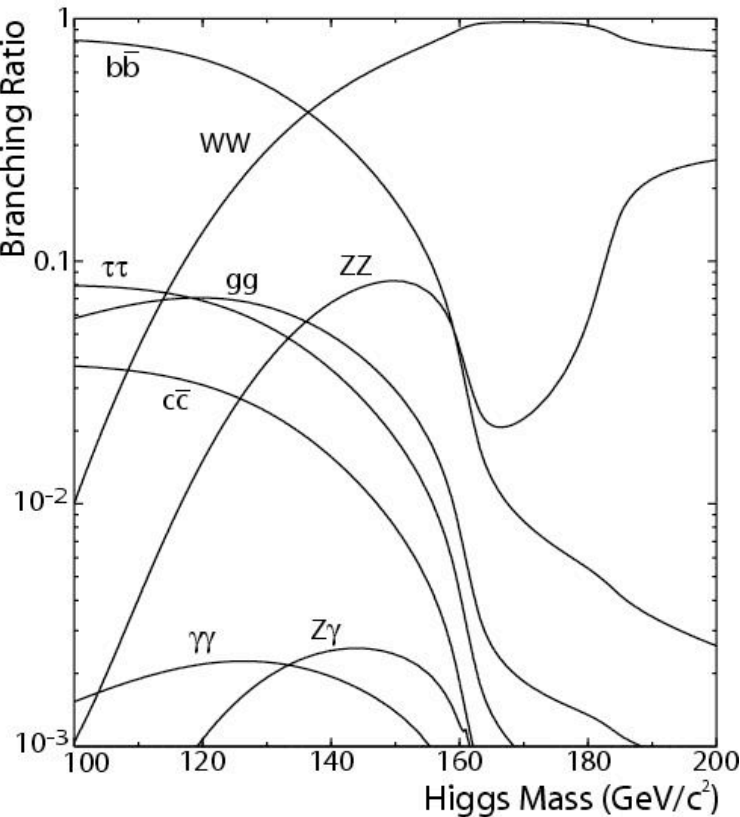
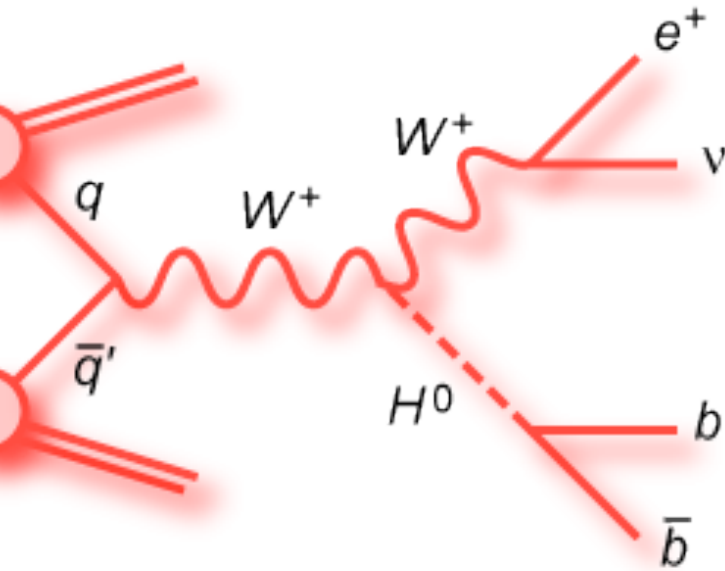
- Extrapolate Higgs coupling to Planck Scale (10^{19} GeV)
- Depends on top mass
 - Current value \rightarrow Higgs quartic coupling negative at 10^{10} GeV
- Indication of new physics!

