

# TCPD

## a Hybrid Cherenkov Detector

G.Hamar, D.Varga

for the REGARD Group

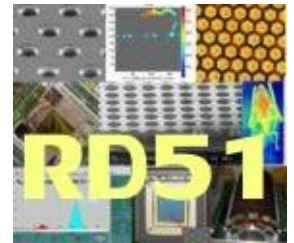


Wigner RCP Budapest,

Eötvös University Budapest,

REGARD Group Budapest,

ALICE-Budapest and ALICE VHMPID Groups



# Outline

- TCPD outline
- Reminder pages from the last TCPD presentaion
- Beam test in 2012.
- Applied gains
- Cluster size
- MIP Suppression
- Photon Yield
- Summary

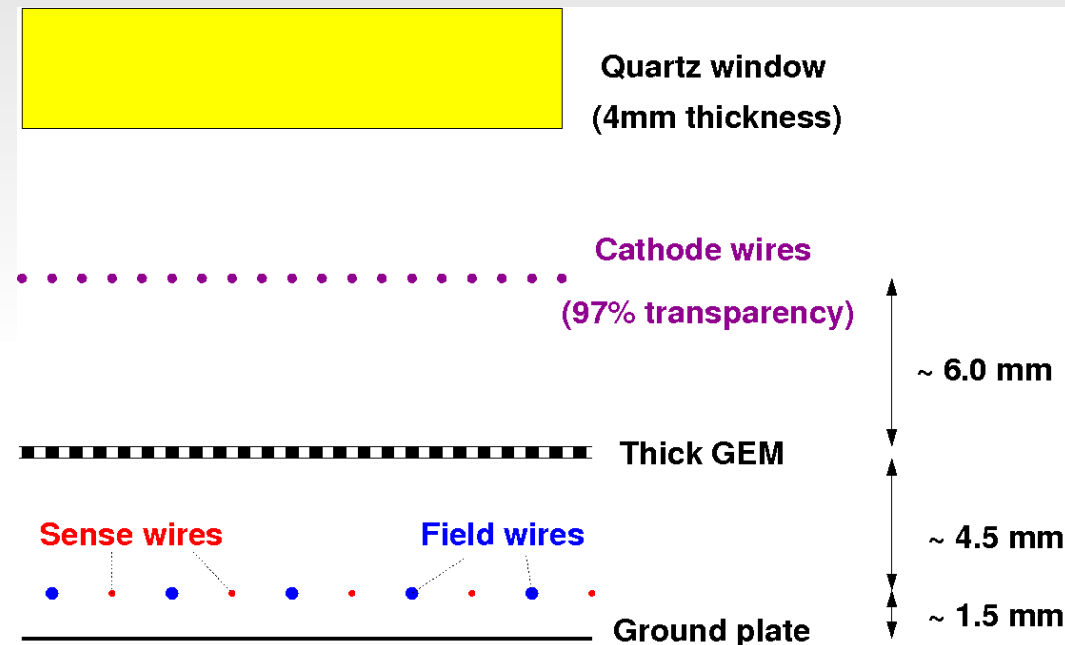
# TGEM, CCC

- **MWPC for photon detection**
  - (+) Full surface
  - (-) Ion backflow
  - (-) Feed-back photons
- **ThickGEM based photon detection**
  - (+) Ion backflow
  - (+) Feed-back photons
  - (-) Multi-layers (2-3) raise cost
- **Close Cathode Chamber (CCC)** [ NIM A 648 (2011) 163]
  - (+) Mechanical tolerance, simple construction
  - (+) Low material budget

# TCPD Outline

## (ThickGEM+CCC Photon Detector)

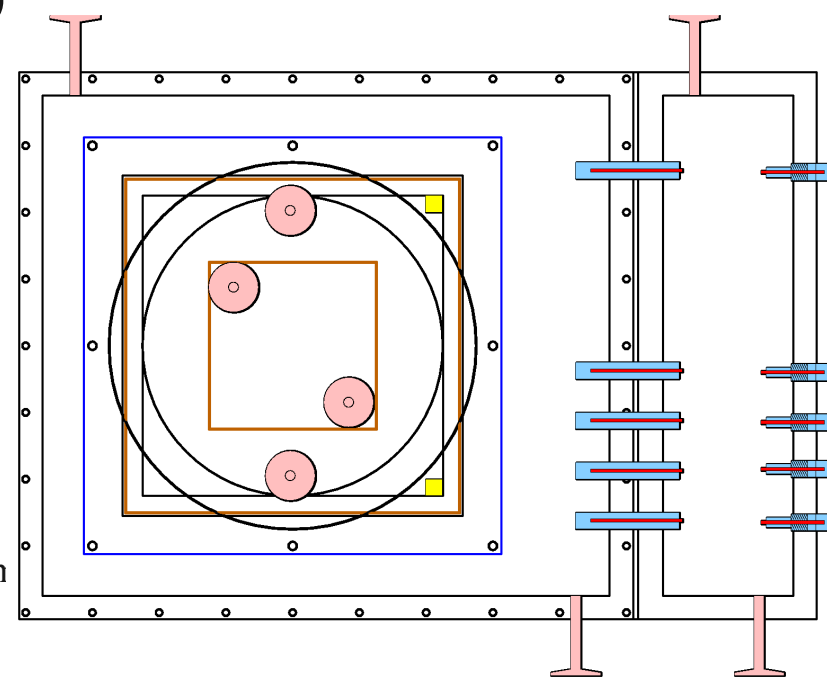
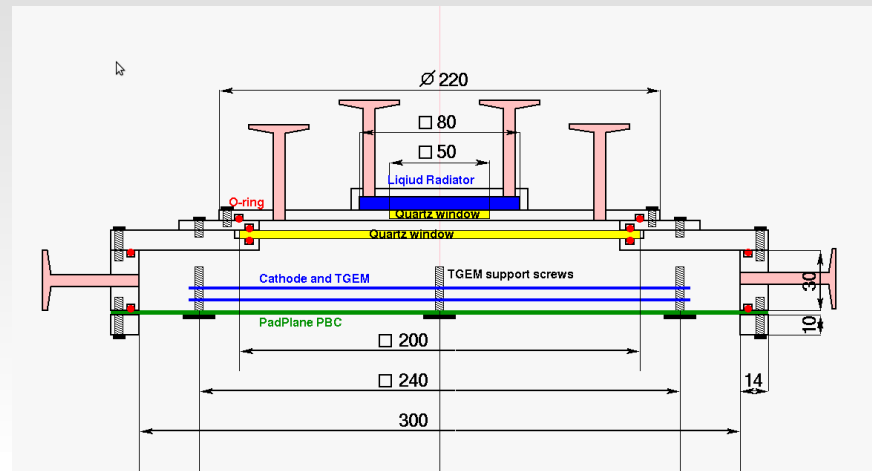
- A known configuration applied for photon detection
- UV-transparent quartz window
- Wire plane for cathode
- ThickGEM, upper surface could be coated with CsI
- Standard CCC wire layout
- Padplane on ground

