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The cryogenic thermal expansion and tensile properties of nanofiber-ZrW₂O₈/EP nanocomposites

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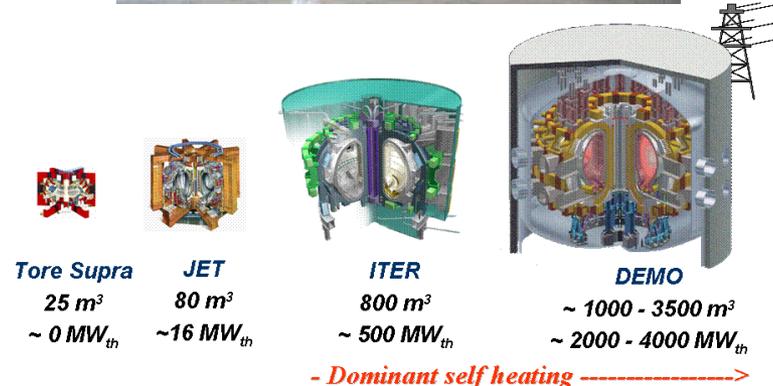
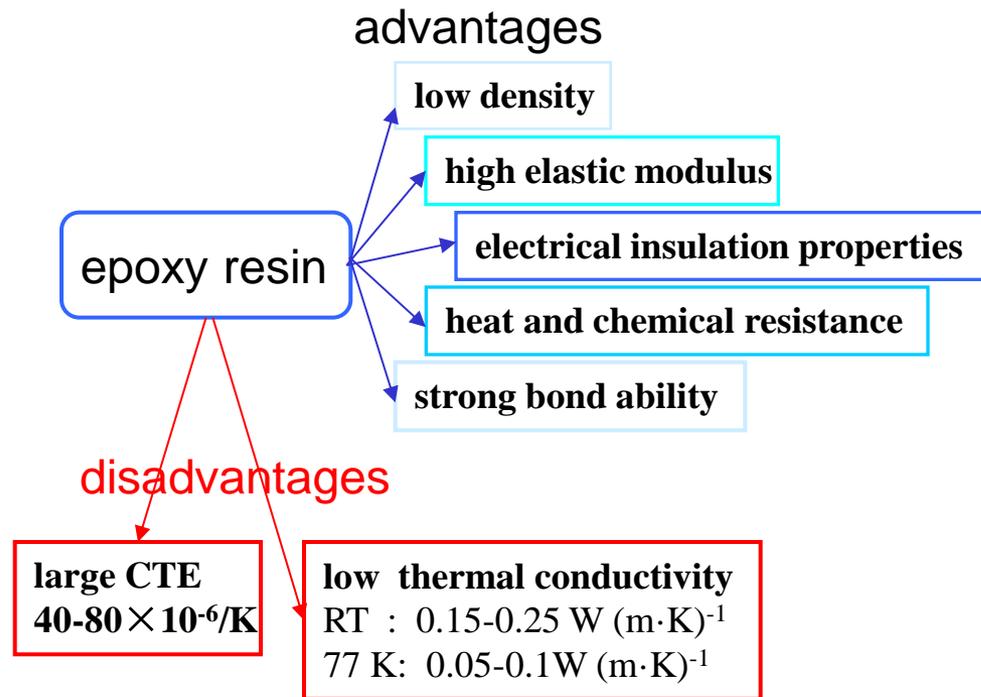
