

First look at the charged particle beam in EHN1 for LAGUNA-LBNO prototype

Brainstorming sessions: Giulia BRUNETTI - A. RUBBIA - Franco SERGIAMPIETRI



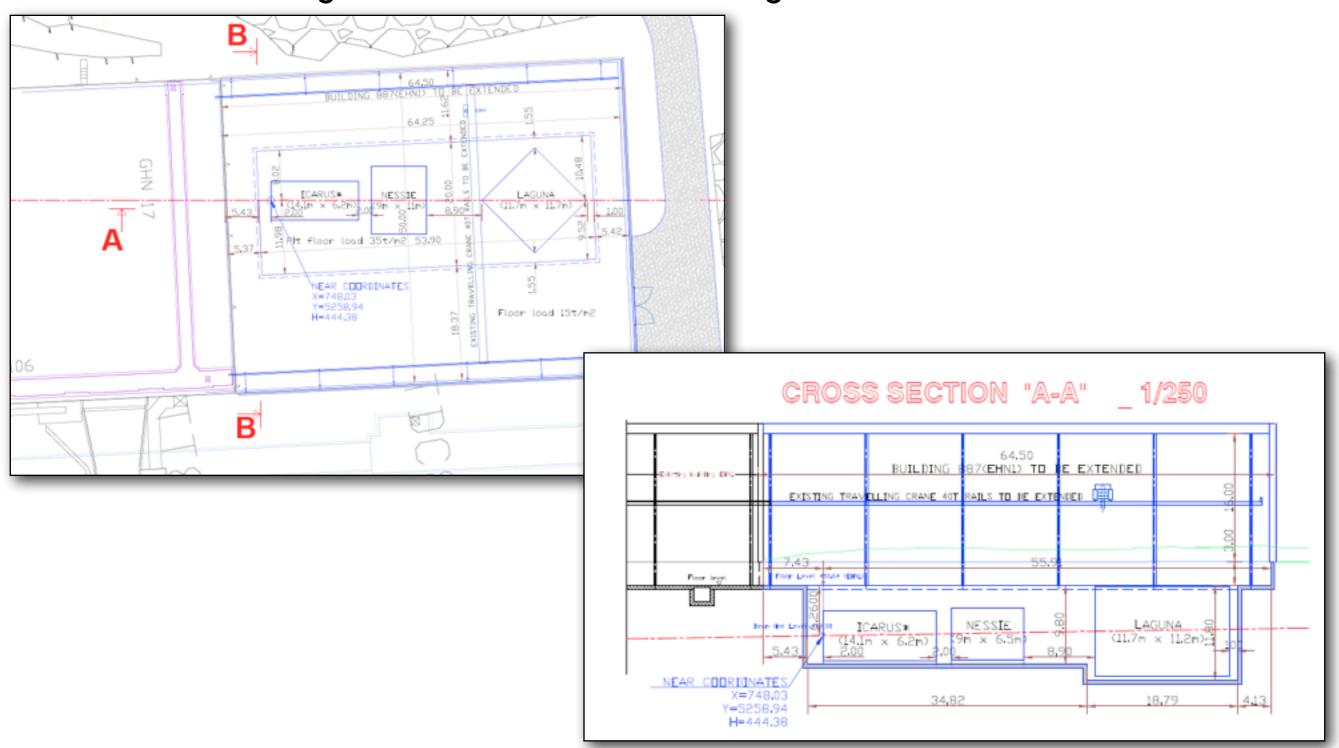
Experiment Requirements

- Energy range: 1 20 GeV/c
 - momentum definition to ±1%
- Particle types : pions, muons, electrons, protons
 - particle fractions and purity not critical can be optimized later
 - particle ID is required
 - both charge signs
- Particle rate : < 200 Hz</p>
- Beam orientation: 45±15 deg wrt the readout views, ±15 deg vertically towards the active volume center