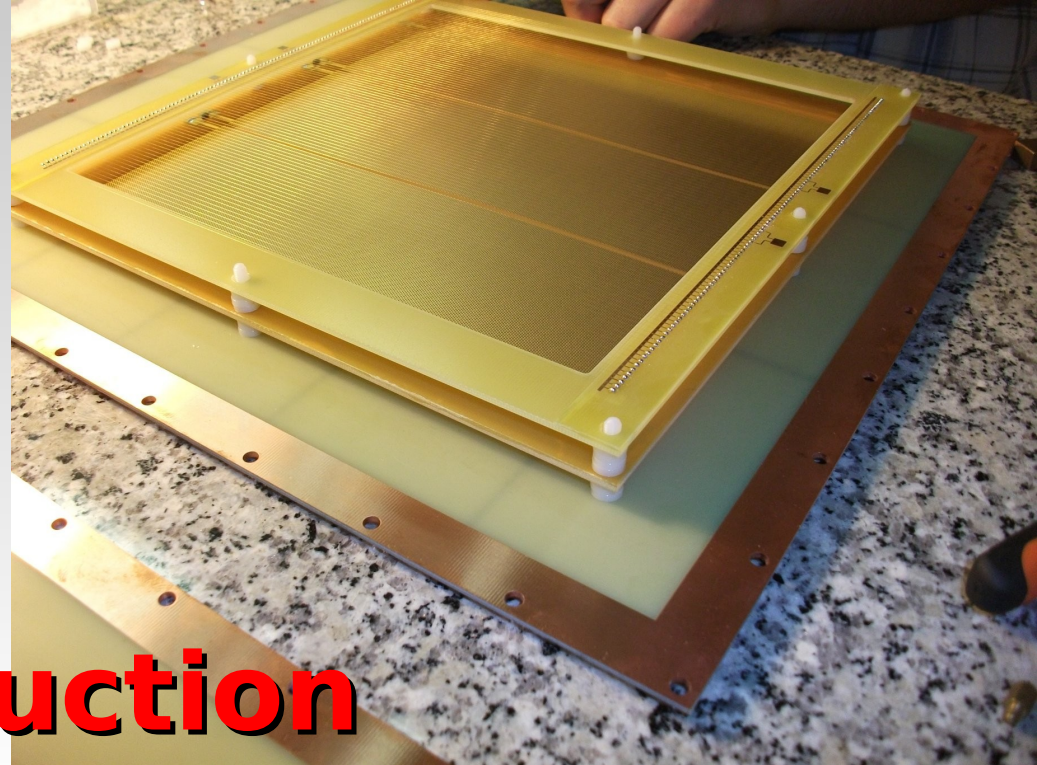
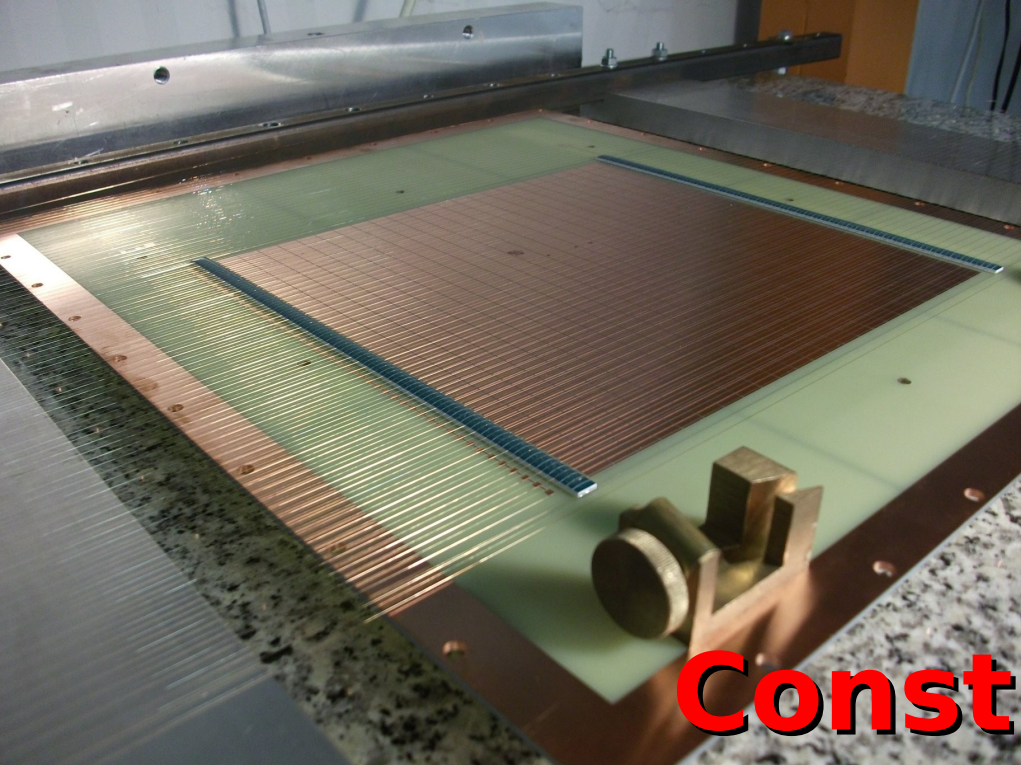


Combines most of the advantages of both technologies

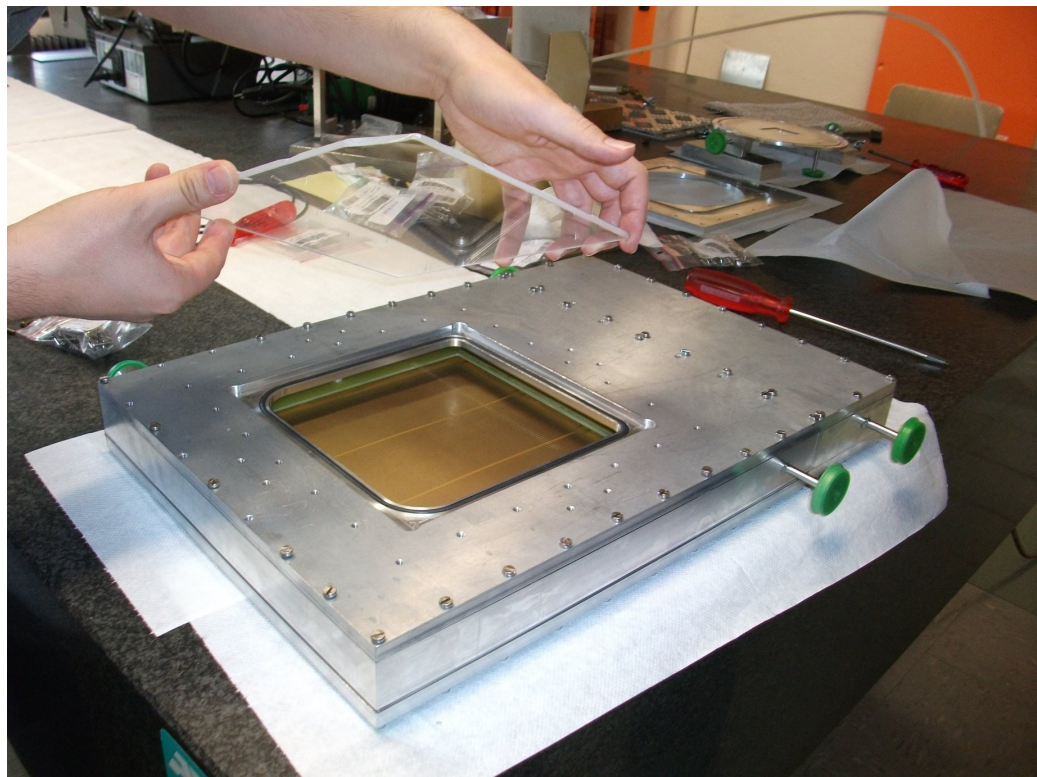
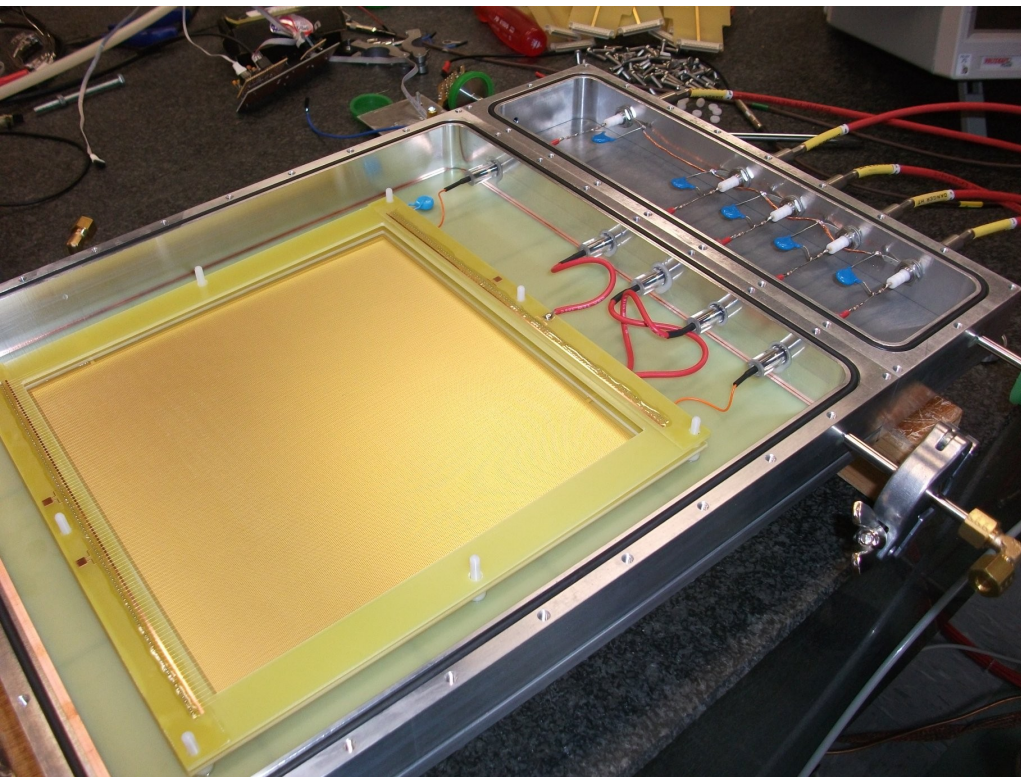
# TCPD-2 Chamber for Cherenkov photons