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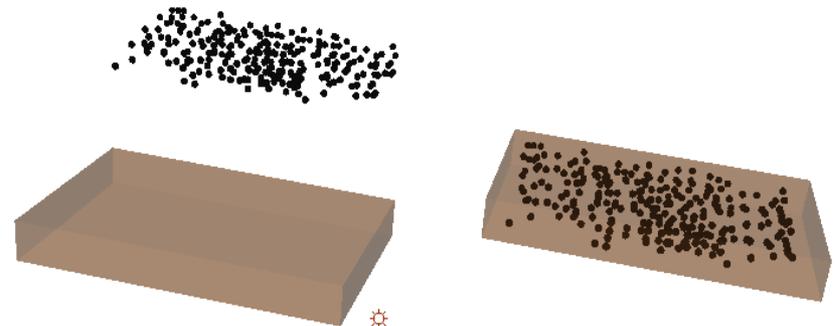
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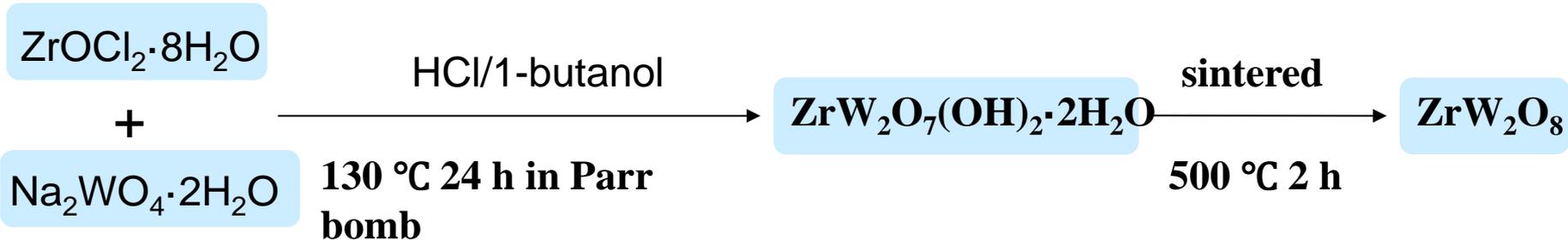
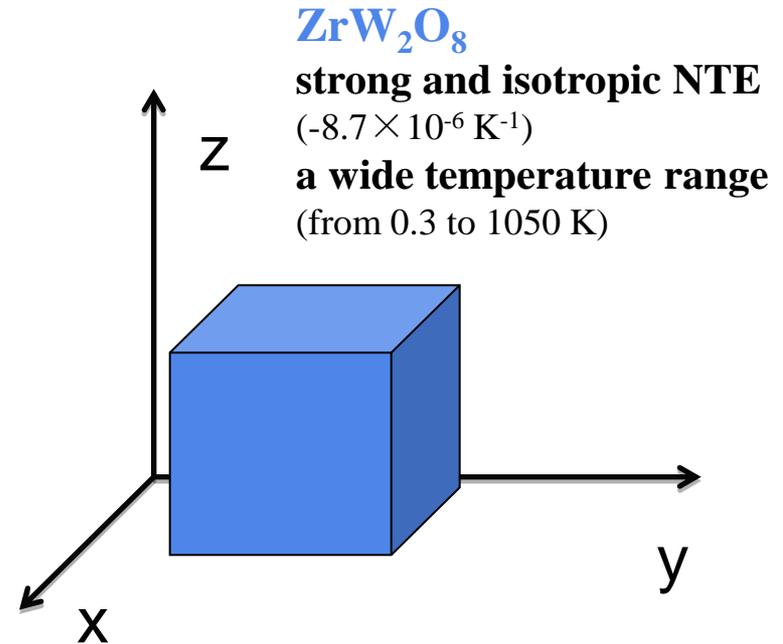
Introduction