Detector location layout in EHN1

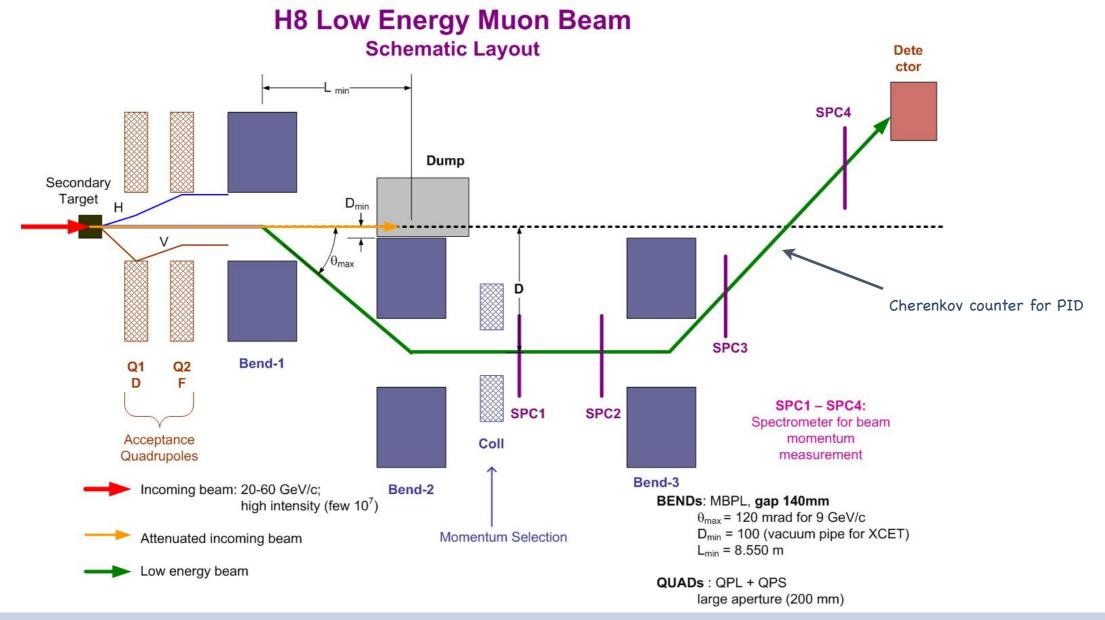
Latest (?) drawings - downloaded this morning form EDMS





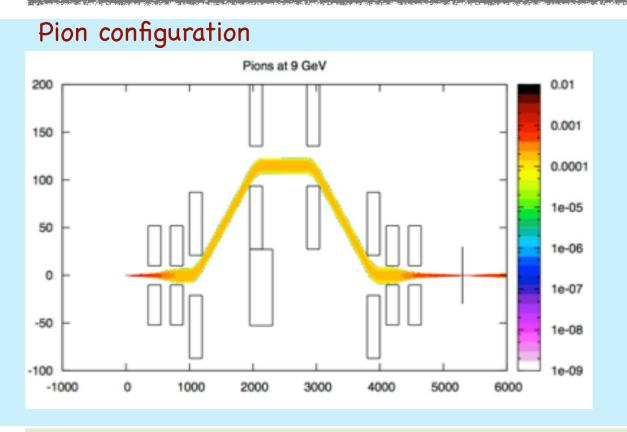
How to get the low-energy beams

- Low energy hadron beams (<10 GeV/c) are produced using a secondary target and a tertiary branch
 - setup validated in H2(H8) for CMS(ATLAS) experiments
 - Note: instrumentation and PID are the tricky things to make it working correctly!

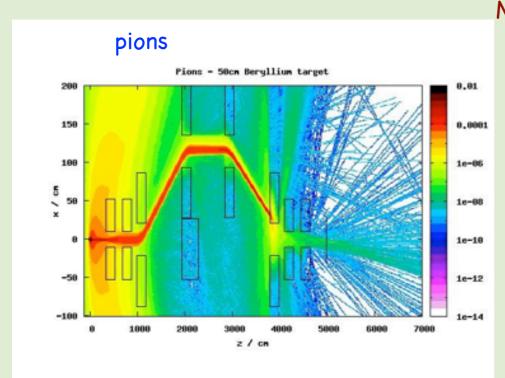




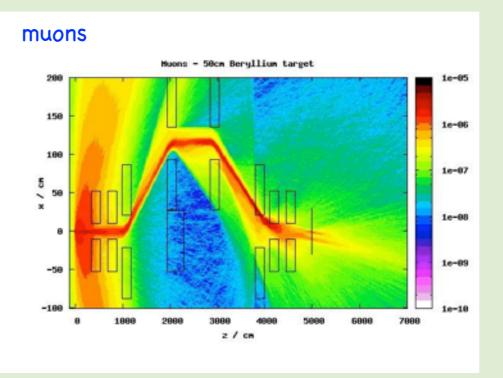
Recent studies for AIDA (ν - detectors)