- TGEM 20x20 cm<sup>2</sup> active area (CERN, R.Oliveira, 2011)
- CsI cover (CERN, 2011)
- Humidity-free gas volume for the HV connection
- Large quartz window (20x20cm<sup>2</sup>)
- Small monitoring window
- Detachable frame for the liquid radiator
- Pad structure : HMPID-like (8x8, 4x8, 4x4 mm<sup>2</sup>)

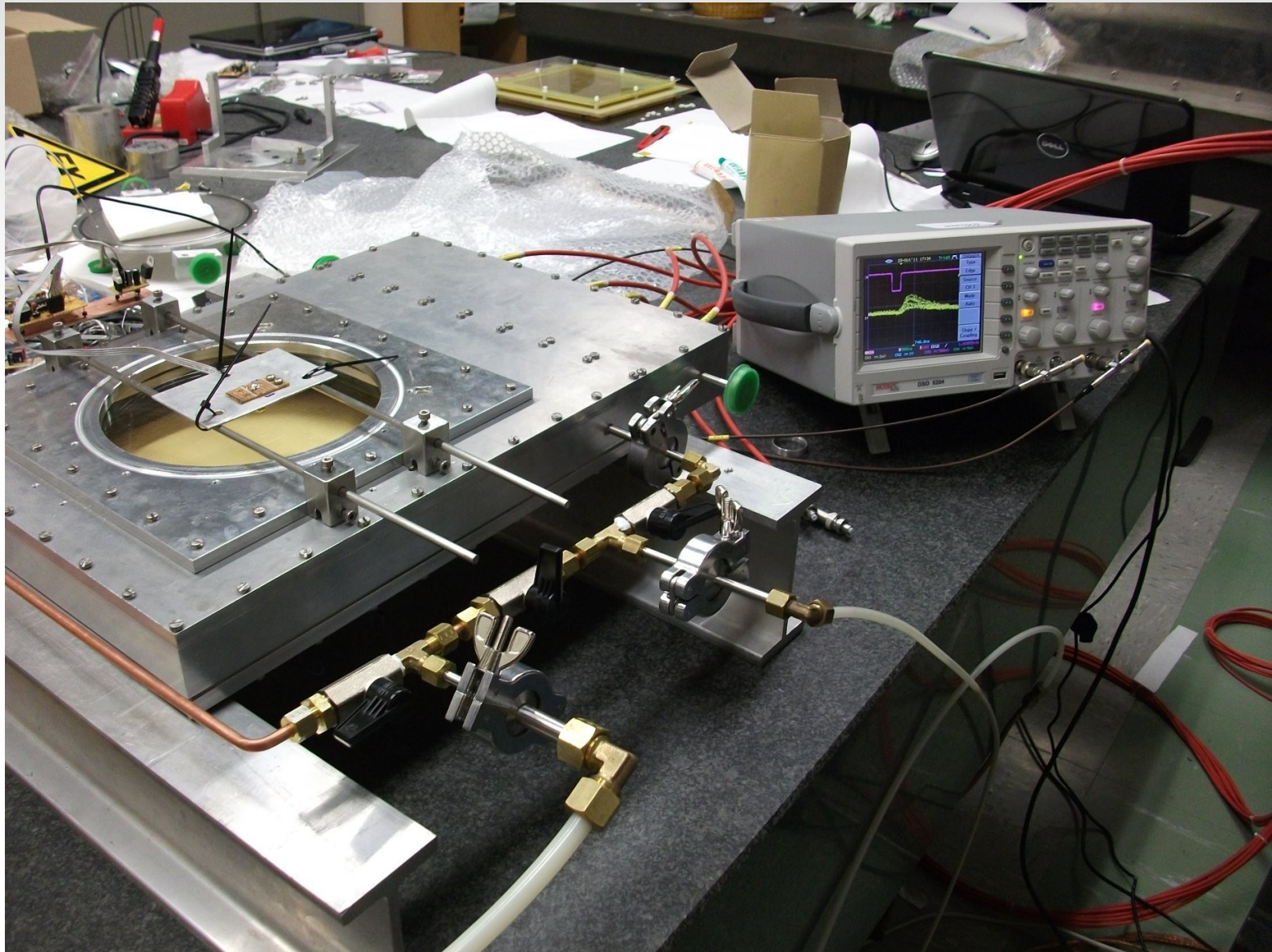




**Construction**



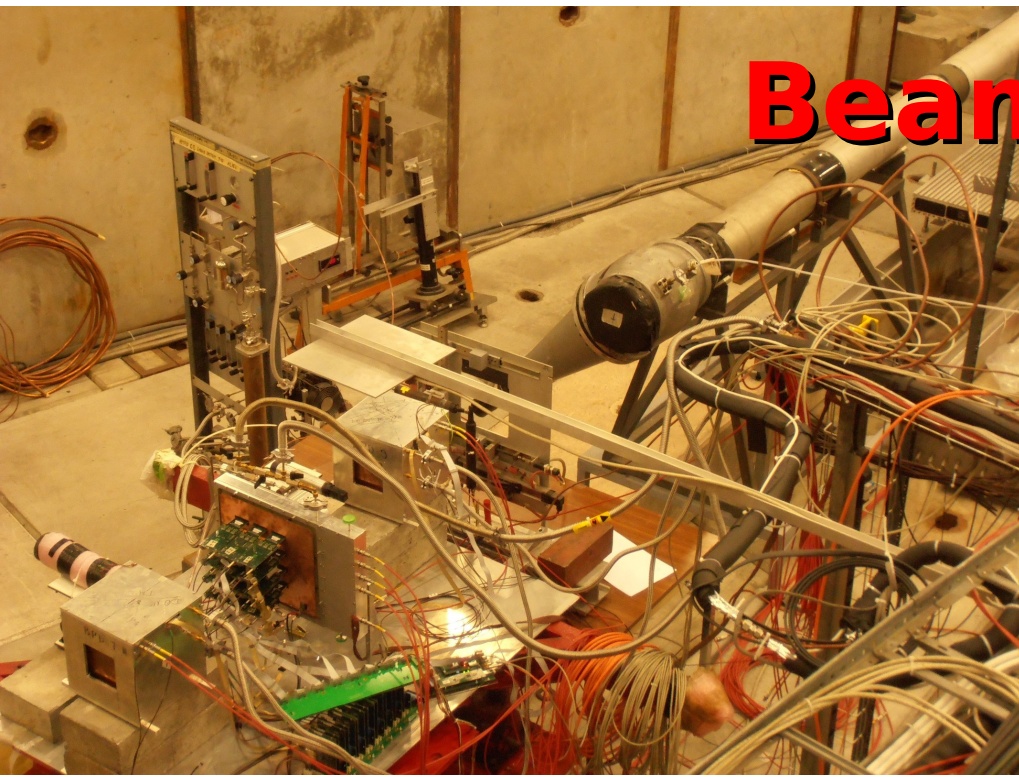
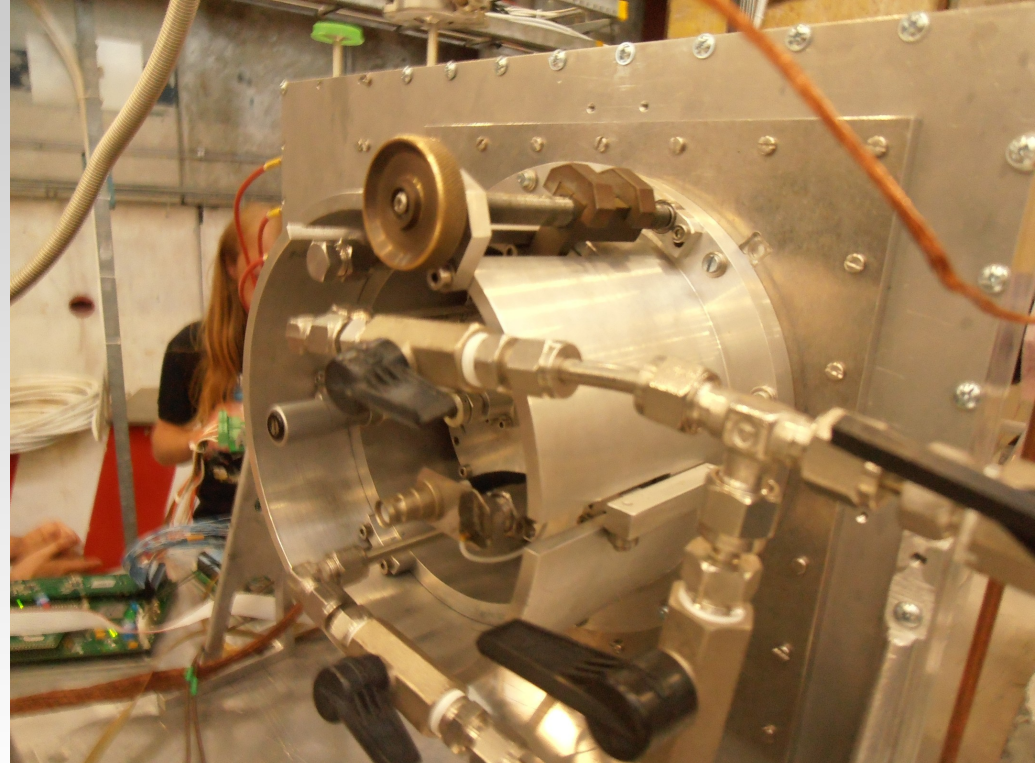
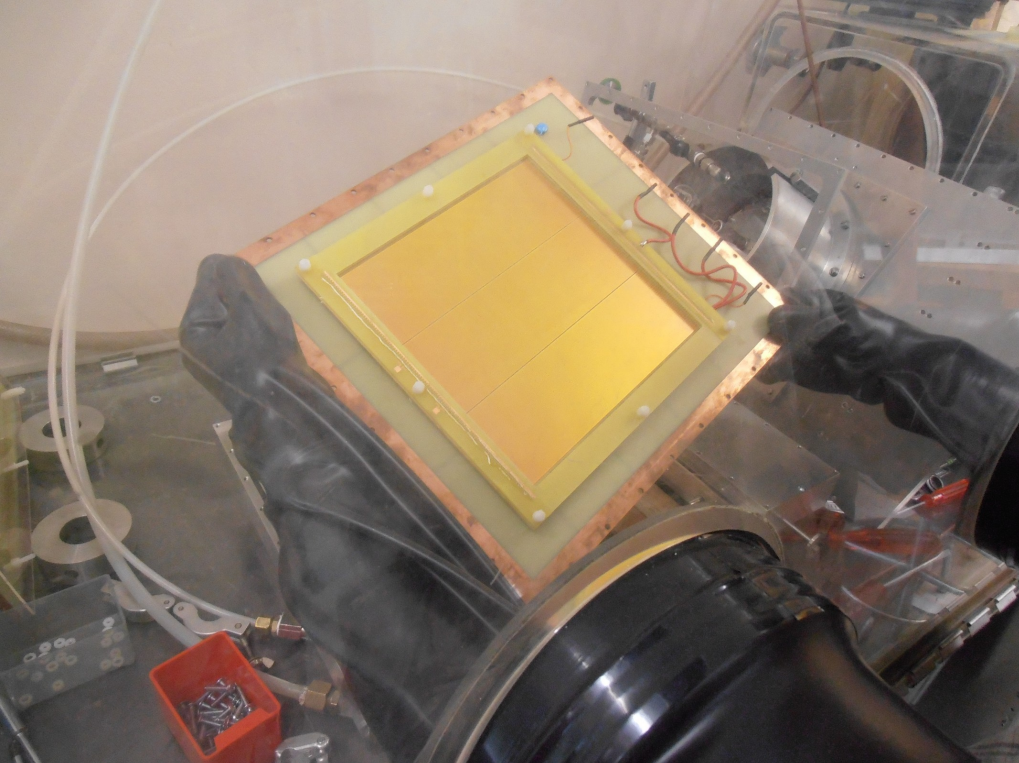
# First Photons with the 20cm Chamber



