Forward physics with ALICE-FOCAL

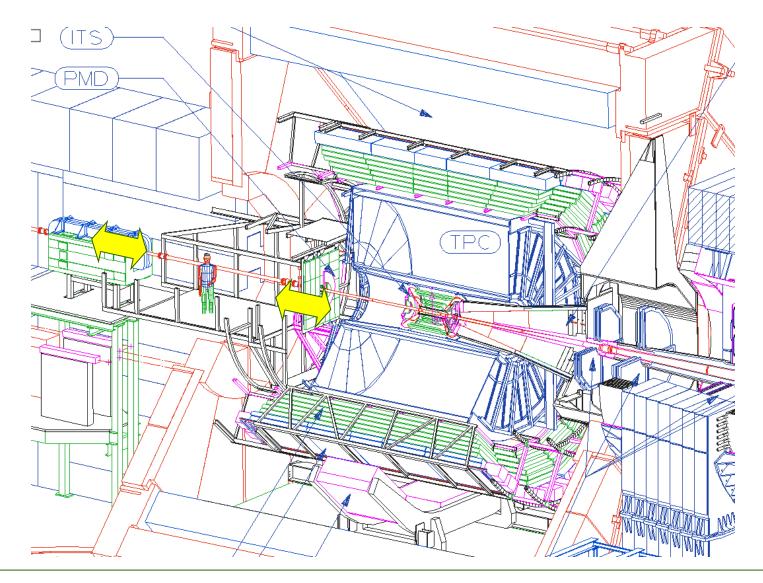
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OUTLINE

- Proposal for a new forward calorimeter (FOCAL)
- Physics capabilities
- Simulation results
- Test Beam Results with FOCAL mini -prototype.
- Summary

Possible position of FOCAL in ALICE



FOCAL (~350 and ~800cm away from IP)

What ALICE can do without FOCAL

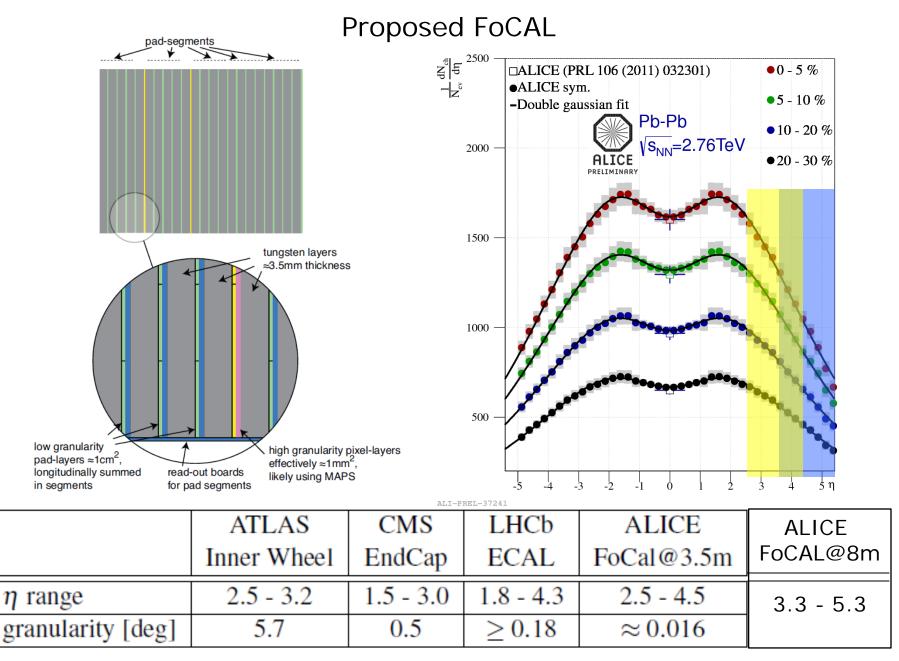
✓Pseudo rapidity range probed: Mid-rapidity () and Forward rapidity ()

✓ Bjorken-x range: 10^{-4} to 10^{-5} in mid-rapidity

✓ Jet reconstruction up to:

✓ Direct photon measurement:
 ✓ With EMCAL:
 ✓ With PHOS:

✓Gamma-jet correlation studies:



FoCAL with unique η coverage and unique capabilities for $\pi 0$, γ measurement

Physics with FoCAL

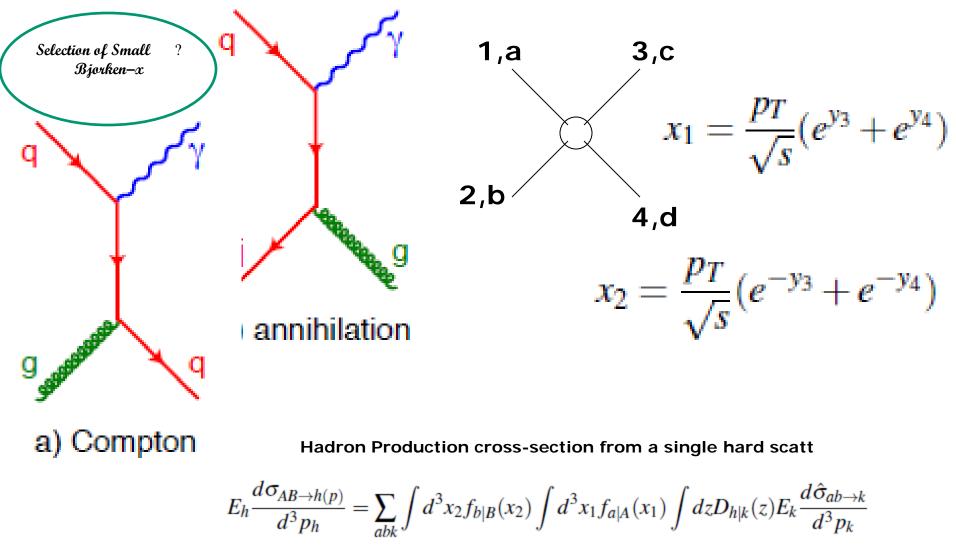
Test of pQCD prediction (**pp collisions**)

- In terms of Nuclear modification factor
- ✓ Particle production
- ✓ To probe the initial condition (p-A collisions)
 - Distribution of Gluon density at small-x (down to 10⁻⁵ to 10⁻⁶)
 - ✓ Study of Color Glass Condensate
- ✓ To probe the final state effects (A-A collisions)
 - Measurement of opacity and the response of the medium through gamma-jets and jetparticle correlations
 - ✓ Parton energy loss in dense matter

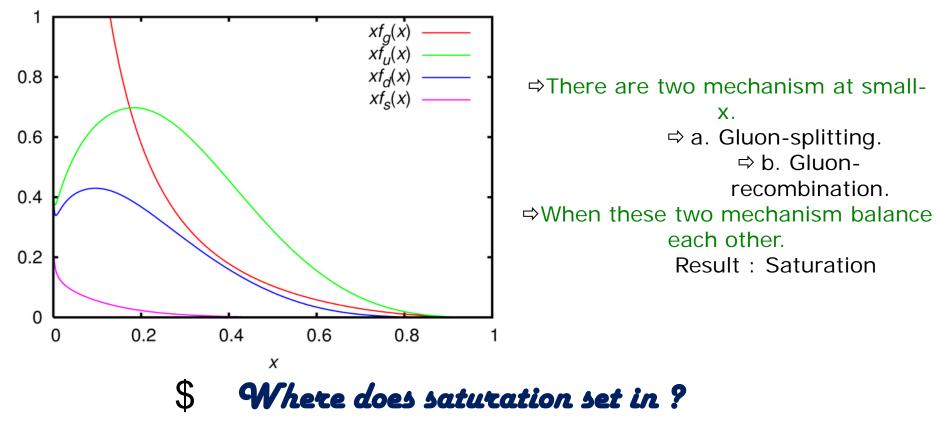
- Direct photon spectra, R_{pPb}
- π⁰ spectra
- $\gamma \pi^0$ and $\pi^0 \pi^0$ correlations
- Jets
 - π^0 spectra, R_{AA} , correlations
- Jet spectra, R_{AA}
- Reaction plane, flow (fine segmentation: high resolution; eta-gaps)
- Direct gammas, J/psi Needs performance studies

Forward Physics - Kinematics

Leading Order Interaction that mainly contribute to the direct photon production



Gluon Distribution (Proton)