- low-energy electron beams can be produced using a secondary electron beam
- In all cases the wanted rates would be easily achieved, purity would depend on trigger & PID configuration



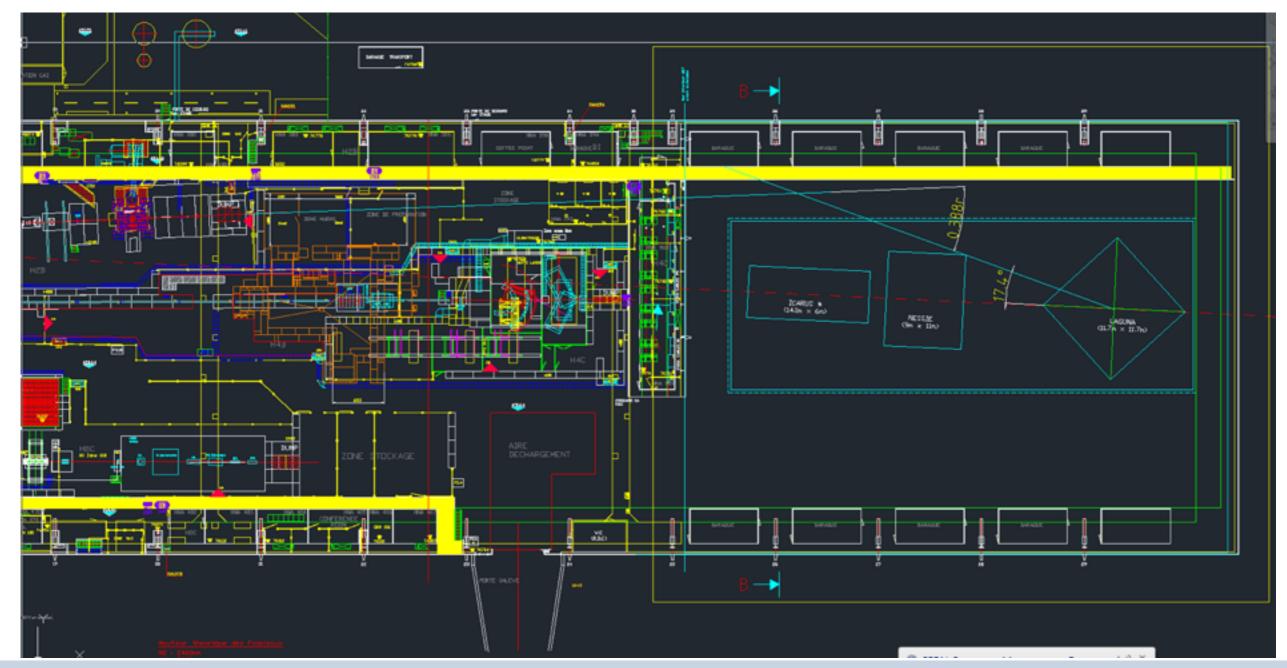
Muon configuration





Charged beam to LAGUNA-LBNO prototype

- Doly possibility (on Jura side): beam from H2 line
- H-plane angle (smallest): 388mrad / available magnets: 120mrad@9GeV





Charged beam to LAGUNA-LBNO prototype

- ▶ V-plane (smallest) : 172 mrad
 - use the combined H/V magnets for the beam spectrometer (Δ p definition)





Comments

- A solution using a tertiary beam from H2 seems feasible
 - low-energy beams < 10 GeV can be delivered to LAGUNA-LBNO prototype at its current location</p>
 - ▶ it affects the present layout of the GIF++ area but a solution has been found for this
- ▶ We need the exact drawings for the layout and NESSIE volume to advance, or define max volume?
- ▶ The beam requires a lateral space of ± 2.5 meters around the beam pipe
 - ▶ so the exact energy range will be defined once the drawings are finalized
 - the space on the Jura side will be mostly taken by the beam
 - I must find a location for the beam dump of the secondary beam
- > The beam interlock and access conditions for the new tertiary branch must be defined
 - ▶ do we need a beam dump at the end, i.e. downstream LAGUNA, or we consider the LArgon as the dump?
 - ▶ if the beam goes through the trench we must defien the controlled access area

More as the studies progress....