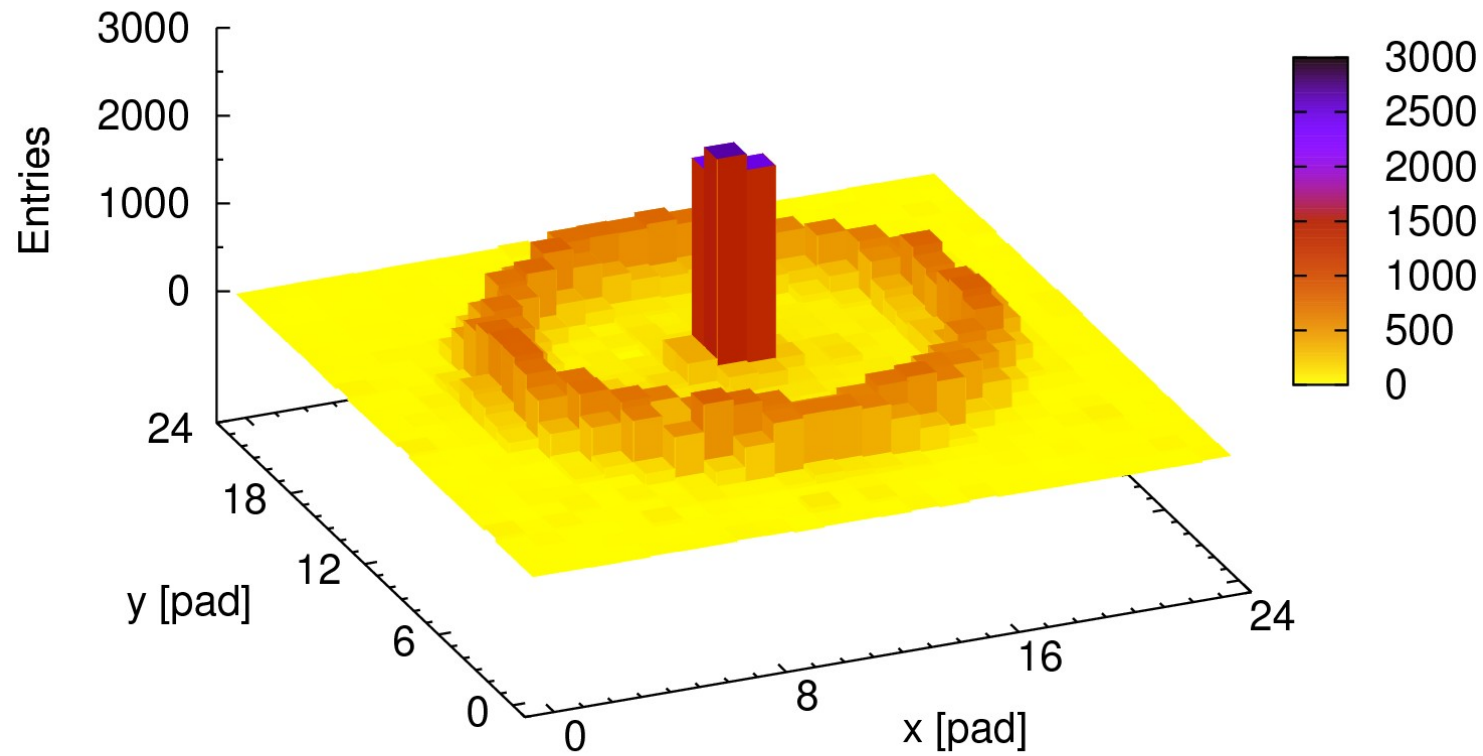
# Beam Test Setup

- In the former beam test problem with the window :(
- New beam test in September 2012. at CERN PS **T10**
- Four small scintillators to define a nice beam spot,  
Two large scintillators for beam and for muons
- Additional 2+2 BeamPositionChambers (**BPD**)  
read out by the same DAQ system
- TCPD:pad readout DAQ,FEE : ALICE HMPID/VHMPID type
- Connected wires read out for scope monitoring  
and/or for simple data taking with CamacADC
- Radiator :  $C_6F_{14}$  (standard HMPID),  
**adjustable** eff. thickness and changeable distance from TGEM
- Base gas for operation : **CH<sub>4</sub>**  
+ few days with Ar-CO<sub>2</sub> to compare with former lab results
- Study of pad-size dependance as well  
two padplanes: standard 8x8; and a mix with 4x4,4x8,8x8.



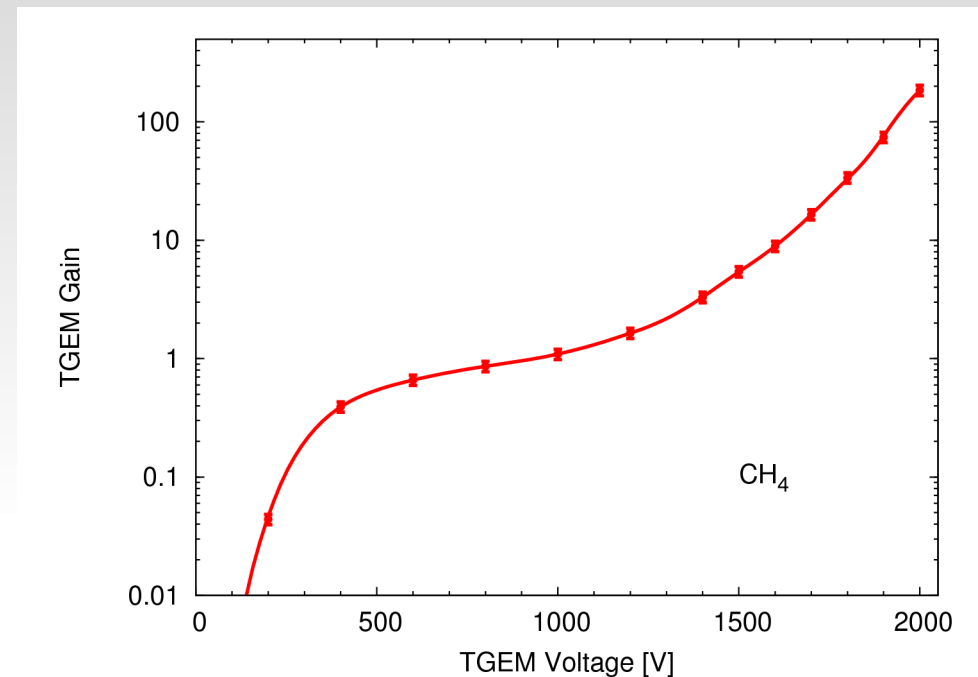
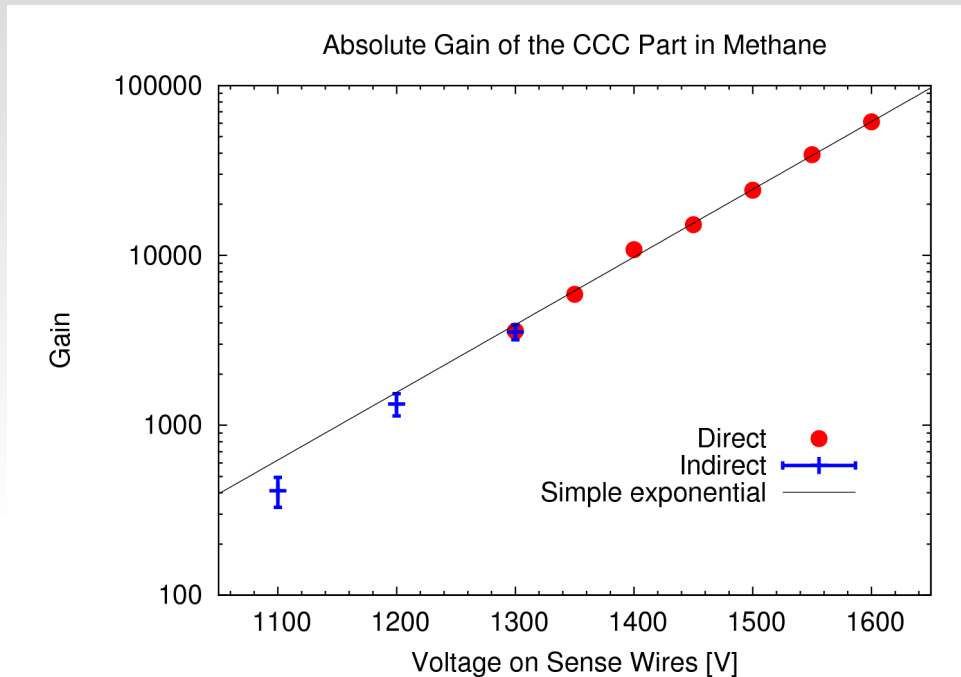