Higgs at the Tevatron



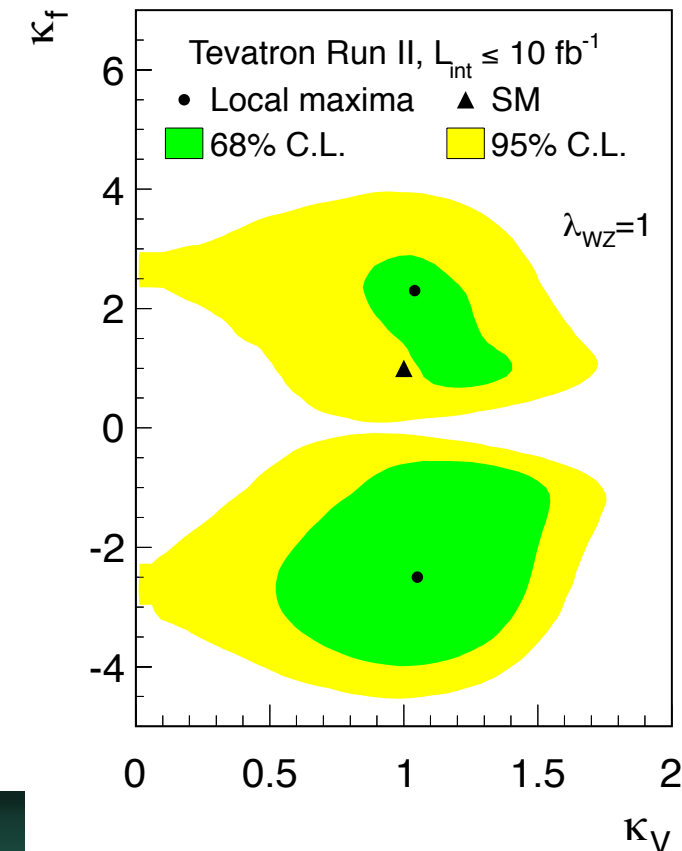
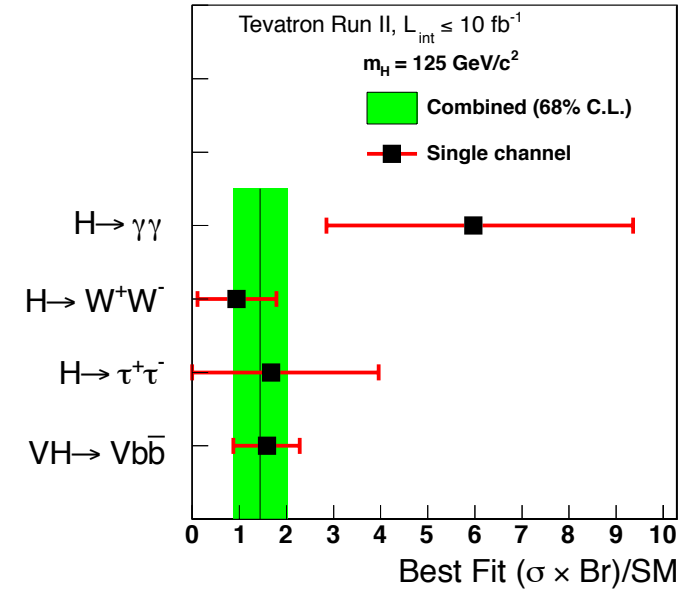
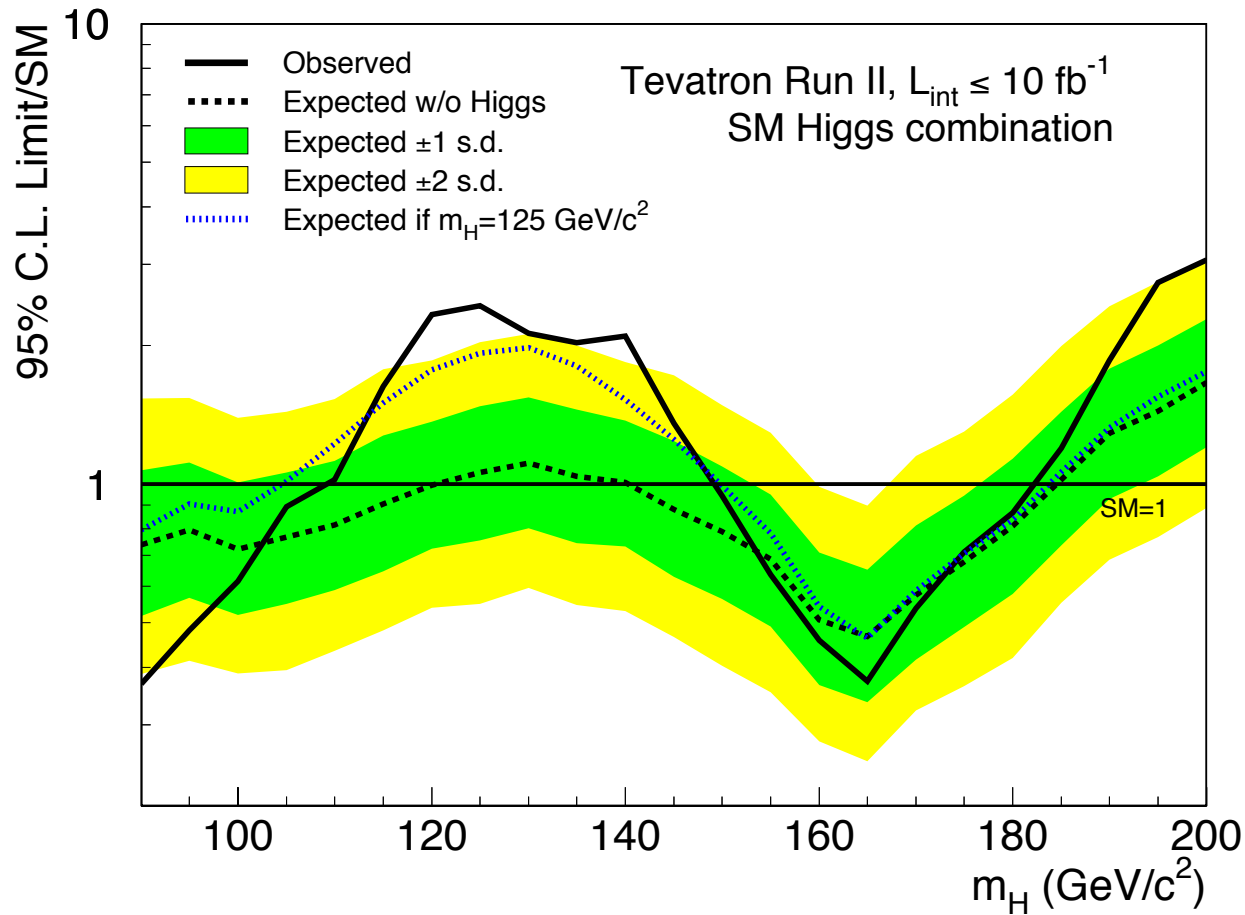
- Measure Higgs coupling to Fermions
 - So far only place in the world to do so