➤ Adding filler materials to a polymer.



Employing a rigid filler with a negative thermal expansion behavior can effectively reduce the CTE of the polymer composite.



Preparation of ZrW_2O_8

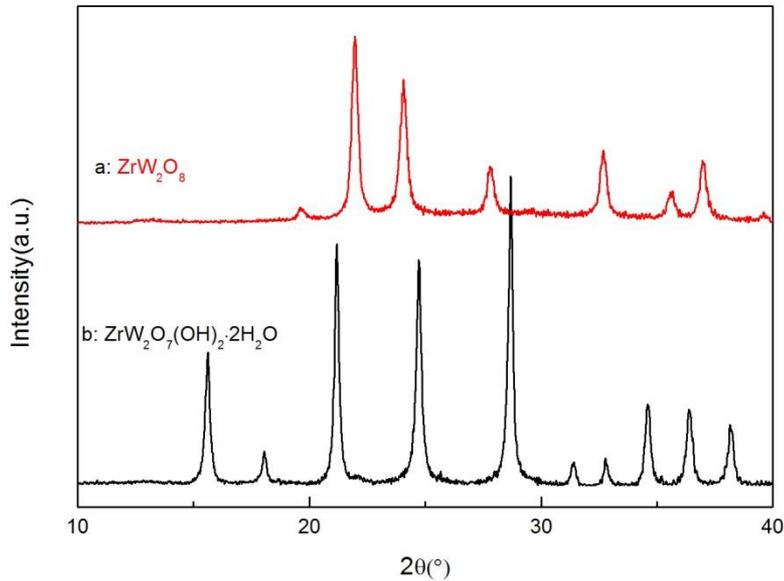
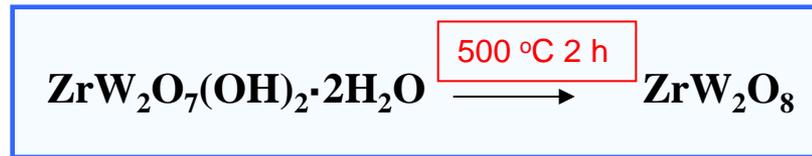
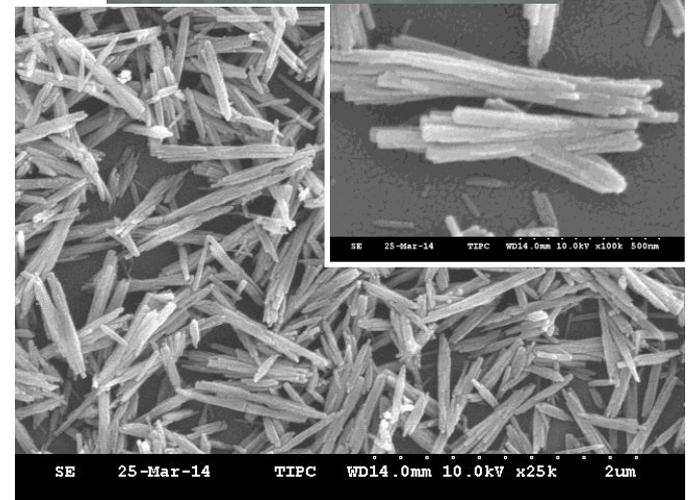
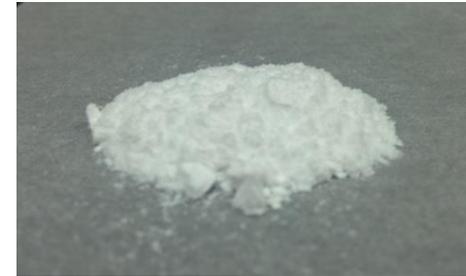


Fig.1. XRD patterns of $\text{ZrW}_2\text{O}_7(\text{OH})_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ and ZrW_2O_8 .



- All peaks of $\text{ZrW}_2\text{O}_7(\text{OH})_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ disappeared after sintering treatment;
- $\text{ZrW}_2\text{O}_7(\text{OH})_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ translated into ZrW_2O_8 completely.



particles

20-40 nm wide,
600-800 nm long.

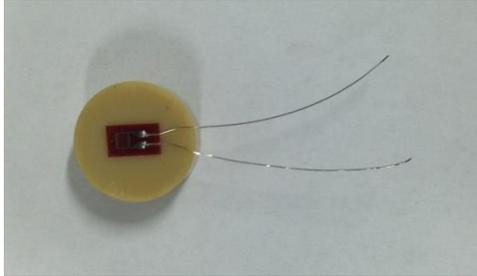


bundles

50-100 nm wide,
600-1000 nm long.