# It works !



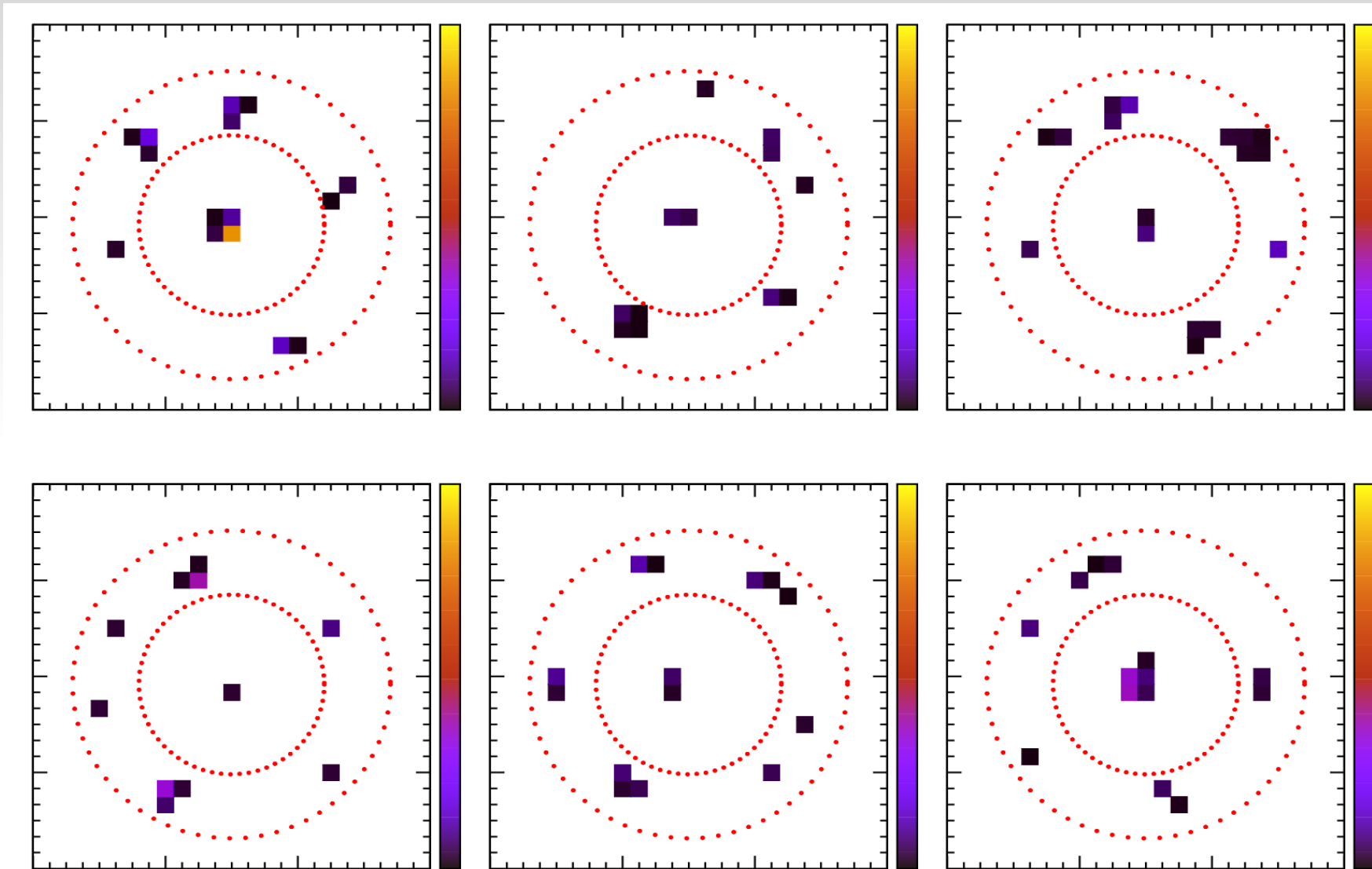
- Cumulated Cherenkov rings from the firsts runs in Sept. 2012.

# Applied Gains



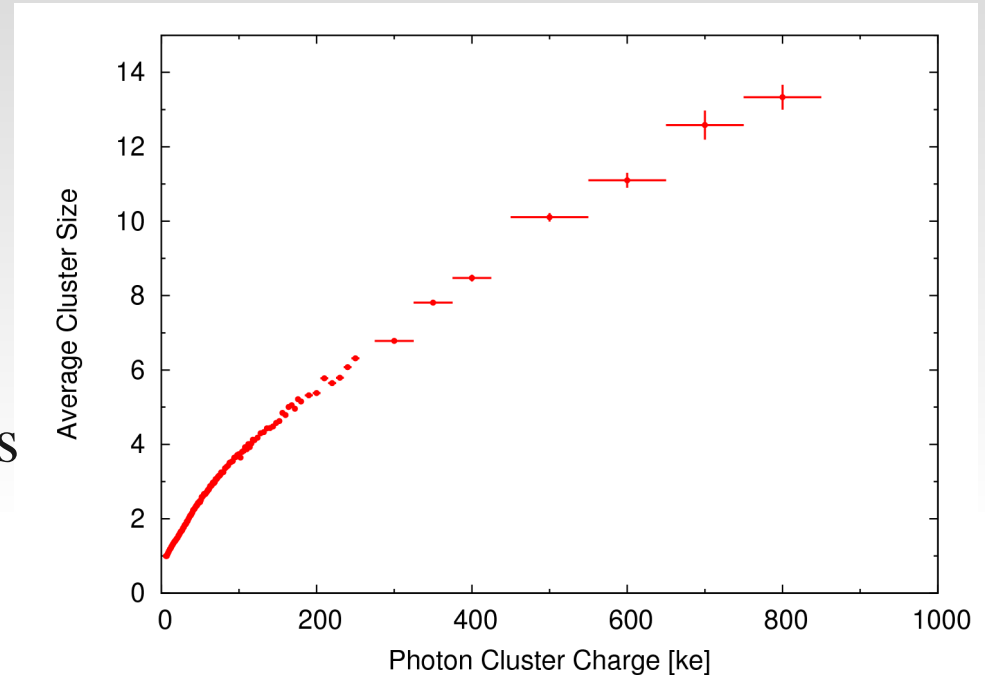
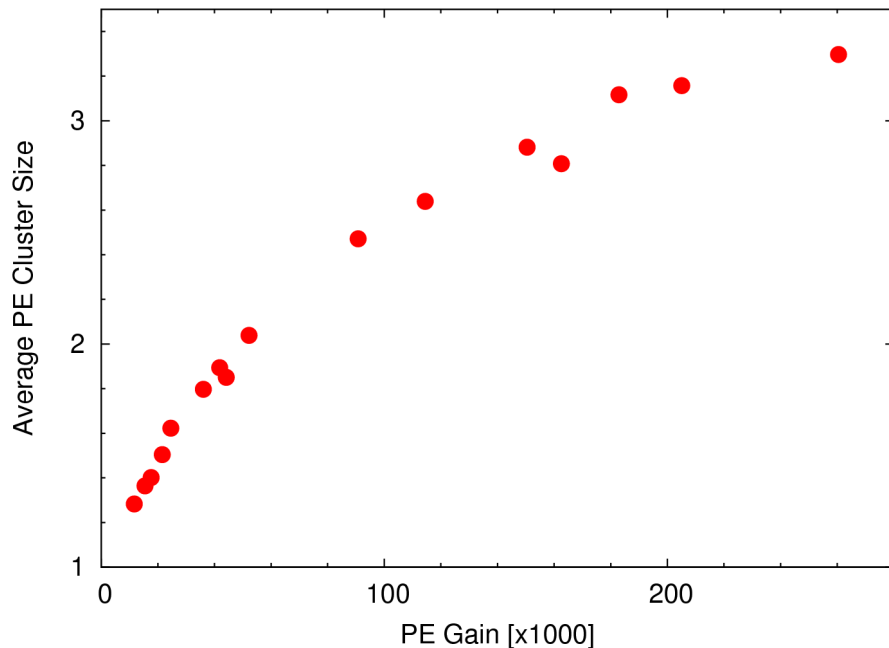
- CCC and TGEM gains were measured independently
- Typical gains : TGEM : 10 - 100; Overall gain :  $10^4$  -  $10^5$
- No need for high gain on TGEM ensured stable operation
- Even with gain  $3 \times 10^5$  no sparks have been observed