Higgs: fermion coupling in associated production



Channel		Luminosity (fb ⁻¹)	m_H range (GeV/c ²)
$WH \rightarrow \nu b \bar{b}$ 2-jet channels	4 × (5 b -tag categories)	9.45	90–150
$WH \rightarrow \nu b \bar{b}$ 3-jet channels	3 × (2 b -tag categories)	9.45	90–150
$ZH \rightarrow \nu \bar{\nu} b \bar{b}$	(3 b -tag categories)	9.45	90–150
$ZH \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- b \bar{b}$ 2-jet channels	2 × (4 b -tag categories)	9.45	90–150
$ZH \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- b \bar{b}$ 3-jet channels	2 × (4 b -tag categories)	9.45	90–150
$WH + ZH \rightarrow j j b \bar{b}$	(2 b -tag categories)	9.45	100–150
$t \bar{t} H \rightarrow W^+ b W^- \bar{b} \bar{b}$	(4 jets, 5 jets, ≥6 jets) × (5 b -tag categories)	9.45	100–150
$H \rightarrow W^+ W^-$	2 × (0 jets) + 2 × (1 jet) + 1 × (≥2 jets) + 1 × (low- $m_{\ell\ell}$)	9.7	110–200
$H \rightarrow W^+ W^-$	(e - τ_{had}) + (μ - τ_{had})	9.7	130–200
$WH \rightarrow WW^+ W^-$	(same-sign leptons) + (tri-leptons)	9.7	110–200
$WH \rightarrow WW^+ W^-$	(tri-leptons with 1 τ_{had})	9.7	130–200
$ZH \rightarrow ZW^+ W^-$	(tri-leptons with 1 jet, ≥2 jets)	9.7	110–200
$H \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$	(1 jet) + (≥2 jets)	6.0	100–150
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	1 × (0 jet) + 1 × (≥1 jet) + 3 × (all jets)	10.0	100–150
$H \rightarrow ZZ$	(four leptons)	9.7	120–200