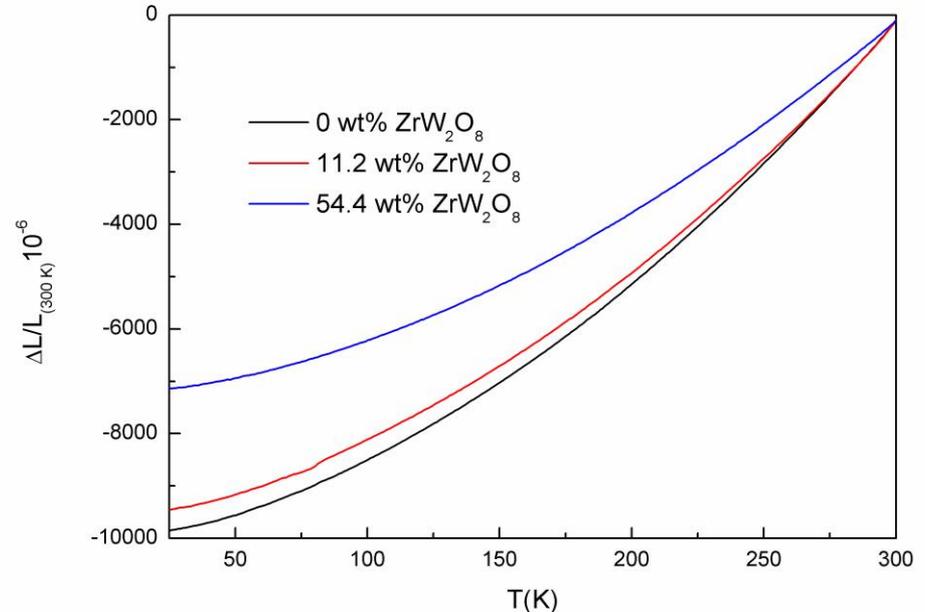
- The agglomerates were fairly monodisperse and small enough to make them good candidates for incorporation into polymer composites.

CTE of $\text{ZrW}_2\text{O}_8/\text{EP}$ nanocomposites



- The nanocomposites with ZrW_2O_8 material show lower thermal expansion than that of neat epoxy resin;
- The linear thermal expansion of nanocomposite decreases with the increase weight content of ZrW_2O_8 nanofiber;
- The average CTE of the nanocomposite with 54.4 wt % NTE material is 27.5% lower than that of neat epoxy resin.

The ZrW_2O_8 reduces the CTE of the epoxy resin.



The **linear thermal expansions** as a function of temperature for the composites.

Table 1. The average CTE from 77 to 300 K for all samples.

wt % of NTE material	0	11.2	54.4
Average CET from 77 to 300 K ($\times 10^{-6} \text{ K}^{-1}$)	35.787	34.364	25.952
Lower than CTE of neat epoxy resin (%)	—	4.0	27.5