# Single Events



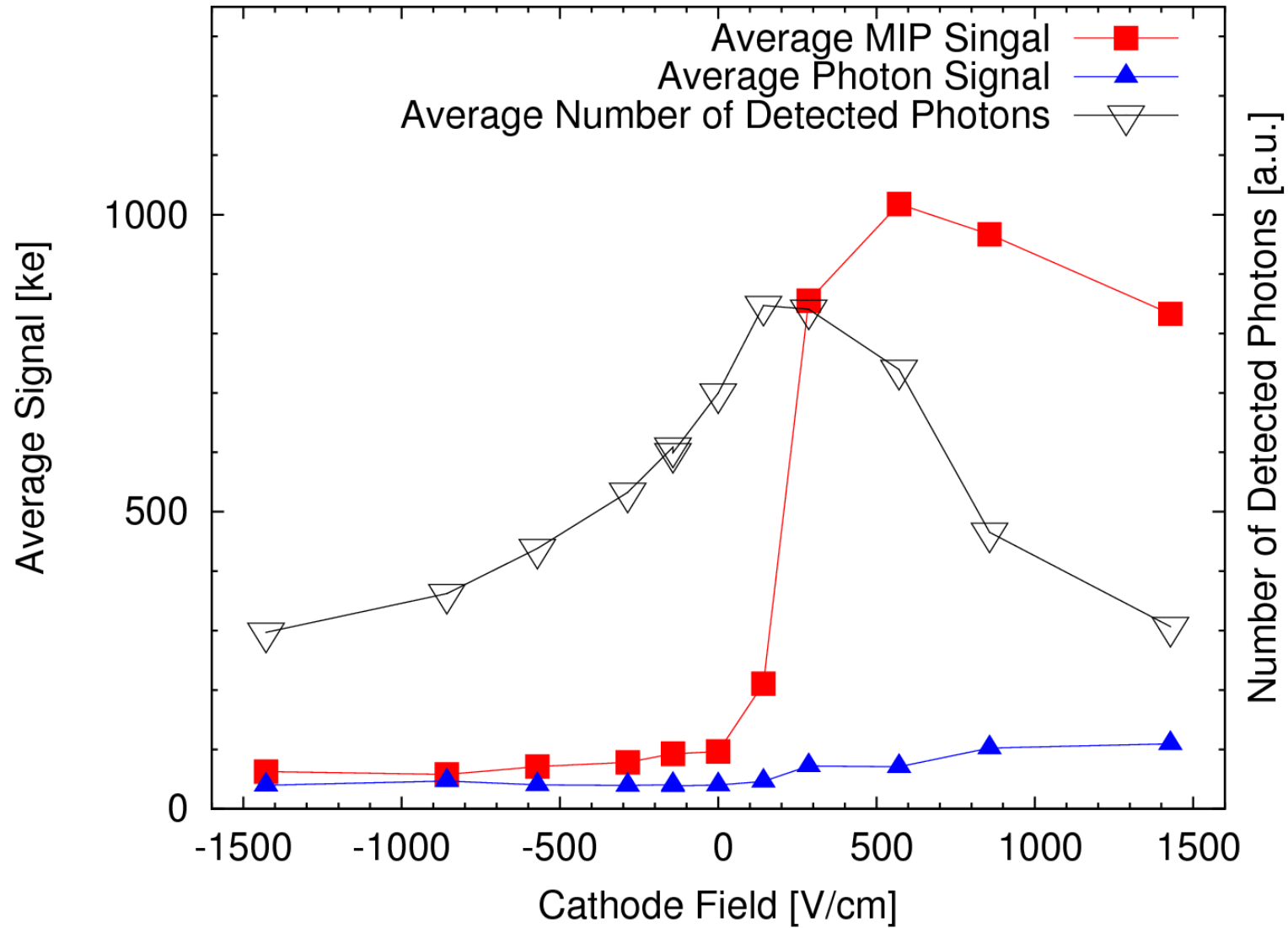
# Cluster Size Distribution

- Cluster size on the  $8.0 \times 8.4 \text{ mm}^2$  pads were measured in the ring region with photo-electron candidates
- Cluster size is crucial for padsize optimization in small diameter rings



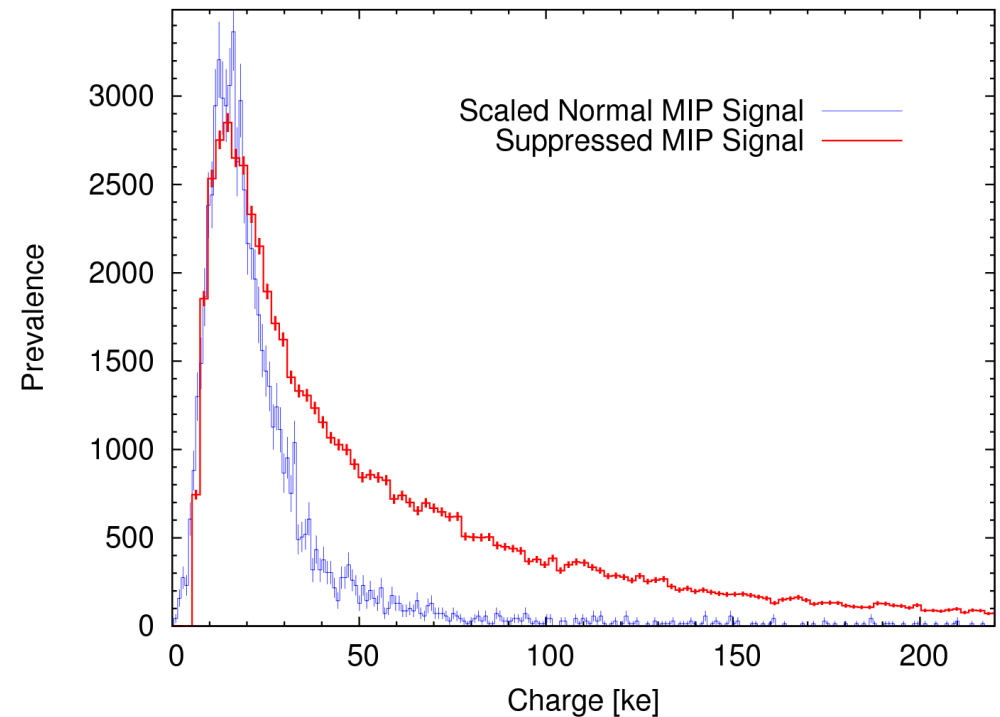
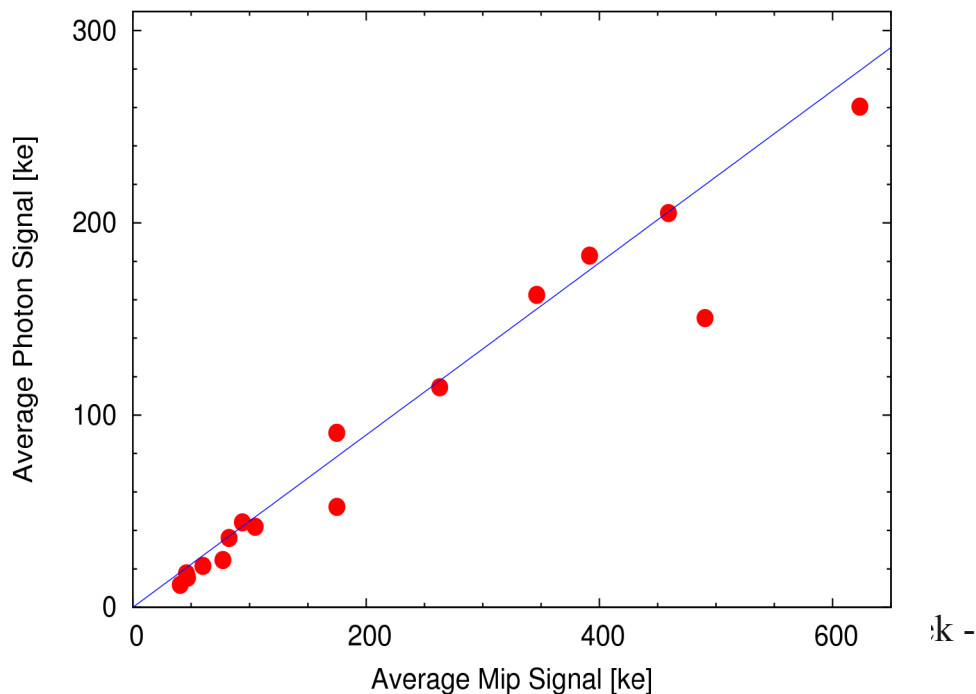
- Different gain distributions lies nearly on the same curve
- Even with gain  $10^5$  the average cluster size is 2.5