 $ho \, \sigma_{gg
ightarrow g} \gtrsim 1.$

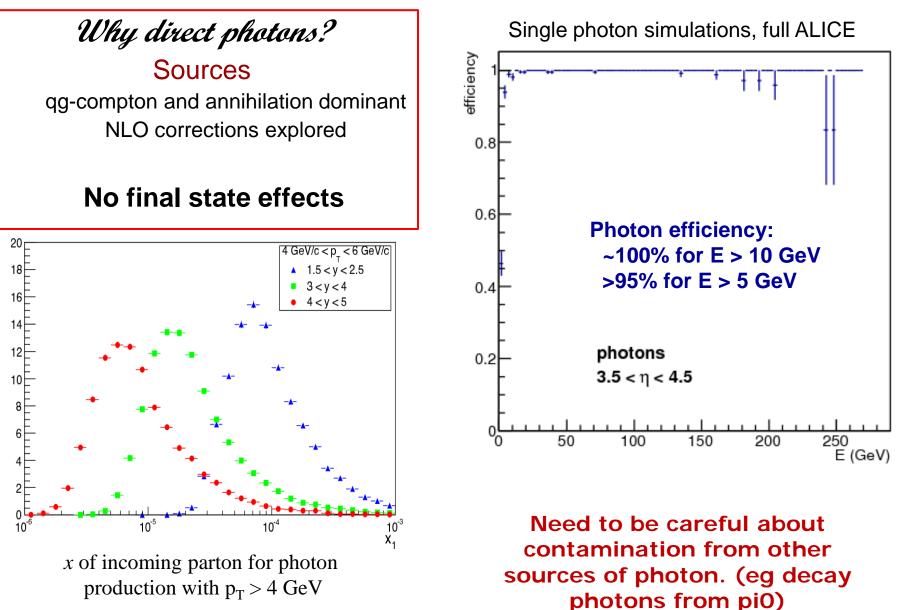
Where ρ is gluon areal velocity And σ is gluon fusion cross section

Q is less than the saturation scale Q_S

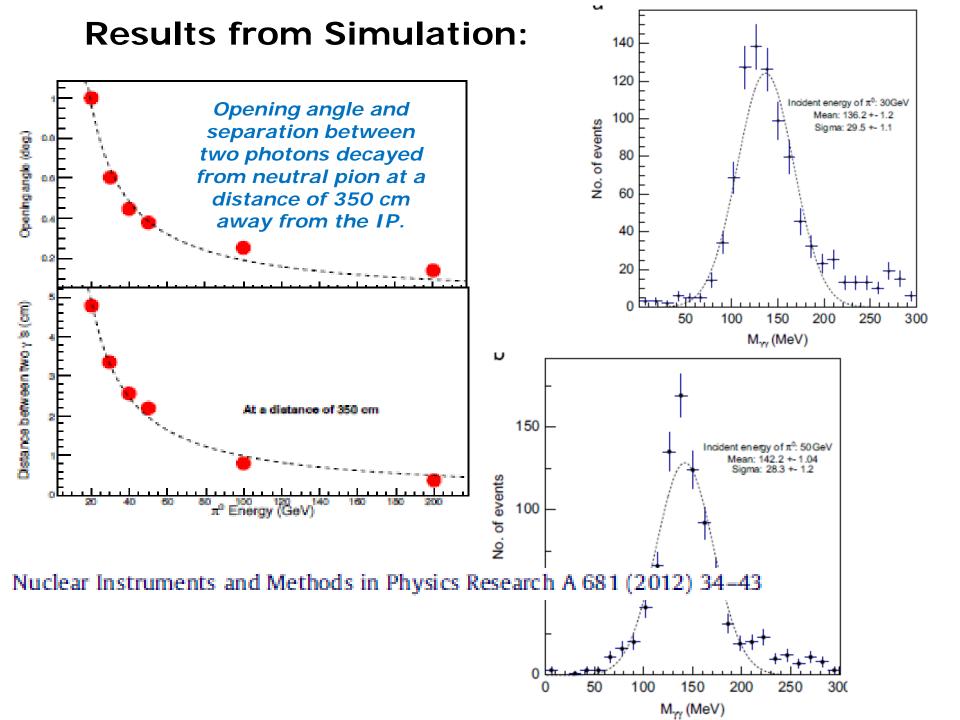
 $Q_s^2 \sim lpha_s rac{xg(x,Q^2)}{\pi r^2} \sim x^{-0.3}$ For pp collision