Tencile test of $\text{ZrW}_2\text{O}_8/\text{EP}$

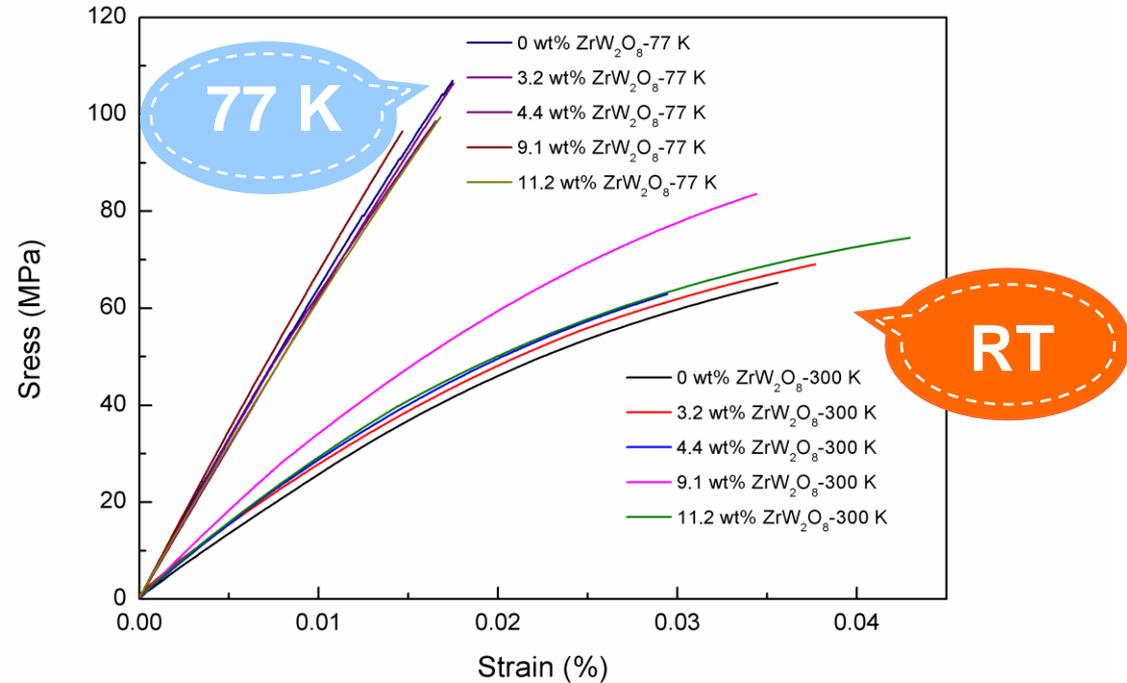
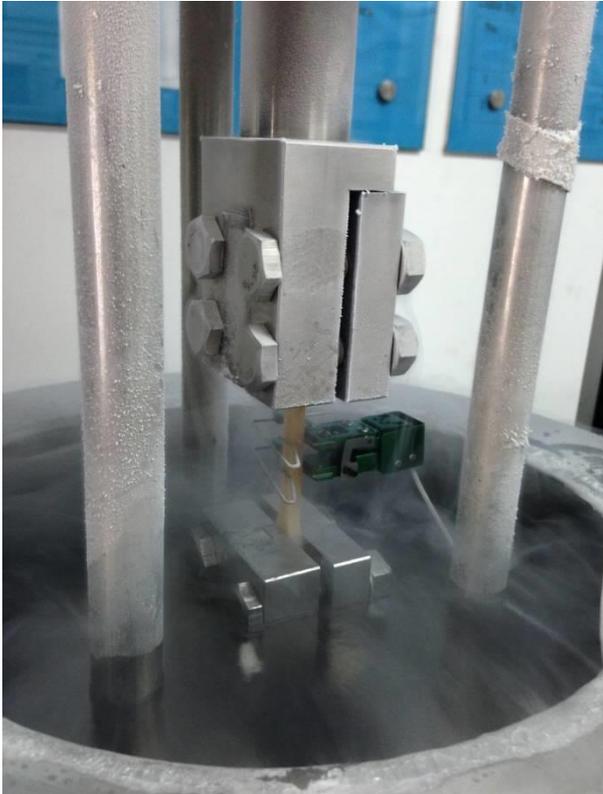


Fig.4. The stress-strain curves of $\text{ZrW}_2\text{O}_8/\text{EP}$ nanocomposites.

- At RT, the stress–strain curves show large plastic deformation prior to failure of the specimen, and the nanocomposites show a ductile behavior;
- When the temperature decreased to 77 K, the nanocomposites show a brittle behavior and increased strength.