Channel		Luminosity (fb ⁻¹)	m_H range (GeV/c ²)
$WH \rightarrow \nu b \bar{b}$	(4 b -tag categories) × (2 jets, 3 jets)	9.7	90–150
$ZH \rightarrow \nu \bar{\nu} b \bar{b}$	(2 b -tag categories)	9.5	100–150
$ZH \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- b \bar{b}$	(2 b -tag categories) × (4 lepton categories)	9.7	90–150
$H \rightarrow W^+ W^- \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu \ell^\mp \nu$	(0 jets, 1 jet, ≥2 jets)	9.7	115–200
$H + X \rightarrow W^+ W^- \rightarrow \mu^\mp \nu \tau_{\text{had}}^\pm \nu$		7.3	115–200
$H \rightarrow W^+ W^- \rightarrow \ell \bar{\nu} j j$	(2 b -tag categories) × (2 jets, 3 jets)	9.7	100–200
$VH \rightarrow e^\pm \mu^\pm + X$		9.7	100–200
$VH \rightarrow l l l + X$		9.7	100–200
$VH \rightarrow \ell \bar{\nu} j j j j$	(≥4 jets)	9.7	100–200
$VH \rightarrow \tau_{\text{had}} \tau_{\text{had}} \mu + X$		8.6	100–150
$H + X \rightarrow \ell^\pm \tau_{\text{had}}^\mp j j$		9.7	105–150
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$		9.6	100–150