# MIP Suppression

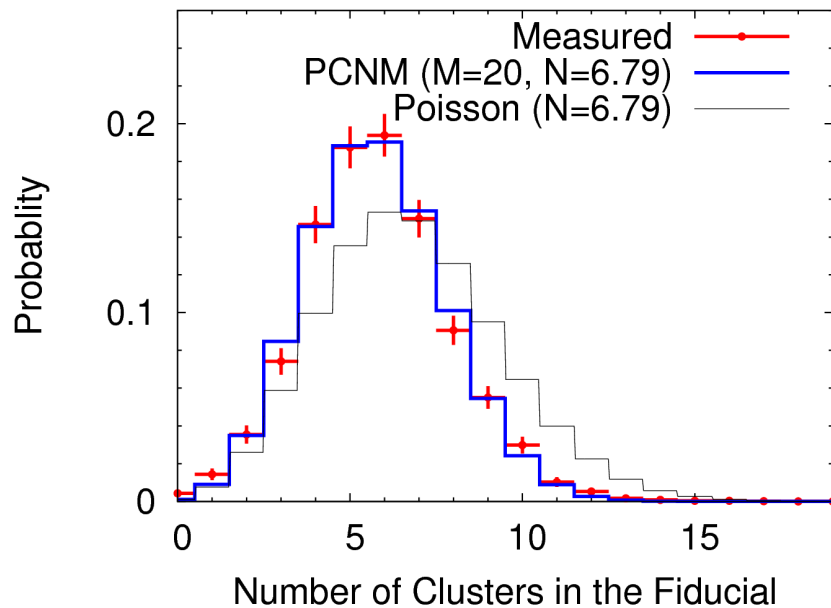
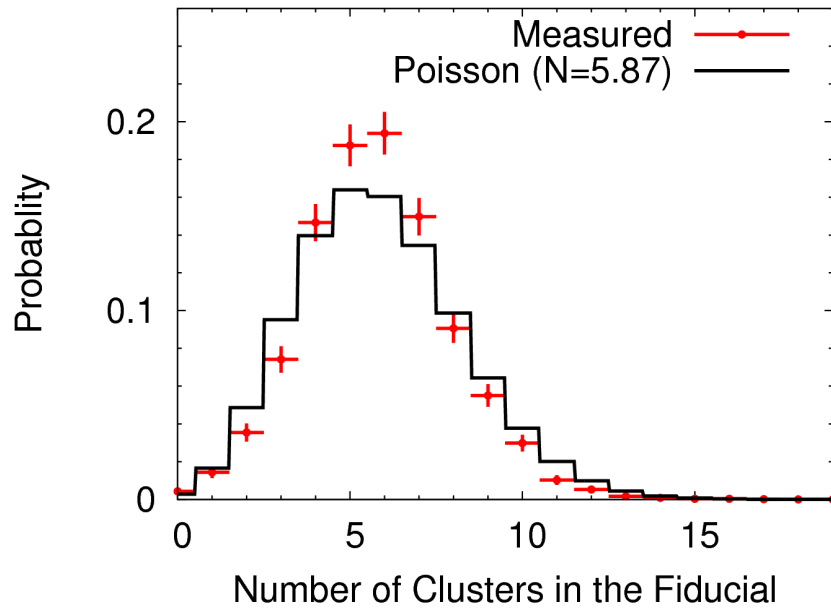


# MIP Suppression

- Possibility for MIP suppression in MPGDs
- MIP signal in the order of the PE signal
- Small reversed cathode field is enough
- The cathode field approx. 0-100 V/cm is ideal for photon detection
- Suppressed MIP signal differs from the Landau curve due to the eventually deposited electron just above the TGEM

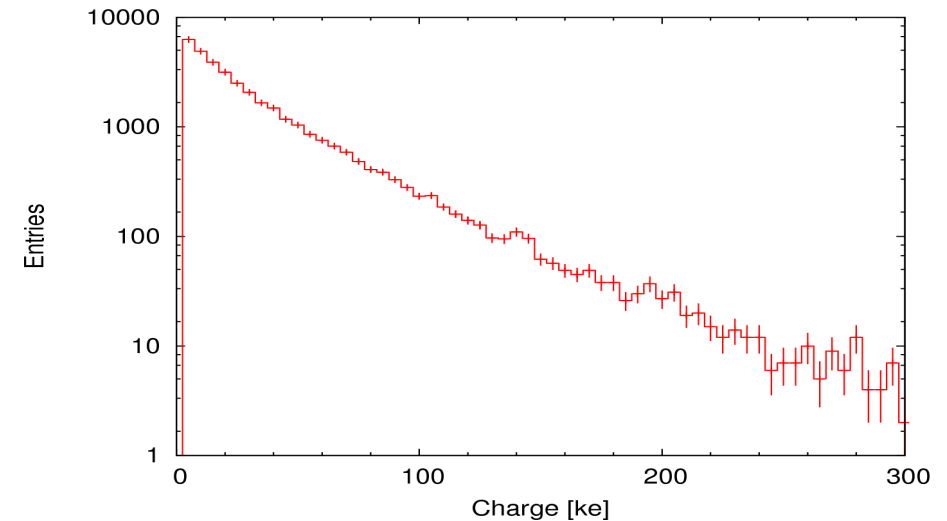


# Photon Yield



- With TGEMs there are blind areas for photons
- Hole configuration needs to be optimized for this purpose (-> "Leopard" like studies)
- With nonoptimized setup the photon yield was approx. 60-70 % of desired
- Consistent with Leopard meas.

ek - G.Har





# Summary

- **TCPD** – nice combination of micropattern and wire based technologies for photon detection
- **Single photo-electron** studies with a UvLed
- Real **Cherenkov applicability** was demonstrated
- Full Cherenkov ring detection with one TGEM
- Stable operation even with **high gains**
- **Moderate cluster size** without technical difficulties
- Natural **MIP suppression**
  
- The offline analysis is still ongoing
- Special thanks go to the test beam group
  
- And thanks to the Hungarian OTKA CK77719, CK77815 grants and the support of the REGARD, ALICE-Budapest and ALICE VHMPID Groups

# Thank You for Your Attention