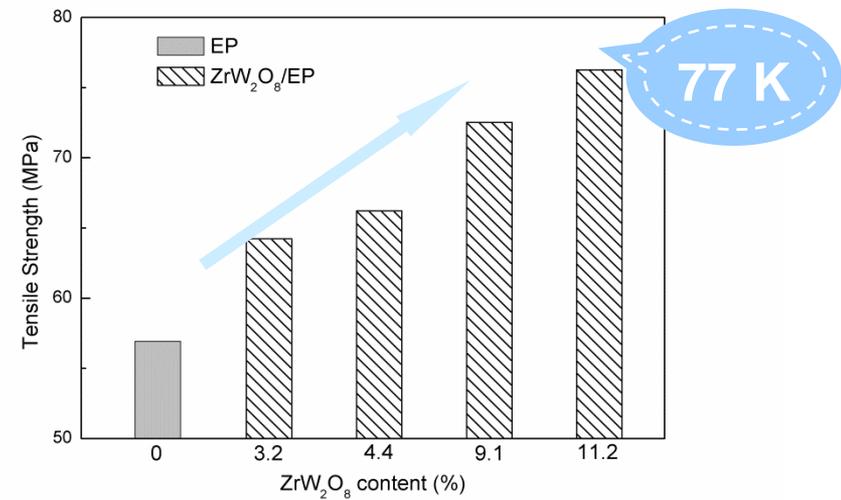
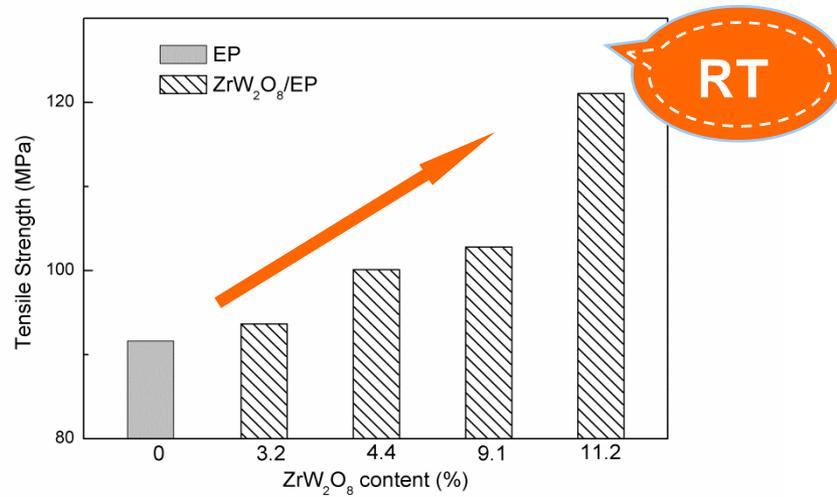


Fig.5. Tensile strength of ZrW₂O₈/EP nanocomposites: (a) at RT and (b) at 77 K.

wt % of NTE material	0	3.2	4.4	9.1	11.2
Tensile strength (MPa)	56.94	64.23	66.21	72.53	76.27
Higher than that of EP(%)	—	12.8	16.3	27.7	34.0

wt % of NTE material	0	3.2	4.4	9.1	11.2
Tensile strength (MPa)	91.63	93.67	100.11	102.79	121.06
Higher than that of EP(%)	—	2.2	9.3	12.2	32.1

- **The tensile strength at 77 K is much higher than that at RT;**
- **At RT and 77 K, the tensile strength increases when the weight fraction of ZrW₂O₈ nanofiber increases.**