 $Q_s^2 \sim \alpha_s \frac{xG(x,Q^2)}{\pi R^2} \sim A^{1/3} x^{-\lambda}$

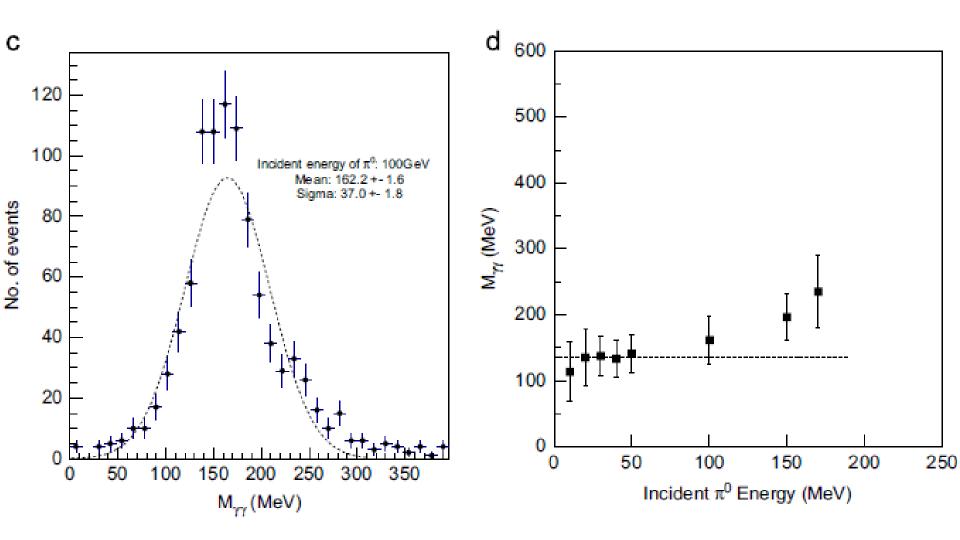
For AA collision



da/dlog(x) (μb)

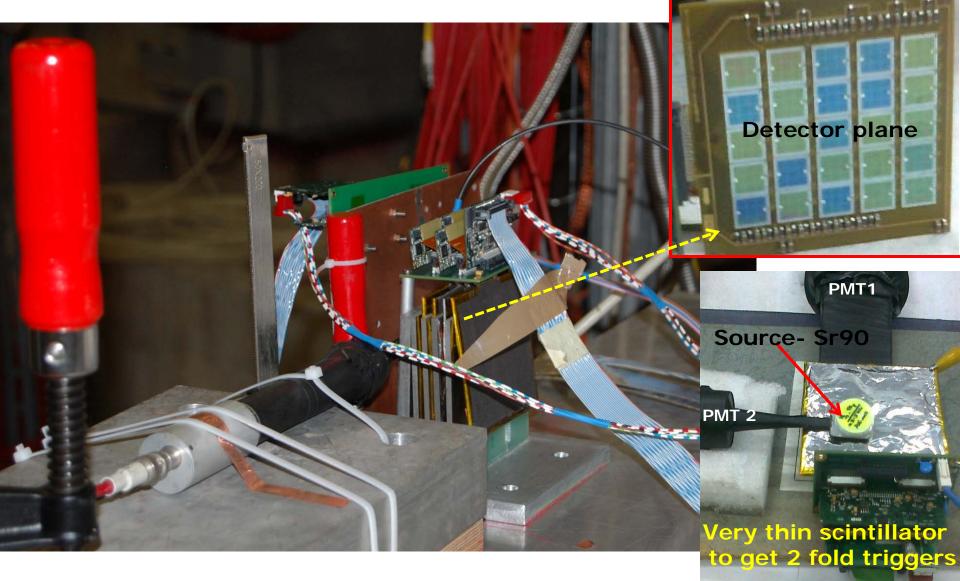


Results from Simulation:

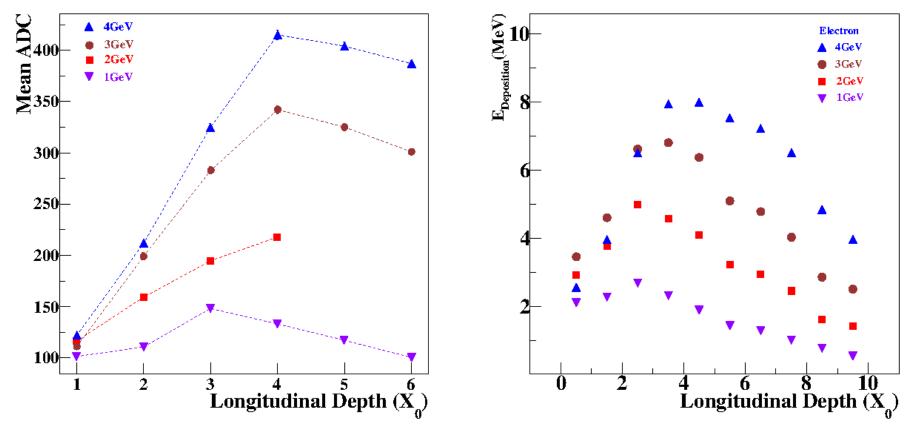


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Test Beam Setup



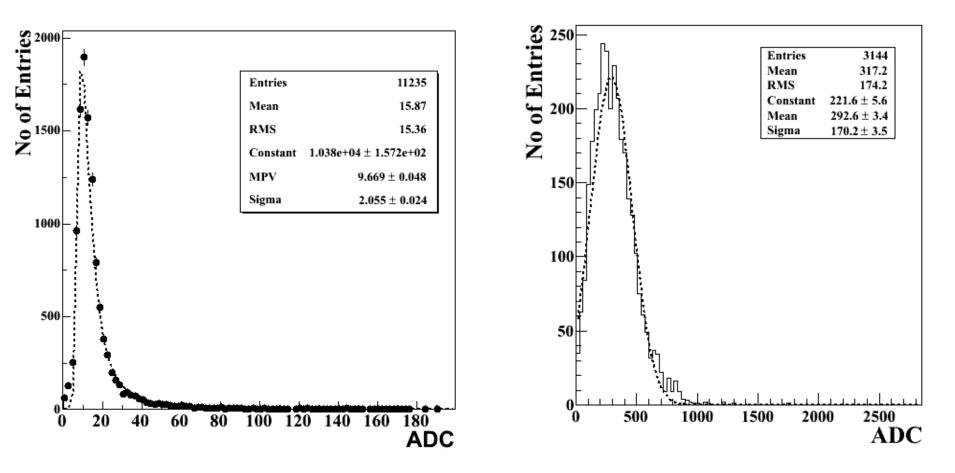
Test Beam Result



Longitudinal shower profile

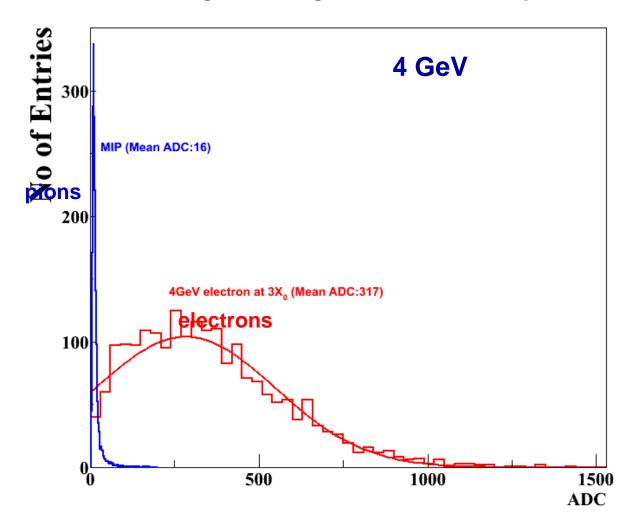
Test Beam Result

ADC distribution for MIP particle and electron

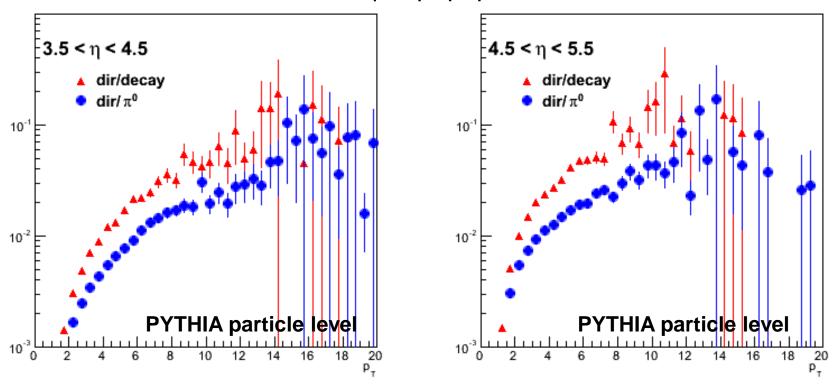


Test Beam Result

Actual Signal along with the noise (pion)