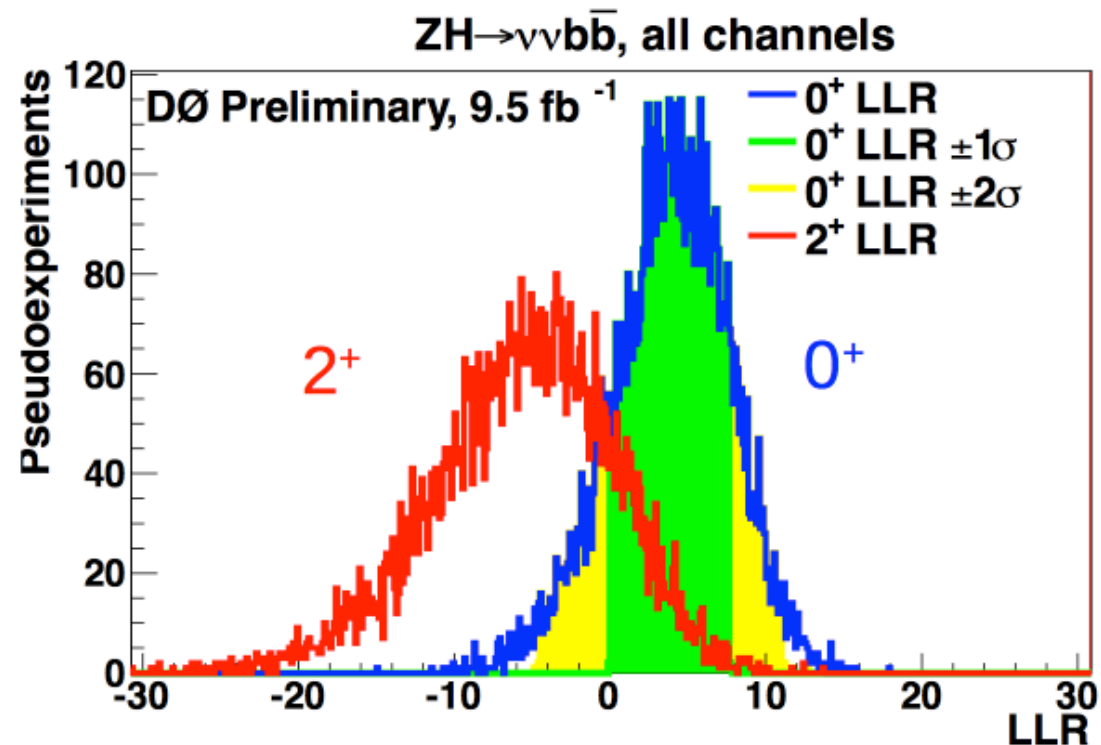
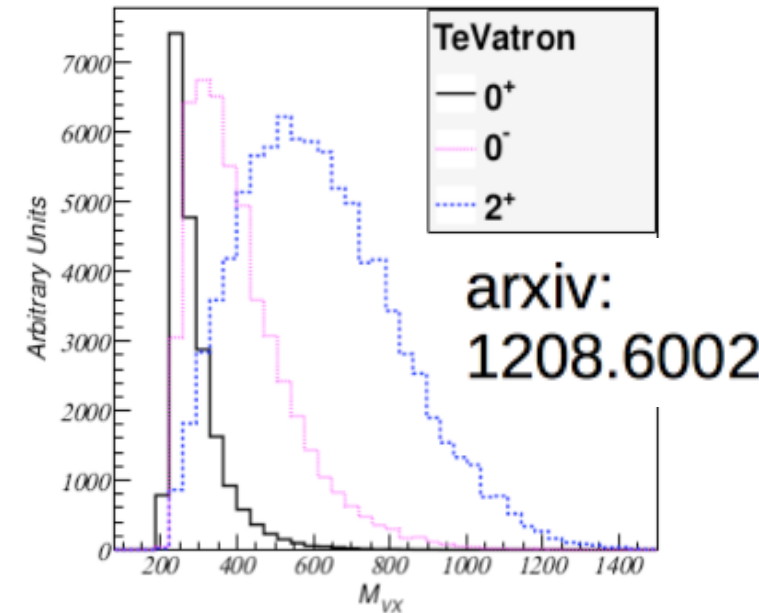


- Observed significance 3.0 s.d. at $m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- Coupling measurements consistent with SM



Testing Higgs boson spin/parity

- Spin/parity of Higgs affects
 - Angles of decay products
 - cross-section behavior at threshold
 - ▶ s-wave for 0^+ : $\sigma \sim \beta$ (SM)
 - ▶ p-wave for 0^- : $\sigma \sim \beta^3$
 - ▶ d-wave for 2^+ : $\sigma \sim \beta^5$
- $pp \rightarrow VH$ sensitive “threshold” effects
- Differential cross sections depend strongly on JPC of new particle
- Re-use published $VH \rightarrow Vbb$ analyses
- results later this summer



Conclusions/Outlook

- Tevatron physics impact
 - Top quark discovery, top and W boson mass measurements
 - First measurement of many cross sections and resonances
 - Higgs coupling to fermions
 - Limits on numerous new physics particles and interactions
 - Established hadron collider methods and analysis techniques
- Tevatron data analysis still providing important results
 - Expect ~ 100 more papers
- Unique collider provided precious dataset
 - CP symmetric collider at the highest energies
 - Well understood detectors
 - Higgs spin/parity tests
 - Follow up on anomalies
- Tevatron legacy measurements
 - Cross section measurements
 - Precision measurements of m_W and m_{top}
 - CP asymmetries

Thanks!

- DØ and CDF collaborations
- Physics coordinators
 - Bob Hirosky, Rick van Kooten, Jon Wilson,
- Previous Tevatron speakers
 - Costas Vellidis, Andreas Jung, Bob Hirosky

- Fermilab Result of the week
 - Tevatron physics for the informed public

- CDF physics results:
 - <http://www-cdf.fnal.gov/physics/physics.html>
- DØ physics results:
 - <http://www-d0.fnal.gov/Run2Physics/WWW/results.htm>