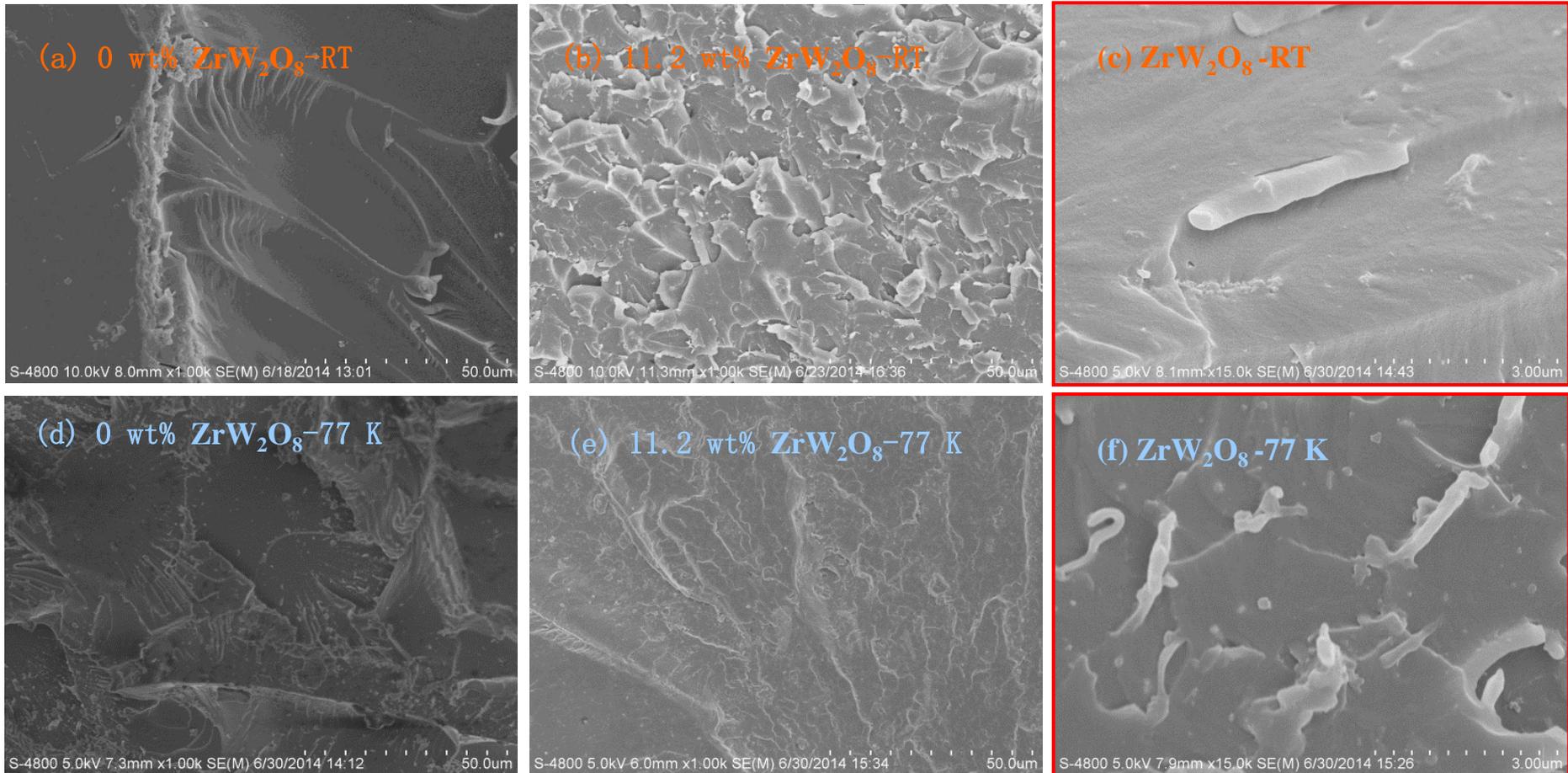


Fig. 6. SEM images of fracture surface.

- Certain amount of the **matrix was attached on the surface** of the pulled out ZrW₂O₈ (c、 f), illustrating the **strong interfacial bonding** between ZrW₂O₈ and the matrix.
- Compared with the pure matrix, the fracture surface of nanocomposites shows significant **increase in roughness**, demonstrating the toughening effect of ZrW₂O₈ in matrix.
- The fracture surface at 77 K is rougher than that at RT.

Conclusions

- **Nanofiber-ZrW₂O₈/EP nanocomposites were prepared and it is observed that the CTEs of the nanocomposites can be tailored significantly;**
- **The nanocomposites containing ZrW₂O₈ exhibits improved tensile strength than the neat epoxy resin.**

Thanks