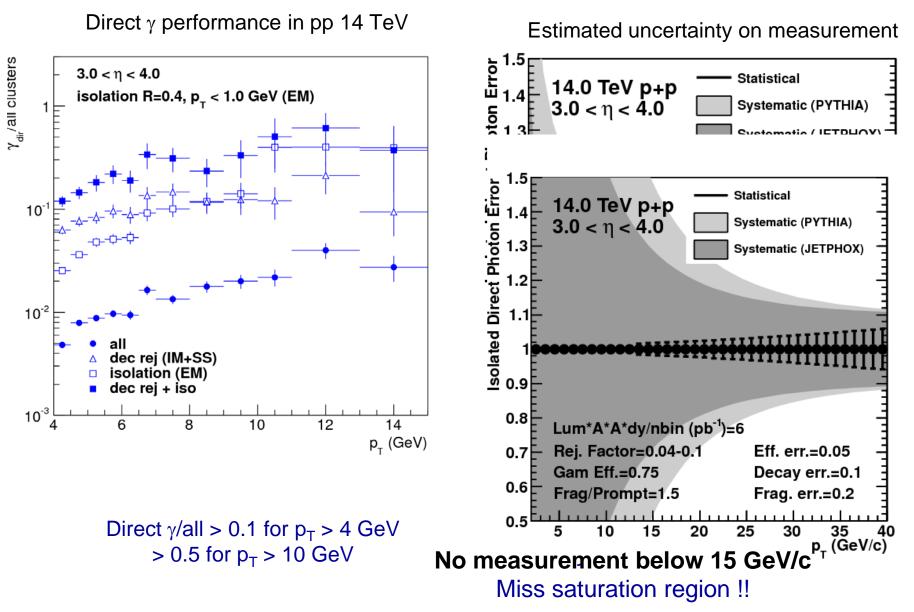
direct γ in p+p, p+Pb



 $\gamma_{dir}/\gamma_{decay}$: a few per cent; improves with p_T, η γ_{dir}/π^0 is worse; two- γ separation important

Reject decay photons by:

- π^0 reconstruction + mass cut
 - Isolation cut



Estimated uncertainty on measurement Statistical Statistical 14.0 TeV p+p 14.0 TeV p+p Systematic (PYTHIA) 3.0 < n < 4.0 Systematic (PYTHIA) **3.0 <** η < **4.0** Systematic (JETPHOX) Systematic (JETPHOX) 1.1 0.8 Lum*A*A*dy/nbin (pb⁻¹)=6 0.8 Lum*A*A*dy/nbin (pb⁻¹)=6 Rej. Factor=0.04-0.1 Eff. err.=0.05 0.7 Rej. Factor=0.04 Eff. err.=0.05 0.7**⊢** Gam Eff.=0.75 Decay err.=0.1 Gam Eff.=0.75 Decay err.=0.05 0.6 Frag/Prompt=1.5 Frag. err.=0.2 0.6 Frag/Prompt=1.5 Frag. err.=0.2 0.5 35 40 p_T (GeV/c) 5 10 20 25 30 15 0.5 25 10 20 30 35 15 40 p_(GeV/c)

~30% uncertainty at p_T =4 GeV Syst unc plateaus at ~ 10 GeV No measurement below 15 GeV/c

Miss saturation region !!

Summarizing ...

Compelling Forward Physics:

- Tests of pQCD predictions
- Gluon distribution at low-x
- Probes the initial conditions
- To find out where saturation sets in
- Detailed Jet study

Simulation Results shows

✓ Its potential capability in detecting direct photon and decay photon
✓ Quite efficient in pp and pPb case
✓ PbPb case is under study

✓Test Beam Results are satisfactory in terms of

- ✓Longitudinal profile
- ✓ MIP spectra
- ✓ Signal to noise separation

Thanks